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QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION	UNIT PRICE	EXTENSION
	Alabama Newspapers-to be microfilmed and one neg, and two pos. made		
	THE CHILTON VIEW - Clanton, AL		
	N 10-D 29, 1881; Ja 5-D 28, 1882; Ja 11-D 20, 1883; Ja 3-D 27, 1884; Ja 8-D 31, 1885; Ja 7-D 30, 1886; Ja 6-D 29, 1887; Ja 5-D 27, 1888; Ja 3-D 26, 1889; Ja 9-D 25, 1890; Ja 8-D 31, 1891; Ja 7-D 29, 1892; Ja 5-D 28, 1893; Ja 4-D 20, 1894; Ja 3-D 19, 1895; Ja 2-Ja 9, 1896		
	THE BANNER - Clanton, AL		
	Ja 2-D 31, 1896		
	Many Issues Missing		
	INVOICE NO.:		

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Birmingham, Alabama

1893

ALABAMA NEWSPAPERS

THE CHILTON VIEW - CLANTON, AL

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NEWSPAPER CHECKLIST MICROFILM HOLDINGS

The Chilton View

1890	1891	1892	1893	1894
Ja M	Ja	Ja	Ja	Ja
16	8	1	5	4
23	15	2	12	11
30	29	28	19	18
F 6	F 5	F 4	F 2	F 1
13	11	11	9	8
20	19	17	16	15
28	26	25	23	22
Mr 6	Mr 5	Mr 3	Mr 2	Mr 1
13	12	10	9	8
20	19	17	16	15
27	26	24	23	22
Ap 3	Ap 2	Ap 7	Ap 6	Ap 5
10	9	14	13	12
17	11	21	20	19
24	23	28	27	26
My 1	My	My M	My 4	My 3
8	Missing	12	11	10
15		19	18	17
22		M	25	24
29				31
Je 5	Je	Je 2	Je 1	Je 7
12		9	8	14
19	18	16	15	21
26	25	21	22	28
Jl 3	Jl M	Jl 7	Jl 6	Jl 5
10	M	14	13	12
17	M	21	20	19
24	23	28	27	26
31				
Ag M	Ag 7	Ag 4	Ag 3	Ag 2
14	13	11	10	9
21	M	18	17	16
28	27	25	24	23
S 4	S 3	S 1	S 7	S 6
11	10	8	14	13
18	17	15	21	20
25	24	22	28	27
O 2	O 1	O 6	O 5	O 4
9	8	13	12	11
M	15	20	19	18
23	M	27	26	25
30	29			
N 6	N	N 3	N 2	N 1
13		10	9	8
20	M	17	16	15
27		24	23	22
			30	29
D 4	D 3	D 1	D 7	D 6
M	M	8	14	13
18	M	15	21	20
25	24	22	28	19
	31	29		

ONLY last two pages of 9th Available

ORIGINALS ARE DEFECTIVE

BOUND VOLUMES
DIFFICULT TO FILM PROPERLY

ALL ISSUES NOT AVAILABLE

FIRE-FATED MILWAUKEE

Disastrous Fire caused by a Bomb—
Explosion—
There seems to be a determination
to Destroy the City.

A bomb was thrown into the main building of the south side plant of the Milwaukee Street Railroad Company at 1 o'clock Wednesday morning. There was a tremendous explosion and at the moment the interior of the building was in a blaze. In a few minutes the fire was beyond control and in less than an hour the entire plant was consumed, resulting in a loss of \$51,000. The plant includes immense storage stables for electric motors, machine shops and stables. The barns were entirely new, electric motor and nearly all of the summer cars owned by the company. The machine shops were built the past season and were fitted with very fine machinery for the rebuilding and repairing of cars. The buildings were the principal depot of the Milwaukee Street Railway company and the fire greatly crippled the company. The bomb thrower was not known. Supposed to be a man who started July a dozen other grand jury cases within a month. The grand jury will be summoned to investigate.

IT IS INCENDIARISM.

The incendiary theory at first laughed at, or at least, doubted except by insurance men, is now being generally accepted. Wednesday a number of insurance agents representing leading companies, received telegrams to cease writing insurance on manufacturing plants. The Milwaukee Electric Traction company operating in Milwaukee has at the city more than five million dollars in two months. Trouble began on the night of October 30th, when 300 electric cars were destroyed and \$400,000 consumed. While the conflagration was raging on the east side an attempt was made to burn the west side. The week following Rock & Lebler's store was destroyed and first, the store was being \$75,000. A week later L. L. Kelley's dry goods store was destroyed with a loss of \$138,000. The Milwaukee Mattress Company, which had a stock of \$100,000 loss. The Jennecke & Co.'s art store came next with a loss of \$50,000. The origin of the fire is uncertain.

An attempt was made to destroy the Car Barn and later in the week the Car Barn was fired with a loss of \$102,000. Keenan mills were burned at the same time, where the loss was \$20,000. The loss of the Car Barn was \$1,000,000. The Car Barn was destroyed and Wednesday the Car Barn was destroyed.

SPECIAL MEETING OF COUNCIL.

A special meeting of the city council was held to take action toward stopping the reign of incendiarism, and it is likely that a special grand jury will be called to investigate the matter.

NEW COLUMBIAN STAMPS

Which Will Be Almost Exclusively Used in 1893.

New and artistically designed postage stamps have been issued by Uncle Sam, known as "Columbian" stamps. They will be quite popular throughout the new year.

They are issued in the denominations of 1, 1 1/2, 2, 4, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30 and 50 cents, and of 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 dollars. These stamps differ in size and form from those now in use, the design of each stamp being seven-eighths of an inch by one and eleven-thirty-seconds inches, each stamp bearing a design commemorative of the discovery of America by Columbus.

The one cent stamp is blue and portrays Columbus in sight of land, the two-cent one is purple maroon, showing the "landing." The three cent is green, showing a picture of the flag ship Santa Maria; the four-cent is ultra-marine blue, and portrays the fleet of Columbus, etc. All are designed exquisitely, and form a handsome collection. The stamps are not yet on sale, and have not been issued.

An order has been sent out which provides that from and after the 1st day of January, 1893, the fee for registering a letter is 5 cents (instead of 10 cents) for every separate place registered.

Swiss Manufacturers Dissatisfied.

A cablegram of Wednesday from Bern, Switzerland, states that in consequence of the failure of the Franco-Swiss convention the Swiss Manufacturers and exporters will endeavor to prevent their goods from being sold to those articles which they cannot get elsewhere. The great bulk of orders hitherto placed in France will be given to Germany. The Swiss Manufacturers are dissatisfied that France is not doing better than Switzerland.

CHILTON VIEW

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 5, 1893.

For Scrofula

"After suffering for about twenty-five years from scrofula, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a wonderful cure was the result. Five bottles sufficed to restore me to health."—Basilia Lopez, 207 E. Commerce St., San Antonio, Texas.

Catarrh

"My daughter was afflicted for nearly a year with catarrh. The physician being unable to help her, my pastor recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed his advice. Three months of regular treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills completely restored my daughter's health."—Mrs. Louise Biddle, Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Rheumatism

"For several years, I was troubled with inflammatory rheumatism, being so bad at times as to be entirely helpless. For the last two years, whenever I felt the effects of the disease, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and have not had a spell for a long time."—E. T. Hammonds, Elk Run, Va.

For all blood diseases, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢; six bottles, \$1.50. Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULE B. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:20 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:44 a. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 5:55 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Be sure you write it 1893.

The old year went out howling.

Christmas drunks were few in Clanton.

Miss Delanie Duke visited relatives in Verbena.

Mrs. Marsh has moved to Bessemer, Ala., to live.

Greene's Liver Tonic cures sick and nervous headaches.

Mr. John Heater spent Xmas day here with his mother.

Call at the View office and get a neat card calendar for 1893 free.

Mrs. W. H. McNeil, of Montgomery, was in Clanton the past week.

Greene's Liver Tonic cures constipation, heartburn, chronic diarrhoea, dysentery and colic.

Miss Bessie Collier, of Troy, is visiting Mr. W. A. Collier's family.

Mr. Lee Watts, of Brewton, Ala., came up to be with old folks last week.

Mr. J. P. Massey, of Birmingham, is visiting his parents near Clanton.

Mr. Charlie Hannon spent Xmas with his mother and sister at this place.

Master John Crews, of Goodwater, is visiting relatives at this place.

Lee Bivings, of Birmingham, spent Christmas in Clanton with his parents.

Mr. W. A. Collier and Miss Inez Collier spent last Wednesday in Birmingham.

Greene's Liver Tonic is an invaluable remedy for acute and chronic diseases of the liver, kidneys and bladder. Sold by W. H. Phillips.

Prof. Mullins and Miss Sophie Mullins spent Christmas with relatives in Jumbo.

Mr. Barron Collier, of Memphis, visited his uncle, Mr. W. A. Collier, here recently.

Who can boast of a 150 pound Christmas present? Sheriff Moore received one Xmas.

Master D. M. Foshee, of Louisville, spent the Xmas holidays with his parents here.

The "devil" who has been at large for a week is at his post stirring up the fire again.

A party was given to the young people at the home of Mr. O. A. Duke during Christmas week.

Mrs. W. B. Nolan has returned from a visit to Goodwater, where she spent Christmas with relatives.

All parties who owe me and have not made some settlement are hereby notified to call and arrange their accounts and notes before January 15th or suit may be brought without further notice.

Respectfully,
W. L. SAMPEY.

IN THE COUNTY.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Jemison Jottings.

Several miles east of Jemison on the 9th ult., Mrs. Elizabeth Archer, wife of Rev. J. A. Archer, passed off into a higher life, leaving a devoted husband, made more lonely by retrospecting their 57 years of married life. Her friends will miss this good woman in their sick rooms.

Again we find Christmas desecrated on Saturday evening, Christmas eve, Mr. Samuel Manning, of Jemison, was shot, (said to be accidentally) by one Mr. Williams. Christmas morning at 10 o'clock, the sufferer died. The people should consecrate this sacred day, and then so much trouble would not fill the breasts of fond wives and mothers.

Mr. G. W. Dawson left Monday morning for Mobile where he went to attend medical lectures.

Mrs. M. A. E. Green has returned to Clanton after a visit of some months to relatives in Talladega.

Hall's Hair Renewer enjoys the confidence and patronage of people all over the civilized world, who use it to restore and keep the hair a natural color.

Miss Gamma Middleton, of Montgomery, spent Christmas with friends and relatives at this place.

Good friends, we wish for you a prosperous new year, and if we will all quit growling we will have it.

Mr. H. C. Martin, our clever depot agent, and his family visited relatives in Birmingham during Christmas.

Mr. C. B. Duncan and family, of Nashville, Tenn., visited Dr. W. E. Stewart's family at this place last week.

A masquerade party was much enjoyed by the young people of Clanton at the residence of Mrs. Hannon last week.

There was a dance at Mr. Hunt's residence last Friday night. The Clanton string band furnished the music for the occasion.

Prof. Tipton Mullins has resigned the responsibilities of the Clanton Academy and has gone into the mercantile business with Mr. Oscar Mullins at this place.

A negro was arrested at Strasburg last week and brought to jail charged with assaulting his better half with a murderous knife. The woman was dangerously hurt.

We have to compete with Birmingham, Nashville and Montgomery prices for job printing and therefore have no monopoly. Give us your work and keep money at home.

The Age-Herald of Monday reported the death of Mr. S. H. Gist, of Calera, but Tuesday's paper declared the report a fake, and spoiled a long bituary which we had in type for the Journal brother.

The following were the guests of Mr. W. A. Collier's family during Xmas: Messrs. G. W. Barnes, Amos and John Armstrong, Messrs. Allen and Ketchum and Miss Clure, of Birmingham.

It is with regret that we chronicle the fact that Mr. W. A. Collier contemplates removing to Birmingham at an early day. In Mr. Collier Birmingham will gain an able lawyer and one who enjoys a wide reputation for uncommon energy and business capacity.

On Monday night at the residence of Dr. J. S. Johnson a sociable was given to the young ladies and gentlemen of Clanton. After all had enjoyed themselves they were invited to a most bountiful supply of refreshments. The Clanton string band was present and gave some delightful music.

Miss Mattie King, of Ruddick Chilton county, who has been on a visit to her uncle, Mr. J. W. Broadhead, of Campbell Town, for the past two weeks, returned home yesterday. She was accompanied by Mr. Arthur and Miss Nannie Broadhead, who will return after the holidays.—Blotson Courier.

Mr. W. D. Courtney, of Energy, has our thanks for some winter apples of his raising. We are always glad to see and note that there are some of our people who can raise something besides cotton and corn. There is no reason in the world why our farmers should not have strawberry pie and apple dumplings for Christmas dinner.

A correspondent sends the View a communication recommending an eminent gentleman of Mobile for Governor. As such communications will likely put in on us from other directions it may be well to repeat that such matter is charged for at regular advertising rates. While it is yet early to begin the campaign, this office will be found prepared for that class of business on the usual terms—cash in advance.

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W. & H. PHILLIPS.

Clanton, Alabama.

DEALER IN

FAMILY GROCERIES

Fruits and Candies,

I Also Handle GREENE'S LIVER TONIC.

An Unequaled Family Medicine.

Your Patronage Solicited.

Birmingham Steam Dye Works,

OFFICE 301 N 20TH STREET WORKS 17TH ST. & AVE. D

Birmingham, Ala.

Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Straw Hats and Feathers cleaned and dyed. Silk Dresses a Specialty. Relining and Binding done. Goods sent to above address promptly attended to. Send for price list.

Session of 1892 and 1893 opened September 1st, 1892. The nine months.

Good water, pure air, a high-toned, moral people, energetic teachers who keep fully up with the advanced methods of the country. The school buildings are large, comfortable, convenient, and well furnished with good desks, black-boards and other appliances. Maps, globes, charts, and other apparatus will be freely used to illustrate the text-books.

Tuition: Primary Department, \$1.50 per month, Common School Department, \$2.00. High School Department \$3.00. Board in good families \$3.00 per month.

BUSINESS COURSE.—Book-keeping, commercial arithmetic, type-writing and commercial law, when required, at reasonable rates.

SPECIAL COURSE IN ART.—Drawing, crayon and water-colors at usual rates for these branches.

VOCAL MUSIC by a competent instructor.

If you have a son or daughter to educate, come to see us before sending elsewhere. For further particulars address,

FELIX G. GODSEY, Principal, Jemison, Ala.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL.

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Hale, Dingley & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, etc.; Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefeur.

may 22-y

The Best is The Cheapest.

Is a Maxim That Applies With Peculiar Force to Schools.

THE LOUISVILLE BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE stands at the head of the list of commercial schools in its character as an educational force, as a medium for supplying the business men of the country with trained and capable assistants, as a means of placing ambitious young men and women on the high road to success, and in the extent, elegance and cost of its equipment. Thorough Short-hand and Telegraph courses. The Twenty-seventh Annual Catalogue will be mailed to any address.

Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situated on the E. T. VA. & GA. railroad, in a high and healthful locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50; High School \$3.50. For further information address,

R. E. R. HICKS, Principal,

Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.

Welch Academy.

AT WELCH'S MILL, CHILTON CO., ALA.

Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situated on the E. T. VA. & GA. railroad, in a high and healthful locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50; High School \$3.50. For further information address,

R. E. R. HICKS, Principal,

Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Wall Paper, Artists' Materials

And Builders' Hardware.

18 COMMERCE STREET.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Please write for prices and sample cards.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners—Regular term once and Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month

ALEX. G. DAKE

Justice of the Peace,

CLANTON, ALA.

Collection of Claims a Specialty.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 5th, 1892.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Entrance college charges of a student \$100. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the College Halls and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools, from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School of Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address

RICHARD C. JONES, President, University of Ala., Tuscaloosa, Ala.

It pays to sustain home enterprises and keep your money at home. Try this by giving the View your orders for letter heads, bill heads, envelopes and other printing.

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Send

CHILTON VIEW.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 12, 1902.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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As to Mr. Kolb the practice which he boasted of having merely rebounded to plague him.

Populists howls are causing the foreclosing of mortgages all over the country. That's the way they help the poor man.

The legislature should give the State a law providing for a contest for State officers. As a matter of course such a law should be enacted in a new constitution.

While thanking our brothers of the press for their kind words it may be well to correct an impression some of them have made. This scribble has not made application for office.

The sooner the populists cranks begin their bullet program the better. Common sense people who have been patiently waiting for the game to start in hopes of sending some of them to a warmer climate have been disgusted with nothing but howls.

It is generally understood that the Republicans have contributed towards establishing a Weaver-Republican ticket in Chilton. As a matter of course the Union party is willing.

The Shelby Chronicle thinks that the Selma Mirror has changed its politics since it changed hands. If the Mirror is now a Democratic paper the present editor has, like a good many other straying Democrats, got back into the fold very late since he offered for the Weaver-Republican nomination for Congress in this district.

Senator Goodwyn is quoted as saying that he thinks his following will favor any plan that will eliminate the negro vote from our state politics. We are of the opinion that the white people of white and black counties alike are a unit on this point. At least we can say for ourselves that this is where the View has always stood.

Gen. Shelby advised conservation and fought against driving all the Kolb men out of the Democratic party. The results showed the wisdom of his advice and the View and the Age-Herald and nearly all the press, even the Birmingham News were in line with him. Not over half of Kolb's supporters followed him out of the Democratic party, and he is "a dead cock in the pit" to-day.

The Canbriake News expresses our sentiments very clearly concerning a new election law. It says:

"Purify the ballot, is the cry of numerous of our political lights. Quite right, but we suggest that in order to purify the vote you must purify the voter. In other words you must eliminate ignorance and viciousness. That plan which will do this will purify the ballot."

What surprises many is that the third party cranks should let their war hang fire so long. As their demands, if accorded, would inevitably lead to civil strife they might as well begin at once as they are growing fewer in numbers every day. The fact is that the third party has never and will never get a dozen adherents north of the Potomac.

The Wetumpka Times Democrat insists on its proposition. It emphasizes: "We knew what we were talking about when we said last week that many of the intelligent white people who supported Kolb would favor a constitutional convention. If there are to be believed, we have authority for the statement. Captain Goodwyn has expressed himself as being favorable to any honorable plan whereby the negro question could be eliminated from politics."

If the Democratic party cannot give the people the relief they seek, no other party can or will. Therefore take the advice of men like Macene and Grace and give the Democratic party a chance. The twining of the little third party cranks' heads will not be heard or heeded for the reason that they are considered merely organs whose mission it is to howl, and nothing else is expected of them, no matter what may be done by the powers that be.

The third party meeting at the main house Saturday was very poorly attended. J. A. Logan was made chairman and T. H. White, secretary. Logan stated that the meeting was called to petition the legislature to enact a law providing for a contest of elections for State officers. They want to contest Gov. Jones' election. Logan made a talk in which he said he was very indignant over the present situation. He also took occasion to dilate upon the alleged frauds in the recent elections. One fellow said they carried forty-three white counties for Kolb out of 85, and another said they had been defrauded out of 50,000 majority in the State. Then another spokesman arose and endeavored to comfort the assemblage by saying that what they failed to win by fair ballots they would accomplish by the bullet and the bayonet when they got ready to count him. At this point the audience began to scatter. The chairman endeavored to hold them together by entreaties that there was other important business to come before them, but his calls being unheeded an adjournment was had, as the assemblage was on the point of breaking up without adjournment. It was understood that the other important business was of a fund raising nature, and which was probably attended to by their party.

The meeting was a complete fiasco, and served to show that the people have become disgusted with men who have been in the howling business for twenty-five years. There were probably 45 in the house, and many of them were drawn there from curiosity. The meeting had been advertised for thirty days all over the State. Our exchanges report the attendance particularly insignificant at all points, and the howls all alike. The Age-Herald gives a pat description of these meetings in the following:

A FIASCO.

The populists are doing a great deal of bragging because of the large vote they polled in the late election. This they affect to regard as a promising beginning of a great movement. The trouble with the Populist movement, however, is that like the Green-back party, the Know-Nothing party, a number of other such "movements," it began at the big end of its career. The Green-back ticket, a few years ago, looked as though it was going to sweep the country. Where is the Green-back party now? It died, and the present Third party, led by the same crank, is merely a revival of it under another name. It will have its day, and follow all its predecessors to an untimely grave. The Know-Nothing party in 1856 polled a larger vote than the People's party did in 1892, though the population of the country was a great deal less than half as great. Where is the Know-Nothing party now? In the course of time a lot of cranks will get together and start it going again, and it will have great popularity for a year or two. The truth is, all such movements have just enough plausibility in them to fool a great many people for a very short time; but just as soon as the people begin to really understand them the organization falls to pieces. They are like blown bubbles—the larger they get the sooner they burst.—Memphis Commercial.

If the Australian ballot would give us but temporary relief let us have a constitutional convention; and the sooner it is over with the better.

"Wants to Lead His Party in 1896."

It is stated as a fact that President Harrison is a candidate for the nomination for the presidency by his party in 1896, and will make speeches over the country to ingratiate himself with the masses of the people during the next three years. He is anxious to parallel Mr. Cleveland's record, and besides he firmly believes that he is the logical candidate for 1896. By that time he thinks Mr. Blaine will have passed away, and Mr. Sherman is no longer considered a presidential factor, and the crushing defeat of Mr. McKinley's tariff law has laid him on the shelf.

It is evident then, that "Little Ben" is not satisfied and that nothing but another presidential race will satisfy him.

A Washington press dispatch of the 1st ult., says that it is stated on good authority that the next tariff measure to occupy the attention of the people will be known as the Cleveland bill. The ways and means committee of the Fifty-third congress, it says, will introduce a tariff bill, but the bill will not originate with the committee. It will come from the White House, and will be the product of Grover Cleveland.

By All Means.

It is said that Benjamin Harrison desires to be the leader of his party again in 1896. If Mr. Benjamin Harrison be then living and the Republican party be still in existence we see no reason why he should not be gratified. The language of the immortal Dogberry a more senseless and fit man than Mr. Harrison could not be found. He comes nearer being a real typical Republican than any of the party's living leaders. Cold, narrow, puritanical, egotistical, bigoted, intolerant, malignant full of prayer and meanness, loving his God and hating his brother, ready to embrace any foul means for selfish ends and compounding for his own sins by cursing the sins of others; singing psalms in public with John W. Wamsley and plotting devilment in secret with Dave Martin; raging from Louse Harbor to Bethany Sunday-School ambition, prostituting his high office to save a Republican corruptionist in Indiana from prison and exerting his political power to prevent alleged Democratic frauds in the South by robbing the people of their liberties; was there ever a man who came nearer being in mind and character the very quintessence of Republicanism? By all means let Benjamin Harrison be the leader of his party. And let us also have Wamsley and Dave Martin and Tom Carter in order to preserve this by combination of Puritan and blackleg, elum and Sunday-school psalm-singer and State-stealer and in order that the Republican party may continue to be the same old man-eating villain it has always been.—Memphis Commercial.

Don't Whine.

Don't be whining about not having a fair chance. Throw a sensible man out of a window, he'll fall on his feet and ask the nearest way to his work. The more you have to begin with the less you will have in the end. Money you earn yourself is much brighter than any you can get out of dead men's bags. A scant breakfast in the morning of life whets the appetite for the remainder of the day. He who has tasted a sour apple will have the more relish for a sweet one. Your present want will make future prosperity all the sweeter. Eighteen pence has set up many a peddler in the business and he has turned it over until he has kept his carriage. As for the place you are cast in, don't find fault with that; you need not be a horse because you were born in a stable. If a bull tossed a sensible man of nettle sky-high he would drop down in a good place. A hard working young man with his wits about him will make money; while others will do nothing but lose it. As to little trouble, who expects to find cherries without stones, or roses without thorns? Who would win must learn to bear. Idleness lies in bed sick of the mulberry, where industry finds health and wealth.—Exchange.

TALES BY THE CARD.

Mr. Crisp Says There Will be an Extra Session.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Speaker Crisp is yet confined to his bed and will probably not be able to preside over the house when it reconvenes tomorrow. He is only slightly indisposed.

The speaker tells his friends that since seeing Mr. Cleveland he is sure in his own mind that congress will be called together early in October, when an administration tariff revision will be ready for consideration. Mr. Crisp believes that revision will be swift and positive, as local prejudices and local interests will not be considered in an administration measure; that the objects of Mr. Cleveland in taking the formation of the tariff bill out of the hands of congress is to relieve individual members of embarrassment.

Constant political turmoil is driving many people out of Alabama. If the present rate keeps up until the third party gets into office there will be no body here to collect taxes from with which to run the offices. The Athens Courier says:

Not in the history of this section has there been such an exodus to Texas as there has been this season. It seems that there would be none left to tell the story.

It will be noted that this is from Limestone, a Weaver county.

The Chronicle predicted that after the November election the so-called people's party would abandon that false name, and now comes Chairman Taubneck and proposes its abandonment for "Industrial Legion." That is a high sounding title but the first half would not fit a large majority of southern populists, unless lounging about on goods boxes during the cropping season and cursing the government because there is not a money mill at every fall in the creek can be classed as an industry.—Shelby Chronicle.

T. B. Torry, a successful farmer writing in The Practical Farmer, says: "I am not a minister with a whole congregation to please. I might have a certain fixed income, but O so many toes are liable to be trodden on! I am thankful I am not a manufacturer, for just as I got a large supply of goods some change of fashion might take off all the profit, potatoes and wheat never go out of fashion. The only toes I am liable to tread on belong to weeds and potato bugs and these never repeat the operation. If one man doesn't like the goods I procure the whole country is my market and the loss of a customer is not to me what it is to the doctor who can draw from but a few miles around."

Ex-Gov. Seay on the Convention.

The Greensboro Watchman quotes Gov. Seay as follows: "Ballot reform is necessary. It can not be had under the Constitution. We are 'under the tyranny of a dead hand.' We must have a radical amendment, or a New Constitution. Otherwise we are confronted with civil tumult. The present agitation is timely. The attention of the People is at last obtained. Heretofore no appeal could reach their ears. Now they are attentive. I think the question of convention or no convention should be submitted at a time other than the time fixed for the General Election of State officers. The year '93 is the accepted time. There is no politics so called in the entire people.—Democrats, Republicans, populists, Alliance-men, all,—to fix our affairs on a firm and lasting and honest basis."

The editor of the Dalton, Ga., Argus, tells the following tale of woe: Our devil is incorrigible. Last week we paid six dollars (borrowed money) for a pair of new rollers, and yesterday while we were standing out on the street waiting for some one to come along and ask us out to dinner, he ate up one of those rollers; and when we kicked he told us he was obliged to eat even if we could not pay him his last seven years' wages. Now is the time to subscribe and help us get a new roller.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE END OF GOOD FEELING.

New York Sun.

It is worth while to call attention to certain points of resemblance between the political situation in existence to-day and that which ushered in just twenty-five years ago, the remarkable period known in history as the "Era of Good Feeling." The Democracy elected James Monroe as president in 1816, by a majority so decisive that its opponent, the old Federalist party, grandparent of the present Republican organization, practically went out of business. Monroe had 183 electoral votes against 34 for Rufus King. The Federalist never afterward elected a president by a vote of the people. The Federalist party was so exhausted by its overwhelming defeats in 1816 and by the disappearance of the issues which had given it vitality, that four years later it put up no candidate. The triumphant Democracy carried every State in the Union in 1820, and Monroe, for his second term, received every electoral vote except one vote in New Hampshire.

The era of good feeling began with Monroe's inauguration in 1817, and lasted for six years. The Federalists were in a hopeless and helpless minority. The questions which divided parties in the past had disappeared, and the new questions that were to divide parties were not yet clearly defined. The era of good feeling was characterized by the moderation of party spirit to a degree witnessed neither before nor since that period. Mr. Monroe's inaugural address and successive annual messages to congress read like so many thanksgiving proclamations or chants or poems of harmony, good fellowship, and national brotherhood. The president traveled all over the Union, beaming alike upon the just and the unjust upon Democrat and Federalist and dispensing both good advice, and the sugared sweets of patriotic rhetoric with no illiberal spoon. "Emitted and hot-tempered leaders of parties," says an historian, "who for the last seven years had hardly deigned to speak to each other, or even walk upon the same side of the street, met now with smiling faces, vying in extravagance of Republican loyalty. The era of good feeling having thus begun, the way was rapidly paved for that complete amalgamation of parties which took place a few years after."

The thing for our farmers to do next year, in order to keep cotton up to a good price is to still decrease the acreage and plant it only as a surplus. Don't let the present price turn your heads and cause you to double the acreage, and raise an enormous crop and get nothing for it.—Northport Breeze.

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DO YOU NEED A SUIT CLOTHES?

Whether it be a Prince Albert, Cut-away, Frock or Sack Suit, we invite you to call and look at our Stock.

It comprises the newest in style and the most artistic in make and finish all at VERY LOW PRICES.

We are trying to build up the largest CLOTHING BUSINESS in the South and would ask you not to buy any Clothes for MEN or BOYS until you see our immense stock.

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OFFICE ON TALLAPOOSA STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Lowest Rates of Storage and Highest prices obtained for all cotton entrusted to us for sale. Free Wagon Yard. No commissions.

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In a dangerous and dangerous situation, a dose of Ayer's Cherry Pile Cure will cure a dose of Cherry Pile Cure.

Ayer's Cherry Pile Cure.

For the last of Ayer's Cherry Pile Cure.

Saved

I have recommended the most effective cure in small at Matthews, P. M.

"My wife suffered from the same disease, and I have been helped by Ayer's Cherry Pile Cure."

Ayer's Cherry Pile Cure.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass.

—Travis (Lies Cl)

No. 1 Express No. 3 Mail No. 5 Account

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No. 9 and 10 and 3 stop at all

LOCAL

Mrs. Jno. G. Monday.

New moon the 17th inst.

Dr. Matthew being painted.

Mrs. Collier her son, Mr. A.

Mr. Charles to see his relatives.

Dr. A. J. A. and his family.

Greene's Live nervous headache.

Mrs. Dennis the guest of M. week.

Mr. W. L. S. days last week iness.

Miss Mollie private school home.

Mr. Jno. G. his family to place.

Mr. John W. with his family their home.

Mrs. R. H. week from M. some time her.

Miss Jessie Creeks, Ark.

Mrs. W. H. F.

Mr. W. F. moved from county, was d home last w.

Prof. W. that his school.

We would reg school die on.

Mr. J. P. V. his family from and they acquisition to.

Greene's Lotion, heartburn entry and colic.

A party was Miss Jessie J. Ark., and M. at Mr. W. H. night.

Mr. J. S. K. ped over here way to their recently purcha A. Allen.

Mr. John N. connected with per "Town T. ery, was in to his home fol learn of his p.

All part and have n element are call and a counts and nary 15th brought with tice.

W.



of the flat water, and the rush boxes has started. All are loud in their decision of those who originated the stories of the rich place, and large wards are offered for any reliable clue to their identification.

Blaine Resting Easy.

A Washington special says: Another almost miraculous and unexpected improvement in the condition of Mr. Blaine occurred early Tuesday morning. Johnson reports that Mr. Blaine re-

CHILTON VIEW.

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An orator was making a lot in eloquence, and was wishing, for wings to fly to every city and town in the world, when a naughty boy in the crowd sang out: "You'd be shot for a goose before you had fled a mile."

The Montgomery Advertiser and the third party papers seem to be in line on one question. They don't want a constitutional convention. The other papers of the State are a unit in favor of a convention. So the Advertiser does not lead the Democratic press of the State in this instance.

Dun & Co., report 1892 as most prosperous business year the country has ever known. The prosperity has been confined to the north and east. The demagogues have kept up their fuss about overturning State government in the South with bullets until the depression here is unparalleled in the history of the country. The prosperity has been entirely sectional and in the interest of the Radical party.

Says the Wetumpka Times Democrat:

The Times Democrat had hoped

Goodwyn rise above

and personal ambition

in the constitutional convention, but his action here last Saturday forces us to hope no longer.

Goodwyn is willing to ride the

nigger and defend him in keeping

his vote. Well, well, we had a

better opinion of the "Captain."

The publisher of the View is a

mechanic who has by the force of

circumstances been thrown close

to the laboring classes since the

age of thirteen years, and has not

failed to observe that while labor

agitators make a living out of the

laborers they invariably add to the

hardens and hardships with which

the working man has to contend,

by forcing capital to withdraw

from channels where it might be

made profitable.

Look at the mortgages being

foreclosed everywhere and you

will learn how much the people's

party fussing has helped the poor

man. Ask the merchant how

much he has made the past year

and you will learn how much he

has lost. Of course that is what

the cranks are working for; and

they do not consider that when

the man who employs and ad-

vances to labor is crippled the la-

borer suffers most.

Says the Jacksonville Republi-

can:

The meeting of Populites and

Jeffersonian Democrats at this

place last Saturday was a perfect

failure in the point of numbers.

That and other meetings throug-

out the state were called pursuant

to a general plan to protest against

alleged frauds in the recent state

election and to demand of the Leg-

islature the passage of a bill by

which contests for state offices may

be instituted.

Probably thirty-five or forty

men participated in the meeting.

Many of the prominent Kolb men

in the county were notably absent.

The meeting opposed by resolution

the calling of a constitutional con-

vention, opposed an increase in

the tax rate, called for a decrease

of salaries and demanded the en-

actment of a proper contest law.

A letter from Kolb was read in

which he opposed Mr. Pettus' plan

for a constitutional convention.

In his letter he declared the adop-

tion of the Mississippi plan, as

proposed by Mr. Pettus would dis-

franchise half the whites and all

the negroes.

Such reckless statements as

these were evidently believed for

the meeting practically followed

the advice offered in the letter.

Meetings of this character were

to have been general throughout

the State, but very few counties

are reported to have held them.

The sensible men of the State have

about come to the conclusion that

they have had enough of Kolb and

his demagoguism. It was evi-

dently expected that according to

the carefully arranged plan, the

whole State would blaze with in-

ignition, but she didn't blaze

worth a cent. The demonstration

didn't amount to a tallow dip in a

dark night.

The Democratic party is going to

secure good government and pro-

perty to the people and Kolb and his

little gang of fault finders had as

well get out of the way of the pro-

cession.

The Greensboro Watchman has

interviewed a good many promi-

nent citizens of Greensboro in re-

gard to the holding of a constitu-

tional convention, and their opin-

ions make very interesting read-

ing. We copy a few, as follows:

A. A. Hobson: I most cordially

favor the adoption of some meas-

ure honestly and equitably tent-

ing to eliminate the bugaboo of ne-

gro domination from the politics of

Alabama, and the consequent pos-

sibility of the white citizens agi-

tating and even opposing each other

on economic issues. A constitu-

tional convention, with delegates

fairly and representatively elected

by the organized democracy, and

their white opponents respectively,

and not elected solely or even dis-

appropriately in the interest of the

organized democracy, and not by

undue black belt methods, would

undoubtedly be the happiest,

most feasible and far-reaching

solution of the problem.

Capt. W. N. Knight: I am in

favor of the convention, but I

think the present an inopportune

time for it. We want peace and

quiet and a crop this year.

Col. L. J. Lawson: I recognize

the great importance of holding

such a convention, but the ques-

tion of the expediency of going in-

to an election this year is a prob-

lem. Rest in peace.

Mississippi

has united her white people

and made it impossible for any

other race ever to rule that state.

I believe that a convention is de-

sirable, but this, in my opinion, is

not an opportune time to agitate

the question.

Judge W. C. Christian: I am

in favor of a revision of the pres-

ent election laws. Every intelligent

man knows this is needed. The

only question is the attendant ex-

pense. The sooner the issue is

made the better.

Capt. Wm. Selden, of Marengo:

We have just passed through one

of the bitterest campaigns in the

history of the state; and the people

need rest on the subject of political

agitation, but the only question in

my mind is when it would be best

to hold it.

Mayor W. W. Powers: We need

rest. The business interests of the

country have suffered terribly from

political strife. I favor the con-

vention, but do not believe that

we should be forced into an elec-

tion until our business interests

revive.

Information is that Senator Car-

le has undoubtedly consented to

enter Mr. Cleveland's cabinet as

Secretary of the Treasury. It is

the purpose of Mr. Cleveland to

appoint two other members of his

cabinet from the South. Senator

Carlisle is a strong free sil-

ver advocate and is the proper

man for the treasury portfolio.

Every man who would get on in

the world, should, as far as possi-

ble, avoid debt. However small

your income, live within it. Pitch

your scale of living one degree be-

low your means. Many a man

dates his downfall from the day he

began borrowing money. The be-

ginning of the new year is a good

time to begin living within your

means. If your income is \$20 a

month, don't spend \$21—it will

surely ruin you. — Greensboro

Watchman.

The Democrat has always taken

great pleasure in the recognition

by the press of the capabilities and

merit of the women of Alabama to

fill an official position. At the

death of Mr. J. R. Davis, Register

in Chancery at Athens, Chancellor

Cobb appointed his daughter, Miss

Bessie Davis, to fill the vacancy.

Miss Davis is a handsome and ac-

complished woman, and having

assisted her father in the work,

understood the duties thoroughly.

—Huntsville Democrat.

We are aware that the question

of a constitutional convention is a

serious one. With the lights be-

fore us we think it a wise step to

take. The discussion of the ques-

tion before the Legislature may

throw further light upon it and

change the views of many who

now favor it.

Selma Times: If the McKinley

bill is the author of our ills—and

it is plain that most of our trouble

lies at its door—why let it continue

its work unmolested, for nine

months? Congress should be called

in extra session, and the cancer

cut out by the roots.

To preserve a youthful appearance as

long as possible, it is indispensable that

the hair should retain its natural color

and fullness. There is no preparation

so effective as Ayer's Hair Vigor. It

prevents baldness, and keeps the scalp

clean, cool and healthy.

May Surprise the Country.

President Cleveland is likely to give the country something of a surprise in his recommendations regarding pensions. He is convinced that thousands of names are now born upon the rolls which ought not to be there, and that the existing pension laws take altogether too much money from the people's pocket.

"Pensions," said a gentleman to me who is likely to know something of Mr. Cleveland's purposes, "are now costing the United States about half a million dollars a day. If the present rate of increase is kept up \$1,000,000 a day will scarcely pay this one item of expenditure. The country cannot stand the continual drain. It must be stopped."

It was old Union officer who was talking. The Legion of Honor button adorned the lapel of his coat, and he carried with him as further reminders of the late unpleasantness two or three bullets imbedded in as many portions of his anatomy. —Exchange.

KEEP DOWN COTTON.

B. G. West of the Alliance Bureau Sends out a Circular.

B. G. West of Memphis, secretary of the Cotton Bureau of the National Farmers' Alliance, issued yesterday an address to the order advising the reduction of acreage in cotton planting. He states that the Southern States produced 55 per cent of the staple available for use in this country. He holds that cotton mills in the south are desired, but unattainable this not being a manufacturing country.

The salvation of the Southern farmer is the diversification of crops and living 'at home instead of depending upon the North for food. He points in support of this argument that the reduction of the crop this season resulted in a marked increase of the price, and insists that the cotton planter can secure fair prices every season by keeping the production within reasonable bounds.

The Newspaper Man.

The following experience of a newspaper man taken from the Albuquerque Citizen, will be met with a sympathetic response in the hearts of many readers. The writer evidently was suffering from a severe attack of the blues, and the way he sums up his trials and tribulations is, to say the least, very interesting:

"A newspaper man has no business to seek office. It is his business to try and get an office for the other fellow; to sound the praises of the candidate and keep quiet his own feelings; to whomp for all about him when he is elected; to defend his candidate against the unjust attacks of the opposition, and see that whatever favors his candidate has to bestow goes to the other fellow. It is his business to boom the city for all it is worth, and then see \$100 worth of printing go out of the town month after month, because ten cents can be saved by doing so. It is the business of the newspaper to give every enterprise a frequent 'send-off,' and then catch short because he had failed to record the fact that some prominent citizen had his delivery wagon painted. To subscribe liberally to every public, charitable and church entertainment, advertise them for nothing, pay his own way to every thing, and then be called prejudiced and mean-spirited because a column is not devoted to that particular affair. Do you wonder that there are many cranks in the newspaper business? It is bound to make a crank or a philosopher out of a man."

Mr. Kolb's followers charge fraud. Gov. Jones and his followers (and the View is one of them) deny the charge, but are willing to have the Legislature pass a law providing for a contest and giving Mr. Kolb a chance to prove his charges. Gov. Jones has recommended such a law in a special message. He cannot force the Legislature to pass any bill. This paper favors such a law for future use, as much as for settling the present cry of fraud. But we will not say that the people of Chilton county met here on the 7th to demand such a law, because but a mere handful did. Not a patron of this paper attended the meeting. The State Democracy will uphold the established laws at all hazards. We are sure that they desire a contest law, but we are equally sure that the ravings of a few men calling themselves "the people," will not be heeded.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whites does its work thoroughly, coloring a uniform brown or black, which when dry, will neither rub, wash off nor soil the fabric.

What It Did Is Known.

New York World. In its partisan attempt to visit the country with financial disaster as the penalty for electing a Democratic President, the New York Tribune says: "What the next Democratic Congress may do no man can say."

What the last Republican Congress did is known of all men and its acts are responsible for what ever is disturbing or threatening in the financial situation to day. The last Republican Congress, by its reckless appropriations, converted a surplus of \$100,000,000 into a deficiency nearly as large. It is the condition of the Treasury far more than the condition of business which is causing anxiety as to the future.

The last Republican Congress passed the Sherman Silver act under the operation of which the price of silver has steadily declined, and the Government presses have poured out a stream of paper notes which the Treasury is in no condition to redeem except with cheap silver dollars.

It is these causes, and not any apprehension among foreigners as to the effect of reduced taxes upon the prosperity of this country—a most absurd theory—which have produced a drain of gold.

A Plea for Home Papers.

Did you ever figure out the circulation of your little home paper that prints say 900 copies a week?

The papers with a big circulation won't look at a town for less than \$100 a look, and shoot off a squib of a column or two at regular rates, but reduced to you, you know, that mighty puff appears but once probably noticed by one in a thousand of its readers and may be read by one in a hundred of those who may have noticed it. Like a bubble on the ocean it is but momentary and is soon lost to sight and memory.

On the other hand, the little town paper is perpetual; its every issue is full of home advertisement; leastwise ought to be—and must be a very poor paper, indeed, if it doesn't contain something of interest to its readers at a distance concerning its town. It, in three months, prints and distributes, 12,000 papers; in six months 26,000

NEED THESE?
Albert, Cut-a-
t, we invite
our Stock.
le and the most
ish all at
ICES.
st CLOTH-
South and would ask
BOYS until you see
g of Money!
DO BETTER!
TER
E DO BEST!
others say
none can
y Prices.
money on any Arti-
ctory or Cheaper than
ICE.
A.L.A.
change
HOUSE
Merchants.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
obtained for all cotton en-
omissions.
H. MERRITT, Manager.
UTH,
atches, Clocks,
les, &c.,
RICKFORD QUICK TRAIN
a huge stock of Watches of
famous by A. Schneider, of
Germany in Geneva.
TRY, selected with great care
ARE. Proof and American
King's Constitution Specta-
marked at the lowest figure
only and promptly repaired.
RI TH,
15, Dexter Avenue,
ALA.
HAM
OLLEGE.
Typewriting.
A.L.A.
and complete business
ny one in the State en-
ne of fine Penmanship
men and women educa-
lar. Address,
ARD, President,
RATES.

CHILTON VIEW.
CLANTON, ALA., JAN. 19, 1893.

AYER's Sarsaparilla
Your best remedy for
Erysipelas, Catarrh
Rheumatism, and
Scrofula.

Salt-Rheum, Sore Eyes
A-bacesses, Tumors
R-unning Sores
S-curvy, Humors, Itch
A-nemia, Indigestion
P-imples, Blotches
A-and Carbuncles
R-ingworm, Rashes
I-mpure Blood
L-anguidness, Dropsy
L-iver Complaint
A-ll cured by

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 cents a bottle. 60
Cures others, will cure you

SCHEDULE & N. A. L. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:30 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:44 p. m.
No. 2 Accommodation 5:50 a. m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:25 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:25 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2
and 3 stop at all regular stati. us.

LOCAL BREVITIES.
Snow on the ground.
Greene's Liver Tonic cures sick and
nervous headache.
Mr. McCary, a knight of the grip
was in town this week.
Mr. J. W. Hale, of Montgomery,
was in Clanton Tuesday.
Mrs. Lane, of Greenville, is visit-
ing her son's family near Clanton.
Uncle Patty Smith will shortly
resume his hotel business on Main
street.
Dr. J. S. Johnson is having the
interior of his drug store very
much improved.
Dr. Bivings accompanied by his
wife and children spent last Tues-
day in Birmingham.
Greene's Liver Tonic cures constipa-
tion, heartburn, chronic diarrhoea, dys-
entery and colic.
Dr. H. W. Caffey and Mrs. J. S.
Catts, of Verbena, visited friends
in Clanton the past week.
Do you pay high rates of interest?
You can pay low. See card
of C. L. Bass in another column.
The cold weather froze our roller
and our print is not as clear as us-
ual. A new roller is on the way.
The family of Mr. W. H. Merritt
left for their new home in Mont-
gomery Saturday. Their departure
is greatly regretted by the many
friends they made while here.
Messrs. W. H. Foshee and F. B.
Baldwin have formed a co-partnership
for the practice of law at Clanton.
They ought to make a strong
firm, and we predict will meet
with marked success.
"Now is the winter of our discontent
made glorious summer" by Ayer's Sar-
saparilla. This wonderful medicine so
invigorates the system and cures the
blood that cold weather becomes pos-
sibly enjoyable. Arctic explorers
would do well to make a note of this.
The circus last Thursday drew
no crowd at all from the country.
It was not advertised at all. Ad-
vertising brings both people and
money to a circus or anything else.
The View does not want to see
money spent on circuses and will
not advertise them.
The baby of Sue Gilchrist, col-
ored, got seriously burned last
Thursday evening while she was
offending the circus. All of
the baby's clothes were burned off
and the quilt on which it was ly-
ing was burned up also, and the
house caught fire. Two boys
were attracted to the house by
seeing smoke coming through the
door and the loud crying of the
child. The house was saved.
All parties who owe me
and have not made some set-
tlement are hereby notified to
call and arrange their ac-
counts and notes before Jan-
uary 15th or suit may be
brought without further no-
tice.
Respectfully,
W. L. SAMPEY.

Mr. R. H. Crowell visited his
family here this week.
The mail train going south was
ten hours late Monday night. A
wreck up the road was the cause.
This bitter cold weather and the
tight times are very hard on poor
people. Don't neglect to help them
if you can.
Mr. W. A. Collier came down
from Birmingham Saturday night
to spend Saturday at home with
his family.
Mr. Alfred Lewis, a Clanton
raised boy, is visiting his parents
at this place. He has many old
friends here.
Mr. Zach Abney and Misses
Gusette and Sallie Abney returned
to their home in Maplesville last
Monday after a pleasant visit to
relatives near Prattville-Prattville.
Progress.
Death of Mr. L. J. Hand.
News reached Clanton Sunday
morning of the death of Mr. L. J.
Hand a good and useful citizen of
Jemison. The deceased has been a
sufferer for some years and his
death was not unexpected. Mr.
Hand was one of the most successful
saw mill proprietors on our line of
road. Our sympathies are extended
his sorrowing family in their sore
bereavement.
The Best Blood Remedy.
August A. Klages, 810 St. Charles
street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From
my youth I suffered from a poisonous
faint in my blood. My face and body
were continually affected with eruptions
and sores. I am now 42 years of
age and had been treated both in Ger-
many and America, but no remedy
overcame the trouble until I used Bot-
tles of Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear
and smooth. I consider the poison per-
manently driven from my blood. I in-
dorse it as the best blood remedy."
There is Some Sense in That, Too!
Patronize your home merchants
as liberally as you can and make
your merchants happy.—Ex.
But how is it when your home
merchants don't advertise? It
would seem from the appearance of
the Calera papers that her mer-
chants don't patronize home indus-
tries either.—Calera Journal.
Among things to consider the
Athenion Globe man catalogues the
following: Too many girls have
fresh pink signs on their faces. By
a "white lie" is meant the kind
you see on a tombstone. The mo-
ment you present a bill to a man
he begins to get mean. Men com-
plain of having to sew on their
buttons oftener than they do. It
The Lord loves everyone which is
an indication that his heart is bet-
ter than his taste. If you want a
boy to walk a long distance cheer-
fully give him a gun and the priv-
ilege to shoot it on the way. If he
continues to hear that the early
bird always catches the worm the
worms will finally form a habit of
getting up late. The better pos-
sitions a man boasts that he could
have if he wanted them never seem
to materialize when he is out of a
job and wants work.
An Old Lady's Way.
A happy and vigorous old lady
in New Hampshire gives these
rules for the secret of the success of
eighty years' living on this planet
which brings so much care and
worry to many of her sisters.
"I never allow myself to fret over
things I cannot help. I take a
nap, and sometimes two, every day
of my life. I never take my wash-
ing, ironing or baking to bed with
me, and I try to oil all the various
wheels of a busy life with an im-
plicit belief that there are a brain
and a heart to this great universe,
and that I can trust them both."
If you have frequent headaches,
dizziness and fainting, accompa-
nied by chills, cramps, corns, bun-
ions, chilblains, epilepsy and jaun-
dice, it is a sign you are not well,
but are liable to die any minute.
Pay your subscription a year in
advance and thus make yourself solid
for a good obituary notice.—Dan-
ville Breese.
The gods love those who die
young—so blessed be the memory
of our third party contemporaries.
—Prattville Progress.
Dr. A. E. Bivings request us to
thank the good people of Clanton
for their efforts to save his prop-
erty that burned recently.
FIRE INSURANCE
I am agent in Clilton for
four of the best and most solid
fire insurance companies
doing business in Alabama.
Your fire risks solicited. Call
or write for rates or informa-
tion. W. H. LAWRENCE,
Clanton, Ala.

IN THE COUNTY.
Neighborhood News Gathered
by Our Correspondents.
Lily Dots.
A party was given at the residence of
Mr. W. M. Wright last Thursday night.
Mr. W. Coward and son, of Rockford,
was the guest of Mr. T. W. Wright
last Thursday and Friday.
Farmers have begun making prepa-
rations for another crop.
Mr. B. L. Woolley was a visitor to
Clanton last Thursday.
Tobacco weeds are numerous in this
community. Nearly every young man
and even the small boys have become
prize the young ladies and girls in this
line, for we don't know of but one
young lady on Mulberry that uses
sauce. No boy let's quit the use of to-
bacco, for it is injurious to health and
mind, and a habit we should avoid.
CLINT.
Jemison Jottings.
On Sunday night, the 8th inst., Mr.
David Woolley died at the advanced
age of eighty-two years. He had been
in a feeble condition for some time, and
his death was not unexpected. He
leaves a large family of children and
many grand children and friends to
mourn his loss.
Mr. L. J. Hand died Sunday morning
about two o'clock. His remains were
interred Monday at Pine Hill cemetery.
Revs. A. E. Burns and C. W. O'Hara
conducted the funeral services at the
Baptist Church.
A little child of John Brantley died
Saturday night.
Mr. Ogletree's little daughter Anne
is quite sick with pneumonia.
Maplesville Dots.
Mr. Buck Bowline has moved among
us again and will farm.
Mr. Lee, of Marengo county, has
been here the past week looking out
a situation to move his family here at an
early day.
Miss Mamie Kelley has been spend-
ing Xmas with old friends at Childers-
burg.
Mrs. Robinson has moved in for the
advantage of school and to farm near
here.
Mrs. N. A. Goodwin has been quite
sick during a visit to her mother, Mrs.
McCurry, but we are glad to learn is now
much better.
Miss Winnie Moore has returned to
Mr. T. DuBois's to take charge of her
school.
Mrs. Glover had the pleasure of enter-
taining Dr. Caffey and wife on their way
to his new location near Strasburg.
Mr. T. U. Crumpton and Mr. Ellis
have returned from Texas.
We feel under obligations to Mrs. C.
D. Paisley, for a most agreeable enter-
tainment and profitable cake cutting
for the benefit of our Sunday school
given at the home of Mr. Warford, his
claiming wife made every one feel
that they were in an atmosphere of
glad entertainment, reminding some
of the older ones of ante-bellum times.
Teacher's Institute.
Program of Teachers' Institute to be
held at Clifton Chapel, Friday and
Saturday February 17 and 18, 1893.
1. Opening exercises, Friday 9 a. m.
2. Address of Welcome, J. Alex.
Moore.
3. Response, Supt. J. W. Moore.
4. Calling roll and enrolling names.
SUBJECTS FOR DISCUSSION:
1. Church punishments, J. M. Scott,
L. B. Pounds and E. E. Todd.
NOON RECESS.
2. Model Recitation in Geography,
conducted by G. L. Speer.
3. An ideal teacher, Paper by Miss
Lulu Edgings. Discussion, J. C. Par-
nell.
4. Language work in our county
schools. David Moore and R. A. Ros-
coe.
5. Miscellaneous business.
NIGHT SESSION.
6. Educational address by State Su-
perintendent, J. G. Harris and others.
7. Recitation by Miss O. M. Garner.
SATURDAY, 9 A. M.
Devotional exercises.
1. The Relation of Teacher, Parent
and Pupil by F. G. Godsey, General
discussion.
2. Class in Arithmetic, conducted by
W. C. Robinson.
3. How much work should be required
of a pupil in a given time in any
given branch of study? R. E. R. Hicks
and H. L. Davis.
4. Miscellaneous business.
Every teacher in the county is earnestly
requested to attend the next insti-
tute. An effort will be made to have
Hon. John G. Harris, State Superin-
tendent of Education, deliver an ad-
dress on education. Let all come pre-
pared to discuss every subject on the
program.
Collins' chapel is two miles east of
Strasburg. Parties wishing to attend
the Institute will correspond with J.
Alex. Moore, Jemison, Ala., who will
furnish conveyance from the railroad
at Strasburg to the chapel.
G. L. SPEER,
F. G. GODSEY,
J. ALEX. MOORE,
Committee.

Greene's Liver Tonic is an invaluable
remedy for acute and chronic diseases
of the liver kidneys and bladder. Sold
by W. H. Phillips.

MORTGAGE SALE.
Under and by virtue of the power of
sale granted in a mortgage made to me
on the 21 day of June, 1892, by J. B.
Vincent and Melvina Vincent, his wife,
I, the undersigned, will sell at public
sale the payment of a mortgage prom-
issory note made by said J. B. Vincent
and Melvina Vincent, on the 21 day of
June, 1892, for the sum of four hundred
dollars and payable to me at Planters-
ville, Alabama, on the 15th day of October,
1892, default having been made in the
payment of said note, I will proceed to
sell, in front of the courthouse in Chil-
ton county, Ala., on
THURSDAY, JANUARY 26TH, 1893,
for the satisfaction of the said note and
interests and costs, the following de-
scribed real estate lying in the county
of Clilton and State of Alabama, to-
wit: The n e c 1 of the n w 1, the s e 1
of the n w 1 of section 27, township 21,
range 11, containing 80 acres, and the
e 1 of the s w 1 of section 22, town-
ship 20, range 11, containing 80 acres—
one hundred and sixty acres in all—
to the highest and best bidder for cash
at said sale.
T. B. GAY, Mortgagee.
Geo. H. CRAIG, Atty.

Assessor's Notice.
Last Round.
I will attend at the following times
and places for the purpose of assessing
the State and county taxes for the year
1893:
Cooper's, February 15th,
Verbena, " 14th & 15th,
Kinchee, " 16th,
Lomas, " 17th,
Strasburg, " 18th,
Dixie, " 21st,
Latham's, " 22d,
Maplesville, " 23d,
Henson, " 24th,
Macon, " 25th,
Providence, " 26th,
Jemison, March 1st & 2d,
Smith's School House, " 3d,
Willis' Old Store, " 4th,
Mineral Springs, " 6th,
Clanton, " 7th & 8th,
E. G. ROLLINS,
Tax Assessor of Clilton Co.

Mortgage Sale.
Under and by virtue of a mortgage
given by Jerome McFee to the under-
signed, B. P. Britt, of Plantersville, Ala.,
and recorded in book 23 page 109 in the
office of the Judge of Probate of Clilton
county, Ala., the undersigned will pro-
ceed to sell on
THURSDAY, JANUARY 26TH, 1893,
within the legal hours of sale, in front
of the premises on same place in said
county, the following described real es-
tate to-wit: Situated in section twenty-
six, township twenty, range eleven,
containing twenty acres and lying and
being in Clilton county, Alabama.
B. P. BRITT, Mortgagee.

Mortgage Sale.
Under and by virtue of a mortgage
given by Martha Bradford to the under-
signed, T. B. Gay, of Plantersville, Ala.,
and recorded in book 23 page 109 in the
office of the Judge of Probate of Clilton
county, Ala., the undersigned will pro-
ceed to sell on
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 25TH, 1893,
within the legal hours of sale, on the
premises of same place in said county,
the following described real estate to-
wit: The southwest quarter of the
southwest quarter of section thirty-four
township twenty, range eleven, con-
taining forty acres more or less, and
lying and being in Clilton county, Ala.
T. B. GAY, Mortgagee.

Mortgage Sale.
Under and by virtue of a mortgage
given by G. W. Shelton to the under-
signed, T. B. Gay, of Plantersville, Ala.,
and recorded in the Judge of Probate's
office of Clilton county, in book 23,
page 118, the undersigned will proceed
to sell within the legal hours of sale, on
THURSDAY, JANUARY 26TH, 1893,
in front of the premises on same place in
said county, the following described real
estate to-wit: Situated in section twenty-
six, township twenty, range eleven,
containing twenty acres and lying and
being in Clilton county, Alabama.
T. B. GAY, Mortgagee.

MORTGAGE SALE.
Under and by virtue of a mortgage
given by Jeff Fulford to the undersigned,
T. B. Gay, of Plantersville, Ala., and
recorded in book 23, page 101 in the
office of the Judge of Probate of Clilton
county, the undersigned will proceed to
sell on
THURSDAY, JANUARY 26TH, 1893,
within the legal hours of sale, in front
of the premises on same place in said
county the following described real es-
tate to-wit: Situated in section twenty-
six, township twenty, range eleven,
containing twenty acres and lying and
being in Clilton county, Alabama.
T. B. GAY, Mortgagee.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.,
January 2, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the fol-
lowing named settler has filed notice
of his intention to make final proof in
support of his claim, and that said
proof will be made before the clerk of
the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on
February 11, 1893, viz: William F. Willis
homestead 20944, for the w 1 of s e 1
and s e 1 of s e 1 sec 24, township 23 n,
range 16 e. He names the following
witnesses to prove his continuous resi-
dence upon and cultivation of said
land, viz: Rinal Vandersee, Joseph
Vandersee, James Wagner, and John
Ellison, of Jumbie, Ala.
Jan 30 J. H. BRIDHAM, Register.

Birmingham Steam Dye Works,
OFFICE 301 N 20TH STREET WORKS 17TH ST. & AVE. D
Birmingham, Ala.

Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Straw Hats and Feathers cleaned and
dyed. Silk Dresses a Specialty. Refining and Binding done. Goods sent to
above address promptly attended to. Sent for price list. [Sep 8-9]

Poindexter & Ellis,
—DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel
Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves,
Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and
Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140.
Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.
POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

Hale, Dingley & Co.
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—
Drugs, Medicines, Tailor Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD J. T. STEN,
—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business.
Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them
and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Cam-
ber, &c.; Bixir Claret and German Compound; Horsey's Colic Cure for
Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

The Best is The Cheapest.
Is a Maxim That Applies With Peculiar Force to Schools.
**THE LOUISVILLE BRYANT & STRATTON BUSI-
NESS COLLEGE** stands at the head of the list of commer-
cial schools in its character as an educational force, as a
medium for supplying the business men of the country with
trained and capable assistants, as a means of placing am-
bitious young men and women on the high road to success,
and in the extent, elegance and cost of its equipment. Thorough
Short-hand and Telegraph courses. The Twenty-seventh
Annual Catalogue will be mailed to any address.

Welch Academy.
AT WELCH'S MILL, CHILTON CO., ALA.
Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situ-
ated on the E. T. V. & C. A. railroad, in a high and healthful
locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50;
High School \$3.50 For further information address,
R. E. R. HICKS, Principal,
Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.

THE VIEW
Solicits Your Job Printing and Will
Guarantee Satisfaction in Prices and
Quality of Work Done.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Paints, Oils, Glass,
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Wall Paper, Artists' Materials
And Builders' Hardware.
—IS COMMERCE STREET,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Please write for prices and sample cards.

COURT CALENDAR.
Chancery—First Thursday after the
second Monday in March and September
and continue three days.
Circuit—On the eleventh Monday
after the fourth Monday in February,
and on the thirteenth Monday after
the fourth Monday in August, and after
continue two weeks each time.
Counsellors—Regular term per-
iod Monday in February and August,
and first Monday in April and Novem-
ber. Special term second Monday in
May and July.
County—First Monday in each month
ALEX. G. DAKE
Justice of the Peace,
CLANTON, ALA.
Collection of Claims a Specialty

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.
Next Session Begins October 5th, 1892.
The University embraces Classical,
Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering,
Mining Engineering and Law Courses.
Tuition in all the courses except Law,
is free to Alabama students. Tuition
college charges of a total \$102.50. Tu-
ition fee in Law school \$50. Law stu-
dents do not reside in the College Halls
and are not subject to military disci-
pline.
The authorities of the University
have established a system of Annual
High Schools, from which students
may be admitted to the Freshman
Class of the University without examina-
tion. The Principal of any school or
Academy who desires his institution to
be made a University Auxiliary school
can obtain a circular giving full infor-
mation by addressing the President of
the University, Box 1000, Tuscaloosa,
ALABAMA.
RICHARD C. JONES, President,
University P. O., Ala.

It pays to sustain home en-
terprises and keep your money
at home. Try this by giving
the View your orders for letter
heads, bill heads, etc.

A CROSS MARK (X) above your
name means that your subscription has been
received and we would be glad to have your
order.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 6, 1892.
Notice is hereby given that the fol-
lowing named settler has filed notice
of his intention to make final proof in
support of his claim, and that said
proof will be made before the clerk of
the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on
January 21st, 1893, viz: William L.
Jettison, Homestead No. 2091 for the
s e 1 of w 1 and w 1 of s e 2, town-
ship 23 n, range 15 e. He names the
following witnesses to prove his con-
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Dec 15 J. H. BRIDHAM, Register.

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W. R. NOLEN,
Attorney at Law,
AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.
CLANTON, ALA.

W. H. Taylor
BARBER.
Clanton, Ala.
Hair Cutting and Shaving.
When thinking of having pictures
made call at Number 7, Dexter
Avenue

H. P. TRESSLER'S
PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery
Correspondence solicited. Tel.
[tel 125-92]
BUY THE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
Send TEN cents to 24 Union Sq., N. Y.,
for our prize game, "Bird Luck," and
win a New Home Sewing Machine Co.
or a Sewing Machine.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMPEY, Clanton, Ala.

Measures Discussed and Bills Passed
By Our National Law-Makers.

nomination of Henry Clay K

**And Important Happenings from Day
to Day Tensely Told.**

Woodruff, Macon; T. H. Morgan, Atlanta; O. C. Burke, Memphis; Tom Wood, Sherman, Tex.; I. H. Muddox.

Columbus. When the essays were called for, one ambitious young man handed up a document, as near as I can recall it,

Woman is only a rib of man, but she is worth all the other bones of his body put together.

Health Hing—Country Rector—I haven't seen
 you at church lately.
 Old Woman—No, sir; I heered as how it
 is very/unhealthyful to sleep in the day-

ing. Popul
Clanton, the
R. R., 36 m

Business Notices Twenty Cents per line each insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be headed as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM

NUMBER 13.

Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

SAMPLE ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY

tax that is in the range of \$4,000 to \$5,000 a year."

our
I know this. I am not
from the state, and I am not
with the state. I am not
the principle is all wrong, for no law
is so pernicious but the one, and the
doctrine.

went down to Atlanta the other day to
pay one of our bills. I was
pay these late and a few of these. I
just didn't like it, and one bank said
that they were the only one that
money, and another bank they could
counted local paper for their deposits.
I was not going to do that. I was
bank and he greeted me with smile, and
me. I was not going to do that. I was
that day, but if I would, I would be in
next week, he would see me. I was
that I was not going to do that. I was
that the captain would send if up to me,
press, but he hasn't. If a man de-
pends on the state, he is always con-
occasionally, with a good endorse-
their word, and I am not. I am not
that I wasn't got any money to pay of
the deposits, and the state's money are
that I was not going to do that. I was
about who shall handle it. They have
mostly on Steve Ray's money, and we
that they have built round with them
get a receiver who will help all the

[illegible][illegible]

self-expatriation, and every year, as the military and fiscal burdens grow heavier, will lay his way by preference to lands where he can grow grain and stock, and send his hired voice of the drill sergeant cannot reach them. Patriotism is a quality, no doubt, but it does not accord with the chill and suspicious atmosphere of the present. The grain and stock raising and tanning of this age, and a young man may be pardoned if he deem that his country is less a mother worthy of love than a cruel and unworthy step-mother, when she demands three of the fairest years of his life to be spent in a barracks yard, and wrings his ears till the blood drops from them or beats him about the head with the butt of a musket because he does not load his rifle long enough or shoot his gun off likely enough.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has extended the clause of the 1812 act, so that all goods from all free delivery states, and in particular, fifty-three of which are in possession of the Federal Government, shall be exempt from the duties of the Agricultural Protective movement of the Western States.

Florida changes her name to the State of Florida.

IN CONGRESSIONAL HALLS

Daily Routine of Both Houses of the Fifty-Second Congress

Measures Discussed and Bills Passed by Our National Law-Makers.

THE SENATE

House amendments to the senate bill authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi river, at New Orleans, was presented to the senate Saturday and discussed. The bill now goes to the president. Numerous petitions on the subject of opening the world's fair on Sunday were presented. Mr. Walcott moved for the adjournment, introduced by him some days ago, directing a discontinuance of the sale of the Columbian postage stamp, and made one of his brief, breezy speeches on the subject. He was at a loss to understand, he said, why those stamps had ever been manufactured. He asked the postmaster general suggested in his annual report, that he expected to receive \$1,000,000 extra profits out of his sale of stamps collected. Since the resolution was introduced he had from many sources letters showing good reasons why it should be passed. He said that the stamp was so much like the registration stamp that constant mistakes were being made by them. He hoped that the postoffice committee would take speedy action in the matter. The resolution was referred to the committee. At 11 o'clock the senate went into executive session. At 3:30 o'clock the doors were reopened. The credentials of Mr. Tupper for his second senatorial term, beginning March 4 next, were presented and placed on file. The anti-option bill was then taken up, the question being on Mr. White's amendment to Mr. George's substitute. The bill was discussed for an hour and then went over without action until Monday.

At 12:40 o'clock, Monday, the senate proceeded to the consideration of Mr. George's substitute. Mr. George continued his speech began last Saturday. He spoke for exactly one hour, and when he took his seat a proposition was made by Mr. Washburn to have the vote taken Thursday next. This was objected to by Mr. White, who said that the senators from New York and Delaware, Hill and Gray, desired to address the senate and were not present, and he suggested Tuesday of next week as the time for taking the vote. After Mr. White's proposition and the arrangement was finally made that at 1 o'clock Tuesday of next week the vote shall be taken on Mr. George's substitute, and not later than 3 o'clock on the bill itself. Mr. Chandler expressed a willingness to have the vote taken on the anti-option bill and spoke another hour on the subject. The anti-option bill went over without action and the Cherokee outlet bill, which had come over from the house, was taken up for consideration. The amendments offered by Berry providing for the appointment of a commission for the extinguishment of the national or tribal title to lands in Indian Territory, was agreed to and the bill went over without further action to be before the senate when the anti-option bill is not. The senate then, at 5:15 o'clock, went into executive session and soon adjourned.

In the house, Saturday, Mr. Outwater called up the senate bill for marking the line of battle at Gettysburg. Several amendments were introduced by the committee on military affairs and those were the opponents of the measure an opportunity to filibuster against it. Filibustering was confined to the Texas delegation, but it was successful, and the morning hour expired without final action on the bill. Mr. Blount reported the committee on commerce and the national quarantine bill was called up. Some constitutional objections were raised against the measure, but outside of a speech by Mr. Rayner, of Maryland, and a few remarks made by Messrs. Cockran and Lodge, little interest was manifested in the bill. Throughout the confusion in the house was very great and its continuation was reached when an amendment was offered, the reading of which could not be heard there. Mr. Dickerson called attention. He added that the bill was an important one and should not be acted upon in a scene of such utter inattention. He, therefore, moved that the committee for the bill was being considered.

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The house Monday morning continued the consideration of the quarantine bill and adopted the amendment of Mr. W. W. Weaver (democrat from New York), extending the quarantine to "lead business." The amendment prohibiting interference with migration between the states was rejected. The amendment offered by Mr. Brown (republican from Pennsylvania), giving national courts the supremacy in cases where it exists at the same time with state quarantine, was rejected. The bill was then reported to the house from the committee of the whole. Then the house found itself in a tight parliamentary tangle, and every member who attempted to disentangle it only drew the net the tighter. The bill was reported from the committee of the whole was a substitute for the original bill introduced by Mr. Rayner, and as each the substitute was reported as one amendment, although it had itself received several amendments. The committee made the bill the same as the previous version of the bill, but not the same as the original bill.

JUSTICE LAMAR DEAD

The Final Dissolution Came Suddenly and Without Warning

End of an Eventful Career—Short Sketch of His Life.

Justice L. Q. Lamar, of the United States supreme court, died very suddenly at Macon, Ga., Monday night. He was stopping at the home of W. H. Virgin, his relative, and late Monday afternoon took his evening walk and started out for a walk. He had scarcely left the house when he was met by a friend, and returned to Mr. Virgin's home where he was taken care of until he died.

Justice Lamar died at 6:30 with the family and seemed to have a good appetite and seemed to be a cheerful mood. He had been in the hospital for some time, and his death was a great loss to the country. He was a man of great ability and a great public servant.

CAPITAL GAMES

Mr. Enloe, Tennessee, is threatening to sue the Pension Commissioner Lamar for the loss of his pension. He claims that Lamar was negligent in his duties and that he should be held responsible for the loss of his pension.

THE SENATE

The senate finance committee Tuesday decided to report adversely Senator Butler's bill providing for the distribution of the balance of the fund of \$500,000 appropriated for the payment of the direct tax collected in South Carolina.

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GROWTH OF THE SOUTH

The Industrial Development in the Past Week

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that the continued cold weather, and the consequent interference with river navigation, has retarded the progress of industrial development. The cotton industry, however, has shown a marked improvement in its output, and the sugar industry has also shown a steady increase in its production. The textile industry, on the other hand, has been somewhat depressed by the lack of raw materials.

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MORE OF THE RYAN CASE

Prosecuting Attorneys Don't Want the Matter Submitted to Jury. The attorneys for the state in the Ryan case have decided not to submit the case to a jury. They believe that the case is too complicated for a jury to understand, and they believe that the judge will be able to handle the case more effectively.

RAILROAD TAXES

In South Carolina the Subject of a Supreme Court Decision. The United States supreme court Monday dismissed, for want of jurisdiction, with directions to the United States circuit court for the district of South Carolina to do likewise, the suits brought by the Southern Railway company and the Charleston and Savannah railway company against the state of South Carolina, to compel these companies to pay the taxes imposed on the railroads by the state. The taxes were state, county and school taxes. The suits were dismissed because the railroads had not paid the taxes for the year 1900, and the suits were therefore barred by the statute of limitations.

BISHOP PHILIP BROOKS DEAD

Brought on by a Fit of Coughing. Bishop Philip Brooks died at Boston, Mass., early Monday. His death was entirely unexpected and was brought on by a fit of coughing. He was a man of great ability and a great public servant. He had been in poor health for some time, but he had not expected to die so suddenly.

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs

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Seven Were Burned

An Indianapolis special says: The startling statement was made Wednesday morning, by a railroad official who claims to have the best authority for the story, that seven persons, including the passenger and train crew, were burned to death in a cafe car on the Big Four road at Wane station Saturday morning. The railroad officials say seven deaths were caused by the original wreck, and not from the subsequent explosion of gas.

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A Topeka, Kan., special says: The legislature met in joint session at noon Wednesday in representative hall. The republican members of both houses and the senate decided to answer to their constituents when the roll was called. Ninety-nine persons responded to their names, eight more than a quorum. Eleven of these were members of the populist house and had been given seats through contest proceedings. Without these there was no quorum. When the senate roll was called, the populist strength went to John Martin, twenty-five populist senators voting for him. Martin was declared elected.

Seven Were Burned

An Indianapolis special says: The startling statement was made Wednesday morning, by a railroad official who claims to have the best authority for the story, that seven persons, including the passenger and train crew, were burned to death in a cafe car on the Big Four road at Wane station Saturday morning. The railroad officials say seven deaths were caused by the original wreck, and not from the subsequent explosion of gas.

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

Fire Sunday Morning Destroyed the

Fire Sunday morning destroyed the Flouring mill at Ashbury, N. H. The mill was a large building and was used for the purpose of grinding wheat into flour. It was owned by a man named John Smith. The fire was caused by a gas leak, and it spread very rapidly. The mill was completely destroyed, and the loss was estimated at \$100,000.

A Berlin Special Says: Six new cases

A Berlin special says: Six new cases of cholera and one death in Nisibin in Mesopotamia, Monday. Total cases since the beginning of the outbreak, 24; deaths 8.

Fire Tuesday Night Destroyed the

Fire Tuesday night destroyed the Beehive building and the wholesale confectionery establishment of Hogan & Co., at Sioux Falls, South Dakota. Damage nearly \$500,000.

A Cheyenne, Wyo., special says: The

A Cheyenne, Wyo., special says: The case of the cattlemen, who some months ago invaded Johnson county for the purpose of exterminating the so-called rustlers, or cattle thieves, and the attempt killed or maimed several persons and were in turn cornered by the United States troops, was on Saturday, thrown out of court. The twenty-three defendants' dismissal was entered by Bennett, the people's attorney for Johnson county and allowed.

Two freight trains on the Santa Fe

Two freight trains on the Santa Fe collided miles south of Joliet, Ill., Tuesday morning at 11:30 o'clock. Three of the trainmen were killed and two others fatally injured. The survivors walked to Joliet with the survivors. The trains

NUMBER 15

We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

those unexpended proceedings, please call them that you don't know.—BELL, A. B., in *Albion* Constitution.

Morley's Betwixt.

A London cablegram says: "A verdict was rendered in the Morley-longueux case Friday, according to the plaintiff's claim. The defendants were ordered to pay the costs. The judge before whom the case was tried declared the amount of money paid for had been obtained by the Longueux from Henry Morley by means of influence, which he exercised under the cloak of religion."

Blizzard in the Northwest.

A special of Tuesday from Minneapolis, Minn., says: "A heavy rain, various squalls throughout the northern coast, with a blizzard of unusual severity prevailed throughout the whole night. The mercury ranged from 70 to 61 above the zero."

CHILTON VIEW.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., FEB. 1903.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy three months .50

A brother editor came up this morning to see us in this brief style: "Ben Butler is dead and Cleveland is elected, and the Lord seems to be on our side."

Edwardsville News: The gold fields of Cleburne county are attracting more attention abroad than ever before, and gold hunters are now thick as bees. Every man in the county who owns land has a gold mine. Any kind of soil or rock will show quantities of the precious metal.

Wetumpka Times: It is proper that before a newspaper publishes legal advertisements there should be some guarantee that it has a general circulation throughout the district in which the advertisement is intended to appear. And the test of age is the best guarantee.

Every time a bank in China fails they cut off the bank officers' heads, and no bank has failed there in over five hundred years. In this country the general practice is to go through the form of a trial and acquit the bankers on some technicality, or if convicted, appeal.

The Greensboro Watchman voices the sentiments of a large portion of the press and people of Alabama, when it says: "If Editor Chappel Corv, of the Birmingham Age-Herald wants to be Governor of Alabama he is going to give somebody a great deal of trouble. We see his name very favorably mentioned in this connection. All the newspaper men in the State know Mr. Corv and admire him for his good sense and broad views on all questions of public moment. If he runs, there's a powerful sight of trouble for somebody."

The Montgomery Journal says: Senator Inzer, proposed in the Senate Wednesday, a joint resolution by which the proposition will be submitted to the people of Alabama, when it says: "If Editor Chappel Corv, of the Birmingham Age-Herald wants to be Governor of Alabama he is going to give somebody a great deal of trouble. We see his name very favorably mentioned in this connection. All the newspaper men in the State know Mr. Corv and admire him for his good sense and broad views on all questions of public moment. If he runs, there's a powerful sight of trouble for somebody."

The Rutaw Mirror has been studying about the situation of the country and gives the following wholesome advice: Now that a full democratic government is assured, confidence re-established in all directions, it highly becomes us to make good use of all that the above makes possible to us, and strive to make for the present year grander strides than ever before. Judicious management and cool, sober thought, dictate that we work for a greater progress, enterprise and general improvement. The establishment of needed industries that furnish labor to both male and female, such as factories of various kinds, would greatly aid in building up our fortunes.

Repeal of the McKinley bill, free coinage of silver and all such will fly high in the air when weighed against home raised hay and hominy, varied or diversified farm products and a superabundance of garbanzo "meat." Trot out a regiment of these home made luxuries and necessities, and the whole horde of tariff and silver bills will take to heel and hunt the fastnesses of the mountains. It is not so much of political economy that the South needs, but whole hosts of "laters" and "cows" and "punks" and "bug-meats" and all "such." If you want to see a broad grin "kiveris" the whole face of the South just parade these home products before her eyes, and our word for it, you will witness a chuckle over this land that will tickle us until our sides are sore from a long-drawn-out and fashion-whole-souled laughter born of plenty and to spare at home. Let us all "laugh and grow fat."—Rutaw Mirror.

A Cotton Convention.

The Age-Herald on yesterday received the following telegram:

To the Age-Herald,
Athens, Jan. 22.—The sale of fertilizer tags and other indications are strong that the average of cotton will be greatly increased this year. Disaster will follow. Good results followed the convention last year. I again favor a convention of cotton farmers that the condition may be discussed and that it may be met by organized opposition. Help us fight it.
Hector D. JANE,
State Com. of Agriculture.

The above is short and emphatic. Commissioner Lane knows whereof he speaks. From everywhere comes news that the farmers are about to overtake on cotton. Another 10,000,000 blue crop means more 5 cent cotton. The farmers can make 10,000,000 bales if they want to, and they seem inclined to do it. Every bale over 7,500,000 is money and labor thrown away. The farmer will get no more money for the extra yield and will be out the extra labor and cost. Better to put it into corn and the like. Commissioner Lane suggests a cotton convention. By all means.

Cleveland at the Grave of Hayes.

The manly sentiment of personal obligation to show respect and esteem for their country's illustrious dead, which has become a public duty, has been seldom so nobly and gracefully expressed as it was by Grover Cleveland leaving his warm fire-side and his pleasant winter retreat among the sheltering pines of Lakewood to make the long, solitary journey, in the most forbidding, inclement weather, to the open grave of ex-President Hayes.

This act of Mr. Cleveland's is curiously consistent with his character; it is wholly consistent with his refusal to go to the dedication of the World's Fair at Chicago because his Presidential competitor, Mr. Harrison, watching by the bedside of his beloved wife, could not also go and receive the greeting of the people upon his way there. Mr. Cleveland's refusal to accept political advantages in the midst of a Presidential campaign which by reason of affliction, his competitor could not share with him, was sharply criticized at the time as the crafty act of a politician seeking through his letter of destination to obtain public favor and applause. Selfish political expediency would have induced Mr. Cleveland to go to Chicago, and selfish regard for his own comfort and convenience would have induced him not to go to Fremont. That unselfishness and many courage and simplicity which are Mr. Cleveland's most striking characteristics would not permit him to go to Chicago, and they compelled him to go to Fremont. He knew that in both cases his purpose would be criticized, misconstrued and blazoned forth as something it was not, but he did in either instance what he believed to be right, and that is what he can always be depended upon to do under any possible circumstances.—Phila. Ledger.

Public Roads.
Huntsville Mercury.
Yes, we have some fine roads in Madison—macadamized and gravel pikes that are free to the public. But then we have some bad ones, roads that lay over the above description from the New York Times, places where a buzzard's shadow mires up and don't succeed in extrating itself until the following summer. Places that you can stick a fence rail in endwise by the last of March and could not drive a carpet tack with a sledge hammer in it in August. We are proud of our pikes, we want more of them, want to see every main road in Madison county made into a gravel road. Of course it costs something, in fact, we people up here don't expect them to drop down out of the clouds free. Nothing pays better or delights the people more than a good fine system of public roads.

They are in fact the very corner stone of prosperity. No county can succeed that is so trifling that it will not build public roads. In fact a people whose sensibilities are so blunted that they will not demand roads "are snake bit any how," and not worth saving.

The local statesman who, on the 7th of July, adopted a raw-boned and bloody bones as their coat of arms may have compromised on the war question as "peace again reigns in Warsaw."

As To Prohibition.

Julien," in his report of the legislative proceedings to Friday's Age-Herald gives the following in regard to the prohibition question:

"In the house this afternoon a very amusing thing happened that came within three votes of passing a bill prohibiting the sale of liquor in Alabama. The thing all came from a little country church prohibition bill from Harbour county, in which many amendments germane to the subject, were added. At this point Mr. Rice, of Madison, offered a state prohibition amendment and against the bill. So amended the vote stood 42 against, whilst there were 40 in favor of it."

The Didn't Talk About Folks.

Mrs. Snooks.—Good morning, Mrs. Bird, how are you and all your folks and your neighbors and all of their?

Mrs. Bird.—We are all quite well. I thank you Mrs. Snooks, but I can't answer for all my neighbors though I hope they are enjoying the same blessing.

Mrs. Snooks.—Well I can't say that I do. Mrs. Bird, for some of them seem to mean it is a wonder to me that they don't drag themselves alive. Now here is old man Smith right here at you, a bigger har never lived. I wouldn't believe him on his oath, I wouldn't; but I would not have you repeat this to the world. I never want my neighbors to get mad with me; and it is better to have the ill will of a dog than a man with a tongue, for he will do you more harm than the dog would with his teeth.—Ex.

William Sorogine was executed in Birmingham last week for the murder of a peddler. Sorogine was only sixteen years old and his sad end should be a warning to those just entering manhood. As he stood upon the scaffold, where for him time and eternity met his last words were:

"Gentlemen, I want all of you to listen to what I have to say, and may it be a warning to many young men of my age. Take the poor old mother's advice and stay at home until you have learned to how to do right and lead life through. My own acts in life have fetched me to where I am to-day. I am guilty of the crime of which I have been convicted, and I am here to pay for it. I have confessed my sins and hope the good Lord will take me away from this world to that home where I will be at rest. Let this be a warning. I give myself up to him and hope he will take me home."

Representative Knight, of Hale, made the following speech when the bill proposing a constitutional convention came up for consideration in the House:

He said that he had been sent here to represent a county which has a large voting population. Of this number there are not more than 300 white voters, the balance belong to that race which are unfriendly, which the National government enfranchised more than a quarter of a century ago. For more than twenty years this black site of ignorance and vice has been a standing menace to free institutions and white man's supremacy; therefore, his interest here was here to guard and protect, were he to fail to urge upon the true and loyal Democrats of the House the necessity for such a change in the present organic law as will protect his liberty and property from that damnation and ruin which a continued unrestricted elective franchise will inevitably bring.

So long as you leave the necessity upon us we will protect ourselves, no matter what line of conduct we are forced to pursue. You gentlemen from North Alabama, where nearly every face you see in that of a white man, know nothing of the trials and sacrifices for the Democratic Party in the several Black Belt counties of this State. You cannot appreciate the great need for an organic change as they do in South Alabama. You know absolutely nothing about the awful political condition of things in the counties of Dallas, Hale, Perry, Lowndes, Wilcox and others. If you did, you could not, for our moment, withhold the relief they are now seeking. Often have those who have dared to throw themselves in the breach been dragged to Federal courts to answer Federal indictments, and all of this we have suffered as much for your benefit as for ours. It is now in your power to rescue us from the dangers that have threatened us for twenty or more years, can you and will you do so? We are changed by the enemies of free Democratic government with having in the past throttled the will of the majority, say, even with having raped the ballot box. This he denied, but he it as may be, he charged that the crime, if there be, should rest upon all heads should they fall now, since it is within your power to come to our rescue and forever remove them from our door any necessity of the kind. I ask to go on record as favoring the constitution.

Farmers are warned not to neglect their grain crop this year.

If I Were a Girl.

I would take care of my health by living outdoors as much as possible and take long walks in the sunshine. English girls understand how necessary this is for good complexions and cheerful spirits. Wear simple clothing, that you may climb mountains and breathe freely.

I would secure the best education. Go to college by all means if possible. Read good books, and thereby become intelligent.

I would cultivate cheerfulness. Discontent soon shows itself in the face. If you have some disappointments so do others. If you are cramped for money, be thankful that your lot is no worse than it is. Learn to make the best of things, an unhappy woman is a perpetual cloud in a home, a fearful girl has few friends, and the number lessens year by year.

I would say kind things to others, especially the girls. A girl who makes unkind remarks about others or girls would better be avoided by young men, she will not make an agreeable companion for life.

I would learn how to be self-supporting; especially in this country where fortunes change, it is wise for a woman to be able to care for herself. Helpless women are not a comfort to others, and usually not to themselves.

I would try to be polite everywhere. True courtesy is more winsome than a pretty face or a fine dress. Loud talking or loud dress does not betoken the lady. Be appreciative and sympathetic, and you have two keys which unlock almost all hearts.

I would learn self-control. To know when to speak and when to be silent; to have hateful things said about you, and to be able to answer pleasantly; to have people confide in you, and be wise enough to keep it locked up in your heart; to be in poverty, and not be soured by it; to be strong enough to perform any labor or duty that needs to be done, all this shows a noble mastery over self.

I would be punctual. Being late at meals, late at church, or late in meeting engagements, makes an unnecessary friction in families. If we are willing to lose valuable time, we have no right to make others lose it.

The golden rule of doing unto others as we would that they do unto us, is especially applicable here.—Mrs. Jennie Miller.

Senator Inzer has introduced a bill in the Legislature requiring each male citizen, between the ages of 18 and 45 years, to render at least six days service at work on the public roads in his county in each year, or in lieu thereof he may pay into the county treasury the sum of five dollars annually. The money raised by this means, will become a public road fund, and in addition the board of revenue or county commissioners at work on the public roads in his county in each year, or in lieu thereof he may pay into the county treasury the sum of five dollars annually. The money raised by this means, will become a public road fund, and in addition the board of revenue or county commissioners at work on the public roads in his county in each year, or in lieu thereof he may pay into the county treasury the sum of five dollars annually.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKY can be obtained for medicinal purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Olsby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

LEGISLATIVE.

The Legislature is getting down to work. The convict bill, which places the hiring of convicts in the hands of a board of managers has passed.

The bill fixing the tax rate at five mills has also passed. The constitutional convention bill was defeated in the House by a vote of 70 to 22. The bill was originally defeated before it came up for consideration.

The Birmingham Age-Herald has enlightened the world by giving the following derivation of a familiar Americanism: "It is said that the natives of the Sandwich Islands while quaffing on their hams upon the ground. It is supposed that this originated the term ham-sandwich."

The man who criticizes the Yezw meanly are not its patrons. They have never helped it. In many cases they are under obligations to us for favors extended, and they but prove the truth of the old saying that "if you extend a favor in time cases of out of ten you make an enemy of the recipient." The opposition of our enemies has, however, brought our true blue friends together with substantial assistance to the paper.

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Kluges, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body were continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Botanic Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I indorse it as the best blood remedy."

Telegrams announce that Hon. H. A. Herbert will be tendered a place in Mr. Cleveland's cabinet as Secretary of the Navy. This is an honor well deserved by Mr. Herbert.

B B B

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A thoroughly tested Remedy FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

This standard remedy has been used, and long tested, for many years by an eminent physician, who has seen it cure every case of blood and skin disease for which it is recommended. It never fails to result from the first use, and is especially adapted to all cases of skin disease, such as eczema, psoriasis, and all other eruptions of the skin. It is not the result of ignorance or superstition, but a thorough knowledge of modern medicine, and a general knowledge of the human system, and its ability to give a remedy for all blood and skin diseases. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and a general tonic for the system. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and a general tonic for the system. It is a powerful purifier of the blood, and a general tonic for the system.

INVESTIGATE FOR YOURSELF. Send for our Free Book of Testimonials. Information, together with a wonderful array of certificates of remarkable cures from the simplest to the most violent cases of blood and skin disease, has failed. These certificates testify with the most convincing evidence that Botanic Blood Balm is the best, cheapest, quickest, and most powerful skin medicine known to the world.

Price—\$2.00 per bottle; \$5.00 for 3 bottles. For sale by druggists and mail order to us. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATE IN PROFIT

MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GA. A High-Grade Business Training School. Have placed over 4000 students in business. The best business and shorthand course in existence; the only school in the South conducted on the ACTUAL BUSINESS plan. Students enter any time. Send for circular.

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Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants.

OFFICE ON TALLAPOOSA STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Lowest Rates of Storage and Highest prices obtained for all cotton entrusted to us for sale. Free Wagon Yard. No commission.

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Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Cane, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,

(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 16 Dexter Avenue,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

DO YOU NEED A SUIT & CLOTHES?

Whether it be a Prince Albert, Cut-away, Frock or Sack Suit, we invite you to call and look at our Stock.

It comprises the newest in style and the most

artistic in make and finish all at

VERY LOW PRICES.

We are trying to build up the largest CLOTH-

ING BUSINESS in the South and would ask

you not to buy any Clothes for MEN or BOYS until you see

our immense stock.

We Guarantee You A

Positive Saving of Money!

IF OTHERS DO WELL

WE DO BETTER!

IF OTHERS DO BETTER

WE DO BEST!

It matters not what others say

or propose to do, none can

approach our Low Prices.

Strangers are advised that we refund money on any Article

bought of us and not found Satisfactory or Cheaper than

elsewhere.

ALEX. RICE.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

BIRMINGHAM

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

School of Shorthand and Typewriting.

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The largest, the most thorough and complete business

training school in the South. The only one in the State op-

dored by business men. The home of fine Penmanship,

Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educa-

ted for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in

securing employment. Send for circular. Address,

AMOS WARD, President.

TRY OUR CLUB RATES.

PEOPLE

That it is not with cheap com-

position to be blood-purifier have no real merit. Standard AYER'S Sarsaparilla is made of the best ingredients to build up the system, health, and in all cases of blood-purification, it is the only remedy that can be relied upon.

It Pays to use AYER'S Sarsaparilla only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla is made of the best ingredients to build up the system, health, and in all cases of blood-purification, it is the only remedy that can be relied upon.

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Change House

Merchants.

ST. MERRITT, Manager.

WATCHES, CLOCKS, &c.

Watches, Clocks, &c. Large stock of Watches of all kinds, repaired and promptly repaired.

WATCHES?

Albert, Cut-a-t, we invite our Stock.

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CHILTON VIEW.

PEOPLE FIND

That it is not wise to experiment with cheap compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, but which have no real medicinal value. To make use of any other than the old standard AYER'S Sarsaparilla—the Superior Blood-purifier—is simply to invite loss of time, money, and health. If you are afflicted with Scrophulous, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Ringworm, Scum, Tumors, or any other blood disease, be assured that

It Pays to Use

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and AYER'S only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla can always be depended upon. It does not vary. It is always the same in quality, quantity, and effect. It is superior in combination, proportion, appearance, and in all that goes to build up the system weakened by disease and pain. It cleanses out all impurities in the blood and expels them by the natural channels.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1.00 per bottle, 60¢ per half bottle. Cures others will cure you.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The grip is prevailing in our town.

Help somebody else if you would help yourself.

St. Valentine's day comes on next Tuesday, the 14th.

County court convened Monday and had a good attendance.

Tax Assessor Rollins was in town Monday on business.

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Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Strook, of Verbena, visited relatives at this place last week.

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Mrs. M. A. Moore, of Elmore, and son, of Montgomery, visited Capt. W. A. Mulliken's family here this week.

During the pleasant weather we have had for the past two weeks many have made preparations for early gardening.

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We have had a good deal of job printing on hand lately from business men at home and away from home. You can't get better work than we can give you, nor at lower prices.

All persons indebted to A. E. Bivings will please come forward and settle or arrange it at once as the accounts will all be placed in the hands of an attorney, so come at once and save trouble.

A. E. BIVINGS.

Good thoughts are blessed guests and should be heartily welcomed, well fed and much sought after. Like roses leaves they give out a sweet smell if laid up in the jar of memory.—Spurgeon.

Religious Services.

We are requested to announce that Rev. Isham O. Siler, a Baptist minister, will preach in Clanton on Sunday the 19th inst., both morning and night.

We are in receipt of a copy of the Calhoun News published at Wewahatcha, Calhoun Co., Fla. John N. Thornton, a former protégé of the View is the editor, and W. A. Bryan associate editor. The News is a good paper and we will be pleased to exchange with it.

The View is a paper that has infinite patience with and sympathy for all poor people—being of them. But thanks to kind providence, our patrons we are kept too busy to throw away time growling. If a living cannot be made at one vocation it can be made at another, by the man who works.

Our neighborhood correspondents are in several cases bright young farmers boys and of the kind who are workers, hence the fine weather has kept them too busy with their farming arrangements to write up their neighborhood regularly. We want to hear from them as often as it is convenient.

You would have to travel a long distance to find a better country paper than the View. It has always been conducted on sound business and political principles, and with no spites to gratify, and Mike Brannon, the wild Irish poet, would awfully say, "now is the time to subscribe."

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Lilly Dots.

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Mrs. Young and daughter, of Indiana, was the guest of Mr. Dillman last week.

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Miss Laffrie Deadwiler was at home on a visit last week.

Mr. Robert Brown of the railroad, has been spending some time with his father and mother near this place.

Mrs. Cooley has been very sick for the past week. However, we hope she is now better.

A View representative made a pleasant and profitable visit to Jonison last week. That thrifty town has some good, whole-souled and liberal citizens who have always taken an interest in the success of this paper and they show it in such a way that we bear pleasant memories of her citizens after a visit. The school there is one to be proud of, and the town is opening new stores at a time when most towns are moving the other way. The Jamison Lumber Co. are doing a fine saw mill business, and the merchants say they don't have any time to sleep during the day, though trade is not so brisk as they would wish. The good doctors informed us that they were "doing nothing as usual."

"The Christian Observer says: "Look on the bright side. It is the right side. The times may be hard, but it will make them no easier to wear a gloomy and sad countenance. It is the sunshine and not the cloud that makes the flower. The sky is blue ten times where it is black once. You have troubles so have others. None are free from them. Trouble gives sinew and tone to life—fortune and courage to men. That would be a dull sea, and the sailor would never get skill, were there nothing to disturb the surface of the ocean. What though things look a little dark, the lane will turn, and night will end in a broad day. There is more virtue in one sunbeam than in a whole hemisphere of clouds and gloom. See how the mist flies before the brightness of one little darting ray. So will trouble disappear before the ever cheerful."

True as Freshing.

Florence Times.

When you want a newspaper favor you strike your "home paper," don't you?

If you want your town boomed, and your property increased in value, you expect your home paper to do it for nothing, don't you?

Yet you kick because your home paper hasn't as much reading matter as a city paper, don't you?

And you preclude the home paper from thinking the town is a good place for it by not giving it sufficient patronage, don't you?

You often sneek off to some other town to get your job work done, to save a few cents, don't you?

You are mighty free about telling what a good thing for a town a home paper is, but are backward when it comes to helping that paper with the cash, ain't you?

The Advertising columns of a newspaper are among the most important, for no man really becomes acquainted even with the news of the day until he has thoroughly perused the advertisements. They contain not only rare specimens of human idiosyncrasies, but afford a general view of life in every possible phase. They are arts and sciences; they minister to love; they speak of change; sometimes they excite a smile, sometimes a tear. To the sick man they promise health; to the poor man they offer wealth; the pleasure seeker is posted in amusements; the book buyer learns the title and price of the last new work; the house hunter reads of a desirable and eligible tenement; the traveler of the best means of conveyance; the unemployed of employment; in fact, every imaginable want is suppositiously supplied by the advertising department of a newspaper.—Harper's Monthly.

We have had fine weather to plant oats.

The number of commercial travelers is increasing.

Some Sunday Previews.

The vain man knows it all, but people would rather die ignorant than hear him tell it.

The best way is to get along. The man who stands still is liable to catch cold—and nothing else.

There is good deal of resolution in rain, but neither sense nor judgment.

Don't kill yourself for love. There is oceans of it in this world.

Commissioner Lane is in receipt of a communication from President J. G. Holloway of the Southern Cotton Growers, calling a convention of the cotton growers on February 22nd, at Memphis, Tenn., to discuss the subject of decreased cotton acreage before the next crop is planted.

Commissioner Lane expects to be present, and respectfully requests all parties interested in cotton planting to participate in that meeting.

With pure, vigorous blood coursing through the veins and animating every fibre of the body, cold weather is not only endurable, but pleasant and agreeable. No other blood medicine is so certain in its results as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. What it does for others it will do for you.

Miss Etha Fitts has gone to Chilton county to take charge of her school again. Miss Etha has made many friends in Chilton county, and deserves much praise for the great success she has made in the worthy position which she occupies.—Blosson Courier.

Greene's Liver Tonic is an invaluable remedy for acute and chronic disease of the liver, kidneys and bladder. Sold by W. H. Phillips.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a fieri facias issued from the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Blount county, and state of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment recently obtained against J. F. Mulkey and John L. Mulkey, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said J. F. Mulkey and John L. Mulkey, I have levied on the following property, to-wit: The east half of the west half (e 1/2 of w 1/2) and the west half of the east half (w 1/2 of e 1/2) of section 33, and east half of southwest quarter (e 1/2 of s 1/2) section 28, all in township 24 north, range 12 east, and lying and being situated in Chilton county, Ala.

Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at public auction, all the right title and interest of the above named J. F. Mulkey and John L. Mulkey in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 6th day of March, 1892, during the legal hours of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton, Chilton county, Ala.

Dated at Clanton, this 30th day of January, 1892.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff of Chilton County, Ala. S. D. Logan, Attorney for Plaintiff.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 17, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 4th, 1892, viz: Jacob Rolih, Homestead entry, No. 17894, for the e 1/2 of s 1/2 of section 27, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry Harrison, Duffin Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala.

Jan 26th J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale granted in a mortgage made to me on the 24th day of June, 1892, by J. B. Vincent and Melvin Vincent, his wife, to secure the payment of a note promissory note made by said J. B. Vincent and Melvin Vincent, on the 24th day of June, 1892, for the sum of four hundred dollars and payable to me at Monteville, Ala., on the 15th day of October, 1892, default having been made in the payment of said note, I will proceed to sell, in front of the courthouse in Chilton county, Ala., on

THURSDAY OF FEBRUARY, 1892, for the satisfaction of the said note and interest and costs, the following described real estate lying in the county of Chilton and State of Alabama, to-wit: The e 1/2 of the w 1/2, the e 1/2 of the w 1/2 of section 27, township 20 north of range 12 east, and the e 1/2 of the w 1/2 of section 23, township 20 north of range 12 east, one hundred and sixty acres in all, to the highest and best bidder for cash at said sale.

T. B. GAY, Mortgagee.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., January 2, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 11, 1892, viz: William F. Willis homestead entry, No. 17894, for the w 1/2 of s 1/2 of section 4, township 23 n, range 16 e. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Vandervice, Joseph Vandervice, James Wagner, and John Elliott, all of Jumbo, Ala.

Jan 6th J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

W. H. Taylor BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

TODD'S GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistols, Pistol Cartridges, *FISHING *TACKLE.*

And SPORTSMAN'S GOODS Generally.

Fine Gun Repairing a Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

Birmingham Steam Dye Works,

OFFICE 201 N 20th STREET WORKS 17th ST. & AVE. D Birmingham, Ala.

Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Straw Hats and Feathers cleaned and dyed. Silk Dresses a Specialty. Relining and Binding done. Goods sent to above address promptly attended to. Send for price list. [Sep 8-6]

Poindexter & Ellis, FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China (Tea sets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Baiton and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$55 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, etc.; Elzix Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Reprint de Milledeux.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

Welch Academy.

AT WELCH'S MILL, CHILTON CO. ALA.

Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situated on the E. T. VA. & CA. railroad, in a high and healthful locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50; High School \$3.50. For further information address, R. E. R. HICKS, Principal, Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.

THE VIEW

Solicits Your Job Printing and Will Guarantee Satisfaction in Prices and Quality of Work Done.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—

Paints, Oils, Glass, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Wall Paper, Artists' Materials And Builders' Hardware.

18 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Please write for prices and sample cards.

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Clanton—First Thursday after the even number in March and September and sometimes three days.

Chilton—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and many outside two weeks each time.

Columbiana—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

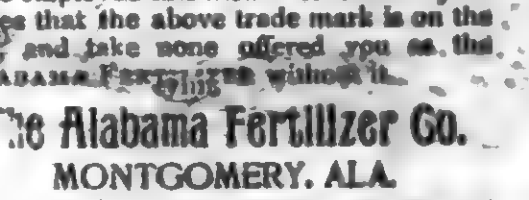
County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Promptness should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

ALEX. G. DAKE

Justice of the Peace, CLANTON, ALA.

Collection of Claims a Specialty.



TO THE CONSUMER.

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copy-right). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.

As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag and false were offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your application is due and that we would be glad to have you re-cw.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., January 14, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on Feb. 25th, 1892, viz: Samuel R. McCarty, Homestead entry, No. 25,570, for the e 1/2 of s 1/2 of section 30, township 21 n, range 13 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: L. B. Broadhead, Robert Broadhead, J. L. Hayes, J. P. Hayes, all of Stanton, Ala.

Jan 16th J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting at all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis, connecting at each point with the NORTH and SOUTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. F. Almore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

W. B. NOLEN, Attorney at Law, AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.

CLANTON, ALA.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue.

E. P. TRESSLAR'S PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. [Feb 25-92]

Change House

Merchants.

STOUMERY, ALA.

UTH,

atches, Clocks,

es, &c.,

OCKFORD QUICK TRAIN

large stock of Watches of

retured by A. Schneider, at

ry in Geneva.

Y, selected with great care

French and American

King's Combination Specta-

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CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA. FEB. 9, 1893

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Cures others, will cure you

SCHEDULE D. & E. ALA. RAILROAD. Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:25 a. m. 5:44 p. m. No. 3 Mail 5:44 a. m. 5:59 p. m. No. 9 Accommodation 5:59 a. m. 6:14 p. m. GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 6:25 a. m. 6:44 p. m. No. 4 Express 6:44 a. m. 6:59 p. m. No. 10 Accommodation 6:59 a. m. 7:14 p. m. Nos. 2 and 8 stop at all regular stations.

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Miss Nellie Wood, of Nashville, Tenn., has been visiting Mr. O. A. Duke's family at this place.

Some of Clanton's merchants did a right lively business on Saturday. But few of them are advancing supplies on time.

Mr. E. A. Bivings requests the View to thank the citizens for their prompt assistance when his house caught on fire.

A sociable was given at the residence of Mr. O. A. Duke last Friday night in honor of Miss Nellie Wood, of Nashville, Tenn.

Greene's Liver Tonic cures constipation, heartburn, chronic diarrhea, dysentery and colic.

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS FOR SALE. W. L. SAMPEY.

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Mr. Robert Brown of the railroad, has been spending some time with his father and mother near this place.

Mrs. Cooley has been very sick for the past week. However, we hope she is now better.

A view representative made a pleasant and profitable visit to Junction last week. That thirty town has some good, whole-souled and liberal citizens who have always taken an interest in the success of this paper and they show it in such a way that we bear pleasant memories of her citizens after a visit. The school there is one to be proud of, and the town is opening new stores at a time when most towns are moving the other way. The Junction Lumber Co., are doing a fine saw mill business, and the merchants say they don't have any time to sleep during the day, though trade is not so brisk as they would wish. The good doctors informed us that they were "doing nothing as usual."

"The Christian Observer" says: "Look on the bright side. It is the right side. The times may be hard, but it will make them no easier to wear a gloomy and discontented. It is the sunshine and not the cloud that makes the flower. The sky is blue ten times where it is black once. You have troubles so have others. None are free from them. Trouble gives sinew and tone to life—fortune and courage to men. That would be a dull sea, and the sailor would never get skill, were there nothing to disturb the surface of the ocean. What though things look a little dark, the lamp will turn, and night will end in a broad day. There is more virtue in one sunbeam than in a whole hemisphere of clouds and gloom. See how the mist flies before the brightness of one little darting ray. So will trouble disappear before the ever cheerful."

True as Franchising.

When you want a newspaper favor you strike your "home paper," don't you?

If you want your town boomed, and your property increased in value, you expect your home paper to do it for nothing, don't you?

Yet you kick because your home paper hasn't as much reading matter as a city paper, don't you?

And you preclude the home paper from thinking the town is a good place for it by not giving it sufficient patronage, don't you?

You often sneak off to some other town to get your job work done, to save a few cents, don't you?

You are mighty free about telling what a good thing for a town a home paper is, but are backward when it comes to helping that paper with the cash, ain't you?

The advertising columns of a newspaper are among the most important, for no man really becomes acquainted even with the news of the day until he has thoroughly perused the advertisements. They contain not only rare specimens of human idiosyncrasy, but afford a general view of life in every possible phase. They are arts and sciences; they minister to love; they speak of change; sometimes they excite a smile, sometimes a tear. To the sick man they promise health; to the poor man they offer wealth; to the pleasure seeker is poised in amusements; the book buyer learns the title and price of the latest new work; the house hunter reads of a desirable and eligible tenement; the traveler of the best means of conveyance; the unemployed of employment; in fine, every imaginable want is suppositionally applied by the advertising department of a newspaper.—Harper's Monthly.

We have had fine weather to plant oats.

The number of commercial travelers is increasing.

The rain man knows it all, but people would rather die ignorant than hear him tell it.

The best way is to get along. The man who stands still is liable to catch cold—and nothing else.

There is good deal of revolution in rum, but neither sense nor judgment.

Don't kill yourself for love. There is oceans of it in this world.

Commissioner Lane is in receipt of a communication from President Ira G. Holloway of the Southern Cotton Growers, calling a convention of the cotton growers on February 22nd, at Memphis, Tenn., to agitate the subject of decreased cotton acreage before the next crop is planted.

Commissioner Lane expects to be present, and respectfully requests all parties interested in cotton planting to participate in that meeting.

With pure, vigorous blood coursing through the veins and animating every fibre of the body, cold weather is not only endurable, but pleasant and agreeable. No other blood medicine is so certain in its results as Ayer's Sarsaparilla. What it does for others it will do for you.

Miss Etha Fitts has gone to Chilton county to take charge of her school again. Miss Etha has made many friends in Chilton county, and deserves much praise for the great success she has made in the worthy position which she occupies.—Blossom Courier.

Greene's Liver Tonic is an invaluable remedy for acute and chronic diseases of the liver, kidneys and bladder. Sold by W. H. Phillips.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a fieri facias issued from the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Bibb county, and state of Alabama, and to me directed, whereby I am commanded to make the amount of a certain judgment, recently obtained against F. Mulkey and John L. Mulkey, out of the goods, chattels, lands and tenements of the said F. Mulkey and John L. Mulkey, I have levied on the following property, to-wit: The east half of the west half (e 1/2 w 1/2) and the west half of the east half (w 1/2 e 1/2) of section 33, and east half of southwest quarter (e 1/2 s 1/2) section 32, all in township 24 north, range 12 east, and lying and being situated in Chilton county, Ala. Therefore, according to said command, I shall expose for sale at public auction, all the right title and interest of the above named F. Mulkey and John L. Mulkey in and to the above described property, on Monday, the 6th day of March, 1893, during the legal hour of sale, at the courthouse door in Clanton.

Dated at Clanton, this 30th day of January, 1893.

P. M. MOORE, Sheriff of Chilton County, Ala. S. D. Logan, Attorney for Plaintiff.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 17, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 4th, 1893, viz: Jacob Rollin, Homestead entry, No. 17394, for the w 1/2 of s 1/2 of section 6, township 30 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry Harrison, Dufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala. Jan 26 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale granted in a mortgage made to me on the 2d day of June, 1892, by J. B. Vincent and Melvin Vincent, his wife, to secure the payment of a twelve hundred and fifty dollars, I will, on the 15th day of October, 1892, default having been made in the payment of said note, I will proceed to sell in front of the courthouse in Chilton county, Ala., on

THE 15TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1893, for the satisfaction of the said note and interests and costs, the following described real estate lying in the county of Chilton and State of Alabama, to-wit: The n 1/2 of the w 1/2, the e 1/2 of the n 1/2 of section 27, township 20 north, range 12 east, 30 acres, and the e 1/2 of the s 1/2 of section 22, township 20 north, range 12 east, 30 acres, one hundred and sixty acres in all, to the highest and best bidder for cash at said sale. T. B. GAY, Mortgagee.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., January 2, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on February 11, 1893, viz: William F. White, Homestead entry, for the w 1/2 of s 1/2 of section 4, township 23 n, range 15 e. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Vandervelde, Joseph Vandervelde, James Wagner, and John Ellison, of Junction, Ala. Jan 2 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

W. H. Taylor BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

TODD'S GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistols, Pistol Cartridges,

FISHING TACKLE.

And SPORTSMAN'S GOODS Generally.

Finest Gun Repairing a Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

Birmingham Steam Dye Works,

OFFICE 301 S 20TH STREET. WORKS 17TH ST. & AVE. D Birmingham, Ala.

Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Straw Hats and Feathers cleaned and dyed. Silk Dresses a Specialty. Relining and Binding done. Goods sent to above address promptly attended to. Send for price list. [sep 2-5]

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China (Chests, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges); Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS.

FINE COMBINATION FOLDING BEDS. All kinds of Pitch, Rattan and Wicker Beds. Solid Oak Beds. French: Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

Hale, Dingley & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Orange, etc.; Elixir Claret and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Elixir de Millefeuille.

WELCH ACADEMY.

AT WELCH'S MILL, CHILTON CO., ALA.

Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situated on the E. T. VA. & GA. railroad, in a high and healthful locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50; High School \$3.50. For further information address,

R. E. R. HICKS, Principal, Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.

THE VIEW

Solicits Your Job Printing and Will Guarantee Satisfaction in Prices and Quality of Work Done.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Wall Paper, Artists' Materials

And Builders' Hardware.

—IS COMMERCE STREET— MONTGOMERY, ALA.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and sometime three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and any adjournment two weeks each time.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special terms second Monday in May and July.

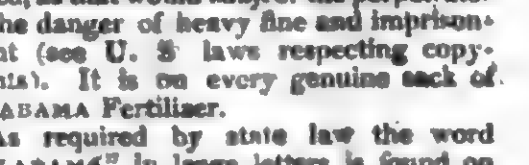
County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to reach Clanton, Alabama, and be published, should reach the office by Tuesday afternoon.

ALEX. G. DAKE

Justice of the Peace, CLANTON, ALA.

Collection of Claims a Specialty.



TO THE CONSUMER:

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyright). It is on every genuine sack of Alabama Fertilizer.

As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. Be sure that the above trade mark is on the sack and take none offered you as the ALABAMA FERTILIZER without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 14, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court at Clanton, Ala., on Feb. 25th, 1893, viz: Samuel R. McFarly, Homestead entry, No. 28,570, for the n 1/2 of e 1/2 of section 20, township 21 n, range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: L. B. Broadhead, Robert Broadhead, F. L. Hayes, J. P. Hayes, all of Stanton, Ala. Jan 10 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Altmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

W. B. NOLEN, Attorney at Law, AND COUNTY SOLICITOR. CLANTON, ALA.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. [Sep 25-92]

BUY THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME

In the geographical center of Alabama, The Louisville and Nashville, the E. P. V. & O., and the Montgomery, Tusculum and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Ochs river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill- ing. Population 10,000.

Chascon, the only port, is on the E. & N. E. R. R. 20 miles north of Birmingham and 20 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

THE POPULAR HOUSE OF ALABAMA
To Do Your Trading.

Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

SAMPLE ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY!

CARE-TAKERS

"I want to see your work. Nobody wants my embroidery or mother's knitted lace. Oh, dear! and to think that it's only a year since we came down from Vermont, fancying we could make a fortune in this big, cruel city. We were ladies then—the Miss Harpers, from Harper Hall—now we're only care-takers!"

"It's a great thing to get our rent for nothing," observed Mrs. Harper.

"*Mo surrender!*" he cried, aloud, in an odd mixture of Italian and bad English. "*Mo bag for quarter! Ah, gracious signora, do not murder me povere Italiano!*"

He fell abjectly on his knees before the glittering edge of the hatchet; he shook all over with terror.

Both shrunk back. At this moment Di's strong nature asserted itself. She

And Mr. Tourbillon discharged his high-toned housekeeper and on the spot engaged Mr. Harper in her stead.

"Of course," said he, "I expect your girls to stay with you. Miss Lizabeth can keep her typewriter in the old room over the stableman, and Diana queer name that—can play with her dolls in the third story back

—He had lately taken to horseback riding as a pastime?
Sergeant—Oh, yes; I saw him in at this morning.
Samlr—How does he appear in the saddle?
Sergeant—Couldn't say. When he passed the house he wasn't in the middle struggle to give me a chance to edge.—(Boston Courier.)

Writing to Odessa.
 "Clemenceau!" said a beligerent
 yankee in that far east, "you
 will fight me, and immediately!"
 "Can't do it, really, this morning,"
 replied Clemenceau, after consulting
 his memorandum. "I have three checks
 to hand before luncheon. Won't 2
 check in early enough for you?"
 St. Petersburg Chronicle-Telegram

Advertise
It will

Pay Now

THE BATTLESHIP INDIANA

The remainder of the structure is framed by continuous longitudinal struts, and the sides are joined by a single, which is joined together at the bow and stern form a very rigid structure. Transverse frames are spaced 4 and 8 feet apart in different portions of the length. A continuous water-tight, heavy bottom, 3 feet thick, runs the whole length of the vessel and is joined to the sides by a strong frame and up to the armor shell on each side. This bottom is divided into five transverse light portions on each side of the keel

Advertise Now It will Pay.

CLANTON VIEW.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 2, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy three months .50

Refute Times angry remarks:
"As a rule it is the politicians who are kicking. The people are satisfied."

One of the best things done by the Legislature was the passage of the law establishing a State Industrial School for girls. The law appropriates \$5,000 to be available January, 1893 and \$10,000 to be available January 1896.

The Legislature has passed a law to protect boarding house keepers from imposition. Under the law a fellow who beats a boarding house keeper out of his board bill is subject to a fine of \$500 or six months imprisonment.

Pride, sinful pride is found in every class of society. Even among the inmates of Five Points, N. Y., the most degraded society in the world, one family refused to associate with their neighbor because they had two chairs, and their neighbor but one.

It is to be hoped that Mrs. Davie will not accept the \$500 voted her by the Alabama Legislature. We want her to show, to that august body that she is not a pauper, and if she should be so unfortunate as ever to become one, her State is plenty able to take care of her.—Florence Gazette.

The present year is remarkable for the number of women who have been considered as candidates for the United States Senate. Following the cases of Mrs. Lease, of Kansas, and Mrs. Bartlett, of Wyoming, was that of Miss M. L. McCormick, of North Dakota, who, on one ballot, received thirty votes during the contest now raging between the legislature. Some people see only a humorous side in such political phenomena.—Huntsville Argus.

We are informed by Major T. J. Key, the editor of the Agriculturalist, published in this city, that there is a probability of a large number of industrious German immigrants locating in Alabama. A member of congress from Iowa has been corresponding with Major Key about the soils, price of lands, kind of crops etc., and the congressmen will visit Montgomery in March. Before that time Major Key wants to know where large tracts of land can be purchased, kind of timber, soil, water facilities, access to railroads, etc. Persons owning lands will aid in bringing a thrifty class of immigrants to the state by communicating at once with Major Key.—Advertiser.

Capital is often useless without labor, and labor is always helpless without capital. The two should work in harmony for the common good, and when doing so they form a combination that is invincible. This press is charged with representing capital, and because the Democratic party is charged with being controlled by the capitalists. However, we do not run a class publication and our patronage comes from laborers and capitalists alike. The Democratic party recognizes the important fact that labor and capital are each dependent upon the other and each have rights to be protected. Therefore it is not a party representing a class, but is made up of all classes and all vocations. It is the true party of the people. Mr. Cleveland's cabinet has been made up almost entirely of poor men.

The Cincinnati Gazette is crying out about the high price of potatoes, cabbage and other vegetables in that market and hints that "this condition offers an opportunity to the South." Its reasons are different from ours. The extreme south in this respect is three months in advance of Cincinnati. If you are vegetable hungry now, what will you say when the "extreme south" is called upon to help supply the World's Fair folks with potatoes, turnips, cabbage, etc. And will not the South wisely let up a little on cotton and try to pocket a few dollars from the necessities of the thousands who will do little more than eat during their visit to Chicago the next twelve or eighteen months. Plant potatoes, cabbages, turnips, cabbage, cucumbers, cantaloupes, and many other vegetables that will stand transportation. Be wise, and we'll see you make a little money outside your cotton crop.

WOMAN'S COLUMN.

MISS MINNIE HARRY GREE, EDITOR.

Dear readers, as the genial and popular editor of this paper, has kindly given us a column therein, we take pleasure in opening same, and trust it may prove to be a column of interest, benefit and pleasure. Many of you are personal friends and acquaintances of mine as Clanton is my native county, and you may be assured I shall use my best judgment in furnishing matter for this column. It will not all be written products of my own feeble pen. I use extracts from many exchanges, and as I shall keep up a column in two other papers, I find it both convenient and more entertaining to use a variety of matter.

Miss Belle Kearney, of Mississippi, Southern organizer of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, will deliver a lecture at the Cumberland Presbyterian church, Calera, Ala., on Monday night, March 18, 1893. In a letter to me from Mrs. Mattie L. Spencer, Birmingham, our state president of the W. C. T. U., she says: "Miss Kearney is a young lady of rare attainments, a consecrated Christian, and one whom I can cordially recommend to you in every particular. The Clanton people and all along the line should take advantage of this opportunity and come to Calera to hear this fair and talented orator of the South, and especially since she is working for the able cause of temperance, a subject that is near and dear to our hearts. At the National Convention at Denver last November, the Canton Picket says: 'In Faneuil Hall crowded to its utmost capacity, Miss Kearney in her clear, sweet voice and womanly manner spoke, and was loudly applauded. Among the delegates present was Lady Henry Somerset, president of the British Woman's Temperance Association. This daughter of an earl and mother of a prospective Duke with a pedigree 700 years long, was so captivated by Mississippi's young representative that she invited her to England and to her home, Eastnor Castle.' Come one, come all and give yourself a rare treat, at the same time extending to her the courtesy and greeting she deserves."

Your writer is a pure, true blue Democrat even if she is also a strong believer in the emancipation of women. We have been and still are very indignant (which fact mends matters of course) over Mr. Cleveland's selection of Judge Gresham for his Secretary of state, he may be an able 'nan, he has had experience enough to make him competent, but it is a humiliating concession on Cleveland's part to indicate by this selection that there is not in these United States enough suitable Democratic timber to fill his cabinet. I would shake hands with Mr. Cleveland, however, for his choice of Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, into his official family. Human nature, patriotism, love of our native soil, and all that, besides all this he is a staunch Democrat.

[The matter for this column was received so late that it could not be inserted this week.]

Familiar Quotations.

From Tuscaloosa Gazette.
Age-Herald: Great is Birmingham. A \$7,000 cotton factory.
Evening News: We got the board of trade.
Atlanta Constitution: Hill is the man. (before the convention)
Cleveland the greatest man in America. (after the convention.)
Tuscaloosa Times: The hen is on.
Memphis Commercial: You are a liar.
Chattanooga Times: We are the people.
Montgomery Advertiser: Nasty Birmingham.
Nashville American: Butler is in h—l.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company.

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. R. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Cliby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

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WOMAN'S COLUMN.

MISS MINNIE HARRY GREE, EDITOR.

Dear readers, as the genial and popular editor of this paper, has kindly given us a column therein, we take pleasure in opening same, and trust it may prove to be a column of interest, benefit and pleasure. Many of you are personal friends and acquaintances of mine as Clanton is my native county, and you may be assured I shall use my best judgment in furnishing matter for this column. It will not all be written products of my own feeble pen. I use extracts from many exchanges, and as I shall keep up a column in two other papers, I find it both convenient and more entertaining to use a variety of matter.

Miss Belle Kearney, of Mississippi, Southern organizer of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, will deliver a lecture at the Cumberland Presbyterian church, Calera, Ala., on Monday night, March 18, 1893. In a letter to me from Mrs. Mattie L. Spencer, Birmingham, our state president of the W. C. T. U., she says: "Miss Kearney is a young lady of rare attainments, a consecrated Christian, and one whom I can cordially recommend to you in every particular. The Clanton people and all along the line should take advantage of this opportunity and come to Calera to hear this fair and talented orator of the South, and especially since she is working for the able cause of temperance, a subject that is near and dear to our hearts. At the National Convention at Denver last November, the Canton Picket says: 'In Faneuil Hall crowded to its utmost capacity, Miss Kearney in her clear, sweet voice and womanly manner spoke, and was loudly applauded. Among the delegates present was Lady Henry Somerset, president of the British Woman's Temperance Association. This daughter of an earl and mother of a prospective Duke with a pedigree 700 years long, was so captivated by Mississippi's young representative that she invited her to England and to her home, Eastnor Castle.' Come one, come all and give yourself a rare treat, at the same time extending to her the courtesy and greeting she deserves."

Your writer is a pure, true blue Democrat even if she is also a strong believer in the emancipation of women. We have been and still are very indignant (which fact mends matters of course) over Mr. Cleveland's selection of Judge Gresham for his Secretary of state, he may be an able 'nan, he has had experience enough to make him competent, but it is a humiliating concession on Cleveland's part to indicate by this selection that there is not in these United States enough suitable Democratic timber to fill his cabinet. I would shake hands with Mr. Cleveland, however, for his choice of Mr. Herbert, of Alabama, into his official family. Human nature, patriotism, love of our native soil, and all that, besides all this he is a staunch Democrat.

[The matter for this column was received so late that it could not be inserted this week.]

Familiar Quotations.

From Tuscaloosa Gazette.
Age-Herald: Great is Birmingham. A \$7,000 cotton factory.
Evening News: We got the board of trade.
Atlanta Constitution: Hill is the man. (before the convention)
Cleveland the greatest man in America. (after the convention.)
Tuscaloosa Times: The hen is on.
Memphis Commercial: You are a liar.
Chattanooga Times: We are the people.
Montgomery Advertiser: Nasty Birmingham.
Nashville American: Butler is in h—l.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company.

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. R. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Cliby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, Agt., Clanton.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

—DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks

Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROYAL FORD QUINN TRAIN WATCHES, the best for railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches, other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schenck, Dresden, and the watches he had made specially for order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers. The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Cane, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Repairs Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH.

(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue, —MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

DO YOU NEED

A SUIT OF CLOTHES?

Whether it be a Prince Albert, Cut-away, Frock or Sack Suit, we invite you to call and look at our Stock.

It comprises the newest in style and the most artistic in make and finish all at

VERY LOW PRICES.

We are trying to build up the largest CLOTHING BUSINESS in the South and would ask you not to buy any Clothes for MEN or BOYS until you see our immense stock.

We Guarantee You A

Positive Saving of Money

IF OTHERS DO WELL

WE DO BETTER

IF OTHERS DO BETTER

WE DO BEST

It matters not what others say or propose to do, none can approach our Low Prices.

Strangers are advised that we refund money on any Article bought of us and not found Satisfactory or Cheaper than elsewhere.

ALEX. RICE.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY

Stop at the

Metropolitan Hotel.

New Hotel,

Newly Furnished

Throughout

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS

The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry

J. A. NEWCOMB, Mangr.

TRY OUR CLUB RATES.

BIRMINGHAM

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

School of Shorthand and Typewriting.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educated for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in securing employment. Send for circular. Address

AMOS WARD, President

CHILTON

CLANTON, ALA.

For Sc

"After suffering years from neuralgia, trying without benefit, without benefit, without benefit, and the result, five stores me to health."

Cataract

"My daughter a year with cataract, unable to see, and after trying many remedies, she was cured by Ayer's Pills. Her vision is now perfect, and she is able to see as well as I."

Rheumatism

"For several years I have suffered with rheumatism, and after trying many remedies, I was cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It is a great medicine for all blood diseases."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Cures other

CHILTON'S

No. 1 Express

No. 2 Express

No. 3 Express

No. 4 Express

No. 5 Express

No. 6 Express

No. 7 Express

No. 8 Express

No. 9 Express

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RUTH,
Watches, Clocks,
Jewelry, &c.
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NEED CLOTHES?
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WE DO BETTER
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PRICE.
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New Hotel,
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EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS
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AM, ALA.
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high and complete business
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the only one in the State
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home of fine Penmanship
...
young men and women
...
life. Students assisted
...
in circular. Address,
...
WARD, President

CHILTON VIEW.
CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 2, 1893
For Scrofula
...
Catarrah
...
Rheumatism
...
For all blood diseases, the best remedy is
AYER'S Sarsaparilla
...
Cures others, will cure you
...
LOCAL BREVITIES.
Greene's Liver Tonic cures sick and nervous headache.
Dr. A. J. Marlar was in town last week.
Mr. Ned Duke has been on a visit to Clanton.
Dr. J. S. Johnson lost a horse last Monday night.
There was a dance at Mr. Bill McDonald's last Friday night.
Rev. B. E. Feagin preached at the Methodist Church last Sunday.
Mrs. O. A. Duke has returned home from a visit to Baltimore, Ga.
Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Barrett, of Montgomery, visited Clanton last week.
Horseback riding is quite the fad among the young ladies of Clanton.
A nice lot of notions just received.
W. L. SAMPEY.
Mrs. J. A. Dudley has been quite sick, but we are glad to learn that she is improving.
Mr. C. B. Bruce has been suffering severely for a week or more from an accidental fall.
Services were held at the Baptist Church Sunday by Rev. A. A. Hall, of Howard College.
Miss Hattie Bell Aldridge, of this place, is in Wadsworth, where she has a flourishing music class.
Messrs. Jack and Leonard Gullahorn are making preparations to go into the saw mill business near Verbena.
Messrs. Henry Wingate and Joel Gullledge, of Verbena, were in Clanton this week on important business.
Mrs. Lizette Thomas, of Tuscaloosa, has been visiting Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's family here for the past month.
All who attended the party last Thursday night at Mr. J. E. Evans, given in honor of Miss Mary Duke and Willie Phillips, had a pleasant time.
Margaret Black, negro woman, was brought from near Welch's mill to Clanton Monday evening and lodged in the county jail. She was carried to the Tuscaloosa Insane Hospital Tuesday morning by Mr. Glaucus Moore.
Mr. H. C. Martin, our clever depot agent, will move his family to Wetumpka, where he takes the position of agent of the L. & N. Mr. W. W. Duncan, who is stationed at Verbena, as depot agent, will take Mr. Martin's place here.
Greene's Liver Tonic cures constipation, heartburn, chronic diarrhea, dysentery and colic.
If you want some goods at half price, call for some of those I bought from Mr. W. H. Merritt when he was closing out his stock. They will save you money.
W. L. SAMPEY.

Blank warranty deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.
Mr. B. F. Atkinson has moved from Birmingham back to his former home at Kingham.
To retain an abundant head of hair of a natural color to a great age, the hygiene of the scalp must be observed. Apply Hall's Hair Restorer.
During the two months of January and February our office business increased one-third over the two corresponding months of 1892, we are, therefore, better prepared than ever to take work at low prices.
People with delicate stomachs find Ayer's Sarsaparilla agreeable to the taste, and, therefore, prefer it as a blood-purifier to any other. This is one reason for its great popularity as a spring and family medicine. Safe, certain and palatable.
Now that Alabama is to have an industrial school for girls we want to see it established in Clanton. Our location is central, healthful and accessible, and the institution would cause the town to grow, and the growth would enable us soon to have a high grade academy for boys and young men.
The Democrats in Chilton may be few in number, but they are stout-hearted and patriotic. For the encouragement they have given us they have our thanks. One of them mentioned the other day in a kindly manner, that the town of Clanton now has more than double the amount of taxable property that it had when the View was started, and he did not think the paper could ever be over paid for its work.
The Merchant.
To buy to sell is his aim and end. He sells out cheaply and buys again. To sell the best and cheapest, he always tries. But to do this he surely must advertise. Then for the paper to put it in, that reaches the people who have the tin.
For the best results they all do say, In a loud swelling chorus every day: Use the View, the View, the weekly View.
The CHILTON VIEW or the Clanton View.
The View has never truckled for official patronage, and during its existence has been very independent of patronage from that source and any officer will confirm this statement. If we loose it and do not make it up in other business, it is our loss, and we shall not whine on account of it, recognizing the fact that many others before us have found it necessary to work hard on poor pay. We will continue to accept only what comes from an official source, and will never be under any official thumb. That is the only solid basis for a newspaper, and don't you forget it.
Greene's Liver Tonic is an invaluable remedy for acute and chronic diseases of the liver, kidneys and bladder. Sold by W. H. Phillips.
In our gardening last year we had a like experience as the editor of the Greensboro (Watchman) in the following:
We learned by experience in gardening last year that tomato plants will bear until killed by frost if they are allowed to lay on the ground. As an experiment we placed a frame around a portion of the plants, and allowed the balance to follow their own inclinations. Those framed died in August, but the others bore on until frost. The reason is very plain: When the vines are allowed to remain upon the ground every limb takes root, and thus aids the main body of the plant in keeping the bush fresh and vigorous. Try it.
The Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis has made another move on the chess board which looks to a completion of the line. In a special from Tuscaloosa the following appears:
President J. W. Woolfolk, of the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis Railway Company purchased of the Tuscaloosa Coal, Iron and Land Company the charter and all franchises of the Tuscaloosa Northern Railway the Tuscaloosa Belt Railway and a valuable body of coal and suburban lands fifteen acres of the latter being river frontage. By the terms of the deal the Northern which has been graded six miles is to be completed thus connecting the Warrior coal fields with deep water on the Warrior River. Mines are to be opened along the line of the road and coal will be transported to Mobile and New Orleans by barges. This will greatly lessen the cost of coal along the entire seaboard and make this point the cheapest coal market in the South.
COUNTY NEWS.
Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.
Lily Dots.
Mrs. T. W. Wright and Mrs. DeLano visited friends near Clanton last week.
Mr. Lige Deason, who has been teaching at Wayville, entered Prof. G. L. Speer's school at Isabella recently. Lige is a nice young gentleman, we are proud to have him among us.
Miss Loris Smithman is visiting relatives near this place.
Miss Geneva Jones left for Jonesboro last Sunday, where she will take charge of a class.
Mr. T. W. Wright is making considerable improvement on his dwelling by adding two rooms. Messrs. R. L. Woolley and J. S. Wright having the contract.
Mrs. Bates, of Coosa county, has been spending some time with her daughter, Mrs. Cudley, who has been quite sick.
The View is a welcome visitor here, but to our regret it does not reach us until Mondays, when we should get it on Fridays. We are hoping that the mail will soon be arranged so we can get fresh news.
Verbena Views.
Mrs. M. D. Logan has returned from a pleasant visit to Talladega Springs.
Mr. Will Gullledge has gone to Montgomery to attend school.
Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Beal, of the Capital City, have been the guests of friends here.
Messrs. Frank Merriweather and Joe Williamson, of Montgomery, have been visiting here.
Major G. W. Ball, of Birmingham, visited our city recently on business.
Mr. Tom Gullahorn will move to Verbena soon. We welcome his family here with pleasure.
Mr. Warren Reese, Jr., of Montgomery, has been visiting one of the fair ones of our city. Look out boys some of you will get left.
Capt. C. L. Brown, of Chapman, has been visiting relatives at the Clifton House.
Died, in Autauga, on the night of the 22nd inst., Mrs. Carrie House. She was a sister of Mrs. G. A. Northington, of Verbena.
Mr. and Mrs. Fox Maul and their charming daughter, of Elmore, have been the guests of relatives here.
Prof. Ward, of South Alabama, has been visiting his best girl in Verbena.
Hurrah for Cleveland and our beautiful Southland. He has appointed three of our greatest and best men to cabinet positions.
The "devil" made a mistake in saying there were seven negroes that had died with measles here in the last issue of your paper.
Chilton County Teachers Institute.
The Chilton county teacher's institute convened at Collins's Chapel, Friday February 17, 1893. The Institute was called to order by Supt. J. W. Moore. Mr. F. G. Godey led in prayer for the divine blessings on the Institute and upon the labors of the teachers and progress of education.
Supt. Moore spoke to the teachers in regard to their duty in co-operating with his efforts in order to make the work interesting and profitable. There were twenty-one teachers present. Owing to the flooding rains a number of teachers could not attend. J. Alex. Moore elected secretary for the ensuing year.
"Unwise punishments" discussion opened by Mr. W. L. Proett. Remarks made by Messrs. Godey and Robinson.
"Language Work in our Country Schools" discussed by Messrs. Robinson, Godey, Proett and D. Moore. "Ideal Teacher" paper by Miss Lulu Eddings. This paper was carefully prepared and contained valuable suggestions to teachers on individual improvement.
"Local Taxation," discussed by teachers and patrons after which the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:
Resolved, by the teachers of Chilton county and the patrons of Collins's Chapel that it is the opinion of the teachers and patrons assembled this 17th day of February that local taxation is the more desirable way of perpetuating or improving our public school system.
"Relation of Parent, Teacher and Pupil," union of parents and teacher and needed reforms in the public school system were urged in this valuable production by Mr. F. G. Godey. Mr. Jennings discussed the paper and claimed that the "moral worth" of a teacher should be carefully considered.
SATURDAY.
Institute called to order by Supt. J. W. Moore. Devotional exercises conducted by Mr. S. J. Jennings. Supt. Moore announced the following committees: Executive, R. E. B. Hicks, G. L. Speer and J. Alex. Moore. Resolutions, F. G. Godey, D. Moore and S. J. Jennings. "How much work should be required of a student in a given time," discussed by Messrs. Davis, Harwood and Jennings. By a unanimous vote of the teachers the next institute will be held at Isabella.

County News.
Under the caption of "The Advantages of Competition," the last issue of the "People's Party Banner," after alleging that in consequence of competition on the part of the Banner, the late report of the county Treasurer was published by the View for \$5.00, proceeds to make the following statement:
"Now let us compare former charges by the View for publishing the county Treasurer's Report and figures speak for themselves. The View charged the county (according to minutes of the court house) for publishing the Report for the half year ending June, 1891, (when the View had no competition) \$55.00, thus the Banner saves the county \$50.00."
Without impugning the sincerity of the belief of the editor of the Banner, that he has in this instance saved the county Treasury \$50.00, I feel, as a member of the Board of Revenue then in charge of the county's finances, that justice and truth alike to the living and DEAD, requires that the facts in the case be stated to-wit: That in the View's bill to which reference has been made of \$55.00 there were six other items for printing and advertising including the tax collector's appointments. This bill was closely scrutinized by the Board, and only legal rates allowed, and the fact will be further vouched for by every member of the Board now living, that the View's accounts were always fully examined.
While congratulating the Banner on its financial feat in this instance, the remark may be indulged that it is a reasonable presumption that human nature is the same whether in the Banner or the View, and if the former had been published in the county in 1891, "without competition" (or for that matter in 1893) it would probably have charged the county for its services ALL THE LAW ALLOWED for such work, and felt that it was only receiving reasonable compensation for honest services rendered. If all of us would only exercise a little more of that "charity that thinketh no evil" we would have a better world.
H. W. CAPPEY.
The facts are as stated in the foregoing. The bill for publishing the report, for stationery and other advertising, and about as described in the minutes of the Board. For any omission of such description of the account the paper is not responsible, and it was probably but an oversight. Copy of the bill can be seen, and given space to this in justice to the Board.—VIEW.
Mrs. M. A. E. Green is visiting relatives in Talladega, being called there by sickness.
Rev. J. F. Smith conducted services at the Episcopal Church Tuesday night.
Mr. Devon Middleton, of Hayneville, is visiting Clanton.
Final Settlement.
State of Alabama, Chilton County.
In the matter of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased.
Notice is hereby given that Mrs. A. E. Robinson, administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased, has filed in this office her statement, accounts and vouchers, verified by affidavit, and asks that a day be appointed for examining and passing upon the same, that she may make final settlement of her administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered by the court that Wednesday, the 28th day of March, 1893, be and the same is hereby appointed for the day of said final settlement.
This February 27th, 1893.
R. M. HONEYCUTT, Judge of Probate.
Executor's Notice.
State of Alabama, Chilton County.
Probate Court—Estate of L. J. Hand, Deceased.
To whom it may concern:
Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been this day duly appointed executors of the estate of L. J. Hand, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate will make payment to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said estate will present the same within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred.
This 31st day of January, 1893.
W. T. HAND, J. D. HAND, D. M. HAND.
FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 8, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 24th, 1893, viz: Miles V. Lawley, Homestead entry No. 20827, for the 1/4 of w. 1/4 of section 8, township 21 n of range 11 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Cochran, L. C. Burnett, W. T. Vaughn, Burt Cooper, all of Oklahoma, Ala.
Feb 10 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.
FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Jan. 17, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on March 24th, 1893, viz: Jacob Bollen, Homestead entry No. 12394, for the 1/4 of w. 1/4 of section 30, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard A. Bollen, Henry Harrison, Datto Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dale, Ala.
Feb 10 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

Hale, Dingley & Co.
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Orange, &c.; Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Tonic Cure for Horses; Repet de Millechur.
Poindexter & Ellis,
DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reel Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$40. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.
POINDEXTER & ELLIS.
Birmingham Steam Dye Works,
OFFICE 301 N 20th STREET WORKS 17th ST. & AVE. D
Birmingham, Ala.
Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Straw Hats and Feathers cleaned and dyed. Silk Dresses a Specialty. Refining and Binding done. Goods sent to above address promptly attended to. Send for price list.
YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.
Refers to the Editor of this Paper.
THE VIEW
Solicits Your Job Printing. Good Work.
TODD'S GUN STORE.
DEALERS IN—
Guns, Pistol, Pistols, Fishing Tackle.
CARTRIDGES.
AND BASE BALL GOODS.
Fine Gun Repairing a Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.
Welch Academy.
AT WELCH'S MILL, CHILTON CO., ALA.
Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situated on the E. T. V. & G. A. railroad, in a high and healthful locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50; High School \$3.50. For further information address, R. E. R. HICKS, Principal, Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.
Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Paints, Oils, Glass, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Wall Paper, Artists' Materials and Builders' Hardware.
—IS COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

ESTABLISHED 1880
ALABAMA
TRADE MARK
TO THE CONSUMER.
This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. Laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.
As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.
The Alabama Fertilizer Co. MONTGOMERY, ALA.
A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.
UNIVERSITY OF ALA.
Next Session Begins October 5th, 1892.
The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law, is free to Alabama students. Entire college charges of a student \$162.50. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the College Hall and are not subject to military discipline.
The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school, can obtain a charter giving full information by addressing the President of the University, for catalogue, address, RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.
THE BEST WAY
To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Almore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.
W. B. NOLEN,
Attorney at Law, AND COUNTY SOLICITOR. CLANTON, ALA.
When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue
H. P. TRESSLAR'S
PHOTO STUDIO. Montgomery
Correspondence solicited. Tel 25-92.
BUY THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME
The best is the cheapest. Sew 25 cents in 20 Union Sq., N. Y. for our price guide, "Sew Luck," and see a New Home Sewing Machine. The New Home Sewing Machine Co. CHICAGO, ILL.
FOR SALE BY

CAHLEN BROTHERS & CO.

Corner 1st Avenue and 21st Street, BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

THE POPULAR HOUSE OF ALABAMA

To Do Your Trading.

NEW STORE!

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at

KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE,

Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We Make Suits and

Shirts to Order.

Also the largest house in size and carrying the largest stock, which is convenient to all. We cordially invite the people of Chilton county to visit our store and inspect our grand offerings for the winter season in all kinds of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Shoes, Millinery, Carpets, Window Shades, Gent's Furnishing Goods and Men's and Boys' Hats.

We are offering our entire stock of elegant Men's and Boys' Clothing at cost, to close the stock out. Be sure and pay Cahlen's a visit.

SAMPLE ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY!

NEW PRICES!

Powder is in-
-ss in cookery
-and conve-
-housekeeping.

sh Air and Exercise.

Cott's Emulsion

and Liver Oil builds up flesh
-strength quicker than any
-preparation known to sci-

German Syrup

pechee's German Syrup is more
-successful in the treatment of
-Consumption than any other remedy
-described. It has been tried under
-every variety of climate. In the
-land, in the fickle Middle States,
-the hot, moist South—every-
-where. It has been in demand by
-every nationality. It has been em-
-ployed in every stage of Consump-
-tion and its only true and
-able Consumption Remedy.

Woman Has

the desire to enjoy the pleasures of life, and is
-often tempted to the use of stimulants and
-drugs. But the only safe and reliable
-remedy for the cure of these ailments is
-the use of the German Syrup. It is a
-purely vegetable preparation, and is
-entirely free from any harmful
-effects. It is the only true and
-able Consumption Remedy.

THOMSON'S

SLOTTED
-LINCH RIVETS.

These rivets are made of the best
-quality of steel, and are
-slotted to fit the hole
-perfectly. They are
-used in the construction
-of bridges, buildings,
-and other structures.
-They are the only true
-and able Consumption
-Remedy.

SHILOH'S CURE.

Shiloh's Cure is a
-purely vegetable
-preparation, and is
-entirely free from
-any harmful effects.
-It is the only true
-and able Consumption
-Remedy.

PATENTS

W. T. Fitzgerald,
-Patent Attorney,
-Canton, Ala.

THE GREAT BUFFALO BERRY.

This is the only
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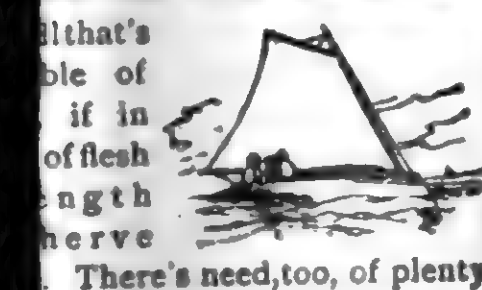
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W. H. LAWRENCE, Editor and Proprietor.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.



There's need, too, of plenty
-of food.

Cott's Emulsion
-and Liver Oil builds up flesh
-strength quicker than any
-preparation known to sci-

Cott's Emulsion is constantly ef-
-fecting Cures of Consumption,
-Pneumonia, and kindred diseases
-by other methods fail.

German Syrup
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Live as You Ought to Live.

Live as you ought to live: not in derision,
-scorning your fellows and slighting your
-kind;

Live as you ought to live: helping your
-brother

Live as you ought to live: this your endeavor,
-To live like a Christian; not worshipping
-poit.

Live as you ought to live: remembering ever
-That he is the hero who conquers himself.

Live as you ought to live: remembering ever
-That he is the hero who conquers himself.

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Uncle Sam's Naval Bunting.

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The Earliest Celebrations of Wash-
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ON VIEW.

EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 2, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy three months .25

Columbianna is thinking of holding an election to select a postmaster.

About every town in Alabama small or great, is bidding for the industrial school for girls.

Shelby county is to have an election on the location of a county seat. Columbiana and Calera will be the competitors.

There are ten federal appointments for Alabama, and there are 250 applicants for them—25 for each office. The only conclusion we can come to in reference to the matter is that somebody is going to get left—Ex.

The View is in receipt of the Garden Tribune, successor to the Leader of the same city. It is in the hands of Messrs M. B. Sibley and S. B. Dean, two scholarly gentlemen who will make it a success as a Democratic weekly.

The editor of the Enterprise (Miss.) Times is endeavoring to console himself after this manner: "Blasted bondholders may be able to eat bacon but poor people will have to be contented with turkey and chickens which are far cheaper."

In view of what is almost a sensation in politics—the reported selection of Judge Walter Q. Gresham to be secretary of state—it is pertinent to recall the fact that the late Samuel J. Tilden once remarked: "Mr. Cleveland is the boldest politician I have ever known."—Buffalo Courier.

At the recent session of the Alabama Legislature a bill was passed authorizing any board of revenue or court of county commissioners to pay out of the county treasury a sum not to exceed \$40 per annum to any Confederate soldier or sailor who is incapacitated on account of blindness or by reason of the loss of an arm or leg from earning a livelihood.

Cholera, it is feared, will prevail in this country this year. It is not known how much foundation there is for the belief that we will have it in America this summer, but there is great fear of it, and preparation is already being made to avert its ravages and to control its spread should appear. There is no need to be alarmed at the fact that a cholera conference at the end of this month at Dresden, to which the Australian Government has invited all the European powers.

had are told that ghoulish parties who have no regard even for the memory of the dead much less the afflictions of the living, are making strenuous efforts to show satisfaction on the part of this show the past. Their enviousness is about reason, but of course they are to be aided and abetted by the that have sought to ruin our names since it was first established.

Such work ever rebounds, the good they will do us will be greater than the harm. "The is full of jealous souls," as they have shown us no pity, yet charity for their weakness dictates that we may no more.

Age-Herald tells us why the trial Assembly failed to pass the bill, but it is well known that the bill was defeated by the vote of the State election.

When Captain Kolb and his band of desperadoes were taken over to Mr. Harrison and conspired with Chris Magee, public sentiment revolted. From that moment all possibility of a secret law vanished. The organized Democracy would not hear of aiding a lack of ground, and the influence of Governor Jones could not have been available to a secret law from the Legislature.

It may have been the control of the bill, but it is well known that the bill was defeated by the vote of the State election.

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There are many people who say the Memphis Commercial, who can never forgive the late seceding States for having come back into the Union. Such newspapers as the New York Morning Advertiser and the New York Free Press never miss an opportunity to show their dissatisfaction with the result of the war between the States. It is true that these newspapers always inveigh very severely against the secessionists, but it is easy to see that they are at heart unreconstructed rebels, and that they will never be happy so long as the South remains in the Union. Of course so long as the South remains in the Union it must have the privileges of the responsibility and the burdens of American citizenship. It must take a hand in running the government and have a voice in its affairs. That goes as a matter of course. We therefore conclude when we find these newspapers objecting to the South having any share in the management of the country they are taxed to support that they are not satisfied with the results of the war and are sorry that the secession movement was a failure. For instance, a great fuss is made whenever a Southern man objects to extravagant pensions. The South has been very patient in this question. It has gone along unmurmuringly bearing the sole burden of our pension system, for the South is the only section that pays out pension money and gets none of it back. Other sections pay their share but it returns to them again. The South is drained year after year and gets no return. The pension rolls now call for \$160,000,000 per annum and the end is not in sight. The South, drained and impoverished, looking patience as the blood-sucking greed of the pension beggar grows by what it feeds upon, remembers that it is in the Union and that it has a right to say something with respect to the taxes it has to pay. That right belongs to it under the constitution, even with the 14th and 15th amendments. It is one of the penalties the "truly loil" must pay for not permitting the seceding States to go in peace. If those who "saved the Union" are not satisfied with the result of their work we are sorry, but the South has concluded to stay in the Union and make the best of it.

A certain gentleman came down the East Tennessee yesterday. He said some how or other the rumor had gotten out that Congressmen Robbins would pass up on the 9 o'clock train for Washington yesterday morning. When the train passed Anniston there were about seventeen of the candidates for the Anniston post office waiting to get to whisper a parting word in his ear. The gentleman who informed the Times said there would have been more of them if they had heard Mr. Robbins was coming that morning. Some wag slipped around and told the various candidates that he would pass at that time, binding each one to secrecy. They were the maddest set of fellows on record when they found out they had been fooled. —Selma Times.

What Can Be Done.

Guntersville Democrat.

Andrew M. Reed finds to his satisfaction that it is cheaper to raise his own meat and lard than to buy the same. In an argument with some friends he took this position last year and has made quite a test of it this winter. He put up three pigs in July, fattened them on corn for which he paid out \$18.50. Sold one of the hogs when killed for \$13.50, making the other two, weighing 490 pounds, cost him only \$5.00 or only one cent a pound. His friend of last year is now paying sixteen cents for meat. Mr. Reed has also enough lard to do him.

The Oneonta Dispatch is evidently in advance on the woman question, as the following bright bit shows:

Do you face the future with awe? Would you expect to hear the crack of doom if women should enter public life? Would they make us pay for the best sort of government, furnish us with the poorest this side of a popular uprising, and then divvy the surplus? Would they keep the ten commandments and everything else within reach?

To make the hair grow a natural cut, or, prevent baldness, and keep the hair soft, also all cases of baldness, use the hair which find this have closed their closed up.

ments, taking the women from the streets, and keep the hair soft, also all cases of baldness, use the hair which find this have closed their closed up.

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The most remarkable and noteworthy family that Alabama ever produced was the Knight family that lived three miles from St. Stephens, said George R. McKee, of Mobile, to a Globe-Democrat man.

John Knight was the father of twenty-eight children. He was a fine specimen of physical manhood. He stood 6 feet 7 inches in his stocking feet, and his voice was like that of a lion's roar. His wife, the mother of those twenty-eight children was less than five feet in height and weighed about 100 pounds. Standing side by side, her head scarcely reached his vest pocket. They were both industrious, and when their children got old enough to talk they were put to work. There was no loafing or idleness tolerated on the Knight plantation. Every one had to rise with the dawn of day. There were eighteen boys and ten girls. The males inherited their father's physical prowess, the females their mother's diminutive size. The boys had short and simple given names, such as Tom, Lon, John and the like. The girls were loaded down with names, which might, perhaps, had something to do with their growth. For instance, the eldest girl was named Mary Ann Jane Sarah Elizabeth Tebona Smith Knight. They called her "Tea," for short. Sam was the oldest son. He was a holy terror. He would steal from his neighbors like a cun would rob a barn patch. He was finally jailed. In prison at Butler one night the rats attacked him and he died from the effects of their bites. Later on Tom became a robber, and now everyone of the eighteen boys is either in the penitentiary or is wanted there. Six years ago Mrs. Knight died. Four months later old man Knight married a widow by the name of Givens. She was possessed of sixteen children. Six were boys, ten were girls. The boys joined the church all at the same time, shortly after their mother's second marriage. A year later the Misses Givens had husbands. The Misses Knight still remain single. A tree fell on Mrs. Knight last summer and killed her. Her husband was kicked to death by a mule just before Christmas.

Vice-President.

Mr. Stevenson will be the first Democratic Vice-President elected in thirty six years who will precede a Senate controlled by his own party. John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, was the last Democrat who had that pleasure, and the name of Mr. Breckinridge belongs exclusively to a period that now possesses remote historical interest.

Politics for Two.

A Wyoming man was asked: "Do married women vote with their husbands?" He answered: "Usually, but on the same principle that men closely associated vote alike." Politics is table talk but it has not been known to wreck a family. The husband of a woman who was a member of the Democratic State Convention is a Republican to the backbone, but they live happily and are prosperous.

AN ACT

To prevent children attending two different public schools the same scholastic year.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the general assembly of Alabama, That no child who has attended one public school shall be permitted to attend another the same scholastic year, unless by the consent of a majority of the trustees of the township in which the school is situated; provided, the child has attended the number of days to which it is entitled.

Approved February 21, 1893.

Official: J. D. BARNON, Secretary of State.

AN ACT

To authorize the commissioners' courts and county boards of revenue to aid indigent Confederate soldiers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That the commissioners' courts and county boards of revenue are hereby authorized, in their discretion, to appropriate out of county funds the sum of not exceeding forty dollars per annum; payable quarterly, in aid of any indigent Confederate soldier or sailor who is totally disabled from physical labor by reason of blindness, loss of leg or arm.

Approved February 21st, 1893.

Official: J. D. BARNON, Secretary of State.

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AN ACT

To authorize the commissioners' courts and county boards of revenue to aid indigent Confederate soldiers.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Alabama, That the commissioners' courts and county boards of revenue are hereby authorized, in their discretion, to appropriate out of county funds the sum of not exceeding forty dollars per annum; payable quarterly, in aid of any indigent Confederate soldier or sailor who is totally disabled from physical labor by reason of blindness, loss of leg or arm.

Approved February 21st, 1893.

Official: J. D. BARNON, Secretary of State.

AN ACT

To prevent children attending two different public schools the same scholastic year.

See, Mother's brain weighed six pounds, four ounces more than Daniel Webster's. What of it? Galt's brain weighed four more ounces than Lord Byron's. It has been decided, I believe, that quality, not quantity, determines mental ability. I see no more reason why the heavier brain should be mentally the greatest than the fatter man should be the most eminent. In fact, to call a man "heavy" is to brand him with dullness, which is the unpardonable crime, according to society. Neither Emerson nor Byron had the weighty brains of Webster, yet note the difference, in the influence of these men. Webster is but a name. Ambition killed his conscience, and finally killed his fame. In hope of being president, he knelt before slavery. Grown away from Webster, the Republic has never believed in Butler. The light weight brain of Emerson, clear-sighted and luminous, gains constantly in grace, and shows the absurdity of old fashioned theories concerning the necessary make-up of intellect. When women come into the kingdom long waiting for them, the prejudices of centuries will receive their death blow. Should it be finally decided that mind depends upon convulsion of brain and fineness of gray matter, what will become of Webster and Butler in the presence of dainty feminine heads? It will be the contest of Corbett and Sullivan over again. The quick-witted brain that can parry and "dance around" a subject will triumph, as the splendid sparring of California has snatched the belt from the dull and heavy muscle of Massachusetts.—Kate Field's Washington.

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A few days ago we heard some one say, "Why do so many young men flock to the city?" "I will tell you," said a gentleman who recently brought his family here from one of the rural districts. "The boys are not being taught how to farm with profit. They have come to believe, and the celebrity hunters have confirmed that belief, that farming is an oppressive and profitless calling. They hear the merchants, lawyers and railroad officers denounce as plutocrats, and they immediately want to get to town, acquire a professional or mechanical education and grow up to be plutocrats themselves. If we could make our country boys feel the dignity of agriculture, teach them intensive farming and to be content with small beginnings and strict business management I am sure they would soon see the folly of their ambitions to keep corner groceries and hang around justices' courts. Nothing is more needed in Alabama to-day, than a wide spread enthusiasm among the young men for the comforts and peace of a practical farmer's life."—Dexter News.

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CHILTON VIEW.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 16, 1906.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy three months .25

Saturday is Oliver Cleveland's fifty-sixth birthday.

The 17th St. Patrick's day which is celebrated by the Irishmen.

Some people are trying to create the impression that the new election law disfranchises all men who cannot read and write. This is not true. It provides carefully the means by which such can vote.

Dr. E. B. Teague, a well known Baptist divine of Columbiana, has consented to preach the commencement sermon at the University of Alabama. Dr. Teague is a graduate of the class of '40.—Tuscaloosa Gazette.

The impression has gotten abroad from telegrams sent out from Washington that Gov. Jones attended the inauguration. This is a mistake. He has been in the office every day attending to pressing duties.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Col. Oates, the one-armed hero of the third Alabama district, won a noble victory during the last hours of the 52nd congress, in securing the passage of the bill giving Alabama an additional district attorney and marshal over the president's veto.

The grand jury has found a true bill against Judge F. C. Randolph, of Montgomery, for murder and his trial will come off next Thursday. On the 8th of last November Judge Randolph shot and killed Mr. Wm. Metcalf. It happened on election night, and the details of the tragedy are well known.

Harrison retires from office with the consciousness that his administration was utterly bad and stamped with the disapproval of the whole country. That he leaves it in such financial straits as the Federal Government has not known since the war due to recklessness and extravagance is enough to make the people rejoice that he is gone. In addition to other evils, he would if he could have fastened on the South the infamy of the Force bill.—Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

It is thought that Congressman W. C. Oates' declaration that he will not again be a candidate for Congress, linked with other considerations, carries with it the inference that he aspires to the gubernatorial chair. Col. Oates would adorn the station of Chief Executive, as he would almost any station of which the people might see fit to consign him. When the proper time comes, we conjecture the hero of the wire-grass will be "in it."—Chocoma Advocate.

Senator John T. Morgan, of Alabama, who is now in England as one of the representatives of this government in the Behring sea court of arbitration is reported quite sick and confined to his bed in South Hampton. The vessel in which the Senator crossed encountered a hurricane during its passage and the Senator was rendered violently seasick by the pitching and rolling of the ship. It is also stated that during the storm the Senator was thrown out of his berth and his head injured. His physicians, however, do not seem to think that any serious results will follow, and that he will be able in a week to attend to the business which he has on hand.—Tuscaloosa Gazette.

Although it has been suggested and admitted by many of the leading advocates of high tariff that the action should be taken, the bill repealing the paragraph of the McKinley tariff which imposes a duty of 4 cents a pound on tin after next July, was not passed, owing to the hostile attitude of the Republicans in the Senate. It is universally known now that we produce no tin in this country and that the duty is to be simply a tax upon the buyers of the many articles in the manufacture of which this metal is used as a raw material. If there is not a special session of Congress at which the law can be repealed, it will go into effect on July 1st. Should the tax be collected until the regular session in December, and until that time the tax will be unjustly exacted from the pockets of the people. This is a sample of the republicanism and protection.—Ex.

"A Word to the Wise."

TO THE VIEW.

It is to be greatly regretted that a disingenuous appears in some quarters to find fault with the administration just inaugurated. In the possession of the government, after an interval of over thirty years, the "Party of the People," in its true representative sense is restored to control, and before it has entered upon its work of reform, a carping, censorious spirit begins to creep out in certain high quarters inspired and led by a prominent newspaper in a neighboring State, and a "grave Senator" not so far from home; and the refrain is joined in by "Trav. Blanche and Sweetheart," all echoing and re-echoing the chorus.

Alas! for that inconsiderate spirit of hate that would condemn its true friends and handicap their best directed efforts for good. Have we fallen so low, that party fealty and patriotic devotion are only to be stung by that detestable sentiment, called the "The excessive power of public plunder" and shall we join the "hue and cry of our enemies," against the incoming Administration, because President Cleveland has apparently contravened the party "shibboleth," that "to the victor belongs the spoils?"

1. That he made use of the following language in his inaugural address, embodying his conception of his duty, under the law for "Civil service reform." "One mode of misappropriation of public funds is avoided, when appointment to office, instead of the rewards of partyism activity, are awarded to those whose efficiency promises a fair return of work for the compensation paid them. To secure fitness and competency of appointees to office, and to remove from political action demoralizing madness for spoils, civil service reform has found a place in our public policy and laws."

This wise enactment, having in view the largest good of the people, and its enforcement within reasonable limitations is not only the President's constitutional duty, but should commend itself to the better judgment and hearty support of every lover of his country. Mr. Cleveland's past career proves him to be not only a man of incorruptible integrity; unselfish and patriotic, but the peerless sagacious statesmanship of any who have occupied the Presidential office since the days of Washington. He has been pre-eminently and magnanimously just towards the South, having awarded three of the most prominent cabinet positions to Southern men, among whom is our own Herbert, who has the portfolio of the Navy; thus securing a large measure of influence in the administration of public affairs.

It is true Mr. Cleveland has taken a "new departure" in political ethics, in selecting Mr. Gresham as his secretary of State, but our President is a man of bold and original conceptions, and is noted for having the "courage of his convictions," and in the exercise of his right to select his political family and Constitutional advisers, has shocked democratic precedent by choosing a former well known Republican. But let us not hastily condemn this act, for Mr. Cleveland is not only a very astute politician but a profound student of human nature. Mr. Gresham has been out of sympathy with his party, and its prominent leaders for many years, in their controlling policies, and not only voted for Mr. Cleveland in the last November election, but yielded a large influence in giving the electoral vote of Indiana to the Democracy.

In all his public life it is conceded even by his enemies, that like Chevalier Bayard he has been "a knight without fear and without reproach." "He is a trifle of the people—able, upright, fearless and independent. In character he resembles the President. He is patriotic, honest, clean, courageous, full of common sense; a typical American—a man of the people." The successful conduct of the next four years administration of this government, is pregnant with promise of fruition of our dearest hopes, and involves consequences far reaching into the distant future.

The grand work of reform contemplated is the cleansing of the " Augean stables" of Financial Tariff and Pension corruption; the like of which has scarcely cured any other people on the globe. Under the exigencies of a great international struggle, there had been introduced and incorporated into our system of government a series of laws and policies extra constitutional, but artificially justified on the plea of necessity to preserve the national life.

On one pretext after another these have been continued, and incidentally added to until the whole land is groaning under the stupendous burdens imposed, and their baleful effects pervade the lowest cabin of the humblest citizen of our broad commonwealth, filling the hearts of the people with depression and gloom, and causing a universal cry for relief from the cruel exactions of mercenary money power. Since all these years the Republican party, the originator and embodiment of this perversion of our system of free government has been holding high carnival with the rights of the masses, and securely introduced in the passions and prejudices of sectionalism, they have winked their deluded followers, and thus built up a paternal system that enriched the few at the expense of the many.

Monopolies, trusts and combines were fostered in the interests of the money power, and protected industries, until a comparatively few individuals have been allowed through favoritism to absorb a preponderant proportion of the wealth of the country. It is under such a new era of political life. We have a wise President elected by an exceptionally sagacious Cabinet, to whom has been entrusted the conduct of the "ship of State." They are kindly disposed towards the South and are earnestly desirous to promote the welfare of the entire nation. Shall we then insult by capriciousness and an unmanly spirit of fault-finding the fruits of the dear bought victory, towards which we have been struggling so many weary years of darkness and of gloom? Shall we by murmuring and ill starred criticisms, join forces with the enemy, and add to the difficulties of the already herculean task? Rather shall we not with united heart and hand rally to the standard of our leaders, and give them an unflinching support, until we are emancipated from political servitude, emerge into the glorious sunlight of a land, "redeemed, regenerated and disenthralled?" "C."

SECRETARY HERBERT.

Has Some Views of the Improvement of the Service.

Mr. Herbert comes from Alabama and says that he has no navy yard in his district, and therefore comes to the department unhampered by any sectional feeling or favoritism, says the Washington correspondent of the New York Mail and Express.

Secretary Herbert has made arrangements to visit New York next week, and has accepted an invitation of the Hamilton club of Brooklyn to attend a banquet on Thursday the 10th instant. On St. Patrick's day, March 17th, he will be the guest of the Hibernian club of Philadelphia and attend their banquet at night.

Secretary Herbert said he had heard of the proposition to improve the quality of the "peace enlistments"—those made during the time of peace, and he thought it could be done by introducing, in some appropriate way, pure, intelligent, educated and motherly female life.

He hoped to do this by appointing matrons as librarians, and he added that he did not know whether it would become practical or not, but he would give a full consideration to the subject; and he would be glad to receive suggestions in regard to it from people in all parts of the country.

He had heard that the women who had served in the Sailors' Snug Harbor on Staten Island and at the port of New York, had made things very homelike and attractive for the old salts sheltered there, and it put them on their gallantry, so they neither squinted to bacco juice, nor drank, nor swore in the presence of these excellent and experienced ladies, Mrs. Chaplain Jones and others.

Secretary Herbert added: "The navy at present experiences great difficulty in retaining the men during the whole period of enlistment, and the more homelike the ward rooms could be made, in a judicious way, would help to overcome desertion."

Some more interesting and instructive features are presented in the statement issued from the United States Treasury Department on the first of this month. On one hand it shows a decrease in circulation during February of \$1,871,000 in gold coin, \$6,280,000 in gold certificates and \$5,500,000 in United States notes, while on the other hand a decrease is shown in the Treasury of \$9,500,000 in gold coin and \$1,600,000 in gold bullion.

These figures indicate at once the fact of gold shipment out of the country and the manner in which most of it is obtained for shipment. The gold for the most part is drawn from the treasury, the loss during the month having been over \$11,000,000 in gold coin and bullion. In the meantime the decrease of over \$6,200,000 in gold coin and certificates and \$5,500,000 in greenbacks in actual circulation indicates that the metal was taken from the treasury on presentation of these two forms of obligations. The statement deals only with the changes in the total holdings of the Treasury, not in the net holdings. Therefore, it does not clearly disclose the transactions by which the net gold in the Treasury was increased some \$6,000,000 by the action of the New York banks which furnished that amount of gold certificates in exchange for greenbacks. Some evidence of the transaction, however, is seen in the large decrease of gold certificates in circulation.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Halt's Hair Remover cures dandruff and scalp eczema; also all cases of baldness where the glands which feed the roots of the hair are not closed up.

WOMAN'S COLUMN.

Mrs. MERRIE HANBY GIBB, Editor.

The bill presented to the Legislature to license whiskey saloons in Calera passed the house but was crowded out and never reached the Senate, hence the bill is a dead letter. We wish every Legislature in America would get crowded with reasonable business when whiskey confronts them.

Ex-president Cleveland is President Cleveland again. The inauguration on the fourth was greeted with a lovely snow storm.

The decorations for the inaugural ball cost \$25,000. Mrs. Cleveland arrived with her husband at 10 o'clock and left at 10:30. She was dressed in a plain changeable silk. At 12 o'clock the music struck "Home Sweet Home" and the grandest of inaugural balls closed. Altogether this was the grandest occasion in the annals of American history of presidential inaugurations. The carriage conveying Mr. Cleveland to the grand stand was drawn by six white horses in pure white harness.

The Montgomery Advertiser in describing the parade says:

A mounted battalion of exceedingly good looking young ladies led the Cleveland and Stevenson Club of Montgomery county, Maryland. They were the sisters and daughters of the members and the dark riding habits and well-crowned riding hats presented a decidedly attractive appearance. The spectators were not slow in catching on to the novelty, and the belles from "My Maryland" were cheered until their faces were of crimson tint. The organization of which they formed an escort had 86 men in line, precisely the number given by the county to the National ticket.

Miss Fannie Griffin, of Verbena, Ala., a well known speaker and National organizer of the W. C. T. U. has recently organized a Woman's Suffrage Society at that place. She made her first suffrage lecture in Decatur, Ala., a few days since. The "world do move" and woman will continue to move with it.

The children's fountain, a Columbian gift to the city of Chicago from the temperance children all over the world, is to represent in bronze, a little child offering a cup of cold water to the passers-by, the overflow falling into a trough for animals. It will be executed by the noted sculptor, Geo. E. Wade, and will be most charming to all beholders and beneficiaries. This fountain is to be a part of the temperance exhibit at the World's Fair, and the names of all donors will be recorded in a book to be kept among the temperance archives of the Temple. Such is the beautiful plan set forth by Miss Anna Gordon, World's superintendent of juvenile work, and which can be carried out by the contributions of dimes from children all around the world. Let every L. T. L. member, and interested little one send ten cents with her name as soon as possible to Miss Anna A. Gordon, Evanston, Ill.

An educated Hindu woman uttered this touching plea: "My prayer and supplication are, 'O God, let no more women be born in India!'"

Every conceivable scheme has been resorted to by temperance people to regulate the use of intoxicating liquors to excess. The latest experiment to be made is certainly as unique as it is new, and is quite a departure in the liquor traffic. In the town of Union Springs, N. Y., a committee of prominent residents, among which are included the Catholic and Episcopal clergymen of the place, is to assume the exclusive control of liquors. The committee has published the following statement:

"We allow no man to pay for another man's drink. We will permit no drunkenness or any approach to it. We will allow no one apparently under legal age within our doors. We will sell to no man if by the proper person we are forbidden to do so. To certain other persons, their names to be passed on by a majority of the committee, we will not sell it at all. We will not sell spirits in a larger quantity than a single glass, except on a physician's order, and of all such sales we will keep a record. These and such other wholesome rules as from time to time we shall deem desirable we shall enforce. Our entire profits, which shall be large will be handed over as frequently as possible to the town authorities with the understanding that they will be used for the purpose of reducing the taxation of the town."

This may be the key to the temperance, and the result will be watched with peculiar interest in all parts of the country. The committee can certainly control the entire liquor traffic and have gone at it in the right way.—Advertiser.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

—DEALER IN—

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, Agt., Clanton.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clock

Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TIME

WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches

other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schweizer

Bresden, and the watches he had made especially for order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great

from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE, French and Ameri

CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spec

cles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest

possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired.

All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,

(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue

—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

DO YOU NEED

A SUIT & CLOTHES

Whether it be a Prince Albert, Cut-

way, Frock or Sack Suit, we invite

you to call and look at our Stock.

It comprises the newest in style and the most

artistic in make and finish all at

VERY LOW PRICES.

We are trying to build up the largest CLOTH

ING BUSINESS in the South and would

you not to buy any Clothes for MEN or BOYS until you

our immense stock.

We Guarantee You A

Positive Saving of Money

IF OTHERS DO WELL

WE DO BETTER

IF OTHERS DO BETTER

WE DO BEST

It matters not what others say

or propose to do, none can

approach our Low Prices.

Strangers are advised that we refund money on any

article bought of us and not found Satisfactory or Cheaper

elsewhere.

ALEX. RICE.

MONTGOMERY, - - ALA.

WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY

Stop at the

Metropolitan Hotel.

New Hotel

Newly Furnished

Through

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS

The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel

South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Pe

J. A. NEWCOMB, Mangr.

TRY OUR CLUB RATES.

BIRMINGHAM

School of Shorthand and Typewriting

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete busi

ness training school in the South. The only one in the Sta

tead by business men. The home of fine Penman

Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women

ted for every branch of commercial life. Students assist

in securing employment. Send for circular. Address,

AMOS WARD, Presi

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Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clock

Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TIME

WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches

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A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great

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It comprises the newest in style and the most

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We are trying to build up the largest CLOTH

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Strangers are advised that we refund money on any

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The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel

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The largest, the most thorough and complete busi

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Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women

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in securing employment. Send for circular. Address,

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DEALER IN—

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HING,
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Our Price

FOR MEN at \$10 and
them cheap at \$15 and
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ND CAP given free
Boys' Department.

RICE.

RUTH,

Watches, Clo
pieces, &c.,

ated ROCKFORD QUICK
also has a large stock of W
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Julius King's Continental
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try skillfully and promptly

L. RUTH.

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MONTGOMER

an Hotel

New Hot
Newly Furnish
Through

EVERYTHING FIRST
The best \$2.00 a Day Hot
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Dexter Ave & P
OMB, Mangr
GHAM
COLLEGE
and Typewriting
AM, ALA.
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The only one in the S
home of fine Penn
young men and wom
ial life. Students and
ircular. Address,
WARD, Pres

CHILTON VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 23, 1892.

AT HAND

In a dangerous emergency, AYER'S Cherry Pectoral is prompt to get and cure to cure. A day taken on the first symptoms of Croup or Whooping Cough, checks further progress of these complaints. It soothes the inflamed membrane, reduces the inflamed membrane, and induces sleep. As a remedy for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, and all other complaints, in the early stages, it is the best remedy.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

It is the best remedy for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, and all other complaints, in the early stages, it is the best remedy. It is the best remedy for Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, and all other complaints, in the early stages, it is the best remedy.

Saved My Life

I have recommended it to hundreds. I find the most effective way of taking this medicine is in small and frequent doses. "My wife suffered from a cold; nothing helped her but Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which effected a cure."—R. Ames, Fitchburg, N. H.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

ICHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.

Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:20 a. m.
No. 2 Mail 6:44 p. m.
No. 3 Accommodation 5:56 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:25 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.

No. 5 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

Snow fell here last Friday morning.

Mr. W. H. Caffey, of Verbena, was in Clanton Friday.

Mr. W. A. Collier is visiting relatives at Deatsville.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Bivings visited Montgomery last week.

Mr. Thos. Harrison, of Jemison, was in Clanton Tuesday.

Mr. John Hester, of Birmingham, visited relatives here Sunday.

Mrs. Clarence Godshall, of Nashville, is visiting relatives here.

Miss Ludie Green is visiting Probate Judge Honeycutt's family.

Free—Until further notice a World's Fair souvenir coin goes free with every twenty dollar purchase.

Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Mr. W. M. Gore, one of Jamba's best citizens, was in town Saturday.

Mr. W. H. Fushes thinks of taking a prospecting trip to Texas soon.

A nice lot of notions just received. W. L. SAMPEY.

Mr. A. C. Holt, of Anniston, Ala., visited relatives at this place recently.

Mrs. E. T. Gullhorn, of Verbena, visited relatives in Clanton Sunday.

Mr. G. A. Northington, of Verbena, was in our city last week on business.

Miss Ada Skaggs, of Jemison, visited Mr. G. L. McCrary's family here last week.

Mr. Marbury, the Roseman lumber mill man, was in town on business last week.

Mr. Alfred Lewis came up from Montgomery and spent Sunday with his parents.

A much enjoyed sociable was given at the residence of Mrs. O. A. Duke last Friday night.

Rev. A. A. Hutto preached at the Baptist Church morning and night to a good congregation.

Your watch will not tick ten seconds before you commence buying when you see the bargains we offer. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Miss French Evans, of Anniston, has been visiting relatives here much to the delight of her many friends.

Hon. Thos. H. Watts and Capt. John G. Winter, of Montgomery, attended chancery court in Clanton last week.

Miss Belle Watts went up to Jemison Monday to get up a school.

We give an abstract of the new election law copied from an exchange.

There was a sociable at Mr. J. H. Vines last Friday night. All report a good time.

Mr. G. C. Hanks, of Sistrunk, Ala., has been on a visit here this week. We are glad to learn that he is prospering.

Members J. D. Bivings and W. H. Phillips are our early gardeners and have their "crops" already under good headway.

Hall's Vegetable Seltzer Hair Restorer has restored gray hair to its original color and prevented baldness in thousands of cases. It will do so to you.

Mrs. Mary Gullhorn and family and Mrs. G. C. Hanks have moved to Sistrunk. Mr. Hanks has a position at that place.

As a matter of fact and of great moment President Cleveland and the editor the View each celebrated their birthdays last Saturday.

Other stores might do as well for you as we do; but they don't. Hence our great and growing business. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

A former citizen of Chilton now residing in the west sends us word that he can't get along without the View, as it tells him what is going on in his old home country.

Birmingham News: It will be noted with regret that Rudolph Ehrman is going to rent out his lovely home on South Highlands and move back to Clanton by April 15. The move is necessitated by his business interests at that place.

Mr. and Mrs. Ehrman and their delightful family will be greatly missed.

Mr. W. J. Conniff, former supervisor of this division of the L. & N., took charge of his old position the 18th of last week. Mr. Hardigan has taken charge of an extra gang of hands on this division north of Jemison. Mr. Conniff will not move his family back to Clanton, but they will remain in Cullman.

Whiskers that are prematurely gray or faded should be colored to prevent the look of age, and Buckingham's Dye excels all others in coloring brown or black.

Mr. C. W. Vinning, of Stanton, who was arrested sometime ago for carrying concealed weapons was adjudged insane last week and was carried to the Insane Hospital at Tuscaloosa by Sheriff P. M. Moore and Henry Honeycutt Monday. It is thought that Vinning is connected with the robbery of Mr. Mullin's store in Verbena, which took place over a year ago. He came to this country as a "gold-digger."

We are pleased to note that people of neighboring towns are now sending their job printing, to this office, and in every instance these customers are well satisfied. Considering the quality of paper we use, our prices are far below those of any other printing office in the state.

They hold together, that's what we wish to impress upon you when we speak of our Tailor made Suits. They are cut more stylish, fit better. Buttons are sewed on tighter and the Prices, well from \$10 to \$20 for suits, other Merchants would ask you \$20 to \$30.

If you are advertising judiciously and your business is good, give the advertising credit for a part of it at least. If your business is not good, perhaps it is because you are not advertising judiciously. Its all in knowing how. Keep the columns of your local paper hot with fresh advertisements, changed frequently and it will pay you. But to do this you must devote some time, attention, talent and money to it.

Grover Cleveland has an annual income of \$50,000 dollars and yet with all his money he could not buy better fitting Clothes, Shirts or Hats than those sold by Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

The editor of the Eutaw Whig saw a strange sight and here is what he says: "We saw a negro driving three yoke of oxen out of town with nothing on the large wagon but one small bundle of hay weighing about 100 pounds, raised in Tennessee, and sold to him by a merchant in this place. He said it was his ration, that he was out of provender at home. Comment is unnecessary. The all-out plan is what did it."

No other house does, over did, or over will sell such sterling qualities at such low prices as we quote. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Madisonville News.

Mrs. William's and Hercules' vine are now regarded with suspicion.

Mrs. Quilla Goodwin, of Thomas, has lately been visiting relations here.

The frosty nights have been trying on early vegetables and fruit.

A great need of this country is a fence law. There has been great destruction of fences during the recent windy weather.

Mrs. Claudia Paisley has returned from a very pleasant visit to Brierfield.

Rev. Mr. Shores filled his appointment at the M. E. church on Sunday.

Mrs. Emily Driskell and Mrs. Anne Todd (nee Vincent) have been visiting Mrs. T. U. Crumpton of this place.

An extensive coating has been started here superintended by Mr. McCarty who occupies the old Fisher house.

Many thanks to Mr. Crumpton for the foot log over Ryals creek.

Jemison Settings.

Jemison is to have a drug store.

Rev. Feagin preached an excellent sermon at the M. E. church Sunday. Good crowd.

Mr. Courtney Palmer has moved his family to Longview, Texas, where he will make his future home.

Mr. J. C. Woolley is greatly beautifying and remodeling his home.

Mr. Raskerry is all smiles. He has two visitors—girls. May their stay be of long duration.

Mrs. J. C. Woolley has received her beautiful spring millinery.

Mr. J. P. Allen gave a birth day dinner last Thursday where his children and his children's children met to celebrate his 78th birthday. The day was lovely and the dinner grand. Every delicacy heart could wish for was had, which Mrs. J. P. Allen knows so well how to prepare. Mr. Allen has lived to a good old age. A beautiful sight is old age, and there is nothing earthlier than is more noble. But more interesting is his good life and christian example. His presents were many. His guests were Mr. and Mrs. Henry Leroy, of Montgomery; Mrs. John Garner, of Clanton; Mrs. W. S. Allen and Mrs. J. Osley, of Montevallo; Mrs. M. J. Bandy and Mr. and Mrs. Woolley, of Jemison. May Mr. Allen live as many more years. The world is needful of such men.

But the leafless tree may seem Old age's mournful sign Yet on its bark may sunshine gleam While gray hairs softly shine.

So round benevolent old age May objects yet survive Whose greatness can the heart engage And keep our souls alive.

C. E. T.

Let Us Have a History of Alabama.

We wish somebody would write a reliable, readable History of Alabama. It is rich in its historic events. It was known to Europeans as early as 1565. The early explorers were Frenchmen under Sieur de Bienville. Between 1702 and 1713 the French founded a permanent settlement near the site of Mobile. DeSoto's previous march is not without a wonderful interest. Great Indian houses were found here and there. A remarkable temple 40x100 was found at Silver Bluff. Long Indian wars made up the history of the State up to 1862, when nearly all the territory was ceded to England by France. Here is where historic data begins. In 1817 the settlers around the Bay of Mobile and along the rivers and in the Tennessee valley organized a territorial government, and on the 14th of December, 1819, was admitted as a State, with a population of 137,901; 35,451 whites, and 41,879 slaves—751 free colored. The Indians were war-like and cruel—in one instance capturing Fort Mims and massacring nearly 400 settlers. Gen. Jackson took the field and is said to have killed 4,000, before they gave up the contest. The battle of Horse Shoe Bend was his most noted victory. The route of DeSoto, the canoe fight of Sam Dale, and a number of early frontier accidents would form many thrilling chapters. There are few if any survivors of the territorial period and their children have nearly all passed away. A history of Alabama has been delayed too long. What's the matter with the Alabama Historical Society?

What's in a name? Well, that depends. For instance, the name of "Ayer" is sufficient guarantee that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a genuine, authentic blood-purifier, and not a sham, like so much that goes by the name of "Sarsaparilla." Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the standard.

A few weeks ago the Home stated that Mr. Ed. Ogletree of this county was selling land, pasture and pork in town at a good profit, and we desire to also state that Mrs. J. T. Elliott is finding ready sale for pickles of her own make among the town people—and we will state that they are as fine as any we ever saw.—Talladega Home.

Green's Liver Tonic cures sick and nervous headache.

The Millville Banner.

The Millville contingent has not returned from Washington, yet. This is a great surprise to us, as the walking is splendid in this bracing weather.

There is a new arrival at our house: He is little, but loud, and cost \$30 and prescriptions. The Lord help us all!

We are going to the World's fair in May—if collections continue to come in. That is, we may go.

The song of the plowman is heard in the land and bacon is five times higher than cotton.

Spring is here and there is one liar catching fish and another digging bait.

The sweet odor of jasmine is in the air and the mule and the mortgage are mightily in the cotton business.

We have been digging in our garden for a week past. There is enough bait in that garden to keep a moderate family in fish all the summer.—Constitution.

Mr. Watterson truly says: "There are three kinds of newspapers in the world: the organ-grinding newspaper, the free-lance newspaper and the newspaper that, seeking to avoid the severity and recklessness represented by the two former, aims first of all to print the truth for truth's sake—fairly, fully, disinterestedly—and having done so, to fit its rationations, not to some preconceived opinion or imaginary line of consistency, but to the real facts of the case in hand."

The only reason for the continued increase in our business is that our goods give entire satisfaction. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Do you want goods that are handsome, well made, of attractive material and at prices, way below our competitors come and see. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Everything marked in plain figures and one price to all. No dickering, no pretending to come down; one price and one price only and that price very much lower than same good can be had elsewhere. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Final Settlement.

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

In the matter of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Mrs. A. E. Robinson, administratrix of the estate of W. R. Robinson, deceased, has filed in this office her statement, accounts and vouchers, verified by affidavit, and asks that a day be appointed for examining and passing upon the same, that she may make final settlement of her administration of said estate. It is therefore ordered by the court that Wednesday, the 26th day of March, 1892, be and the same is hereby appointed for the day of said final settlement.

This February 27th, 1892.

R. M. HONEYCUTT, Judge of Probate.

Executor's Notice.

State of Alabama, Chilton County.

Probate Court—Estate of L. J. Hand, Deceased.

To whom it may concern:

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have been this day duly appointed executors of the estate of L. J. Hand, deceased. All persons indebted to said estate will make payment to the undersigned, and all persons having claims against said estate will present the same within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred.

This 31st day of January, 1892.

J. B. HAND, D. M. HAND.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 8, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May, 24, 1892, viz: Jacob Rolitt, Homestead entry, No. 17894, for the a. l. c. w. of section 6, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry R. McCreary, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala.

mar70 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 7, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May, 24, 1892, viz: Jacob Rolitt, Homestead entry, No. 17894, for the a. l. c. w. of section 6, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry R. McCreary, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala.

mar70 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

W. H. Taylor, BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

Hale, Dingley & Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in—
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.
—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Cinnamon, etc.; Elixir Clonchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Euphorbia Milliciana.

Poindexter & Ellis,
—DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Chases, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$85 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

Birmingham Steam Dye Works,
OFFICE 301 N 20TH STREET WORKS 17TH ST. & AVE. D
Birmingham, Ala.

Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Straw Hats and Feathers cleaned and dyed. Silk Dresses a Specialty. Relining and Binding done. Goods sent to above address promptly attended to. Send for price list. [exp 8-6]

YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper. [cl-8]

THE VIEW
Solicits Your Job Printing. Good Work.

TODD'S GUN STORE.
—DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistol
CARTRIDGES.
Pistols, Fishing Tackle.

AND BASE BALL GOODS.
Fine Gun Repairing a Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

Welch Academy.
AT WELCH'S MILL, CHILTON CO., ALA.

Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situated on the E. T. V. & G. A. railroad, in a high and healthful locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50; High School \$3.50. For further information address, R. E. R. HICKS, Principal, Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Wall Paper, Artists' Materials And Builders' Hardware.

—16 COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Please write for prices and sample cards.

ESTABLISHED 1880
ALABAMA
TRADE MARK
TO THE CONSUMER:
This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyright). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer. As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take some offered you as the ALABAMA FERTILIZER without it.

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Preparation should Reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

County—First Monday in each month.

Chancery—First Monday after the second Monday in March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November and December.

Circuit—On the second Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners—Regular term held on Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month.

Chancery—First Monday after the second Monday in March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November and December.

Circuit—On the second Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

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Commissioners—Regular term held on Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

We are offering our entire stock of elegant Men's and Boys' Clothing at cost, to close the stock out. Be sure and pay Caheen's a visit.

SAMPLE ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY!

KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE,

We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

LOUISIANA COTTON PLANTERS

A cotton acreage convention met in New Orleans Wednesday morning, had a business session, and mapped

agreed with the views of Senator George respecting the causes for depression in the cotton² industry; "depreciated the present methods of raising an exclusive

cotton crop; resolved that in future cereal and other products must be raised in conjunction with cotton, if the prosperity of the south is consulted, and appointed a committee to prepare an address to all parties in interest, recommending such a line of policy as will be for the good of all concerned. The con-

A BOX OF DEAD PEOPLE
Found Floating with the Current of

A dispatch from St. Joseph, Mo., states that Compton McCoy, a farmer residing a few miles south of the city on the Missouri river banks, was duck-shooting on a pondbar Tuesday evening, when he discovered a large dry goods box floating with the current. He haul-

ed the box to the shore and, breaking it open, discovered that it was filled with dead bodies, in an advanced stage of decomposition, the remains being so badly decomposed that identification was impossible. It is supposed the remains are those of a family of emigrants, who disappeared in a mysterious manner

Horrible Fate of Siberian Exiles.
Advices of Monday from St. Petersburg, Russia, give the details of a sad loss of life among a band of convicts bound for the prisons of Siberia. The

seventy-four persons, including a large number sentenced to exile for political crimes. In accordance with the custom, the convicts were marching to their various destinations. Two hundred and eighty-three perished, including seven women and four children.

Montana's Silver Statue.
The largest silver statue ever known since the world began, was successfully cast Saturday. Sixteen hundred pounds of sterling silver were melted in a crucible at Grand Ores, the molten mass was poured into a large mold and Montana's silver statue "Inglis" was an accom-

The Fire Ruined Them.
Bedpath Bros., of Boston, manufacturers of boots and shoes, who were burned out in Friday's big fire, are financially crippled and will quit. Mr. H. L.

Arresting Anarchists.
Many anarchists were arrested at Madison Square today, including several hundred.

factories and small printing shops were raided and their contents were seized. The police secured a large amount of anarchist literature and explosives. An Italian was surprised in the act of charging a bomb. He dropped the bomb, it exploded and he was killed instantly.

A horrible accident occurred Monday in a coal pit near Chesterfield, Derbyshire, England. While the cage was descending, loaded with miners going to their work, the cage owing to some accident to the apparatus, suddenly fell to the bottom of the shaft. Eight miners

Mackay Improving,
A San Francisco dispatch of Wednesday says: The condition of John W. Mackay, who was abt by a madman two weeks ago, continues to improve.

than those of any other section of the Union. Nevertheless they are slowly being developed. The scenic and other natural attractions of this far northern country draw a considerable and increasing stream of travel to it every summer. Under these conditions the possibilities of the Territory cannot long remain hid-

don. Already a tug in service on the Yukon. The first vessel is now building. It will connect with North Sound steamers and run 4,000 miles up the great Alaskan river.

ARE
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our competitors may thi
trying to please and
upon it,

Our Price

FOR MEN at \$10 and
them cheap at \$15 and
not alone our Prices b
and workmanship. Th

ND CAP given free
Boys' Department.

RICE.

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RUTH,
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micles, &c.,

ated ROCKFORD QUICK
has a large stock of W
manufactured by A. Sch
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JEWELRY, selected with g
ED WARE, French and A
Julius King's Combination
all goods marked at the lowest
pr skillfully and promptly

L. RUTH,
atch.) 15 Dexter Ave
RY, ALA.

MONTGOMER
the

an Hotel
New Hot
Newly Furnish
Through

EVERYTHING FIRST
The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel
South.

Dexter Ave & Pe
XIB, Mangr

GHAM
C

and Typewriting

AM, ALA.

ough and complete
The only one in the S
home of fine Pean
young men and women
ial life. Students use
circular. Address,
WARD, Pres

CHILTON, VIEW.

CLANTON, ALA., MAR. 30, 1893.

PEOPLE FIND

That it is not wise to experiment with cheap compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, but which have no real medicinal value. To make use of any other than the old standard AYER'S Sarsaparilla—the Superior Blood-purifier—is simply to invite loss of time, money, and health. If you are afflicted with Scrofula, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Ringworm, Tumors, or any other blood disease, be assured that

It Pays to Use

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and AYER'S only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla can always be depended upon. It does not vary. It is always the same in quality, quantity, and effect. It is superior in combination, proportion, appearance, and in all that goes to build up the system weakened by disease and pain. It searches out all impurities in the blood and expels them by the natural channels.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 50¢ per bottle. 25¢ per bottle.

Cures others, will cure you

SCHEDULES & N. A. RAILROAD.
Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express 5:20 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:44 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 5:55 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:20 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 9:28 p. m.

No. 5 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Special Summer Rate.

As customary we will make a special subscription rate of \$1.00 a year for cash in advance subscriptions during the spring and summer months. Old subscribers can take advantage of this rate by paying all dues and for a year in advance. Now is the time to subscribe for the largest and best county paper in central Alabama.

Next Sunday is Easter.

Mrs. W. A. Collier has returned home from Deatsville.

There was a dance at Mr. W. B. Nolen's last Friday night.

Mr. Chas. Hannon, of Birmingham, was on a visit to Clanton last week.

Mrs. J. E. Evans and son, John, have been on a visit to relatives in Randolph.

Mr. A. J. Gullaborn, of Gravelle, Ala., paid Clanton a short visit last week.

Mrs. Lane, of Greenville, Ala., is visiting her son, Mr. R. Q. Lane, at this place.

Services were held at the Episcopal church last Tuesday night by Rev. J. F. Smith.

Mr. Joel Gullledge, of Verbena, attended the dance last Friday night at Mr. W. B. Nolen's.

Mrs. O. A. Duke visited her daughter, Mrs. R. H. Crosswell at Deatsville this week.

Miss Minnie Hester left last Saturday for Nashville to visit her sister, Mrs. Clarence Godshall.

A nice lot of notions just received.

W. L. SAMPEY.

Dr. E. A. Matthews' father, a venerable citizen of Marion, Ala., visited Clanton the past week.

Messrs. John Garner and W. H. Phillips donned their "Sunday best" and took a trip north Monday.

Miss Julia Hester has returned home from Birmingham where she has been undergoing treatment for throat trouble.

Mrs. Clarence Godshall, of Nashville, Tenn., returned home last week after visiting her mother's family at this place.

Miss French Evans after visiting relatives here left last Friday morning for Randolph to visit her brother, Mr. Thos. Evans.

Green's Liver Tonic cures constipation, heartburn, chronic diarrhea, dysentery and colic.

If you want some goods at half price, call for some of those I bought from Mr. W. H. Merritt when he was closing out his stock. They will save you money.

W. L. SAMPEY.

Look out for April 1st.

Prof. Godday has closed his school at Clanton because of poor collections.

"Every dog has his day," and all should have theirs—next Saturday.

We noticed a former in town last week telling country boys that it was a good sign.

Mr. Wm. Wright, of Birmingham, was down shaking hands with friends in Clanton Tuesday and Wednesday.

There are eight inmates of the county poor house and the View man is still unable to get in, there being no vacancy.

The View publishes some laws passed at the recent session of the legislature that are of interest to the general public.

To restore gray hair to its natural color as in youth, cause it to grow abundant and strong, there is no better preparation than Hall's Hair Renewer.

Tell your neighbor who has been borrowing your paper that he can get the View for one dollar a year and that he ought to subscribe.

From a telegram published in another column we are hopeful that the early completion of the M. T. & M. railroad is a certainty.

Last Tuesday week was the vernal equinox, the days and nights being exactly the same length. We had heavy equinoctial storms.

Sheriff Moore and several deputies were carried to Energy last Friday night by a false report that a negro had killed two white men at that place.

We are glad to state that the merchants and other business men are now sending their job work they used to have done elsewhere to the View. Patronizing home enterprises is one of the most commendable things in citizens.

Mr. J. C. Woolley, the liberal and enterprising Jimson merchant, whom his friends call "Jabe," has a new advertisement in the View to which the attention of the public is invited. Jabe has a new and an excellent stock of goods, which he sells at reasonable prices. Call on him when you go to Jimson.

There is no reason why children should be allowed to suffer from lumbago, sciatic pain, and glandular swellings when such a pleasant, effective and economical medicine as Ayer's Sarsaparilla may be procured of the nearest druggist. Be sure you get Ayer's.

This is what the Union Springs Herald thinks about it, and it is very near correct: "If every one in this county who raised a dog in 1891 and 1892 will raise a hog in 1893, Bullock county will not have to buy side meat next Fall."

A JEMISON COUPLE

Eloped Last Night to the State of Tennessee.

Special to the Birmingham News: JEMISON, Ala., March 28.—D. L. Langston and Miss Ada Skaggs eloped last night for Pulaski, Tenn., where they expect to marry to-day. Parental objections was the cause of the elopement. Both belong to good families.

At one o'clock p. m., no tidings had been received from them.

Verbena Views.

Mr. Charles Smith and wife, of Montgomery, have been visiting relatives here.

Mr. Dave Marbury and sister, Miss Alice, and Mr. Ed Gelson and wife, all of Roseman, attended church in Verbena Sunday.

Dr. M. S. Andrews, presiding elder of this district, held quarterly meeting here Saturday and Sunday.

The E. & N. railroad is having another side track put in at this place.

Messrs. Sam Newhouse and E. H. Kernan, of the Magic City have been down here trying to catch a negro who stole three thousand dollars worth of diamonds from a gentleman in Birmingham. The negro's father lives near Energy. Messrs. Newhouse and Kernan got Mr. H. B. Northington to go with them out to Energy to see if the negro was out there at his father's.

After they got to Energy they concluded to search the old negro's house, and got Messrs. Joe White and Jim Adair of Energy, to assist them in the search of the house. Messrs. Newhouse, Kernan and Northington went to the front door of the house and White and Adair to the back door. The negro was there and ran out the back door and succeeded in making his escape. The gentlemen shot at him several times, but did not stop him.

Dr. W. M. Wells and family of Texas, are visiting Mr. K. Wells.

Mr. W. H. Lawrence, of the Clanton View, visited our city on business recently.

Mr. P. M. Moore, our clever sheriff, was down here on business last week.

MONEY PAID.

A Big Deal Consummated at Tuscaloosa.

THE MONTGOMERY, TUSCALOOSA AND MEMPHIS RAILROAD.

Age-Herald. TUSCALOOSA, March 27.—President Woolfolk of the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis Railroad company to-day paid to the Tuscaloosa Coal, Iron and Land Company the purchase money for the Tuscaloosa Northern railroad and the Tuscaloosa Belt Railway. Fifty thousand dollars bonds were placed in New York on Saturday last for the extension and improvement of the latter road. The final consummation of this deal means much for this section.

The above deal is understood to carry with it the completion of the road from Montgomery to Tuscaloosa and also an extension of that line to a junction with the Mobile and Ohio. The latter road is understood to be jointly with the Plant System, which comes into Montgomery by the Alabama Midland, behind these extensions.

The object is to make a great through line between the west and the Atlantic seaboard and Florida. One of the uncertainties of the situation is whether the trunk line will go as low as Tuscaloosa or whether it will cut across to Blocton or Brookwood and pierce the heart of the coal fields on its way to Mississippi, reaching Tuscaloosa by the Northern branch.

However this may be, the true purpose and nature of the deal is development of the Warrior coal fields and the utilization of the Warrior river for sending coal to the gulf.

Henry W. Grady's Arrangement of the Liquor Traffic.

(From a speech delivered at Atlanta.) To-night it enters an humble home to strike the roses from a woman's cheek, and to-morrow it challenges this republic in the halls of congress. To-day it strikes the crust from the lips of a starving child, and to-morrow levies tribute from the government itself. There is no cottage in this city humble enough to escape it; no place strong enough to shut it out. It defies the law when it cannot coerce suffrage. It is flexible to cajole, but merciless in victory. It is the mortal enemy of peace and order, the despoiler of men and terror of women, the cloud that shadows the face of children, the demon that has dug more graves and sent more souls unshriven to judgment than all the pestilences that have wasted life since God sent the plagues to Egypt and all the wars since Joshua stood beyond Jericho. It comes to ruin, and it shall profit mainly by the ruin of your sons and nine. It comes to mislead human souls and to crush human hearts under its rumbling wheels. It comes to bring gray haired mothers down in sorrow and shame to the grave. It comes to still the laughter on the lips of little children. It comes to stifle all the music of the home, and fill it with silence and desolation. It comes to ruin your body and mind, to wreck your home, and it knows it must measure its prosperity by the swiftness and certainty with which it wrecks the world.

State Sunday School Convention.

The eleventh session of the Alabama State Sunday School Association will be held at the Methodist Church, in Opelika, Alabama, on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, April 25, 26, 27, next.

All County and District Associations and all Sunday Schools are invited to send delegates. Prof. Hamill, who so delighted the convention at Huntsville last year, will be present as the representative of the International Convention, and many other prominent workers will be on the program.

The railroads in the State have granted a rate of one fare and one-third on the certificate plan. Persons going from points at which through tickets to Opelika can not be obtained, should purchase tickets to Montgomery, Birmingham, Childersburg, as may be most convenient; and at those points purchase tickets to Opelika, taking certificates from both railroad agents.

Programs will be mailed on application to T. L. Jones, Montgomery, President, or to W. H. Williams, Anniston, Chairman of Executive Committee. All delegates will please forward names as soon possible to Mr. E. Brewer, Chairman of Committee on Entertainment, Opelika, Alabama.

For a long time I suffered with stomach and liver troubles, and could find no relief until I began to use Ayer's Pills. I took them regularly for a few months, and my health was completely restored.—D. W. Bates, Newton, N. C.

Mr. Jim Hester visited Calera last Friday.

A Subversive's Confession.

Atlanta Journal. A strange man walked into Governor Northern's office a few days ago and struck him for a loan of \$25. He said he was from Alabama, and he gave as his reference Governor Jones of that State.

While he was talking to the man a letter came from Governor Jones. It asked if Governor Northern would stand security for \$10 for a man from Georgia and Hancock county who had given him as reference.

Governor Northern told the man to come again, and then he wrote to Governor Jones telling him that he would stand good for the \$10 if he, Governor Jones, would stand good for the \$25 the Alabama man wanted.

Governor Northern is patiently awaiting for an answer to his letter.

What is Black?

The best of very many popular answers are here printed in the order of their excellence.

Fighting with the scabbard when the sword is broken.

Moral backbone.

The power of a man to say "no" when he knows his wife wants him to say "yes."

Fearlessness free from foolhardiness.

The chivalry of nature's knight-hood.

That which enables one, when fighting against adverse circumstances and knocked down, to rise and try another round.

The heart of a lion in the body of a man.

The best remedy for despair.

The force which converts an ordinary man into a hero.

Honest daring with caring.

The absence of fear in the presence of danger.

The courage to do the right thing at the right moment.

Irrepressible stout-heartedness.

That which keeps a man up when he is down.

The off-spring of courage and the mother of success.

Moral grit.—Selected.

A Delightful Book—The Marvel's Beverages of a Bachelor.

Not many books by American authors will receive from book-lovers so nearly unanimous a verdict of "delightful" as the Marvel's Beverages of a Bachelor (Donald G. Mitchell), "Reveries of a Bachelor," so the new edition of, reduced in price from \$1.25 to 20 cents (postage five cents extra) just now offered by John B. Alden, publisher, is sure of an immense sale. It is a very pretty volume, large type and dainty cloth binding, notwithstanding its fabulously low price, which is accounted for by the expiration of copyright and the passing into Mr. Alden's hands of the higher priced publisher's rights. Mr. Alden's Catalogue of Choice Books, 128 pages, issued monthly and sent for a two-cent stamp in a veritable literary gold mine. Address, John B. Alden, publisher, 57 Rose Street, New York.

Blank warranty deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., March 24, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 13th, 1893, viz: Madison Powell homestead entry 28996 for the n. w. 1/4 of sec 30 township 10 north range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathan A. Dobbs, Monroe M. Derrin, Francis M. Headley, William P. Hester, all of Kinloch, Ala. March 30—J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 8, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 6th, 1893, viz: Jacob E. Elin, Homestead entry, No. 20827, for the n. w. 1/4 of section 8, township 21 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Cochran, L. C. Burnett, W. T. Vaughn, Bart Cooper, all of Oakmulgee, Ala. March 30—J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 7, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 6th, 1893, viz: Jacob E. Elin, Homestead entry, No. 17394, for the n. w. 1/4 of section 8, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry H. McGee, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala. March 30—J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

W. H. Taylor, BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

Hale, Dingley & Co.

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles.

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, etc.; Elixir Claphams and Gauthier Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Elixir de Millard.

Pointdexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS.

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

Birmingham Steam Dye Works,

OFFICE 301 N 20TH STREET WORKS 17TH ST. & AVE. D

Birmingham, Ala.

Clothing Cleaned, Dyed and Repaired. Straw Hats and Feathers cleaned and dyed. Silk Dresses a Specialty. Relining and Binding done. Goods sent to above address promptly attended to. Send for price list. [sep 8-9]

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

THE VIEW

Solicits Your Job Printing. Good Work.

TODD'S

GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistol

CARTRIDGES.

Pistols, Fishing Tackle.

AND BASE BALL GOODS.

Fine Gun Repairing a Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

Welch Academy.

AT WELCH'S MILL, CHILTON CO., ALA.

Session begins September 19, 1892. The school is situated on the E. T. & O. A. railroad, in a high and healthful locality. Rates: Primary \$1.50; Intermediate \$2.50; High School \$3.50. For further information address,

R. E. R. HICKS, Principal,

Postoffice, Plantersville, Alabama.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Wall Paper, Artists' Materials

And Builders' Hardware.

—IS COMMERCE STREET, MONTGOMERY, - - - - - ALA.

Please write for prices and sample cards.

QUEST CALENDAR.

Charters—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Conventions—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and next Monday in April and November; special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to reach the Editor and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

ESTABLISHED 1880

ALABAMA

TRADE MARK

TO THE CONSUMER:

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.

As tested by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

UNIVERSITY OF LA.

Next Session Begins October 6th, 1892.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law, is free to Alabama students. Entire college charges of a cadet \$182.50. Tuition fee in Law School \$60. Law students do not reside in the College Halls and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school can be admitted to the University by information by addressing the President of the University, For catalogue, address, RICHARD O. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

CHILTON COUNTY

Is the principal center of Alabama. The county seat is Chilton. The population is 15,000. The area is 1,000 square miles. The climate is temperate. The soil is fertile. The crops are cotton, corn, and wheat. The people are friendly and hospitable. The government is good. The economy is strong. The culture is rich. The history is interesting. The future is bright.

The Chilton View.

W. H. LAWRENCE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.
WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.
CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 6, 1893.
VOLUME XII.
NUMBER 23.

CAHEEN BROTHERS & CO.

Corner 1st Avenue and 21st Street,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
THE POPULAR HOUSE OF ALABAMA
To Do Your Trading.

Also the largest house in size and carrying the largest stock, which is convenient to all. We cordially invite the people of Chilton county to visit our store and inspect our grand offerings for the winter season in all kinds of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Shoes, Millinery, Carpets, Window Shades, Gent's Furnishing Goods and Men's and Boys' Hats.

We are offering our entire stock of elegant Men's and Boys' Clothing at cost, to close the stock out. Be sure and pay Caheen's a visit.

SAMPLE ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY!

NEW STORE! KAUFMAN & WEL'S CLOTHING STORE.

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at
NEW PRICES!

Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

TELEGRAPHIC CLEANINGS.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.
Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH

Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Epitomized.
And Important Happenings from Day to Day Tolerably Told.

GEN. KIRBY SMITH DEAD.

The Famous Soldier and Teacher Passes Over the River.
The Last of the Full Generals on Either Side During the Late War.

BILL ARP'S LETTER.

His Sympathies Aroused by the Sorrows and Triflingness of Humanity.
We are More Reconciled to the Inevitable Than to the Unseen.

THE DECISION EXPLAINED.

A New Orleans special of Monday says: As the decision rendered by Judge Billings in the United States circuit court at New Orleans, Saturday, in the case of the Workmen v. the Amalgamated Council of New Orleans, growing out of the general labor strike of last November, is not understood in some circles, the following resume is given by request.

THE TENNESSEE BOMB CASE.

A Nashville, Tenn., dispatch says: Judge Julius J. Deane, of the Shelby county criminal court, has been impeached. The house of representatives has adopted a resolution of impeachment, and the senate is now considering the charges.

UNCLE SAM'S EXHIBIT.

It Will Be Made Up From the Several Executive Departments.
The United States government exhibit at the world's fair will be made up of exhibits from the several executive departments. These exhibits are now being sent to Chicago.

THE INVESTIGATION STOPPED.

Attorney General Olney's Order Regarding the Gate City Bank Case.
The investigation at Atlanta of the Gate City bank failure by the United States grand jury has been brought to a sudden stop. Day and night, for days past, United States District Attorney Darrell and Captain Henry Jackson have been investigating the case.

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Our Price
MEN at \$10 and
cheap at \$15 and
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ROCKFORD QUICK
a large stock of Water
manufactured by A. Schnitz
in Geneva.
LIVY, selected with great
ARE, French and Am
King's Combination
marked at the lowest
fully and promptly rep
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ALA.
MONTGOMERY
Hotel.
New Hotel
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Typewriting.
K, A.L.A.
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Students assisted
ar. Address,
RD, President

CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 6, 1908.

For Bronchitis

"I never noticed the good of a medicine so much as I have in the last few months, during which time I have suffered intensely from pneumonia, followed by bronchitis. After trying various remedies without benefit, I began the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and the effect has been marvelous, a single dose relieving me of choking, and securing a good night's rest."—T. A. Higginbotham, Gen. Store, Long Mountain, Va.

La Grippe

"Last Spring I was taken down with la grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breath seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I begun taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid."—W. H. Williams, Oak City, S. Dak.

Lung Trouble

"For more than twenty-five years, I was a sufferer from lung trouble, attended with coughing or severe attacks at times to cause hemorrhages, the paroxysms frequently lasting three or four hours. I was induced to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking four bottles, was thoroughly cured. I can confidently recommend this medicine."—Francis Redman, Clay Center, Kans.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all druggists. Price 25¢ a bottle. Promptly act, sure to cure.

SCHEDULE N. & N. ALA. RAILROAD.
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING NORTH.
No. 1 Express Departs 5:30 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:44 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 4:05 a. m.
GOING SOUTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 9:25 p. m.
Nos. 6 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

There was a dance at Mr. J. P. Palmer's Friday night.
There was a magic lantern show at the court house Friday night.
A large number of teachers were in town Saturday to draw their pay.
Dr. A. Jackson, dentist of Mobile, is spending sometime in our city.
Mrs. W. I. Mullins and children visited relatives in Verbena this week.
County court convened here Monday and had a good attendance.
Mr. O. A. Duke, of Bainbridge, Ga., is visiting his family at this place.
Mrs. Zella Givhan and sister Miss Inez Collier, visited Birmingham Monday.
Dr. A. E. Bivings and family who have been visiting Montgomery are at home again.
Miss Minnie Lloyd, of Montgomery, is visiting Rev. B. E. Fearin's family at this place.
The subscription price of the View will remain as it was formerly, \$1.50 per annum.
Messrs. Tom, John and Leonard Gullahorn, all of Verbena, have been on a visit here.
Special Bargains in Flour, provided you can pay cash for it. Forty barrels in the lot.
W. L. Samspey.
Mr. W. M. Wright returned to Birmingham Saturday after spending several days in Clanton. He expects to move to Bessemer.
Jno. N. Thornton, Esq., editor of the Calhoun News, published at Wewahatcha, Fla., is in Clanton on a visit to friends and relatives.
If the hair has been made to grow a natural color on bald heads in thousands of cases, by using Hall's Hair Restorer, why will it not in your case?
T. Beverly Holly representing Kaulman & Weil, the Montgomery clothing store, was in town during last week. As an evidence that he means to keep up his reputation as an enterprising citizen it is only necessary to state that he is now a "co."

"Beauty" may be only "only skin deep," but the secret of a beautiful skin is pure blood. These coarse, rough, pimply complexions may, in most cases, be rendered soft, smooth, and fair by the persevering and systematic use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

News reached Clanton Monday morning by a telegram sent Sheriff Moore from Plantersville of the killing of Mr. James Harris by a negro named Alex Shelton. It is said that Harris had a warrant to execute on Shelton, and while endeavoring to discharge his duty was shot and instantly killed. Sheriff Moore left Clanton about noon with a posse of citizens to capture Shelton. It is to be hoped that he will be captured and safely lodged in jail.

FOR SALE.

My residence and a vacant lot in Clanton, also a portion of my household furniture which I do not desire to move, is offered for sale cheap for cash.
W. H. LAWRENCE.

Mrs. Langrish: "Tired! Oh, so tired all the time!" Mrs. Smart, "Well so I am! I began to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral as a spring medicine, and now I don't know what it is to have that tired feeling. Try it, my dear; only be sure you get Ayer's."

The cry of "too much cotton" is heard from all sections, yet it is reported that the farmers of Chilton county are planting more than in previous years. If this is true, how can they expect better times this fall, when certainly an increase in acreage means a lower price for cotton.

An old negro once took his text from the 22nd chapter of Genesis: "These eight did Milcha bear to Nahor, Abraham's brother." He then proceeded to deliver his sermon as follows: "Brethren and sisters let us consider the blessings by which us is surrounded. We have all the comforts of life, with our flocks and herds. Mornin' an' evenin' our wives an' daughters milk our cows an' our wants is supplied. Dis was not so with good old Abraham, for as de text informs me, "hit took eight men to milk a bear," an' I don't reckon dey got great quantity ob milk den."—Constitution.

Some Georgia Proverbs.

Makes hay while the sun shines says the proverb; but that's why there's such a scarcity of hay. When the office seeks the man it is generally attached to six dollars and a ball of red tape. A man who has one house, six week's groceries and a family Bible ought to marry young and live in a hope of a hereafter. This is one of the best worlds we were ever in. It would be a great world, if was not for that street tax and house rent.—Constitution.

Picked Up.

When Matthew the publican had a supper to have some of his old neighbors meet Christ he didn't charge twenty-five cents admission. If poor men knew how hard rich men have to work and how little pay they get they would be better satisfied with their own lot. If you want to give the devil plenty of time to hang around your own home, don't do anything to send the gospel to the heathen. Some of the most disappointed people in the day of judgment will be those who could have had more religion but thought they had enough. The kind of religion that is not contagious is the kind that never speaks half so loud in business as it tries to do in prayer-meeting.

A BABY BOY

Left By a Handsome Stranger at the Home of a Childless Couple.

MONTVALLEY, March 26.—[Special.]—About four miles southeast of this place in a section known as Dry Valley lives a worthy farmer and his wife, named Wiggins. They are childless and have long desired one, so much so that they tried at the Orphan's Home of Alabama and also in Florida, but could never arrange satisfactorily for one. One day last week Mrs. Wiggins was sitting quietly in her room when an elegantly dressed portly looking gentleman appeared before the house in a buggy and inquired if that was Mrs. Wiggins, and being informed that it was, he told her that he had a present for her if she would accept it. She said "yes, I reckon so," whereupon he brought into the house a box covered over with a blanket or robe. She asked him what it was. He then opened the box and there lay sleeping a handsome baby boy about ten days old. Mrs. Wiggins asked him for some information concerning the baby. He replied: "Ask no questions and you will have the less to answer in the future," and before she could say the baby down to look out he was out of sight and gone. No one knew where he was from, nor where he went. The child evidently had been drugged, as it continued to sleep over ten hours. It was dressed in linen and is a handsome, healthy boy. Mr. and Mrs. Wiggins are delighted and only fear that some day some one will lay claim to it. It is supposed to have come from a distance.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Mapleville Notes.

Died, in Mapleville, March 25th, Robert Travis, aged 30 years, the deceased was brought from Eriefield in very low health the day before his death. He had been a great sufferer for seven years with rheumatism being confined to bed, where God in His mercy saw fit to relieve him. He was reconciled to die, and called for his sister a few minutes before his death. Mr. Travis has rented a house here and is engaged in working in a very extensive coal business.
Mr. Frank Kelley has treated his friends to a visit here lately.
Mrs. Mary DuBose has been visiting relatives at Plantersville.
Mrs. A. S. Foshee has been visiting friends at Randolph.
Mrs. T. U. Crumpton has lately been to Mobile.
Mrs. M. E. Glover has greatly enjoyed a visit to Dr. Brand's family, of Randolph.
Mrs. Thomas, a relation of Mrs. A. S. Goodwin, is visiting here.

Stanton Notes.

Saturday night, March 25th, at Plantersville, Mr. Menzo Driskell, the 17 year old son of Mr. Thos. J. Driskell, while fooling with a .38 calibre pistol accidentally discharged it sending a bullet through his brain killing him instantly. Menzo was a promising young man and his untimely death was a great shock to the community. Mr. Driskell and family have the sympathy of this neighborhood.
On the 28th ult., Reverend Lowery and Dunaway held centennial service in Ebenezer church at this place.
Rev. Dr. Teague preached an able sermon in the Baptist church here on the second inst. The Baptist have been without a preacher here for the past few months and it is generally believed that Dr. Teague will be called to this church.
Mr. Ben Glover, of Mapleville, has accepted a position in the Geogary and Coo Lumber Co.'s store and will begin work on the 3rd inst.
A telegraph office was established here on the 1st, and it together with the railroad business will be conducted by agent Tucker, formerly of Greensboro, Ala.

Lily Dots.

Miss Inez Hammond, who has been spending sometime in Birmingham, was at home on a visit recently much to the delight of her friends.
Miss Ollie Garner who has been teaching at Coopers since October is now at home attending school at Isabella.
Mrs. Stanford is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Letcher, of Stanton.
Mr. Lesson Palmer has sold his property here, quit his wife, and gone to Texas taking his seven little children with him.
There was a centennial meeting at Mulberry last Tuesday and Wednesday.
Miss Davis Smithman after several week's visit here among relatives has returned home much to the regret of some of the boys.
Farmers are very busy planting corn.
Mr. John Lee's dwelling and part of its contents were burned last Tuesday morning the 14th ult.
Miss Lulu Fox and brother, of Stanton, were here on a visit last Saturday.
Mr. John Lee visited his brother-in-law, Mr. James Wood, last Saturday and Sunday.
Mr. W. B. Bannmore and wife went to Stanton last Saturday on business.
A mad dog was through this section a few days since which caused a great deal of excitement.

Verbena Views.

The health of our little village is very good only one case of serious sickness, and that of long standing.
Mr. Gullidge and wife, of Rockford, visited his son here last week.
Mr. Wm. Gullidge who is attending school in Montgomery paid our town a visit recently.
Messrs. Barnett, Frank and Crawford were here on a visit to their mother, Mrs. Meriwether, this week.
Mrs. W. S. Pruitt left for her home at Placeville in Monroe Co. last week.
Mr. Frank Barnett, of Montgomery, visited friends and relatives here this week.
Mrs. Harrison, of Montgomery, is on a visit to the family of Mrs. S. M. Ellis.
Miss Elsie Marsh, of Birmingham, is now with her grandparents in Verbena.
Rev. J. E. McCann, pastor of the Verbena Methodist church, commenced a protracted meeting here last Monday evening. He expects the assistance of Rev. Claude Chilton, of Auburn.
Mr. Ed. Wiggins has gone to England to live.
Mr. Tom Gullahorn left recently for Gravelle, Ala., where he expects to make his future home.
Mrs. Mullins and children of Clanton, have been visiting her father, Mr. K. Wells.
Mr. R. B. Warren and Mr. J. Kaufman, of the Capital City, were in town this week also Maj. John Harrell, of Birmingham.
Mr. Higgins, of Coosa, paid us a visit Monday.

Western Cotton.

Some one has discovered that in Savannah, Ga., that there is a manufacturing establishment which for sometime has been secretly turning out tons of rubber, worth \$2,000 a ton and that this rubber is being made out of crude cotton seed oil. It is difficult to give credence to this Aladdinlike story, but if it is true, what a future there is in store for the Southern cotton planter. It was but recently that a stock company with a capital of \$50,000,000 was organized to manipulate the product of a rubber tree forest on the Beni River in South America, but if rubber is to be made of crude cotton seed oil the rubber tree will soon be a thing of the past.

The extensive use of rubber can be judged from the fact that \$50,000,000 of American capital is to be employed in handling the crude product of one South American forest. The United States consumes more rubber than all the rest of the world, importing about \$25,000,000 worth of the crude article a year which is valued at 60 cents a pound.

If cotton oil is to be converted into rubber another \$100,000,000 will soon be added to the value of the cotton crop of the South and millions of dollars will be yearly expended among the laboring classes of the South. With one fourth or one-third added to the value of the cotton crop raising cotton for the seed will almost become as much an item as raising cotton for the lint.

It is to be hoped that the discovery is true. The mere contemplation of it adds a silver lining to the future prosperity of the cotton planter and the entire South.

Another item of equal interest to the South is the announcement that a process has been discovered for manufacturing the finer quality of writing paper from cotton seed hulls, and that an extensive plant is to be soon in operation in a Southern city. This discovery of itself will be of immense value to the South. The work of manufacturing paper employs millions of dollars and is one of the most important industries.

With markets of the world for paper, rubber, cotton oil and cotton goods in the control of the cotton planters of the South, then, indeed, will cotton be king. To these add the control of iron, and steel markets, which is sure to come, the hum of machinery will be heard everywhere and the South will be the centre of the great manufacturing industries of the world.—Ex.

Hon. J. S. Morton has inscribed upon his deceased wife's tombstone, "Caroline French, wife of J. Sterling Morton, and mother of Jor. Paul and Mark Morton. He then took the lady to the cemetery, showed them the inscription and said: "If one of you ever does anything dishonorable, or of which your mother would be ashamed if she were alive, I will chisel your name from her tombstone." All three names are still there.

F. B. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHEE.
• BALDWIN & FOSHEE, •
Attorneys at Law
CLANTON, ALABAMA.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., March 24, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 13th, 1908, viz: Madison Powell homestead entry 28986 for the N. W. 1/4 of sec 30 township 21 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathan A. Dobbs, Monroe St. Dennis, Francis M. Hendley, William F. Hendley, all of Kincheon, Alabama. J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 7, 1908.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 6th, 1908, viz: Jacob Rollin, homestead entry No. 17394, for the S. W. 1/4 of section 6, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry H. McGee, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala. J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

W. H. Taylor,
BARBER.
Clanton, Ala.
Hair Cutting and Shaving.

Hale, Dingley & Co.
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, etc.; Elmer Cinchona and Gentian Compounds; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefeuille.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.
PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

Poindexter & Ellis,
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Italian and Red Room Suits. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

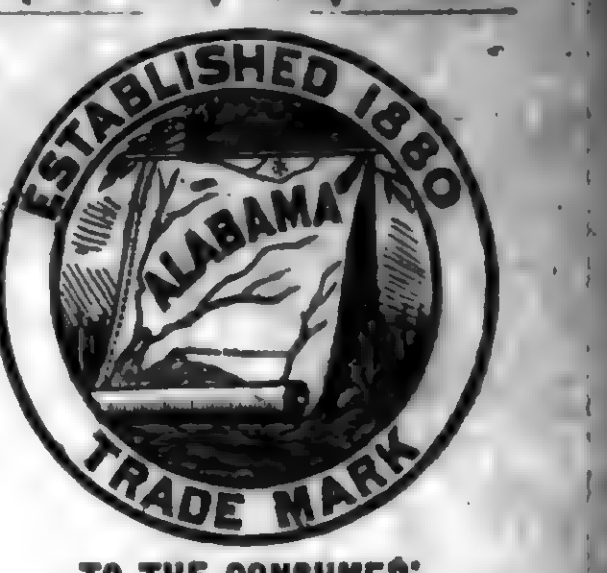
YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.
Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

TODD'S
GUN STORE.
DEALERS IN:
Guns, Pistol
CARTRIDGES.
Pistols, Fishing Tackle.
AND BASE BALL GOODS.
Fine Gun Repairing a Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

INSURE WITH
The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.
Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Cliby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.
W. H. Lawrence, Agt., Clanton.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.
Paints, Oils, Glass,
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Wall Paper, Artists' Materials
And Builders' Hardware.
—IS COMMERCE STREET,
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHANCERY—First Thursday after the second Monday in March, and September, and continue three days.
Circuit—On the twentieth Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.
County—First Monday in each month.
All Advertising Matter to secure a Card of Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.



TO THE CONSUMER:
This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.
As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.
The Alabama Fertilizer Co.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.
Next Session Begins October 6th, 1908.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law, is free to Alabama students. Entire college charges of a student \$162.50. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the College Halls and are not subject to military discipline.
The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address, RICHARD C. JONES, President, University of F. O. Ala.

THE BEST WAY
To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, is via the—
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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Almore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

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Attorney at Law,
AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.
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Send 25¢ for color picture, N. Y. for new price guide. "Grand Look," and with a New Home Sewing Machine Co. catalogue.



A Dead and Dumb Telegrapher.

A telegram operator of Seattle, Wash., is said to be dead and dumb. He died when the message he received, it is said, by reading the movements of the relay armature. The manner in which he received the dispatches is to put his head against the instrument at which he is working, so that he can feel the jerking of the armature.

You wonder's Love in a Quiver. To have material trouble. It is as wide spread as is the human race. But you need Henderson's Sarsaparilla to get over it quickly and completely. Persistent use of this medicine completely eradicates remedy and preventive will flow it, though you have tried all "made" medicines in vain. It is the only cure for the same active should be taken in case of dyspepsia, indigestion, liver and kidney complaint, rheumatism and neuritis.

It is reported that Queen Victoria will leave for her last journey to the prince of Wales.

For Sympathy on the Blood. Weakness, Malnutrition, Indigestion and Biliousness take hold of the system and give strength, making the old person feel young and young persons strong, pleasant to take.

Our annual box product is 4,000,000 cases.

Sufferers from Dyspepsia
Here's something for you to read
Distress in the stomach CURED BY HOOD'S



Miss Jennie Cunningham
South Newmarket, Me.

"When I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, I could eat nothing but very light food, with out having terrible distress in my stomach. I had tried other medicines, which did me no good. Before I had taken a bottle of Hood's, I was able to eat and sleep. I continued to grow better while taking 5 bottles, and now I

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

can eat anything. I have had no distress for months, and I think there is no medicine for dyspepsia like Hood's Sarsaparilla. My appetite is excellent, and my health is very much better than for years." Miss JENNIE CUNNINGHAM, South Newmarket, Me.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal.

"August Flower"

I have been troubled with dyspepsia, but after a fair trial of August Flower, am freed from the vexatious trouble.—J. B. Young, Daughters College, Harrodsburg, Ky. I had headache one year steady. One bottle of August Flower cured me. It was positively worth one hundred dollars to me.—J. W. Smith, P. M. and Gen. Merchant, Townsend, Ont. I have used it myself for constipation and dyspepsia and it cured me. It is the best seller I ever handled.—C. Rugh, Druggist, Mechanicsburg, Pa.

CURES RISING BREAST

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest relief for the distressed mother. It is a safe and reliable remedy for all cases of "MOTHER'S FRIEND" has been used in all cases of the breast, and it is the best remedy for raising of the breast, and worth the price for that.

Best by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of order. All post paid. **BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,** Sold by all druggists. ATLANTA, GA.

A BENT TACK IS USELESS.

HOME TACKS
ARE STRAIGHT TACKS
WHOLE TACKS
SHARP TACKS
THE RIGHT SIZED TACKS FOR ALL HOME USES.

Two Companies—Used in all homes.
Home Tacks, Sold by all dealers
Home Tacks.

RISE SUN STOVE POLISH

Do Not Be Deceived
This is the only Sun Stove Polish which does not burn the iron and burn the paint. It is the only Sun Stove Polish which is safe, durable, and the customer pays for the full value of the product with every package.

Do You Need It?
FREE to every sick person in the U. S. Try It. Cure Chronic Diarrhea or Dysentery in grown persons and children. Cures all Stomach and Bowel Troubles in daily, teaching children. Describe your case. MEDICINE sent free by return mail. With self-addressed, stamped envelope. Address: C. K. KING, My Dr., 514 North Fourth Street, Atlanta, Ga.

SHILOH'S CURE.

Chronic Constipation, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

happenings from Day to Day in the National Capital.

Appointments to the Various Departments—Proceedings of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

The presentation of petitions at the present extraordinary session was stopped at Monday's session at the suggestion of Mr. Gorman, and those petitions that may be received hereafter are to be filed with the secretary of the senate to be presented at the next regular session. The question as to the admission of the three men appointed as senators from the states of Montana, Wyoming and Washington, was taken up in the shape of majority reports from the common privilege and election in favor of their right to seats. Mr. Chandler offered two resolutions, which went over till Tuesday, one calling on the secretary of the treasury for copies of orders, regulations, manifests and certificates prepared and issued in execution of the immigration act of March 3, 1883, and the other instructing the committee on immigration to inquire into the condition and character of alien emigrants and into the working of the law in relation to the admission of alien emigrants and into the working of the law in relation to the admission of alien emigrants and into the working of the law in relation to the admission of alien emigrants.

At Tuesday's session of the senate, Mr. Vance, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, in behalf of the majority of the committee, submitted a report on the case of the Hon. Leo M. Mantle, finding that he is not entitled to his seat as senator from Montana. The report was signed by Messrs. Vance, Gray, Palmer and Mitchell. As in the case of the majority report, presented Monday by Senator Hoar, the minority report deals directly only with the claims of Mr. Mantle, but both are intended to cover as well the cases of all three of the appointed senators—Mantle, Beckwith and Allen. The question presented, according to the minority report, is, could the governor of a state appoint a senator at the beginning of a new term, the legislature being in session and refusing or failing to elect?

The report quotes the constitutional provision and act of 1868, relative to the election and appointment of senators, and then contends that the original terms of senators must begin by being chosen by the legislature. Resolutions to proceed to the election of secretary, sergeant-at-arms and chaplain of the senate, who are not to take office until the 30th of June next, and nominations for those offices respectively: William B. Coates, of North Carolina; William J. Bright, of Indiana; and Rev. Dr. William H. Milburn were offered by Mr. Gorman and laid over until Wednesday. Notice was given by Mr. Hoar that he would call up Wednesday the report of the committee on privileges and elections as to the three senators appointed by the governor. Mr. Hoar also offered resolutions, which went over, instructing the committee on privileges and elections to investigate the allegations of criminal embezzlement made against Senator Roach, of North Dakota, and to report what is the duty of the senate in relation thereto. After a short executive session the senate adjourned.

The senate galleries were crowded Wednesday morning, the spectators being attracted probably by the expectation of a discussion on the pending resolution for the election of officers, for the admission of the senators under appointment by governors, or for the investigation of the charges against Mr. Roach, of North Dakota. There was, however, less than the usual number of senators in attendance. Mr. Hoar called up, at a question of privilege, the resolution reported by him from the committee on privileges and elections, declaring that Leo Mantle is entitled to be admitted to his seat as senator from the state of Montana. The resolution was taken up and the senate entered into a hot debate, to be a protracted debate. Mr. Pugh delivered a constitutional argument in support of the position taken by the committee. The discussion that followed was participated in by senators on both sides of the chamber, most of them indicating concurrence with the views of the majority of the committee, adverse to the admission of the three senators. The question went over till Thursday.

ABOUT THE DEPARTMENTS.
The president sent the following nominations to the senate Tuesday: George D. Dillard, of Mississippi, to be consul general of the United States at Grayson; Ezra W. Miller, of South Dakota, to be attorney of the United States for the district of South Dakota.

A letter from Secretary Morton has been addressed to every bureau in the department of agriculture, asking whether any reduction could be made in the number of his employees without impairment of the public service, it being desirable, in the interest of economy, to lessen the expenses of the department.

The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed for Georgia Tuesday: Adairville, Bartow county, George B. Elrod; Buckhead, Morgan county, Dr. Ellis B. Adams; Fairmount, Gordon county, William H. C. Lloyd; Heardmont, Elbert county, William H. Mattox; Sharp Top, Cherokee county, Charles C. Worley.

After numerous conferences among themselves the republicans members of the senate have decided that they will insist upon an investigation of the charges that have been made in the public prints relative to the character of Mr. Roach, recently elected a senator by the legislature of North Dakota and now occupying a seat in the senate as a delegate.

The senate was in executive session Monday morning for upwards of an hour, and the greater part of that time was consumed in a discussion relative to the injection of secrecy on the part of Russia, that was recently noticed by the senate. The injunction was not, however, released although the majority of the senate is in favor of it, and the proposition also meets with the approval of the state department.

Dr. F. O. St. Clair, for more than twenty years head of the consular bureau in the state department, has been removed. Late Saturday afternoon Secretary Graham sent a note to Dr. St. Clair notifying him that he desired him to tender his resignation at once, and further that his assistant, Mr. W. G.

A REMARKABLE INDUSTRY.

Special Report on Phosphate Mining in the South.

Prepared by Commissioner Tucker, at Washington, D. C., and published by the Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land and Mineral Resources, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Commissioner of Labor Carroll D. Wright has, in compliance with a resolution of the Senate, just forwarded to that body a report on the phosphate industry. The chief material for this report have been collected by Capt. James F. Tucker, one of the department's special agents, and a gentleman thoroughly familiar with the industry. The report gives, in the introduction, a brief resume of the character of phosphate as used for fertilizing, and in chapters I and II a very full account of the industry as it has grown and now exists in Florida and South Carolina. The industry is located in the States of North and South Carolina, Florida and Georgia. But little is done, however, in the first and the last named States. The Commission estimates that there are 187 phosphate mining establishments, 106 being in Florida, 30 in South Carolina and 1 in North Carolina. Phosphates were discovered in South Carolina in 1867-78, and the importance of discovery was promptly recognized and of this number 8,849 are employed by business men. In 1886 the South Carolina mines produced 19,369 tons, while in 1891 they produced 579,940 tons.

The Florida phosphate deposits were discovered in 1878, and their last annual output was 538,037 tons. The last annual output of South Carolina was 698,979 tons, and of the North Carolina mines reported 3,700 tons, or a total for the whole industry of 1,231,708 tons. This quantity was valued at the mines at \$7,193,301.

Operations in all the four states mentioned control 565,000 acres of land and 170,000 miles of river. Of the land, 193,748 acres are in Florida. The total value of the capital invested in plants in the industry is \$4,705,593, and in land, \$14,866,667. The average number of hands employed in the industry is 9,165, and of this number 8,849 are employed in South Carolina mines. The total expenditure for labor for the last year was \$3,478,302.

The average earnings in the Florida land mines was \$211 for each person employed, and in the river mines \$355, a higher average than in any other industry in the river mines than in the land mines. In South Carolina the average earnings in the land mines was \$237 per annum, and in the river mines \$378.

The report gives all the available facts relating to the cost of production and distribution of phosphate, as well as the general statistics, these being given in detail and by summaries. Relative to the opportunities for labor, it is found that wages are very low, so far as rates are concerned, the annual earnings, of course, depending upon the number of hours a mine is operated in each locality.

The average pay of blacksmiths in Florida is \$1.85; blasters, \$1.25; dredgers, \$1.25; engineers, \$1.90; carpenters, \$1.90; captains of dredges, \$3.98; machinists, \$3.45; firemen, \$1.83 and foremen, \$1.98. In South Carolina chief engineers and mechanics receive \$4.16 per day on the average; engineers, \$3.27; foremen, \$3.38; machinists, \$3.54; blacksmiths, \$1.45, and carpenters, \$1.48. All of these wages, for both Florida and South Carolina, are low.

In river mining the averages are usually higher in some respects, carpenters receiving \$3.88 per day; engineers, \$3.20, and machinists, \$3.45 in Florida. In South Carolina, engineers receive \$3.24; foremen, \$3.88; machinists, \$3.81, etc. In addition to the wages paid in the mines, a large body of longshoremen have been brought into employment through the phosphate industry, the amount of wages paid to this class of men being, for 1890, \$191,695; while the wages paid for manipulating and converting phosphate into super-phosphate are estimated at \$1,587,600, or a total wage roll added to the industry of the States named, through the discovery of phosphate, of \$4,183,910, the payment of this large sum being due entirely to the new industry of phosphate mining, and it is considered a most yearly addition to the economic force of States in which the industry is carried on. In addition to this, labor is benefited through the wage cost of transportation, drayage, warehousing and other handling, which in the aggregate amounts to a very considerable sum.

The future opportunities for labor in this industry are best illustrated by considering the quantities of phosphate in sight. The Department of Labor has taken greatest pains to ascertain the future opportunities for labor by collecting information on this particular point. Dr. W. W. Phelps, in "Phosphate of America," gives the lowest estimate for South Carolina, in round numbers, as 15,000,000 tons in sight. This amount, at the present rate of production, would keep the industry in full activity for twenty-eight years.

Capitol Tucker of the Department of Labor has made very careful estimates relative to Florida, North Carolina and Georgia, and other States, and he concludes that in the State of Florida the amount in sight is 183,000,000 tons; for the other States, 1,000,000. These various estimates show a total of 149,055,835 tons of phosphate in sight, and this statement shows better than any other the future opportunities for employment of labor in this industry.

No discovery of any considerable quantities of phosphate have been made during the past two years. Of course, as the commissioner remarks, it is impossible to say what developments will take place in the future in the way of discovery. Opportunities for labor, however, have been considerably added by reference to existing conditions. The estimates are conservative, and probably below rather than above the real facts. The condenser has been to avoid all exaggerations, which come from speculative estimates, and to secure only those judgments which are based upon absolute knowledge and in many cases, upon actual measurements.

Damage from Ice Gorges.
Disasters of Tuesday state that the breaking of the great ice gorge in the Delaware river and the consequent subsiding of the water on farm lands along the Delaware reveals damage that will require years to remedy. It is estimated that the total loss from the freshet amounts to \$1,000,000.

This wheat crop is slightly above an average one in yield, says the Department of Agriculture's report; the acreage sown is 2,754,450 acres, product, 513,240,000 bushels, value, \$94,117,441.

ELLIOT SHEPARD DEAD.

He Dies Suddenly While Under the Influence of Ether.

Colonel Elliot Shepard, editor of the New York Mail and Express, died suddenly Friday afternoon at his home at No. 3 West Fifty-second street, New York.

His death followed the administration of ether by Dr. Charles M. Burney and the family physician, Dr. J. W. McLean, who were about to make an examination to ascertain whether the colonel's suspicion that he suffered from stone in the bladder was correct. Colonel Shepard had been in poor health, but nearly a month ago he noticed symptoms that led him to believe that he was afflicted with stone in the bladder. His doctor advised him to at least submit to an examination and to undergo an operation should it be deemed necessary. Up to Friday morning Colonel Shepard had attended to his business in the usual way.

COLONEL SHEPARD'S DEATH.

About 1 o'clock Colonel Shepard said he was ready for the surgeons, and they, with the nurses, began the work of putting him under the influence of ether. He had inhaled the drug but two or three times when he detected the dangerous symptoms and stopped the inhalation. He sank rapidly and for a time it was feared that he could not be revived. Powerful restoratives were administered. At the end of an hour's work with oxygen, he was restored to partial consciousness.

Apparently to rally until 4 o'clock, then without warning and for no apparent reason, he began rapidly to sink. The oxygen treatment was resumed, but it was of no avail. At 4:30 o'clock he died. He was unconscious, and his death was peaceful. The cause of the death given by the physicians was oedema of the lungs.

SKETCH OF DECEASED.

Elliot Fitch Shepard was born in Jamestown, Chautauque county, N. Y., July 31, 1838. He was educated at the University of the city of New York, admitted to the bar in 1858, and for many years practiced in New York city. In 1861 and 1862 he was aide-de-camp to Governor Seward. Edwin D. Morgan was in command of the depot of volunteers of Elmira, N. Y., and aided in organizing, equipping and forwarding to the field nearly 50,000 troops. He was instrumental in raising the Fifty-first New York regiment, which was named for him, the Shepard Rifles. He was the founder of the New York state bar association in 1876, which has formed the model for the organization of similar associations in other states. In March 1888 he purchased the New York Mail and Express.

AN INQUEST ORDERED.

The certificate of Colonel Elliot F. Shepard's death was sent to the health board Saturday in compliance with the order given as "inhalation of ether." Dr. John T. Nagle, registrar, would not accept the certificate so worded, and would not grant a burial permit. He sent the certificate to the coroner with orders that he make an investigation.

A PECULIAR TRIAL.

Charged With the Offense of Being a Member of "Gideon's Band." A Raleigh, N. C. special says: The trial of S. O. Wilson, chairman of the people's party, and alleged member of "Gideon's band," came up in Wake superior court Saturday. Wilson was charged with the offense of being a member of "Gideon's band," and the solicitor of this judicial district had already agreed upon a plan to dispose of the case, and the witnesses were not to appear several days ago. The trial has attracted attention not only in the county but all over the country. The courtroom was crowded with spectators.

Solicitor Pugh said that the state was ready to allow a non-contentious case on the docket; that the prosecution was intended rather to set an example and not for the purpose of punishing the defendant. Counsel for the defendant said that the evidence of the existence of such an organization was very weak and that there was no direct proof that the defendant belonged thereto, that the defendant pleaded "not guilty," but, rather than be taxed with further costs, they would agree to a noli prosequi. Judge Brown directed the clerk to noli prosequi, Wilson to pay the costs, which are small.

CONVENTION OF GOVERNORS.

Arrangements Being Perfected for the Meeting in Richmond. A Richmond, Va., dispatch of Wednesday says: Arrangements for the proposed convention of southern governors in the effort to secure a proper recognition by the world of the south's resources, which is to be held here April 12th, is still being made. Governors Elias Carr, of North Carolina, and James A. Buchanan, of Alabama, are the only ones who have been officially accepted the invitation. The following have replied to Governor McKinney's invitation, saying they will attend if possible: Governors W. A. McComb, of West Virginia; W. J. Norther, of Georgia; W. J. Evans, of Missouri; Frank Brown, of Maryland; and A. E. Stone, of Mississippi. Governors John Young Brown, of Kentucky, and Henry C. Mitchell, of Florida, have declined the invitation.

THE RIVER NILE.

The Nile has a fall of six inches to the thousand miles. The overflow commences in June every year and continues until August, attaining an elevation of from twenty-four to twenty-six feet above low water mark and flowing through the valley of Egypt in a turbulent body twelve miles wide. During the last flood year there has been but one sudden rise of the Nile, that of 1880, when 30,000 people were drowned. After the waters recede each year the exhalations from the mud are simply intolerant to all except the native. This mud deposit adds about eight inches to the soil every year and covers a muddy embankment from twelve to sixteen feet into the sea every year—Mississippi Times.

In 1794 the first turpentine road was made, sixty-two miles long, between Lancaster and Philadelphia, so called because it was required to be so hard that a pike could not be driven through it.

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USEFUL HINTS.

New bread should not be placed in a stove for or the best not cold. The freshness of vegetation is preserved by putting the stalks into cold water. If most exhibits signs of "turning" put it at once in a hot oven for half an hour.

Milk absorbs disagreeable odors, and oftentimes becomes unfit for use without turning sour. For a burn or scald, make a paste of baking soda applied immediately, and cover with a piece of soft linen. For toothache hold warm water, in which a little carbonate of soda has been dissolved, in the mouth.

When putting away steel knives, rub the blades with a flannel dipped in oil and in an hour wipe with soft flannel. A cooking stove not serving its normal use is not the poorest of refrigerators. The oven is free from dust and flies. A warm bread-and-butter poultice, with a healing, balsamopotent of pulverized charcoal, will cure carbuncles. Apply warm, and when cold apply another.

A Possible Discovery.

Perhaps you never wrote on the outside of your sheet and then on the inside before you discovered that you had a sheet within a sheet, or blurred or blotted a letter that you were finishing with a flourish and had no time to rewrite.—Boston Commonwealth.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Stomach Distress, use Brown's Iron Bitters.—They stop an attack of indigestion and very promptly. For Coughs and Throat Troubles use Brown's Bronchial Trochaea.—They stop an attack of cough and very promptly. If afflicted with eye sore use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle. Our hats cost us \$100,000,000 less a year than we pay for our shoes.

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SYRUP OF FIGS.

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidney, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, head-aches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

AN ASTONISHING TONIC FOR WOMEN.
McLELLAN'S
WINE OF CARDUI

It Strengthens the Weak, Quiesces the Nerves, Relieves Monthly Suffering and Cures FEMALE DISEASES. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST ABOUT IT. \$1.00 PER BOTTLE. CHATTANOOGA MED. CO., Chattanooga, Tenn.

BICYCLES.
Complete line of high, medium and low grade, road, racing, touring, and all kinds. Best stamp for catalogue and price. Free. Catalogue sent on request. Second-hand Bicycles, and all kinds of repairs. Free. Catalogue sent on request. BICYCLE DEPARTMENT, LIVERY HARD, 28 Franklin Street, Atlanta, Ga.

AN IDEAL FAMILY MEDICINE
For Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Constipation, Offensive Breath, and all kinds of ailments. Free. Catalogue sent on request. LITTLE'S PEPPERMINT CURE, 28 Franklin Street, Atlanta, Ga.

MUST HAVE
Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of order. All post paid. **BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,** Sold by all druggists. ATLANTA, GA.



were about 100. Many of the inmates jumped from the windows into a creek and several people were badly burned. The Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburgh depot and freight train was entirely destroyed also Leroy's grocery store. Five people are dead, and twenty-five were injured.

Blamed at Hancock.

The department of state was informed Wednesday by telegram from San Francisco of the arrival of the steamer Austria and announcing the arrival of Cuban refugees. It was the steamer left port just after the revenue cutter, Balli, arrived, there was nothing in the telegram beyond the mention of an arrival.

CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 13, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.50
One copy six months .75
One copy four months .50

The Northport Breeze is four years old and is prosperous and happy.

Montgomery Advertiser: Mr. W. H. Lawrence who has for a number of years successfully conducted the View, published at Clanton Chilton County has disposed of it to Mr. F. B. Baldwin. He has made a good paper and honestly and conscientiously advocated the policy which he deemed for the best interest of his county, State and Country. His old associates of the press wish for him great prosperity in any business he may in the future undertake. Mr. Baldwin is well equipped for the work upon which he has entered. He is like his predecessor a staunch Democrat and will keep the View in good old Democratic paths. Chilton is one of the worst Third Party counties in the State, but the heaven of pure doctrine which is weekly supplied by the View will yet have its effect. Mr. Baldwin has hard work before him but he will move equal to the task. The Advertiser wishes him great success.

Just as the organs of fraudocracy were preparing to declare that all the Kolb people are outlaws and to cast them into the outer pit, President Cleveland sends forth the assurance that it is probable that he will recognize that faction of democrats by bestowing appointments upon them. This has changed the tone of the fraudocrats very perceptibly; for it disclosed to them the folly of the intolerance and foolhardy course they have been pursuing. It could not bring them to a sensible and wise position in the matter, for their minds are so beclouded with prejudice and spitefulness that they would not reach that attitude without a miracle should be performed on them. It may be that Grover just dropped that flattering unctious to make Kolb folks feel good in the interim, to be collapsed with regrets when the appointments shall be made. Or it may be that he will adopt the Jeffersonians as the only true democrats in the State. Later developments will demonstrate as to that.—Alliance Herald.

The idea, the Alliance Herald says, of Cleveland appointing the "bob-tail democrats." Of course Mr. Cleveland will accept the Jeffersonian Democrats as the true blues. The Herald is a paper which is born of prejudice—a paper which is sustained by ignorance and the "hoodie" of the Republican party. Hurrah for Chris Magee.

Mr. A. T. Goodwyn, chairman of the "Jeffersonian Democracy" has called a meeting of its executive committee at Birmingham for May 17th. What does it mean? This question is asked (through mere idle curiosity, and not from fear of the immediate overthrow of our national government) by nearly everyone. It can be as easily answered as asked.

In November last the leaders of this party, for and in consideration of a certain sum to them in hand paid by Chris Magee the receipt whereof they duly acknowledged, promised to turn over into the Republican ranks the farmers of Alabama, so they are now endeavoring to make good their word. There is still another cause for Mr. Goodwyn's restlessness. There is a man in Alabama who from constant (not fast) running, has in railroad, phraseology a "hot box." Mr. Goodwyn sees that the "brass" is not worn enough to prevent him from starting on another trip, but at the same time it is very perceptible to him that it is impossible for this gentleman to reach the desired destination. So Mr. Goodwyn says I have always had a quantity of "brass," and having recently occupied a seat in the State Senate, and am now being honored with the chairmanship of the executive committee, of my party, I believe I will nominate myself for Governor. Yes, "hot box" you go home and plant "water-melons" for the campaign (as it will commence at once) and give me a chance and I will show you how to lead the "children of Israel" out of darkness. Then when Chris comes we will be in it.

The Duty of the Hour.

For thirty years of unbroken continuity the Republican party has been in power prior to March 4th, 1863, and under its regime and administration of governmental affairs the prevailing methods of revenue and finance have gradually and insidiously grown into their present proportions, and as a part of their legitimate fruitage have culminated in building up huge monopolies, far-reaching combinations by heartless speculators to control and increase the prices of food, and other necessities of life: the fostering of protected industries, (so called) in the interest of the wealthy few, and legalizing the robbery of the working classes by governmental favoritism.

The constant trend of this system has been the aggregation of money in the hands of a select number of individuals, and the amassing of colossal fortunes, and the establishment of a money power, under the shadow of the capital, whose insidious influence imperils the liberty of the people, and threatens to subvert the integrity of the Republic.

Under the paternal practices of this dominant party, the tendency constantly has been for the rich to grow richer, and the poor to become poorer; favoritism and the rank injustice has characterized the conduct of those in authority, and the law making and the law executing powers have been prostituted from their original benevolent purposes, and exercised in behalf of unworthy objects, and party zealots.

This course of policy, in connection with the most corrupt, stupendous, fraudulent pension system of any government on the face of the earth, has gradually brought about a state of monetary distress and financial stringency, wide spread in character, and disastrous in consequences, and as a result the people became restless, and cried aloud for reform, and a return to the true principles of constitutional government, on which the American republic was founded. In other words, "A government of the people, by the people, for the people." Under this inspiration, the Presidential battle of November 1892, and in Grover Cleveland ("the Man and the hour met") and the democratic hosts were led to overwhelming victory. In the light of these events, and exigencies of the present, what is the duty of this people—the Southern people?

Oppressed, outraged and systematically robbed under the forms of law by the Republican party, until they have been impoverished to the verge of ruin, they should rally as one man to the support of their leaders. Let no unholly thirst for office; no imaginary wrong or slight; no artificial insinuations or specious pleas of political demagogues, and enemies in disguise alienate us from this high and holy duty. In this fight there is no middle ground; consequences of tremendous import are involved: our friends are at the helm to guide the "Ship of State" and the surging waves; powerful and unscrupulous are thundering at the very citadel of our liberties, and shall we palter with the danger, and waste precious time in petty wrangling over insignificant quibbling, in the face of such perils? President Cleveland is the friend of the South and is dealing liberally, nay magnanimously with her people: he has recognized her claims to share in the government, by appointing some of her most honored sons to high positions of power and place, and he stands ready to interpose his authority in her behalf, in vindication of every just right to which she is entitled.

What more can we ask—and what higher duty of citizenship revolves upon us, than to co-operate with, and stand united by him? He is the embodiment of Democratic principle: inflexibly honest, rigidly economical; of unquestionable integrity, and with the fires of patriotism glowing on the altar of his heart with a steady and undimmed fervor, that concentrates him to the welfare and happiness of the American people.

Mr. Cleveland is the "Man of Destiny," raised up as we believe by the hand of God, to champion the cause of the people, in this great emergency, and if they will rally to his side, and give him the moral prestige of a united, and hearty support, he will lead them out of the wilderness of their troubles, into the promised land of deliverance and prosperity.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Advantage of the M. T. & M.

The Birmingham Age-Herald says of the prospects for the building of the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis road:

The building of the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis railroad would make Montgomery's railroad position superb. It would give her permanent control of a vast territory and go very far toward a spurt of development that would make her a center of cotton manufacturing, as she ought to be. Here's to Montgomery. The commencement of work on the railroad nearly two hundred miles long in Alabama would give an impulse to development throughout the State. The fact that so costly an expansion was being undertaken by a corporation so conservative as the Mobile and Ohio railroad would instill confidence into the minds of the people throughout the country, and raise the value of every security Alabama has to offer. It would distribute several hundred thousand dollars among the people for material and labor. One of its immediate and peculiar effects upon Birmingham would be to centralize her position with reference to the material development of the State. Heretofore everything south of this immediate valley, except a few coal mines, has been agricultural. The course of development has confined itself mainly to the northward of an east and west line running through Birmingham. It is highly important here to us that centers of activity should grow up all around us and accentuate our position as the grand center of the industrial movement, and not its southern frontier.

Hogs are in demand and are now considered too valuable to be neglected. It is refreshing to think that the hog, which is the backbone of the cotton crop, is no longer pushed out into the thickets to "root hog or die." If bacon would go up to 20 cents per pound and remain at that figure for a few years, the South would be literally transformed, and we should behold thrift and independence where we now find wretchedness.

The hogs would have a chance to help themselves instead of squealing around fence corners. He would be found on the inside instead of the outside. There would be a carpet of green placed under his feet, and his cunning master would have him fill up the intervals of his short life in gathering rye, oats, berries, plums, peaches, apples, peas, corn, peanuts and forest nuts, grinding down cane and extracting the juices. Our Western friends would have to look out another market for their products. With the help of hope-made bacon, cotton growing would be more profitable.—Live-Stock Journal.

"Smith of Birmingham." The Anniston News is red-hot for "Smith of Birmingham." It says: Smith of Birmingham, wants to be Minister to Liberia. Smith ought to have it. Smith did valiant work for Democracy last summer, and it should be rewarded.

Smith is a democrat and it takes moral courage for a negro to fight against the Republican party. Smith is smart and capable. Smith is an Alabamian, an Alabamian is just as much entitled to a Smith in a high place as is Georgia. Smith wants to go to Liberia. Alabama is just as good as Georgia and has just as many Smiths even though some of them are a little off color. Smith we're for you.

In an editorial on the cotton mills coming South, the Savannah News says:

"In cotton manufacturing the South is gaining rapidly on the North. It will not be long before the English spinners will begin to erect plants in the South for the manufacturing of cotton goods: If they do not so they will find their export trade slipping away from them because the advantage in the Southern States for manufacturing cotton goods are greater than anywhere else in the world."

It is estimated by the information bureau of the World's Fair that 40,000 editors are coming and each one wants a free ticket for himself and family. Already 7,500 have applied for season tickets, 15,000 have applied for tickets that will hold a week. The management is at a loss to know what to do about it.

We will be glad to hear from the farmers through the columns of the View. You can exchange ideas which will probably benefit you. This request is intended for the farmers, not the "would be farmers." Nearly every article purporting to come from farmers and giving them advice how to plant their cotton, corn, etc., is written by men who have never seen a farm; yes, from those who don't know a "dooley yam," from a "horse apple." Let us hear from practical farmers. Come, let us reason together.

There are some people who would kick if they were given a seat in "Heaven." The Alliance Herald is mad because Cleveland appointed Mr. Gresham, originally an alliance man to occupy the chair of Secretary of State.

Sunday's Advertiser contains a very interesting sheet. It gives the number and list of Alabama's dead who are buried at Holly Wood. A confederate soldier is an honor to any community.

In November last the grave of the People's Party was dug and filled up. When you die don't say that the report is false; but accept the inevitable.

Just so long as the Alliance Herald and other papers of the same calibre continue publication just so long will Democracy be victorious.

It is reported that a "Third Party" will be organized in Chilton. That's right help the cause of Democracy.

The confidence that the people have in Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a blood medicine is the legitimate and natural growth of many years. It has been handed down from parent to child, and is the favorite family medicine in thousands of households.

A great writer spoke wisely when he said: "For drunkenness, drink cold water, for health, rise early; to please all, mind your own business."

"Six days shalt thou labor," says the great lawgiver. To do good work must beat his best. This condition is attained by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It overcomes that tired feeling, quickens the appetite, improves the digestion, and makes the weak strong.

Luck, says Cobden, is always waiting for something to turn up. Labor with keen eyes and strong will, will turn up something. Luck lies in bed, and wishes the postman would bring him news of a legacy. Labor turns up at six o'clock, and with busy pen or ringing hammer, lays the foundation of a competency. Luck whines, Labor whistles. Luck relies on chance. Labor depends on character. Luck slips down to indigence. Labor strides upward to independence. "The sluggard will not plow by reason of the cold; therefore shall he beg in harvest, and have nothing."

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Klages, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body were continually afflicted with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Botanic Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

Blank warranty deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
Attorney at Law,
CLANTON - ALABAMA.
Box 24.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 7, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 9th, 1893, viz: Jacob Bollin, Homestead entry, No. 12384, for the S. 1 of S. 1 of section 6, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry H. McGee, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala. mar7-9 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., April 8, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala., on May 27, 1893, viz: Wiley V. Newton, Homestead entry, No. 10122 and 2482, for the E. 1 of S. 1 of S. 1 of section 34, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: T. J. Henderson, of Mountain Creek, Ala., Thomas Parish of Bozeman, Ala., Simon Green, of Verbeia, Ala., Jason Dennis, of Prattville, Ala. J. H. BINGHAM, Register. apr8-9

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., March 24, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 13th, 1893, viz: Madison Popwell, Homestead entry, No. 12384, for the S. 1 of S. 1 of section 34, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathan A. Dobbis, William M. Derlin, Francis M. Hendley, Milton P. Hendley, all of Kinchen, Ala. mar24-9 J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

B B B
BOTANIC BLOOD BALM
A thoroughly tested Remedy
FOR BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.
This standard remedy has been tried, and not found wanting, for forty years by an emigrant and unvarying success for all diseases for which it is recommended. It quickly and effectively drives out the disease from the system through the medium of the skin, and is a powerful purifier and enricher of the blood and brings health to the sufferer. As a general tonic it is without a rival, and in its analysis of healing properties it is absolutely beyond comparison with any remedy ever offered to the public. It is a powerful and reliable blood purifier, and is the result of the most scientific and most powerful blood purifier ever known to man. It is sold in bottles of 25¢ and 50¢ per bottle; \$1.00 for 6 bottles. For sale by druggists; if not, send to us. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATE FOR PROFIT
BY ATTENDING
MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, ATLANTA.
A High-Grade Business Training School.
Have placed over 400 students in business. The best business training school in existence. The only school in the South conducted on the ACTUAL BUSINESS PLAN. Students enter any time. Send for circulars.
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YES, WE ARE *TO* BLAME!



The assertion has been made by merchants of this city that we are ruining the prices this season on

CLOTHING, HATS * AND * FURNISHING

But it matters little what our competitors may say. It is the Public we are trying to please and we favor we ask. You can depend upon it.

You Cannot Equal Our Price

We are showing some SUITS FOR MEN at \$10 and other merchants would think them cheap at \$15 and we ask you to COMPARE not alone our Prices but Goods. COMPARE quality and workmanship. Then your only safe guide.

BASE BALL BAT AND CAP given free each suit in our Children's and Boys' Department.

ALEX. RICE.

MONTGOMERY, - - ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

—DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROSEFORD-QUICK-WATKINS, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schmeidler, Dresden, and the watches he had made especially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers. The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest possible price. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH, (Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue

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WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY

Stop at the

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New Hotel

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EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS

The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry St.

J. A. NEWCOMB, Mgr.

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE.

SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING.

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BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women sent for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in securing employment. Send for circular. Address, AMOS WARD, President.

CHILTON

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 13, 1893.

For Scrofula

"After suffering for about years from scrofulous sore and arms, trying various means without benefit, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a wonder the result. Five bottles of Ayer's Pills completely cured my skin. I am now a healthy man."—E. J. Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Catarrh

"My daughter was afflicted a year with catarrh. The pain was so great that she was unable to get up. I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and in three months the catarrh was completely cured. My daughter is now a healthy child."—Mrs. J. Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Rheumatism

"For several years, I was afflicted with inflammatory rheumatism, and at times as to be unable to get up. For the last two years, the effects of the disease have been completely cured. I am now a healthy man."—E. J. Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

For all blood diseases

best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢ per bottle.

Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. L. A. Trains pass Clanton daily.

GOING SOUTH

No. 1 Express Don't stop at Clanton.

No. 3 Mail

No. 9 Accommodation

GOING NORTH

No. 2 Fast

No. 4 Express

No. 10 Accommodation

No. 8 and 10 make up and stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREWERY

Mr. J. M. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. O. A. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. R. H. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. A. L. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. W. H. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. J. M. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. O. A. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. R. H. Potts, proprietor

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Clanton, Ala.

Mr. A. L. Potts, proprietor

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Mr. W. H. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

Mr. J. M. Potts, proprietor

Clanton, Ala.

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RD, President

CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 13, 1903.

For Scrofula

"After suffering for about twenty-five years from scrofulous sores on the legs and arms, trying various medical courses without benefit, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a wonderful cure was the result. Five bottles sufficed to restore me to health."—Bonifacio Lopez, 207 E. Commerce st., San Antonio, Texas.

Catarrh

"My daughter was afflicted for nearly a year with catarrh. The physicians being unable to help her, my mother recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed her advice. Three months of regular treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills completely restored my daughter's health."—Mrs. Louise Belle, Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Rheumatism

"For several years, I was troubled with inflammatory rheumatism, being so bad at times as to be entirely helpless. For the last two years, whenever I felt the effects of the disease, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and have not had a spell for a long time."—E. T. Hansbrough, Elk Run, Va.

For all blood diseases, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25c per bottle, 60c for three bottles, and Cures others, will cure you

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. L. RAILROAD.

Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:29 a. m.
No. 5 Mail 5:44 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 5:50 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.
No. 8 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular station.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. J. M. Potts paid Memphis a visit last week.

Mr. O. A. Duke, Jr., visited Verbena Sunday last.

Mrs. B. H. Chestnut is visiting relatives in Aniston.

Mr. Jake Lavinsky, of Cooper's Station, was in town Friday.

Prof. F. G. Godey, of Jemison, was in town on business Saturday.

Mr. Glauco Evans, of Aniston, visited relatives at this place Tuesday.

Mrs. M. A. Green has returned to Clanton after a visit to Talladega.

Mrs. Dr. Wren, of Talladega, is visiting Mrs. Hannon at this place.

Mrs. W. H. Foshee and Miss Jessie Jones visited Mulberry recently.

Miss Hattie Bell Aldridge, of Wadsworth, visited relatives here last week.

Miss Ella Gartman has taken charge of a flourishing school at Dukes mill.

We are glad to state that Mr. W. A. Phillips is recovering from a protracted spell of sickness.

A valuable book on the "Treatment of the Horse," given away by any one calling at this office.

Mrs. G. O. Logan, of Verbena, visited Misses Delaney and Nannie Duke at this place lately.

A party of young people went out to the foot washing at Ebenezer Church from this place Sunday.

Ehrman and Merritt have purchased a new dinky for their mill—"Big Mack." It arrived last Friday.

Mr. J. P. Allen and family, of Jemison, visited Mr. John Garner's family at this place last Friday.

Mrs. J. S. Crew and Miss Mamie Ware, of Goodwater, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Nolen of this place last week.

Messrs. Ehrman and Merritt have employed Mr. J. H. Chandler as machinist for their mill. He went to work last week.

The trees have begun to put forth their leaves, which tells us that spring is here, and picnic time is approaching.

Messrs. W. H. Foshee, H. J. Callen, Tom Brown, W. H. Brown and others went out on Coosa River last week on a big hunt and fishing frolic. They reported a jolly time and plenty of fish to eat.

No further news has been received as to the killing of Mr. Jim Harris. Nothing as to the whereabouts of Alex. Shelton. However the good citizens of Plangiersville neighborhood will use all caution and means to capture him. It is to be hoped that they will be successful.

Mr. J. E. Jones, of Pleasant Grove, was in Clanton last Saturday on business.

Baldwin is often preceded or accompanied by grayness of the hair. To prevent both baldness and grayness, use Hall's Hair Renewer, an honest remedy.

Died

Last Monday night at 11:15 o'clock Mrs. J. T. Kicker, of Dukes mill after a period of short illness. She was buried near Dukes mill Wednesday. We extend sympathy to the family.

On Monday morning April 10th there gathered together at the court house about twenty-five farmers to hear Dr. Groce, State Alliance lecturer. Dr. Groce in his argument admitted that the country was more prosperous than ever before. Mr. Honeycutt, undoubtedly one of the most enlightened and cultivated probate judges of the State said it was the duty of all Alliancemen to be faithful to their order and also advanced some ideas of economy was the decision of all that if a vote had been taken at the close of the meeting Cleveland would have been unanimously elected.

The Social Game.

"Don't go girls, don't," said a silver haired friend of my mother's, who visited us occasionally, when we were talking of attending a card party.

"Don't go girls, don't," she repeated.

"Why, aunt Mattie?" we asked.

"Everybody plays now. Just a few evenings ago we were at Professor Ball's: cards were brought and we all played. The professor's son and daughter both engaged in the amusement, and all the best families do the same."

"Even if all those you speak of helped in card playing, does this make it right?" she asked.

No, but if such families think it right, I would not like to set myself up as a pattern of goodness, and refuse their invitations, and thus tell them their actions wrong."

I answered impatiently.

Aunt Mattie's face flushed and I noticed her thin hands trembled, as she brushed back a silver lock from her forehead. She looked at me a moment with a blending of pain and tenderness; then said:

"Mina, if you will listen I will tell you something of my past life."

I told her I would be glad to listen. She continued:

"Along time ago I was the mother of a darling little boy. My husband died when he was but three years old. All my care, all my emotion was for that boy. I tried to teach him to be manly, to be honest and to do right under all circumstances. I had money enough to give him every advantage he needed for education and position. At the age of twenty he graduated in a university of standing, was a large fine looking man, and I expected to see him rise and fill some honorable and useful position."

Then as now it was the habit of some to play cards for amusement. I tried to persuade Joe not to play, for I always had a kind of aversion to that kind of pastime. For a time he heeded my wishes. But one evening a young lady whose society he loved, and who had a strong influence over him, persuaded him to play his first game with her. What a pity that woman's hands should ever lead astray. Cards had a strong fascination for him. In less than a year from the time he played his first parlor game he was a confirmed gambler.

"One night, playing, he lost and lost heavily. He lost not only his own money but some he had in trust. When the last dollar was gone being wild from his loss, and beaten with wine, he arose from the table, drew a knife and buried it in the body of his antagonist. He was sent to prison for life. For ten long dark years I was the mother of a murderer; then a change came. He was taken sick; he tossed on a bed of pain of many long weeks. One night he stepped out of his prison bed, and went into the great unknown future. For long years the grass has been growing upon his grave, but no time can make me forget my great sorrow nor the cause of it."

"Now, girls don't go to card parties. Don't engage in that sort of amusement. Don't be the means of giving some young boy a knowledge which may lead to ruin. Women should lead to purity and good. She will never do it by card playing."—Western Advocate.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Hapeville Dots.

Miss Leah Paker of Columbiana has been visiting Miss Marion Kelly of this place.

Rev. Dr. Teague has been the guest of Mr. T. U. Crumpton.

The Misses Abney have been visiting here.

Rev. Mr. Shores gave us a most excellent sermon last Sunday. He will preach here on the 5th Sunday in this month.

Dr. McKiver has been here in his profession from Orville.

Mrs. Wadsworth has been visiting friends here.

Small parties of pedestrian fishermen are now often seen. Strawberries are now being enjoyed by those fortunate enough to have a bed.

Lilly Dots.

We are having beautiful weather for farming, and the farmers are busy with their work.

Quarterly conference will be held at Isabella next Friday the 14th inst.

Miss Geneva Jones who has been traveling for sometime is now at home.

Miss Leah Rasher has been visiting friends at Jemison.

Mr. James Cooley went to Selma on business last week.

Madam Rumer has it that Mr. B. will soon enter the blissful state of matrimony. Success to him.

Rev. B. E. Fugitt preached an excellent sermon at Isabella at his last appointment.

Little Josie Atchison had a narrow escape one night last week, as he went to have his gun which was sitting in one corner of the room, he let it drop and the hammer striking the floor it was discharged. The load missed his head about two inches.

The community met last Saturday and cleaned off the Isabella cemetery. It was greatly needed.

Mr. Daniel Fox, of Stanton, was up on a visit last Saturday.

Mr. J. C. Sewell, of Selma, was up on business last week.

Verbena Views.

Misses Sadie Dently of Rockford and Miss Lila Haynie of the Capital City two charming young ladies have been the guests of Miss Lila Guldge.

Miss Alice Marbury one of Bonanza's fairest young ladies has been visiting friends here.

Mr. Will Pitts, of Montgomery, has been visiting his old home here.

Miss Mary Brown, of Autauga, has been visiting relatives at the Clifton House.

Mr. Ed. Wingate, of Saginaw, spent the Sabbath with relatives in our city.

Miss Belle Maull, of Elmore, is the charming guest of relatives in Verbena.

Mrs. W. G. Merrivether, died on the 10th inst. The funeral services were held in the M. E. Church.

They were conducted by Rev. J. P. Sanders, of Wetumpka, he was assisted by Rev. J. E. McCan. It was a beautiful and impressive service. A large assembly of friends and relatives attended the funeral. The family have the sympathy of this community.

Messrs. Joel Barnett C. A. Wilcox, W. W. Thrasher, M. Sable, A. T. Hannon, C. F. Hannon, and Dr. B. P. Ivey, all of Montgomery, visited our city recently.

We wish our new editor much success in his new enterprise and may he by the sweat of his brow reap his full portion of joy and happiness.

Jemison Jottings.

Gentle spring is here. The flowers are in bloom and the girls look prettier than ever.

Mr. D. L. Langston and bride have returned from their bridal trip and taken rooms at the Jemison Hotel.

Prof. J. E. Jones, of Pleasant Grove, was up last Friday to see his best girl, Well, John the spelling book says Friday is as lucky as any other day.

A social entertainment was given on last Friday evening at the hospitable home of Mr. and Mrs. Mason, complimentary to their lovely guest, Miss Ella Farrington.

Mr. J. O. Smith has moved his family here. His charming daughter, Miss Annie, makes a desirable addition to Jemison society.

There are no vacant houses in town which shows that our population is rapidly increasing.

Mrs. Garner, of Oxford, Ala., has taken charge of the Jemison Hotel.

John Adams and Prof. Godey were out last week on a hunt and bagged a nice lot of game.

The school interest is on a "boom" here. We have two schools, employing three teachers. Mrs. Redding is teaching at her residence. Mrs. Frank Palmer and Miss Belle Watts are teaching in the academy.

We are to have a new public school building by September.

Prof. F. G. Godey left Monday for Texas where he goes to accept the principalship of one of the leading schools in the "Lone Star State."

The young ladies have been canvassing the town this week in the interest of the Sunbeam Society.

The building for the new drug store is about completed.

Mrs. Luella Merrivether, has gone beyond the sea, beyond the sky to that far away home of the soul. Amid the shadows and sufferings of earth, through months of weariness and pain, her faith grew strong enough to grasp Heavens bright forever, and while deep in that darkest valley, "brushing the dew on Jordan's bank," her spirit rejoiced with perfect submission to the will of our father in Heaven.

She was endowed with a bright intellect and her natural sprightliness of temperament and power of conversation drew around her many friends. Under the pruning hand of disease her life blossomed into lovelier character. She was conscious to the last moment on earth, and standing by one so near to the "king in his beauty," her soul bathed in the light of hope out of the depths of mystery, flashed this truth, "through suffering we are made perfect." She was a true good wife, an industrious careful mother, an affectionate sister and a kind neighbor and friend.

The morning of the 6th of April dawned on a stricken house hold, she was the centre of home, the light of that happy circle, and the devoted faithful husband and six sorrowing children are left in the bitterness of grief, but why should the waters murmur discontent when they are rippling home to the sea, and why should we regret when a loved one is called from suffering to a happy home. We can only pray that their dear hearts may rest in the fathomless sea of our fathers love, in which so many hopes are anchored to-day.

Mr. En.—Doubtless the Verbena correspondent will chronicle the death of Mrs. Merrivether, but will you also and the hammer striking the floor it was discharged. The load missed his head about two inches.

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Hale, Dingley & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.
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J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

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CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for medicinal purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

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SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Chests, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

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FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Upholstery, Mattresses and Bed Room Suits. Solid Oak Suits, Parlor, Dining Room, and Kitchen Suits. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$25 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the **BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.**

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

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Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

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W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address at Montgomery, Ala.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
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Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Wall Paper, Artists' Materials
And Builders' Hardware.
—18 COMMERCE STREET,
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COURT CALENDAR.
Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.
Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.
Commissioners' Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.
County—First Monday in each month.
All Advertising Matter to secure a Court Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

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TO THE CONSUMER:
This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.
As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.

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A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

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The University embraces Classical Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all courses except law, is free to Alabama students. Entrance fee in law school \$50. Tuition fee in law school \$50. Law students do not reside in the College Halls and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address, RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

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WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Happenings from Day to Day in the National Capital.

Appointments in the Various Departments—Proceedings of the Senate.

THE SENATE.

The senate, Monday, began the fifth week of its extraordinary session with a fair attendance of senators in their seats and with a large audience in the galleries. The rights of three senators from the states of Montana, Washington and Wyoming to seats in the senate was discussed in affirmation of that right by Mr. Turpie. Another question as to a senator's right to a seat was raised by the presentation of a petition from Joseph W. Ady, of Kansas, asserting that Mr. Martin, who was sworn in as a senator from that state at the opening of this extraordinary session, was not duly elected and that he now desires to be admitted to the seat. Mr. Stewart presented resolutions of the Nevada legislature in favor of the passage of an act for refunding the indebtedness of the Central Pacific Railroad Company to the government, provided that the act did not interfere with the free and unlimited coinage of silver—the principal argument being that if the property of the company should pass into the hands of the government it would be exempt from state and local taxation. The resolutions were referred. Mr. Hoar offered a resolution declaring it inexpedient to pass the joint resolution of the last house of representatives for a committee on the part of the popular election of United States senators. The report of the committee on privileges and elections, in favor of the admission of the three senators appointed by the governors of Montana, Wyoming and Washington was then taken and Mr. Turpie made an argument in support of it. He devoted a good deal of his argument to the meaning of the words "vacancy" and "happening," as used in the constitution with reference to the senate and contended that they were not to be construed in a narrow sense of an accidental occurrence, but must be regarded as used in the most general sense. When Mr. Turpie concluded his speech, Mr. Vest took the floor to address the senate on the same subject, but yielded to a desire for an executive session. He made a motion to that effect and the senate thereupon proceeded to the consideration of executive business and afterwards adjourned until Tuesday.

At Tuesday session of the senate consideration of the report of the committee on privileges and elections in favor of the admission of the senators appointed by the governors of Montana, Wyoming and Washington was resumed. Mr. Vest made an argument against their admission. Mr. Vest closed his speech, and Mr. Chandler obtained the floor at 1:15 p. m. The senate then, on motion of Mr. Vance, proceeded to executive business.

There were two speeches made in the senate Wednesday on the question of the admission of senators appointed by the governors of Montana, Wyoming and Washington, after the legislature of those states had failed to elect. Both were made by members of the committee on privileges and elections, and were on opposite sides of the question, and the speakers were Messrs. Chandler and Palmer. At the close of these speeches Mr. Peffer obtained the floor, and the matter went over until Thursday.

ABOUT THE DEPARTMENTS.

The following Georgia postmasters were appointed Wednesday: Samuel E. Smith, Rockmart; G. H. Moon, Dora; Jack Abbott, Acworth; D. J. Burt, Dawsonville; J. N. Morrison, Talking Rock.

Thomas T. Crittenden, of Missouri, who was nominated Wednesday as consul general to Mexico, is perhaps best known to the public through his pursuit and destruction of the celebrated James brothers, who terrorized the state for many years. He received this feat while governor of Missouri.

James S. Ewing, of Illinois, who is nominated to be minister to Belgium, is a law partner and a Vice President of Stevenson, the firm consisting of Stevenson & Ewing. He is about fifty years of age and lives in Bloomington, Ill. He is one of the old Ewing family of Kentucky, where he was born and educated.

The following fourth-class postmasters for Georgia were appointed Monday: Buchanan, Harrison county, L. Bryant; Gerth, Burke county, Laura A. Herrington; Itasca, Carroll county, M. A. Boyd; Menlo, Chattooga county, W. J. Jennings; Powersville, Houston county, T. J. Lurce; Riverview, Emanuel county, G. Y. Liden; Tallulah Falls, Rabun county, H. R. Cannon.

The following postmasters were appointed for Georgia Tuesday: Aberdeen, Emanuel county, J. B. Egan; Atwood, Group county, A. W. Birdsong; Arcola, Bulloch county, S. G. Groves; Biltow, Carroll county, R. P. Nixon; Clarksville, Habersham county, Dr. L. C. Furr; Flowery Branch, Hall county, I. N. Mooney; Lafayette, Walker county, J. D. Rappaport; Woodstock, Cherokee county, G. T. Fowles.

It is the general impression in the senate that the extraordinary session of that body will adjourn the first or middle of next week. The president will probably by that time be ready to notify them that he has no further communication to make. When the contested election cases are disposed of it is not likely that a quorum will remain in the city, as there have already been some departures, and many other senators will leave so soon as the cases are out of the way.

The president sent the following nominations to the senate: James C. Broadhead, of Missouri, to be minister to Switzerland; Bartlett Tripp, of South Dakota, to be envoy and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Austria, Hungary; Eliza Alexander, of North Carolina, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States to Greece, Roumania and Hungary. To be consuls of the United States—James E. Neal, of Ohio, at Liverpool; James M. Dobbs, of Georgia, at Valparaiso; Q. C. Eckford, of Mississippi, at Kingston, Jamaica; David N. Burke, of New York, at Pernambuco; Edgar Whidden, of Maine, at St. Stephen, N. B.; Henry F. Merritt, of Illinois, at Barmen; Asa D. Dickinson, of New York, at Nottingham; Benjamin Liothier, of Massachusetts, at Sherbrooke; Charles E. Leger, of Pennsylvania, to be appraiser of merchandise in the district of Philadelphia; Paul F. Paison, of North Carolina, to be an Indian superintendent.

A Washington special of Sunday says: As a result of the controversy between Mark W. Harrington, chief of the weather bureau, and J. B. McLaughlin, chief of the bureau, Mr. Harrington has demanded of Secretary Morton an immediate and full investigation of the administration of the bureau. McLaughlin was suspended by Harrington for insubordination and recommended to the secretary for dismissal. McLaughlin responded by filing charges of corruption against Harrington. The investigation is expected by the management of the bureau to be made at once.

Secretary Carlisle is having prepared a list of the employees of the treasury department with the salaries they receive and the government is now desirous to be admitted to the seat. Mr. Stewart presented resolutions of the Nevada legislature in favor of the passage of an act for refunding the indebtedness of the Central Pacific Railroad Company to the government, provided that the act did not interfere with the free and unlimited coinage of silver—the principal argument being that if the property of the company should pass into the hands of the government it would be exempt from state and local taxation. The resolutions were referred. Mr. Hoar offered a resolution declaring it inexpedient to pass the joint resolution of the last house of representatives for a committee on the part of the popular election of United States senators. The report of the committee on privileges and elections, in favor of the admission of the three senators appointed by the governors of Montana, Wyoming and Washington was then taken and Mr. Turpie made an argument in support of it. He devoted a good deal of his argument to the meaning of the words "vacancy" and "happening," as used in the constitution with reference to the senate and contended that they were not to be construed in a narrow sense of an accidental occurrence, but must be regarded as used in the most general sense. When Mr. Turpie concluded his speech, Mr. Vest took the floor to address the senate on the same subject, but yielded to a desire for an executive session. He made a motion to that effect and the senate thereupon proceeded to the consideration of executive business and afterwards adjourned until Tuesday.

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TRADE REVIEW.

Don & Co. and Bradstreet Make Their Report for the Past Week.

Bradstreet's report for the past week says: Cool and clear weather generally has improved the prospect for spring trade, but without an increase in distribution. In the central western states a fair movement of merchandise is reported, although prospects are improved notwithstanding business continues retarded. The south remains quiet as heretofore. Reports of improving trade characterize advices from western centers, where there are numerous arrivals of country buyers and orders for spring goods. In section of the professional traders, who report on general trade of bad roads southwest and northwest been so conspicuous as recently. Collections are only fair, with no serious complaints. Exports of wheat from the United States for the week, both ports, flour included, equal 2,878,123 bushels against 2,766,933 bushels the week before; 2,379,380 bushels in the week a year ago and smaller quantities in like weeks in preceding years. The close of the month brings falling off in volume of merchandise distributed from New Orleans, where cotton and rice markets are depressed while sugar is pressed and buoyant. The prospect is still for a larger cotton acreage, but a reduced rice acreage is probable. The recent firmness of the market has developed into a decided tendency in prices to creep up in the face of narrow and inactive speculation. This address, much to the confusion of the bearish traders, who are now being forced to rely upon the possibility of gold shipments from a squeeze in money to the withdrawals of the money for the settlements throughout the country districts had created a considerable short interest.

WHAT DUN SAYS.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review says: The fact of the largest increase in the volume of the past week has been the increased distribution of goods. The stringency of credit has been about April last, but not appear as New York, nor are other money markets closed. But while imports greatly exceed exports, it is not safe to calculate that the output of gold will not again disturb confidence. Hence the break in speculation has its hopeful aspect.

Instead of rising after the close of the Lancashire strike, cotton fell 3-8 of a cent, which may accelerate exports, though stocks of American cotton in Europe are still a third larger than usual at this season. Wheat at Chicago had a sudden fall of 7 cents in one day, but as prices there have been 15 to 20 cents higher than at other western cities and 8 cents higher than at New York, market was little affected anywhere else. The price in Great Britain is the lowest ever known. Corn fell 2-3 cents and the break in hog products reached 75 per cent per bushel in New York and 1 cent in London. Exports in four weeks at New York have been \$75,115,000 less than last year, indicating a total for the month not far from \$76,000,000, while the increase in imports at New York alone has been \$115,000,000, indicating a total for the month of more than \$67,000,000.

This great excess in imports, following the excess of \$36,000,000 in January and February, is the basis of doubts about the immediate monetary future. Failures in the first quarter of the year, 8,292 in number, were fewer than in either of the past years, and though in amount of liabilities larger, the average of liabilities is still quite low, less than \$14,000.

The iron and steel business is a shade firmer, with improved demand for bar plates and structural forms and then rails do not sell. Bessemer iron is firm and steel stronger. The steel market is a shade weaker; heavy supplies of iron have checked the advance, while lead is a shade stronger.

Coal is naturally weak with some dissatisfaction in the port. Lumber and building material are everywhere in strong demand, but the week's receipts of cattle at the west are rather small.

At Pittsburgh the demand for finished iron is large; glass is more active and the coal stock is being rolled and shipped in large quantities. Rolled and pig iron are in larger demand and higher at Cleveland, and in Cincinnati the harness and carriage trades are fully at work. Trade at Detroit exceeds last year's. Chicago reports an increase of 10 per cent in the trade for the quarter. Collections have improved and the market is easier.

Receipts of wheat and butter are larger than last year, but other products smaller, especially of grain and coal. The week's receipts of cotton are collections unusually low. Minneapolis reports fair trade with a large output of flour, and at St. Paul more life. Business is good at Omaha, good at St. Joe, improving at Kansas City and fair at Denver and Salt Lake.

At St. Louis trade is strong. Nearly all southern points report some improvement, and at Nashville no disturbance results, banks being fully fortified. At Galveston large increase in cotton is noted, and a large amount of capital and small orders than usual.

At New Orleans lumber, building material and sugar are strong and active, and other trade fair with money in ample supply.

Business failures occurring throughout the country in the last seven days number 194, as compared with totals of 245 last week. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 218.

A COSTLY CIGARETTE SMOKE. The American Tobacco Company Suffer a Loss by Fire of \$400,000. The seven-story brick building 700 and 711 Second avenue, New York, which was formerly occupied by W. Duke & Co., as a cigarette factory, but more recently by the American Tobacco Company, was destroyed by fire early Sunday morning. James B. Duke places the total loss at forty thousand dollars. This loss is wholly covered by insurance. The seven-story and six hundred girls were employed in the factory. The news of the disaster had scarcely reached the manager's ear when arrangements were made to send them to Baltimore, where they will be employed in the factory of Gale, Ax & Co. The stock was valued at \$60,000, the machinery at \$240,000 and the building at \$100,000.

Small-Pox in Wall Paper.

"Many years ago a person was sick of small-pox in a farm house in the country town of Groton, and after the patient recovered the dwelling was fumigated and repapered. In the Chamber and family now dwell in the house. The paper was removed a week or so ago, and presently Mr. Chester's daughter was stricken with small-pox. In the opinion of the physician the germs of the disease were dormant in the walls of the room." The above clipping from the Cincinnati Enquirer makes good the claims of sanitarians, that all disease germs did a hiding place in wall paper, with its vegetable paste to hold it on the wall, and its animal glue to hold its colors; that, to say the least, are not the best materials with which to cover so much space around us and the walls in which we live and sleep, and that paper and glue are great absorbents of moisture, of which every person throws off a certain number of ounces in exhalations every day, and that such decaying material, when it gives off a disagreeable gas, will give off small quantities that we do not discover them, though those who study it can smell it in most rooms papered, and especially where a number of layers of paper have been pasted upon each other.

Hot Water for Hemorrhage.

It has been the practice among dentists for many years to stop hemorrhage by the application of cold water to the wound. Practitioners started with the idea that heat caused expansion of and induced increased bleeding from the vessels; but, on the other hand, that cold caused constriction. An advanced advocate of the modern school of dentistry now recommends strongly the use of hot water for arresting bleeding.

Dr. Scheff, of Vienna, adduces three cases in his own experience in which the superiority of this method was demonstrated. He allowed one patient to take a large quantity of cold water, and yet there was no apparent diminution in the bleeding. He then took a glass syringe and continuously applied hot water to the drops, to the wound, from which the blood previously trickled without cessation. After a few seconds the bleeding became less, a coagulum was formed, and the flow of blood ceased. In the second case, Dr. Scheff used hot water at once, and the flow was instantly arrested. In the third case the wound had been bleeding freely for a long time, and various styptics had been applied in vain, while the patient was in great pain. Dr. Scheff used hot water at once, and the bleeding was immediately stopped and did not recur.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

Helping the Cause.

Mamma—"Did you put that dollar in the contribution box to-day?" Small Son—"No, mamma." Mamma—"Why not?" Small Son—"You said you wanted it for the bread."

Small Son—"Yes; but just one dollar wouldn't do them much good. I'm going to send them a whole lot of Bibles."

Mamma—"But how many Bibles do you expect to get for a dollar, my angel?" Small Son—"Oh, a good many, you see, Johnny Smart sold me his air gun for a dollar, and I'm going to shoot a lot of birds and stuff them, and then trade 'em for Bibles for the poor heathens."

Mr. Micawber—"I wish I knew some nice easy way to make money." Mr. Micawber—"Well, my dear, you might get your life insured, and then die."—New York Weekly.

The Barricade Gives Way. No doubt, when the bowels are stormed with drenching cathartics to overcome their constipation, but not so with the constipation of the intellect. The intellectual organs are thereby much unrefreshed and excessively relaxed. Far more thoroughly, and less violently effective, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, most benign of aperients, which purges the bowels, restores the digestive organs, and cures the various ailments of the stomach, liver, and bowels.

The south commenced exporting cotton 108 years ago. If your Back Aches, or you are all worn out, good for nothing, it is no general ailment, Brown's Iron Bitters will cure you, make you strong, cleanse your liver, and give you a good appetite.—London Standard.

We have more than 8,000,000 men fit for military duty. The Theriac—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" act directly on the organs of the voice. They have an extraordinary effect in all disorders of the throat.

Mornings—Beecham's Pills with a drink of water. Beecham's—no others. See note at top.

I Vote for Hood's Forty Years in the Ministry. No doubt, when the bowels are stormed with drenching cathartics to overcome their constipation, but not so with the constipation of the intellect. The intellectual organs are thereby much unrefreshed and excessively relaxed. Far more thoroughly, and less violently effective, is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, most benign of aperients, which purges the bowels, restores the digestive organs, and cures the various ailments of the stomach, liver, and bowels.

Having taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for months I am satisfied it is an excellent remedy. For years I have had Rheumatism, affecting my body, but especially my right arm from elbow to shoulder, so severe I feared I should lose the Use of it. I felt better soon after I began with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and when I had taken a bottle the rheumatism entirely left me. I have been a minister of the M. E. Church 40 years, and like many others of sedentary habit I have suffered from Rheumatism. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best of all. It cures the blood, and gives the system a new lease of life. It is sold by all druggists, and costs only 25 cents a bottle. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best of all. It cures the blood, and gives the system a new lease of life. It is sold by all druggists, and costs only 25 cents a bottle.

He Felt Relieved.

It was a long ride through a desolate and dangerous country and the politician sought to relieve the monotony by philosophic musings on his recent victory and the embarrassments that even success brings. "Hold up your hands!" The stage coach gave a lurch and stopped. The ray of light that shot into the myriads of translucent rain into the voids of evanescent gems. "What do you want?" asked the politician with a frankness that showed that he had faced danger before. "Here it is." "Your watch and diamond ring." "They are yours." "I must say you are good natured anyhow," said one of the highwaymen. "Not at all. Are you sure that's all you desire?" "What in the thunder did you think we wanted?" "I was afraid," and the politician's voice trembled a little, "that you wanted an office."—Washington Post.

Telling Sex by Movements.

Observant and far-sighted persons distinguish at great distances a man from a woman, not by dress, face or figure, but by movements. The motions of the most graceful of men are ungainly when compared with the sinuous line of a woman instinctively assume. It often happens that a single motion of a distant figure, and especially a motion of the arms above the head, will instantly determine for a trained observer the sex of the person. If any one doubts this, let him note the awkward, wide-swinging performance of a man arranging his hair and the graceful curves and deft touches with which a woman accomplish the same thing.—New York Sun.

It is becoming popular now in Boston for young men to get up at others at all sorts of musicals, readings and the more exclusive class of entertainments. Why not? The duties are light and require only attention and faithfulness, and in that respect women are undeniably superior to men.

If You Want The Best

ALTHOUGH you may have had good luck with but few failures in making cake and biscuit in the old-fashioned way with soda and sour milk, or soda and cream of tartar, you will have better luck and (following directions) no failures with the Royal Baking Powder. The truth of this must be evident when you remember that in the leading hotels and restaurants, and in the homes of our city cousins, where the latest and best methods are invariably employed, and where the most beautiful and dainty food is always set out for the guests, the Royal Baking Powder is exclusively used for all quickly risen food.

Royal Baking Powder never disappoints; never makes sour, soggy or husky food; never spoils good materials; never leaves lumps of alkali in the biscuit or cake; while all these things do happen with the best of cooks who cling to the old-fashioned methods, or who use other Baking Powders.

If you want the best food, Royal Baking Powder is indispensable.

I AM SO HAPPY!

3 BOTTLES OF S.S.S. OF Relieved me of a severe blood trouble. It has also made my hair to grow out again, as it had been falling out by the hands of the hair-dresser. I am now happy in S.S.S. I am O. H. ELBERT, Galveston, Tex.

S.S.S. Cures by forcing out germs of disease. It is entirely reliable and the poison will be taken out of the blood and skin. Treatise on Blood and Skin Maladies, free. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

SHILOH'S CURE. Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.

DR. KING'S ROYAL GERMETUM. IS A POSITIVE CURE FOR K. LaGrange, Catarrh, Rheumatism, K. Nerve, Gout, Gravel, Dropsy, Hemorrhoids, Piles, and all Blood Disorders. Pleasant as Lemonade. Price, \$1.00 Per Bottle.

UNDECEASED FOR BURNS, BRUISES AND ALL AFFECTIONS OF THE SKIN. MANUFACTURED ONLY BY DR. KING'S ROYAL GERMETUM CO. ATLANTA, GA.

A GRAND ENTERTAINMENT. Consisting of Dramatic and Humorous Recitations, Plays, Etc., can easily be given by home talent, by a group of amateurs. "The Choice Selection," costing only 25c. Suitable for a young man or woman. "The Choice Selection," sold by bookstores. No. 33, the latest, is a gem. "The Choice Selection," sold by bookstores. No. 33, the latest, is a gem. "The Choice Selection," sold by bookstores. No. 33, the latest, is a gem.

AN IDEAL FAMILY MEDICINE. For Indigestion, Biliousness, Headache, Nervousness, Stomach Troubles, Catarrh, Gravel, Dropsy, Hemorrhoids, Piles, and all Blood Disorders. Pleasant as Lemonade. Price, \$1.00 Per Bottle.

Man Proposes.

Mr. Shortpurs—"What are we paying that woman for washing?" Mrs. S.—"A dollar a week." "Hum! I can get a washing-machine for ten dollars, and I'll do it."—"How does that washing-machine work?" Mrs. S.—"Very nicely, but it's rather expensive." "The woman makes me hire a boy to help to run it."

The Skill and Knowledge Essential to the production of the most perfect and popular laxative remedy known have enabled the California Fig Syrup Co. to achieve a great success in the reputation of its remedy, Syrup of Figs, as it is conceded to be the universal laxative. For sale by all druggists.

One tablespoonful (well heaped) granulated coffee or best brown sugar equals one ounce. Ladies needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take Brown's Iron Bitters. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints, makes the Blood rich and pure.

We have twenty-eight cities, each having more than one hundred thousand population. Ladies needing a tonic, or children who want building up, should take Brown's Iron Bitters. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion, Biliousness and Liver Complaints, makes the Blood rich and pure.

"The best thing yet!" That is the way a young man put it who made arrangements to work for B. F. Johnson & Co., Richmond, Va. You can get further information by dropping them a card.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE NOT R.P. Do you wear them? When next I send you a pair, they will give you more comfort and service for the money than any other shoes. Best in the world.

W. L. Douglas Shoes are made in all the Latest Styles. If you want a fine DRESS SHOE don't pay \$5 to \$8, try \$3.50, \$4 or \$5 Shoes. They will equal or exceed any shoe you can buy. We furnish you with the latest styles in our shoes. W. L. Douglas Shoes, Boston, Mass. Sold by

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USE YOUR TACT. See these facts about Tacks. Tack these facts about Nails. See the Points? Here they are—

HOME TACKS. packed in 1/2 cartons, with six Compartments containing the various sizes of tacks for all home uses. A beautiful and handy package.

HOME NAILS. several sizes in a carton, always ready and at hand when you want nails for any and all home uses.

THOMSON'S SLOTTED GLINCH RIVETS. No rivets required. Only a hammer needed. It is a simple and easy way to rivet. It is a simple and easy way to rivet. It is a simple and easy way to rivet. It is a simple and easy way to rivet.

One Dollar a Minute. MORPHINE HABIT CURED IN 10 to 20 days. No pain. No ill effects. No. 33 South Fifth St., Richmond, Va.

PSO'S CURE FOR Consumption and all Lung Diseases. Complete cure of all Lung Diseases. Complete cure of all Lung Diseases. Complete cure of all Lung Diseases. Complete cure of all Lung Diseases.

WANTED TRAVELING SALESMEN. or have the idea. Send your name to Mr. J. H. Johnson, 100 N. 10th St., St. Louis, Mo.

"German Syrup"

William McKeehan, Druggist at Bloomingdale, Mich. "I have had the Asthma badly ever since I came out of the army and though I have been in the drug business for fifteen years, and have tried nearly everything on the market, nothing has given me the slightest relief until a few months ago, when I used Bo-schee's German Syrup. I am now glad to acknowledge the great good it has done me. I am greatly relieved during the day and at night get sleep without the least trouble."

Easily Taken Up. Cod Liver Oil as it appears in Scott's Emulsion is easily taken up by the system. In no other form can so much fat-food be assimilated without injury to the organs of digestion.

Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites has come to be an article of everyday use, a prompt and infallible cure for Colds, Coughs, Throat troubles, and a positive builder of flesh.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE NOT R.P. Do you wear them? When next I send you a pair, they will give you more comfort and service for the money than any other shoes. Best in the world.

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CHILTON COUN

is the geographical center of Alabama and the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Mobile Railroad pass through the County. The Chilton river is the boundary line on the north. The chief industries are farming and stock raising. Population 16,000.

Chilton, the county seat, is on the N. & N. R., 26 miles south of Birmingham. The chief industries are farming and stock raising. Population 16,000.

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man up"
I have had
ever since I came
though I have
nearly every-
ket, nothing has
test relief until
hen I used Bo-
rup. I am now
the great good
am greatly reliev-
and at night go
to sleep without
trouble.

CHILTON COUNTY
In the geographical center of Alabama. The
Lancaster and Nashville, the R. T. & O.
and the Montgomery, Tusculum and Mon-
tgomery are the boundary lines on the east
and the Gulf of Mexico on the south.
The chief industries are farming and saw mill-
ing. Population 15,000.
Chilton, the county seat, is on the I. & N.
R. R., 46 miles south of Birmingham and 40
miles north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills
are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.
WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.
TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.
VOLUME XII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 20, 1893. NUMBER 25.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.
Business Notices Twenty Cents per line each
insertion.
Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half
rate.
Communications recommending candidates
for office will be headed as advertisements and
charged for accordingly.
Lateral contracts made with those advertising
by the year.
The money is due on all advertising after
the first publication.

CAHEEN BROTHERS & CO.,
Corner 1st Avenue and 21st Street,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
THE POPULAR HOUSE OF ALABAMA
To Do Your Trading.

Also the largest house in size and carrying the largest stock, which is conve-
nient to all. We cordially invite the people of Chilton county to visit our store
and inspect our grand offerings for the winter season in all kinds of Dry Goods,
Dress Goods, Shoes, Millinery, Carpets, Window Shades, Gent's Furnishing Goods
and Men's and Boys' Hats.
We are offering our entire stock of elegant Men's and Boys' Clothing at
cost, to close the stock out. Be sure and pay Caheen's a visit.
SAMPLE ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY!

NEW STORE! Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at NEW PRICES!
KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE.
Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

Old Friends.
There are no friends like old friends,
And none so good and true;
We greet them when we meet them,
As good friends greet you.
No other friends are dearer,
Though born of kindred blood;
And while we prize the new ones,
We treasure more the old.
There are no friends like old friends,
To help us with the load;
That all must bear who journey
Through life's uneven road;
And when unrequited sorrows
The weary hours invest—
The kindly words of old friends
Are always found the best.
There are no friends like old friends,
Who live as well and roam;—
In lands beyond the ocean,
Or near the bounds of home;
And when they smile to gladden
Our sometimes frowns to guide,
We fondly wish those old friends
Were always by our side.
There are no friends like old friends,
To cheer our frequent fears,
When shadows fall and deepen
Through life's declining years;
And when our faltering footsteps
Approach the Great Divine,
We'll have to meet the old friends
Who wait the other side.
David Banks Sikes.

Extent of the Great World's Fair.
In his paper before the British So-
ciety of Arts, on the coming Chicago
exhibition, Mr. James Dredge of the
Royal British Commission presented a
summary of previous World's Fairs
and their results. The first great
World's Fair was held in Hyde Park,
London, in 1851, in a single building,
1851 feet long and 450 feet wide. It
accommodated not quite 14,000 ex-
hibitors, half of whom came from the
colonies, and closed with a net profit
of \$750,000. The first World's Fair
in the United States was held in New
York in 1853, accommodated 4100 ex-
hibitors within an area of 263,000
square feet and lost \$300,000.
The first Paris Exhibition, in 1855,
covered 1,886,000 square feet, had
nearly 24,000 exhibitors, 144 of whom
were from the United States, and was
visited by 5,162,000 persons. Smaller
exhibitions were held in Melbourne in
1854, Turin in 1856, Brussels in 1857,
Lausanne in 1858, and Hanover in
1859. The second International Ex-
hibition in London was held in 1862,
covered 17 acres, was visited by 6-
210,000 persons, and lost \$2,001,500.
The second Great Exhibition in
Paris, in 1867, covered 11 acres be-
sides many annexes, and had 52,200
exhibitors and 10,300,000 visitors.
The Great Exhibition at Vienna in
1873 failed on account of the cholera.
The Centennial Exhibition in Phila-
delphia in 1876 occupied 285 acres;
was participated in by 32 foreign
nations, while the United States fur-
nished 30,864 exhibitors, Great Britain
and its colonies 3584, and Spain 3822;
and was visited by 9,911,000 persons.
The Paris Exhibition of 1878 covered
54 acres, with annexes and special
buildings; had 52,835 exhibitors, of
whom 1203 were American; was at-
tended by more than 16,000,000 visitors;
and lost \$3,580,000. The Paris
Exhibition of 1889 exceeded all these,
and had 30,000,000 visitors. The
Chicago Exhibition will occupy 666
acres, of which more than 300 acres
will be crowded with buildings. The
total expense of it will be between
\$8,000,000 and \$10,000,000.—[Popu-
lar Science Monthly.

THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH
Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity
Briefly Epitomized
And Important Happenings from Day
to Day Tellingly Told.
A contest to set aside the will of the
late Dr. Washington Rye, of San Fran-
cisco, who died in June last, leaving an
estate valued at \$1,500,000, was com-
menced Tuesday in the interest of Chis-
topher Rye, who claims to be a natural
son.
Governor Turney, of Tennessee, Mon-
day, appointed John K. Shields, of Bean
Station, Chancery clerk to be judge of
the twelfth chancery division, just cre-
ated by the legislature, and composed of
the counties of Bullard, Hawkins,
Hawkins, Grainger, Claiborne and Hen-
cock.
The bombardment of Fort Sumter was
celebrated at Charleston, S. C., Wednes-
day, by memorial exercises in honor of
the late General Beauregard. A parade
participated in by civic and military or-
ganizations, was followed by impressive
exercises at the Grand opera house. Al-
exander Robert Chisholm, of New York,
delivered the opening address on "Beau-
regard at Manassas."
A Nashville, Tenn., special of Wednes-
day says: The mystery surrounding the
failure of Dobbins & Daze and the
sinking of the Commercial National
bank, is beginning to assume that shape
where an explosion may be expected at
most any moment, and by some who are
cognizant of what is going on. It is
stated that some startling developments
may be expected very shortly.
The investigation of the looting of the
Gate City bank, at Atlanta, by the grand
jury is proceeding by slow and regular
stages. A large number of witnesses
have been examined and it is said that
some interesting facts have been discov-
ered, but what they are cannot be learned.
The secrecy which is thrown around the
grand jury room and what transpires
therein is deep and ponderous.
In the United States court at Atlanta,
Wednesday morning, Henry Fink and
Charles L. Magee were appointed re-
ceivers of the Central Trust company of New
York, against the East Tennessee rail-
road. The bills were presented to the
court several days ago, the one foreclosing
a mortgage on the general property of
the road, the other foreclosing a mort-
gage on the rolling stock.
News reached Raleigh, N. C., Wed-
nesday night of a disastrous forest fire in
Warren county, which has swept over
miles of the country destroying 200 farm
dwellings and much other property. It
burned ten dwellings, St. Stephen's
church, two public schools and B. M.
Collins' flouring mills worth \$10,000.
One wealthy farmer lost eleven buildings,
cattle and hogs were burned to death and
miles of fencing destroyed.
Governor A. G. McGrath died at
Charleston, S. C., Sunday, aged eighty
years. Previous to the rebellion he was
re-appointed by President Pierce district
judge of South Carolina, but on the an-
nouncement of the election of Lincoln to
the presidency, he discharged the grand
jury and declared the court adjourned
sine die. He was subsequently governor
of the state and at the fall of the confed-
eracy he was imprisoned by the federal
authorities. On his release he resumed
the practice of his profession.
A special of Saturday from Sturgis,
Ky., says: All the persons charged with
the murder of Mr. Henry DeCane, nee
Oliver, have confessed their guilt, ex-
cepting Joe Henry, whom they will ex-
onerate. George H. Henry, a Stur-
gis druggist, was removed from jail
and placed under a special guard. The
eighth party to the crime, whose name
the officials refuse to divulge, is still at
large and has left the country. The ex-
amining trial has been set for the 15.
The people are excited, but seem disposed to
let the law take its course.
A special of Tuesday from Los Angeles,
Cal., says: Since last Tuesday there
have been between forty and fifty earth-
quake shocks in the Pico canon, near
New Hall. The Pico canon is in the
San Fernando mountains and is the cen-
ter of the oil region. Last Tuesday a
severe earthquake, which was felt all
over southern California, shook the
houses in the Pico canon and very badly
frightened the inhabitants. Since then
there have been several shocks every
day, but these have been confined to a
small area in the mountains.
A Nashville special of Monday says:
It is generally conceded that there will
possibly be further trouble in the mining
districts in May. It is an open se-
cret that a general strike is in prepara-
tion to take effect May 1st, and state and
civil military authorities are preparing
for another attack on the convicts work-
ing in mines. Positions have been and
are being strengthened, fortifications
built and everything is being put in
readiness for an attack. The legisla-
ture has passed a bill authorizing the gov-
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ture has passed a bill authorizing the gov-
ernor to use the full force of the state to
suppress disorders.
A Jackson, Miss., dispatch of Saturday
says: The police authorities have at last
succeeded in running to earth the author
of many anonymous letters which had
caused the greatest excitement in the
city. William Redwood, a medical stu-
dent who was jailed for burglary, re-
ceived several letters through the mail
which were scolded by the police. He
fore delivery to him. They were signed
with a red star and written as though
they came from a gang of confederates
of Redwood's. They detailed the works
of the gang, repeating particulars of
robberies and killing of others, which
had been planned. It has developed that
Redwood himself was the author of the
letters.
A meeting of the creditors of Dobbins
& Daze was held in Nashville, Tenn.,
Tuesday. All debts of the firm except
about \$3,000 were represented. Mr.
Dobbins made a proposition to turn
over the assets to the creditors, if they
would release him, so he could reorgani-
ze the business. Another proposition
was suggested by some of the largest
creditors, in substance to turn over the
assets of the firm to Mr. Dobbins and let
him realize all possible for the creditors.
It was agreed that this proposition
should be formally drawn up and pre-
sented to each creditor for his consid-
eration, with a statement of the condition
of the assets and liabilities as soon as an
accurate one can be made.
NOTHING BUT JUDGMENTS
Left for Ryan's Creditors After the
Lawyers and Costs Are Paid.
The lawyers in the Ryan case were en-
gaged at Atlanta Thursday with Re-
ceiver Kingsbury in dividing up the lit-
tle fragment of a fortune remaining in
his hands. The verdict rendered in this
case a few days ago settled it; it will
not be carried to the supreme court.
Again. It makes a most interesting re-
cital to show the way the money has
gone in this case since it opened. Al-
though Ryan's books, after his business
went into the hands of a receiver, show-
ed that he owed about \$350,000, Re-
ceiver Kingsbury realized only \$300,000
in money.
Out of that amount the mortgage of
Cliffin & Co., amounting to \$115,000, was
settled, leaving \$191,000 in the receiver's
hands. Of this amount Mr. Kingsbury
paid out for clerks and tax a, while
\$248,000 in Receiver Kingsbury's hands.
He left \$176,000, which the creditors
would they get.
On the 14th of June last a decree was
taken in court to settle the balance of
the mortgages amounting to \$350,000, for
half the fund in court, \$88,000. Thus
by one stroke the mortgage holders re-
ceived \$88,000 of their money back beyond
their reach and beyond redemption.
That left \$88,000 in Receiver Kingsbury's
hands.
By order of the court he paid out \$43,
600 to Auditor Peoples for his services in
the case, \$1,800 to the stenographer, Mr.
F. C. Coole, \$25,000 to Clerk Tanager for
court costs, \$1,700 for city and county
taxes, \$1,000 for printing the various re-
ports, \$12,000 to himself for his services
as receiver, \$18,000 for Bowser & Carter
and other associates who filed the bill for
the receiver, and \$13,000 for Cahoon,
King & Spaulding, the receiver's attor-
neys, and their associates. These various
sums amounted to \$255,000, which left
\$33,000 in Receiver Kingsbury's hands.
Of this amount about \$26,500 is in the
Gate City National bank, and as yet can-
not be reached. This leaves \$6,500 out-
side the bank, which is being distributed
among the creditors who had claimed
against it.
When Ryan failed claims were filed
for \$180,000 worth of goods, which were
reduced afterwards to \$190,000. On ac-
count of these goods having Ryan's name
stamped upon them, and on account of
their being about worth 65 per cent. of
their value was ordered set aside,
which was \$78,000. These creditors
represented by the \$78,000 will get all
the money that is left, viz the \$9,000
in the receiver's hands and the \$33,000
in the Gate City bank. The other cred-
itors, whose claims amount to \$280,000,
will get nothing but judgments against
Ryan.
A Missouri Cyclone.
Meager particulars were received Tues-
day of a cyclone at Page City, Mo. Three
people were killed and a large number in-
jured. The most terrible hailstorm that
has been known in that section for years
visited St. Louis Tuesday night at 8
o'clock. The falling stones hit upon the
skylights with sufficient force in many
instances to break them.
The main drainage pipes of London
are eighty-four miles long.

He is Solicitous to Know What's the
Matter with the Railroads
And Why the People and the Courts
So Diligently Pursue Them.
The Constitution intimates that this being
an off year in politics and no elections to be
held and therefore no dangerous ride, the
anti-railroad hobby will be allowed a better
chance to make a living. We hope so, and we
hope that there is a healthy reaction going on
in the public mind concerning them. It is a
strange and latefated spectacle to see how these
great commercial industries of the state are
harassed and almost crushed by invidious
legislation. Why is it that such men as Thomas
and Fink and Green and Comer and Hanson
have to go before the commission and as the
Constitution says, "beg for their lives?"
Their freight rates reduced 44 per cent. with-
in twelve years and their net earnings forced
down to an average of 1.5 per cent. of the
capital stock, what does it mean? Are our
people unfriendly to railroads because of any
harm they have done? We old people re-
member when the Central and the Georgia and
the State roads were the pride of the farmers
and the merchants who lived along the line,
and it was a rare thing for a heavy train to
be brought against them. We remember
when the fare was 5 cents a mile, and the
freight rates double what they are now, there
was no pretension, no lawyers running to
haste to the wrecks to get up cases against
them, no strikes of engineers, no failures to
pay the rates, no pay 11 per cent. to the stock
holders. Well, of course, the stockholder is
not complaining, but is this continual reduc-
tion of the rates just to the railroads or to
the people? What other industry or busi-
ness is so hedged in and bridled by
"unfriendly" legislation? Who says that
the Central and the Georgia and the State
roads are better than the stock of the
bondholders? Certificates that gradually under-
mine the bonds and wipe them out and finally a sale
is ordered by the court and the whole concern
passes into new hands and the stockholder is
all consumed in the receiver's certificates and
the charges of the courts and the lawyers'
fees. There are as many jobs and per-
quisites and professions and professions in the
windup as there were in the Ryan case that
took \$50,000 for court expenses and left \$37,
000 for the creditors.
Whenever a railroad or anything else falls in-
to the hands of a receiver the average creditor
may say, "Farwell, my wife, I'm going
home."
There are twenty kinds of wrecks in this
world to watch and wait for some stranded
vessel to come ashore in a storm so that
they may rob the dead and grab the cargo, but
the state should help to crush her own rail-
roads is a mystery to me. It is mortifying to
things to see such noble and brave gentle-
men as those who represent our railroads down
almost on their knees before the railroa com-
mission and "begging for life." Why, it has
been many months since a powerful political
party made a public declaration that it favored
the welfare of all the railroads and their op-
erations by the national government. Dem-
ocrats, started that, and some of them rode
into office upon it. The time was when strikes and
boycotts were unknown. We see them now in
our organization for self-protection, just as
though we were not to be interfered with in
our work. Contracts are made and broken at their
pleasure and at their pleasure they "talk out"
the wheels of business most stop until they
get more concessions. We see them now in
judges up north has had the nerve to say to
them, "Shut your eyes and go to sleep. You
may break your own case but you shall
not interfere with other roads nor intimidate
their workmen." Commerce men go on.
Why this pursuit of railroads by the people,
the courts, the jury, the legislature? Why
these frequent and enormous verdicts for dam-
ages? A few days ago there were four men
shown up and killed at a dinner table near
St. Louis. They were a premature explosion because
of a defect in the fuse, or the cap or something,
or maybe from carelessness of the workmen.
Will they be stopped or by mitigated? What
pennies or exclusive rights or privileges
have railroads or other corporations that
other people have not got? There was a time
when omnibus carriers had some exclusive
privileges, but now anybody can transport
freight or passengers, anybody can be a rail-
road anywhere and can encroach upon another

road and take part of its right of way. John
Anderson keeps good horses and carriage and
wends the drummers to and fro, but if his team
should be frightened and spill the drummer in
the road and break his leg, the drummer going
to sue John Anderson? Not where does the
difference come in? Both Anderson and the
railroads use all foresight and all the diligence
they can. If any difference should be made by
the law, it should be made in favor of the rail-
roads, for the public can't possibly get along
without them. If a stock law is right to protect
farmers and save fencibles, how much more
is it right to protect big lives of passengers on
a train from being derailed and killed by reason
of cattle on the track. John Anderson should
drive around the cow but the cow should
keep off the railroad. This is common
sense and common justice. The wonder of it
is that anybody would take such a case to a
Georgia railroad, could ring the limitations and
persecutions that surround them. The won-
der is that some of them do not throw up the
sponge and surrender their charters, and take
what will happen some of the day. There was
a most terrible wreck on the people
along the line just the other day. The case
stopped running. No running to Atlanta or An-
derson or Macon. Everybody primed up at
once. Have to hire a horse and buggy
and pay 10 cents a mile for a horse and buggy
to go to thirty miles. Oh, my country,
from such a calamity may the great Lord de-
liver us.—BIZZ ARP, in Atlanta Constitution.

THE MORMON TEMPLE
Which Was Forty Years in Building
Dedicated Thursday.
The new Mormon temple at Salt Lake
City, Utah, was dedicated Thursday in
the presence of a great throng of saints.
The building has been forty years in
course of construction, the foundation
having been laid soon after the settlement
of the pioneers in the valley. The
building differs in appearance from any
other in this country. Its whole length,
including towers, is 1501 feet and its
width 99 feet. There are six towers,
three each on the east and west ends.
The middle east tower is 210 feet high,
surmounted by a statue of the angel Mo-
seus heralding to the world the restoration
of the gospel—a quaint figure 13 feet 5 1/2
inches, which was placed in position a
year ago with appropriate ceremonies.
There are four doors, including the
basement, and each one, except the top,
is divided into rooms of various sizes.
The prevailing colors in the decoration
and finish of the interior are yellow,
gold, white and green. Delicately tinted
oiled washstands are placed in the
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CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 20, 1893.

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One copy six months .75
One copy four months .50

President Cleveland continues to honor the South.

The View extends thanks to exchanges for their many complimentary remarks.

Several Third party papers in the State seem to be desperate. The Alliance Herald for one. "Those whom the Gods would destroy, they first make mad."

The Alabama Congressmen and Senators did not agree on any list of officers for the federal appointments in this State. Every candidate's name will go to the President, and the appointments will be made on their own merits.

This seems to be a year of religious revivals. Most flattering reports come from all over the State. Religion and education go hand in hand—education and democracy are wedded—so we have a reason for the present rapid growth of the democratic party.

The prospects are favorable for a rise in Chilton county lands. Several acres, gold, copper, lead and iron mines are now being worked. From several of them the reports are encouraging.

"The condition of a country, let it be good or bad, is traceable to the people who govern it. Indolent, careless management will produce offspring bearing the ear mark of its progenitors, while thrift energy and enterprise will duplicate its work by overcoming all hindrances and causing the country to blossom and bloom with prosperity and wealth."

Tuskaloosa papers are crowing loud, while the citizens of that beautiful city are all smiles, contemplating the early completion of the M. T. & M. This road will doubtless be pushed to completion as rapidly as money can accomplish it. The section of country through which it passes is unsurpassed in the south—coal and iron fields; timbered and agricultural lands; in fact everything to catch a railroad and a people. Success to Tuskaloosa and the M. T. & M.

It was reported some days ago that Mr. Cleveland in distributing appointments on Alabama, would recognize the Kolk element. Now the report has changed to the effect that he will not recognize them. This very clearly demonstrates the fact that there are newspaper correspondents in Washington who are paid to write "political gossip," to some of the daily papers and when there is no real news, these "smart fellows" draw on their imagination that Cleveland said so and so, hence these false reports.

Keep cool, Cleveland will do the "proper act."

What a change it would soon work in the sentiment of the people of Alabama were the respective journals certain the country editors, to devote as much of their valuable space in an endeavor to educate their readers up to progress and improvement of the country as they seem complaining of hard times. In fact the country papers seem to persuade the people that this is a poor country and their case is hopeless. Practical economy is all right as an abstract proposition. But we can't see the sense of wasting a life time in a forced economy, an economy dictated by nonprogressive indolent habits. The people of Alabama should today make five dollars to every one they now make, spend like they now throughbreds, spend money and enjoy the comforts of life. Instead of doing this they stick to things that belong to the dead past and will not reach out for things that are new. If the occupation of sitting around village stores whittling on good boxes is transmitted to the posterity of our unenterprising people what will eventually become of us as a people. We are drifting in the wrong direction and drifting is the right word to use for we seem to yield to the tide neither pulling in the one direction nor the other. The newspapers of Alabama should urge their readers to work a change in their habits, study the art of improving their condition with the proper effort on the part of Alabama; there is no telling what the grand possibilities of Alabama may be—E. B.

The Alliance Herald comments on the meeting of the governors of the Southern States in the following language:

"The meeting of the governors of the Southern States at Richmond, on yesterday, will be attempted to be magnified into an important event by the papers. It is called to adopt measures to encourage immigrants and to take steps by which the development of this section may be promoted."

There is no mistake more common than the supposition that immigration can be attracted to the South by such means. People naturally seek desirable sections and cheap lands. It will be remembered that the United States army had to be called into requisition to keep off the settlers in Oklahoma. The same trouble is now upon the government in Cherokee strip. Within the last twenty-five years, while the South has been inviting immigration, a million people have poured into the cold and frigid northwest, and a howling wilderness has been converted into magnificent commonwealths, that blossom as the rose, redolent with the balmy air of peace, thrift and prosperity. These people have avoided and shunned the sunny south, with its genial climate, variety of products and great versatility of soils. Why? Because there is no liberty and no freedom in the South. These immigrants know all about the attractions of our soil, climate and variety of our products, and they also know that there is an intolerance and domineering spirit of dictation prevalent in the South, that ostracizes for opinion's sake, that enforces a species of petty despotism that brooks no opposition, much less tolerates the assertion of manhood, the declaration of the right of free speech, free discussion and free politics. No man who loves freedom will voluntarily seek a home in any such locality. The foreign immigrant who leaves his fatherland to seek a home in free America, is very careful to seek a location where he will escape tyranny and despotism similar to that practiced in the monarchy from which he escaped when he took his departure. He seeks a home where he may be a factor in the government that will control him; where he can enjoy the right of suffrage and all the privileges and immunities of citizenship; where he can be a freeman and citizen in all the grandeur and joys that attach to each.

Not less than a thousand men have immigrated from Alabama to Texas, because of the despotism and tyranny practiced and fostered in this state.

It is difficult to believe that a southern sane man wrote the above article. The South is noted for its freedom. It is the home of the free, the peaceful, the prosperous. It has always been thus, except while the dark clouds of reconstruction were brooding over the bride of our southern Sun. But those clouds have passed forever, and we now have a land filled with the fast growing rivers of wealth, with developing and purifying fountains of education and religion; a happy people.

The following from Hon. Frank P. O'Brien was sent us for publication. We gladly give it to our readers.

"The Age Herald is profoundly convinced that Alabama has already entered the first stages of an industrial revival that will steadily and surely develop into a condition of general activity and prosperity. The effectiveness of this revival will be measured by the extent to which the general spirit of the people can be aroused and turned to topics and enterprises of an industrial nature. In this sphere of usefulness the newspapers of the State are the supreme power. We do not find anywhere among substantial men the wish that the old 'boom' impulse and method should be renewed but the wisdom of experience prompts to more conservative effort and more enduring results."

The collection of facts, the plain statement of actual advantages, the general dissemination of industrial news, the encouragement of all legitimate enterprise, the constant and persistent and sleepless holding up to the people of the benefit of manufacturing as food for their thought holds out the fairest field for useful work ever presented to the newspapers of Alabama.

As a newspaper published in the industrial capital of the State the Age-Herald has an honest ambition to contribute its full share and more to this great work not merely for Birmingham but for all Alabama.

ma without regard to locality. The best space of the paper is being and will continue to be devoted to industrial topics. Instead of a column, there should be two columns a day of live industrial matters for a daily newspaper. We shall have our own men in the field working to encourage the new spirit and seeking among the towns and cities for cheerful contributions to our columns as a general exchange through which each town may catch whatever of life is pulsing in the industrial veins of the others.

But a daily paper's chief reliance for work of this character is the ceaseless vigilance and effort of the weekly newspaper a chronicle on the spot and familiar with local conditions. The Age-Herald is sure that the time has come for a general and generous movement on these lines by all of us. We thus address you because we have felt in scanning our exchanges for industrial items that much more could be done than is being done and we know the spirit to do is not lacking anywhere. A spirit of mutuality and generous emulation in industrial work can accomplish wonders for Alabama."

LABOR AND LAW.

The times are ominous of a great struggle between capital and labor that shall eclipse all that has gone before. The financial depression which has for so long afflicted the country, has rendered the employing class more restive under the demands of organized labor, while the organizations themselves, long on rising ground, have felt that to give way now anything of what they have gained, would simply be to undertake the struggle all over. The theory has long since passed away that the rate of wages in the larger employments is a matter of mutual adjustment in relation to the ability of the employer to pay. Organized labor found out long ago that the corporate employer did not raise wages on that principle, in fact proceeded on the principle that the rate of pay should be no larger than would procure the necessary labor. Hence itself adopted the same principle applied on the other side of the issue, so that the question of wages is really one of force. How high can organized labor force the employer to pay? How long can organized capital force labor to accept? Cloak it and gloss it as we may and making due regard to all exceptions, our civilization is still at that issue of force between labor and capital.

That labor has not managed its fight with very much skill may be accepted. It is not calculating and does not move with precision. It is constantly making errors that lose it public sympathy. But on the whole it has progressed to a large and larger share of its earnings and its announcement of a demand for a further share is heard with more and more attention and alarm by the interests affected.

The recent decision by the courts in Louisiana and Ohio mark an important epoch in this long conflict. The employer has appealed his case to the law and the law is against an organized conspiracy to interfere with private or public business, just as it is against the conspiracy called "boycott." As the interests become larger and the number of people affected multiplied, the public becomes less and less patient with the organized interruptions to business called strikes, especially when they block great lines of transportation. The courts, therefore, interfering to prevent such interference with employers' business and property are on the advantage ground of being on the side of the public in protecting it from injury because of grievance in which it has no direct concern.

It is therefore a most critical period for organized labor. Already its leaders announce that if the law is against them there is a remedy—change the law. That means, of course, an appeal to the ballot box. And that means, ultimately, government control of the mutual rights and their employees. Organized labor has its ups and downs but it is the great driving wheel that is forcing that consummation and capital is powerless to help itself if it would. It is a very far from our original ideas of the function of government that it should regulate these matters. But the appeal of capital to the courts and of labor to the ballot box is combining to force the country to governmental arbitration.—Age-Herald.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The New Election Law.

Anniston Hot Blast.
The first elections held in this section of the State under the new election law were held at Anniston and Jacksonville this week for the election of a mayor and councilmen for their respective cities.

We learn that all who participated in the election were well pleased with the operations of the new law. There were a number of negroes who voted in the two towns who could not read or write and yet they all had their ballots arranged for them by one of the inspectors, and cast their ballots as readily as they would have done under the old law.

The charge that new law would disfranchise any elector has been known to be untrue since the passage of the law, yet there are those who have persisted in playing upon the prejudice of the minds of the people by claiming that this law would disfranchise many of the whites and nearly all the negroes in the State.

We have now had a practical illustration of the workings of the law, and it has been clearly demonstrated that it disfranchises no elector, no matter whether he can read a word of English or not.

The most pleasing feature of the new law is, that it does away with the peddling of tickets on the streets. The elector now goes to the inspectors, gets a ticket on which are printed the names of those for whom he desires to cast his ballot. If he cannot read he then selects one of the inspectors to go into the booth with him and prepare his ballot for him.

We believe that the people of the State will be pleased with the new election law after it has been given a trial.

Senator John T. Morgan is one of the ablest constitutional lawyers in this country. This is a generally admitted fact, and his opinion, therefore on so important a matter as the late decision of Judge Ricks of the United States circuit court, that no employee of a railroad has a right to strike, because striking interferes with public business, is one entitled to great weight. It is a notable fact that he stands as high as any man in the country on authority on federal law, and it is said of him that his "judgment is unerring." When interviewed in Paris where he is now engaged as one of the leading arbitrators, Senator Morgan replied concerning Judge Ricks' decision: "It is a singular fact, that I happened to have paid special attention to this very question. When the interstate commerce bill was up in the Senate I tried to have exactly such an amendment put in, making it unlawful for employees to strike. This was overruled and now Judge Ricks attempts to make a law of his own. I don't believe it will stand. A special act of congress is required to make so sweeping a decision valid. If employees were restrained from striking on the ground that it interferes with the transportation of the mails, perhaps the decision might hold good. But I do think the court would support a ruling founded only upon alleged interference with the interstate commerce law and infringing so radically upon individual liberty. The right of every one to work or not to work cannot be lightly taken away."

Blank warranty deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
Attorney at Law,
CLANTON, ALABAMA.
Box 24.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 7, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 10th, 1893, viz: Jas. B. Bly, Homestead entry, No. 17894, for the s. w. 1/4 of s. 1 of section 6, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry H. McGee, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala. mar7 J. H. BISHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., April 8, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 15th, 1893, viz: Madison Popwell, Homestead entry 26947 for the n. w. 1/4 of s. 30 township 21 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathan A. Dobbs, Monroe M. Derrin, Francis M. Hendley, William H. Hendley, all of Kinshon, Ala. mar24 J. H. BISHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
U. S. Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., March 24, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 15th, 1893, viz: Madison Popwell, Homestead entry 26947 for the n. w. 1/4 of s. 30 township 21 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathan A. Dobbs, Monroe M. Derrin, Francis M. Hendley, William H. Hendley, all of Kinshon, Ala. mar24 J. H. BISHAM, Register.

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Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 7, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 10th, 1893, viz: Jas. B. Bly, Homestead entry, No. 17894, for the s. w. 1/4 of s. 1 of section 6, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry H. McGee, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala. mar7 J. H. BISHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., April 8, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 15th, 1893, viz: Madison Popwell, Homestead entry 26947 for the n. w. 1/4 of s. 30 township 21 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathan A. Dobbs, Monroe M. Derrin, Francis M. Hendley, William H. Hendley, all of Kinshon, Ala. mar24 J. H. BISHAM, Register.

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U. S. Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., March 24, 1893.
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CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., APR. 20, 1898.

Ayer's Pills

Are compounded with the view to general usefulness and adaptability. They are composed of the purest vegetable aperients. Their delicate sugar-coating, which readily dissolves in the stomach, preserves their full medicinal value and makes them easy to take, either by old or young. For constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, and the common derangements of the stomach, liver, and bowels; also, to check colds and fevers, Ayer's Pills

Are the Best

Unlike other cathartics, the effect of Ayer's Pills is to strengthen the excretory organs and restore to them their regular and natural action. Doctors everywhere prescribe them. In spite of immense competition, they have always maintained their popularity as a family medicine, being in greater demand now than ever before. They are put up both in wine and boxes, and whether for home use or travel, Ayer's Pills are preferable to any other. Have you ever tried them?

Ayer's Pills

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all druggists.

Every Dose Effective

SCHEDULES & N. A. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:29 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 8:44 a. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 5:56 a. m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:26 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 a. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.
Nos. 2 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 3 and 9 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

There was a dance at Mr. W. B. Nolen's last Friday night.

Chilton County can boast of the prettiest towns in the State.

Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Bell, of Ada, Ala., has been visiting relatives here.

Mr. F. J. Davis, of Woodlawn, Ala., has been visiting Clanton on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Martin of Columbia, Ala., are on a visit to relatives in Clanton.

Rev. A. A. Hutto preached at the Baptist Church here last Sunday morning and night.

Messrs. Chas. and Lee Bivings visited their parents in Clanton Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. J. Bice, Strasburg's enterprising saw mill man, was in Clanton Monday on business.

Mrs. R. H. Crosswell and daughter, Miss Mary, are on a visit to relatives in town this week.

Mr. W. H. Phillips has closed his store here and Mr. L. D. Popwell has opened up the store.

Remember your subscription is due in advance—\$1.50 a year. We cannot carry dead subscribers.

Mr. B. F. Robinson, of Jemison, called on us this week. Another good democrat and public spirited citizen.

Mrs. J. S. Crews has returned to her home in Goodwater after visiting her daughter Mrs. W. B. Nolen at this place.

Messrs. Robert Brown and Clay Jones, of Lily, were in town last week and attended the dance at Mr. W. B. Nolen's.

Sheriff Moore and Clerk Vanderwever are kept quite busy, preparing for Circuit Court which meets here May 15th.

Maj. J. D. Bivings, one of our most esteemed townsmen, who for sometime has been unwell, is now, we are glad to note, enjoying better health.

A thorough "scrape gang" passed through Clanton Monday on their way to Clear Creek to put in a side track at that place. They had just completed a side track at Verbena.

Mr. W. W. Dunn, our accommodating depot agent, is off on a trip to Atlanta, Ga., this week. Mr. Joe Hester has taken the day job in his absence and Mr. Butterfield, of Deatsville, is acting as night operator in Mr. Hester's place.

Mr. W. H. Lawrence and family have moved to Montgomery, where they will reside in the future. Mr. Lawrence has been a resident of Clanton for twelve years; he will be missed and his many friends hated to see him leave his old headquarters. We wish him much success in his new sphere.

Notes.

If you fail to get your paper, notify the VIEW office at once.

Commencing during the month of June, the VIEW will publish a description of each town in our county, giving the names and occupation of their prominent citizens. It will, when finished, contain a complete history of Chilton county.

Mr. Jesse R. Jones, one of Chilton's oldest citizens, as well as one of its true democrats, visited the VIEW office this week. We were glad to see him. If Chilton possessed a thousand voters like Mr. Jones, we would have no fear of the "Mugwumps."

Many rise early in the morning with a headache and no inclination for breakfast. This is due to torpidity of the liver and a deranged condition of the stomach. To restore healthy action to these organs, nothing is so efficacious as an occasional dose of Ayer's Pills.

It was reported sometime ago in the VIEW columns, that Verbena had a woman suffrage society. We take pleasure in correcting this almost unpardonable mistake. The ladies of that place say there is no such society in their midst, nor will there be any: to which we add a hearty amen.

The VIEW is under the impression that the last legislature granted the town of Clanton a new charter. We also believe that it specified a time for holding an election which time has passed by unnoticed. The information we desire is, who is to blame for the present deplorable condition of our streets?

Dr. A. A. Greene, an old Chilton county boy, is now practicing in Opelika. "Gus" is a young man of bright intellect, who has been keenly educated. We have no doubt of his success. Time will demonstrate to the people of his native county that he is to be and will be a shining light in the medical world.

The VIEW takes pleasure in announcing that Hon. G. A. Northington will continue as proprietor of the "Clifton Hotel" through the summer months. He has made quite a success of the hotel, and all who engage board from him will be highly pleased. The Clifton as all know, is situated at Verbena—that most delightful summer resort.

Burnt to Death.

Mrs. Daniel Martin living about four miles from Jemison was burned to death last Saturday evening. She had been complaining of her back hurting, and lay down in front of the fire to warm her back and in which position she fell asleep. She was awakened by the burning of her clothing. Her husband was in the back yard and he also was burned by trying to save his wife. Mrs. Martin was buried Monday.

We are often heard to express fruitless regrets, such as cannot be blotted out. "I would give a thousand worlds, if I had them," said a reformed drunkard, "if I could only blot out the consequences of my past conduct." To forever erase from memory the curse of sinful acts is an utter impossibility. Sin leaves its sting and its effects. Jacob never forgot that night of wrestling at the ford of Jabbok, nor did Peter forget the look of the Saviour when the cock crew. The forgiveness for sin, after repentance, does not carry with it the forgetfulness of the sins committed. Over the doorway of an old church in Spain may be seen these words: "If we forget our sins, God will remember them. If we remember our sins, God will forget them."

FAREWELL.

Farewell, if this be the last,
My trembling lips shall speak to thee,
If ne'er again thy hand I clasp,
If ne'er again thy form I see.
Whither thy heart's deep cell unseen,
With thou my image bear with thee,
Twixt mirth and pleasure think of me.
I would not in thine hours of glee,
When round thee youthful heart is light,
I would not have one thought of me,
Turn thy bright moments into night.
But should some ruthless hand o'er-throw,
Thy chalice filled with pleasure now,
Should pain the brimming cup o'er-flow.
Will wish me near to soothe thy brow,
In hours when peace and hope shall fill,
Thy heart with gentle quietness.
And all thy hearts wild tumults still,
And filled thy heart with cheerfulness,
When o'er the pleasant dreams are cast,
With silent peaceful reverie,
Then in sweet memory of the past,
I wish thee to remember me.
GEO. A. JONES.

Send us your job work.

Verbena Views.

The railroad has a new side track here.

Our energetic Sheriff, P. M. Moore, visited our city this week on business.

Miss Dede Maull after a pleasant visit to relatives here has returned to her home in Elmore.

Miss Inez and Charlie Northington have been visiting relatives in Autauga county.

Dr. R. J. Baldwin and family of the Capital City has been on a visit to relatives in Verbena.

Messrs. Lee Kniss, Gerald Ware Geo. S. Bayne, all of Montgomery, visited our city recently on business.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hanlin are on a visit to friends in west Chilton.

Miss Evelyn Caffey has been on a visit to friends in Bozeman.

Misses Lila Haynie and Sadie Bently after a pleasant visit to friends here have returned to their respective homes in Montgomery and Rockford.

Messrs. Milton Stewart, of Baltimore, O. W. Hawley, of Louisville, and D. G. Fitzpatrick, of Birmingham, visited our city lately on business.

Prof. Pruitt has closed his school at this place and has returned to his home at Midway, Ala.

Mr. Tom Guttalorn has got his mill finished and is sawing lumber now.

We had frost on the nights of the 15th and 16th.

The farmers are busy planting cotton. Some have cotton up and barred off ready to chop.

A stranger, who would stroll from our village along the public road to Pratt Saw Mill, would behold a disgraceful sight. On the left of the road he would see a sacred enclosure, in which lies all that is earthly of a number of our noblest and purest men and women. The straw and briars of an uncultivated field, and the pine and other trees of the forest renders almost invisible the marble slab that marks the resting place of our loved ones.

When we bury our fathers, mothers, sisters, brothers, or children, are we to drop one tear to dampen the earth under which they sleep, and then forget them? No. We are not heathens. We should constantly plant flowers to shed their fragrance around this spot. Then let us stop for a moment in our wild hunt for the wealth of the world, and make this sacred spot (as it could be made) a beautiful one. While their spirits bask in immortal bliss, let the mouldering dust of their bodies lie under a garden of flowers.

List of Jurors

drawn for the spring term of the Circuit Court of Chilton County, Alabama, for the year 1898.

GRAND JURORS.
J. T. Cobb, W. F. Cloughton, B. H. Chestnut, H. A. J. Harris, G. L. Speer, J. W. Middlebrooks, R. E. Hicks, W. Y. Six, Z. J. Jones, J. C. Walker, Jasper Gentry, J. A. Logan, W. M. Price, T. W. Weiden, W. H. Parrish, W. A. Mims, B. N. Martin, Jas. Colley, W. H. Shaw, I. W. Mullins.

PEIT JURORS FIRST WEEK.
W. J. Brown, W. A. G. Logan, J. J. Hicks, Aaron Littleton, Isaac Littleton, L. Moore, H. Henry, I. J. Robinson, Jas. R. Harris, H. Z. Barnes, T. J. Littlejohn, John Robert, Jas. S. Atchison, Ed. Smithman, L. S. Sammons, J. H. Honeycutt, W. H. Littlejohn, W. T. Hayes, W. D. Nix, Wm. Calaway, W. H. Wells, G. W. Mims, H. M. Butts, Thos. Lawrence, J. T. Mims, N. J. Maddox, I. S. Eaves, D. A. Friday, H. Hurley, A. Z. Bean, A. F. Childers, G. L. Glascock, G. W. Littleton, Moses Mims.

PEIT JURORS SECOND WEEK.
L. H. Reynolds, W. D. Gloss, J. B. Killingsworth, John A. Stock, J. G. Buckhalter, J. T. Mullins, J. R. Driver, J. W. Sorrell, J. S. Jones Jr., J. C. Calaway, E. M. Bean, Thos. Mims, Joseph Ray, N. F. Easterling, P. E. Harris, S. E. Waldrup, H. W. Holditch, W. N. Johns, Robert Killingsworth, Elijah Jones, John Patterson, W. E. Lowery, J. P. Holey, Elijah Mims, G. W. Askins, Henry Cox, J. H. Aldridge, W. J. Millstead, J. M. Thacker, George Gore, J. E. Boring, J. H. Sexton, A. J. Adkinson. [The VIEW welcomes you to its office. During your leisure hours of court call and see us. Our exchange list is at your disposal.]

The article given below from the Memphis Commercial should be read by every farmer in our county. It is true that a decrease of acreage means a better price for cotton, for now the supply is greater than the demand; but there are other things presented in this article that should also receive earnest consideration from every farmer: "In the consideration of the question of agricultural distress in the South, we esteem that the press and the various farmers' conventions and such bodies frequently do not get at the heart of matters. On all sides we hear advocated the decrease of cotton acreage. This is good and wise. The acreage of cotton should be reduced, but that is not the great question. The essential thing is not the mere negative act of not raising so much cotton, but the positive wisdom of raising other things which will prove healthful and profitable. It is not so much to raise cotton as it is to raise corn and oats and provisions. The farmers of the South all sigh backward to the

good old days before the war when to be a planter was to be a rich man. The reason of that is generally stated to be the cheaper labor rendered possible by slavery. That, however, was not the sole explanation. The real reason was that the farming was then conducted more intelligently than it is now, and on truer and more natural principles.

The planters in those days never thought of buying their provisions and grain from distant cities. Our farmers think of nothing else.

The farmers of the South now, that is the majority of them, are practicing a system which is an absolute reversion of the true and natural system of farming. The essential principle of successful farming is that the farm shall burn its own smoke. That is, that the supplies, the necessary living produce, feed for stock, provisions for labor and such things shall be supplied from the crops grown on the farm. Then when all those things are provided for, let the surplus of acreage and energy be given to cash crops. The farmer is not a true tradesman. Instead of pursuing this sane and natural course what are the methods of the generality of modern Southern farmers? Every available inch of farm land is given up to cotton and oats and meat must be bought for cash, or worse still, for credit prices and with the added expense of interest.

The farmer buys corn when creditable estimates show that he can raise corn on his farm with less than he can afford to haul it ten miles if the corn were given him gratis. If natural measures were applied to farming, every farmer would be utterly independent, even if he had no cash. His land should and would furnish the necessities of life.

It is well to insist that the mere decrease of cotton acreage will do little good. The important thing is to get back to natural methods, and by applying to farming the plans of antebellum planters, realize their prosperity. To prevent the hardening of the subcutaneous tissues of the scalp and the obliteration of the hair follicles, which causes baldness, use Hall's Hair Renewer.

Judge H. J. Callen is prominently mentioned for the position of Receiver of Public Moneys. Judge's friends wish him success.

It would be worth while for the ladies to bear in mind if they take a gentle course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla in the spring, they will have no trouble with "prickly heat," "hives," "sties," "boils," or "black heads," when summer comes. Prevention is better than cure.

Who Can Tell?

Mobile Register.
Information is wanted in Richmond of the name of the regiment and of the colonel and captain of Private Julian C. Levy, who was killed in the battle of Malvern Hill, and whose remains were brought to Alabama for interment. It is thought that he belonged to the fifth or sixth Alabama, but certainly was in Rhode's brigade. Information can be sent to Mr. George H. Dunlap, Mobile, Ala.

The Best Blood Remedy.
August A. Klages, 610 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Bolein Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

F. B. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHER.

BALDWIN & FOSHER,

Attorneys at Law,

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

SCHLOSS & KHAN.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,*

and LIQUOR DEALERS.

We make a specialty of TOBACCOS. We have the Agency for Diplomat, Westmore and Rose Bud PATENT FLOUR.

Call on us at 204 & 206 Commerce Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

STRICTLY WHOLESALE.

april 21-y

W. H. Taylor,

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Hair Cutting and Shaving.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them, and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, etc.; Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Elixir de Milleleur.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DEALER IN—

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

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PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

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DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; Chimney Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS.
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Battan, and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$25 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying

Position? Qualify Yourself and

You can get it! For Facts and

Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

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GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistol

Pistols, Fishing Tackle.

CARTRIDGES.

AND BASE BALL GOODS.

Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Wall Paper, Artists' Materials

And Builders' Hardware.

18 COMMERCE STREET.

MONTGOMERY, - - - - - ALA.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to secure Case and Attention and Preparation should Reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.



TO THE CONSUMER:

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. Laws respecting copyrights). It is of every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.

As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that you have described in detail and we would be glad to have you re-see.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 5th, 1898.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law, is free to Alabama students. Entire college charges of a student \$262.50. Tuition fee in Law school \$75. Law students do not reside in the College Halls and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to a Freshman course of the University without examination. The privilege of any School or Academy who desires this institution to be made a University Auxiliary school is to obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University, Box 60, Montgomery, Ala., or RICHARD G. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through in Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton, W. P. Moore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

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AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.

CLANTON, ALA.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

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Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.

(Feb 25-92)

BUY THE LIGHT RUNNING

NEW HOME

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

Send TEN cents to 25 Union Sq., N. Y., for our price guide, and win a New Home Sewing Machine.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co. NEW YORK, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY W. L. SHERREY, Clanton, Ala.

CHILTON COUNTY
In the geographical center of Alabama. The
Zacharyville and Kaskville, the E. T. V. & Co.
and the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Mem-
phis Railroad pass through the County, and
the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east.
The chief industries are farming and saw mill-
ing. Population 15,000.
Chilton, the county seat, is on the L. & N.
R. R. 36 miles south of Birmingham and 40
miles north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills
are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

F. B. BALDWIN, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.
WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.
TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.
VOLUME XII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, APRIL 27, 1893. NUMBER 26.

CAHEEN BROTHERS & CO.,
Corner 1st Avenue and 21st Street,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.
THE POPULAR HOUSE OF ALABAMA
To Do Your Trading.

Also the largest house in size and carrying the largest stock, which is conve-
nient to all. We cordially invite the people of Chilton county to visit our store
and inspect our grand offerings for the winter season in all kinds of Dry Goods,
Dress Goods, Shoes, Millinery, Carpets, Window Shades, Gent's Furnishing Goods
and Men's and Boys' Hats.
We are offering our entire stock of elegant Men's and Boys' Clothing at
cost, to close the stock out. Be sure and pay Caheen's a visit.
SAMPLE ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY!

NEW STORE! Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at **NEW PRICES!**
KAUFMAN & WEILS CLOTHING STORE,
Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

At Parting.
If thou dost bid thy friend farewell,
But for one last thought that farewell
may be,
Press thou his palm with thine. How canst
thou tell
How far from thee
Fate or caprice may lead his feet
Ere the tomorrow comes? Men have been
known
To lightly turn the corner of the street,
And days have grown
To months and months to lagging years
Before they looked in loving eyes again;
Parting at last is underlaid with tears,
With tears and pain.
Therefore, sudden death should come
between,
Or time, or distance, clasp with pressure
true
The hand of him that goeth forth, unseen,
Fate goeth, too!
Yes, and then always time to say
Some softest word between the idle talk,
And with thee, henceforth, night and day,
Regret should walk.
—(Conventy Patmore.

"WHISTLING WILL."
"Won't you tell me just one more
story before tea-time?" I pleaded.
Dr. Rhoades and I were sitting on
the piazza at the close of a hot summer
day. Although he had been with us
only a week, he and I were great
friends. I had heard often of him
before, but on account of his busy
professional life, he had been unable
to accept my father's many invita-
tions.
At last, worn out by his work, he
was forced to take a rest, and had
written that he would be pleased to
visit us at our country home.
My father hardly ever told any of
his experiences in the army during
the war without bringing in "Joe
Rhoades," as he called him. Doctor
Rhoades had been an assistant surgeon
then.
"Well, yes, just one short one," he
answered as he looked into my eager
face.
"There had been a fearful carnage
that day and the surgeons were very
busy. Body after body was brought
in, and those that could be helped
were sent to the operating room.
Those past our help were sent to the
death-house."
"Late in the afternoon one body
was brought in which, even amid that
scene, made me tremble. It was that
of a brave fellow, a schoolmate of
mine, who had enlisted at the very
opening of the war. He was a happy-
hearted fellow, bright in the darkest
hours, and a continual whistler. Be-
fore he could be seen, his clear,
strong notes were heard, and the men
knew that 'Whistling Will' was com-
ing.
"The surgeon examined him and
said, 'Well, Will, you have whistled
your last tune,' and hurried to the
next. It seemed impossible that he
would ever hear his cheerful voice
again. I notice that he was not mu-
tated in any way, and thought that
he had probably been killed by a fall
from his horse.
"His body was carried to the death-
house, but—and here comes the strange
part—as he was being taken from the
room, suddenly and distinctly I heard
Bill's familiar whistle, 'Cheer up,
comrades, and be gay,' just as it had
sounded as he marched to his death
that morning. I looked about to see
if any one else had noticed it. Every
one was absorbed in the confusion and
suffering around him. I said nothing.
"About eight o'clock that night the
surgeon sent me for some attendants
to the death-house. I passed the death-
house, which was nothing more than a
large shed with a door at each end, so
that one could pass from one end to
the other, between the rows of corpses
on each side. As I reached the place,
again came the whistle, faintly, in a
kind of minor undertone. 'Cheer up,

comrades and be gay.' When I passed
the door, I hesitated; somehow I
wanted to go in, but remembering
that I had been sent on an errand, I
passed on; again came the same re-
frain, each word sounding very dis-
tinctly, and apparently right beside
my ear. By this time I felt a little
queer, but tried to banish my fears
by attributing them to over-wrought
nerves.
"I started on a brisk walk to the
surgeon, determined not to be a fool
any longer. Two-thirds of the long
building were passed, when, hark!
the same notes again, still fainter than
before. Bends of cold perspiration
stood on my forehead when I entered
the surgeon's headquarters, but I said
nothing.
"I worked incessantly until eleven
o'clock, with the memory of that re-
frain before me all the time. At half-
past eleven I threw myself on my
cot, which was placed beside a window
at the extreme end of a narrow
corridor. Thoroughly exhausted, I
soon fell asleep. I don't know how
long I had lain, when suddenly on
the night-wind came Bill's 'Cheer up,
comrades, and be gay.' I jumped up,
as if aroused by a trumpet blast.
"The moon had risen full and clear
and was pouring her wan light right
on my face.
"Instinctively, I put my head out
of the window, and from every tree
and hill and valley, as if the whole
earth was resounding, came the same
line, this time in an exultant tone.
"Without a thought, I leaped from
the window to the ground, which was
but a few feet below, and, as wide-
awake as I ever was in my life, I went
straight to the death-house. Now there
were no fears. I did not think at all, I
only listened. Upon reaching the door,
I lighted one of the candles that were
lying on a shelf, but it was of little
use, the wind made the flame flicker
and splutter. With this uncortal
light, I passed down the long aisle
between the white-sheeted corpses on
either side. I did not know where
Will lay, but, without hesitating, I
walked up two-thirds of the way and
turned down the sheet from the fifth
last corpse on the right-hand side.
"It was he, pale, yet looking just as
if he were asleep. I stood a moment
holding the flickering light above his
head, when—good God! I saw his
eyelids tremble. I stood as if sud-
denly turned into stone, then a slight
quivering breath and—the lids opened.
With a shriek, I dropped the candle
and ran out into the air, through the
fields to the hospital.
"Upon reaching there, my wits
came back. What was I to do? Not
call upon the surgeon; no, he would
only laugh and tell me head was
turned. Then I thought of the stew-
ard. He had been very fond of Will.
I would ask him.
"In a short time we stood by Will's
side. I was no longer frightened.
My professional coolness came to my
aid.
"Upon examination I found a
very feeble pulse. Stimulants were
given, and for two hours, sur-
rounded by our ghostly specta-
tors, we labored. At length we
were rewarded by hearing the words,
spoken in a very weak voice, 'Where
am I?'
"All right, old boy," I answered,
as I tried to keep his eyes from seeing
the object about him. Another re-
turn of partial unconsciousness enabled
us to get him out without his seeing
where he was, and in the morning, he
found himself in the hospital, very
weak, but on the road to recovery.
"In a few months, he was among
us again, as bright and as cheery as
before, but never whistled, 'Cheer up,
comrades, and be gay.' He appeared to
have forgotten it."
The doctor flushed—it had grown
quite dark. After a moments silence.

Society at the Capital.
The society of the capital that is
immediately before our eyes is a mov-
ing and breathing picture of the life
of the country. It is essentially re-
publican. The men and women who
compose it come from all ends of the
land. Its chief interest lies in the
fact that it is not like the society that
is to be found at courts or in the
charmed circles of those who hedge
in kings. Here we have the people
doing as best they may what is done
by the select of Europe. They may
do it crudely, inelegantly, even boi-
sterously, but will any one who has
participated in their pleasures say that
they do not do it generously and with
a certain nobility of kindness, that,
unfortunately for them, is a stranger
to many who look at them through
cynical goggles?
From the President's dwelling down,
the houses of the official people who
care to perform the social function are
open to the public. It is absurd, of
course, to speak of the social inter-
course carried on on such a basis as
involving in any but the slightest de-
gree the elements of selection or of
exclusiveness. There was a time not
many years ago when a few persons
were invited to the official receptions
at the White House, and placed behind
a barrier of receiving women and
sofas. It was pleasant for those who
were thus chosen, and they were peo-
ple who helped to make Washington
unique and peculiar; but the great
Washington world, the really interest-
ing and characteristic specimens of
humanity, the representatives of the
progressive citizenship of the country,
tramped on before that President as
their like had tramped on before
other Presidents, and as they would
continue to tramp on before Presi-
dents yet to come, into the great East
Room, out into the halls, timidly
through the Conservatory, for sim-
ple-minded men and women who do
not understand all the complications
of social relations have not yet learned
the delight of remote corners, and
are strongly inclined to doubt the pro-
priety of getting beyond the call of
the host or hostess, no matter how
large the party may be. —(Henry
Loomis Nelson, in Harper's Magazine.

**THE UPS AND DOWNS EXPERIENCED BY
THE OBSCURE OFFICE-SEEKERS.**
"Good Lord Deliver Us from the Gim-
lets and Angers of Reporters."
That man is to be pitied who is constrained
to seek an office for a living. And yet there
are some good men who do it. I know some
whom office has adorned. General Young,
for instance—for he is a curly gentleman and
will represent our government in a courtly and
gracious manner. He will keep the peace
without lumbering our national pride. He
would have kept it with Chile if he had been
there. He is a good man, and I have great
sympathy for such men and am glad to see them get
office. Office that exercises their grace and
gentleness does not require much work
but is a kind of gentle sinners with abun-
dant perquisites. We regret to lose him from
Carterville, to miss the genial welcome with
which he would have greeted us, and to be
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CLANTON VIEW

F. A. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.

CLANTON, ALA., APR. 27, 1893

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Your best remedy for
Erysipelas, Catarrh
Rheumatism, and
Scrofula.

Salt-Rheum, Sore Eyes
Abscesses, Tumors
Ringing Sores
Scurvy, Humors, Itch
Anemia, Indigestion
Pimples, Blisters
And Carbuncles
Ringworm, Rashes
Impure Blood
Languidness, Dropsy
Liver Complaint
All cured by

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price \$1.00 per bottle, 60¢ per half bottle.

Cures others, will cure you

SCHEDULES S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:20 a. m.

No. 2 Mail 5:44 p. m.

No. 3 Accommodation 5:59 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:28 a. m.

No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.

No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stops.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The signal service flag has been

established here.

Mr. E. T. Gullahan of Verbena,

visited Clanton Sunday.

Mr. W. B. Nolen visited Rock-

ford on business last week.

Mr. J. L. Beard, of Verbena, vis-

ited Clanton last Thursday.

Mrs. Tom Phillips visited Mont-

gomery on business Tuesday.

Mr. R. H. Crowell visited his

family at this place last week.

We can not afford to continue

your subscription unless you pay.

It is poor economy to buy poorly

made clothes. While our clothing

is the best made we guarantee our

prices as low as inferior goods sold

by other houses. Alex. Rice,

Miss French Evans, of Annis-

ton, was in Clanton last week on a

visit.

Miss Minnie Hester after a pleas-

ant visit to Nashville is now at

home.

Mr. Jim Hand of Jemison, was in

town of business the latter part of

last week.

Mrs. Harvey Brown of Birming-

ham, visited relatives in Clanton

this week.

Mr. Tom Hand of Jemison, vis-

ited Clanton's capital on business

this week.

Your watch will not tick ten

seconds before you commence buy-

ing when you see the bargains we of-

fer. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Mr. Henry Wingate, of Verbena,

was in town Friday and gave the

view a call.

Dr. Massey, of Birmingham, has

been on a professional visit to our

town lately.

Miss Bulah Cooper, of Chan-

dler's Mill, is visiting relatives in

Clanton this week.

Mrs. L. C. Day is visiting the

family of her grandfather, Mr.

Wright, of this town.

No other house does, ever did, or

ever will sell such sterling qual-

ities at such low prices as we quote.

Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Mr. W. W. Dunkin has returned

to Clanton after a pleasant visit to

Atlanta, Ga., last week.

Mrs. R. H. Crowell returned

Tuesday evening to Deatsville af-

ter a visit to relatives in Clanton.

Rev. B. E. Feagin preached two

excellent sermons last Sunday to

as many large congregations.

Mr. R. Ehrman is building a

residence at his mill and his fam-

ily will shortly remove thither.

Don't spend a dollar for any ar-

ticle of clothing for Men or Boys

until you examine the Bargains

we offer this season.

Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Mr. W. H. Wright of Bessemer,

arrived here Sunday and will

spend some time with his people.

Mr. L. E. Gullahan of the fair

and flourishing town of Verbena,

paid this burg a visit last Sabbath.

There was a party at Mr. John

Garner's last Friday night. Those

who attended reported a jolly eve-

ning.

Mr. R. A. Wright of the town of

Sistrunk, paid his old friends and

former fellow townsmen of this

place a visit Sunday.

Mr. Pate Aldridge has resumed

his old position of supervisor of

the Montgomery and Birmingham

division of the L. & N.

Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Free—Until further notice a

World's Fair souvenir coin goes

free with every twenty dollar pur-

chase.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Martin of

Columbia, Ala., returned home

Monday after a week's visit to

relatives in Clanton's capital.

Superintendent of Education E.

O. Dawson of Shelby county, was

in our town Saturday last in com-

pany with his father Dr. Dawson.

A few cars were run into and

untracked Monday evening at

Duke's Switch. A negro break-

man had both of his feet badly

crushed.

Don't forget that the VIEW is

now prepared to fill job work or-

ders. We do first class work at the

lowest prices. Why do you send

your work away from home? Give

us a trial.

Mrs. Wm. A. Collier and fam-

ily visited Deatsville last week in

attendance at the bedside of Mr. G.

W. Haden who has been seriously

ill at that place.

The early crop of spring fights

which usually come in about this

time of year seems like the cotton

and corn to have been "put back"

by the cool weather.

Grover Cleveland has an annual

income of 50,000 dollars and yet

with all his money he could not

buy better fitting clothes, Shirts

or Hats than those sold by

Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

A married gentleman in Clanton

was heard to remark that he

"favored woman's suffrage." "Yes,"

said a friend, "I suppose you do, as

you have had one woman suffering

for about three years."

The rehearsal for the concert to

be given early in May for the

benefit of the Baptist church are

of semi-weekly occurrence and are

studiously attended by those who

are to participate in the perform-

ance.

There was a very pleasant en-

tertainment at the residence of

Mrs. J. T. Hester last Saturday

evening. Molasses candy was

stewed and "pulled" and everyone

who participated enjoyed them-

selves.

If one of the numerous cyclones

which have been so busy of late

sweeping over the country is now

out of a job and will promise to

operate solely on the eye-sores of

our town it is welcome to step

this way.

Other stores might do as well

for you as we do; but they don't.

Hence our great and growing busi-

ness. Alex. Rice, Montgomery.

Mr. R. C. Duke of Great Bir-

mingham, visited his people in

Clanton this week. A large num-

ber of his friends failed to recog-

nize him at first on account of the

great change wrought in his ap-

pearance by the amputation of his

mustache.

Spring suspended operations dur-

ing the latter part of last week and

the early days of this and hoary-

headed winter breathed his chilly

breath on the ice cream clothes

of previously dressed young men

and maidens.

Mr. Bob Brown of New Orleans,

who has for some time past been

visiting his people in the Mut-

terbury district paid Clanton a visit

Tuesday and was accompanied on

his return by his brother's wife,

Mrs. Harvey Brown.

On last Sunday the Baptist Sun-

day school appointed a committee

to confer with the committee of

the Methodist Sunday school as to

the advisability of having a union

picnic and in case the same is de-

cided upon to name a time and

place for holding it.

They hold together, that's what

we wish to impress upon you when

we speak of our Tailor made Suits.

They are cut more stylish, fit bet-

ter. Buttons are sewed on tighter

and the Prices, well from \$10 to

\$20 for suits, other Merchants

would ask you \$20 to \$30.

ALEX. RICE, Montgomery.

An ardent Third Party man

from East Chilton who ever since

his conversion has religiously con-

demned every act of the Demo-

cratic administration was in Clanton

last Saturday and took occa-

sion to denounce in round terms

the newly established weather

service in Clanton for hoisting the

white and black flag and thus

bringing a cold snap down upon

us which has seriously damaged

the cotton crop.

Notes.

Clanton has challenged Birm-

ingham for a game of ball but re-

cent defeats seems to have so

dampened the ardor of the Magic

City's B. B. team that no answer

seems to be forthcoming. Her

backbone which has for some time

been decomposing needs reconsti-

tuting.

We had occasion to visit Rock-

ford last week on professional busi-

ness. Our stay was most pleasant.

A more hospitable people could

not be found. Such loyal, ener-

getic and friendly Democrats as

Messrs. Smith, McThomson and

Bentleys are sure to succeed in

their every undertaking. May

they at an early date bring old

Cocca into Democratic ranks. Suc-

cess to you, boys.

Clanton is one of the prettiest

little towns in the state and one of

the best fitted for a summer resort.

Sufficient stress has never been

laid by our citizens on the purity

and excellence of our water, the

cool summer breezes that fan our

hills and the beauty of the town

among the oaks.

Mr. O. A. Duke of Bainbridge,

Ga., visited his family at Clanton

this week. Mr. Duke expresses

himself as highly pleased with his

new location and his family, whom

our people are sorry to lose, will

shortly remove thither. He says,

the only remaining Third Party

man in his county is to be hanged

on the 5th of May.

Three young gentlemen of Birm-

ingham, whose names we failed

to learn, rode through our town en-

CHILDREN VIEW

F. R. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., MAY 4, 1893.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Makes the hair soft and glossy.
"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for nearly five years, and my hair is moist, glossy, and in an excellent state of preservation. I am forty years old, and have ridden the plains for twenty-five years."—Wm. Henry Ott, alias "Mustang Bill," Newcastle, Wyo.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from falling out.
"A number of years ago, by recommendation of a friend, I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor to stop the hair from falling out and prevent its turning gray. The first effects were most satisfactory. Occasional applications since have kept my hair thick and of a natural color."—H. E. Basham, McKim, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Restores hair after fever.
"Over a year ago I had a severe fever, and when I recovered, my hair began to fall out, and what little remained turned gray. I tried various remedies, but without success. Until at last I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and now my hair is growing rapidly and is restored to its original color."—Mrs. A. Collins, Dighton, Mass.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from turning gray.
"My hair was rapidly turning gray and falling out; one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor has remedied the trouble, and my hair is now its original color and fullness."—D. Clarke, Cleveland, O.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

SCHEDULES & N. A. RAILROAD

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:29 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:44 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 5:59 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:39 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

The strawberry crop is large.
"Clanton-Among-the-Oaks" is good.
Professor Cordier is in town this week.

Monday week is the first day of circuit court.

There was a dance at the hotel last Thursday night.

Clanton has the coolest freestone water in Alabama.

If our people failed to catch "May water" it wasn't the water's fault.

Sam W. Catts, the sporting editor of THE VIEW, visited Verbeena Saturday.

Mr. R. C. Duke left Friday morning for a pleasure trip to Nashville, Tenn.

There was a severe wind and hail storm in Clanton Monday afternoon last.

Mr. Harvey Brown of Birmingham, visited his Clanton county kinsfolk recently.

Mr. A. J. Gullahorn and others of his brethren of Verbeena, were in Clanton Sunday.

Mr. P. D. Wilson spent last Sunday very joyously near the booming village of Duke's Switch.

Mr. T. D. Parnell of Dixie was in town Tuesday and paid THE VIEW a very pleasant visit.

Mrs. E. T. Gullahorn visited Clanton Sunday, returning Monday to her home in Verbeena.

Mr. Clay Jones returned to Mulberry Friday morning from a few days stay with relatives here.

W. M. Wilson has sowed his cleared lot opposite the Methodist church in German millet.

W. A. Culler, Esq., visited his family here for a few hours Sunday and left the same day for Memphis, Tenn.

Sunday school at the two churches, choir practice for children's day, and preaching at the Methodist church last Sunday.

It seems that the citizens of this town are threatened with a road working bee. Is there no balm in a town charter?

Mr. L. C. Day of Jenison, visited his wife here last week and they left Clanton for Strunk, Ala., Friday morning.

Judge R. M. Honeycutt attended the Baptist Sunday School Convention at Macedonia Church Sunday. Large attendance.

What's the matter with our correspondents all over the county? We are always glad to hear from all parts of the county.

The fruit crop promised early this spring to be fine but recent developments have proven the promise of this crop to be unreliable.

Garden truck is looking up, in fact it hardly ever looks any other way in this country, which must consequently be well adapted to truck farming.

Several enterprising citizens were having the streets in front of their respective places of business worked Tuesday. Let the good work proceed.

Mr. Will Candler was in town on business Tuesday. Mr. Candler is one of Clanton's successful farmers who has learned to plant his food crops in rows running toward his kitchen.

There is no cause for excitement. Only a spring freshet that will soon pass, as the fellow said who swam away from Nihil's ark after being refused deck passage to Mt. Sinai.

Mrs. H. J. Callen, F. B. Baldwin, W. H. Foshee, Patrick Smith and S. W. Catts went fishing at the junction of Yellowleaf creek and Coosa river last Friday. Plenty of fish.

COUNTY NEWS.

Lily Dots.

Some of the readers of THE VIEW may think that the Lily correspondent has abandoned, but not so. Although news has been scarce, as all are busy with their farm work.

Miss Florence DeShazo, who has been spending some time at Sylacauga was at home not long since on a visit.

Mr. J. P. Blackmon of Weogufka, was here on a visit to relatives last week.

Mrs. Amanda Wright is visiting relatives in Coosa county.

School at this place has suspended for a season.

We may need soldiers some day, and little Mr. Oden came the other day to join the regiment.

We are glad to state that we have a live Sabbath school at both Isabella and Mulberry churches.

Everything looks as if another marriage would take place in the near future. Let the good work go on.

Mr. G. W. Fox and wife visited their parents at Stanton last week.

Mr. B. T. Rasberry went to Selma last week to purchase a new stock of goods.

Miss Eulah Rasberry and Mattie Lenon, accompanied by Messrs. Walter Lenon and F. D. Jones attended a district meeting near Verbeena last Saturday and Sunday.

Several young people from this place attended Church at Cox's chapel last Sunday.

Mr. J. S. Wright is all smiles. He has a girl visitor at his house weighing eleven pounds.

Mr. B. O. Jones and Miss Lizzie Jones visited the Capital City last week.

Verbeena Views.

Mr. L. L. Zimmerman of Shelby, has been visiting relatives here. His many friends were glad to see him looking so young and well.

Our handsome young friend W. W. Dunkin of Clanton, paid us a flying visit this week.

Miss Mary Brown, after a pleasant visit to relatives here, has returned to her home in Autauga.

A large number of Verbeena people went to the Capital City to attend the memorial services. The ladies of Verbeena sent over one hundred beautiful wreaths and some boxes of most lovely flowers to Montgomery to be placed on the graves of our heroes who died fighting for the freedom of our beloved Southland. God bless the ladies, they are ever true to their country and their loved ones.

Mr. W. H. Wright of Clanton, has been circulating among his friends here.

Mr. A. J. Gullahorn, who has been living at Gravelia, will make his future home in Verbeena.

The L. & N. railroad has had a stock yard built here for the convenience of shippers.

Dr. Jackson, a dentist of the Capital City, is stopping at the Clifton House.

Mrs. Catts and her son Hugh are visiting relatives at Calera.

Mr. J. L. Beard, Esq., is attending court at Wetumpka.

Our genial young friend Sam Catts of Clanton, spent the Sabbath with relatives in our city.

Miss Luez Northington has returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Autauga.

Messrs. Sam. Kaufman, Warren Reese, Jr., and Geo. W. Allen, of the Capital City, visited Verbeena recently.

Messrs. C. H. Kent of Lynchburg, N. Saunders of Atlanta, Scott Hawkins of Birmingham and John F. McCreary of Nashville, visited our city lately.

We have had very heavy rains here. They will make the early oats.

NOX.

Program of Clanton County Teacher's Institute.

An institute will be held at Isabella Church on the 16th and 17th of June, 1893.

FRIDAY.

9:30 a. m.—Opening exercises: Welcome address—G. L. Speer.

1 a. m. Vocabulary Development—W. C. Roberson and L. B. Pounds.

2 p. m. The Grube Method in Arithmetic—H. L. Davis and S. J. Jennings.

NOON RECESS.

3 p. m. Discontents of a Teacher—Miss Lafarice Deadwilder.

4 p. m. Uniform Course of Study—David B. Moore and J. M. Scott.

5 p. m. How to Secure Regular attendance—Miss O. M. Garner.

SATURDAY.

9 a. m. Opening Exercises and Miscellaneous Business.

1 p. m. English Grammar—E. C. Jones and A. B. Harwood.

2 p. m. Report of Book Committee.

NOON RECESS.

3 p. m. Local Taxation—General Discussion.

4 p. m. Ideal High School—W. L. Pruitt.

Isabella church is situated four miles northeast of Maplesville, in the Mulberry neighborhood.

Teachers wishing conveyance from R. R. should write to—G. L. Speer, Lily, Ala.

R. E. R. Hicks,
G. L. Speer,
J. A. Moore,
Committee.

[The law requires teachers to attend these institutes. If they fail to do so without a plausible cause, their names will be sent to the State Superintendents' office to be dealt with.]

J. W. Moore,
Co. Supt. of Education.

Bright Examples.

Here is another of the old time farmers who raises his own home supplies. The Selma Times says:

T. J. Lenore of Clifton County, was a visitor to Selma yesterday.

There is nothing strange about Mr. Lenore being in Selma, but when you learn what he brought along with him you will think it strange.

He brought with him a lot of country cured hams and several sides of good old country-cured bacon. He was out of flour, and not having any money he put the meat in his wagon and swapped it to a Water Street wholesale merchant for the articles he needed. It does us good to hear of a man doing that. One pound of meat is worth two pounds of cotton, at present prices, and the sooner the people realize that fact the better it will be for this section. If every farmer in Dallas County could bring a few hams and a side or two of bacon to the city to swap for flour there would not be half the complaint that you now hear about hard times and a scarcity of money. A man like Mr. Lenore can live from one year's end to the other and have as good a living as anybody on a mighty small amount of money. The farmers of Alabama will have to come to this mode of farming sooner or later.

Some one said to Ella Wheeler Wilcox at one of her Sundays at home: "I want to thank you personally for the good one of your sonnets has done me. I mean that beginning 'Make thy life better than thy work. I have had the line, 'The man should not be shadowed by the artisan,' engraved upon a window in my studio." Womanly tears of gratification gathered in the poet's eyes.

"This is a great compliment," she said, "greater than that paid me when I heard one of my poems quoted from the pulpit of old Trinity. 'But,' here she began to laugh, 'I fear it is rather disillusionizing to tell the genesis of the sonnet. It was written when I was a young girl as a wrap upon the knuckles of a certain old woman who was undertaking to patronize and mould me. She was a devotee of Emerson and a stickler for culture and for breadth of thought. Yes she was full of malice and meanness, and I intended to read her a needed lesson by publishing 'Artist and Man.'"

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Klages, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Boddie's Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

F. R. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHEE.

BALDWIN & FOSHEE,

Attorneys at Law,

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Mar. 7, 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the circuit court at Clanton, Ala., on May 6th, 1893, viz: Jacob Rollins, Homestead entry, No. 17394, for the S. 1 of E. 1 of section 6, township 29 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Richard Jackson, Henry H. McGee, Rufus Myers, and J. G. White, all of Dixie, Ala.

mar. 7. J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

Attorney at Law,

CLANTON - - - ALABAMA.

Box 24.

SCHLOSS & KHAN.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

AND LIQUOR DEALERS.

We make a specialty of TOBACCOES. We have the Agency for Diplomat, Westmore and Rose Bud PATENT FLOUR.

Call on us at 294 & 306 Commerce Street. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

STRICTLY WHOLESALE.

april 2-ly

Hale, Dingley & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

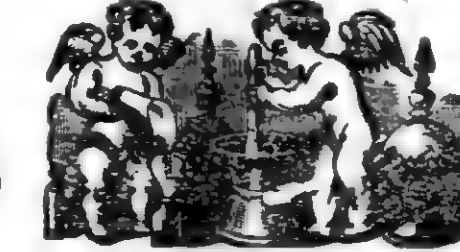
Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, &c.; Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DEALER IN—

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything



To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Cabinets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and

Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

fe19

TODD'S

GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistol

Pistols, Fishing Tackle.

CARTRIDGES.

AND BASE BALL GOODS.

Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company.

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. I. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncane.

W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Wall Paper, Artists' Materials

And Builders' Hardware.

—18 COMMERCE STREET.

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.

COURT CALENDAR.

Circuit—First Term after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in April and August, and on the first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to secure Correct Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.



TO THE CONSUMER:

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.

As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 5, 1893.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Entrance examination for all students. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the College Hall and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary School can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address, RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

W. B. NOLEN,

Attorney at Law,

AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.

CLANTON, ALA.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.

fe19-29

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

Send TEN cents to 25 Union Sq., N. Y. for our prize game, "Blind Luck," and win a New Home Sewing Machine.

ladies that control the property to consider any proposition for its removal to Chicago."

CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., MAY 11, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four months - .50

TO THE VOTERS AND TAX-PAYERS OF CHILTON COUNTY.

THE VIEW notices the tax-sale advertising in last issue of the Banner. Who are the ones to pay for this advertising? The tax-payers of Chilton County. Do the tax-payers of Chilton County desire to pay legal rates of advertising when they could have paid less? But you say how could the rate of advertising be less? This is a question with which we shall especially deal; but let us reason together. There are two papers in Chilton county; one democratic the other people's party. The law allows a certain charge for this advertising and does not say to the effect which duty it is to give notice in a county paper, to which paper he shall give it. He has a perfect right to select (if more than one) the paper he will give this notice to. But what has been the custom of county officials, and what is their duty in this matter? When ever there is found a non-partisan and non-prejudiced county official (and they should be such) whenever the time arrives to give notice of any matter, the cost of which notice is to be paid by the people; and there was more than one paper published in the county, he at once said to the editors or proprietors of these papers, "gentlemen I have some advertising to do for which the tax-payers of my county are to pay and I am not desirous of making them pay the legal rate if it can be done for less, I will receive bids in my office on a certain day; and shall award this advertising to the lowest bidder—regardless to the politics of your different papers. Yes, gentlemen, I am a public servant, I am elected by the tax-payers of Chilton and it is my duty to save them all that can I conscientiously do; so you must bid on this matter."

Yes, this is just what a non-partisan, non-prejudiced, public servant would have said. But stop here. Did the official whose duty it was to let out our tax-sale advertising do this? Oh, no, what did he do, you ask me. Seemingly not caring for the interest of our people, he gave this advertising to the Banner without even asking The View if it desired to bid. The View has no criticism to make as to the Banner's course; there being but one to pursue and that to accept. But has this county official done his duty? Has he pursued the course to benefit the people? Is his office a public trust or a "public bust?" What do you say tax payers of Chilton County.

Reuben Kolb spent last Saturday in Birmingham with "we the people."

John Lewis Johnson has started from Mobile to make the voyage to Chicago in a boat. The World's Fair has created many a crank.

For lack of time the View is unable to answer the Alliance Herald's last article. Our next issue will contain a reply to the "Lord of Lords."

An exchange says: "Johnstown, Pa., is more prosperous than ever." This is very nice, but of little consolation to those who lost their lives and all they possessed in the floods.—Ex.

Cleburne county seems to be on a great mineral boom, and the Edwardsville Standard of that county is quite jubilant over the present prospects. May Cleburne's hopes be justly founded and may she become one of Alabama's great mineral counties.

New Orleans is to have a cotton factory which will make the finer qualities of cotton goods. The market for the coarse cotton goods is overstocked. When the South begins in earnest in making the finer goods, then cotton manufacturing in this section will become, in reality, a profitable business.—Ex.

There is no use to shut our eyes and imagine that this year will be one of political rest. We may be willing, but Manning, Baltzell et al. are not. There is but one course left;—nominate a fighter for Governor, and butt Brother Goodwyn's team out of the road.—Wetumpka Times Democrat.

THE FAITHFUL KOLB.

Ex-Commissioner Kolb spent the better part of Saturday in Birmingham, leaving on the regular afternoon Louisville and Nashville train. The time he spent in Birmingham was given up to consultation with the faithful including leading third party men and republicans.

The ex-commissioner had caused it to be known to his friends that he would be in Birmingham, and local and county leaders gathered around him to receive his sage counsel and hear the ring of his always cheerful voice respecting the state election to take place 14 months hence.

It was the first visit Capt. Kolb had paid Birmingham in an unusually long time, and the first stated conference he had held with his local lieutenants since the floods of 1892; and so the local leaders of the common masses received him gladly, every mother's son of them greeted him habitually as "governor." He was no less fat and looked no less well kept, no less jolly, no less filled with good humor and jolly spirit. Evidently he is still unaware that he no longer has a possibility in respect to the governorship.

"What was done to-day?" was asked of one in a position to know. "It was merely a confidential talk between Captain Kolb and his friends," was the reply.

"Wasn't there a caucus?" "No. Captain Kolb let his friends know he would be here, and they called upon him for a friendly chat upon the practical situation."

"Did he formally announce his candidature for the governorship?" "He didn't refer to it."

"Deemed it unnecessary perhaps?" "Yes, probably so. He is in the field and he knows that we are aware of it. He is a candidate and will have no opposition amongst those who followed him in the last campaign. No other candidate is talked of or thought of. It will be Kolb and Kolb only."

Republicans and third party men alike called upon the ex-commissioner and talked matters over with him, the same as the "Jeffersonians." Nobody doubts that he is already engaged in his fight in his own way. He probably does not consider the organized democracy, and is going to fight it out in his own line regardless of what may be discussed in the way of "reconciliation" or the patching up of differences between himself and the straight out democracy of Alabama.—Age-Herald.

It was hoped that after the very bitter and exciting campaign of last year that politics would settle down and that the people would have some time to devote to business. Such however, doesn't seem to be the case from the way Capt. Kolb and his followers are stirring up the old animosities in Alabama, and it looks as if Kolb were going to again force himself upon the party which, he by his own personal unfitness for place, has twice defeated.

There are many good democrats who followed him, knowing they were going without the Democratic party. There were others who followed him knowing that this was a third party movement. Then there were those who were republicans who followed him for the express purpose of disrupting Democracy. As to the Republican and third party spirit, we can have no reconciliation. Should they wish to come into the democratic party there is plenty room for them and all will be gladly welcomed.

But all democrats and all good persons who believe in white supremacy, and who do not wish to see a repetition of the carpet-bag and scalawag days of 1860, should come together and agree upon some good man who will please all parties, elect him as governor, and put an end to all bitterness engendered by last year's campaign. We are for peace with in the Democratic party and will do all in our power to pacify its divergent elements, but are against everything that savors of principles undemocratic and will fight all such movements to the bitter end, as we believe them to be adverse to the best interests of the country at large.—Tuscaloosa Gazette.

Insomnia is fearfully on the increase. The rush and excitement of modern life so tax the nervous system that multitudes of people are deprived of good and sufficient sleep, with ruinous consequences to the nerves. Remember Ayer's Sarsaparilla makes the weak strong.

THE SPECTATOR.

The man who laughs at the farmer told By the Money card taken in, Bit at the green goods, a tale of old, And "he never smiled again."

The moral of the above lines is to the effect that there are but few mortals but what can be humbugged by someone in some way. I once heard of a negro who afforded a great deal of amusement to people by sincerely declaring that he was being devoured from within by a "varmint" which some "mean nigger" had conjured into him by witchcraft. He was put under the influence of morphine by a joke-loving physician, a slight line drawn across his side with a sharp knife, a few stitches taken therein, and before the patient was allowed to recover an immense horned frog smeared with clotted gore from the juice of the pokeberry was laid on a table near by. The negro awaked from his sleep saw the frog, felt the stitches in his side and gave praise to Him from whom all blessings flow much to the amusement of the practical-joking medical man, who was shortly afterward swindled out of \$200 by a circus man and his little red ball. Few men or bodies of men are half so wise as they imagine themselves to be. When the Morse telegraph system was up before congress for government aid in its establishment it was the but of ridicule for almost every member who spoke on the subject. What a contempt the great inventor must have felt for the representative body of the nation! And yet that congress contained men quoted for their wisdom even unto the present day. Hamlet seems to have had an inkling of the fact that some men didn't know it all when he said, "There are more things in heaven and in earth, Horatio, than are dreamed of in your philosophy."

The following from the soul of a certain newspaper man who in an unguarded moment married himself a wife. I move, Mr. President, that it be spread upon the minutes of the Loafers' Club:

Man that is married to woman is of many days and full of trouble. In the morning he draweth his salary, and in the evening behold it is gone. It is a tale that is told; it vanisheth and no one knoweth whither it goeth. He raiseth up clothed in the chilly garments of the night and seeketh the somnolent paragon wherewith to soothe the colic bowels of his infant posterity. He becometh as a horse or an ox and draweth the chariot of his offspring. He spendeth his shekels in the purchase of fine linen to cover the bosom of his family, yet himself is seen in the gates of the city with one suspender. Yes, he is altogether wretched!

It is nearly fifteen months until the next State election but already the opposing forces are preparing for the coming fight. A gentleman was heard to remark the other day that if the political situation could be clearly put before the Jeffersonians of this county by means of literature and stump speakers Chilton would go Democratic next August year as of old. "You are badly off," said a bystander, evidently a Kolbite, "the people of this county have made up their mind to quit the machine for good. We Kolb folks are going our way hereafter and the Tom Jones crowd may go to the d—l. A majority of the people of this county are against the 'organized' and five hundred stump speakers and as many tons of machine literature won't change them from their opinion." The first speaker regarded the Kolbite mildly for a moment and said, "What you say reminds me of the judge who once decided a case without regard to law or justice but after the dictates of his own prejudices. The counsel for the losing party was very indignant and endeavored by elaborate argument and the reading of numerous decisions of distinguished judges to alter the unjust judge's opinion, but he was finally stopped thusly, 'The court has made up its mind and all the opinions you can read from now till adjournment will not change it.' I have no hope of your honor altering your decision," replied the lawyer. "Then why do you continue to read those opinions?" "Simply; sir to show you what fools all your distinguished predecessors and fellow judges were and are." The Spectator has confidence in the sober second thought of the people and firmly believes that an organized campaign of reason will again

safely land Chilton in the Democratic column, the opinion of the above mentioned Kolbite to the contrary notwithstanding.

Gov. Jones Conference with Cleveland.

Governor Jones has just returned to his office from Washington City, having taken in that city and enjoyed an interview with Cleveland while in the city. Governor Jones handles the King's English as pointedly and gracefully as Cleveland or any man, which fact is evinced by the following. In reply to the question is Cleveland going to recognize the Kolb faction in his appointments? Governor Jones said:

"We had quite a long talk on political affairs in Alabama, much of which I do not feel at liberty to repeat. I can state however, that not the slightest intimation was made of any purpose on his part to make appointments on the line of policy placating the faction of Democrats who opposed the regular ticket. There was one remark he made on the subjects of appointments in reference to the attitude of men to himself; he said the reports that Democrats who favored other candidates for Presidential nomination would not be considered as favorably as Democrats who favored him was, of course utterly unfounded; that these gentlemen have a perfect right to support whoever they deemed best, and that any policy of discrimination against them on that account, would not only be undemocratic, but utterly unworthy of his high office, and he did not believe that any just man seriously entertained any such belief in the matter as to patronage. He further stated that while partisan service, rendered even unto himself, could not be considered a qualification for office, yet he possessed ordinary feelings of gratitude to those who were his friends, and he was equally determined that they should not be discriminated against."

The position of President Cleveland in regard to his supporters and other Democrats who opposed him certainly is a very fair and creditable position, one that adds laurels to Cleveland's crown. In fact it has become self demonstrating that Cleveland towers very considerably above the average man in point of greatness.

Improper and deficient care of the scalp will cause graveness of the hair and baldness. Escape both by the use of that reliable specific, Hall's Hair Renewer.

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S
Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair, and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address The Loudon Medical Co.
Agents Wanted. m11-6m TIFFIN, OHIO.

New Store! *** New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

THE VIEW

Respectfully Solicits

YOUR JOB WORK.

ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Work Neatly Executed.

Blank warranty deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., April 8, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala., on May 27, 1893, viz: Wiley V. Newton, Homestead entries, Nos. 1062 and 2432, for the E 1/2 of E 1/2 of section 34, township 21 north, range 16 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: T. J. Henderson, of Mountain Creek, Ala., Thomas Parrish of Bozeman, Ala., Simon Green, of Verbena, Ala., Jacob Bonans, of Prattville, Ala., J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE

Land Office at Montgomery, Ala., March 24, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on May 18th, 1893, viz: Madison Powell homestead entry 2360 for the N 1/2 of E 1/2 of section 21 north of range 14 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Nathan A. Dohs, Monroe M. Dohs, Francis M. Hendley, William P. Hendley, all of Kinston, Ala., mar30-o J. H. BINGHAM, Register.

B. B. B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A thoroughly tested Remedy FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

This standard remedy has been tried and not found wanting, for forty years by an eminent physician, who has used it in every case of skin disease, and in every case of which it is recommended. It never fails to cure from the blood and skin diseases, and is the result of long and successful experience. It is a general blood purifier and cures all skin diseases, such as Eruptions, Catarrhs, Eczema, Itch, Scald Head, Ringworm, Pimples, Boils, Ulcers, and all other diseases of the skin. It is a powerful blood purifier and cures all blood diseases, such as Leucemia, Chlorosis, and all other diseases of the blood. It is a powerful blood purifier and cures all blood diseases, such as Leucemia, Chlorosis, and all other diseases of the blood.

INVESTIGATE FOR YOURSELF. Send for Free Book of Valuable Information, together with a wonderful array of cures of remarkable cures from the simplest to the most violent. These certificates testify with an accurate and thorough knowledge of the blood and skin diseases, and the blood is the best, cheapest, quickest, greatest and most powerful blood purifier ever known to the world. For sale by druggists; if not, send to us. Address: BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATE FOR PROFIT

MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GA. A High-Grade Business Training School. Have placed over 4000 students in business, and the graduates have secured good positions in the world. The only school in the South conducted on the plan of the business college. Students enter any time. Send for circulars.

Jan-12-y

YES, WE ARE *TO* BLAME!



The assertion has been made by merchants of this city that we are ruining the prices this season on

CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

But it matters little what our competitors may think or say. It is the Public we are trying to please and whose favors we ask. You can depend upon it.

You Cannot Equal Our Prices

We are showing some SUITS FOR MEN at \$10 and \$12 other merchants would think them cheap at \$15 and \$18. We ask you to COMPARE not alone our Prices but the Goods, COMPARE quality and workmanship. This is your only safe guide.

BASE BALL BAT AND CAP given free with each suit in our Children's and Boys' Department.

ALEX. RICE.

MONTGOMERY, - - ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

—DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of Dresden, and the watches he had made especially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers. The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-Head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH, (Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue, —MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY

Stop at the Metropolitan Hotel.



New Hotel, Newly Furnished Throughout. EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS. The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry.

J. A. NEWCOMB, Managr.

BIRMINGHAM

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

School of Shorthand and Typewriting.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educated for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in securing employment. Send for circular. Address, AMOS WARD, President.

CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., MAY 11, 1893.

PEOPLE FIND

That it is not wise to experiment with cheap compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, but who have no real medicinal value. Make use of any other than the standard AYER'S Sarsaparilla—superior Blood-purifier—is simply to invite loss of time, money, and health. If you are afflicted with Scrofula, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Running Sores, Tumors, or any other blood disease be assured that

It Pays to Use

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and AYER'S only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla always depends upon it. It is not vary. It is always the same quality, quantity, and effect. It is superior in combination, proportion, appearance, and in all that goes to build up the system weakened by disease and pain. It searches all impurities in the blood and expels them by the natural channels.

AYER'S Sarsaparill

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢; six bottles \$1.00. Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULES & N. ALA. RAILROAD

Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:29 a.
No. 3 Mail 5:44 p.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:30 a.
GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:26 a.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p.
Nos. 6 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Court next Monday. Attend the concert Tuesday night. Nearly all the county officers were in town Monday. Mr. Lee Foshee of Mulberry, was in town Monday. Mr. Dave Marbury of Bozeman, was in town Sunday. Mr. W. M. Mims, Sr., of Beat 5, was in town this week.

Miss Bettie Hunt of Jemison, is visiting relatives in Clanton. Mr. W. M. Burton of Montgomery visited Clanton this week. Mr. W. A. Gray and son W. Beat 5, was in town Monday.

The county commissioners met for board of equalization Monday. Mrs. M. S. Johnson returned last from a visit to friends in Opelika.

There is talk of an entertainment in benefit of Clanton Cemetery. Children's Day will be appropriately celebrated at the Methodist church Sunday.

Hon. P. M. McKee of the moving town of Jumbo, was in Monday. Mr. C. F. Williams of Jumbo, Clanton Tuesday and paid us a pleasant call.

A photographer, Mr. E. G. Edwards, has pitched his tent near the view of The View. Mr. W. R. Nolen visited Monday and Prattville Tuesday on personal business.

Mr. Wiley Vines of Jemison, visited this week shaking hands with friends both public and private.

Mr. George W. Schmidt of Louisville, Ky., is in town placing order lumber with our local saw mill.

Mr. Forest C. Potts, one of Clanton's handsome and popular young men, visited his girl in Bessemer today.

The new saw mill of J. M. Stone & Son five miles east of Clanton is in full completion and will soon be in operation.

Mrs. H. B. Oliver and Miss Bentley, of Verbena and Rockledge, respectively, visited the family of Wright at this place Tuesday.

It is ill wind or a cold rain brings nobody good. The rains of past few days have exceedingly cooled the heart of the roadfrog.

The frequent and unnecessary ringing of whistles by the railroad engine and switching in the yard at this place is a great nuisance to the living near the depot.

When you come to town call at View office and give us the use of your neighborhood. If you don't pay news a dollar and a half subscription will do as well.

Rev. Mr. Buzbee preached at Baptist church last Sunday night to large congregations. His appointment is for Saturday May 27th, and Sunday the 28th.

Warrants were issued last Friday for Mickey, Henry Boyd and Billie, all colored, to be arrested for gambling. Ed. Mickey was immediately lodged in jail and accounts the other two were large.

Mr. W. R. Nolen superintendent of hands at work on the new week and the admirable manner which the work was carried out, are strongly to be commended. The streets are really improved in yet much to be done at this time. The grand work should not be left to the last.

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Mr. W. B. Nolen superintended the squad of bands at work on the streets last week and the admirable manner in which the work was carried out testified strongly to his engineering skill. The streets are vastly improved but there is yet much to be done and we think the good work should not be allowed to stop here.

THE TOWN IS FULL OF MASONS.
Mr. J. H. Hill of Jenison, is in the city.
The mail train was late yesterday morning.
Mr. Jim Broadhead was in town this week.
Maj. J. L. Harrell of Birmingham, is again in Clanton this week on business.
Mr. E. W. Bailey of Dixie, was a visitor to our town Monday.
Mr. Alex. Glass of Jenison, paid Clanton a business visit Monday.
Mr. Moses Robinson of Beat 5, attended commissioners court Monday.
Born, on Monday last, to Mr. and Mrs. William Armstrong, a young Democrat.
Mr. David Lodge of Clanton Ford, is here in attendance upon the Masonic Conference.
W. F. Maddox rode into town yesterday on business and rode out again on a horse.
Mr. D. T. Green of Tallapoosa county is in Clanton in attendance upon the Masonic Conference.
Mr. Sam Pace of Strasburg, visited the county's capital in attendance upon commissioners' court this week.
There are several otherwise nice-looking houses in Clanton which are absolutely rotting for want of paint.
Mr. J. T. Kicker of Ehrman & Merritt's mill, was in town yesterday and gave THE VIEW a very agreeable call.
The Masonic Conference for the Fifth District met in Clanton yesterday and will continue in session three days.
Dr. Johnson is having one of his houses on the south side of Main street painted. Other property owners should follow his example.
Judge Callen's improvements on his place in East Clanton are quite creditable. In fact that part of town has improved much of late.
Messrs. Henry Grogg, J. R. Lamberson and John Lodge, all of Clanton Ford and vicinity, are in attendance upon the Masonic Conference.
Clanton is an excellent place to build up a high class high-school. But her people would have to drop sectarianism in educational matters and all pull on the same line.
A brand new young lady arrived and took up permanent headquarters at the residence of Dr. W. E. Stewart Monday. Mother and child are both doing well.
Mr. T. N. Dallas of South Carolina arrived in town Tuesday. He is traveling for a patent plow sharpener. We much fear that many plows will grow dull with rust before this prematurely opened political campaign is over and a good patent in this line may enable some of "we farmers" to keep up with our crops.
The concert for the benefit of the Baptist church will take place next Tuesday evening in Meritt's Hall. The talent employed is of the best and continuous practice under the able management of Mrs. W. L. Saunpey has rendered the performance worth any one's attendance. Everyone should attend. Tickets 25 cts.
The shed in front of Dr. Bivings' drug store was pulled down by a yoke of oxen Friday afternoon the hind wheel of the wagon drawn by them having caught on one of the posts. At the time it fell Dr. Bivings, his father and mother, and wife were under the shed and, strange to say, all escaped without serious injury.
Bessie H. Bellows, Burlington, Vt., had a disease of the scalp, causing her hair to become very harsh and dry, and to fall so freely that she scarcely dared to comb it. Ayer's Hair Vigor gave her a healthy scalp, removed the dandruff, and made the hair thick and glossy.
It has been said by a Clanton county philosopher that farmers in this county are green enough to grow. This is especially true of farmers in the eastern portion, and from the way they are "growing green" one would suppose they intend growing fat also, and have fat animals this winter, when at such time Mr. Greenhorn will be tooting his horn of hard times. We hope more farmers in this county will "grow green," and live fat at home.
A Pink Tea was given Saturday afternoon in honor of Miss Alice Collier's eighth birthday. The guests were entertained at the residence of Mrs. Wm. A. Collier and were Misses Emma Potts, Anna Lou Chestnut, Asenith Collier, Messrs. Scott Chestnut, Eugene Chestnut, Joe and Napoleon Johnson, Tobie Moore and William Collier, Jr. Dancing was freely indulged in and all enjoyed themselves as only little folks can.
THE CHILTON VIEW speaks of the passage on Noah's Ark to "Mt. Sinai."—Advertiser.
West and corrected. We should have said "Mt. Ararat." But are excusable for not being as familiar as is the Advertiser with the history of that period as Grandpa is older than us and her ideas all smack of antiquity. If our contemporary knew less of Genesis and more of latter day Revelations it would be more appreciated by its readers.
Dr. J. S. Johnson, who knows about as much about this county and its people as anyone, says the farming class of our people are in better condition now than they have been for years. They are less incumbered with mortgages and have more to eat and wear than ever. No doubt a great deal of this prosperity has been caused by the modern improvements in agriculture introduced through the Alliance. What a pity it is then that the corruption of modern politics should be allowed to enter into and destroy so useful an agent for good.

COUNTY NEWS.
Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.
Jumbo.
We are glad to state that we have a live Sabbath school at Mt. Zion once more.
Prof. S. J. Jennings had a very interesting entertainment at the close of his school on last Friday night at Union school house.
Messrs. Henry Honeycutt and V. H. Vines spent a few pleasant hours with their best girls a few Sundays ago in the Jumbo neighborhood.
We are having plenty of rain and if it continues it will get the farmers badly behind but will be good on wheat and oats.
Prof. C. R. Mullins went to Columbiana last Saturday on business.
Mapleville Dots.
Our farmers are stirring. Some hustlers are planting corn and chopping cotton. We suffered some from the chilly mornings which injured cotton but not seriously.
We are luxuriating now in all early vegetables.
Prospects for peaches, apples and plums are fine, peaches particularly.
Miss Marion Kelly has been visiting her brother in Selma.
Our town is sustaining herself as a health resort.
Dr. Tipton and family are spending some time with Mrs. Nat. Goodwyn.
Our young people had a most enjoyable picnic at the old Welsh house.
Mrs. Dunlap has been visiting Mr. Martin's family here.
Mr. Jeffries of Selma has been visiting friends here.
The fruit agents are alive to a sense of their duty again and Mr. George F. Shaw is busy attending to his business here.
Mr. Sangford of Selma, is at Mrs. Goodwyn's.
Verbena Views.
Mrs. Walton of the Capital City, has been visiting the family of Col. B. J. Baldwin.
Mrs. C. Marsh of the Magic City, is the guest of relatives here.
Misses Lilla Gullidge, Evelyn Caffey and Mr. Joe Gullidge have been visiting friends in Rockford.
Master A. C. Jackson of Mobile, is stopping with his father at the Clifton House.
Rev. J. E. McCord of this place, who is pastor of the Baptist Church at Besenman, baptized a number of converts there Sunday. A good many Verbena attended the baptizing.
Mr. F. B. Baldwin, Esq., is attending court at Prattville.
Messrs. O. J. and Sam Kaufman of Montgomery, visited our city recently on business.
A. A. Adams, of New York, T. Little of Franklin, Tenn., W. F. Brooks, Cincinnati, Ohio, J. H. Johnson and S. Perry, Jr., of Birmingham, visited Verbena lately on business.
A good many strawberries are being shipped from here.
Capt. A. T. Hannon, one of the Capital City's most enterprising young men, visited our city recently.
Lily Dots.
Fishing and rabbit hunting was the fad last week, as there was too much rain for farm work.
Prospects for good fruit crops in this section are very good.
Mr. Harvey Brown and wife of Birmingham, have been spending sometime here, during which time we are sorry to state, Mr. Brown suffered with rheumatism.
Our Sabbath schools are both progressing fairly well. We hope they will continue so.
We have been patiently, but anxiously awaiting a change in the Mapleville and Verbena mail routes, so that we could get our papers on Friday instead of Monday. Our good post master has done all that he could, but still it is not changed, and we don't know why.
"Them Marriage Lies."
The following letter was hand a View reporter the other day. It explains itself:
To the Honorable R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of Probate, Clanton Po Clanton county, Ala.
April 28th, 1893, Clanton county, Ala.
To Mr. R. M. Honeycutt honorable probate judge of said county and State aforesaid,
DEAR FRIEND—
I hereby address you on a subject of matter money. Brother Honeycutt my son applies to me for a certificate and so desires me to write you to know if you can and will please bring a marriage license for N. B. — to Miss

let you get here or not he will have money ready for you I have talked with Brother — About the matter and said to me that would be all write please direct your answer this to N. B. — Weston Po Clanton county Ala.
Brother Honey cutt please try and come prepaid stay all night with me next time yours
Just Returned from the War.
R. M. Neal an old confederate soldier went to the war from Coffee county in a company commanded by Wm. Moxley and afterwards he belonged to a company commanded by Judge B. W. Stark. He was discharged from the service after the battle of Shiloh, reinstated in Capt. S. E. P. Flournev's company from his own county. He went Hannon's Regt. and later in Wheeler's command. He was badly wounded and taken prisoner at Duck River, Tenn., and taken to Johnson's Island where he remained seven years in the hospital. After he left there he says he worked a little, traveled a little in various states, having visited nearly all the states in the union. Fate finally placed him in Troy. Upon his arrival he inquired for B. W. Starke his old Captain. After a long and pleasant discourse he left the city for his old Coffee county home. He returned home to find his parents dead and few acquaintances. He was by those given up for dead.—Troy Messenger.
It is whispered around that not long since a Cleburne county justice of the peace had quite a scene in his court. A negro was arraigned for theft. The case was a plain one, and when the negro pleaded not guilty the justice exclaimed:
"What! have you the audacity to say that you do not recognize this pocket book?" "Yes, sah."
"But it was found in your possession." "In my what did yer say judge?" "In your possession, this pocket book was found in your pocket sir." "Jedge, you has done told two stories about dat ar. Fust, yer said it was foun' in my possession, an den yer 'lowed hit was found in my pocket. Bufe dem yarns can be true? Ef de jedge on de bench can't tell de troof, hits no wonder dat a poor miserable nigger like me is lead astray." The justice drew a long breath, and once more producing the pocket book said: "You denied just now that you had never seen this pocket-book before?" "Why of course. Hit am de one you showed me a minite ago. You must be losing your mind judge." "Remanded to jail 'without bail."—Cleburne County News.
The Best Blood Remedy.
August A. Kluges, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Boleo-Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."
Daughter (looking up from her novel)—Papa, in time of trial what do you think brings the most comfort to a man? Papa (who is district judge)—An acquittal, I should think.
F. B. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHEE.

Hale, Dingley & Co.
—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.
—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, &c.; Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.
PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery. feb-2y

Poindexter & Ellis,
—DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.
119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.
FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SETS. All kinds of Plush, Italian and Reed Rockers, Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140 Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.
POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.
Refers to the Editor of this Paper. feb-9

TODD'S
GUN STORE.
—DEALERS IN—
Guns, Pistol
Pistols, Fishing Tackle.
CARTRIDGES.
AND BASE BALL GOODS.
Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

INSURE WITH
The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,
Montgomery, Alabama.
Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.
Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. I. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.
W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Paints, Oils, Glass,
Sash, Doors, Blinds,
Wall Paper, Artists' Materials
And Builders' Hardware.
—IS COMMERCE STREET.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

COURT CALENDAR.
Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.
Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.
Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, at First Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.
County—First Monday in each month.
All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Preparation should Reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

ESTABLISHED 1880
ALABAMA
TRADE MARK

TO THE CONSUMER:
This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. Laws respecting copyright). It is on every genuine sack of Alabama Fertilizer.
As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA FERTILIZER without it.
The Alabama Fertilizer Co.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and we would be glad to have you renew.
UNIVERSITY OF ALA.
Next Session Begins October 5th, 1893.
The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Entrance charges of a student \$102.50. Tuition fee in Law School \$60. Law students do not reside in the College Hall and are not subject to military discipline.
The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School or Academy who desires his institution to be a University Auxiliary school, obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University of Ala.

THE BEST WAY
To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—
L. and N.
LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

W. B. NOLEN,
Attorney at Law,
AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.
CLANTON, ALA.
When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue
H. P. TRESSLAR'S
PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery
Correspondence solicited. feb-25-92

BUY THE
LIGHT RUNNING
NEW HOME
FINEST
WOOD WORK
OF
ANY
ARTIFICER
MORE
DURABLE,
EASIER TO
MANAGE.
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
Send TEN cents to 28 Union St., N. Y., for our price guide, "Bird Book," and our New Home Sewing Machine.
The New Home Sewing Machine Co.
ORANGE, MASS.
—28 UNION STREET, N. Y.—
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMPY, Clanton Ala.

CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., MAY 12, 1905.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy four months .30

The manufacture of rubber from crude cotton seed oil will enable planters to derive better profits from the production of said crop than heretofore. But, for the love of plenty to eat and wear, let cotton be a surplus crop.

J. T. Ellison, Esq., of Centerville, Bibb Co., is attending circuit court this week. Mr. Ellison is a brilliant young attorney—as well as an able editor. If "bloody Bibb" was thickly populated with young men of his ability and political faith—ignorance, prejudice and "mugwompian" would soon give way to intelligence and true blue democracy.

Capt. Kolb and I. L. Brock are canvassing down in the east. They called on the Troy Democrat the other day and told the editor they were "going to raise Cain." That paper quotes Brock as saying: "We fellows are going to have our rights this time, or there will be a n—n lot of fighting." It will be to pay all over Alabama."—Eg-taw Mirror.

Alabama's prospects in mineral wealth are as bright or brighter than any of the Southern States. Thousands of acres of her mineral lands have never been opened or developed, but all mines which have been truly tested are operated successfully. Her acreage in coal is considerable, pig iron, iron ore, and mica are mined in beautiful quantities and unsurpassed in quality.

And now we have compromised propositions from the Jeffersonian Democracy. How sad it is to be placed in a compromising position. If William C. Oates is nominated for Governor, and mourners are called for, it seems now that the entire time in our love feasts will be consumed by the experience of back-sliders asking for prayers: Come on; death-bed repentance is better than none at all.

What Caused the Populite Party.

Many people of late years, it has been discovered are "color-blind." This probably accounts in a great measure for the Populite Party. Being "color blind" they were unable to see the true color of their leaders, mistaking them for white men when in reality they were the disaffected elements of the mongrel tribe. On the eighth of November last many were cured of this disease and it is safe to say that ere another presidential election, the oculists of Alabama will have but few if any "color-blind" patients.

We enjoyed a pleasant trip to Prattville last week. Through courtesy of Mr. Northington and Capt. Burns we were shown through the cotton factory. It is said that it declares 20 per cent dividends. This shows that cotton factories in Alabama can be made to pay. Why not have one in our county? Prattville is a model town. Her people cannot be excelled for hospitality, energy and enterprise. Her young men possess the finest business qualifications as evidenced by the success of her young merchants, druggists, physicians, editors and attorneys together with an innumerable number of farmers; while the young ladies of that city are received everywhere with warm hearts and unmeasured praise.

The silver question seems now to have narrowed down to whether the Sherman act shall be repealed and mono-metalism firmly established in our financial policy or shall we put a dollar's worth of bullion in a silver dollar and have unrestricted coinage. Mr. Cleveland would certainly veto any measure less safe than the latter. Perhaps a better plan than either of these, however, might be to reverse the proposition to place more silver in the silver dollar and reduce the number of grains in a gold one until it would reduce the present disparity between the two metals one half. Let free coinage of silver then be instituted with the present amount of bullion in a dollar and the demand thereby created for that metal coupled with the moral effect of bringing gold nearer its standard would give silver an impetus upward that would bring the two metals to a parity.

The Sunny South.

Much has been said as to the many advantages of the South and much more can be said in worthy praise. "Immigration to the South" is the chief topic of discussion among many of the leading newspapers in Southern States. While there has been comparatively little immigration to the South for some years, there is, nevertheless, prospects for a great change in her behalf; and for the South to seize these advantages and make good use of them is all that is necessary to be restored to her once prosperous self. The overproduction of cotton, the monstrous pension system she had to endure and the failure of farmers to "live at home" have been the chief drawbacks in the progress of wealth and resources, and has been the cause of the unceasing cry of "hard times." Of the three drawbacks the pension system has been the greatest, most depressing and ever increasing. This will now be abolished under the new administration and justice and equity instituted. Already the South has been recognized as a land worthy of rights and privileges; her people true, honest and capable. Where discontent, discord and depression once reigned, prosperity peace and success show forth for the South.

As to immigration, the South's mineral wealth, manufacturing advantages, agricultural lands, vast timbered region, balmy climate, water and railway transportation, and many other advantages that might be mentioned which characterize a great and grand country, will naturally attract the attention of place-seekers and capitalists. A country and people renowned for freedom, liberty, generosity and hospitality, is a desirable location for immigrants, who when they learned the true condition and advantages regarding the South, will embark immediately from all directions. Daily we see, hear or read of new enterprises being established in the South; which prove that she is once more treading the path of prosperity, and no doubts are entertained as to whether this will be a well populated, thriving and successful manufacturing region. It is a well known fact.

All taken in consideration there are indeed bright prospects for the Sunny South; and, therefore, let all personal aspirations, grievances, animosities, etc., etc., (which may yet exist) be cast aside as the destroyer of friendship; retarder of section interests and impediment of progress, and all strive with a united endeavor to have our country restored to prosperity, and the question as to how the South can obtain immigration will cease to puzzle learned men.

The diversification of food crops would enable farmers to "live at home" and lay something up for the day of ill luck, instead of being dependent on some other portion of the continent for food supplies, and never having a dollar which they can spend cheerfully and freely. This has been one of the principle sources of discontent among our cotton growers. We say cotton growers, because the diversification farmer generally has plenty of corn in his crib, and meat in his smoke house, and a dollar to him does not look quite as large as a cart wheel; so he is happy and contented, and politics can go to the d—l for ought he cares. Never a dollar, never a pound of home made meat, never a crib of corn or the proper necessities of life, and never free from the mortgage of the merchant, is enough to create dissatisfaction and discontent, but so long as farmers raise only cotton and devote their whole attention to politics it will always be found thus.

Can the new officers at Evergreen claim to have been elected by the people? Only fifty-six voters registered, and only nineteen voted.

Six new candidates for Governor are announced this week by various papers in the state. Why this previousness?

Man is prone to want to be governor as the sparks fly upward and they are announcing on the principal that the early bird gets the worm. It would have been all right if the d—n worm hadn't been so previous.

The Sly Reuben is to address a public meeting in this county in July and yet the Union Springs Herald censures The View for encouraging our people to organize and prepare for the contest. Pinch yourself, brother, you are dreaming of a political peace which has for a season bid this State farewell.

THE SPECTATOR.

The populites say they'll win next year so they opened the campaign soon. O, they'll get there, if they get anywhere. When the sun jumps over the moon.

There are few women but what are veterans in the sense of having sweet powder, and there are few married men who have failed to realize this fact.

The good times that have so long been "a comin' boys" when Grover got his own again, seems still, in the language of one of our fellow towns-men to be "beyond the twinkling of the stars."

Some men love one another, others hate on their families and quite a number yearn to clasp their best girls to throbbing hearts, but the great and unconquerable love of a man for himself surpasseth all understanding.

To the State Democratic Executive Committee:—Look not upon the Jeffersonian proposition when it blushteth first red on your vision, for behold it bieth at the life of the party like a serpent and stingeth the Sayre election law like an adder.

When you hear a man constantly refer to himself as a "bad man from up on Better creek" you can safely make yourself a reputation as a fighter by smiting him on both cheeks and kicking his pistol pocket—and withal defy the surgeon.

The clerk who winked at his boss' wife And laughed a lovesick grin, Resigned next day and plead for his life— "He never smiled again."

Court opened last Monday and is now in full blast. The lawyers, young lawyers, jurors, witnesses, plaintiffs, defendants, prisoners, sheriff, judge, prosecuting attorney, clerk, The Spectator and other court officials are all here and at our best. Don't it take a lot of folks to turn the wheels of justice? And when it begins to grind like the mill of the gods it grinds all the ghrist exceedingly small, so small indeed that only the practiced eye of the millers can discover "where it has gone to at." The less ghrist a poor man takes to the legal mill the more he will bring back when he grinds it elsewhere. If all our people knew this and acted upon it the lives of some of our brightest legal lights would be closely punctuated with leisure moments, and many a now well patronized, fee-fat branch of our judiciary would sink into innocuous desuetude.

Speaking of lawyers, something came under my observation the other day which reminded me that an oasis is sometimes found in the desert of human nature. A lawyer was reading in his office when a negro man entered with his pocket book bulging out his breeches leg and litigation in his eye. "Boss," said the man, "dat nigger what had my son 'reved for trespassin' on his lan', now dat you dog tuck him out'n jail, ses he no'd be want guilty but he swore out de war'nt kase he was mad wid me. How much yer gw' charge me ter prosecute 'em fer whuppin' my boy and den havin' 'em put in jail?" The lawyer hardly raised his eyes from his newspaper as he replied, "You go on home and take your boy with you. You are out of court now and you'd better stay out. Go on now, I'm busy." I told this pathetic little instance of the lawyer's self-denial to several of my friends some of whom wept, but other coarse and unfeeling men denounced me as a liar.

And right along on this line, I have often been cited, as a sufficient cause for the success in life of various and sundry young men under hard circumstances, to the fact that his great-grand-father or some other ancestor equally great had married a so-and-so who belonged to a good family, "And," would remark my informant, "you know blood will tell." On the other hand, if a youth of high social standing and blue blood lingers too long and carefully over the signature of his friend and is panned for forgery my informers shake their heads wisely and tell me that the "poor boy's" grandmother was not of as good family as she might have been." It may require three generations to make a gentleman but horse sense in such cases prevails in the first, but in the third or gentle state it may almost have ceased to be inherited through the gentle-

man polish remains. A gentleman of blue blood, then, is not the creator of wealth and intelligence but their creature. When the latter are gone the blood has frequently been known to get red again in one generation and the polish soon comes off when rubbed against the world.

Nearly all of the prominent politicians in the State are feeling of their political legs and want to run for governor, but our Dame Democracy seems disposed to feel her Oates and views the field with a critic's eye. The man she chooses must have a thumb thicker than the average politicians thigh and prove his strength before the convention.

The Woman's Exchange.

In all cities the size of Montgomery there is a Woman's Exchange. One has been inaugurated there. Its object is charitable as will be readily learned upon consultation with its officers or members. The great benefit is the securing of a place where women can deposit for sale articles that they have made and have them sold. Rule No. 7 says "it being the aim of this exchange to assist women having no other means of support,"—"no will be received from persons having stores or business domiciles." It will be a good place for many a woman who is a good cook to set articles for sale. There are many here who could make money that way and at the same time be doing a favor to those who might wish to buy their articles. So could those expert with the needle or gifted in making fancy articles have a place to sell their work. There are numberless ways in which this exchange can be a real blessing to many people in Montgomery and the surrounding country. It is worthy of encouragement and the men of Montgomery ought to help the good women who have it in charge. Mrs. I. W. Semple is the president, with a vice-president with each denomination. Miss M. B. Scott is the Secretary. Any of the officers will gladly furnish any information that may be desired.

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Klages, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Botanic Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair, and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address The Loudon Medical Co.

Agents Wanted. m11-6m TIFFIN, OHIO.

New Store! ***

*** New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

THE VIEW

Respectfully Solicits

YOUR JOB WORK.

ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Work Neatly Executed.

SCHLOSS & KAHN.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

* * * and LIQUOR DEALERS.

We make a specialty of TOBACCOS. We have the Agency for Diplomatic Westmore and Rose Bud PATENT FLOUR.

Call on us at 204 & 206 Commerce Street. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

STRICTLY WHOLESALE.

april-21-y

Blank warrants deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. LAND OFFICE, Montgomery, Ala., April 8, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named section has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register or Receiver of the United States Land Office, at Montgomery, Ala., on May 27, 1893, viz: Wiley V. Newton, Homestead entries, Nos. 19162 and 24462, for the E 1/2 of sec. 21 north, T 16 east. He wishes the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: T. J. Henderson, of Mountain Creek, Ala.; Thomas Parrish of Bozeman, Ala.; Simon Glenn, of Verbena, Ala.; James Deane of Prattville, Ala.; J. H. Bingham, Register. ap-8

B. B. B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A thoroughly tested Remedy

FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

This standard remedy has been tried and not found wanting, for forty years, by the most eminent medical authorities, and with certain and unvarying success for all diseases of the blood. It is a general tonic, never fails to benefit from the first dose, and is a most effective driving out all disease germs from the system through the skin, without any unpleasant or injurious effects. It is not the result of a momentary common sense and a temporary relief, but it purifies and enriches the blood and brings health to the sufferer. As a general tonic it is without a rival, and in its analysis of health-giving properties it is absolutely beyond comparison with any remedy ever offered to the public. It is a cure for all diseases resulting from impure and impoverished blood—the current of life—quickly cures Acne, Eczema, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Liver, Kidney, and Bladder troubles, Skin Diseases, Weakness, Nervous Debility, etc.

INVESTIGATE FOR YOURSELF. Send for our Free Book of Valuable Information, together with a series of 100 certificates of remarkable cures from the simplest to the most violent disease, after all known remedies had failed. These certificates testify with no uncertain sound, that Botanic Blood Balm is the best, cheapest, quickest, greatest and most potent Blood Purifier ever known to the world. Price—\$1.00 per bottle; \$5.00 for 6 bottles. For sale by druggists; if not, send to us. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

EDUCATE for PROFIT

BY ATTENDING MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GA. A High-Grade Business Training School. Have placed over 400 students in business. The best Business and Short-hand courses in existence. The only school in the South conducted on the ACTUAL BUSINESS plan. Students enter any time. Send for circulars.

Jan12-y

YES, WE ARE *TO* BLAME!*



The assertion has been made by merchants of this city that we are ruining the prices this season on

CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

But it matters little what our competitors may think or say. It is the Public we are trying to please and whose favors we ask. You can depend upon it,

You Cannot Equal Our Prices!

We are showing some SUITS FOR MEN at \$10 and \$12, other merchants would think them cheap at \$15 and \$18. We ask you to COMPARE not alone our Prices but the Goods. COMPARE quality and workmanship. This is your only safe guide.

BASE BALL BAT AND CAP given free with each suit in our Children's and Boys' Department.

ALEX. RICE.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

—DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers. The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Jeweled King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,

(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue, e

—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY

Stop at the

Metropolitan Hotel.

New Hotel, Newly Furnished Throughout.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS.

The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry.

J. A. NEWCOMB, Managr.

BIRMINGHAM

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

AND

School of Shorthand and Typewriting.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educated for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in securing employment. Send for circular. Address, AMOS WARD, President.

HILTON VIEW.

B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.
CLANTON, ALA., MAY 12, 1905.

For Constipation Ayer's Pills

For Dyspepsia Ayer's Pills

For Bilioussness Ayer's Pills

For Sick Headache Ayer's Pills

For Liver Complaint Ayer's Pills

For Jaundice Ayer's Pills

For Loss of Appetite Ayer's Pills

For Rheumatism Ayer's Pills

For Colds Ayer's Pills

For Fevers Ayer's Pills

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective.

SCHEDULES, N. ALA. RAIL

Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:20 a.m.

No. 3 Mail 5:44 a.m.

No. 9 Accommodation 5:50 a.m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:26 a.m.

No. 4 Express 10:14 a.m.

No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p.m.

No. 8 and 10 make all stops, and stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Mr. J. M. Parish was in Clanton Tuesday.

A good many Selma people in this week.

Mr. W. H. Folsie visited Monday last week.

Mr. C. J. Stewart of Lomax, town Tuesday.

Clanton is a prohibition town, out a blind tiger.

Mr. H. H. Crumwell was in town week on business.

Mr. F. E. Alford of Bozeman, town Sunday.

Mr. J. L. Beard of Verbena, court here Monday.

Mr. L. E. Gullahorn was out Clanton this week.

May is a fickle maiden constant in blowing hot and cold.

Mrs. James A. Dudley who left Clanton is convalescent.

Mr. Harvey Brown and family returned to Birmingham.

The weather flag has again the weather. God be great.

Clanton was lively this week will be so again next week.

Mrs. R. T. Gullahorn of Verbena relatives here Sunday.

Mr. F. A. Gullahorn of Verbena visitor to this burg Tuesday.

Mr. Fred F. Ball of Montgomery was in town part of this week.

Messrs. Richard Cue and I. G. Stanton, attended court Tuesday.

Mr. Thomas Harrison of J. was in Clanton on business this week.

There was a dinner party at a house of Dr. J. S. Johnson last night.

Capt. W. C. Ward of Birmingham was in Clanton this week in a capacity.

Mr. E. L. Smith of Jumbula, the city Tuesday and paid our respects a visit.

If you are looking for a good do your trading, try W. L. Smith store at Clanton.

There is only one Democratic in this county and all Democrats should support it.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame of Verbena in Clanton Sunday spent day of rest with his family.

Mr. John Vines fell down the house stairs one day last week and received several painful bruises.

Mr. W. H. Strook and J. T. Verbena, attended upon the court in Clanton a part of this week.

Mr. J. Ellison of Jumbula, was this week and like a mosquito brought along a lot of fresh news.

Messrs. F. R. Dunkin and J. H. Hobbins of the Magic City, leaving Mr. W. W. Dunkin, place.

Mr. J. T. Ellison the rising young lawyer and politician from Verbena is in attendance upon our court this week.

Can't someone at Jemison corresponding act for THE VIEW? Where are all our correspondents "at" anyhow?

Mr. O. F. Bentley of Gadsden attended court this week, where he was welcomed by his old friends.

Messrs. J. L. Farr, P. C. White Mitchell, Josh Downer prominent citizens of Clanton, were in town attending court this week.

Messrs. W. H. Serice and E. H. Hicken, and Miss Helen Serice, drove from town Sunday morning from Clanton & Meritt, forming the same evening.

CHILTON VIEW

F. A. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., MAY 18, 1893

For Constipation
Ayer's Pills
For Dyspepsia
Ayer's Pills
For Biliousness
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For Sick Headache
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For Liver Complaint
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For Loss of Appetite
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For Rheumatism
Ayer's Pills
For Colds
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For Fevers
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Every Dose Effective

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No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:20 a. m.
No. 2 Mail 5:44 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 5:56 a. m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:26 a. m.
No. 1 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 1 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. J. M. Parish was in Clanton Tuesday.
A good many Selma people in town this week.
Mr. W. H. Foshee visited Montgomery last week.
Mr. C. J. Stewart of Lomax, was in town Tuesday.
Clanton is a prohibition town without a blind tier.
Mr. R. H. Crowell was in town last week on business.
Mr. J. E. Alford of Bogman, was in town Tuesday.
Mr. J. L. Beard of Verbena, attended court here Monday.
Mr. L. E. Gullhorn was visiting in Clanton this week.
May is a little milder than usual in blowing hot and cold.
Mrs. James A. Dudley who has been quite ill is convalescent.
Mr. Harvey Brown and family have returned to Birmingham.
The weather has again revived the weather. God is great.
Clanton was lively this week and will be so again next week.
Mrs. E. T. Gullhorn of Verbena visited relatives here Sunday.
Mr. F. A. Gullhorn of Verbena, was a visitor to this town Tuesday.
Mr. Fred F. Ball of Montgomery, was with a son part of this week.
Messrs. Richard Cox and L. G. White of Stanton, attended court Tuesday.
Mr. Thomas Harrison of Jemison, was in Clanton on business this week.
There was a domino party at the residence of Dr. J. S. Johnson last Friday night.
Capt. W. C. Ward of Birmingham, was in Clanton this week in a legal capacity.
Mr. E. L. Smith of Jemison, was in the city Tuesday and part of our sanctum a visit.
If you are looking for a good place to do your trading, try W. L. Sampey's store at Clanton.
There is only one Democratic paper in this county and all Democrats should subscribe for it.
Mr. S. A. Binsinger of Verbena, was in Clanton Sunday spending the day of rest with his family.
Mr. John Vines left down the court house stairs one day last week and received several painful bruises.
Mr. W. H. Strick and J. T. Bland of Verbena, attended upon the circuit court in Clanton a part of this week.
Mr. J. Ellison of Jemison, was in town this week and like a sensible man brought along a lot of fresh meat for sale.
Messrs. F. R. Dunkin and W. E. Dobbins of the Magic City, have been visiting Mr. W. W. Dunkin of this place.
Mr. J. T. Ellison the rising young editor, lawyer and politician from Bliby, was in attendance upon our circuit court this week.
Can't someone at Jemison do the corresponding act for this view up there. Where are all our correspondents at anyhow?
Mr. G. P. Bentley of Goodwater State of Texas, attended court this week at this place, where he was warmly welcomed by his old friends.
Messrs. J. L. Farr, P. C. Dennis, White Mitchell, Josh Downs, and other prominent citizens of Cooper's Station, were in town attending court this week.
Messrs. W. H. Sartor and N. A. Kicker, and Misses Helen and Tott Egan drove into town Sunday evening from Egan and Merrill's mill, returning the same evening.

Let us do something for the cemetery. Col. Bush of Birmingham, was in town recently.

Court is adjourned until next Monday, when the criminal docket will be taken up.

Mrs. Zella Givhan and Miss Inez Collier went to Birmingham yesterday morning.

Mr. Joel Gullidge of Verbena, came up from his town to the court Tuesday evening.

Attend the ice cream festival at Merrill's hall Tuesday evening next and take your folks.

The family of Mr. R. Ehrman came in from the mill to attend the court Tuesday night.

Little Mollie Vines is visiting friends in Montgomery.

"Smile and the world smiles with you," growled the man as he signed the anti-treat pledge.

Mr. H. A. Wilson of the Birmingham bar, attended to legal business in our town this week.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks of Welchville, was in town this week.

It may be said to the glory of Clanton county that she has very little litigation this term of court.

Shelby county's able bar was well represented at our court this week by Oliver, Brown and Peters.

Brevity is the soul of wit, says the sage. True, the majority of wits should be abbreviated behind the ears with a saw for the sake of suffering humanity.

Clanton should have a game law prohibiting seining in her creeks. As long as this method of catching fish is tolerated angling will continue to grow poorer.

Do not wear impervious and tight fitting hats that obstruct the blood vessels of the scalp. Use Hall's Hair Renewer occasionally, and you will not be bald.

What will it profit a man to own the whole town alive if he lives in a neglected cemetery after death. As far as a man knows his destination he should beautify his route.

An Indiana gentleman was in town recently with a patented Australian vading outfit, boots, ball-bags, etc. His models were quite unique but our county had already ordered an outfit.

There will be a free concert at Merrill's hall next Tuesday night. Ice cream and cake will be sold for the benefit of the building fund of the new Baptist church, but no charge will be made for admission to the hall.

The children's day demonstration last Sunday was a nicely gotten up and well sustained affair. Mrs. Garner and Mrs. Middleton were the directors and the children did them credit to say the least of it. Proceeds of the entertainment \$8.40.

Mr. W. F. Claghton was selected as foreman of the grand jury. No better selection could have been made as he is one of our best citizens and will perform his duty honestly, conscientiously, and fearlessly.

Charlie Zigler, colored, was up before justice court last Saturday charged with wrongfully procuring some church money at Strasburg. He was found to be an innocent and persecuted "culled puss" and was acquitted.

"The flowers that bloom in the Spring" are not more vigorous than are those persons who party their lives with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. The fabled Elixir Vite could scarcely impart greater vivacity to the countenance than this wonderful medicine.

Miss Bettie Hunt of Jemison, who has been visiting the family of Mr. Haze Hunt in town, returned home last Saturday evening. Miss Hunt is one of the sweetest young ladies that ever visited our town and her friends here constitute all who have met her.

Solicitor S. L. Brewer is here attending to his duties. This is Mr. Brewer's first visit to Clanton. It is safe to say that he will make many friends. He is a young man of ability; faithful and fearless in the discharge of his duties. Violators of the law may well dread his coming.

Circuit court convened Monday morning at 10 o'clock. Judge N. D. Denson presiding. Judge Denson, although he has occupied his honored seat but for a short period, has won for himself a name as well as fame. He is universally popular and is congratulated by all attorneys practicing in his circuit upon his fair, impartial and explicit charges. Deciding all legal questions with readiness and evidently with correctness (as there is rarely an exception to his rulings), he certainly possesses an extraordinary legal mind. As a high-toned, Christian gentleman, his life is spotless. Verily may the people of the 2d Judicial Circuit congratulate themselves upon having Judge N. D. Denson to preside for at least several years yet.

If ever a man feels like "a poor worm of the dust," it is when he suffers from that tired feeling. Ayer's Sarsaparilla removes this discouraging physical condition and imparts the thrill of new life and energy to every nerve, tissue, muscle and fibre of the whole body.

Quite a large crowd attended the opening of our circuit court. This we are glad to notice as Judge Denson's charge to the grand jury was one calculated to benefit our county. If our people will heed what might, perhaps, be termed his advice. That portion of his charge analyzing the souls of a grand jury as to "presenting no man from envy, hatred or malice" was especially well timed. Oh, what a revival we would have and glorious would the "month of resurrection" be if every hatred and malice could be dispelled from our people.

Why not incorporate Verbena?

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Jumbo.

Rev. R. M. Honeycutt filled his regular appointment at Mt. Zion last Sunday.

Mrs. Atkinson of Kincheon, visited the bedside of her brother, Mr. James A. Mullins last Sunday.

Mr. C. L. Bates of Shelby, was with his many friends here last Sunday.

Messrs. Joe. Dunkin and Arthur Thompson visited relatives and friends here last Saturday and Sunday.

One of the fair-eyed ones of Jumbo looked somewhat lonely at church last Sunday as Mr. C. R. Mullins was visiting Clanton on that day.

Miss Sophia Mullins will take charge of a school at Mt. Zion soon. May her efforts be crowned with success.

Miss Eliza Young has charge of the Sabbath school class at Mt. Zion, much to the delight of her many young friends.

JEMO FRIEND.

Lily Dots.

Farmers are busy chopping cotton. Some are through while others have just begun.

Mrs. A. M. Wright has returned from a two weeks visit to relatives in Coosa County.

Mr. B. E. Jones and Miss O. M. Garner paid a visit to friends at Coopers the sixth and seventh inst.

Prof. G. L. Speer was a visitor to Clanton last week.

Misses Josie and Eulah Raskberry visited Maplesville last week.

Miss G. E. Jones is visiting Lomax. She will go from here to Montgomery before she returns home.

A dance was given at the residence of Mr. Wm. White last Saturday night.

Miss Bertie Deadwilder is at home this week.

The young people had a fishing party at Mr. Wm. Walker's mill last Saturday which was an enjoyable occasion to all who attended.

Verbena Views.

Mrs. Williamson has been visiting friends in Montgomery.

Rev. A. J. Briggs, of Mt. Meigs, will move his family to Verbena to spend the summer.

Miss Anna Logan, of Talladega Springs, is visiting relatives here to the delight of her many friends.

Misses Sadie Bentley, of Rockford and Alice Marbury, of Bozeman, have been visiting here.

Miss Fannie Griffin, the great temperance lecturer has returned from Chicago.

Verbena had a "bustle on her" on the 12th she had two courts sitting at the same time.

Married near Verbena recently Mr. Henry Daniel, one of Clanton's energetic young farmers, to Miss Annie Johnson.

Mr. Will Gullidge who is attending school in Montgomery, has been at home on a visit.

Messrs. J. S. and O. P. Bentley, Esqs., have been visiting friends here.

Mesdames E. H. Wingate, T. M. Barnett and Miss Mary Carr Gibson, one of our most lovely young ladies have returned from a visit to Montgomery.

Messrs. Ed. Wingate, of Saginaw, Ala., William Greene, of Talladega Springs, W. W. Dunkin and W. H. Taylor, of Clanton, and Dr. A. A. Green, of Opelika, have been visiting here.

Our genial young friend, Dr. W. F. Sauter, and wife visited Verbena Sunday.

Sunday was children's day at the M. E. Church. Rev. J. E. McCann, preached a good sermon to the children. The altar of the church was beautifully decorated.

Hugh Catts, Esq., has returned from a visit to Calera.

Mrs. C. Marsh has returned to her home in the Magic City.

Major J. C. Gibson has been visiting the Capital City.

Quite a number of our young ladies have been visiting Montgomery and other cities. Miss Mary Ellen Wingate among the number is the guest of Miss Dora Pratt at Prattville. Our young people have most pleasant recollections of Miss Pratt as she endeavored herself to them while visiting here last summer. Well, too, may Prattville congratulate herself upon having Miss Wingate as a visitor—one of rare attainments and unexcelled beauty.

Why not incorporate Verbena?

Our people should study this question. Would it not benefit the town? Would it not add new life and vigor? Why is our town apparently dead? Why no school? Why no factories? Why no employment of any kind for our young men? Yes, and a thousand other whys. Is it because there is a lack of energy, pluck and enterprise? Are we to await the coming of northern capital (when we have it at home) to open our iron, mica, gold and other mines; to utilize our magnificent water powers, to build a college (for no better place could be found.) Well it does seem so. Let us arouse from our slumbers, tear loose the cobwebs from our purses, incorporate Verbena; and make it a city as it should and can easily be made.

"Knarf."

The Baptist Convent.

For the first time the editor of The View had the pleasure of attending a performance given by the young people of Clanton. It was given Tuesday evening in Merrill's Hall; the proceeds of which are to assist in building the Baptist Church. In every respect it was a success, and the handsome sum of forty odd dollars was realized. Encourage your young people; cultivate their talents; do not allow your flowers to bloom and blossom unseen.

The View congratulates you upon your success.

The opening song, "Starlight and Music" by all the performers prepared the audience for the event that was to follow. "The Mission of the Spirit," and a duet by Mrs. Rainey and Miss Inez Collier were both well done. Then came an oration by Osmond Middleton. Osmond knew what he was about and took the campaign orator off to perfection.

"The Bridal Wine Cup," in which Miss Jessie Jones took the leading part the recitation, and what she had to say was quite impressive.

"The Changed Housewife," gave Miss Inez Collier the opportunity to do the best acting of the evening and the support did fairly well.

Miss Callie Watts' recitation was well selected and showed her to be possessed of considerable elocutionary talent.

Quite the best singing was "Love Me When I'm Old," by Mrs. Sampey and Miss Inez Collier, which was followed by "You Don't Say," a delivery in which Messrs. Honeycutt and Watts distinguished themselves.

Duet by Misses Pinkard and Collier.

Scott Chestnut then proceeded to take off the German and the Telephone to the queen's taste. Scott is a born caricature artist in the theatrical line in addition to his other talents. "Courtship Under Difficulties" was presented by Messrs. Evans Pinkard and Eugene Sartor and Miss Inez Collier much to the amusement of the audience. Following was a dialogue "Counting Chickens before they were hatched."

"Going Home To-day,"—Osmond Middleton.

"Have a Shine Sah?" Another duet—all good.

"The Seizure," by Miss Jessie Jones, Messrs. Hester, Eugene, Sartor and others, gave Miss Jones the opportunity of making the bit of the evening. She was well supported. Then followed the closing song by all the young ladies and gentlemen, "Good Night."

The entertainment brought to light two important facts. First, that Clanton has more theatrical talent than anyone was before aware of; and second, a good round sum of money for the benefit of the Baptist church.

The managers of the affair were Mr. Tipton Mullins, Miss Inez Collier, Mrs. W. L. Sampey, and Mrs. Rainey, all of whom deserve much credit.

F. D. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHEE.

BALDWIN & FOSHEE, Attorneys at Law, CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

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may 22-y

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feb 2-y

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Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

643

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COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Monday after the 4th Monday in March; 1st Monday and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February; and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August; and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in July and July.

County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.



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The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. The Principal of any school of students who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

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AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.

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[Feb 25-92]

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CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., MAY 25, 1906.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year - \$1.50
One copy six months - .75
One copy four months - .50

We hope our State Executive Committee will not be trapped by the Jeffersonian compromise. Beware, beware this proposition was only made to build political capital.

Our people must not be restless. Cleveland cannot make all the appointments to be made in a day. Have you never realized that the United States is a little larger than Chilton County.

If the farmers' and Alliance would give more attention to the important subject of having better roads, instead of everlastingly worrying over who shall be governor and other officials, they and the country would be vastly more benefited.—Entaw Observer.

While there is a volume of truth in the above, nevertheless, it is one in which all efforts have failed to impress upon the farmers of this state. Good roads leading to towns and cities are the principle pathways which will lead to their prosperity. Prosperity is a greater beneficiary to a country than politics.

The editor of the Alliance Herald seems fit to attack the political record of the editor of THE VIEW.

The editor of this paper is somewhat surprised for reason that the editor of the Herald has such a black political record that it is impossible to conceive that he was the author of the article in the Herald, in which he stated that the editor of THE VIEW would prove to be "as colossal a failure as an editor as he was in attempting to be the Representative from Chilton county." It seems that the editor of the Herald takes a special delight in attacking political records of his contemporaries. This doubtless, is accounted for reason that his political record is and has been characteristic for its blackness and inconsistency.

THE VIEW has been announced heretofore is not desirous of engaging in political discussions with such prejudiced and unscrupulous editors as the man of gaul who occupies the editorial seat on the Alliance Herald. True it is that the editor of THE VIEW was once a candidate for Representative of Chilton county. A majority of the voters of Chilton county said in their primary election that they preferred another to represent them whereupon the editor of this paper gracefully withdrew. Can the editor of the Herald say this much? THE VIEW is reliably informed that he has several times been an independent candidate for office, and now calls himself a "Jeffersonian Democrat."

Was he not an independent candidate for Probate Judge for Pike county in 1886? Was he not defeated for this position? Was he not a candidate two or three times (after this) for representative for Pike County, being elected only once? Was he not in 1878 an independent candidate for congress against Col. Herbert, and withdrew for reason he saw defeat staring him in the face, to say nothing of his overwhelming defeat in the last Congressional election from his district, in which J. F. Stallings, his democratic opponent received over 5,000 majority. Of course this mention of his latter defeat for Congress in the November election will furnish the editor of the Herald a subject to deal with, and as is customary with him, will no doubt dip his pen of brass into a bottle of gaul, and proceed to fill his columns with that old cry of fraud! fraud! fraud!! but thank God the day has come when the people of Alabama now see and know that the Herald is a paper whose mission it is to keep alive envy, hatred, malice and prejudice, all of which tends to disrupt her government and demoralize her people.

THE VIEW regrets very much that it was forced to mention the above facts; however it was placed on the defensive as the personal attack was made by the editor of the Herald.

If our information is correct, the editor of the Herald never ran in his life as a Democratic nominee, but always appeared as the defeated champion of disorganized soreheads. "Consistency thou art a jewel."

Last week we received at this office a copy of The Baltimore News, containing 60 pages. We can say it is the best northern paper we have yet seen, containing none of the hatred, detestation, malignity, intolerance and abhorrence that most papers of the north express toward the people of the South, but on the contrary has devoted many pages in declaring Southern advantages, and giving eminent Southern States personal mention, viz., Georgia, Florida, Mississippi, Tennessee, Texas, Kentucky, South Carolina, and Virginia, each receiving praise, and reflecting honor and credit individually.

The News says our great need today is immigration, and that we have a bright future to look forward to. It marks our manufacturing capacities, and of timber says there is enough to supply the world; of Southern mineral wealth; it is a virgin field for development; of soil and climate, it is unequalled, while our educational institutions are prominently mentioned and shows their growth of late years. "Many people," says that paper, "who have never been South and who know but little of the resources and attractions of that section, will accept the statements of Northern people now living in the South when they would be inclined to question the accuracy of the enthusiastic praise by native Southerners of their country."

This is perfectly natural, but Southern people and papers have never been too enthusiastic, or overrated the glory of this country, but what has been as praise was simply a declaration of truth, and we are glad that it is now being proclaimed so by their own people.

"In the early part of this country," says the News in another column, "the South promised to become the industrial center of the country, but the growth of slavery exerted a depressing effect upon the manufacturing spirit, and gradually the artisan became to be regarded as inferior to the planter and professional man. The planting of cotton, cane and rice became not only the most profitable business, but the most highly esteemed. With the increase in the number of slaves the sentiment of this section grew in favor of large plantations on which the slaves could be controlled and worked in great numbers, which rendered urban development less rapid than in the North. Under these conditions the South for many years gave less and less attention to mechanical pursuits, permitting itself to be left behind, in this regard, by New England, though it developed a most wonderful agricultural prosperity. But even then a considerable number of Southern people gave their attention to a diversity of industries, and for many years before the war there was a very decided revival in many branches of manufacturing, which, but for the unfortunate struggle of 1860-65, might have resulted in the gradual building up of a great industrial interests."

The struggle of 1860-65 is a thing of the past, so let us struggle and use all energy and exertions for the future. Our prospects are equally as inspiring now as then.

The Huntsville Mercury of Sunday last says:

"Col. R. F. Kolb is absolutely in the saddle making a political campaign in Alabama. He will address the people of Bibb County at Reubeth Church on June the 3rd. Truly must this politician be a man of inexhaustible financial resources to be continuously on the run for office for six consecutive years and at the same time entirely out of a job, and without visible means of support."

The Columbus, Ga., Ledger, of Sunday contained an interview view with Capt. Kolb, in which he is thus reported:

"The next campaign," said Kolb, "will cost me and my friends probably \$150,000, but I am going to be elected. I am stronger to-day than I ever was."

If the sum above stated with which to make a fight, is available, there is no secret as to the source from which Capt. Kolb is obtained his sinews of war. That is a big sum of money and the boat of having it at hand does not sound like he is caring much about the propositions submitted by his Executive Committee.

Tuesday's papers contained the announcement of the pardon of Ex-State Treasurer Isaac H. Vincent by Governor Jones. The governor gives good reasons for his action in the matter.

THE SPECTATOR.

Just as The Spectator was crossing the street the other day to borrow a dollar from Captain Middleton until he could see John Bailey he was confronted by "the man who wrote Ta-ra-ra boom-de-a." I slew him on the spot. If every citizen would use his influence and utilize his six-shooter in exterminating these men who wrote "ta-ra-ra," etc., the food crop would be larger, there would be less occasion for fertilizer agencies and the musical output would be more diversified. This, cigarettes and pauper labor, if left alone, will ultimately undermine the American constitution; yea, even a Zulu constitution.

In this Jeffersonian proposition business the nos seem to have it. The "olive branch" seems to have been withered by True-Blue scorn. There was a serpent entwined in its foliage made visible on purpose to enforce its rejection.

Grover Cleveland,
The silver plank,
Great big panic—
Run or the bank.
Mister Carlisle,
Stiff upper lip,
Maintain credit
Without a slip,
Gold and silver
Still on a par;
John and Grover
Again "git that!"

The Eufaula Times Spectator says the fact that men are such croakers is a good argument that man derived himself by process of evolution from the frog. On the same principle the Eufaula Times Spectator derived his origin from a baboon because he seems to have a natural turn for babbling, and is also something on the order of an ape in literature.

Not long since The Spectator strolled alone through Clanton's City of the Dead. Among the collection of graves are some neatly kept. Evergreens, fresh flowers, marble slabs and monuments attract the eye on every hand and bear witness to the hope of mortals of immortality. Here I saw the dedication of mother and father to an only child, there a slab showing the separation by death of husband and wife; still further on the monuments of love and respect reared by dutiful children to mother and father. There is no better illustration of the hope that dwells in the human heart than is found carved over the ashes of those whose memory we love.

There are times in the lives of men when thoughts of that which was, the present and what is to come blend so harmoniously together that the past has no sadness, the present no bitterness and the future no darkness to the far-seeing eyes of love. How natural it is that we should desire to see the mounds under which lie the dust of our father, mother, sister, brother or babe kept sacred from the rude intrusion of unsympathizing man and beast. We all desire the last resting place of our dead to look beautiful and in our way we all contribute something toward that end, but a cemetery will never look well when its care is left to individual effort. A common fund in the hands of a standing committee must be maintained for this purpose or else the most sacred of places will continue to fall into dilapidation.

The Age-Herald continues to name Brother Jelks' paper at Eufaula its "slate-smashing contemporary," and Brother Jelks is so intoxicated thereby that his editorials grow "more and more foolish." Not long since he objected to the Jeffersonian proposition on the ground that it would prevent negroes from voting in the primaries and later on it says to these same Jeffersonians, "abandon Kolb, name your man and we are with you." Sometimes we think that Both the Age-Herald and the Times are real full of "sarkasm." If they aren't full of this what are they full of?

The following composition was written by a "smart boy" and was sent The Spectator for publication: "Some people do things by fits and starts, others by things only and still others have plain fits—nitted of silver is good for fits. Mamma says Sister Julia will have a fit if she don't get married soon and that if she does she and her husband will never have a start, so I guess this will be a plain case of mis-

There was once a man named Oliver Cromwell who was a great soldier and a great statesman, and his last instructions to his soldiers before going to battle were, "Trust in the Lord and keep your powder dry." It is almost useless to state that whenever Oliver's soldiers obeyed these orders, which was always the case, the enemy never had any fun with them and they were called "Ironsides." Now the democratic rank and file of Alabama seem very much divided as to whom they will trust their fortunes and their leadership in the coming fight. Just keep cool, gentlemen, send no instructed delegations to the next convention and the Lord will raise up a leader. But in the meantime keep your powder dry. Perhaps the name of the leader of the Democratic vanguard in the political battle of 1894 has not yet been mentioned in that connection. Sober judgment and unselfish policy must control the voice of the convention which proclaims him.

W. H. Taylor, BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

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YES, WE ARE TO BLAME.

The hot weather has come at last and with it the insidious mosquito.

SCHLOSS & KAHN.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

*and LIQUOR DEALERS.

We make a specialty of TOBACCOS.

We have the Agency for Diploma Westmore and Rose Bud PATENT FLOUR.

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YES, WE ARE TO BLAME.

CHILTON VIEW

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., MAY, 25 1893.

For Scrofula

"After suffering for about twenty-five years from scrofula on the legs and arms, trying various medical courses without benefit, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a wonderful cure was the result. Five bottles sufficed to restore me to health."—J. H. Lopez, 227 E. Commerce St., San Antonio, Texas.

Catarh

"My daughter was afflicted for nearly a year with catarh. The physicians being unable to help her, my pastor recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed his advice. Three months of regular treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills completely restored my daughter's health."—Mrs. Louise Ellis, Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Rheumatism

"For several years, I was troubled with inflammatory rheumatism, being so bad at times as to be entirely helpless. For the last two years, whenever I felt the effects of the disease, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and have not had a spell for a long time."—E. T. Hambrugh, Elk Run, Va.

For all blood diseases, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢ a bottle, 50¢ a box. Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 5:20 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:44 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 5:56 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:20 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.

No. 5 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. Joe Hester visited Calera Sunday.

The criminal docket was decidedly busy.

Mr. Hugh Cowlin was in Clanton Monday.

Cotton river fish were on the market Tuesday.

Mr. Wiley Foshee of Lomax, was in town Sunday.

These are the days of picnics and the results thereof.

Prayer meeting last night at the Methodist church.

Cotton crops around Clanton do not as a rule look well.

Mr. Jim Armstrong was in town attending court this week.

Col. W. T. Bulger of Birmingham attended court this week.

Mrs. W. B. Nolen is visiting relatives in Goodwater this week.

Rev. B. E. Peugh preached at Jerusalem last Sunday noon and night.

A large crowd from all parts of the county attended court this week.

Mr. J. M. Potts and daughter, Miss Emma, visited Warrior last Sunday.

The window-shades for the new Baptist church have been put in position.

Mr. Mat. Bean of north Clanton, attended upon court recently in Clanton.

Mr. I. N. Langston of Jerusalem, was in town Monday attending circuit court.

Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Logan of Verbena, visited relatives here this week.

There will be a picnic and fish fry at Bear Creek next Saturday, May the 27th.

Mr. W. A. Collier came home from Birmingham Saturday afternoon quite sick.

Mr. F. J. Davis of Woodlawn, Ala., was in Clanton on business a part of the week.

Dr. J. S. Johnson has been quite ill last week and this but is now convalescent.

Rev. A. A. Hutto preached his farewell sermon at the Baptist church last Sunday.

Col. W. H. Foshee visited Birmingham early in the week on professional business.

Messrs. W. W. Dunkin and F. N. Jones took in the city of Montgomery last Thursday.

If you are looking for a good place to do your trading, try W. L. Sampay's store, Clanton, Ala.

Mr. W. I. Mullins has the measles. It is now in order for Bismark to have the whooping cough.

Mr. O. P. Bentley has returned to Goodwater after attending our civil court here last week.

Sawmill men say that orders for lumber are plentiful but there is very little money to be made out of them.

Sheriff Moore released two prisoners last week upon the failure of the grand jury to find true bills against them.

Messrs. Adam Courtney, W. H. Caffey and Henry Wingate of Verbena, were in town Monday attending court.

Charles Barnes, Esq., a young and energetic young farmer of east Clanton, was in Clanton Sunday visiting relatives.

Mr. Dick Edwards still continues to suffer with his mouth which was badly torn up some weeks ago in the extraction of a tooth.

To-day is May the 25th, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and ninety-three. We make this statement to fill out a column.

The Sunday School picnic which was to be held in front of Mr. J. H. Aldridge's this coming Friday has been postponed until a universal agreement as to place can be had.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Mapleville Dots.

Our farmers are all too busy now to make much news either good or otherwise.

Miss Sallie Walker has been visiting friends here.

Dr. Goodwyn DuBose has trod his friends to a visit here.

Mapleville has been honored by a visit from the charming Miss Maggie Brand, of Randolph.

Mr. Marbury has been visiting Dr. Tipton here.

Mrs. Marshall, of Seima, has been visiting Mrs. Walter Lawrence of this place.

We are sorry that Mrs. Dr. Tipton has returned to Seima.

Mrs. Quilla Goodwyn and Mrs. Lavender are visiting friends here.

We are sorry that Mr. Ben Glover has returned home quite sick.

We are pleased that Dr. Paisley is able to take his place at Sabbath School.

Dr. Courtney Glover, of Seima, has been visiting friends here.

Verbena Views.

Miss Kate Wood, of Fla., is visiting friends in Verbena.

Messrs. H. B. Oliver and F. A. Gullidge attended the sale of Trimble's stables in Montgomery. They bought two nice horses.

Mrs. John Morris is visiting friends in South Alabama.

A young man by the name of Norrell, shot Bud Allen, on the night of the 16 with a double barrel shot gun. It is reported that he shot him twice. There are various reports regarding the shooting, but will not give the particulars as trial comes off this week, and it is unnecessary.

Judge N. D. Denson and Solicitor S. B. Brewer, two of Alabama's most prominent and popular young men have been the guest of friends in Verbena.

Verbena is a beautiful little town and is noted for healthfulness, being a delightful summer resort. If you desire good health Verbena is the place for you to seek. Chestnut Creek, a clear gurgling stream flows through the very heart of our city and possesses many attractions, of which all are proud and not ashamed to own. Many have been the picnics each summer has brought beneath the shady foliage on her cool and refreshing banks. Not far below is a splendid site for a factory, the watercourse having a fall of seventy-five feet in one hundred yards. Let us have a cotton factory here by all means, what could be more to our interest and advancement? Where could a factory in the State be erected which would derive more profit or receive more universal praise from the hearts of the people?

Rev. J. E. McCann spent one day last week at Deatsville fishing. He had the fisherman's luck.

Your correspondent had the pleasure recently of crossing the historic old Coosa river with Dr. B. J. Ivey, of Montgomery. The Coosa should be opened up for navigation. It would do much for the upbuilding of Clanton and Coosa counties. Pardon us for the digression; after we crossed the river we wandered through the mineral hills of Coosa covered with their original growth of verdant pine. About dusk we found ourselves at the home of Mr. W. Baylock in a lovely valley on Weoguck creek. Mr. Baylock treated us with the kindness of a gentleman. He is one of Coosa's most prosperous farmers and makes his own corn and meat. The next morning we went to the mica mines owned by Drs. Ivey, McDade and Co. They have gotten out a large quantity of mica. We believe those old hills are rich with minerals, and will yet blossom as the rose with iron furnaces and coke ovens.

Messrs. Frank Barnett, Joe Williamson and Dr. Baldwin, of the Capital City spent last Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. L. F. Nix and Miss Fannie Griffin visited the Capital city this week.

Some little boys of our town are already dreaming of policemen, guardhouses, etc. From present prospects it seems that our old citizens are also dreaming—why not awake from your dreams and make a start toward realizing them. Calculate the cost of incorporating Verbena what would it require to keep up our streets? Would it not be less than seven dollars and a half per annum, for this is the amount it requires for public road service. Let us have a meeting of our citizens and discuss this question. While some of our property holders oppose this move—there is a majority of our citizens who favor it. Men who are not public spirited enough to contribute toward the upbuilding of their own town, rightfully speaking should not be property owners. KNARF.

Junio.

Summer is here again.

The wheat and oat crop in this section is fairly good.

Farmers are very busy chopping cotton, planting and replanting corn.

Messrs. Bird Jones, James Jones and Tab Traywick went to the river on a fishing tour last week and report fine success.

We are glad to see Mr. H. F. Mullins' hand which has been in a sling for six months so he can use it again.

Mrs. Atkinson who has been visiting relatives at this place has returned to her home near Kincheon.

Little Pearl Bates who has been visiting her grand parents at Shelby, Ala., have returned home.

The many friends of Mr. Clem Mullins are expecting him home soon from Sherman, Miss., where he is attending College.

Mrs. O. Mullins and little daughter Ruth Kate are visiting relatives in Clanton.

Mr. W. W. Jones says he is a subscriber to the People's Party Banner, and that he is going to subscribe for THE CHILTON VIEW and keep posted as heretofore.

Prof. E. L. Smith will leave soon to take charge of a school near Coosa river.

Prof. P. M. McKee will take charge of a large school in the Southeastern portion of this county at an early date.

Mr. C. F. Williams has amputated his mustache which has disfigured his looks.

Mr. Oliver Mullins has six brand new milk cows, and says he is going to have cream in his coffee.

Rev. Mr. Scott preached at the Methodist Church here Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. R. L. Sawyer, and wife visited relatives here last Sunday.

Several men and boys from here have gone courting this week.

Prof. J. P. Gore spent last Saturday and Sunday with his best girl near Lilly.

Mrs. Sawyer visited friends here last week.

Mrs. Mary Ferrell who has been entirely helpless with rheumatism for a number of years, seems to be getting along worse than usual.

The flourishing Sunday School at Mt. Zion Church with the efficient Mr. H. C. Young, as superintendent has bright prospects.

We think that every correspondent of THE VIEW should be a subscriber.

Mr. T. E. Gilchrist and wife visited friends here last Sunday.

Junio expects to have a picnic soon.

Mr. T. H. Williams spent last Sunday with his best girl near Jerusalem.

Success to THE VIEW. RUEB.

Send us your job work. We are specially prepared to execute it with style, neatness, economy and promptness. Stand by a home enterprise.

YOUNG'S RESTAURANT.

BY D. FLEMING,

26 N. COURT ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

—THE PLACE FOR—

THE CHEAPEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

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F. B. BALDWIN, W. H. FOSHEE.

BALDWIN & FOSHEE,

Attorneys at Law,

CLANTON, ALA.

Hale, Dingley & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Cinnamon, &c.; Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Cough Cure for Horses; Epsom's Sulfate.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DEALER IN—

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Baitan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

TODD'S GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistol CARTRIDGES. Pistols, Fishing Tackle.

AND BAE B ALL GOODS.

Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. I. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Wall Paper, Artists' Materials

And Builders' Hardware.

—18 COMMERCE STREET,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February; and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and only.

County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Expedition should reach the Office by Tuesday Morning.



TO THE CONSUMER:

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of Alabama Fertilizer.

As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA FERTILIZER without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and but we would be glad to have you re-subscribe.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 5th, 1893.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Entrance College Courses of study are \$10.00. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the College Halls and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any school or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

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To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST NORTH and NORTHWEST.

—is via the—

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(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through Nashville, Knoxville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point write the agent at Clanton of P. P. Attmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

W. B. NOLEN,

Attorney at Law,

AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.

CLANTON, ALA.

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LIGHT RUNNING

NEW HOME

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST. Send 25 cents to 221 Union St., N. Y. for our prize game, "Blind Luck," and win a New Home Sewing Machine.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co., ORANGE, FLA.

241 UNDER SQUARE, N. Y.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. B. RILEY, Clanton, Ala.

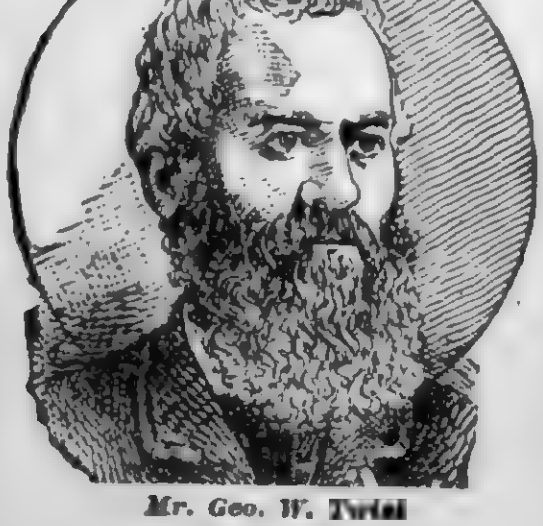
Washing Flannels.
To wash flannels without shrinkage have a tub full of water that is more than warm but not very hot, and make a strong suds with laundry soap of the best quality. Add a teaspoonful of powdered borax. Shake the flannels thoroughly, then squeeze them with the hands, sop them up and down and, if necessary, rub the spots between the hands. Do not rub soap on the flannels and do not rub them on a board. Wring from the first suds and put into another of the same temperature. Rinse through this water, then put them into another as warm, that does not contain soap. Wring dry, shake vigorously and dry quickly. Iron before they are quite dry with a moderately hot iron and press well. Do not use borax for colored flannels.

These most harmless jokes are those made which bring into ridicule the "typewriter girl." No woman should be made to feel ashamed of an honorable occupation, and no man, with the feelings of a man, should make light of it.

An Appeal for Assistance.
The man who is charged to himself with the duty of assisting the sick and suffering, should be able to do so in the most efficient manner. He should be able to do so in the most efficient manner. He should be able to do so in the most efficient manner.

Higher education is dangerous only when it is confined to the sciences.
For impure in this blood, weakness, malaria, neuritis, indigestion and biliousness, take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It gives strength, builds up the system, and makes the person strong, healthy and happy.

The angle on the dollar signifies that riches have wings.



Mr. Geo. W. Turtel
Columbia, Wis.

All Run Down

A Puzzling Case—How Health Was Restored
Gained From 135 to 176 Pounds.
"A few years ago my health failed and I consulted several physicians. Not one could clearly diagnose my case and their medicine failed to give relief. I had been recommended to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. Having taken several bottles and am much improved. From an all run down condition I have been restored to good health. I formerly weighed 135 pounds, now I balance the scale at 176 pounds. Hood's Sarsaparilla has been a great benefit to me, and I have recommended it to my friends, who realize good results by its use." Geo. W. Turtel, Columbia, Wis.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

135 pounds, now I balance the scale at 176 pounds. Hood's Sarsaparilla has been a great benefit to me, and I have recommended it to my friends, who realize good results by its use. Geo. W. Turtel, Columbia, Wis.

Perfect Baby Health

ought to mean glowing health throughout childhood, and robust health in the years to come. When we see in children tendencies to weakness, we know they are missing the life of food taken. This loss is overcome by

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, a fat-food that builds up appetite and produces flesh at a rate that appears magical. Almost as palatable as milk. Prepared by Scott & Borne, N. Y.

Bile Beans

Positively cure Bilious Attacks, Constipation, Sick-Headache, etc. 25 cents per bottle, at Drug Stores. Write for sample dose, free.

J. F. SMITH & CO., New York.

WHISKY AND OPTUM

Habits Cured
At your home without pain or confinement. Patients continue business while under treatment. Whisky and all other drugs stopped immediately on beginning treatment—do not need them. No treatment yet discovered to compare with it. Have given special study and practice to these diseases for the past twenty years, with continued and successful results in practice. Write for my book of cures, free.

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Diamonds, Watches and Silverware.

J. F. Stevens & Bro.,
57 Whitehall St., Atlanta.

Dropsy

Treated free. Dropsy is a disease of the blood, and is caused by impure blood. It is a disease of the blood, and is caused by impure blood. It is a disease of the blood, and is caused by impure blood.

SOUTHERN BAPTISTS

Met in Annual Convention in Tennessee—See's Capital.

A Resume of the Business Transacted. Notes of the Meeting.

The southern Baptist convention met Friday in the great tabernacle at Nashville, Tenn. Judge Harrison, of Alabama, former president, called the convention to order at 10 o'clock. The devotional exercises were led by Dr. Riley, of Kentucky, all the great hymns joining in singing the old hymn, "Amazing Grace, How Sweet the Sound," etc. Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Georgia, called and corrected, with marvelous dispatch, the roll of the churches of Nashville, addressed the convention to order at 10 o'clock. The devotional exercises were led by Dr. Riley, of Kentucky, all the great hymns joining in singing the old hymn, "Amazing Grace, How Sweet the Sound," etc. Dr. Lansing Burrows, of Georgia, called and corrected, with marvelous dispatch, the roll of the churches of Nashville, addressed the convention to order at 10 o'clock.

HOSPITALITIES EXTENDED.
Dr. Frost, of Tennessee, on behalf of the churches of Nashville, addressed the convention, extending hospitalities. Dr. Henry McDonald, of Georgia, on request of the president of the convention, responded in a most felicitous and happy manner.

A large number of distinguished visitors, including a delegation from the colored organization, were in attendance. One of the episodes of the convention was an address by Brother Bob Burdette, of "The Burlington Hawkeye." A message was received from the triennial conference of German Baptists, in session at Milwaukee, containing fraternal greetings.

FOREIGN MISSIONS.
At the evening session, the report of the foreign mission board was read by Dr. Tupper, of Virginia. The board is out of debt. The contributions for the year show a large increase of work and money. Among the points of interest referred to was the work in China. The foreign board extended its sympathy to the Chinese residents in this country in this language:

Resolved, That the board is in sympathy with all legal efforts to do justice to the Chinese in this country, and to prevent any retaliatory measures against missionaries in China by the government of that country.

The report of the home mission board was read by Dr. Tichenor, of Georgia. The board is out of debt and has a considerable amount on hand and owns property at a low estimate worth \$95,000. It has 368 missionaries employed, 155 churches have been constructed, and ninety-two houses of worship built, and 412 Sunday schools organized during the year. Total additions to the church, 9,604. The report of the Sunday school board was also presented. All these reports were referred to committees.

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.
The great convention met in the tabernacle at 9 o'clock a. m. Saturday. The report of the committee on the centennial was submitted. Speeches were made by Drs. Eaton, McCall, Ellis, Richard and Ford, and the report, and it was adopted. The report of the Southern Baptist Theological seminary was submitted by Dr. Broadus, of Kentucky, and after addresses by Dr. Broadus and Whitsett, it was also adopted. Fifteen hundred dollars was raised immediately for the seminary.

Dr. Bell, of Tennessee, addressed the convention, and in a reading largely through the instrumentality of the native preachers just as it spread in the early centuries of the Christian era. During the centennial year thousands of dollars have poured into the treasury of the board, but no missionary has offered his services for labor in that field. Rev. J. M. Hartwell, now residing in California, has been selected to take charge of all the missions in north China. More than forty appointments for preaching Sunday in the Nashville churches were distributed among the leading preachers of the convention.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.
The convention assembled at 9 a. m. Monday. After the opening exercises, Col. B. F. Abbott, of Atlanta, by unanimous consent, offered a resolution expressing the sympathy of the convention with the Chinese residents in America in their efforts to secure justice at the hands of our national government.

Dr. J. B. Gambell, of Mississippi, read the report of the committee on the importance of home missions. An interesting report which alludes to the old conditions and the new. Dr. Gambell addressed the convention urging the importance of providing to meet the exigencies of the new order of things. Dr. Cranfield, of Texas, spoke to the report, after which it was adopted.

A very interesting report was read by the committee on work among the colored people. The report was discussed by Dr. J. M. McCall, of Virginia, chairman of the committee; also a most earnest and intelligent address by Rev. W. H. McCall, the colored missionary of the home board in Alabama.

At the afternoon session a resolution offered by Dr. Eaton, of Kentucky, was adopted, protesting against the opening of the Chicago exposition on Sunday. The committee on behalf of representation was continued until next year. The special order for 8 p. m. was the report of the committee on

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

The Norwegian building at the World's fair was dedicated Wednesday, and at least 10,000 citizens of that nationality attended.

Advices of Wednesday from Australia show that the financial crisis is still acute. A dispatch was received announcing that the Royal bank of Queensland, limited has suspended.

An explosion occurred in the Citizens' coal shaft, at Lincoln, Ill., Sunday night, about fourteen thousand feet from the entrance. The night boys and five miners, it is believed, were killed.

At New York, Tuesday, Erastus Wiman made a general assignment to Lawyer David Bennett King. Mr. Wiman would not make any formal statement. He merely said that the assignment was without preference.

A Washington special of Monday says: Captain Higginson has been removed from command of the steamship Atlanta, for dilatoriness in sailing for Greytown, Nicaragua, and ordered home. Captain Bartlett succeeds him.

Frederick T. Sherman, assignee of Thomas M. Barr & Co., the failed oil brokers of New York City, presented an affidavit Saturday showing the resources of the estate to be in round figures: Nominal assets, \$787,758; actual assets, \$4,247,857.

Frank Almy was hanged in jail at Concord, N. H., Tuesday morning, for the brutal murder of Christie Warden, July 17, 1891. The execution was a bungling job. Almy's feet touched the floor when he went through the drop and he was strangled to death.

A congressional reapportionment bill, creating districts which, according to the vote at the last election, will be safely republican, and two which would be overwhelmingly democratic, was agreed to in committee by the Michigan senate Saturday.

The biennial session of the Order of Railway Conductors of America, O. R. C., was opened at 9 o'clock a. m. Wednesday evening. A large number of amendments to the bylaws were adopted, but none of general interest. Resolutions in regard to Sunday observance, were adopted. The convention adjourned to meet at Atlanta, Ga., in May, 1895.

The First National bank of Cedar Falls, Iowa, suspended at close of business Tuesday, being involved by the assignment of William M. Fields & Brother, importers of horses. The liabilities are estimated at from \$100,000 to \$150,000, while the personal liabilities of Fields will be nearly as much more.

The Citizens' bank at Monroeville, Ind., closed its doors at noon Saturday, and much excitement prevails there. It was organized ten years ago by Dwiggin and Starbuck, but about a year ago, was reorganized and a larger number of local stockholders were added. It was thought certain to pull through, but it stopped business entirely.

The Plankinton bank, of Milwaukee, Wis., upon which there was a run Saturday, closed its doors at 9 o'clock a. m. Monday, one hour earlier than usual. There was only a small crowd waiting and no excitement. The cashier said the deposits in an hour were five times greater than the withdrawals.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Chicago National bank at Chicago was held Monday, but only one director being present. After a full discussion of the affairs of the bank, it was unanimously resolved to resume business at an early day, and committees were appointed to perfect the plan outlined and to immediately carry it into effect.

A Kissimmee, Fla., special says: Much to the surprise of everybody the following notice appeared on the door of the Kissimmee City bank before opening hour Saturday morning: "This bank is closed until further notice, by virtue of a deed of assignment made by the bank to the National Bank of Commerce of Chicago, for the purpose of liquidating the affairs of the bank, and for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the deed of assignment."

The Aldine hotel at Philadelphia was badly gutted by fire Sunday night. The loss estimated at \$140,000. The 120 guests and the servants escaped unharmed after an exciting experience. The Aldine is one of the largest hotels in the city. Of the guests, there were many prominent business and professional men. The furnishings of the hotel were valued at \$119,000, the damage on which is estimated at \$90,000, on which there is \$60,000 insurance.

A company with a capital of \$5,000,000 has been organized at Pitkin, Col., and the biggest mining deal known in Colorado is to be carried through on or before June 20th. The property is the largest under the control of any one organization in that district, and includes over three thousand feet of three mineral bearing contacts, and the third one of which is not exposed on the surface. The tunnels and two large shafts will develop the property.

The American liner New York arrived at New York from Southampton early Saturday morning. Hon. Robert T. Lincoln, ex-minister to the United States to the court of St. James, was among the passengers. The ex-minister was apparently in rugged health and expressed himself as happy to be at home again, although he found England to be a pleasant place. He will stay immediately for his home in Chicago, where he will resume his law practice.

THE CHINESE MUST GO.

The Geary Exclusion Act Sustained by the Supreme Court.

The United States supreme court, Monday, through Justice Gray, sustained the decision of the New York courts in favor of the constitutionality of the law of nations that every independent nation had the inherent right to keep aliens out of its territory. That right public law forbade.

After the court had concluded an announcement of opinions, Mr. Hulsey Ashton, of counsel for the Chinese, moved a rehearing of the case and an argument before a full bench at the next term. At present the court stands free to three in support of the Chinese, and one in support of the Chinese.

No orders had been issued at the treasury department as to the closing of business Monday as to the closing of Chinese under the Geary act. The instructions under which collectors of internal revenue and United States marshals are now operating direct them to make no arrests of unregistered Chinese until further orders. These orders may be given them after the cabinet meeting or deferred for a longer period.

Secretary Carlisle, soon after he heard of the decision of the supreme court, went to the executive mansion and had a conference with the president on the subject. He remained for an hour or more. Secretary Carlisle then went to the treasury department and had a conference with the department of justice about the subject.

At the Chinese legation the Chinese minister courteously declined to express any opinion upon the decision of the court or to give any information as to the course his government might deem proper to adopt under the circumstances.

Conservative estimates place the amount necessary to deport the unregistered Chinese at \$6,000,000, with only \$18,000 available for the purpose. Information is heard that congress may be convened to consider the matter. The suggestion is made in official circles at Washington that Chinese unregistered may now go to the courts and be allowed to register and remain in this country. In any view of the case treasury officers expect to experience great difficulty in carrying out the mandate of the law that the Chinese must go. They look to the cabinet to solve the problem at its next meeting.

CHINA MAY RESIST

The Enforcement of the Exclusion Act by Retaliatory Measures.

A Washington special of Tuesday says that the outlook for a war with China is now regarded in naval circles as not improvable. It is believed that the empire will resist the conclusion reached by the supreme court, and will issue a decree enforcing strict rules against the entry of any more Americans into China, and probably ordering the removal of our missionaries out of its territory under penalty of forcible deportation. Meanwhile there is danger of insurrection of Chinese against the white immigrants, which the imperial authorities will be unable to check. These, taken together with the outbreaks which the attempt to enforce the Geary law on our west coast will bring about, in our thought will put the two nations on such a footing as to make war inevitable. The decision is a great blow to the Chinese legation here where it has been hoped down to the last moment that the act would be declared unconstitutional.

How to Save Doctor's Bills.

Never go to bed with cold or damp feet. Never lean with the back upon anything that is cold. Never begin a journey until the breakfast has been eaten. Never take warm drinks and then immediately go out in the cold. After exercise of any kind never ride in an open carriage or near the window of a car for a moment; it is dangerous to health and even life. Never omit regular bathing, for unless the skin is in good condition the cold will close the pores and favor congestion or other diseases. Never stand still in cold weather, especially after having taken a slight degree of exercise, and always avoid standing on ice or snow where the person is exposed to the wind. When going from a warm atmosphere into a colder one, the air may be warmed by its passage through the nose ere it reaches the lungs. Keep the back, especially between the shoulders, well covered; also the chest well protected. In sleeping in cold rooms, establish the habit of breathing through the nose, and never with the mouth open. Just Like a Man.

Mrs. Stocks—"If we move into that cheap house, we'll lose caste." Mr. Stocks—"Don't be afraid, we'll do the best we can afford without running hopelessly into debt, and besides it is a comfortable place anyhow."

Mrs. Stocks—"Huh! Just like a man. Only so you can be comfortable, and pay every little bill as quick as it comes in, you don't care what the world thinks."—New York Weekly

Housekeepers

Should Remember.

The Government Chemists, after having analyzed all the principal brands of baking powder in the market, in their reports placed the "Royal" at the head of the list for strength, purity and wholesomeness; and thousands of tests all over the country have further demonstrated the fact that its qualities are, in every respect, unrivaled. Avoid all baking powders sold with a gift or prize, or at a lower price than the Royal, as they invariably contain alum, lime or sulphuric acid, and render the food unwholesome.

"German Syrup"

I am a farmer at Edom, Texas. I have used German Syrup for six years successfully for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Pains in Chest and Lungs and Spitting-up of Blood. I have tried many kinds of Cough Syrups in my time, but let me say to anyone wanting such a medicine—German Syrup is the best. We are subject to so many sudden changes from cold to hot, damp weather here, but in families where German Syrup is used there is little trouble from colds. John F. Jones.

THE BEST

Is the best Blood Medicine because it cures the blood, and at the same time tones up the entire organism. This is just what is needed in the various poisons, rheumatism, neuralgia, and all the other diseases which result from impure blood. Therefore, for all these ailments, it is the best. It is a pleasant, and is used by all who have tried it. It is a remedy which gives such general satisfaction to myself and patients.

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CHILTON COUN

In the geographical center of Alabama, Louisville and Nashville, the R. T. and the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and the Mobile, form the main lines of the Chilton County. The Chilton County is a farming and stock raising county. Population 15,000.

Chilton, the county seat, is on the R. T. 36 miles south of Birmingham north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

CHILTON

Corner 1

BIRMINGHAM

THE POPULAR

To Do

NEW

If We

PLAN OF REORGANIZATION

Drexel, Morgan & Co. Present the

tails of the Scheme

To Place the Richmond Terminal

Solid Financial Footing.

A New York special says: On Tuesday Drexel, Morgan & Co. have drawn up the proper documents to place the Richmond Terminal upon a sound footing. Their plan is to place the Richmond Terminal upon the Orono plan in that the joint securities, or the later bond issue, the security stock issue, stand apart from the plan, and the existing securities are in many cases reliable and allowed to run to maturity.

Drexel, Morgan & Co. announce that they have formed a syndicate to underwrite the plan. If the syndicate holders have deposited their largest unconditionally desired to show they can do so on or before August, but all securities withdrawn not participate in the reorganization.

The details of the scheme are as follows:

The Richmond Terminal and Richmond and Danville system East Tennessee system are to be reorganized, about six thousand miles of railway in all. The Georgia Central, the Florida Central and Texas Pacific are to be included, although the latter two systems must be protected. Reorganization proposes to bring within 6,000 miles under one new company, preserving, however, local independence in all matters relating to operating and traffic and other changes to \$9,750,000.

Capital of the new company, outstanding on the completion of the reorganization is expected to be about \$20,000,000. The plan is to place the Richmond Terminal upon a sound footing. Their plan is to place the Richmond Terminal upon the Orono plan in that the joint securities, or the later bond issue, the security stock issue, stand apart from the plan, and the existing securities are in many cases reliable and allowed to run to maturity.

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CHILTON VIEW.
P. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
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The View is glad to know that the people of Verbena are making a move toward incorporating that town. This is one of the best signs of enterprise and prosperity.

Of course there are some Jeffersonians here growing because Gov. Jones has pardoned Ike Vincent, however, they cannot make political capital of this, as their leaders were amongst the first to sign a petition for his pardon; the general Reuber, going so far as to write Gov. Jones a private letter in Vincent's behalf.

The Coosa Advocate has the following to say in reference to the Jeffersonian position:

The Jeffersonians have gone through a great fight, and they are well high as helpless as the Lost Cause, and they cry: "Let's have peace," but it is at terms that would mean the annihilation of purity and principle.

The last resting place of Jefferson Davis, in Richmond, will be in what is known as the new part of the famed Hollywood Cemetery. In that city of the Dead repose the remains of Gen. J. E. B. Stuart, Gen. Pegram, Gen. John R. Cooke, Gen. Wm. Smith and other Confederate Generals and 12,000 other officers and soldiers of the Lost Cause.—Advertiser.

Said a gentleman in defense of Gov. Jones for pardoning Ike Vincent:

"Gov. Jones did well in pardoning Vincent and was justified in so doing. The State was convinced that he was sufficiently punished for his crime, and therefore, did not wish to see him die in the mines for an offense of which, I do not believe, he was sole perpetrator, but in which others were implicated, and used him as a tool to accomplish their end in view. I do not say that Vincent was not to blame for the act committed, and did not deserve punishment, but that Gov. Jones cannot be blamed or accused for issuing his pardon when he saw the State desired to set him free."

The manufacturing districts in the North are filled with men who cannot read the English language. Thousands of Huns and Italians have been brought over because of the cheap rates for which they can work. There will be less of it hereafter as the Pittsburgh Post says:

"The Superintendent of the National rolling mills at McKeesport has announced that hereafter no man will be employed who cannot speak English. The English language is the finest and noblest in the world; it is destined to be the ruling language of the world; and it should be the duty and pleasure of those whose native tongue it is to encourage all people to speak it. There are thousands of foreigners in this country who do not learn to speak English because they do not find an incentive to do so. If it were made necessary for them, in order that they might find employment, they would soon learn it, and the jargon of foreign tongues heard in our streets would gradually cease."—Montgomery Advertiser.

How strange it is that some people have such little reason. Already we hear complaint that the Democrats are not keeping their promises. That since Cleveland's election financial circles have not expanded, but are still tightening around the masses. To all who are thus restless, we say exercise your reasoning powers. Look for a moment and see what the Democratic party has to contend with. Pension frauds, robber tariff and numberless other things saddled upon us by the Republicans. First, the Democrats will stop further legislation of this character, and then begin to reform matters. But this cannot be done in a day, it will require several years of Democratic administration to show any decided change in our finances. Rest easy it will surely come. Under Democratic rule we will have no more pension frauds, no legislation to enrich a few and impoverish the masses, and only such taxation as is necessary to defray expenses of our government. But remember the sun does not reach its zenith in a moment after its first rays are seen.

A SOLEMN OCCASION.
Everyone who attended the ceremonies at Montgomery Monday was impressed with the solemnity of the occasion. While the heavens were weeping, men, women and children dropped each a tear of respect for our dead chief martyr for one who "created a nation, who followed its hier, who wrote its history and died a disfranchised citizen."

It was a very noticeable fact that the young of our country were there in scores to do honor to all that was mortal of him to whom honor is due. While all sectional feeling has about died out (and right it should) it is gratifying to know that our young generation still honors the cause for which our fathers fought, and bow with reverent respect to every confederate soldier. Thank God the confederate soldiers of our land are still the foundation stone upon which rest the finest structures of Southern society. So long as the confederate soldier lives, just so long will our people cover him with kindness and honors, and then, when it is with him, "dust to dust, return," we plant flowers of memory around his grave and water it with our tears. May the confederate soldier always remain an object of our most affectionate consideration.

Difficult English.

The number of obsolete words that are to be found in Webster's Dictionary is considerably larger than people have any idea of. The following letter, says an exchange, written by an alleged poet to an editor, who had treated his poetry with derision, furnishes some ideas of them:

Sir:—You have behaved like an impetuous scrooge! Like those who, envious of any moral censure, carry their ungacity to the height of creating symphonically the feigned words which my polytechnic genius uses with liberty to abrogate the tongues of the witless! Sir, you have grossly parodied my own words as though they were trigrams.

I will not consecrate reproaches—I will obduce a veil over the atramentous ingratitude, which has chambered even my indiscribable heart. I am silent on the feaillation which my coadjuvancy must have given you when I offered to become your fanitor and adminicle. I will not speak of the lipitude, the oblespy, you have shown in exacerbating me, one whose genius you should have approached with mental discaecation. So I tell you without superfluous words, nothing will render invisible your conduct to me. I warn you that I would vellicate your nose if I thought that any moral diarrhesis thereby could be performed—if I thought I should not impignorate my reputation. Go, tachygraphic scrogle, band with your crass iniquitate fanitors: draw objections from the thought, if you can, of having synchronously lost the existinaation of the greatest poet since Milton!

And yet all these words are to be found in the dictionary.—Ex.

It is the general impression that the Indians are rapidly dying out. Maj. J. W. Powell of the United States Geological Survey, takes a different view. He contends that when Columbus discovered America there were not more than 500,000 Indians in the territory now embraced in the United States, and at present there are 250,000. This does not look like extinction. In fact they may increase under the more generous surroundings of civilization. Two-thirds of all the Indians now support themselves by agricultural or industrial pursuits. Their numbers were originally magnified because they were widely scattered, spoke different languages, and moved about with great rapidity. Those Indians have held their own who have maintained their tribal organizations. When the Indians scattered among the white men they degenerated into beggars, being unable to maintain themselves in the unequal race. Many of the Indians have given up their original religion and adopted Christianity in one shape and another.—Ex.

If you desire a beautiful complexion, absolutely free from pimples and blotches, purify your blood by the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Remove the cause of these disfigurements and the disease will take care of itself. Be sure you get Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE SPECTATOR.
The photograph gallery being in close proximity to THE VIEW office The Spectator has prevailed on the society editor to have a synopsis of his physiognomy conveyed to past-board. After many trials a tolerable likeness was obtained, but alas for the instrument used; it was twisted and distorted like the remains of a gubernatorial candidate's private character. I have caused one of the photos to be nailed up over the entrance to the subterranean passage which leads to our treasure vaults and the lord high editor informs me that he now sleeps sweetly of nights in consequence.

One day last week I chanced into the place of business of my friend Tipton Mullins, an intellectual and sedate young man whose fortune lies in being a gentleman, a scholar and a successful merchant. On this particular occasion, however, our Tip chanced not to be in, the place being deserted for the moment save by myself and an apparition which gradually took the form of a female servant bearing aloft a tray containing ice cream, cake, etc. At once it flashed across my mind that some fair friend of my friend had sent this offering to cool the tongue of the gentleman in question. "Just set the tray there on the desk and I will return: it is this afternoon," I said to the bearer with a winning smile and a motion toward the door. The girl placed the tray on the desk as directed but showed a disposition to linger at the door, whereupon I summoned all the tragedy in my nature and with an imperious gesture said to her, "avaunt! away!"

The effect was instantaneously satisfactory, the girl disappearing with a half suppressed groan. Seating myself on Tip's high stool I then proceeded to ruminate on the miserable condition of our finances, trying all the while to devise some plan by which our dear people could all be treated with the by-chloride of gold prescription for their financial habits and Uncle Sam save himself withal. Suddenly I awoke from my reverie and looked at the tray before me. It was empty! The good things that had dwelt therein were gone, vanished! The tray looked as though a country newspaperman had been allowed to graze too near it. In a fit of absent mindedness, no doubt, someone had eaten the contents. I knew there was a remote possibility of suspicion falling on me and as I heard the returning footfalls of my friend Mullins I silently folded my napkin and stole away. I have often since regretted that circumstances has ingendered in my bosom a delicacy which I constantly feel in approaching Tip on this subject, else would I like to ask him how he felt when the spectacle of empty dishes and a delicately traced lady's card first burst upon his vision as he entered his office. But in the absence of scenic effect our imaginations must serve and mine teaches me that he thought in his inmost soul:

"I feel like one who treads alone Some banquet hall deserted, Whose lights are fled Whose garlands dead And all but he departed."

The Spectator rises and stands upon his easy stool to remark to His Excellency the President, the congress of these United States and all others whom it may concern, that money matters are so tight in this region that one may at any time hear the American eagle scream provided he can get within hailing distance of a dollar. From which we desire the above-named gentlemen to infer that the circulating medium in this neighborhood is already sufficiently contracted and that a slightly inflated currency will excite no riot.

Let not the wise man despise the fool for it is only by contrast that we are wise or foolish. And there are small and great degrees of wisdom the smaller of which is to the greater as the moon to the sun. Should a wise man opine that his brilliancy rivals that of the sun let him remember that He who made both afterward repented of the job.

Man's life seems to him brightest just in the future till the sun of his prosperity reaches its meridian. And it is, even so. His life may be one continuous success until he approaches its close when some pet undertaking may cloud the sunset of his day, and he exclaims in the bitterness of his disappointment that his life has been

a failure. But such is not the case. No man who has done his best to succeed, even though he has failed in the main object, has lived in vain. The triumph of one great undertaking is worth living for and he who has seen the sun rise on a glorious world and prelude in regal splendor over nature's beautiful empire has not lived for naught. The man who has loved and seen the soft moonlight stream down through the branches of stately oaks and shimmer on the creations of man below, felt the heartbeats of the woman he loved against his suspender buckle as he told her all about it, cannot say that his life has been a hollow mockery or that marriage under the circumstances has always proved a snare and a delusion.

Mr. T. E. C. Brinley

Has the following to say about the Electropole and how it cures after-effects of La Grippe.

Office Brinley, Miles & Hardy Co., Louisville, Ky., Jan 30, '06.

Gents:—While attending the Memphis fair some months ago, I was attacked with severe pains in my arms and legs, the effects of grippe last winter. I met your agent there, Mr. Harbert, who is an old friend, and he insisted that I use the Electropole at his office, which I did, with wonderful results. In a short time the pains left me, and I concluded to rent a "Poise." When my rental time had expired I bought it, and would not part with it for any consideration. It is certainly a wonderful instrument, and it is more wonderful as to how it does its work, yet it does.

I think it is the duty of every man to make known to the afflicted anything that will be of any benefit to them, and the Electropole certainly will.

Respectfully,

T. E. C. Brinley.

Mr. Brinley is one of the oldest and best known plow manufacturers in this country.

The disease cured by the Electropole are not confined to any particular class ailments. By the pure oxygen is absorbed through the pores and membranes, adds strength and vigor to the entire system and will cure any disease where there is vitality to build on, and a cure is possible.

We invite all to call or write and get full particulars.

50 PAGE BOOK SENT FREE. Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

Jan 12-7

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair, and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address **The Loudon Medical Co.**

Agents Wanted. n11-6n Tiffin, Ohio.

New Store! * New Stock!**

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar 20-7

THE VIEW

Solicits

YOUR JOB WORK.

ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Work Neatly Executed,

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

SCHLOSS & KAHN.
WHOLESALE GROCERS.
*and LIQUOR DEALERS.
We make a specialty of TOBACCOS. We have the Agency for Diploma Westmore and Rose Bad PATENT FLOUR. Call on us at 201 & 206 Commerce Street. MONTGOMERY, ALA. STRICTLY WHOLESALE. April 2-17

W. H. Taylor, BARBER.
Clanton, Ala.
Hair Cutting and Shaving.

B B B BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A thoroughly tested Remedy FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

This standard remedy has been tried, and not found wanting, for forty years by all eminent physicians, who have used it with certain and varying success for all diseases for which it is recommended. It never fails to benefit from the first dose disease germs from the system, liver and kidneys without any unpleasant or hurtful effects. It is not the result of ignorance or superstition, but it is founded upon common sense and a thorough knowledge of modern medical science. It is a general tonic and cures the blood and brings health to the sufferer. As a general tonic it is without a rival, and in its analysis of health-giving properties it is absolutely perfect. It is a blood purifier for all diseases, such as: Scrofula, Eczema, Psoriasis, Ringworm, Itch, and all other skin diseases. It is a blood purifier for all diseases, such as: Scrofula, Eczema, Psoriasis, Ringworm, Itch, and all other skin diseases. It is a blood purifier for all diseases, such as: Scrofula, Eczema, Psoriasis, Ringworm, Itch, and all other skin diseases.

INVESTIGATE FOR YOURSELF.

Send for our Free Book of Valuable Information. Together with a wonderful array of certificates of remarkable cures from the simplest to the most violent cases, after all known remedies had failed. These certificates testify with no uncertain sound, that Botanic Blood Balm is the best, cheapest, and most powerful blood purifier ever known to the world.

Price—50¢ per bottle; \$1.00 for 2 bottles.

For sale by druggists; if not, send to us.

Address **BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.**

EDUCATE TO PROFIT

MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GA.
A High Grade Business Training School. Have placed over two hundred in business. The best business and shorthand course in existence. The only school in the South conferred on the ACTING BUSINESS MAN. Students enter any time. Send for circular.

Jan 12-7

YES, WE ARE TO BLAME!



The assertion has been made by merchants of this city that we are ruining the prices this season on

CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS

But it matters little what our competitors may think. It is the Public we are trying to please and who favors we ask. You can depend upon it,

You Cannot Equal Our Prices

We are showing some SUITS FOR MEN at \$10 and \$15 and other merchants would think them cheap at \$15 and \$20. We ask you to COMPARE not alone our Prices but Goods, COMPARE quality and workmanship. This your only safe guide.

BASE BALL BAT AND CAP given free with each suit in our Children's and Boys' Department.

ALEX. RICE.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

—DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TIME WATCHES, the best for railroad men. Also has a large stock of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneiders, Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE, French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Clocks, Eye-Glasses, Gold-filled Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest possible price. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,

(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue

—MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY

Stop at the

Metropolitan Hotel.

New Hotel

Newly Furnished

Through

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS

The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry St.

J. A. NEWCOMB, Mgr.

BIRMINGHAM

BUSINESS COLLEGE

AND

School of Shorthand and Typewriting

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the South endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women trained for every branch of commercial life. Students assured securing employment. Send for circular. Address,

AMOS WARD, President.

CHILTON
P. B. BALDWIN, Editor
CLANTON, ALA., JUNE 1, 1906

For Scrofula

"After suffering for many years from scrofulous skin and arms, trying various remedies without benefit, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a week later the break. Five bottles more to health."—E. Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Catarrh

"My daughter was afflicted with catarrh. Telling her unable to help her, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a week later the break. Five bottles more to health."—E. Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Rheumatism

"For several years I was afflicted with rheumatism, and at times as to be bedridden. For the last two years, the effects of the disease, I have used Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and it has done me good. It has kept me in good health."—E. Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

For all blood diseases best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢.

Cures others will

SCHULERS & N. A. Trainor, Clanton, Ala.

GOING SOUTH

No. 1 Express Don't at

No. 5 Mail

No. 9 Accommodation

GOING NORTH

No. 2 Post

No. 4 Express

No. 10 Accommodation

No. 9 and 10 make all

and 3 stop at all regular

LOCAL BREW

Main wants but little here. For he knows there's a Woman, dear woman who And she wants it from

The rain this week was

To-day is June the first

Miss Mollie Hannah's

clothes today.

Dr. W. E. Stewart

has left Friday.

Mr. J. E. Evans

visited this week.

Work is now progress

the Baptist Church.

There was a croquet

Watts last Friday night.

"Oh these moonlit

times!" sang the

Rev. B. E. Feagin

Methodist church last

A howling success—

terminating in a

Grover has dished

none of the crumbs fell

Mr. Bob Brown has

quite frequently of late

The man who monkey

telegram key never fails

Mr. L. E. Gullatton

in town Tuesday on

firm.

Mr. J. E. Evans

visit to relatives in

week.

Mr. Ed. Boyd and

Ingham, visited relative

last week.

Miss Fattie Roll

Friday and Sunday with

this place.

CHILTON VIEW

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 1, 1893.

For Scrofula

"After suffering for about twenty-five years from scrofulous sores on the legs and arms, trying various medical courses without benefit, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a wonderful cure was the result. Five bottles sufficed to restore me to health."—Bonifacio Lopez, 227 E. Commerce st., San Antonio, Texas.

Catarrah

"My daughter was afflicted for nearly a year with catarrah. The physicians being unable to help her, my pastor recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed his advice. Three months of regular treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills completely restored my daughter's health."—Mrs. Louise Helle, Little Canada, Warr., Mass.

Rheumatism

"For several years, I was troubled with inflammatory rheumatism, being so bad at times as to be entirely helpless. For the last two years, whenever I felt the effects of the disease, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and have not had a spell for a long time."—E. T. Hansbrough, Elk Run, Va.

For all blood diseases, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢ per bottle. Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULE N. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express, Don't stop 5:25 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:44 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:50 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:20 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:25 p. m.
Nos. 6 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Man wants but little here below
For he knows there's little worth.

Woman, dear woman wants the world
And she wants it from her birth.

The rain this week was in order.

Today is June the first day of Summer.

Miss Mollie Hannon's school will close to-day.

Dr. W. E. Stewart visited Birmingham last Friday.

Mr. J. E. Evans visited his family in Anniston this week.

Work is now progressing nicely on the Baptist Church.

There was a croquet party at Mr. N. W. Wain's last Friday night.

"Oh these moonlit nights upon the fence!" sang the aesthetic cat.

Rev. B. K. Feagin preached at the Methodist church last Sunday.

A howling success—a possum hunt terminating in a possum tree.

Grover has dished out the pie but none of the crumbs fell in Clanton.

Mr. Bob Brown has been in Clanton quite frequently of late from Mulberry.

The man who monkeys with the telegraph key never fails to dot his 'i's'.

Mr. L. E. Galloway of Verbena, was in town Tuesday on business for his firm.

Mrs. J. E. Evans and son are on a visit to relatives in Anniston, Ala., this week.

Mr. Ed. Boyd and family of Birmingham, visited relatives in Clanton last week.

Miss Hattie Bell Aldridge spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents at this place.

Miss Willie Boyd of Newnan, Ga. visited the family of Mr. J. H. Aldridge here last week.

WANTED.—Five or six good lumber teams. Apply to A. J. Gullaborn & Co. at Verbena, Ala.

Mrs. Balm's nurse class had their beauty duplicated by Photographer Edwards last Saturday.

Messrs. Duncan and Jones of the L. & N. R. R. system, visited Verbena on the second day of this week.

Three car loads of pineapples from Florida passed through Clanton en route to the northern market Monday.

The spring fight crop and the mud dog yield seem both short this year but the baseball epidemic is as fatal as ever.

Mrs. Wm. A. Collier visited her sister Mrs. Patton at Deatsville this week on account of the extreme illness of Dr. Patton.

Mr. J. E. Evans has profited by someone else's experience with old sheels and built himself a new one in front of his store.

There was a party at Mr. J. H. Aldridge's last Friday night, where a large crowd of young people gathered and greatly enjoyed themselves.

Parties knowing news personals, or anything else short and interesting, will confer a favor on THE VIEW by calling and telling us all about it.

Major John Gideon Harris, State Superintendent of Education, will lecture at Coopers next Sunday and no doubt a large crowd from Clanton will attend.

Messrs. H. J. Callen, W. H. Foshee, B. H. Chestnut, Evans Pinkard and others went to Montgomery Monday where the body of Ex-President Davis lay in state.

As the blackberry and watermelon seasons approach the average Clanton darkey thinks less of the "golden stair" and more of this carnal world. Oh, Jerusalem, Jerusalem!

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Dry Valley Dots.

The farmers are needing rain in this section.

Prof. J. Alex. Moore closed his school at Colton's Chapel last Friday and will spend the summer at home.

The little babe that was left at the residence of Mr. Jim Wiggot a few months ago died last Sunday about 12 o'clock.

Mr. J. M. Garner visited the magic city last week.

Grandma West has been very sick but we are glad to state she is improving.

You should subscribe for THE VIEW. It is an important paper since it put on its new handle. Success to THE VIEW. EVOLE.

Lily Dots.

The copious showers and warm sunshine have made corn, cotton and all other vegetation look vigorous, grass not excepted.

Dr. Parnell who has just returned from New York was here circulating among relatives and friends last week.

Miss Geneva Jones has returned from a visit to the Capital City.

Prospects are good for plenty of fruit and berries and we who are so badly pressed on account of hard times hope to be able to do them justice.

Our genial young friend, Mr. John Foshee, of Maplesville, was here last Sunday to see his best girl, but unfortunately for him she was not at home. Come again John, she is at home sometimes.

Rev. W. J. Riddick preached an excellent sermon to a large congregation at his last appointment.

The young people had a fishing party here last Saturday which was an enjoyable occasion to all who attended.

Since we have had our View sent via Maplesville we get it on Friday instead of Monday. So we will quit grumbling.

The oat crop in this section is fairly good.

The many friends of Miss Mamie Johnson are expecting her home soon from Rome, Ga., where she is attending college.

Verbena Views.

Misses Sadie Bentley, of Rockford, is visiting friends here.

Miss Kate Musbat, of Hayneville, is visiting Dr. H. W. Caffey's family.

Mrs. J. S. Catts has returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Calera.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Farley have been visiting friends at Benton.

Miss Mary Brown, Geneva Brown and Capt. W. L. House, of Autauga have been visiting relatives at the Clifton House.

Miss Virgie Smith, of West Clifton, is visiting friends in Verbena.

Mr. W. G. Gibson, of Washington City, has been visiting his brother, Major J. C. Gibson.

Miss Alice Marbury, one of Bozeman's fairest young ladies has again been visiting our town.

Messrs. T. M. Barnett and W. G. Merriwether anticipate a pleasant visit to Coopers in the near future.

Messrs. Lewis Jones, Frank Baldwin, Dr. Caffey, Hon. G. A. Northington, Messrs. Anna Logan, Sidney and Fannie Pitts and Mrs. L. F. Nix went down to the Capital City to pay their respects to the remains of the honored chief of the Lost Cause. Mr. Lewis Jones and Hon. G. A. Northington, confederate veterans, marched in the procession with their old comrades. There are but few of the old confederate soldiers left, and we are glad that a large number went to pay their respects to their beloved Chieftain.

Miss Mary Carr Gibson, one of most accomplished young ladies is visiting relatives in Georgia.

Messrs. F. N. Jones W. W. Dunkin, and W. B. Nolen, of Clanton, have been visiting here.

C. A. and A. K. Stern, George S. Bayne, Sam Kaufman, G. W. Baber and A. T. Hannon, all of Montgomery, have been visiting our city recently on business.

The young people of Verbena seem to be in a moving mood. Numbers of them have been visiting friends in different cities and still the tread of civilization is Westward. Our stay-at-homes are glad to welcome back this week Miss Mary Ellen Wingate, who has

been on an extended visit to friends and relatives in Prattville and Montgomery; and Miss Hattie Thompson, of Montgomery, one whom we are always glad to see, returned to Verbena with Miss Wingate.

Miss Mary Carr Gibson, than whom there is none more cultivated, refined and lovely, is visiting friends in Cartersville, Ga. We wish her a pleasant stay and hope for an early return.

Miss Lilla Gullidge gave a delightful card party to our young people last Tuesday evening. The young ladies present were, Miss Thompson, of Montgomery; pink silk trimmed in chiffon; diamonds and pearls; Miss Marbury, red silk, pearls and lace; Miss Wingate, white silk, lace and ribbons, diamonds and natural flowers. Miss Caffey, white mull and ribbons, turquoise and pearls; Miss Musbat, black silk, lace, diamonds and flowers; Miss Williamson, blue mull, rubies and flowers; Miss Gullidge, white silk mull, lace and flowers.

Stages—Messrs. Caffey, Wingate, Marbury, Gullidge and Baldwin. Until the wee hours the festive board was kept warm, and all returned home expressing with one accord how swiftly and pleasantly the evening past.

Verbena is looking up. Our citizens have at last awakened and the prospects for Verbena being incorporated in the near future are bright. Why has not this interested our people before? It can probably be accounted for in one way only and that is there has always been a spirit of indifference existing among our older citizens as to the prosperity and building up of our town. A number of them moved here as they say "for pleasure" and did not care to have Verbena's population increased nor her business men prosper. But our young men are interested in this matter, and they by unanswerable arguments have convinced them that to incorporate Verbena will inestimably benefit it. It certainly can be demonstrated beyond doubt that to incorporate Verbena will give it new life. By this means we can have good streets at a less cost than it requires to work our public roads. Yes, if Verbena was incorporated perhaps our night breezes might be more odoriferous. The streets leading to our churches would be kept clear of carcasses.

However, "tis well with the child," and ere another issue of THE VIEW we will be in Rome.

CURSE.

Notice to the Citizens of Verbena.

The View is requested to call a meeting of the citizens of Verbena Friday night, June 2 1893, at the academy. The purpose of the meeting is to take steps toward incorporating Verbena. Meeting will be called to order at 8:15 p. m. Everybody is cordially invited to be present.

Blank warranty deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Klages, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 32 years of age and had been treated, both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Botanic Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

F. B. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHEE.

BALDWIN & FOSHEE,

Attorneys at Law,

CLANTON, --- ALABAMA.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

Attorney at Law,

CLANTON - - ALABAMA.

Box 24.

YOUNG'S RESTAURANT

BY D. Fleming

30 N. COURT ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

THE PLACE FOR

THE CHEAPEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

m25-6m

Hale, Dingley & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN—
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, (Ginger, &c.); Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery. feb-2y

Poindexter & Ellis,

—DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantle Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS.
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Pattern and Red Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper. feb-9

TODD'S GUN STORE.

—DEALERS IN—

Guns, Pistol, Pistols, Fishing Tackle.

CARTRIDGES.

AND BALL GOODS.

Fine Gun Repairing a Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company.

Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. G. Marks, J. I. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

Builder's and Painter's Supply Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Paints, Oils, Glass,

Sash, Doors, Blinds,

Wall Paper, Artists' Materials

And Builders' Hardware.

—18 COMMERCE STREET.

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.
Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Centennial—Regular term second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month.

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.



TO THE CONSUMER.

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.

As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 6th, 1893.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses.

Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Entrance charges of a student \$162.50. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the College Hall and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. The Principal of any school or academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis, connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

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Attorney at Law,

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CLANTON, ALA.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. feb-25-92

BUY THE NEW HOME

LIGHT RUNNING

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

Send TEN cents to 200-10th Ave., N. Y. for our prize game, "Bird Luck," and win a New Home Sewing Machine.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co.

ORANGE, FLA.

FOR SALE BY

W. L. SARGEY, Clanton, Ala.

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

The spoil mill of J. W. Bonnett, at Chiles, Mo., the largest mill of its kind in the world, was burned Sunday. The loss is very heavy.

The infants of Spain and her suite, accompanied by the cabinet ministers of the United States, the diplomatic corps and other distinguished retinue, visited the tomb of Washington Wednesday.

The directors of the Brooklyn, N. Y., tabernacle met their creditors Saturday night and came to an agreement which settled the question of Rev. Dr. Talmage's resignation because of the indebtedness of the church.

The Atlantic tannery, Salem, Mass., occupying over ten acres, covered with manufacturing buildings, was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday night. The loss is fully two hundred and fifty thousand dollars; partially covered by insurance.

A special from St. Paul, Minn., states that heavy rain, accompanied by heavy rain, much thunder and lightning prevailed in that section Monday night, doing great damage to property and injuring a large number of people. It was one of the worst gales ever experienced in that locality.

The temperance element of Frankton, Ind., headed together Saturday night and destroyed the saloons that had sprung into existence in the last few months. The work was done in short order and as far as reported no one was hurt. Three of the leaders of the mob were arrested and are awaiting trial.

A terrific windstorm struck Cleveland, O., at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning. Four men were instantly killed and many injured in the numerous casualties. A scaffold blown from its fastenings by the high wind seriously and in one case fatally injured four men employed by the Cleveland Gas-light and Coke Company.

The tobacco factory of D. Buchner & Co., at New York, a six-story building, was burned Wednesday evening. The total loss is estimated at \$200,000. \$150,000 on the stock and \$50,000 on the building. Full insurance covers losses. Between 300 and 400 men, women and children were employed in this factory.

The immense plant of the Betty Glass Works factory and United States Glass company at Tiffin, Ohio, were almost totally destroyed by fire Monday. The loss aggregated nearly \$200,000, and 600 persons are thrown out of employment. Many workmen escaped from upper windows and but two were injured. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

One hundred wheat millers from Ohio, Kentucky, Michigan, Indiana, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri and Illinois assembled at Toledo, O., Tuesday night for the purpose of completing the organization of the Winter Wheat Millers' league. Those present represented mills turning out 50,000 barrels per day, nearly the entire production.

The Dunkards of the United States are in session at Muncie, Ind. They held their first grand meeting Sunday morning. Enoch Ely, a noted Dunkard from Kansas, addressed a crowd of about 15,000 in the afternoon. D. L. Miller, of Mount Morris, Ill., editor of the Gospel Messenger, made his famous lecture on Egypt to an audience of eighteen thousand Dunkards and citizens.

Ten states were represented at a meeting of the order of the Iron Hall. It was decided that one of the first things to be done was to employ an attorney. The delegates expressed belief that under the ruling of the supreme court, the receiver of the order has no right to close out its affairs and if reliable officers are elected the sitting can have the money now in the receiver's hands.

The Elmira National bank at Elmira, N. Y., closed its doors Tuesday morning. The bank's failure is the result of the recent financial troubles of Colonel D. C. Robinson. The bank examiners a few days ago reported the bank perfectly solvent in case Colonel Robinson paid his obligations; if not the depositors would be paid in full with a small loss to the stockholders.

Jackson Richardson, the president of the bank, says that the bank will positively be paid in full. The deposits in the bank amount to about \$200,000. Two young college graduates, Thomas G. Allen, Jr., of Ferguson, W. L. Sachtleben, of Alton, Ill., wheelmen, left Wheeling, W. Va., Monday morning for New York over the old national turnpike. When they arrive there they will have completed a trip around the world on bicycles, begun June 13, 1890. They made a complete tour of Europe and Asia, visiting every country, an interesting feature being a journey of 7,000 miles through Siberia, entering China in the northwest corner, crossing the great Gobi desert.

A special from Gloucester, Mass., says: The cruiser New York crossed the Atlantic Monday afternoon on her trial trip at 1:41 o'clock, having made the marvelous speed of twenty-seven knots. This record gives the United States the fastest armored cruising vessel in the world, and the Cruise of the famous Blake and Blenheim are surpassed, the former having made only 19.7 on her trial trip, when she broke down and the latter has never yet been tried over a measured course.

The Swiss exhibit in the great manufacturers and liberal art building at the World's fair is temporarily closed. James Petersen, Swiss commissioner, claims that his government has been treated with indignity by the United States customs officers and he ordered the Swiss section to be closed until the minister of Switzerland at Washington, who has been notified, has obtained satisfaction. Saturday afternoon F. B. Kemmer, the agent of thirty Swiss exhibitors, was arrested.

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THE CONGREGATION CHEERED
When Dr. Talmage Announced that He Would Remain as Their Pastor.

In the presence of the congregation which crowded the immense Brooklyn tabernacle to the doors Sunday morning, the Rev. Dr. Talmage officially announced that the floating debt of the tabernacle had been liquidated and that his remaining with the church as its pastor, was assured. This announcement coming from the doctor himself created a furor of excitement among the congregation. Cheers upon cheers were given by the large congregation and it was some time before he could continue. The cheering was repeated with emphasis when the divine added that he would remain as pastor.

THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH.

Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Epitomized.

And Important Happenings from Day to Day Tensely Told.

The Citizens' bank of Johnson City, Tenn., made a general assignment Saturday. Assets \$78,000, liabilities \$38,000. Money stringency is given as the cause.

An order was filed in the United States court at Savannah Monday authorizing the examination of Mrs. Rowena M. Clarke, of Charleston, before a master in chancery by the attorneys for Plaintiff Walker G. Oakman, of the Richmond Terminal.

Once again the wind has swooped down Louisville, Ky. A cyclone struck the city at midnight, Monday night, and dwellings were ruined, streets were filled with the wreckage of roofs; with broken and uprooted trees; with remnants of walls and twisted wires. No lives are known to be lost and few injuries received.

Judge H. C. Roney Wednesday rendered his decision in the Port Royal and Augusta railroad receivership case. The judge granted the petition of the complainants, Henry B. King and others, and appointed Colonel J. H. Averill permanent receiver of the road and named Major W. T. Gary and Mr. R. H. Wright, both of Augusta, as counsel for the receiver.

A Richmond, Va., dispatch states that in view of the recent heavy losses by fire a representative of the Southern Railway Association has been in Richmond for some time raising the insurance rates. On Monday he completed the schedule on mercantile and manufacturing property. The tariff has in all instances been increased, in some cases to double the old rates, while on residential property of the more substantial kind a reduction has been made.

A fire in Winston, N. C., Tuesday, destroyed property worth in the aggregate over \$200,000. The fire threw over five hundred people out of employment. P. H. Hanes & Co., the mammoth plug and twist factory, the second largest building of its kind in the south, was destroyed with the exception of the manufacturing storage department. One hundred and thirty-five pounds of lead in another brick building was destroyed by fire. It was owned by W. B. Ellis, a manufacturer.

Monday afternoon a tornado passed from the northwest to the southeast direction, about two miles north of Darlington, Miss. The track of the tornado was about one mile in width and extended through the southern portion of the township of Willow Springs, utterly destroying several houses, barns and other buildings. Mrs. James Bailey was killed and Mr. Bailey seriously injured. The houses of William G. Kruse, Ed. Howe and E. C. King were destroyed. The timber in the track of the tornado is leveled.

A Savannah, Ga., special of Monday says: The Standard Oil Company has, without a doubt, absorbed the Tide Water Oil Company. It has been rumored for some time that changes were being made, and the rumor was confirmed by a statement from one of the officials in Savannah. Very little is known of the deal, except so far as the Georgia part of the concern is known. The Southern Tide Water Oil Company was capitalized at \$100,000, backed by the Tide Water Pipe Company of New York.

The wholesale grocery business of Mayer & Ullman, of Brunswick, Ga., was put in the hands of a temporary receiver Monday. This was done to protect the creditors of the firm. M. Ullman, who suicided last week, was the financier of the concern, while S. Mayer was the money partner, but knew nothing of the books. He is seventy-four years of age and thought, until Saturday, he was worth \$200,000, but now says he is not worth a dollar. It appears that Ullman used the firm's name endorsing paper for enterprises not connected with the firm, and about \$284,000 in debts is in sight.

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The officials of the closed bank say that depositors will be paid dollar for dollar. Ullman's life was insured for \$66,000. The only companies and amounts known at present are the New York Life, \$25,000; Pennsylvania Mutual, \$25,000; Mutual Life, \$10,000; American Legion and Honor, \$5,000.

VINCENT PARDONED.
Alabama's Defaulting Treasurer Excites the City of Governor Jones.

A Montgomery, Ala., special says: Ex-State Treasurer Ike H. Vincent is a free man. On Tuesday Governor Jones granted him a full and absolute pardon. Twenty-five thousand people petitioned for his pardon, including 103 of 133 members of the general assembly. It is one of the most famous cases in the criminal annals of the state. Vincent while state treasurer speculated in the state funds and defaulted for \$215,000.

The governor's pardon makes several thousand words. The governor dwells upon the enormity of the crime with which Vincent stands convicted and does not excuse the wrong committed in speculating in funds with which he had misused over \$200,000 of the people's money, he was not a wholly hardened criminal, as when he left he had ample opportunity to take much of the \$167,000, which he left in the treasury undisturbed, when the denomination of many of the bills was so large that he might have easily taken off thousands of dollars in his pocket.

After an exhaustive review of the crime, the return of the fugitive from justice, who voluntarily gave himself up, the trial, the conviction and his subsequent six years' punishment while diseased in body and wretched in mind, the governor concludes as follows: Even an Almighty God, who judges with an unerring light, does not condemn him to condemnation beyond pardon. What duty will not do, what the

CHILTON VIEW.

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 1, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.50
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It is reported at this late hour that the View is and has been sustained by the boodle of the Democratic party. As to the past course of the View we have nothing to say (however we are satisfied that such a charge is false) but as to present management we say that whoever makes such a charge as above stated is guilty of a willful and malicious lie. The View is a paper to give you the county news and to present to our people all political issues with a spirit of fairness. The View will live, giving the truth and always unbiased by political prejudice. The View invites you to its office where and when you may prefer such charges as you see fit. However we stop here to remark that whoever made the above mentioned charge is a brandied liar.

The Third party—"We, the People." Well, it's a wee party and consists of few people.

A new tariff bill is now being prepared and will be ready for the extra session of Congress which will be some time in September.—Ex.

It seems that the Jeffersonians are tired of harping about organized Democracy and now wish to have a little disorganized Democracy.—Ex.

Whatever proposition may be offered by the Jeffersonians Captain Kolb may rest assured that he will never again ride the democratic party into office.—Exchange.

The authorities of the Baltimore parks have issued a decree that no kissing, hugging, cooing or wooing will be allowed within their parks; neither shall a lady rest her head upon thy shoulder. Gue whizz! immigrate.

Judging from general comments if Secretary Hoke Smith lived up North he would be good presidential timber. His order punishing pension sharks and imposters by depriving them of their unearned pension has proven to be the most popular order of this era.—Advertiser.

Heretofore Kolb has been claiming that he was elected by the Democrats of the State. Then why should he propose to let in republicans and third parties to vote for him now? Why isn't he willing to submit to a primary of the white democratic voters the test for democrats being all who voted for Cleveland? The old fellow knows where he would land. He knows can't be elected without the aid of republicans and third parties.—Troy Democrat.

The Alliance spirit is reported to be dying out in Tennessee and also in Alabama to some extent; and its members are coming over and joining the "old true blues." Yes, just what we knew, and have been expecting. Poor Rouhen, how does he feel? He is a democrat, but the only way for him "to get there" will be for the Republicans and Third parties to march him in on his combination-war-horse, belittled from constant gubernatorial races.

Many old members of the Democratic party would have joined again had not members of the Alliance and Third party perceived their intentions and by united effort a second time, succeeded in snatching their ill feelings. Is this a noble way to build up a party which, third parties claim, is the party of the people? Should the arousing of animosities toward our fellow beings be instrumental in gaining strength, or should not such means be condemned?

We overheard one of the delegates to the committee meeting in Birmingham remark to one of his constituents, to whom he was making an informal report that "although fair, he had no idea in the world the compromise propositions would be accepted by the democratic committee." Now that is the meaning of the whole thing in a nutshell. The minds which concocted the scheme knew it would not be used as a lever by which they might continue to work on the prejudice of the people—that's it.—Rockford Advocate.

We publish below the letter of A. G. Smith, chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of Alabama which might be termed a reply to the Jeffersonians.

It is a good letter. Every right thinking Democrat in Alabama will heartily endorse it. What other course could the Democrats have pursued than to reject the Jeffersonian proposition. It was made to reject or accept as an entirety within forty days. What would have been the result of its acceptance? Nothing more than to allow republicans, mugwumps and sore-heads to participate in democratic primaries.

True it is that the organized Democracy is not only willing but anxious to have the white people come together, but we are to sacrifice party principles and in fact turn the Democratic party over to its bitterest enemies in order to gratify the "silly whims" of a few sore heads? No. They placed themselves beyond the pale of the Democratic party, and if they now desire peace let them come back in the same manner in which they departed. The Democratic Executive Committee acted wisely, and democracy will reign supreme. Yes, the Jeffersonians made such a proposition as they knew would not be accepted and knowing this they have all the while had speakers engaged in keeping alive that prejudice which has characterized the "Jeffersonian" party from its birth. However, our people are becoming more enlightened every day; the result of which will be success to Democracy.

Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Jeffersonian Democratic Party of Alabama:

Dear Sir—The State Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative Party of Alabama have under consideration the proposition submitted by you to them in your letter to me dated May 12, 1893.

The committee have directed me to say in reply that they are ready and willing and anxious to do anything in their power to heal the breach that now exists in the party in this state and to get the Democrats together and are ready to entertain any fair proposition looking to that end, but they are not willing to get into any arrangement or to make any agreement that will admit into the primaries or conventions of the Democratic party those who are now and for years have been the bitterest enemies we have had to contend with. The committee is willing to leave out of consideration, in measuring the right of a democratic vote, all inquiry as to how he voted in the state election in August last, but it will insist that no man shall be entitled to vote in the Democratic primaries or to participate in the mass meetings or conventions who voted in the national election for any other, for President and Vice-President, than Cleveland and Stevenson.

This, in their judgment, is the true test of Democracy in Alabama and all those who voted for Cleveland are expected to participate in the primaries, conventions or "mass meetings" of the party.

The committee instructs me to further say that the Democratic party of Alabama is unequivocally opposed to any and all legislation tending to or providing for the disfranchisement of the white masses of the State of Alabama.

The committee is sincerely desirous that all men in Alabama who believe in the principles of the Democratic party and in the maintenance of the same and in securing to our people the continued blessings of a wise, provident and economical administration of our state government, should be thoroughly united and harmonious; but as the proposition submitted by you in explicit terms stated that it was submitted for acceptance or rejection as a whole, the committee is constrained to decline it as proposed.

The committee urge all people to forget the strife and discord engendered by the State election of last year and put aside all bitterness and reproaches. They are ready and willing to take any action that they lawfully may to enable every self-respecting Democrat to unite with his brethren in maintaining the principles and politics of the party.

They appeal to every Democrat in Alabama to unite with them in the endeavor to restore peace to our people. A. G. Smith, Chairman of the State Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama.

DYING OUT.

Mobile Register.
In an interview with a Nashville American reporter, W. C. Houston of Cannon county, ex-Speaker of the house of Representatives, said that in his section the Alliance spirit had almost died out and that most men who left the party had come back or were in a fair way to do so. This, it may be remarked, is in line with what representative and observant men from all parts of the State say as to their immediate vicinities. It was thought for a time by some people that the third party would make another tremendous attempt in Tennessee next year, but as time goes on the likelihood of any such attempt grows fainter. What is true of Tennessee is true to a great extent of Alabama.

The Alliance as a political Populist movement has ceased to have backbone. The thinking farmers have quietly absented themselves from the organization and left it simply to a Populist party with no definite end and no coherence. Information reaches us from all parts of the State is that Kolb has no foothold except among the Populist and Republicans. What its strength is cannot be readily understood when we recall the overwhelming defeat it encountered last November. The only hope it has is that our Democratic Executive Committee may be so weak and short-sighted as to fall into the scheme of a primary election for Governor, and that Kolb with his followers a unit may obtain a plurality over the Democracy with their votes divided among a dozen candidates. Under the Kolb scheme the white Populist and Republicans are expected to vote for Kolb at the proposed state primary. It is a significant fact that the Kolb proposition is accompanied by the pamphlet of Mr. Manning, one of the leaders of the Populist. This pamphlet advocates Kolb and defends his position of last year. At the same time it attacks the Democratic party with great venom. It says: "People of Alabama will no longer vote the Democratic ticket simply because the 'antidote' says so, they will no longer be intimidated by party threats, or blindly driven by party lash, but they are going to have a good reason for so doing, hereafter, before casting their vote for the party which has been in power in Alabama for eighteen years, during the whole of which time the people have grown poorer and poorer or suggested for the relief."

The men and the faction that use such language aim a death blow at the heart of the Democratic party. They reject the usages, the rules and the cardinal doctrines and still demand a voice at the primary election, and in the conventions of a party against which they declare hostility. No wonder the men of the Alliance are refusing to be used as an instrument to break to pieces the only national party that has the wish and the power to secure substantial relief for the people.

A Matrimonial Boog.

Huntsville, May 31.—[Special.] Huntsville was the greta green for Decatur yesterday, Leo F. Seyers and Miss Kitty Monroe, and Franklin Eaton and Miss Ella Bledsard coming here yesterday morning and last evening, respectively, and being married.
On the 7th day of June there will be six weddings in this city.—Age-Herald.

This is the month of June, and that town seems to be going. If you are a wife-hunter, go to Huntsville.

The Montgomery Advertiser has the following to say regarding a wonderful story which appeared in its columns last week:

"That was a strange story in the Advertiser yesterday from Rock Run, Cherokee county, about the opening of the grave of a person who had been buried several years and discovering that a full growth of hair and beard had grown out since death. The correspondent of the Advertiser is a reliable man and we have no reason to doubt the accuracy of his statement. A similar case has been reported from Tiffin, Ohio. The bodies of a man and wife were exhumed there a few days ago. The man had been buried for years and his hair it is said, had grown to the length of eighteen inches. His wife had been buried about seven years, and her body was found to be completely petrified and required the strength of four men to lift it from the grave."

Build Cotton Factories.

"The building of cotton factories is quite a regular business in South Carolina. The statistics show that more is now manufactured into cloth in that than any other Southern State. Georgia was long in the lead, but it is not now the case. Alabama has been somewhat backward but her showing is better every year. A number of new mills have been put in recent years, and in nearly every instance there has either been an addition to the size of the plant, or one is in contemplation.—Advertiser.

Yes, let Alabama build factories. Nothing will be of more benefit or more to her advantage; and surely the advantages are not the wanting quantity in such an enterprise. Let us not be backward but forward.

Mr. T. E. C. Brinley

Has the following to say about the Electropoise and how it cures after-effects of La Grippe.

Office Brinley, Miles & Hardy Co. Louisville, Ky, Jan 30, '93.
Gents—While attending the Memphis fair some months ago, I was attacked with severe pains in my arms and legs, the effects of grippé last winter. I met your agent there, Mr. Harbott, who is an old friend, and he advised that I use the Electropoise at his office, which I did, with wonderful results. In a short time the pains left me, and I concluded to rent a "Poise." When my rental time had expired I bought it, and would not part with it for any consideration. It is certainly a wonderful instrument, and it is more wonderful as to how it does its work, yet it does.

I think it is the duty of every man to make known to the afflicted anything that will be of any benefit to them, and the Electropoise certainly will.

Respectfully,
T. E. C. Brinley.
Mr. Brinley is one of the oldest and best known plow manufacturers in the country.

The disease cured by the Electropoise are not confined to any particular class ailments. By its use "oxygen" is absorbed through the pores and membranes, adds strength and vigor to the entire system, and will cure any disease where there is vitality to build on and a cure is possible.

We invite all to call or write and get full particulars.
50 PAGES BOOK SENT FREE.
Address DuBois & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

KINCH

Relieves all cases of the common biliousness and other ailments of the stomach and bowels. It is a powerful purgative and is sold by all druggists.

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S
Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair, and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address The Loudon Medical Co.

Agents Wanted. m11-6m TIFFIN, OHIO.

TODD'S
GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN

Guns, Pistol
Pistols, Fishing Tackle.
CARTRIDGES.

AND B&E BALL GOODS.

Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

INSURE WITH

The Commercial Fire Insurance Company, Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, Agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

F. B. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHEE.

BALDWIN & FOSHEE,
Attorneys at Law,

CLANTON, --- ALABAMA.

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St. Elyton block. Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

W. H. Taylor,
BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

ROBERT H. KNOX,
Attorney at Law,

CLANTON --- ALABAMA.

Box 24.

SCHLOSS & KAHN.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

*and LIQUOR DEALERS.

We make a specialty of TOBACCOES.

We have the Agency for Diploma

Westmore and Rose Bud PATENT

FLOUR.

Call on us at 204 & 206 Commerce

Street. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

STRICTLY WHOLESALE.

April 21-y

EDUCATE for PROFIT

MOORE'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GA.

A High-Grade Business Training School.

Have placed over 4000 students in business.

The best business education in the South.

Complete in existence: the only school in the South.

Students enter any time. Send for circular.

Jan 12-y

YES, WE ARE *TO* BLAME!



The assertion has been made by merchants of this city that we are ruining the prices this season on

CLOTHING,
HATS AND FURNISHING

But it matters little what our competitors may think say. It is the Public we are trying to please and who favors we ask. You can depend upon it,

You Cannot Equal Our Prices

We are showing some SUITS FOR MEN at \$10 and other merchants would think them cheap at \$15 and we ask you to COMPARE not alone our Prices but Goods. COMPARE quality and workmanship. This your only safe guide.

BASE BALL BAT AND CAP given free with each suit in our Children's and Boys' Department.

ALEX. RICE.
MONTGOMERY, --- ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TIME WATCHES, the best for railroad men. Also has a large stock of watches other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneide Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest possible price. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,
(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue
---MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY

Stop at the Metropolitan Hotel.

New Hotel

Newly Furnished Throughout

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS

The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry

J. A. NEWCOMB, Managr.

BIRMINGHAM

BUSINESS COLLEGE.

School of Shorthand and Typewriting.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educated for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted securing employment. Send for circular. Address, AMOS WARD, President

CHILTON

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor
CLANTON, ALA., JUN.

For Bronch

"I never realized the price of medicine so much as I have since I was attacked by bronchitis. After trying every remedy without benefit, I procured Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and in a few days I was able to breathe freely. I could not believe it so good until I had tried it. I am now well and thank you for the good advice you gave me."—T. A. Gen. Store, Long Mountain, Ga.

La Grippe

"Last Spring I was taken with La Grippe. At times I was so weak, and so difficult was that my breath seemed to be taken from me. I procured Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and in a few days I was able to breathe freely. I could not believe it so good until I had tried it. I am now well and thank you for the good advice you gave me."—T. A. Gen. Store, Long Mountain, Ga.

Lung Trou

"For more than twenty years I have suffered from lung trouble, and with coughing, severe chest pain, and at times I was so weak, and so difficult was that my breath seemed to be taken from me. I procured Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and in a few days I was able to breathe freely. I could not believe it so good until I had tried it. I am now well and thank you for the good advice you gave me."—T. A. Gen. Store, Long Mountain, Ga.

AYER'S

Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price 25c.

Promptly act, sur

SCHEDULES, N. & A.

GOING SOUTH

No. 1 Express Don't stop

No. 2 Mail

No. 3 Accommodation

GOING NORTH

No. 4 Fast

No. 5 Express

No. 6 Accommodation

No. 7 and 10 make all

stops at all regular

LOCAL BREVI

County Court convene

Our merchants are buy

Mrs. B. H. Chesnut

last week.

Mr. J. P. Allen, of Jen

this week.

Mrs. J. H. Eeco visit

McCrory's family in Cl

Mr. Reese Mullins, of

in town last Saturday

times.

Mrs. W. B. Nolen has

after a two week's visit

Goodwater.

Mr. Reuben C. Duke,

City, was down last we

trip to Clanton.

Rev. R. M. Honeycutt,

the old Baptist Church to

gations last Sunday morn

Mr. Tom Hand a succe

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news.

Mrs. Zella Givhan and

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Mrs. J. E. Evans and a

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home dirty and stiff

for instance, the Clant

Mr. Tom Brown of Lil

capitol of Chilton County

are always glad to see

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Mr. C. C. Edwards, o

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The morning accom

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(fast, don't stop) 6:08. T

ule went into effect Mo

June, 5th.

Clanton was visited by

CHILTON VIEW

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 1, 1932.

For Bronchitis

"I never realized the good of a medicine so much as I have in the last few months, during which time I have suffered intensely from pneumonia, followed by bronchitis. After trying various remedies without benefit, I began the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and the effect has been marvelous, a single dose relieving me of choking, and securing a good night's rest."—T. A. Higginbotham, Gen. Store, Long Mountain, Va.

La Grippe

"Last Spring I was taken down with la grippe. At times I was completely prostrated, and so difficult was my breathing that my breath seemed as if confined in an iron cage. I procured a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and no sooner had I begun taking it than relief followed. I could not believe that the effect would be so rapid."—W. H. Williams, Cook City, S. Dak.

Lung Trouble

"For more than twenty-five years, I was a sufferer from lung trouble, attended with coughing so severe at times as to cause hemorrhage, the paroxysms frequently lasting three or four hours. I was induced to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking four bottles, was thoroughly cured. I can confidently recommend this medicine."—Frank Hoffmann, Clay Centre, Kans.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 61¢; six bottles, \$3.50.
Prompt to act, sure to cure

SCHEDULES & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 2 Mail 6:40 p. m.
No. 3 Accommodation 6:40 a. m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

County Court convened Monday.

Our merchants are buying fall goods.

Mrs. B. H. Chesnut visited Calera last week.

Mr. J. P. Allen, of Jemison, was in this week.

Mrs. J. H. Esco visited Mr. G. L. McDuffy's family in Clanton last week.

Mr. Reese Mullins, of Jumbo, was in town last Saturday visiting relatives.

Mrs. W. B. Nolen has returned home after a two week's visit to relatives in town.

Mr. Reuben C. Duke, of the Magic City, was down last week on a flying trip to Clanton.

Rev. R. M. Honeycutt preached at the Baptist Church to good congregations last Sunday morning and night.

Mr. Tom Hand a successful and enterprising young saw mill man, of Jemison, was down Saturday last on business.

Mrs. Zella Givhan and sister, Miss Inez Culler, have returned home after attending the marriage of their cousin in Troy.

Mrs. J. E. Evans and son, John Esq., have returned from a pleasant trip to Aniston where they have been visiting friends and relatives.

Fond of water—The boy who walks five miles for a swim, and arrives at home dirty and stiff every in limb—for instance, the Clanton lad.

Mr. Tom Brown of Lilly, visited the capital of Chilton County Monday. We are always glad to see such handsome and popular young men visiting our town, as well as the girls.

Mr. C. C. Edwards, of Wetumpka, stopped over Monday with his brother, Eugene, enroute to Knoxville on a Morristown, Tenn., where he goes to deliver his spirit and take life easy.

The morning accommodation train arrives in Clanton 40 minutes later than formerly, reaching here at 6:40. No. 1 (fast, don't stop) 6:08. The new schedule went into effect Monday morning, June 5th.

Clanton was visited by heavy rains, thunder and lightning last week. Saturday evening lightning struck an oak tree in Dr. J. S. Johnson's horse lot near his stables, but fortunately no damage was done to his stock. Loud was the report and strong was the smell of sulphur and electricity.

A party of young people went out to the Lowe place last Wednesday hunting something sweet—fruit. Apples and plums were brought out by Mrs. Lowe and all invited to help themselves. The boys say they did not get any plums, as they were all "plumb gone" before they could seize an apple.

Last Friday morning at 9:30, and after the ringing of the Methodist Church bell, the children of different Sunday Schools gathered at that place where Mr. J. M. Stanfield had cheerfully agreed to have the necessary conveyance ready to carry them out to his mill, the place voted to hold the annual Sunday School picnic. The cloudy weather kept many from joining the crowd who expected to be among the number. The wagon left here at 10 o'clock, and after arriving at their destination the children proceeded to enjoy themselves in various ways, until near dinner hour, when it began to rain, causing all to repair to the saw mill for shelter, where Mr. Stanfield caused other tables to be erected, upon which a beautiful and delicious dinner was served. All in attendance reported a jolly time, and request us to thank Mr. Stanfield for his kindness.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

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We regret very much to lose one of our most sociable young men, Mr. Henry Wingate, who it is reported will accept a night position at Bozeman in the near future.

Verbena is destined to be a city. The older and more conservative citizens who have always favored everything that tends to demoralize our business interests—for pleasure—have given away to the inevitable, to open our city incorporated, to open our gold and iron mines, give encouragement to all business interests, which will make Verbena the centre of trade, industry and enterprise of our country. United effort will build up our town.

Miss Lila Williamson is visiting friends in Montgomery.

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Marriage.

Mr. William C. Satterwhite and Miss Leah Watts were married Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Watts. They left on the north bound train for their home in Lynchburg, Va. Quite a crowd of friends were at the depot to bid them farewell and after the bridal party were safely aboard the train, engineer Cox catching the inspiration pulled his throttle open and the whistle cord and gave his "iron horse" an opportunity to Bray, which he did to perfection. This courtly act on the part of the genial John Cox, was the last "blow off," which the View wishes may follow them through life.

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W. F. CLAUGHTON.

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Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

Hale, Dingley & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, etc.; Elixir Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

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WIND ON A FROLIC.

It Tackles a Circus Tent With Disastrous Results.

Dispatches received from several towns in Missouri and one point in Kansas report that occurred Thursday afternoon of a severe windstorm. The storm was accompanied by hail and a downpour of water amounting almost to a cloudburst. No loss of life or serious injury reported to human life, but the telegraph wires are down in the vicinity surrounding the towns where the storm struck.

At Sedalia, Mo., the wind attained a terrific velocity. It surged under the tent of Gurgling Brothers' circus and snapped the poles supporting it like pipestems. The crash buried 3,000 people beneath it. They screamed and struggled and women were faint and dead, but all were finally safely removed from beneath the canvas. Several received severe bruises.

At Brookfield, Mo., the storm struck the roundhouse of the Hannibal and St. Louis railroad and it was partially destroyed. Some of the cars were badly damaged. A number of workmen were in the building, but all escaped injury.

AN UNION RESULT that ominous roar was literally fire fifty or sixty years ago in the western part of Ohio to such persons as chose to dig it where it creeps out, and it was not uncommon to see the industrious citizen returning from some hillside, his wheelbarrow laden with enough from Ohio to sustain the better part of a week. This was the days when eggs were 3 and 10 cents a dozen in Ohio and squirrels so plentiful that farmers' lads killed them with sticks as the nimble creatures scampered along the fences.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

Decorated Day was fittingly observed in all the large cities of the union.

Mrs. Mary Nevins Blaine and Dr. W. T. Bull were married at New York, Tuesday.

Dr. Naeh, the representative of Dr. Joseph in Hamburg, Germany, reports by cable on death from cholera in that city Sunday.

A suburban train ran into a passenger train on the Texas Pacific road at Austin, Monday night. Two persons were killed and ten injured. The incoming train disregarding orders.

The steamship Teutonic, which sailed from New York for Liverpool Wednesday carried a million and a quarter of gold. The Fleet Bank, which was sailed Thursday carried \$2,000,000.

Comptroller Echols stated Monday that the Federal Reserve Bank, the Chemical National bank of Chicago, and the Capital National bank of Indianapolis, Ind., would resume business.

Advices of Monday from London stated that during the fearful cyclone which has been raging in the bay of Benal the ship Germania was lost and sixty-four people lost their lives with the ship.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, Monday, President George E. Gould resigned and President C. P. Huntington was elected in his stead.

Passenger train No. 36 on the Louisville, New Albany and Chicago, which left Indianapolis Monday morning, was wrecked near Broad Ripple, seven miles north of the city. Engineer George E. Plant was killed and Fireman William W. Belnap was injured it is thought fatally.

Decorated day opened at Washington, Tuesday, with beautiful weather. At an early hour the processions began forming at the various Grand Army headquarters, and at noon the programmes at the different cemeteries were under full headway. An incident of the day was the decoration of the graves of Generals Rufus Ingalls and W. W. Belnap by Major W. C. Dobbins, an ex-confederate.

A New York dispatch says: It is stated officially that outside of the Memphis and Charleston and Mobile and Birmingham, the security holders of the Richmond Terminal reorganization plan is more satisfactory at the present time than the reorganization projected by the Federal court. The example now that the Terminal plan will be successful, as it stands without modification except, possibly in the particulars.

A New York special of Wednesday says: Some of the Georgia Pacific bondholders who are dissatisfied with the Richmond Terminal reorganization plan directed to withdraw the request from the Terminal system unless they get better terms. The six per cent bonds of the company which sold at 112 at one time, and the holders are now asked to exchange them for ninety per cent. in new bonds and thirty per cent. in preferred stock.

The National bank at Fargo, N. D., and the First National of Lakota, N. D., were closed Monday order being issued by the Federal court to which the Mr. Eckels, comptroller of the currency. Both of these banks were organized by E. Ashley Sears, who was also the organizer of other national banks and of many state banks and other institutions. His plan, says the comptroller, appears to have been to make the Federal court to which the subscribers to the stock of the two national banks in some cases exceeded the amounts in which some cases exceeded the amount of the stock subscribed by them.

At Chicago, Monday, Judge Stein issued a temporary injunction restraining the exposition directory from using the federal courts to which the United States government is a party. Judge Stein held that congress had made no law compelling Sunday closing.

A CIRCUS TRAIN DEMOLISHED

Six Men Killed Outright and a Number of Animals Get Loose.

Tuesday morning a special train on the Tyrone and Clearfield, Pa., railroad, composed of Main's circus cars got beyond the control of train-men and came down the mountain with fearful rapidity. At Vall station the train was wrecked and the animals and men and broken cars were piled up together. Six men were killed outright, twelve or fourteen others badly wounded, some of them fatally. The circus is a complete wreck. Several lions and tigers made their escape and only after the greatest exertion were they recaptured, and then not until the heads of the tigers had killed several domestic animals in the neighborhood. It will take several days to get the property together. The wreck is one of the worst that has occurred on this division and the loss in the number of lives lost.

DECORATION DAY

Fittingly Observed Throughout the Country.

Memorial Day was observed in New York City with the usual parade. Many thousand people visited Riverside park and attended the Memorial Day services at the tomb of General Grant. The tomb was beautifully decorated by the members of the United States post No. 327 and elaborate floral offerings were sent by Mrs. Grant, the Loyal Legion, President Cleveland the Sons of Veterans of New York city the Chinese legation and the General Meade post of Philadelphia.

[illegible]

For Cleaning Marble.

Common dry salt is said to be one of the best agents for cleaning marble such as washbasins, sink fixtures and the like. It requires no preparation and may be rubbed directly upon the tarnished surface, removing any incrustations or deposits at once, leaving the marble shining and clean. This is well worthy of recommendation as it is often found to be provokingly hard to clean the marble thoroughly without injuring the surface.

To make a room artistic in effect the first thing to do is to cover the white walls. If painting or papering or papering is impossible, then hang the wall with satin or silk. A wooden molding can be put up at a distance from the ceiling varying from six to sixteen inches. Brass rings sewed to the material will make it possible to put up and take down this wall drapery quickly. Picture hooks may be placed on the wooden molding.

There are few

who still follow antiquated bread, biscuit, cake and mixtures of what they call tartar and soda, compounds

but there is

The best housekeeper Powder instead. Its so uniform results. By its flavored, most wholesome any housekeeper who has ing Powder we would be free. Mark your request.

Royal Baking
106 Wall St.

"German Syrup"

My acquaintance with Boschee's German Syrup was made about fourteen years ago. I contracted a cold which resulted in a hoarseness and cough which disabled me from filling my pulpit for a number of Sabbath days. After trying a physician without obtaining relief I saw the advertisement of your remedy and obtained a bottle. I received quick and permanent help. I never hesitate to tell my experience. Rev. W. H. Haggerty, Martinsville, N. J.

S.S.S.
CURES
MALARIAL
POISON

Nature should be assisted to throw off impurities of the blood. Nothing does it so well, so safely or so promptly as Swift's Specific.

LIFE HAD NO CHARM.

Three years ago I was troubled with malarial poison which caused my appetite to fail and I was greatly reduced in flesh, and life lost all its charm. Tried many remedies and could not obtain relief. Then I tried S. S. S. and after a few bottles had taken I felt better and now enjoy perfect health than ever before.

Our book on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Bile Beans

Positively cure Bilious Attacks, Constipation, Sick-Headache, etc. 25 cents per bot'tle, at Drug Stores.

Write for sample dose, free.

J.F. SMITH & CO., From New York

Love'll Diamond Cycles

ARE THE BEST
SEND FOR FREE CATALOGUE
WANTED

Send 6c. in stamps for 100-page illustrated catalogue of bicycles, guns, and sporting goods of every description. John P. Love'll Arms Co., Boston, Mass.

HARRY'S HEADACHES

LEARN TELEGRAPHY & RAILROAD BUSINESS. Pleasant, profitable work, leads to highest positions. 80 Railroads employ our graduates. Leading schools of the South. Send for Catalogue.

OCCU & LUGENREKEL, Reno, G.

AN IDEAL FAMILY MEDICINE
Removes Headaches, Constipation, Bad Odors, Rheumatism, Gravel, and all disorders of the Urinary, Liver and Bowels.

RIPIANS TABLETS
Cleanse follows their use. Sold by Druggists or sent by mail. 7c. each box. Five Packages @ 3 boxes, \$1.00.

RIPIANS CHEMICAL CO., New York

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 1 to 90 days. No pay till cured.

The Telatograph.

A wonderful invention just brought to the attention of the public, is a thousand-mile pen, reaching from Boston to Chicago. By this invention a correspondent can sit down to his instrument in Boston and with two little silken cords attached to his pen or pencil, write not only his letter in Boston, but a whole copy of it in Chicago, without a dot to an i or a cross to a being omitted. Sitting in a note, draft or check, or make a written contract a thousand miles distant from where he sits. This wonderful invention is called the telatograph, and a man's presence is no longer necessary in a place to affix his autograph.

Kleptomania, or the Darwinian theory, can be called hereditary. Monkeys often have it highly developed.

Are people left

Quoted methods of raising pastry with home-made suppose to be cream of founded haphazard,

are very few

ers use the Royal Baking scientific composition insures its use alone can the finest food be produced. To as not used the Royal Bake-like to send our Cook Book, test "For instruction,"

Powder Company,
Street, New-York.

FISHING SUN STOVE POLISH

Do Not Be Deceived
With Painted Names. Points which stain the hardware like iron and burn red.
The Fishing Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the easiest way for so many glass packages with every purchase.

Do You Sleep Peacefully?

IN THE MAD STRUGGLE
For wealth, do not lose sight of the fact that success is worth more the price paid for it, if it has been obtained at the expense of your health. The essence of wisdom is first, health; second, money; third, wealth. To have health you must sleep. To sleep sleep you only need a
PILGRIM SPRING BED,
which is the highest attainment of the science of bed-making.
It is made from the lightest tempered steel wire, in the construction of same, and will last a lifetime. Beware of cheap imitations. They are not what they seem.
Exhibited at No. 31 Warren Street, New York.
For sale by all reliable Dealers.
See Trade-Mark Registered Trademark on all genuine Pilgrims.
Send for Money Saving Primer, Free.
Atlas Tack Corporation, Boston.
WAGGONERS—Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Baltimore, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
PAINTERIES—Taurin, Mass.; Fairbanks, Mass.; Waltham, Mass.; Danbury, Mass.; Plymouth, Mass.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE WITH \$10 R.P.T.
Do you wear them? When next I need to pay, they will give you more comfort and service for the money than any other make. Best in the world.

\$5.00 \$3.00
\$4.00 \$2.50
\$3.50 \$2.00
\$2.50 \$1.75
\$2.25 \$1.75
\$2.00 \$1.75
FOR GENTLEMEN FOR LADIES FOR MISSES

W. L. Douglas Shoes are Made in all the Latest Styles.
If you want a fine DRESS SHOE don't pay \$6 to \$9, try my \$3.50, \$4 or \$5 Shoe. They will fit equal to custom made and look wear as well. If you wish to economize in your footwear, you can do so by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes. My name and style is stamped on the bottom, look for it when you buy. Take no chances. I send shoes by mail upon receipt of price, postage free, when Shoe Dealers cannot supply you.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass. Sold by

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS
WITH THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS.
No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and sink them easily and securely, forming the clinch absolutely smooth. Requiring to be so made in the leather nor before the rivet. Millions now in use. All strength and durable. Thousands of Automobiles, carriages, omnibuses or saddle-pads, put on these. I send them by mail upon receipt of price, in stamps for a box of 100, secured free. Mail me for JUDSON L. THOMPSON MFG. CO., WALTHAM, MASS.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
Consumptives and people who have weak lungs or Asthma, should use PISO'S Cure for Consumption. It has earned thousands. It does not injure. It is not too late. It is the best cough remedy. Sold everywhere. B.C.

HOMES FOR THE POOR AND RICH ALIKE
Large and small farms in Alabama, South Carolina and Georgia, for sale on lease time. Special advantage offered to ten or more new planters. Write to V. F. FELDER, Atlanta, Ga.

A. E. UNDERWOOD

...Montgomery, Tusculum and Mont-
 ...pass through the County, and
 ...the secondary line on the east
 ...the farming and saw mill
 ...18,000.
 ...the county seat, is on the L. & N.
 ...miles south of Birmingham and 4
 ...Montgomery. Several large saw mill
 ...the vicinity of the town.

BIRMINGHAM

Corner 1st BIRMINGHAM THE POPULAR To Do NEW

If We

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Appointments from Day to Day in the National Capital.

Appointments in the Various Depart-
 ments.—Other Notes of Interest.

The comptroller of the currency to-
 day appointed W. H. S. Burgwyn, of Hoke
 county, North Carolina, a national bank
 examiner.

The president, on Monday, ap-
 pointed Charles W. Dayton, of New
 York, a candidate to be postmaster of
 New York. Charles H. Mansur, of Min-
 nesota, to be second comptroller of the
 currency.

The president, Tuesday, made
 the following appointments: Clinton
 C. Brown, of Georgia, to be Indian
 commissioner; Frank Flint, of Indiana,
 the principal clerk of surveys in
 general land office.

The proclamation for an early
 session was discussed at the cabinet
 meeting Tuesday and it is expected to
 be given out immediately. A large num-
 ber of the senators still maintain
 that it will be found to be absolutely
 necessary to call it much earlier.

President Cleveland returned
 from Washington Sunday morning. He
 spent the night at Cape Charles, Va.
 The brief respite from business
 had the effect of refreshing
 him mentally and physically.
 He had good sport and is much pleased
 with his trip.

Secretary Carlisle has dispo-
 sed of the services of eighteen lieuten-
 ants of the marine corps, stationed at ports in
 Europe and directed that the work
 assigned by these inspectors be be-
 discharged by United States
 and United States marine lieuten-
 ants stationed at the same
 ports.

Comptroller of the Currency To-
 day Wednesday that he had
 been working the New York and Chicago
 banks closely, because a break
 would be a serious thing, and that he
 was satisfied the New York and
 Chicago banks were in a strong condi-
 tion at Philadelphia the same thing
 was true. A telegram from Chicago
 received Wednesday afternoon
 stated the financial situation is
 cheerful.

The first negro to be recognized
 in the administration is Henry
 Smith, of Birmingham. Tuesday
 he was promised the consulate at
 Madagascar, in place of the
 late republican consul, John L. W.
 Quincy sent for him and told him
 he was ready to make the appointment
 and gave him his commission.
 There has been an unfavorable com-
 parison, and the appointment was
 recognition of his services in the
 state ranks.

The postmaster general formally
 announced Wednesday that disease
 of other things of like character
 matter how securely put up, are
 nature of poisons and extremely
 serious to health and that the
 therefore absolutely unavailable.
 Letters are instructed to see that
 such things are allowed entry
 of the mails. This action has been
 the consequence of propositions
 for medical journals to make a
 such matter if sent to them at
 all through the mails.

Henry Clay Smith, the negro
 appointed consul to Madagascar,
 is a native Georgian. He was
 born and brought up in Geor-
 gia. He received his commis-
 sion Wednesday and received his
 duties. His duties are of a
 character. He not only has his
 duties but judicial as well.
 As an associate judge of the
 much of Madagascar in all cases
 Americans are concerned, and
 the judge of the inferior in all
 civil and civil cases between Amer-

Important disclosures as to
 the underground railroad are
 made by smuggling of the
 United States by way of Canada.
 It is stated in a report just made
 by the department of Special
 Agents, stationed at Boston,
 that the report the arrest on
 the recently introducing
 into the United States
 persons named Charles
 Smith, Will Hopkins and Max
 Hopkins, all of whom have been
 arrested at Littleport, Va.
 and G. C. Park, of St. Louis.

CHILTON VIEW

J. R. BALDWIN, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 15, 1903.

PEOPLE FIND

That it is not wise to experiment with cheap compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, but which have no real medicinal value. To make use of any other than the old standard AYER'S Sarsaparilla—the Superior Blood-purifier—is simply to invite loss of time, money, and health. If you are afflicted with Scrofula, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Running Sores, Tumors, or any other blood disease, be assured that

It Pays to Use

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and AYER'S only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla can always be depended upon. It does not vary. It is always the same in quality, quantity, and effect. It is superior in combination, proportion, appearance, and in all that goes to build up the system weakened by disease and pain. It searches out all impurities in the blood and expels them by the natural channels.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢ per bottle. 50¢ for six bottles. Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULE N. A. A. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40 a. m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Summer is here.

We had a heavy rain here Tuesday morning.

Miss Anna Calaway is visiting friends in Clanton.

Miss Annie Moore is visiting relatives in Plantersville.

There was a card party at Mrs. Han-

mon's last week.

Mr. R. H. Crosswell was in town Friday on business.

Mr. C. H. Abbott was over in Plantersville last week.

There was a show at the courthouse last Saturday night.

Miss Lucia Cast, of Birmingham, is visiting her father in Clanton.

Mr. Wm. Aldridge, spent Sunday with friends and relatives here.

Rev. B. E. Feagun preached at the Methodist Church last Sunday.

Mrs. J. S. Johnson has been out on a visit to relatives in Verbena this week.

Miss Bobbie Jones, of Duke's Mill, visited Miss Ella Cartman last week.

Miss Rita Matthews is visiting the family of Dr. E. A. Matthews of this place.

Mr. Bell, of Montgomery county, visited Mr. O. R. Bell's family here this week.

Mrs. Prescott, of Verbena, visited her sister, Mrs. J. S. Johnson at this place, last week.

Miss Anna Endlish, of Verbena, spent Saturday and Sunday with friends in Clanton.

Messrs. I. E. and A. J. Gullishorn came up on their customary visits last Sunday to pay their respects and tribute.

There was a sociable at Mr. G. P. Aldridge's last Friday night. A pleasant and agreeable evening was reported.

A dance was given at Mr. W. M. McDaniel Monday night. A large crowd was present, and all enjoyed themselves.

Mrs. W. H. Foshier, Miss Jessie Jones and Miss Blanche Foshier have been to Birmingham on a visit to friends and relatives lately.

Mr. S. A. Blasingame, who is running a saw mill east of Verbena, came up Saturday evening and spent Sunday with his family here.

Miss Kate Sampey, quite an accomplished young lady, and relative of Mr. W. L. Sampey, of this place, is on a visit to his family.

Forest C. Potts, Esq., visited Birmingham and returned last Thursday, returning home all smiles and none the worse from his journey.

Mr. Will Armstrong, an old Clanton boy, is visiting our town, where his acquaintances are glad to see him, and give him a hearty welcome during his sojournment.

Mr. C. E. Nance, captain of the government boat "Twining," running on Alabama and Coosa rivers, visited Mr. E. G. Edwards of Clanton, last Friday and Sunday.

The friends of Miss Hattie Bell Aldridge are glad to know she has returned home to spend the summer. Miss Hattie Bell has been teaching a music class at Wadsworth, Ala.

Mr. W. W. Dunkin, our depot agent, left Monday night for Bangor, Ala., where he is a witness in a railroad case, and from thence he will journey north to his old home in Coosa, Ky. He expects to be gone on a 10-day's visit. We wish him a pleasant trip. Mr. Joe Hender will work in his place, and Mr. J. E. Fawcett will take the afternoon train.

Black berries are getting ripe.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Gullishorn visited relatives in Clanton Wednesday.

Services were held last Tuesday night at the Episcopal Church by Rev. J. F. Smith.

The friends of D. M. Foshier expect him home this week from Louisville, Ky., where he has been attending school.

Mr. Thos. Harrison, of Jemison, was in Clanton last Saturday. He came down for the purpose of umpiring the Jemison and Clanton kid ball game.

Sheriff Moore visited his old home, Plantersville, last week. Mrs. Moore accompanied Mr. Moore home. She has been on a visit to her son-in-law who has been quite sick.

Hall's Hair Renewer renders the hair lustrous and silken, gives it an even color, and enables women to put it up in great varieties of styles.

Mr. Russell McDaniel, of Sistrunk, Ala., visited relatives here last week, returning to that place Tuesday morning. He expresses himself as well pleased with his situation and country. We wish him much success.

It was remarked by a gentleman in regard to the loquacious club changing their name: "The name sounds very well, but we would suggest that they change it to 'F—ls of Leisure,' as it said the dollar and the fool never go together."

There was an entertainment at Mr. W. L. Sampey's last Monday night, given in honor of Miss Kate Sampey, of Evergreen, Ala. Quite a crowd of young ladies and gentlemen assembled at his residence, where the evening passed off pleasantly.

The signal service flag has not been in use here for the past two weeks, the rope leaped from the pulley wheel and the flag cannot be lowered. We mention the fact because the weather bureau has been receiving anything but complimentary remarks lately in regard to always "being out of whack" and those who cut oars by the hoisted signal, and it rained, have been loudest in this utterance.

Mr. E. G. Edwards visited Wetumpka this week, returning to Clanton Tuesday evening. He and Prof. Tipton Mullins expect to take a trip out on Coosa river and up Yellow Leaf creek carrying the camera along with them, and securing pictures of the many beautiful scenes in the eastern portion of our county soon. They expect to spend several days.

The Jemison and Clanton kid nines played a match game of ball at this place last Saturday. The game was called at 2 p. m. Both teams did some of the best kid-balling we ever witnessed. The score stood:

Clanton 6 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 5-14
Jemison 0 1 1 1 2 0 3 0 3 6-10

Clanton, errors—2. Jemison, errors—10. Base hits for Jemison 20; Middleton p, Stanfield c. Bat hits for Clanton 13; Barnes p, Patton catcher.

A Jemison merchant offered a prize of \$2.50 in soda water if the Jemison kids would wipe up the "little bilities," but they got left, consequently the merchant retains his soda water and wears a \$2.50 smile. The sun was exceedingly hot, but the players did not get fatigued. The game was played in one hour and forty minutes, and quite a crowd of gentlemen and boys witnessed the fun. The Jemison boys came down in a wagon and left for home at 4:30 p. m.

A gentleman, under forty years of age, whose hair was rapidly becoming thin and gray, began the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor, and in six months his hair was restored to its natural color, and even more than its former growth and richness.

Happy days and restful nights result from the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It regulates all the body functions and strengthens the nervous system, and relieves the body of all impurities. It is a certain and most wonderful medicine.

The following words of wisdom were found lying on our desk last week:

"The man is happiest who cares most for his fellow creatures. When one comes to feel an interest in his surroundings, his love for life is little. The selfish man is necessarily unhappy, because his mind is narrow." Right here we might make an illustration, compare the two characters the selfish man, and the man who takes an interest in his town, in his surroundings, in his home enterprises, and home people; doubling in his power for the upbuilding of public interest, not only talking, but contributing to the cause. Which of these two men are most beloved, respected and honored? Is it the man who tries to discourage all spirit of zeal, energies, and public pride citizens take in their town, who clings to a dollar like a leech, the blood-sucker, to flesh; who stays away from church, because he is afraid the contribution box might be passed around; who is for self alone; and who would do so man a favor, unless he saw means whereby he would indirectly be the beneficiary?

It is.

In another column will appear the proceedings of the Confederate Veterans' meeting last Saturday at Verbena. After an organization was perfected the meeting adjourned until next Saturday, June 17th at 10 a. m. Every veteran should be present. Business very important.

H. W. CAFFEY, President.

W. F. CLADGITHON, Commanding Officer.

Blank warranty deeds and blank mortgages for sale at this office.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Lilly Dots.

Mr. Jesse Martin has paid Solma a flying visit on business.

The young people enjoyed the Stanton concert.

Misses Alfa Smitherman and Fannie Foshier attended the Randolph concert.

We are glad Mr. B. O. Glover is well again.

Dr. Tugue has been the guest of Mr. T. U. Crumpton.

The sunshine is appreciated after so much rain.

Dewberries, currants, May peaches and blackberries will keep the red wolf from the door, until late peaches and apples come in. The small boy is already enjoying green apples.

Beautiful June, the month of roses and showers, was ushered in here with a most fearful cloud burst, swelling Byrds creek out of its banks, washing away much fence and low land crops.

Miss Willie Glover enjoyed the huge bouquet of cucumber flowers presented by the young gentlemen who risked their lives in gathering it.

Verbena Views.

Miss Hulit Thompson, who has recently been visiting Miss Wingate, has returned to her home in Montgomery, however we are glad to note she will return in the near future to spend the summer.

Miss Mary Williamson gave a delightful card party to our young people last Friday evening.

Miss Kate Muehat who has recently been visiting Miss Evelyn Caffey has returned home.

Mr. E. H. Wingate, Jr., on account of ill health is at home visiting his parents. We are always glad to have Ed with us, but not on the sick list.

Miss Evelyn Caffey is visiting friends and relatives in Pleasant Hill, Ala.

"Vox."

P. S.—We correct a mistake in last week's issue of your paper: Messrs. Henry Wingate and T. M. Barnett will not leave Verbena, but will be found at their old places of business.

On last Saturday morning about ten o'clock quite a number of Confederate veterans, whose names we give below, met at Gullidge's Hall to organize a camp. Owing to the short notice which was given of the meeting it was decided after the perfection of an organization to adjourn until next Saturday, June 17th. Every veteran in our county is requested to be present. The meeting will be called at 10 a. m. in Gullidge's Hall. Names of members enrolled last Saturday:

K Wells, 53 Ala. Co. K; J. Jonathan Calloway 61 Ala. Co. A; J. A Mitchell 3 Ala. Co. G; I. W. F. Claughton, Jeff Davis Artillery; J. G. Barbour, 24 Ala. Co. K; E. T. Gullishorn 6 Ala. Co. B; J. R. Beard 37 Ala. Co. A; B. F. Gardner 2 Ala. Cavalry Co. F; Louis Jones, 40 Ala. Co. J; Moses Moore 59 Ala. Co. B; J. F. M. Connel 59 Ala. Co. B; J. S. T. Williamson 63 Ala. Co. B; C. W. Mitchell 7 Ala. Forest Cavalry; C. W. A. Goodson 3 Ala. Co. H; C. P. Dennis 63 Ala. Co. B; J. S. Farr 63 Ala. Co. B; Thomas Caffey 3 Ala. Co. F; (1) A. N. V. H. W. Caffey 44 Ala. assistant surgeon—Infantry.

Engine "999," claimed to be the fastest iron horse in the world, recently hauled the New York Central's exhibit to the World's fair, not at the rate of, but actually, one hundred and twenty miles an hour.—Ex.

A Missouri editor says he has a subscriber who gets drunk every little while and invariably insists on paying a year's subscription. He has his paper paid in advance up to 1926. We wish the editor of that paper would find out what brand of whiskey the fellow drinks and send us a few gallons, we will pay him a good price for it, and if it proves what he says will take a barrel.—Clebourn New Era.

We do not see how our contemporary would be benefited. It is very little a newspaper makes off of subscriptions, without furnishing dead-beats whiskey thinking they will pay up back dues or pay in advance. The plan would not work. Lots of subscribers would get behind on purpose to get a drink.

Death and Destruction.

On last Saturday morning the old Ford Theatre, in Washington, and in which Abraham Lincoln was assassinated in 1865, collapsed.

At the time of the fall 500 government clerks of the Pension Record Division of the War were employed and were at work, and went down with the crash of the house, some being buried and crushed to death beneath its ruins. It was being repaired underneath, and is thought one side of the house gave way before it could be jacked but strange to say the upper story was the first to fall, the weight thus crushing in the lower stories. The news spread over the city like lightning and all possible aid was summoned to remove the wreckage and extricate the dead and wounded and have them sent to the Emergency Hospital. Between 35 and 45 lives are reported lost, while others received injuries from which they will never recover. The building has been reported unsafe for several years, notwithstanding, was continued to be used for the above named purpose. Luckily all the pension records were recovered.

Meat and Bread.

The farming idea is growing in favor of Alabama. It is the one that will insure success if closely followed. The all cotton program will have to be abandoned and as it is done prosperity follows. There will be more grain grown in Alabama this year than in any since the war. The stock interest is constantly increasing. The Coosa River News, published at Centre, in Cherokee County says:

"Some months ago the News figured that the people of this section would eat Western bacon, even though it was selling at 25 cents per pound. In this it was particularly mistaken. The encouraging report comes that the sales have decreased fully 50 per cent., and without the slightest doubt, more hog and hominy will be raised in this section this year than for a decade past."

On the same pleasant line the Huntsville Mercury remarks:

The prevailing idea seems to have finally found lodgement in the minds of our planters that you cannot raise cotton to buy meat and corn with. One farmer remarked, "I have not raised a pig since 1874 excepting last season. Last fall I killed eighteen hundred pounds of meat, and it saved me from financial ruin. I have now 35 shoats which will weigh two hundred pounds each by the 15th of November. If I have good luck I will have meat and cotton both to sell." He then wisely remarks: "the way I look at it that all the meat I don't have to buy and all the meat I sell, is just that much cotton money in my pocket instead of out of it. It really amounts to two for one." This is about the correct solution of the problem, and with reasonable luck will make money farming. — Montgomery Advertiser.

All Gone.

Wife—"Lend me a quarter, John. The milkman has not come and I must send the can around to the grocery."

Husband (from the bed)—"Look in my trousers-pocket."

Wife (reproachfully)—"You forgot, dear, that you went to bed first last night."—Judge.

Send us your jobwork. We are specially prepared to execute it with style, neatness, economy and promptness. Stand by a home enterprise.

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Klages, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Bole's Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

THE VIEW

Solicits YOUR

JOB WORK

ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Work Neatly Executed,

Cheap as the Cheapest.

THE VIEW RESTAURANT

BY D. Fleming

THE PLACE FOR

THE CHEAPEST THE MARKET AFFORDS

30 E. COURT ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Hale, Dingley & Co.

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by themselves, and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Ginger, etc.; Elixir Cinchona and Goutian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR., DEALER IN DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found in a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

Poindexter & Ellis, DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF FURNITURE and House Furnishing Goods.

110 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China (Glasses, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges); Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS, FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers, Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suite, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store! New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y

THE VIEW

Solicits YOUR

JOB WORK

ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Work Neatly Executed,

Cheap as the Cheapest.

THE VIEW RESTAURANT

BY D. Fleming

THE PLACE FOR

THE CHEAPEST THE MARKET AFFORDS

COURT CALENDAR.

Chancery—First Monday after the second Monday in March and September and continue these days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirtieth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and must continue two weeks each time.

Common Pleas—Regular term on Monday in February and April, and on the first Monday in August and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month.

All advertising matter to appear in this paper should be forwarded to the Editor of this paper by Tuesday afternoon.

ESTABLISHED 1880

ALABAMA TRADE MARK

TO THE CONSUMER:

This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.

As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name assures that your subscription is guaranteed and we would be glad to have you re-

NEW UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 5th, 1903.

The University endorses Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining, Business and Law Courses. Tuition and board for students except law is free to Alabama students. Entrance examinations held at the University. Tuition for law school \$250. Law students do not reside in the College Hall and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school may obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST.

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis, connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or G. P. Moore, G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

W. B. NOLEN,

Attorney at Law,

AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.

CLANTON, ALA.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.

(Feb 25-92)

BUY THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.

Send ten cents to R. D. H. Co., for our price list. Put in "New Home" and win a New Home Sewing Machine.

The New Home Sewing Machine Co. CHICAGO, ILL.

Schuttner's Failure the Cause—A Number of Houses Go Under.

The officers of all the institutions insisted that they were able to weather the storm, and with the exception of the Dime Savings bank, not one of them has found it necessary to enforce either the thirty days' notice rule, while this latter institution is paying from 20 to 30 per cent in cash, according to the needs of the various applicants, and requiring but the thirty days' notice for the balance.

TUESDAY'S BANK FAILURES.

Power & Potter, publishers of The New England Magazine, The Yankee and The Woman's Home Journal, and the American Home and Garden, assigned Tuesday to W. J. Fotherick of Boston. Isaac J. Potter advised that the New England Magazine had broken the company, and that the other publications were in good condition. The assets are between \$75,000 and \$100,000.

The affairs of Neher & Carpenters, makers and private bankers at Troy, N. Y., who failed some time ago, are in an encouraging condition. The liabilities are about \$235,000. Neher & Carpenters were the eastern agents of

taken there no more severe could be devised, while it was not generally admitted that Dr. Amick discovery is a certain staple in the earlier stages of consumption. Dr. Amick has never heretofore claimed that it would cure more than ten per cent of third-stage consumption. In this test just made by the Chinese, out of four were either cured or astonishingly benefited. It was enough for any sufferers from disease to test the new discovery through their family physician, for Dr. Amick sends medicines for the purpose free of cost and invites an impartial test of it by the medical profession everywhere.

The Run Subsidizing.

A special of Wednesday states that a few among Chicago saving bank have been about to close. At savings institutions where there are still enough of a gathering to be called a crowd, there was no sign of a panic alarm which beset the depositors Monday, and before the closing on Wednesday afternoon, it was thought that there would be no farther

And Important Happenings from Day

with, cutting the entire district for miles east to Broadway. A strong wind was used to prevent the flames from crossing to the west side of the roadway, but by 4 o'clock they had spread in several places. Telegraph poles are all burned, so that it was impossible to reach Grand Forks or Hillsboro to ask for help. Probably two thousand people were homeless. The offices of the principal commercial houses in the town were swept away. A strong wind made the fire travel so quickly that hardly anything was left. The flames went through brick buildings as easily as wooden ones. The loss will be over \$1,000,000, as no home will be left standing. Fortunately the entire business district of the city was gutted.

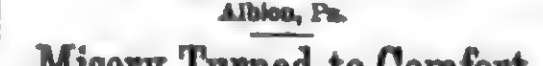
conscious, in which condition he remained since Sunday last. When the end came Mrs. Edwin A. Grossman, the

the building only to be buried by bricks on the sidewalk. The Shively building is a complete wreck. It is less on the building and stock will be about \$200,000, fully insured. Maurer was on the building and stock about \$200,000 was also insured. The damage from a storm is distributed all over the city.

A BANKER DISAPPEARS.

His Firm was the Largest of its Kind in the Northwest.

Herman Schaffner & Co., private bankers at Chicago, made a complete disappearance Saturday. Schaffner & Co. has been the largest private company in the city and in the northwest dealing exclusively in commercial paper. They were the largest firm of the kind in Chicago. The statement of the affairs of the bank was filed in court on the application of a receiver. The doors were closed early in the day. To add to the excitement it was reported that Schaffner had committed suicide. At last however his whereabouts are ascertained.



**Kidney Troubles, Sleeplessness,
Distress—All CURED.**

Care of Bread After Baking.

where the air can circulate freely around them, thus allowing the gas

na'am."—*New York Weekly*.

Learning the Business.

Lady (in drug store)—"I wish to get a two-cent stamp."

New Boy—"Yes'm; here's one, na'am—ten cents, please."—*Street & Smith's Good News*.

IT costs more to make

the Royal is correspond

does not equal the d
strength, nor make g

the food.

Where the question of
no baking powder but
with safety. All other

FRIEND"

Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1888.—My wife used
OTHER'S FRIEND before her third
menstruation and says she could not be

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS ATLANTA, GA.

THE SUN

The **Empire Gas Works** is **Harvard, Ontario, Detroit**, and the customer pays for no the gas service with every purchase.

There should be no difference between "company manners" and those in daily use.

W. Whitman, Mass.; Duxbury, Mass.; Plymouth,
Mass.
.....
N. U. Twenty-three, '83



rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with

"August

Flower

Levell

Diamond

**AN ASTONISHING
Tonic FOR WOMEN.**

WINE OF

CARDON

Nerves, Relieves Monthly Suffering and Cures

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS

SLOTTED

Ask your dealer for them, or send \$10. in stamps for a box of 100, assorted sizes. Made by
JUDSON L. THOMSON MFG. CO.,
WATTHAM, MASS.


AND RICH ALIKE

BLOOD POISON

...bide potassium, sarsaparilla or Hot Springs fail, we guarantee a cure—and our Magic Cyphers is the only one that will cure permanently. *Butler's*

and all disorders of the Stomach,
Liver and Bowels.

RIPANS TABLETS
act gently yet promptly. Perfect
digestion follows their use. Sold
by druggists or sent by mail. Box
of vials, 75c. Package (4 boxes), \$3.



CANCER Cured Permanently
NO KNIFE, NO POISON, NO PLASTER.
ASBIE CANCER-SANITARIUM, East 82nd St., N.Y.C.

Plan's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best Known to Use and Dispute.

Page 500 R. A. STEPHENSON, JR.

The chief occupations are
"tag." Population 25,000.

CHILTON VIEW.

P. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 23, 1908.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy three months .50

Chilonton is doing the proper act, during the last week Alabama received several nice plums.

The papers of Birmingham have lately devoted so much space in "setting forth" the Magic City that curiosity prompts all to enquire "what is the matter?"

It is but a short while when the "mongrel tribe" will meet at Calera. July the 4th is the day when they will doubtless declare their independence to the world and then sink into utter oblivion.

It is stated that as a class of professional men the doctor commits suicide more than any other. We guess it is accounted for from the fact that he has to go to less trouble and expense to get the necessary article than other men, always having it within easy reach when melancholy.

The guest and cheering news comes through a dispatch in Washington that the financial condition of the country as viewed from a Treasury Standpoint shows a general improvement. Bank and commercial failures are fewer, Europe is buying our grain in greater quantities, shipments of gold have ceased, at least for the present, confidence is being restored, and money is not so tight.—Ex.

The View and all Alabama join in welcoming one of her most distinguished and honor citizens, Col. Hiliary A. Herbert, among relatives and admiring friends in Montgomery. Well should Alabama be proud of this distinguished citizen, who is worthy of the honor bestowed upon him—Secretary of the Navy. He is the first Alabamian who ever held cabinet position in the Federal cabinet.

It is idle to talk now about a "crisis in Alabama politics." The crisis was reached a year ago, and the Democratic party passed through it and lives, its ranks weakened in numbers and scarred, it is true, but well able to preserve the rights of the people and maintain the good character of the State. The party is not going to be frightened now by knights in buckram nor by men of straw. A party that isn't worth fighting for isn't worth following. — Birmingham Age-Herald.

Mr. Harrison, the late President of the United States has refused to be quoted in regard to Sunday opening of the World's Fair, which is regarded as a sure sign he regards himself as a candidate for the Presidency in 1908. To favor or oppose the issue, he knows that will bring down upon his head the strongest opposition; so he has declined to express an opinion at all and stands astride the fence. He will have to come down on one side or the other before he can be made the candidate of any party. — Montgomery Advertiser.

"From inside the charmed circle of the Cabinet," says the Birmingham Evening News, "comes the information that Secretary Herbert will take unto himself a wife. The lady is none other than Mrs. Manning, the widow of the late Secretary of the Treasury under Cleveland eight years ago." The wedding is reported to take place later on, about November. This is news of interest to all, and if correct both parties are to be congratulated upon their selection; while Mrs. Manning again chooses a Secretary, Mr. Herbert will have a Secretary's wife.

In the last issue of the Banner appears a short editorial "refuting" as it claims the information received by the View that Judge Honeycutt and Collector Gentry have a pecuniary interest in that paper. Should this come from the editor of the Banner? The View is not attacking his official acts, but those of the judge and collector, who are directly interested in the official acts of their office holders and desire them to answer. In another column appears some questions which the View desire to be answered by Judge Honeycutt and Collector Gentry, not the editor of the Banner as the people cannot (we think) hold him responsible for their official acts.

THE VIEW.

It is now said that Judge Honeycutt and Collector Gentry have a pecuniary interest in the Banner, and are therefore justifying their partisan and unwarranted act in giving to the Banner the tax advertising without allowing the View to bid thereby forcing the delinquent tax-payers to pay the legal rate of advertising and depriving them, as the View previously stated, of the benefit derived from competition, at the same time demonstrating to the people that they are not as honest as they are represented to be.

The View stated that by good authority the two above named gentlemen did have stock or money in the Banner, will now proceed to address them in a shortened letter for the benefit of the tax-payers of Chilton County. The View does not do this for personal ends nor to vex or antagonize personally Judge Honeycutt and Collector Gentry but in order to show our people how as they are public servants, (or rather supposed to be) they are conducting themselves officially. Now the View says to Judge Honeycutt and Mr. Gentry did you not contribute money to pay freight on the Banner's office fixtures when they arrived at this place? Did you not afterwards go into the stock company which was organized for the support of the Banner? Did you not each agree or say that you would pay certain sums of money in this company? Were you not informed of the criminal statute viz: "§ 3755 (4155) Officer contracting for, etc., profit or advantage for publication of notice.—Any officer whose duty it is to give public notice by advertisement in any newspaper, making any contract or agreement; where by any advantage, gain or profit is to accrue to him, or who demands or receives directly or indirectly, any consideration whatever in or about such publication, must on conviction be fined one hundred dollars." after which the stock company failed to materialize.

Did not each of you subscribe money for the Banner with the understanding that you were casting your "bread upon the waters," and in order to shield yourselves from the law, had payment of your money made secure by taking a mortgage on the Banner's office fixtures in the name of W. C. Robinson, who probably contributed a small amount? Was not Judge Honeycutt asked the question, have you stock in the Banner, and the reply was that it was not a stock company? and was it not asked, "have you money in the Banner," and did he not reply, "hasn't a man the right to do what he sees fit with his money," or to that effect? Was there not several meetings held to raise money for its support and did not both of you play a conspicuous part in them? Have not both of you a pecuniary interest in the Banner? Honor

There seems to be a small split in the State Executive Committee of the People's Party Chairman Galtier has called a State Convention to meet at Calera July 4th, but Secretary J. C. Manning, announces there will be no convention as the call is not legal, and there has been issued a call to all the political elements opposed to the organized Democracy to meet at Birmingham on July 4th, to formulate plans for the next campaign. It is not known yet which of the conventions will "throw up the sponge" an exclamation, "equal rights to all." Their growling, splitting, clapping and pulling in opposite directions is of little consequence to the Democratic party, as both organizations will in the end find themselves in the same fix of the two fellows who claimed a cow, and during the argument and excitement began pulling for their property, one grabbing her by the tail the other by the horns when both pulled out and they found themselves flat of their backs in the mud, and unable to tell who was the possessor of the tail end.

The Pioneer, a third party paper, recently started in Lowndesboro, Ala., is in favor of abandoning Kolb, and nominating another man, while the Republicans also have grown tired of the "race runner" and have decided to put out a candidate on their own hook.

The Lizzie Borden case, of New Bedford, Mass., charged with murdering her father and step-mother, has drawn to a close, and the verdict rendered by the jury was "not guilty."

THE VIEW.

Now that the Democratic party in Alabama, through the action of the executive committee, has refused to accept the nomination of Walter O. George, who, after all, is a great deal of thinking just now, and as usual with that people it is conservative thinking. The board of trade of Columbia, S. C., and the Cotton Exchange, of Charleston, have passed resolutions denouncing the Sherman silver law.

The International Printer's Protective Fraternity adopted resolutions in Chicago, on June 15th, favoring the adoption of typesetting machines in newspaper offices. If all the daily papers of States adopt the resolution, many printers will have to seek other occupation.

Has the following to say about the electroscope and how it works after-effects of La Grippe.

Office Dr. J. M. H. and Family Co., Louisville, Ky., Jan. 30, '08. Gentles—While attending the Memphis fair some time ago, I was attacked with severe pains in my arms and legs, the effects of grips last winter. I met your agent there, Mr. Harbison, who is an old friend, and he induced that I use the Electroscope at his office, which I did, with wonderful results. In a short time the pains left me, and I concluded to rent a "Police."

When my rental time had expired I bought it, and would not part with it for any price. It is certainly a wonderful instrument, and it is more wonderful as to how it does its work, yet it does.

I think it is the duty of every man to make known to the afflicted anything that will be of any benefit to them, and the Electroscope certainly will.

THE VIEW.

The disease cured by the Electroscope are not confined to any particular ailments. By its use, cystitis is relieved through the pores and membranes, adds strength and vigor to the urinary system, and will cure any disease where there is vitality to build on and a cure is possible.

We have all to tell or write and get full particulars.

50 PAGE BOOK SENT FREE.

Address: DeSola & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

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President.

CHILTON VIEW

F. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.
CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 22, 1893.

AT HAND

In a dangerous emergency, AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is prompt to act and sure to cure. A dose taken on the first symptoms of Croup or Whooping Cough, further progress of these complaints. It soothes the inflamed membrane, and induces sleep. As a remedy for colds, coughs, loss of voice, in grippe, pneumonia, and even consumption, in its early stages.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral
cures all similar preparations. It is composed of the most effective ingredients, and is the only one that does not irritate the throat, and needs to be taken in small doses. "From repeated tests in my own family, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has proved itself a very efficient remedy for colds, coughs, and the various disorders of the throat and lungs."—A. W. Bartlett, Pittsfield, N. H.
"For the last 25 years I have been taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for lung troubles, and am assured that its use has

Saved My Life
I have recommended it to hundreds. I find the most effective way of taking this medicine is in small and frequent doses."—T. M. Matthews, E. M. Sherman, Ohio.
"My wife suffered from a cold; nothing helped her but Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which effected a cure."—H. Amaro, Plymouth, N. S.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Prompt to act and sure to cure.

CHILTON & N. A. RAILROAD
Train pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING NORTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:40 a. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40 a. m.
GOING SOUTH.
No. 2 Fast 6:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:26 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Plenty of rain.
There was a picnic at Mims Hill, Ala., Friday.

Drummers were numerous in town this week.

Mr. P. D. Wilson visited Mulberry last Saturday.

There was a card party at Mrs. Hamilton's last Wednesday night.

Mr. Jim. Hand, of Jemison, was in town Monday evening on business.

Messrs. Robt. Brown and Clay Jones of Lily were in town this week on business.

Mr. Wm. A. Collier, of Birmingham, spent Sunday with his family at this place.

Miss Kate Samney has returned home after visiting W. L. Samney's family here.

Master Eugene Samney has the possession of a pair of goats and a wagon and is the proudest boy in town.

Miss Blanche Foshee has a tricycle and now wants to transpire the old saying to "pleasure before duty."

Rev. Council, of Howard College, preached here last Sunday morning, owing to the bad night, no evening services could be held.

D. M. Foshee, Esq., arrived safely home from Louisville, Ky., last Thursday. All are glad to welcome him home for the summer.

Miss Bessie Cox, of Birmingham, visited Mr. W. H. Foshee's family last week and attended the dance at Merritt's hall Friday night.

Mr. Sam Kaufman, Schlow and Kahn's clever salesman was in town Monday. Always save your order for him, thereby saving money unto yourself.

Mrs. R. Ehrman, Miss Helen Ehrman, Mr. N. A. Kicker and W. H. Butler, of Duke's mill attended the dance at Merritt's Hall last Friday evening.

Messrs. Joel Guldage, Henry Wingate, T. J. Traywick, A. J. L. E. H. O. and Tom Gullahorn, of Verbena, were in attendance at the dance last Friday night.

Messrs. W. H. Foshee, Durward Foshee, Judge H. J. Callen, J. N. Thornton and W. B. Nolen, Clantonians, joined a crowd of Verbena citizens and visited Oona River on a big fish frolic this week.

Dr. A. E. Bivings and son, Yancy, of Talladega Springs, came here Thursday evening last and spent the night with his father, Maj. J. D. Bivings, returning to the Springs Friday morning.

Messrs. Reese and Clem Mullins have been to Clanton on a visit. Mr. Clem Mullins has just returned from Mississippi to Junio, where he intends spending the holidays with relatives at that place.

The firm of Mullins Bros., have purchased the two-story store of Mr. W. H. Merritt, and will at an early date move in and open their stock of general merchandise in new headquarters. Culp and Co., intend moving into the store of Mr. Jim. Garner, who are represented by Mullins Bros. and open up their stock.

A protracted meeting began at the Methodist Church Wednesday night by Rev. B. E. Feagin, and Rev. J. E. McCall, of Verbena. The meeting could not be conducted by two men, frequent speakers and true ministers of the gospel. Services will be held twice a day, morning and night, and all are cordially invited to attend. Every one who comes and thus assist the attendance and give proper encouragement.

It is hoped much good will be accomplished.

A blood purifier, the most eminent physician prescribes Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It is the most powerful combination of vegetable alternatives ever offered to the public. As a spring and family medicine, it may be freely used by old and young alike.

COUNTY NEWS.

Verbena View.

Messrs. A. A. Green and W. Logan have returned from pleasant visits to Talladega Springs.

Prof. Sam Strook, who has been teaching school in Shelby county has returned home.

Judge H. J. Callen and W. H. Foshee, of Clanton, came down here Monday and joined a crowd who were going out on Coosa for a fish frolic.

Rev. J. E. McCann and Major J. C. Gibson attended the Quarterly Conference at Wadsworth on the 17th inst.

Messrs. R. S. Penick, W. Alexander, G. W. Barnett, A. T. Hannon, L. Rosenberge, and Sam Kaufman, all of Montgomery, visited our city recently on business.

Messrs. R. Cunningham, of Mobile, F. B. Kirkpatrick, of Baltimore, T. T. Dorough, Wetumpka, R. L. Williams, New Orleans, W. B. Bayless, Louisville, Ky., Jno. K. Breast, Nashville, James W. Cox, Boston, Mass., have been visiting here.

Mr. Pope, of Talladega Ala., has been visiting one of the fair ones of our City.

Dr. B. J. Baldwin, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with his parents.

Mr. J. T. Green who has been attending school in Greensboro is at home for the holidays.

Dr. A. A. Green, of Opelika, spent Sunday with us. We are always glad to see Gus and wish he could be with us more. He says he is succeeding beyond his most sanguine expectation in Opelika.

A number of our citizens are on the Coosa fishing this week. Judging from the appearance of the wagon they were well prepared for a lengthy stay.

Messrs. J. H. Guldage and H. Wingate attended a dance at Clanton, and report a fine time, confessing themselves completely captivated by the beauty and intelligence of Clanton's fair daughters and the hearty welcome given them by all.

While sitting on the front gallery last Friday night we were somewhat startled to hear a horse coming down the street at a break neck gallop, and knowing G. H. James in Clanton we could not account for it until they passed under the electric light and showed the genial face of Mr. D. H. Marbury on his trusty steed Duncan. Of course this was a business trip.

Mr. W. S. Reese, Jr., of Montgomery, paid our town a visit last week. Judging from the frequency of his visits he has found a treasure in or around Verbena and is carefully guarding his find.

We noticed the following in the Banner last week in regard to a big hunt the correspondent of Lily took and in his "Lily Lyrics" he says:

"Boys when you go hunting see that you have good gun wadding. Mr. R. J. Williams and I went squirrel hunting the other day. He killed the Banner owl at one shot and killed four squirrels, while I killed nothing because my wadding was no good."—"Bill Oar," in People's Party Banner.

No guess now. When a thing is used for the wrong purpose it is always no good. However, the use of the Banner for gun-wadding, is the only thing of which we ever heard it was fit for, and as Mr. Oar has so much confidence in the magnetism of that brand of wadding and advises "the boys" to use good wadding, they can put that paper to no better purpose."

Mistakes will happen in the best regulated newspaper offices, as well as in the proverbial happy household. The Boston Traveler tells how a somewhat absent-minded editor lost two valuable subscribers. They wrote to ask him his remedy for their respective troubles. No. 1, a happy father of twins wrote to enquire the best way to get them safely over their teething, and No. 2 wanted to know how to protect his orchard from the myriads of grasshoppers. The editor framed his answer upon the orthodox lines, but unfortunately transposed their two names, with the result that No. 1, who was blessed with the twins, read in reply, to his query: "Cover them with straw and set fire to them, and the little pests after jumping around in the flames for a few moments will be speedily settled."

No. 2, plagued with grasshoppers, was told to "Give a little ointment oil and rub their gums gently with a bone ring."

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

The situation in Alabama, from what appears in the papers, is peculiar. It seems that Kolb is in the race for governor, but not as the nominee of the people's party. That party has an executive committee, and is well organized in that State, but Kolb runs as a "Jeffersonian Democrat" and has his own "Jeffersonian Democratic" committee, which has recently formulated a plan for white primaries, which it offers as a basis for consolidation with the straight-out Democracy.

It would seem better and more in accord with common sense, for the people to join and advocate the party they believe to be right, whether it be People's party, Democratic or republican, and all efforts to get them to smooth their convictions and affiliate with a party they do not believe in for the purpose of electing any man to an office, are sure to come to grief and do harm to the cause of the people. This is a movement of principle, not place, and Mr. Kolb should slow it by devotion to the principles the people are contending for.—National Economist.

The above appeared in the Economist some weeks ago, advising the "Jeffersonian" Democrats and Populist party to seek harmony and peace, and the party which truly advocated the principles for which they were contending, to affiliate with no party they did not endorse, thus sacrificing their principles and privileges merely to elect a man of a party different morally and sentimentally. No better advice could have been given but like other equally as well directed, was not heeded. Their mistake is yet to be seen.

True it is, the "Jeffersonians" have submitted a proposition, (not for peace); neither was it expected to be accepted by the Democrats, as many acknowledged; but it was submitted for the purpose of building political capital for their party. Kolb is not the man to give up his slim prospect of place, for principle. He knows he must keep his followers in the dark or never accomplish his desire. If the Jeffersonians really wanted "peace," should not their political speeches have been converted into speeches for peace?

To those who honestly desire to return, our doors are always open, and welcome given. However, as the Democratic party has best to reject the "Jefferson" proposition, and whatever may be said by the above named party, it is like the house which was built on the rock, the floods may come and the rains descend but it will fall not."

Hand-Webster.

Jemison, Ala., June 21, 1893.—The social event of the season was the happy marriage of Mr. J. D. Hand and Miss Mattie Webster on Tuesday, June 20th.

The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. W. C. Hubbard, of Louisville, Ky., and an intimate friend of the groom.

Miss Webster, during her short stay has rendered herself dear to all, and none knew her better than Mr. Hand. He is a member of the Jemison Lumber Co., and by an honest, upright and sober life has won the confidence and friendship of all who know him. Numerous messages were received by the happy couple from Washington and Maine, where Miss Webster for sometime resided.

Beauty and love, combined with moral and wealth can but indicate a long and pleasant life for this couple.

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Kings, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 45 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Dr. Sibley's Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

YOUNG RESTAURANT

D. Fleming

THE PLACE FOR

THE CHEAPEST THE MARKET AFFORDS

20 N. COURT ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Hale, Dingley & Co.
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD
—MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, (Ginger, etc.) Elixir Clonchong and Goutian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Milletoir.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.
PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for medicinal purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

Poindexter & Ellis,
—DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.

110 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.
REPRESENTATIVE: Larc Christy and Wildaw Shadix; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves; Kitchen Saws, Extending Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS, All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Head Rockers. Solid Oak Suite Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$130. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.
Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store! New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

THE VIEW
Solicits YOUR
JOB WORK
ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION
Work Neatly Executed,
Cheap as the Cheapest.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
Send 75¢ to us in return for a copy of our new book, "The New Home Sewing Machine Co." FOR SALE BY W. L. S. NORTON, Clanton, Ala.

PRINTING CALENDAR.
Calendars—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and October, three days.
Calendars—On the fourth Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirtieth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and any calendar two weeks earlier.
Calendars—Reserve from the preceding in February and August, and the thirtieth Monday in April and November. Special form calendar Monday in May and July.
County—First Monday in each month.
All Advertising notices to reach the Editor in Clanton and Preparation should reach the office by Tuesday afternoon.



TO THE CONSUMER:
This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, and that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of ALABAMA Fertilizer.
As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the ALABAMA Fertilizer without it.

The Alabama Fertilizer Co.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 6th, 1893.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining, Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Excludes college charges of a course \$102.50. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the college halls and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any School of Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school should send a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY
To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—by via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
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CHILTON COUNTY

the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Ohio river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Population 15,000.

Chilton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 36 miles south of Birmingham and 40 miles north of Montgomery. Several saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

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The Chilton View.

F. B. BALDWIN, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

VOLUME XII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JUNE 29, 1893.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

NUMBER 35.

Also the largest house in size and carrying the largest stock, which is convenient to all. We cordially invite the people of Chilton county to visit our store and inspect our grand offerings for the winter season in all kinds of Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Shoes, Millinery, Carpets, Window Shades, Gent's Furnishing Goods and Men's and Boys' Hats.

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LIZZIE BORDEN ACQUITTED

Estimation of One of the Most Famous Murder Trials on Record.

Miss Borden the Recipient of Overwhelming Congratulations.

The famous Borden murder trial at New Bedford, Mass., was ended Tuesday at 11 o'clock, when the jury returned a verdict of acquittal. The jury, composed of twelve men, had been deliberating for over three days. The trial had been one of the most sensational in the history of the law. Miss Borden, the accused, had been charged with the murder of her father, Dr. Andrew Borden, and her stepmother, Mrs. Mary Borden, on the morning of August 4, 1892, in their home at Fall River, Mass. The crime was committed in a rooming house, and the bodies of the victims were found in a rooming house. The trial had been one of the most sensational in the history of the law.

At the conclusion of the charge, the jury was asked to retire. The jury, composed of twelve men, had been deliberating for over three days. The trial had been one of the most sensational in the history of the law. Miss Borden, the accused, had been charged with the murder of her father, Dr. Andrew Borden, and her stepmother, Mrs. Mary Borden, on the morning of August 4, 1892, in their home at Fall River, Mass. The crime was committed in a rooming house, and the bodies of the victims were found in a rooming house. The trial had been one of the most sensational in the history of the law.

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WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Happenings from Day to Day in the National Capital.

Appointments in the Various Departments--Other Notes of Interest.

The sergeant-at-arms of the senate was notified Wednesday of the death of Senator Stanford, of California.

The president made the following appointments Wednesday: Charles B. Lowery, of Mississippi, to be assistant attorney general, vice Leonard W. Colby, resigned; Benjamin H. Ridgeby, of Kentucky, to be consul at Geneva, Switzerland; C. D. MacDonald, of Massachusetts, to be consul at Hamilton, Canada.

No warrants were served Tuesday morning on the defendants in the verdict of the coroner's jury over the victims of the Ford's theater disaster but Col. F. C. Ainsworth, Wm. E. Covert, superintendent of the theatre building, and Francis Sasse, its engineer, appeared voluntarily in the criminal court before Judge McMahon and gave bail in the sum of \$10,000 each for their appearance.

The president, Monday, appointed Milton A. Smith to be postmaster at Ansonia, Ala., vice S. B. Randolph, removed; Wm. S. Woodward at Titusville, Fla., vice R. C. Scrimagov, removed; R. H. Moses at Carrollton, Ga., vice C. H. Murrell, removed; Thos. A. Bailey at Darien, Ga., vice C. L. Jackson, office became presidential; Joseph Duar at Georgetown, S. C., J. N. Speery, removed.

Secretary Carlisle has awarded a silver life-saving medal to Edward P. Wise, of Milwaukee, Wis., for rescuing a man from drowning in the Milwaukee river in August, 1890. He has also awarded a silver life-saving medal to Martin K. Hudson, keeper of the Pilot Island lighthouse, Wisconsin, for assisting in saving the lives of seven men and one woman from the shipwrecked schooner, A. P. Reynolds, October, 1892.

The opinion of the court of appeals in deciding that the world's Columbian exposition at Chicago should be opened on Sunday was received at Washington by a press bulletin early Saturday afternoon. Attorney General Olney at a late hour had received no official announcement of the fact. He said that the department had a clear record in the case and had exhausted every legal means to enforce the mandate of congress in the matter.

It seems to be thoroughly understood in Washington that Colonel Blount has resigned the Hawaiian mission. The state department has never yet acknowledged it nor yet positively denied it. His resignation is unexplained, unless he returns to the United States to enter local politics again. Proctor Knott is fixed upon by the political prognosticators of the capital as the man who will be intrusted to finish the work begun by Blount.

Upon the recommendation of commissioner Lochren, of the pension office, Secretary Smith has dropped the names of twenty-eight special examiners now in the field, the terms of their one year appointment having expired. Of the special examiners still retained on the rolls, sixty are republicans and thirty democrats. Those whose services were dispensed with are regarded as below the average in efficiency.

The death of Leland Stanford will make no difference in the political complexion of the senate, at least for the present. The California legislature will not be in session until next winter, and the present governor, Martin, is a republican. It is believed that H. M. DeYoung, or Herbert Meier will be appointed to succeed Stanford. Three populists hold the balance of power in the legislature and when it meets, lively times may be expected.

The following appointments were made Monday: John J. Eassey, of Tennessee, to be collector of internal revenue for the second district of Tennessee; Hope Elias, of North Carolina, for the fifth district of North Carolina; Charles M. Wallace, of Virginia, to be collector of customs for the district of Richmond, Va.; Robert E. Glenn, of North Carolina, to be United States attorney for the Western district of North Carolina; William Perry Murphy, of South Carolina, for the district of South Carolina.

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P. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop.
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One copy six months .75
One copy four months .50

The man who wins a foot race must win with his mouth closed. This should be a lesson for the clammy bawler.—Ex.

The World's Fair will open their gates on Sunday regardless of the commandment to "keep the Sabbath day holy," and the efforts made by ministers and men of true regard for that day.

Resolutions were adopted by the Alabama Press Association prohibiting an editor of a paper having every line of it published out of the State becoming a member of the Association. A good move.

The editor of this paper regrets that he was unable to attend the Press Association at Bridgeport, Ala., and meet his fellow editors. We are glad to notice in exchange, however, that the meeting was one of pleasure and profit to them.

The business man who has any business and attends to it, and the farmer who has a crop and works it, have not the time to tear their hair on account of the gloomy skeletons of deadheads and loafers that stalk around in the Third party grave-yard. — Mountain Home.

A little scheme is on foot to be worked at the Alabama Press Association, which is nothing more nor less than putting them in the toils of the golden syndicate organized to control the press of the country. Twelve millions will buy a large number of country newspapers, particularly if they shall not be any higher than the fifth man, who regarded twenty-five dollars as a very good price to change from Kolb to Jones last year.—Alliance Herald.

A more malicious lie was never printed in a newspaper, and the editor knew it, when he wrote it. Shame on a man who has fallen so deep into corruption and slime that he cannot refrain from saying such things. We have too much respect for the people of Alabama who differ from us to intimate that they could be bought to write against their convictions.—Mountain Home.

A correspondent of the Cullman Tribune says the two deadliest things in his neighborhood are the grass that was dug up the day before and the Third party.

The North Tusculum Alabama says:

We have neither seen or heard of the much talked of activity of the Kolobites in North Alabama, and we generally catch on to any political news that is aloft.

And last but not least, The Alabama Pioneer advises the Populist to "drop Kolb and Kolb's methods." The Pioneer belongs to the "reform" class of papers, and evidently has lost patience with a leader who always leads to defeat. There is nothing that fails like failure.

It will be observed that these signs come from counties like De Kalb, Cullman, Colbert, etc. These neighborhood and county items develop clearly the general undercurrent of opinion against Kolb and Kolbism. This undercurrent is growing constantly, and by next winter everybody will be wondering why anybody had dreamed next year's issue.

The best proof of this reaction from last year's situation is the talk of the Republicans abandoning Kolb. His old partner Moseley has given notice of his withdrawal from the unsuccessful firm. The Evening News of this place asserts that it knows whereof it spoke when it declared that Moseley is going to be a candidate for Governor next year. Evidently Moseley sees nothing but failure ahead with Kolb in the lead, and he thinks he can do no worse himself. And he is right from a Republican standpoint.

Straws, we have no doubt, will soon be seen bobbing in every direction. Let every Democratic paper in the State keep his eyes skinned for them. Put together they signify a great deal, and will inspire a healthy perception of the true situation in the whole State.—Montgomery Advertiser.

Send your job work to us. We duplicate city prices.

Democracy Not Responsible for It.

The attempt of the Republican party to hold the Democratic party responsible for the recent depression in business is meeting with the condemnation of fair-minded people everywhere. The Boston Herald, one of the ablest and fairest papers in the Union says: "The obvious cause of it, is the cause of the condition of the currency, the laws affecting which have all been passed under Republican administrations. But, looking to its more immediate causes, the Democratic majority in Congress has had no control of the country as yet. It has not had the chance to repeal one act of Republican legislation. We are living now under Republican legislation that party has had the power to prevent any other legislation, and no other legislation has been permitted by it. We are reaping the fruits of Republican legislation, if legislation has anything to do with our embarrassments. When the Democrats in Congress have had an opportunity to try their hands it will be fair to hold them responsible, not earlier." This is a view of the case that our Populists and Third party friends in Alabama and over the South generally ought to take. They are unjust in their warfare upon Democratic party. Give them time and Democratic legislation will cure many of the evils now effecting the country.—Advertiser.

Purge the Pension Lists.

Birmingham News. The current number of Judge, a Republican pictorial, printed in New York, contains an infamous libel upon the Southern people. A two-page cartoon represents a maimed Federal soldier about to run the gauntlet of Southern Senators, Congressmen, editors, "rebels," "ku-klux," etc., the line under the picture declaring that the "Pensions Must Go," now that the Democrats control all branches of the Government.

There never was a grosser falsehood pictured against the Southern people. No honest Southerner would have the government cease to pay pensions to all worthy of pensions. For more than a quarter of a century the Representatives of the South in Congress have voted for pensions to the Northern soldiery. They have thrown no obstacle in the way. They have only complained in these late days because it was palpable that the pension list had become the resource of knaves.

A recent number of Puck, an Independent pictorial, has a splendid illustration of the true public sentiment on this question, a sentiment that is prevalent among honest, fair-minded men, whether of the north or the South.

Puck portrays an army of true, tried and brave Federal soldiers, maimed and crippled in gallant service on the field of battle, with swords drawn and bayonets pointed, actually engaged in driving out of the pension offices a motley horde of fraudulent pensioners, a gang of pension sharks and thieves.

These are the parasites and blood-suckers upon the tax-payers of the land, that the South, not the South alone, but the entire country have grown tired of supporting.

Drive the thieves out! Purge the pension list! All honest people irrespective of section will approve.

A Meteor at Gadsden.

Gadsden, June 26.—[Special.]—The East Gadsdenites were startled by a bright light last night about 11 o'clock, across the heavens from north to south, followed by a rushing sound and a tremendous explosion, jarring the houses, breaking window lights and throwing people out of bed. It proved to be another meteor, making the third one in this neighborhood within a year.

Died of Yellow Fever.

Atlanta, June 26.—[Special.]—Alfred Beddell, captain of the barkentine Anita Berwind, loading lumber on Satilla river, died of yellow fever today. The vessel was fifty-six miles up the river above Brunswick. The Berwind has been sent to the national quarantine at Sapelo. All are well on board and no further trouble is expected.

A stimulant is often needed to nourish and strengthen the roots and to keep the hair a natural color. Hall's Hair Renewer is the best tonic for the hair.

The Business Situation.

It looks as if the darkest clouds have rolled by, and that the business situation is reasonably certain to improve steadily hereafter until the normal condition of values shall again be reached. There are many clearly visible reasons why the reaction toward just values must be slow. Our present insane silver policy will stand as a serious obstacle to sound public and private credit until it shall be repealed; but the general confidence in its speedy repeal when Congress convenes in September, does much to inspire the public trust that it is the basis of business prosperity.

The severe test to which the financial soundness of the country generally has been subjected, and the next to universal stability proved in the legitimate financial institutions of the country, have halted the systematic and desperate efforts to overthrow all values and precipitate general panic. Chicago was made the storm center of the movement, as that city was believed to be weakened by the severe financial exactions of the exposition; but the Chicago banks and business men stood the terrible strain without a serious break in the line of general solvency. When Chicago could repel the assault, the reaction began and there is now everything to indicate general improvement.

The President's straight forward deliverance on the financial situation brought speedy and beneficial results. It gave to Europe just the assurance that was needed as to the soundness of our financial policy. All fears of the country degenerating down to a swindling silver policy, under which American securities might be paid in coin with sixty cents on the dollar, perished when the president declared that he would stand resolutely for an honest financial system. The revival of faith in Europe halted the shipment of gold, and the reduction of the rate of interest by the bank of England to the normal rate on Thursday, proclaimed that the money pressure was over in the financial metropolis of the world.

In addition to the demand for our gold to pay for American securities sent home because of distrust in our silver policy, we have suffered seriously from the reduction of our exports. The ten months of the present fiscal year year show a decline compared with the same months of the previous year of over \$17,000,000 of corn; over \$14,000,000 of rye; over \$60,000,000 of wheat, and over \$68,000,000 of cotton. These are the chief products of our farmers, and the decline is as serious to that greatest of all our industrial interests as it is to the general prosperity of the country. These declines under a tariff that was heretofore by its friends as the special support of the farmer, proves the fallacy of attempting to legislate against the inexorable laws of supply and demand.

Everything now points to gradual and substantial improvement in values. There is an abundance of money, but abundance of money with scarcity of general confidence, cannot relieve the condition of the country; and it should now be the effort of every one to aid in the restoration of general trust in public and private credit. We have all the money needed; we have a general solvent people; we are assured of early relief from the silent scourge, and we need only just faith in our government and in ourselves to unshackle the business interest of the nation.

Only a Boy.

Atlanta Constitution. "Only a boy," is a very common phrase, and it generally means that a youngster cannot be expected to settle down to the serious business of life and achieve any marked degree of success. This is a mistake. Frank Hogan, of Ingleside, Texas, is sixteen years old. He has just school after winning several prizes. During his school days he cultivated three acres of land at odd times, producing cabbages weighing thirty pounds and onions weighing a pounds each. The crop netted him enough to pay for forty-eight head of range cattle.

This year young Hogan has rented fifteen acres of land of from his father, furnishing all the vegetables as rental. He will have four acres of oats that will yield seventy-five bushels to the acre, six acres of Irish potatoes yielding about twenty barrels to the acre,

three acres of cabbage that have 9,000 plants to the acre, expected to average 8 pounds to the head, and the remainder of the land is devoted to onions that will yield 600 bushels to the acre. He is also raising a large number of turkeys.

The boy works only one hand, and will clear at least \$1,000 for his year's work. He is now offered \$150 per barrel for onions, 8 per pound for cabbage, and 22 per barrel for potatoes. He takes several agricultural journals, and is quite an authority on all matters pertaining to farming.

There is plenty of room in the South for such boys. They are needed to help the old folks and to advertise the fact to the world that farming in this region is a money-making business, when it is rightly managed.

That Texas boy deserves a medal.

Mr. T. E. C. Brinley

Has the following to say about the Electropoise and how it cures after-effects of La Grippe.

Office Brinley, Miles & Hardy Co., Louisville, Ky., Jan. 30, '03. Gents:—While attending the Memphis fair some months ago, I was attacked with severe pains in my arms and legs, the effects of grippe last winter. I met your agent there, Mr. Harbott, who is an old friend, and he insisted that I use the Electropoise at his office, which I did, with wonderful results. In a short time the pains left me, and I concluded to rent a "Poise." When my rental time had expired I bought it, and would not part with it for any coin fabrication. It is certainly a wonderful instrument, and it is more wonderful as to how it does its work, yet it does.

I think it is the duty of every man to make known to the afflicted anything that will be of any benefit to them, and the Electropoise certainly will.

Respectfully, T. E. C. Brinley.

Mr. Brinley is one of the oldest and best known pure manufacturers in the country.

The disease cured by the Electropoise are not confined to any particular ailments. By its use oxygen is absorbed through the pores and membranes, adds strength and vigor to the entire system, and will cure any disease where there is vitality to build on, and a cure is possible.

We invite all to call or write and get full particulars.

50 PAGE BOOK SENT FREE. Address Dr. B. & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

BALDWIN & FOSHEE, Attorneys at Law, CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

WONDERFUL. A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Extensive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Bham and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave. and 1st St., Elyton block. Respectfully, MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

W. H. Taylor, BARBER, Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

ROBERT H. KNOX, Attorney at Law, CLANTON - - - ALABAMA.

SCHLOSS & KAHN, WHOLESALE GROCERS, and LIQUOR DEALERS.

We make a specialty of TOBACCOES. We have the Agency for Diploma Westmore and Rose BAIT PATENT. FLOUR: Call on us at 204 & 206 Commerce Street. STRICTLY WHOLESALE. April 2-1y

EDUCATE FOR PROFIT. MODER'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, ATLANTA, GA. A High-Grade Business Training School. Have placed over 400 students in business. The best Business and Short-hand course in existence; the only school in the South conducted on the ACTUAL SYSTEM. Students enter any time. Send for circulars.

KINCH. Killers all content of the mucous membrane and cover GOLDEN BATH and COLIC in a few days. No other treatment necessary. Never cause fracture or injury to any internal organ. Price, 25c. Sold by Druggists.

Cholera! Cholera!! Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair, and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address The Loudon Medical Co. Agents Wanted. m11-6m TIFFIN, OHIO.

TODD'S GUN STORE. DEALERS IN

Guns, Pistol Pistols, Fishing Tackle. CARTRIDGES.

AND BAE BALL GOODS. Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

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Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clibby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan. W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

YES, WE ARE TO BLAME



The assertion has been made by merchants of this city that we are ruining the prices this season on

CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

But it matters little what our competitors may think or say. It is the Public we are trying to please and whose favors we ask. You can depend upon it,

You Cannot Equal Our Prices!

We are showing some SUITS FOR MEN at \$10 and \$12, other merchants would think them cheap at \$15 and \$18. We ask you to COMPARE not alone our Prices but the Goods. COMPARE quality and workmanship. This is your only safe guide.

BASE BALL BAT AND CAP given free with each suit in our Children's and Boys' Department.

ALEX. RICE. MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH, DEALER IN

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of Dresden, and the watches he has made specially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers. The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-Head Cane, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH, (Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY Stop at the

Metropolitan Hotel.

New Hotel, Newly Furnished Throughout.

EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS. The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South.

Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry.

J. A. NEWCOMB, Mangr.

BIRMINGHAM AND BUSINESS COLLEGE.

School of Shorthand and Typewriting. BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educated for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in securing employment. Send for circular. Address, AMOS WARD President.

CHILTON VIEW. P. B. BALDWIN, Editor & Prop. PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 29, 1903. TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION. One copy one year \$1.00 One copy six months .75 One copy four months .50 The man who wins a foot race must win with his mouth closed. This should be a lesson for the clammy bawler.—Ex. The World's Fair will open their gates on Sunday regardless of the commandment to "keep the Sabbath day holy," and the efforts made by ministers and men of true regard for that day. Resolutions were adopted by the Alabama Press Association prohibiting an editor of a paper having every line of it published out of the State becoming a member of the Association. A good move. The editor of this paper regrets that he was unable to attend the Press Association at Bridgeport, Ala., and meet his fellow editors. We are glad to notice in exchange, however, that the meeting was one of pleasure and profit to them. 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No other treatment necessary. Never cause fracture or injury to any internal organ. Price, 25c. Sold by Druggists. Cholera! Cholera!! Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it. DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S Cholera Compound Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound. Take It With You To The World's Fair, and take no chance on the dread disease. Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles. Address The Loudon Medical Co. Agents Wanted. m11-6m TIFFIN, OHIO. TODD'S GUN STORE. DEALERS IN Guns, Pistol Pistols, Fishing Tackle. CARTRIDGES. AND BAE BALL GOODS. Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue. INSURE WITH The Commercial Fire Insurance Company, Montgomery, Alabama. Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477. Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. H. Clibby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan. W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala. YES, WE ARE TO BLAME The assertion has been made by merchants of this city that we are ruining the prices this season on CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS. But it matters little what our competitors may think or say. It is the Public we are trying to please and whose favors we ask. You can depend upon it, You Cannot Equal Our Prices! We are showing some SUITS FOR MEN at \$10 and \$12, other merchants would think them cheap at \$15 and \$18. We ask you to COMPARE not alone our Prices but the Goods. COMPARE quality and workmanship. This is your only safe guide. BASE BALL BAT AND CAP given free with each suit in our Children's and Boys' Department. ALEX. RICE. MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA. CHAS. L. RUTH, DEALER IN Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c. Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of Dresden, and the watches he has made specially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers. The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-Head Cane, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed. C. L. RUTH, (Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue, MONTGOMERY, ALA. WHEN YOU GO TO MONTGOMERY Stop at the Metropolitan Hotel. New Hotel, Newly Furnished Throughout. EVERYTHING FIRST-CLASS. The best \$2.00 a Day Hotel in the South. Centrally Located, Cor. Dexter Ave & Perry. J. A. NEWCOMB, Mangr. BIRMINGHAM AND BUSINESS COLLEGE. School of Shorthand and Typewriting. BIRMINGHAM, ALA. The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educated for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in securing employment. Send for circular. Address, AMOS WARD President. In a dangerous... Cher... Save... Ayer's... LOCAL... Mrs. Dr. Patton... D. M. Foshee... Mr. L. E. Gullat... It is reported (the... Mrs. Ed. M. C... Miss Belle and... Mrs. Ed. Boyd... Mr. W. H. Merrit... Miss Minnie Pl... Mrs. W. A. Col... Mrs. W. L. Sou... The predicted... The shed (front... The kids here say... Mrs. W. A. Middle... Mr. John Foster... Mullins Bros... We would be glad... Mrs. Jessie Jones... Wm. Henry, colored... AMOS WARD President.

CHILTON VIEW

B. BALDWIN, EDITOR & PUBLISHER
CLANTON, ALA., JUN. 29, 1933

AT HAND

Is a dangerous emergency, AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL is prompt to act and sure to cure. A dose taken on the first symptoms of Croup or Bronchitis, checks further progress of these complaints. It softens the phlegm, soothes the inflamed membrane, and induces sleep. As a remedy for colds, coughs, loss of voice, la grippe, pneumonia, and even consumption, in its early stages.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

Excellent at similar preparations. It is endorsed by leading physicians, is agreeable to the taste, does not interfere with digestion, and needs to be taken usually in small doses. "From repeated tests in my own family, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has proved itself a very efficient remedy for colds, coughs, and the various disorders of the throat and lungs."—W. W. Bartlett, Pittsfield, N. H. "For the last 25 years I have been taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for lung troubles, and am assured that its use has

Saved My Life

I have recommended it to hundreds. I find the most effective way of taking this medicine is in small and frequent doses. "My wife suffered from a cold; nothing helped her but Ayer's Cherry Pectoral which effected a cure."—B. Amos, Plymouth, N. S.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

SCHEDULES & N. ALA. RAILROAD

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express does not stop at Clanton.
No. 3 Mail 8:30 a. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:30 a. m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 a. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:25 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stage stops.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mrs. Dr. Patton is visiting relatives here.
D. M. Foshier visited Clanton last Saturday.
Mr. L. E. Gullahorn was in Clanton this week.

It is reported that the "devil" was in Clanton Sunday.

Mr. Ed. McNary visited relatives here last Sunday.

Misses Belle and Phyllis, Watts visited here last Sunday.

Mr. Ed. Boyd and family visited his parents in Clanton this week.

Mr. W. H. Merritt and son, Charley, visited Aniston last Saturday on business.

Miss Minnie Phillips has returned home from a visit to friends in Sylacauga.

Mrs. Wm. A. Collier and Mrs. Zella Givhan are visiting relatives in Pine Level, Ala.

Mrs. W. L. Samper returned home last week after a pleasant visit to relatives in Evergreen, Ala.

The prediction that we will have a rain every day in this month looks as though it might be fulfilled.

The shed in front of Mrs. Phillips' millinery last week which was torn down by the run-away-mule has been rebuilt.

The kids here whenever Jimmie gets ready to play again to bring along "Mr. Umpire," put on their battle armor and come down.

Mr. W. W. Dunkin has returned to Clanton after spending sometime with his relatives in Sonora, Ky. We give him a cordial welcome.

Mrs. W. A. Middleton has returned from a visit to relatives in Lowndes County, Ala. She was accompanied home by Miss Myrtle Moore.

Mr. John Hester, of Mossburg, Ala., visited friends and relatives in town Sunday. It has been sometime since he was over in these parts and all were glad to see him.

Mullins Bros., our popular and enterprising merchants, have moved their stock of general merchandise into the store purchased from Mr. W. H. Merritt last week.

The projected meeting which began last Tuesday the 19th inst., and lasted for a week, was well attended day and night. The sermons were excellent. Several accusers to the church.

We would be glad to hear from our correspondent more regularly in the future. Grows may be growing and work plentiful, but, nevertheless, are always glad to receive their communications, and those who do manage to get the spare time to write us a few lines have our appreciation.

Miss Jessie Jones, one of Arkansas' fair and accomplished young ladies, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. H. Foshier, for sometime leaves today for Logtown, Louisiana, to visit relatives. From there she will return home to Three Creeks, Ark. During her visit here she has won lots of friends and admirers, and her departure is naturally felt as a grievous loss to some of our gallant young gentlemen.

Win. Henry, colored, was brought to town Sunday night by negroes who turned him over to the Sheriff and charged him with an assault upon a negro child between 10 and 11 years of age. He was given a preliminary hearing before the Probate Judge Tuesday morning, found guilty and his bond fixed at \$300. The negro failed to make bail and was committed to jail.

COUNTY NEWS.

D. M. Foshier, visited Mulberry Thursday on special business.

At the meeting of the old Confederate soldiers at Clanton on last Saturday a Clanton camp of United Confederate Veterans was organized and the following officers elected:

Commander, J. M. Stanfield; Lieutenant commander, Jas. A. Duffey; secretary and treasurer, W. A. Middleton; captain, O. H. P. Cook; Surgeon, J. P. Glavin. The next meeting of the camp will be held at Clanton on the 4th of July.

At the Masonic installation at this place last Saturday night the following officers were installed:

W. D. Sartor, W. M.; J. M. Stanfield, S. W.; B. H. Chesnut, J. W.; W. A. Middleton, Treasurer; J. W. Stanfield, Secretary; W. H. Sartor, S. D.; J. A. Miller, J. D.; P. Smith, Tyler.

Music and prayer were the opening exercises of the evening. Mr. W. D. Sartor made the welcome address, after which followed another song; the installation then took place, when the innumerable and kindhearted ladies had refreshments served to their friends present, who were many, and who can say a more pleasant evening was never spent.

Melt Williams, the villain and assassin, who on the night of the 27th inst., shot Mr. J. H. Higgins at Ehrmans and Meritt's mill near Clanton (Montgomery) was captured by deputy Sheriff Bowling Young and delivered to the Sheriff of Chilton County Tuesday, where he was conducted to the court house. A warrant was issued against him for the willful and premeditated attempt to murder Mr. Jim Higgins on the above mentioned date, and committed to jail. E. H. Merritt and Merritt offered a reward of \$100 for his arrest and deliverance to the Chilton County Sheriff, after which he proceeded to lay his just claim.

Tuesday night a mob from Meritt & Ehrmans will come into town to "do him," but after organizing a debating club it was decided to await further developments in the case of Mr. Higgins, who, though weak, is still alive.

Pallor, languidness, and the appearance of ill-health being no longer fashionable among ladies, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is more largely resorted to as a tonic-alterative, nerve, stomachic, and builder-up of the system generally. This is as it should be. Ayer's is the best.

Moore, W. D. Sartor, J. H. Hunt, J. P. Vanderveer, Henry Honeycutt, Jim Hester, Sheriff P. M. Moore and the sporting editor attended the Masonic installation, shooting match and baseball game at Clanton last Saturday. A multitude of people were present to witness the grand events of the day.

When the installation had taken place, dinner was served publicly, all invited to gather around the tables, eat drink and be merry, and it is useless to say that orders were speedily obeyed, among those first to put the words in action however, was the editor and the Clanton base ball team. The captain of the Clanton team who possessed a little more presence of mind than the other kids and who thought more of winning a ball game than a good dinner, soon became alarmed at the men, (they having lost all thoughts of the future, were devoting their whole attention to the present) he began begging, beseeching and entreating for the love of all that was near and dear to them to stop. Stop! stop! or we'll never win the game, he yelled again, beginning to claw his hair, and the boys then realized that they would either have to buy him a bottle of Hall's Hair Renewer or stop, remarked to the crowd, "guess we had better hold up," walked around and hunted up the Clanton kids. After both teams had rested for a while, they proceeded to have the place of the game announced and to drum up the crowd. Arriving at the ground our kids chose the field and took their positions, and Jimmie was white as he led the first inning, in the second three scores were made, and the Clanton kids received cheers which brightened their countenances, old grin of defeat. In the fourth inning (which if finished would have been even innings for both sides) the Clanton team claimed that the umpire was not giving justice and called for another to which the team would not agree, having given them privilege to have a home umpire when playing away from home, whereupon they "threw up the sponge." The score stood 11 to 3 in favor of Clanton. Our boys return thanks for their kindness and the good dinner furnished them, let the ball slip through his hand and hurt his nose. To the yellers, tailors the lung fever or all their gas pipe.

Jimmie has an excellent string band, and the music furnished by his members was much enjoyed by the crowd. The shooting match lasted for some time and drew a large number of spectators. Those in attendance can truly say the day passed off pleasantly to all.

Impure blood is the cause of innumerable maladies. Hence, one of the greatest benefactions to humanity was the discovery of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which more than any other medicine, has saved America from becoming a nation of invalids.

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Klages, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous blood. My face and body were continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Dr. Ayer's Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison produced in me by my blood. I therefore it as the best blood remedy."

Miss Nora Cloughton is visiting friends in Plantersville.

Dr. Rousseau and wife of Montgomery visited Verbera Sunday.

Miss Mary Carr Gibson, one of our beautiful and accomplished young ladies has returned from a pleasant trip in Georgia.

Mr. E. M. Scott, of Montgomery

Verbera Views.

One of our popular young friends who rides the "biggest little horse in town" is all smiles and reports things South coming his way now.

Several of our enthusiastic young men left Verbera last Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock, bound for Prattville. Only one stop over 20 minutes for lunch for man and beast was made and after a pleasant and lively drive reached their destination a little before 9 o'clock. They report an enjoyable visit and say that Prattville is one of the prettiest little towns it has been their good fortune to see. Beautiful shade, well kept homes, hospitable people, lots of pretty girls—what more could you ask? They returned home Sunday evening after a short but most pleasant visit and the Prattville people need not be surprised if they are soon imposed upon again by the same fraternity.

Mr. H. B. Northington, our handsome hotel clerk is now wearing his sunniest smile. He says that business is good and still on the increase. Knowing his reputation for gallantry, we predict a gay and pleasant time for all who visit the Clifton.

The body of an unknown negro was found by the lamp lighter at Coopers last Monday. It was lying between the main line and siding, and it is supposed he was killed by some night train.

Mr. E. H. Wingate, Jr., after a two weeks visit in Verbera has returned to Saginaw.

Miss Sallie Barnett after spending the season at Tuskegee is at home for the holidays.

Rev. C. W. Hare and family are visiting the family of Rev. J. M. McCord.

Mr. E. R. Shannon and family of Montgomery are stopping at the Clifton Hotel.

Mr. J. F. Johnson, son Rogers, and lovely daughter, Miss Rilla, of Louisville, Ky., are stopping at the Clifton House. The two latter will spend the summer at the Clifton.

Miss Maude Moody, a charming young lady of Verbera is visiting friends at Bozeman.

Rev. B. E. Fagin, of Clanton, exchanged pulpits with Rev. J. E. McCann. Mr. Fagin gave us two most excellent sermons, and we hope he will come down and see us again.

Mr. Judson Streck has returned from Six Mile, Ala., where he has been attending school.

The Clifton House is filling up with summer boarders.

Mr. Joel Barnett, of Montgomery has been visiting relatives here.

We are requested to state there will be a basket picnic at Coopers on the 4th of July. Everybody is invited to come and bring a basket along with them.

Miss Nora Cloughton is visiting friends in Plantersville.

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Mr. E. M. Scott, of Montgomery

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Mr. Alford and wife and Mrs. W. B. Mitchell, of Bozeman, visited friends in Verbera Sunday.

The Birmingham Age-Herald of the 27th inst., stated that Sheriff Moore went up to Birmingham last week to identify a negro arrested at that place on suspicion of being Alex Shelton, the negro who shot Mr. Harris near Clanton sometime back, and after examining him concluded it was not the right man, although description corresponded. The Age-Herald does not say he was released, but says the negro was not carried back with him, as no doubt he would not have been received very gently. Mr. Moore requests us to state that he did go to Birmingham to identify the negro, but on arriving in the city he was unable to find Mr. D. F. Barnesfield, the man who had the negro in charge, neither was the negro in jail, but on returning home found two telegrams from Barnesfield telling him to come to Birmingham and he would meet him at the depot with the negro. So Sheriff Moore went to Birmingham again the next day but the man or negro were not at the depot. He again went to the jail and was informed that the negro had been taken out of jail. He did not see Barnesfield or the negro, the second day, nor has he seen them at all, and as to him seeing the negro, and saying he was the wrong man it is a mistake. He has seen neither and cannot say whether the negro was Shelton or not.

A Day on the Face.

Enquire-Sun.

A six-year-old child is lying ill in New York with meningitis, said to have been brought on by a slap on the face. The physician declares that he is likely to die as to live. Referring to this case the Baltimore Sun makes the following sensible comments: The custom of striking children on the head, slapping their faces and cuffing them on the ears, is a brutal and cruel thing. It is often done ignorantly and hastily, but it is not a proper manner of administering punishment. Such blows are usually given in anger, and a little child is assaulted in this way because it is defenseless. Parents frequently slap their children on the ears without knowing they may be inflicting serious damage. The skull of a child is thin and a blow upon it reaches the brain. But the usual result is some injury more or less serious to the ear.

A child should not be trained by brute force any more than a young colt or cow. All your animals should be treated with gentleness. Boys are subjected frequently to cruel treatment by those who have charge of them, and then blamed because they grew up to be ill-mannered ruffians. It is often the natural result of harsh treatment. Children should be treated with as much consideration as grown people and in this way they will learn true gentility.

Subscribe for The View.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama

Chilton County, In Chancery.

Sarah Jane Headley, At Clanton, complainant

J. J. Headley, respondent

In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Sarah J. Headley, a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that his place of residence is unknown to affiant, but is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Chilton County View, a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 1st day of August, 1933, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done at office in Clanton this 24th day of June 1933.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Robt. H. Knox, Sol. for complainant.

Young's Restaurant

THE PLACE FOR

THE CHEAPEST THE MARKET AFFORDS

26 N. COURT ST., MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Hale, Dingley & Co.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,
PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES
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Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business, and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Orange, etc.; Elmer's Clonchona and Gendian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
—DEALER IN—
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found in a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.

PURE WHISKEY can be obtained for Medicinal Purposes by sufficient notice to get it from dealer in Montgomery.

Poindexter & Ellis,
—DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF—
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.

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SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Cabinets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers, Solid Oak Suite Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$25 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store! ***
***** New Stock!**
J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

THE VIEW
Solicits YOUR
JOB WORK
ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION
Work Neatly Executed,
As Cheap as the Cheapest.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

COUNT CALENDAR.
Chancery—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.
Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirtieth Monday after the fourth Monday in August, and may continue two weeks each time.
Criminal—Regular term, second Monday in February and August, and first Monday in April and November. Special term second Monday in May and July.
County—First Monday in each month.
All Advertisers to take notice that full attention and preparation should be given to the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

ESTABLISHED 1850
ALABAMA
TRADE MARK
TO THE CONSUMER:
This trade mark is registered. It is our property. It is not likely to be counterfeited, as that would subject the perpetrator to the danger of heavy fine and imprisonment (see U. S. laws respecting copyrights). It is on every genuine sack of Alabama Fertilizer.
As required by state law the word "ALABAMA" in large letters is found on every bag of fertilizer offered for sale in this state. Some unscrupulous persons have employed this means to deceive you. See that the above trade mark is on the bag, and take none offered you as the Alabama Fertilizer without it.
The Alabama Fertilizer Co., MONTGOMERY, ALA.
A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.
UNIVERSITY OF ALA.
Next Session Begins October 5th, 1933.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all these courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Tuition fee in Law School \$50. Law students do not reside in the college Hall and are not subject to military discipline.
The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools, in which students may be admitted in the Freshman Class of the University without examination. The Principal of any school or Academy who desires his institution to be included in this Auxiliary system, may obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY
To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—
L. and N.
(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS
Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Louisville, Louisville, and to the South. Connecting to all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets enquire of the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

W. B. NOLEN,
Attorney at Law,
AND COUNTY SOLICITOR.
CLANTON, ALA.
When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue.

BUY THE LIGHT RUNNING NEW HOME
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST.
Send TEN cents to Sewing Machine Co., for our price guide, "Sew Home," and win a New Home Sewing Machine.
The New Home Sewing Machine Co., ORANGE, FLA.
25 WEST SQUARE, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY
W. L. SAMPY, Clanton, Ala.

CHILTON COUNTY

Geographical center of Alabama. The county is bounded by the E. T. & G. R. R. to the north, the Gulf of Mexico to the south, the Alabama River to the east, and the Georgia line to the west. It is one of the most fertile and productive counties in the state. The population is 18,000. The county seat is Milledgeville. The county is divided into 10 townships and 100 sections.

The Chilton View.

VOLUME XII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1893.

NUMBER 36.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices Twenty Cents per line each week. Illustrations and Exhibits of Reports, half price. Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

CAHEEN BROTHERS & CO.,

Corner 1st Avenue and 21st Street,
BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

THE POPULAR HOUSE OF ALABAMA
To Do Your Trading.

NEW STORE!

Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods
and Hats at

NEW PRICES!

KAUFMAN & WEL'S CLOTHING STORE,

Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

happenings from Day to Day in the National Capital.

Appointments in the Various Departments—Other Notes of Interest.

Acting Director Preston states that the government will not lose anything by the recent fire in the New Orleans mint. The fire was purely accidental. Secretary Carlisle Thursday received a telegram from Portland, Ore., announcing the arrival there of the Haytian Republic with 500 Chinese aboard. The vessel was seized by the United States treasury agents.

The suspension of silver coinage in Mexico has very much depressed the advocates of free coinage in Washington, and, in the opinion of many, has made the unconditional repeal of the Sherman bill not only a necessity but a certainty. It leaves only Mexico standing by silver, and in that country Thursday it took \$1.40 to buy exchange which will give the holder one dollar.

Paymaster General Stewart has completed the statement of the expenditures of the navy for the year. The total expense of the navy was \$76,800, and the appropriation was \$350,000, leaving a balance of \$273,200, of which \$250,000 will be covered into the treasury on June 30th, leaving the department a balance of \$23,200 to meet any contingent expenses which may be reported later.

Assistant Secretary Reynolds, of the interior department has made a pension decision which will be welcome news to a large number of women who ministered to wounded soldiers in hospitals during the late war. They are placed on the pension rolls. The question arose upon a communication from the commission who superintended the diet of the sick and wounded soldiers were entitled to pensions under the provisions of the act commonly known as the nurses act.

The secretary of state is informed by Minister Gray that the Mexican revenue has authorized the executive to negotiate during the five years succeeding May 30, 1893, any contracts granting franchises and concessions to companies investing capital to establish new industries, which do not interfere with others, the duration thereof not to exceed ten years, and the minimum of capital invested to be not less than \$250,000. The decree relieves such capital from importation, under bond, of the necessary treasury apparatus free.

The collector of customs at El Paso, Tex., has been instructed by a Mexican Secretary Spaulding to discontinue at once the practice of admitting anti-smiths of silver from Mexico without a consular invoice and in the future not to admit silver bullion from Mexico exceeding \$100,000 value alleged to be imported as money unless accompanied by a consular invoice or a bond for the production of such invoice unless the bullion is shown by a consular declaration made before a consular officer at the port of shipment to be for exchange at a fixed volume percentage, and not for merchandise.

The president, Wednesday morning, summarily removed from office M. S. Lotan, collector of customs at Portland, Ore. This unusual action of the president was taken on the receipt of a telegram from special agents of the treasury department who have been engaged for some time in investigating the fraudulent practices prevailing in the Puget sound and Portland district. The telegram stated that they had information of the intended landing at Portland of a large number of Chinese coolies. On the summer removal his deputy was placed in charge and will continue to act until Mr. Black, the new collector, qualifies.

Postmasters and Salaries. The annual review of salaries of presidential postmasters has been completed by Frank H. Jones, first assistant postmaster general, with the following results: Number of salaries reviewed and adjusted, 8,376; number of first-class offices in operation July 1, 1893, 151; number of second-class offices, 675; number of third-class, 3,511; total number of presidential post offices in operation July 1, 1893, 3,337; aggregate of salaries of presidential postmasters July 1, 1893, \$5,000,000.

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

A dispatch from Mexico states that there were forty-five deaths from cholera in that city Monday. A cable dispatch from Paris states that there were two new cases of cholera at Toulon Tuesday, one at Hyeres, one at Sayne and two deaths at Caste.

The firm of Kinneamp Brothers, manufacturers of furniture, Cincinnati, made an assignment Tuesday morning. The assets are \$100,000, the liabilities \$40,000.

The annual meeting of the society of the Army of the Potomac was held Tuesday in Faneuil hall, Boston. The attendance was large with many noted men among the veterans.

Sixteen business houses and 500 dwellings in Augusta, a village of 500 inhabitants in Kalamazoo county, Mich., were destroyed by fire Wednesday morning. The aggregate loss is \$50,000 and the insurance \$15,000. Only a few of the buildings will be rebuilt.

A New York dispatch says: Fifty thousand dollars, the largest sum ever paid by an American railway company for injuries to a single person, will be paid by the New York Central to Mrs. Homer Baldwin, of Yonkers, within a few days in settlement for injuries received in a disaster at Hastings on Christmas eve, 1891.

Forty-two states and 70,000 members were represented at the fourteenth annual session of the supreme court of the United States at Baltimore, Tuesday. Supreme Chief Justice made his annual report and gave encouraging data. The supreme court of the exchequer showed a satisfactory condition of the finances.

A New York dispatch of Sunday says: The board of Gettysburg monument commission of the state of New York has issued a circular appealing from any acts of violence to the trolley railroad during their visit to the battlefield. The veterans are urged not to put a penny in the company's treasury.

Advices of Sunday from Berlin state that the German foreign office expects that Russia will forthwith open a commercial treaty with Germany. The officials attribute the failure of negotiations between Russia and Germany to Francophile and Pan-Slavist influences in St. Petersburg, inducing the Russian government to demand impossible concessions.

According to London dispatches it has been definitely decided that Admiral Albert H. Markham, who was second in command of the advance division, Sir George Tyrone, at the loss of the Victoria, the flagship of the British Mediterranean squadron, will be tried by court-martial at Portsmouth.

The suspension of the St. Paul and Minneapolis Trust company at Minneapolis, was announced Tuesday night. A card from the president says the assets exceed the liabilities by \$200,000, and that the bank will pay in full. The general belief is that it will do so and resume business. Its president is governor McGill; vice president, Congressman Loren Fletcher; capital stock, \$500,000.

GREAT BRITAIN'S ACTION

In Closing India's Mints Against Silver Muchly Discussed.

A Washington special of Tuesday says: One effect of the action of the government of India has been to reduce the demand for an early session of congress and this view of the situation was presented to Mr. Carlisle Tuesday morning by many of his congressional callers and by numerous telegrams from all sections of the country. Before going to the cabinet meeting Secretary Carlisle received a cablegram from London announcing a further decline in the price of silver to 35 pence. At this price a silver dollar is worth 58 3/4 cents.

Mr. A. J. Warner, of Ohio, president of the American Bimetallist League, said: "The stoppage of the silver in India is the inauguration of a new monetary revolution, or rather the extension to the far east of the revolution begun in 1873. It is a movement deep-seated and will be something in its consequences. I look upon this action as indicating that the gateway to silver, together with the determined purpose of the monetarists of this country to repeal the Sherman act as events fraught with greater danger to us than anything that has preceded it."

All day long Tuesday the president and the secretary of the treasury were besieged by telegrams from the financial centers of the country. With an exception they have urged the paramount necessity of calling congress in extra session without delay. The action of the government of India in closing the mints of that country, the great silver absorber of the nations, to the coinage of the white metal for private account has sounded the alarm of the financiers of the United States as a firebell in the night. Sentiment and theories are pushed aside, grave and serious condition confront them and they are profoundly, even sensitively alive to it.

HOW WALL STREET FEELS. The situation in Wall street has been further complicated by the latest developments in silver. This started renewed liquidation Monday and invited attention on the attitude on the incoming congress to the Sherman silver law. The majority of the people are anti-silverites and the interest lies in a pool of the law. They argue that compulsory purchase of silver must be abolished before there can be any lasting improvement. In the meantime, speculation at the stock exchange is at a very low ebb and the variations in prices which occur from day to day, save, perhaps, for the closing out of the accumulated bullion, simply reflect the operations of the professional element.

CABLES HAVE NOTHING TO SAY. Secretary Carlisle, in response to a request to express his views on the financial situation, as affected by the action of India in silver, politely declined, saying that under the circumstances he had nothing to say for publication and did not care to indulge in speculation as to the future.

A FIRE-PROOF WAREHOUSE.

A Memphis Insurance Man's Plan Captures a \$1,000 Prize. The winner of the \$1,000 prize, offered by the German-American Insurance Company, for the best plan of a fire-proof cotton warehouse, is Mr. James A. Beasley, of Memphis, Tenn. This was decided at the meeting of insurance men and architects at Atlanta, Ga., Friday. Mr. Beasley's drawing, which was accompanied by a model of his warehouse, calls for a one-story building, divided into sections by fire walls, each section divided into two smaller sections. Each of these smaller sections has a capacity of 750 bales of cotton. The entire capacity of the warehouse will be 12,000 bales.

Every feature of the drawing, as interpreted by the model, commended itself to the committee as economic and satisfactory in every particular. It was agreed by all of the judges that he was entitled to the prize.

Depositors of the Gate City Bank at Atlanta Made Happy. Atlanta began paying the depositors Thursday morning over the counters of the Atlanta National Bank. During the day fully one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars were paid out. The crowd was large but very orderly, and many of the checks were given in the payment of ordinary accounts by the depositors and were not for the purpose of checking out the entire balance.

The people throughout the city regard the outflow of cash from the long closed bank as a herald of good times. It is having a fine effect on business.

OPPOSES THE DISPENSARY.

South Carolina Prohibitionists Say It Is Not What They Want.

Chairman L. D. Childs, of the South Carolina state prohibition executive committee, issued an address to the people of the state, Saturday, setting forth the purposes of the organization of the state central committee. He says that the impetus that the prohibitionists who do not favor the dispensary have allied themselves with the saloon element to prevent the establishment of a dispensary, is totally false. He says: "The dispensary law is not the legislation demanded by the vote of the people. On the contrary, it is the expression of the opposition to prohibition as set forth in the Roper bill, passed by the house, and is distinctly and avowedly a law for the sale of intoxicants as a beverage and a substitute for prohibition."

NOT ACCEPTABLE TO PROHIBITIONISTS. "For this reason it cannot be acceptable to those who look to prohibition as the only remedy. We are not prepared to assert that there is no step in the direction of prohibition. We affirm a proposition, the truth of which must be patent to both friends and foes of the measure, that without the dispensary, it will prove a good prohibition law, while, with the dispensary, there is no prohibition at all."

does not mean. The dispensary act, it is true, closes the saloons and clubs and rids us of the many pernicious and corrupting influences, social, political and moral, which they engender, but it provides another way by which liquor is sold as a beverage and the work of demoralization is perpetuated. The dispensary act not only fails to stop the sale of intoxicants but with every package which it stamps and delivers to the dispenser to be sold as proper and good for use as a beverage, it sets the seal of "condemnation on the public and restrictive and prohibitive conditions which it imposed upon the liquor traffic, marked it as a business dangerous and pernicious to society. Under a pressing sense of duty to ourselves and those who are to come after us, we are bound to continue the fight which we are engaged as long as the evil exists and there is promise of ultimate success.

SOLD EAD BOOKS. He Was Banker, Publisher and Sunday School Superintendent. A dispatch from Wheeling, W. Va., says: It has come to the knowledge of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad company and Union News company that the agent of the latter have abused their privilege of selling on the company's train by offering a very rank variety of obscene literature. The Railroad company, assisted by the News company, set out to put a stop to it and discovered who was furnishing the objectionable matter. W. B. Jones, a news agent, was arrested at Cambridge, Ohio. In his trunk was found a roll of obscene literature. Jones said he did not know the name of the man who supplied the printed matter, but said he lived in Butler, O., and gave a description of him. He explained further that the man was in the habit of coming on a car and delivering him rhymes. Jones was taken to Butler and there identified the man from whom he purchased the matter, one J. L. Barr, publisher of the "Cyclone," a banker, general business man, a comedian of condition powders and an expert of a Sunday school. When confronted, Barr admitted the truth of the charge and was placed under \$500 bail. He says the same thing has been done on other railways.

DRAWING THEIR DUCATS. Depositors of the Gate City Bank at Atlanta Made Happy. Atlanta began paying the depositors Thursday morning over the counters of the Atlanta National Bank. During the day fully one hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars were paid out. The crowd was large but very orderly, and many of the checks were given in the payment of ordinary accounts by the depositors and were not for the purpose of checking out the entire balance.

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WEATHER AND CROPS.

Improved Condition Noted Throughout the Country.

The weather during the past week, according to the bulletin issued by the agricultural department, Washington, has resulted in improved crop conditions throughout the country, except in the upper Missouri valley, where drought has injuriously affected crops, and in the south Atlantic states, where in some localities, rains have caused damage.

Mississippi—Conditions generally favorable; crops improving. Louisiana—Crops show great improvement over the preceding week, laying by cane retarded by labor being used on levees; cotton growing fast; corn laid by and recovering from the effects of recent heavy rains; rice needs rain; some complaints of rust and worms in cotton. River falling gradually; average crop in Arkansas and Tennessee is a vast lake and there will be great damage in that section.

Texas—Dry weather during the week has improved cotton except over west where more rain is needed; in most sections corn is generally in a fine condition; wheat yielding better than expected; oak crop light in many sections, resulting from rust. Arkansas—Weather generally favorable for all crops and for harvesting wheat and oats, which are about the average; cotton and corn improved and growing rapidly.

Tennessee—Tobacco is in very good condition; cotton and corn growing nicely; wheat, clover and grasses being secured in good condition. Kentucky—Wheat harvest about completed, average crop; hay crop fine; barley and oats good; tobacco planting nearly finished.

Missouri—Crop outlook improving. A Montgomery, Ala., special says: On Tuesday Sheriff Walker arrested Editor Frank Baltzell, of the Alliance Herald, on warrants sworn out by Governor Jones, charging the editor with criminal libel. The Alliance Herald in its last issue attempted to make it appear that Governor Jones was under the influence of liquor when he was reviewed during the Second regiment encampment. Mr. Baltzell was examined and gave bond to appear before the grand jury of the county.

REGISTERING PROMPTLY.

Georgia Fruit Brandy Distillers Complying with the Law. The collector of the internal revenue reports that the fruit brandy distillers in the district of Georgia are commencing to register for permission to manufacture peach and apple brandy. The fruit crop is reported as particularly good this year and it is estimated that at least 450 distilleries have been registered by the collector of internal revenue. The great majority of these distilleries are located between Atlanta and Macon. A large number of the apple brandy distillers, however, are located in north Georgia.

The district is divided into twelve divisions, a deputy collector being in charge of each division. The collector reports that many distillers have been put to a great deal of inconvenience and expense by their failure to notify the officers that they desired to operate fruit brandy distilleries. The deputy collectors are located at Atlanta, Dalton, Cartersville, Jasper, Gainesville, Cornelia, Augusta, Macon, Griffin, Newnan, Albany and Brunswick. Any one desiring any information concerning the fruit brandy industry will receive prompt attention by addressing either of these deputies.

A PAPER FIRM FAILS. Assets Over a Million with Liabilities Less Than \$300,000. Louis Snyder's Sons, of Cincinnati, made an assignment Tuesday of their four great paper mills at Hamilton, Ohio, to the Hamilton Paper Company, of their great paper war-house, with contents, in Cincinnati. Their assets are over a million dollars, of which \$250,000 is of debts due them consisting of their total liabilities are less than \$300,000. It is estimated that a liquidation by forced sale would leave them \$450,000. Their assignment was due to the fact that they were unable to borrow from banks the sum of \$7,000. It is a very old and well-established firm.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Development During the Past Week.

A review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows the organization at Fort Worth, Texas, of the Fort Worth Bridge and Iron Company, capital \$100,000, by H. N. Hauber and others; the erection of a tobacco factory in east \$50,000 at Henderson, Ky., by the Hodge Tobacco Company; the organization of the Dan Jones Coal and Coke Company at Charleston, W. Va., by W. L. Wilson an associate, and of the Roaring Creek Coal and Coke Company at Roaring Creek, W. Va., by Robert C. Budd and others. Thirty-two new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with fourteen enlargements of manufacturing, and twenty-one important new buildings. Among the new industries are a carriage and brick and tile works at Houston, Texas, and Short Creek, West Va., tanning factories at Cole, Miss.; Hopewell, N. C., and Rutherford, N. C.; electric lighting plants at Atlanta and Oglethorpe, Ga., and four and great mills at Ringgold, Ga., Balm, N. C., and the Miller and Pine Wood, Tenn. A gas and electrical company is reported at Mount Sterling, Ky., at Greenville, W. Va., and a pump works at Morgantown, W. Va., and a shoe factory at Scentow, W. Va., a sugar mill at Burnside, La.; a sawmill at Fossil's Mills, Tenn. The wood factory at Harrison, Tenn., a dry kiln at New Orleans, La., lumber companies at Van Buren, Ark., Louisville, Ky., and Orange, Texas; saw and planing mill at Peach Orchard, Ark.; Hampton and Jacksonville, Fla., and Pine, Tex., and spoke and stave factories at Enterprise, Miss., and Pineville, Ky.

Among the enlargements of manufacturing are a cotton mill at Smithville, Texas; a flouring mill at Henderson, Ky.; glass works at Wellburg, W. Va.; mill at Bismarck, N. D.; a tannery at Middleborough, Ky., and a cotton mill at Chester, S. C.

A \$17,000 bank building is to be built at Wazachia, Texas; business houses at Hot Springs, Ark., Corvinton and Frankfort, Ky.; Springs, Ark., and New York, Ala.; a cotton mill at DeWitt, Ark.; a \$15,000 dormitory at Gainesville, Fla.; a factory building at Manchester, Va.; a \$30,000 hotel at Knoxville, Tenn.; and a \$14,000 school building at Louisville, Ky.—Trade-mark (Chattanooga, Tenn.).

ALTGELD CRITICIZED.

Chicago Newspapers Roast Him for Releasing the Anarchists. A Chicago special of Tuesday says: The release of the anarchist prisoners by Governor Altgeld has caused great excitement all over the state. In the city sentiment is divided. The governor is commended by the socialist element and he is severely condemned by the police and the people of property. Not so much comment would have followed had he released the men in a merciful spirit, but he has released them on the courts and the detective force is resentful. It is feared that the anarchists, who were well under the authorities, will become more active and aggressive. The comments of the press criticize the governor without regard to party.

The Record says: Not content merely to exercise his right to pardon the prisoners, the governor has overruled the supreme court of the state of Illinois. Apparently the governor thinks that the police should bear the blame for the riot, and that the men who were hanged were martyrs.

The Herald says: "The governor's action is well calculated to startle the public." The Record says: "Governor Altgeld thinks 17,000 words will be enough to bury him in the law abiding citizens of Illinois in overlooking the courts and the interest only of the enemies of law and order."

The Journal says: "Altgeld, the anarchist, deserves severe censure than even the murderers he has set free."

The news that Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, had pardoned Nebe, Schwab and Fielden, was received by the anarchist colony of New York, with wild enthusiasm.

SENATOR STANFORD'S BURIAL.

The Impressive but Simple Ceremonies Witnessed by a Great Throng. The funeral services over Senator Stanford were held Saturday on the grounds of Stanford University at Palo Alto, Cal., where the remains were placed in the family mausoleum. Special trains from San Francisco brought great numbers of people. The employees of the ranch, numbering 150 men, acted as an escort. They were followed by the clergy and pallbearers in carriages. The services were simple. Bishop Nichols read the burial service of the Episcopal church, and the choir of Grace church, San Francisco, sang several hymns. Rev. Dr. Stebbins, pastor of the Unitarian church, of San Francisco, delivered an address reviewing the life and character of the dead senator. At the conclusion of the address, the cortege proceeded to the mausoleum. When the final resting place of the dead was reached, the casket was then placed in a steel case and lowered.

ALEXANDER DONALD, FRANK, the convert to Mohammedanism, says he is negotiating large tracts of land in this country with a view of establishing Mohammedanism.

NUMBER 37.

We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

always put the meat in boiling water
preserve its juices. Soup, meat, how-
ever, should always be put on in cold

testify to division of opinion between himself and the other judge presiding in order that the appeal might have some precedence on the docket and receive an early hearing before that tribunal.

Mr. Crawford was radiant while the justice's decision was being delivered. The consciousness of victory beamed from his every feature and his expression seemed to say that the decision about to be made was in thorough accordance with his own view.

The bill of Mrs. Rowena Clarke, too, was dismissed, and the order of the court appointing a receiver under it was set aside. Justice Jackson de-

been deemed invalid and set aside, and from the date of which that was done, Mrs. Rowena Clarke is taxed with all costs of the suit—or rather her attorneys, Messrs. Rountree, Erwin and Patterson, will have to stand for them as it seems that Mrs. Clarke was absolved from all costs when she allowed the suit to be brought in her name.

The 42,000 shares can vote, but until the property is reorganized and they come in, their power will be limited to that of electing a board of directors of an insolvent corporation, and they cannot do even that until January, 1894. Mr. Crawford, how-

The appointment of the receiver under that also stands no longer. Mr. Crawford, however, was appointed receiver under the bill of the Central Railroad vs. the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company in June, 1893, and the order of the court as passed above in no way affects his appointment.

BI-METALISTS TO MEET.

Call for a Convention to Be Held at Chicago.

A call for a national convention of the American Bimetallist League was issued from national headquarters of the league at Washington Tuesday af-

Washington. The south and south-west favored St. Louis and the east and near by, Washington. The reason why Chicago prevailed was because of the inducements which the world's fair and the cut rates afford. The idea of the slave people is to meet at Chicago and adjourn to Washington. Therefore, the committee will reconvene at about the time when congress convenes and will, probably, continue in session until after the organization of that body.

SCORING ALTGELD.

Denounced from the Pulpit as Unfit for Office

most exciting turns from the pupils in New York Sunday. Rev. Madison Church, pastor of the Bloomingdale church, said: "The pardon of the surviving participants in the Haymarket riot in Chicago, in fulfillment of a compact made with the anarchists before election, was detestable enough and shows to what bargains our politicians will stoop for ballots. But he reasons the alien governor must be born as the excuse for clammy is still more to be condemned. He shows himself not only a foreigner by birth, but a continental European in his ideas. He is not fit for American citizenship."

due to extract it? (size)

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 6, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy four months .50

Heretofore Birmingham has looked to foreign money, for a brain and foreign energy to make her a great city. But this long siege of financial depression has taught a valuable lesson. Her citizens realize that they must depend upon themselves. Through the organization of a commercial club and through a number of committees the business men are being awakened. Moving together they are finding many plans to give fresh life to that city of such wonderful possibilities. Men, women and children are beginning to sing the praises of "great Birmingham" equal to what they did in "boom days," railroads believing that they are in earnest are running trains to bring in people during the hours of trade, and manufacturers believing that they will secure home patronage for their products are locating plants in Birmingham.

We congratulate the citizens on this business enterprise, and commend their example to other towns of Alabama.

When Congress assembled in extra session August the 7th it is hoped that its members will be actuated by only motives of the highest statesmanship. The country is in such dire need of financial relief that our representatives should forget all partisan ambition and be guided solely by a desire to benefit the country. There is no telling just what measures will be enacted beyond the repealing of the Sherman silver purchasing act. This it is believed would of itself restore confidence and brighten the world of trade even if no positive financial laws of another character should be passed. Eminent financiers suggest that after repealing the Sherman law a judicious commission be appointed whose duty it shall be to look into the financial laws of every leading country and report to Congress when in regular session, some plan whose adoption would give us a comprehensive and elastic currency.

The educational boom has started in Clanton. Last Friday night the citizens met together and after discussing the proposition to give Prof. McMorris a lot in Clanton, provided he would erect thereupon a suitable school building, it was decided that the lot should be given. Dr. Johnson offered to sell the citizens a beautiful lot containing four acres for much less than market value. This done it took only a few minutes to raise the necessary funds. Prof. McMorris has been notified of that action and it is hoped that he will soon begin his building. Now let everybody talk about our school until we grow really enthusiastic about it, and let no citizen of the town fail to make a contribution in money towards paying for the lot. Nothing will so help the town as a live school. Besides it is cheaper to maintain a good school at home than it is to send our children off and board them.

Now that Clanton has set the ball rolling we hope to hear that many other communities have determined on progress in the same line. Build good schools; houses and then employ only the best teachers and we will be astonished at our own improvement.

Happy was it for the United States that the Democrats came into power as early as they did. Extraneous pension laws, the Sherman silver law, the robber tariff and other acts of similar character had just about bankrupted this government and destroyed confidence. Our Democratic president, his cabinet and many of our senators and representatives being, not only men of ability but men of conscience and character were quick to see the impending danger, and at once, with strong hand they began to check it. With all their wisdom and haste they barely saved the country from the worst financial panic in the history

of this government. But every honest man no matter to what party he belongs should thank his God that he called such men to the kingdom for a time like this. Even Republicans acknowledge the mistakes their leaders made and will act with the Democrats in seeking to bring relief. Surely every Southern white man, even if heretofore he has felt hostile toward Cleveland, should take a new look at him and ask the question, if it would not be better for us to come once more together in support of such a man, or at least withhold further opposition until we have given him more time to demonstrate his willingness to be our common leader?

The Democrats of Marengo have set a noble example which should be followed by Democrats in every other county of the state. The two factions of the Democratic party held a meeting at Linden on the 4th to effect some plan of reconciliation. A Committee was appointed to canvass the county, beat by beat, and get the feeling of the citizens and then report at a general meeting to be held July 15th. Why should neighbors longer remain estranged. For more than two years we have been allowing ourselves to be carried to extremes in political matters, and all life-long friends have become foes. Worse things will result if we prolong such feelings, we will transmit to our children a heritage of hate whose fruit will be extremely bitter. For their sakes, and for our country's good let the white men of Alabama determine to forgive and forget. Grant that wrongs may have been committed on both sides it will not help matters to continue apart. Can the good men of Chilton County representing both political wings, not come together in a spirit of fairness and talk matters over, and then follow the lead of our Marengo brethren in devising a plan by which the breach shall be healed, and we can once more fall into line under one common banner and move onward as brethren? We appeal to every peace loving man to consider what has been written, and follow the guidance of an enlightened conscience.

The spirit of lawlessness has been growing rapidly in portions of our State during recent years. Because the prohibition law is not believed in by all the people, therefore the violators of its provisions are allowed to go unpunished. The United States Revenue laws against the illicit manufacture of whiskey seems to some an infringement of personal liberty and thus feeling, men are constantly defying the laws, and while such things are known to exist, even good people wink at it, or remain silent regarding the wrong. They say "oh it is simply a United States law." The constant violation of these laws develops the desperado spirit whose next step is intimidation and then bloodshed. So, in recent weeks, the Alabama newspapers have been giving accounts of the trials of white coppers from Cherokee and Cleburne counties. There men cruelly beat their neighbors who were sufficiently law abiding to report their evil deeds. It is no uncommon thing for the home and stock of a law abiding citizen to be destroyed by this class. They desire the abolition of law and demand that their neighbors when called to testify perjure themselves. It is thus easy enough to see that should out-lawry be allowed we would quickly glide into a state of the rankest anarchy. Uphold the law, whether we like it or not, should be the motto of every citizen. If there are among our fellow citizens those who have been in the habit of violating these laws let us as friends and neighbors urge them for their own sakes, for their children's sake and for the good of the country to desist, if they will not fall in line with us our duty in the light of our oath of allegiance to our State and nation and our desire for good order, is clear. No man who wants to educate his children and train them to be useful citizens would move into a community where lawlessness was unrestrained.

Cotton reports show a prevalence of bad weather and considerable injury from insects. July returns to the statistical Department of Agriculture make the average condition of cotton 82.7 against 85.6 in June.

Ponery, Ia., was totally swept away on July 7th by a tornado. The number of the dead is 53, fatally injured, 75 and 180 with broken limbs. The loss is estimated at \$200,000.

What Wm. C. Oates will Propose.

New York Daily News.

Hon. W. C. Oates of Alabama is one of those level headed and conservative party leaders to whom Democrats turn instinctively in a political crisis. His long services and prominence in Congress bespeak him a respectable hearing, and his close adherence to the principles of this party always adds to its influence. Mr. Oates has drawn an Omnibus Financial bill, which he will bring forward as the opening of the extra session of Congress. He speaks of it as a measure which may satisfy the creditor section of the country, the North and East, while it may equally relieve, in his judgment, the suffering South and West, in which it is said, there is "now not enough money" to make the ordinary household exchange.

Mr. Oates like all Democrats, loves the Sherman Silver Bullion law no whit more than he loves its author, John Sherman himself. Like all other Democrats, and in accordance with the plain and pre-emptory demand of the Chicago platform, he insists upon its repeal. But, as the Sherman law is not the only statute in existence which provides against the diminution of the aggregate of the money circulation of the country, and as the Democratic South and West protest against further contraction of the currency, he proposes to repeal the State Bank note tax. This he reminds us, is in strict accordance with the Chicago Presidential platform, which resolved:

"We recommend that the prohibitory 10 per cent. tax on State Bank issues be repealed."

Having thus obeyed the injunction of the Chicago platform both as to silver and as to State Banks, and having provided for replacing, by the paper of the latter, the coin certificates now issued under the Sherman law (and which its repeal will discontinue), Mr. Oates proposes to resume the coinage of silver, which the United States does not now coin at all. He finds the following guide in the Chicago platform:

"We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage; the dollar unit of coinage of both metals be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value."

Silver having fallen in value, as compared with gold, since the government ratio of value of the two metals was originally fixed. Mr. Oates will propose the fixing of a new ratio, which in the language of the Chicago platform, "shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar."

The man who finds fault with the efforts of the present administration must be hard put for an excuse to complain. With the view of leaving more money in the hands of the people and giving a clean and economical service the heads of the various departments on the advice of President Cleveland have abolished many needless offices, thereby saving millions of dollars to the people. Such charges were made in the administration of the pension laws that something like ten million will be saved annually. The secretary of agriculture will recommend to the President the abolition of meat inspection in the United States. This will be a saving of three million dollars annually. Surely such steps are a safe guarantee that the rights of the people will be guarded. Our alliance friends who have been so zealous for relief should show themselves the strongest supporters of our Democratic leaders since they are fulfilling every promise made. Those who asked for the sub-treasury will not get that; they are getting and will continue to get, the "something better" in an economically administered government, a reduction of the tariff and safe financial laws. The contemplation of such things should make us thank God that we live in the best country, among the best people and under the best government the sun ever shone upon.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PARALYSIS, RHEUMATISM.

Outrie, Ky., Sept. 9, 1891.

Dear Sir:—More than two years ago my eyes began to fail me. I immediately applied to eminent oculists for relief, for eighteen months they treated me without a particle of benefit. Finally, about three months ago I went blind, and, as a last resort, I procured and Electrotyped, which, very much to the gratification of myself and family has restored my sight. It has also greatly benefited my wife and daughter. My wife has been a subject of paralysis for more than two years, and my daughter a sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism for more than twelve years. All this has been effected in less than two years. Too much cannot be said in praise of the Electrotype. If I were the possessor of the only one in existence, and it could not be reproduced, the wealth of the universe could not purchase it. I consider it the greatest invention of the age. Truly and gratefully yours,

C. W. GREENFIELD, M. D.

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This standard remedy has been tried, and not found wanting, for forty years by an eminent physician who has used it with certain and varying success for all diseases of the blood and skin. It is a quick and absolutely driving out all disease from the system through the medium of the skin, liver and kidneys, and it is the result of ignorance or superstition, and it is founded upon common sense and a thorough knowledge of modern medical science. It is a blood purifier and cleanses the blood and brings health to the surface. As a general rule it is without a rival, and in its analysis of health-giving properties it is absolutely beyond comparison with any remedy ever offered to the public. It is the panacea for all skin diseases, from impure and impure blood, the current of life; quickly cures Eczema, Eruptions, Scabies, Rheumatism, Liver, Biliary and Bladder Diseases, Female Weakness, Nervous Diseases, etc.

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Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

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Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

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Montgomery, Alabama.

Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, C. S. Marks, J. F. Clisby, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

BIRMINGHAM BUSINESS COLLEGE.

AND School of Shorthand and Typewriting.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

The largest, the most thorough and complete business training school in the South. The only one in the State endorsed by business men. The home of fine Penmanship, Shorthand and Type-writing. Young men and women educated for every branch of commercial life. Students assisted in securing employment. Send for circular. Address,

AMOS WARD President.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND COLLECTION AGENCY

Dwellings Farms and Timber Land BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED, RENTED

Accident, Fire and Life Insurance Policies FURNISHED at LOWEST RATE

ACCOUNTS and NOTES, COLLECTED:-

Prompt - Attention - to - All - Business

C. W. HARE, CLANTON, ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH, DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TIME WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches, Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE, French and American (JEWELS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest possible price. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH, (Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue. —MONTGOMERY, ALA.—

ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE

—AND—

SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND and TELEGRAPHY

MONTGOMERY, ———— ALABAMA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution.

LEARNING BY DOING. Is the way children learn how to talk, walk, run—girls learn to sew, type, and cook by practice. Boys learn to use tools, and trades, not by books, but learn by doing. BUSINESS, LIKE THE REST, IS LEARNED BY DOING. BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS, and exactly.

Actual Business. As done by the business man, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at this institution. During his course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business.

HE DEALS WITH. No imaginary person; makes no imaginary sale, discounts or settlements; handles no imaginary papers; but the actual transactions must in every case be the place of theory work. Send for circular.

L. A. WYATT, Principal.

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DOWE'S DINING ROOMS

For LADIES and GENTLEMEN.

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No 118 Montgomery Street.

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—A FIRST CLASS BOARDING COLLEGE— FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Ten experienced Teachers. A full literary course. Vocal and Instrumental music. Art, Elocution and Stenography Specialties. The enrollment last year was 212. New and commodious Brick Building. Newly furnished. BOARDERS are taken as members of the PRESIDENT'S FAMILY.

East Lake is one of the healthiest and most Moral towns in the State. It is 900 feet above sea level.

For the prettiest Catalogue you have seen, Address

SOLOMAN PALMER, President.

EAST LAKE, ALA.

CHILTON

C. W. HARE, E.

CLANTON, ALA.

Ayer's Hair

Makes the hair soft, glossy, and in an excellent condition. I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again. I have used it for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again. I have used it for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again.

Ayer's Hair

Prevents hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again. I have used it for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again. I have used it for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again.

Ayer's Hair

Restores hair after it has been lost. I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again. I have used it for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again.

Ayer's Hair

Prevents hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again. I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again. I have used it for many years, and it has kept my hair from falling out, and it has made my hair grow again.

SCHEDULES, & N. A. TRAINS

GOING SOUTH

No. 1 Express Don'ts
No. 2 Mail
No. 3 Accommodation

GOING NORTH

No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodation

No. 9 and 10 make all stops at regular intervals.

LOCAL BREV

Hot weather. Clanton lets have a big Prof. J. M. Corleone on Friday. Water melons are being brought into town. Mr. R. C. Duke spent in Verden.

CLANTON

There was a dance at Tuesday eve. Mr. Wm. A. Collier with his family here. Mr. and Mrs. Oscar McMorris relatives in Junho. Mr. Manly Strick, of V. ed Clanton last Tuesday. Mr. James Hester has visiting friends in Junho. Mr. Durward Foshee week's visit to Birmingham. Mr. J. H. Gullidge was at the Clanton dance night.

CLANTON

Mr. Robt. Middleton, of came down on a visit to his Sunday. Mr. Ned Duke and Judge Jen enjoyed a fish frolic on last week. Mr. Ned Duke has returned bridge, Ga., after a visit he and relatives.

CLANTON

Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Loggins spent several days last relatives in Clanton. Mr. Blocker Williamson, came up to attend the dance last Tuesday night.

CLANTON

Miss Claude McMorris is home to Troy, Ala., after a time past with relatives here. Mr. R. C. Duke spent last part of this among friends in Clanton, where he enjoyed and enjoyed our town.

CLANTON

At last meeting of the Clanton they accepted Prof. proposition and agreed to buy lot whereon to erect the building.

CLANTON

Clinton welcomes back Dr. A. E. Bivings and family. He is spending sometime at Talladega Springs, for Dr. health.

CLANTON

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Samuels day for Estelle Springs, Tenn. pleasure trip. They expect two weeks. We wish them ble trip.

CLANTON

Several members of the were expelled from the last week for working. Ex times must have been go with them.

CLANTON

Jim Goodson, negro, charged necessary to the sheriff. Jim Higgins was given a fine Judge Honeycutt and to wait the grand jury Tuesday.

CLANTON

Messrs. A. J. Gullakorn, J. and Forest Potts attended a Higgins' ferry last Saturday returned to Clanton by the way where they took a fro places.

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
CLANTON, ALA., JUNY, 6, 1893

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Makes the hair soft and glossy.
"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for nearly five years, and my hair is now as glossy, and in an excellent state of preservation. I am forty years old, and have ridden the plains for twenty-five years."
—Wm. Henry Old, after "Morning Star," Newcastle, Wyo.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from falling out.
"A number of years ago, by recommendation of a friend, I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor to stop the hair from falling out and prevent the hair from turning gray. The first effects were most satisfactory. Occasional applications since have kept my hair thick and of a natural color."
—H. E. Nathan, McKinney, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Restores hair after fever.
"Over a year ago I had a severe fever, and when I recovered, my hair began to fall out, and what little remained turned gray. I tried various remedies, but without success, till at last I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and now my hair is growing rapidly and is restored to its original color."
—Mrs. A. Collins, Dighton, Mass.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from turning gray.
"My hair was rapidly turning gray and falling out, one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor has remedied the trouble, and my hair is now its original color and fullness."
—B. O. Knappe, Cleveland, O.
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Perfumers.

CHILTON & N. A. RAILROAD

Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 8:40 a. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:25 p. m.

Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Hot weather.
Clanton is to have a high school.

Prof. J. M. Corlewie is in town last Friday.

Water melons are beginning to come into town.

Mr. R. C. Duke spent last Saturday in Verbena.

There was a dance at Mullins' hall Tuesday eve.

Mr. Wm. A. Guller spent Sunday with his family here.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Mullins are visiting relatives in Okmulgee.

Mr. Manly Strick, of Verbena, visited Clanton last Tuesday.

Mr. James Hester has again been visiting friends in Jenison.

Mr. Durward Foshee is on a two week's visit to Birmingham.

Mr. J. H. Gullidge was in attendance at the Clanton dance last Tuesday night.

Mr. Robt. Middleton, of Birmingham, came down on a visit to his parents last Sunday.

Mr. Ned Duke and Judge H. J. Calton enjoyed a fish frolic on Duke's pond last week.

Mr. Ned Duke has returned to Birmingham, Ga., after a visit here to friends and relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. G. O. Logan, of Verbena, spent several days last week with relatives in Clanton.

Mr. Blocker Williamson, of Verbena, came up to attend the dance at Mullins' hall last Tuesday night.

Miss Claude McCraie has returned home to Troy, Ala., after spending some time past with relatives here.

Mr. R. C. Duke spent last week and part of this among friends and relatives in Clanton, where he enjoyed himself and entertained our town.

At last meeting of the citizens of Clanton they accepted Prof. McMorris' proposition and agreed to buy the school lot whereon to erect the building.

Clanton welcomes back to its midst Dr. A. E. Bivings and family who have been spending sometime this summer at Talladega Springs, for Dr. Bivings' health.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Sanyer left Monday for Edinburg Springs, Tenn., on a pleasure trip. They expect to be gone two weeks. We wish them an enjoyable trip.

Several members of the looters' club were expelled from the organization last week for working. Evidently the times must have been getting hard with them.

Jim Goodson, negro, charged on being necessary to the shooting of Mr. Jim Higgins was given a hearing before Judge Honeycutt and bound over to await the grand jury Tuesday.

Messrs. A. J. Gullin, Joe Hester and Forest Pitts attended a Plenary Higgins' ferry last Saturday. They returned to Clanton by the way of Compers where they took a frolic at that place.

Dr. J. S. Johnson is having an office built adjoining his drug store. Dr. Johnson is one of our most enterprising and active citizens who does much for the upbuilding of the capital of Chilton County.

The friends of J. N. Thornton, Esq., regret that he has left our peaceful little burg and immigrated to the wild west. He left last Friday for Elroy, I. T., where he goes to seek his fortune and to join his brother Tom, who has been in the Territory for two years and is prospering. We wish John much success.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Harplesville Dots.

Mrs. A. Foshee has been visiting friends in Randolph.

Mrs. N. A. Goodwyn has been visiting in Selma, and Mrs. Anna DuBoise returned home with her.

Mrs. Rebecca Goodwyn has been visiting her friends to visit here.

Miss Louisa Clayton is among her old friends here again.

We are holding our reputation as a health resort.

Mrs. Lock and family have come to spend the summer.

Mr. Herbert Woolley is home again.

Verbena Views.

Messrs. Taylor and Morris Thompson, of Montgomery, their mother and charming daughter, Miss Hattie are spending the summer in Verbena. They take their meals at the Clifton.

Sam W. Catls, of Clanton has been visiting relatives in our city.

Mrs. Warren Brown, of the Capital City, is spending the summer here.

Miss Fannie Griffin, the great temperance lecturer is a at home on a visit.

Miss Mamie Alexander, one of Montgomery's most accomplished and amiable young ladies is spending the summer at the Verbena hotel.

The Verbena base ball team joined bats with the Bozeman team here last Saturday. The score stood 13 to 8 in favor of Verbena.

Mrs. Rabb, of the Magic City has been visiting relatives here to the delight of her friends.

Quite a crowd of Bozeman boys came up to see the ball game.

We judge that a cow boy passed through our town the other night from the number of pistol shots fired.

We have had a good rain and the crops look well considering the unfavorable season.

The hog cholera is prevailing in this section.

We are glad to see the Clifton House once again filled with summer boarders, and they are such clever people too.

Major Gibson is happy. He has bought another fine horse.

We wish our new editor much success and may his subscription list grow.

Biblical Information.

The following information is said to be furnished by a convict who during his time of sentence and service devoted his attention at odd times when his day of toil was at an end to the Bible, counting words, verses, etc. The information is of value to those desiring information in regard to the Bible, and doubtless it took the convict sometime to obtain it. Whether he is still alive or yet in prison is not known. The piece was given to us by a lady in Clanton and requested to publish, and is as follows:

"The number of letters in the Bible are 3,586,489; words 773,002; 31,173; chapters 1,189; books 66. The longest in the old testament is Psalms: it having 150 chapters; the shortest is Obadiah: it having but one chapter of only 21 verses. The longest books in the New Testament are Matthew and the Acts, each of which consists 28 chapters, although Luke contains more verses and words. Third John is the shortest, containing one chapter, 14 verses and 296 words. The longest chapter in the Old Testament is the one hundred and nineteenth Psalm, which contains 176 verses. The shortest chapter is the one hundredth and seventeenth Psalm. It contains but two verses. The longest chapter in the New Testament is the first chapter of Luke, it contains 80 verses. The shortest is John the first chapter, it contains 10 verses. The ninth verse of the 8th chapter of Esther, it contains 90 words and is composed of 226 letters. The shortest verse is the 25th verse of the first chapter of II. Chronicles, consisting of 12 letters and three words. The middle verse is the eight verse of the 118 Psalm. The nineteenth chapter of II Kings and the 37 chapter of Isaiah read alike. The Book of Job is the oldest book in the Bible, and the 21st verse of the 7th chapter of Ezra contains all the letters

of the alphabet with the exception of J. The 35th verse, 11th chapter of St. John is the shortest in the Bible.

A Word to Clanton Business Men.

The VIEW is trying to move several good families into Clanton. But as they see so few merchants advertising in their county paper they naturally suppose they would find little accommodation here in the matter of buying goods, of course they do not care to come where they think it will be necessary to write to Montgomery or Birmingham for a supply of their necessities. Do you see the point? See it that your business appears in some shape each week in our columns. Keep your name before the public, or your old time friends will suppose you have failed in business or are dead, or would be patrons will go to other places to buy.

An advertisement of the East Lake Athenaeum appears in the VIEW. This is the school founded and presided over by Prof. Solomon Palmer, late superintendent of instruction for Alabama. It has been our privilege to know Prof. Palmer for some years, and no man is more anxious to see the youth of the land educated than he. The Athenaeum as now equipped presents many advantages and we are sure that many ladies under the care of such excellent people as Prof. and Mrs. Palmer will be well cared for.

Suppose we all stop wasting so much time talking politics and getting mad with each other and begin to talk about building up good schools in our several communities? There's pay in that.

The Best Blood Remedy.

August A. Kluge, 810 St. Charles street, Baltimore, Md., writes: "From my youth I suffered from a poisonous taint in my blood. My face and body was continually affected with eruptions and sores. I am now 42 years of age and had been treated both in Germany and America, but no remedy overcame the trouble until I used Balm Blood Balm. Now my skin is clear and smooth. I consider the poison permanently driven from my blood. I endorse it as the best blood remedy."

NOTICE

OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR

Estate of Wm. Walker, Probate Court, Clanton County, Alabama.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Wm. Walker, deceased, designated on the 16th day of May 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of Probate of Clanton County, Alabama, having been duly given, the said persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred by the said Judge of Probate. Adm. Ed. Wm. Walker, Sr., Deed. Clanton, Ala. July 10th 1893.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama } In Chancery.
Clanton County. }

Sarah Jane Hendley, At Clanton, complainant, Seventh District, North-eastern Chancery Division.

J. J. Hendley, respondent.
In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Sarah Jane Hendley that the defendant, J. J. Hendley is a non-resident of the State of Alabama; and that his place of residence is unknown to affiant, but is believed to reside in the State of Florida, and further that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Clanton View, a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said J. J. Hendley to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 1st day of August, 1893, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him. Done at office in Clanton this 24th of June 1893.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Robt. H. Knox, Sol. for complainant.

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of Odontunder. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on I. & N. R. between Bham and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 15th St. Blyton block. Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

F. E. BALDWIN. W. H. FOSHEE.

BALDWIN & FOSHEE, Attorneys at Law, CLANTON, ALABAMA.

YOUNG'S RESTAURANT

BY D. Fleming

THE PLACE FOR

THE CHEAPEST THE MARKET AFFORDS.

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Hale, Dingley & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles,

PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINE—MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business. Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, (Ginger, etc.); Elsie, Clonidine and Gentian Compound; Howard's Calf Skin for Horses; Expectorant-Mildew.

may 22-y

MARION MILITARY INSTITUTE.

COMBINES ADVANTAGES—Of private school and college. Building, grounds, accommodations, location, faculty probably unsurpassed by any other male school in the South.

HOME LIFE—Superintendent, faculty and professors in buildings, insure care and assistance.

USEFULNESS—Most attention given to studies needed in life. Learning by doing, not mere text-book recitation. Adapted to boys and young men. For Catalogue address,

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J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

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DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found in a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

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SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture. French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$150 Walnut Suits, Solid Stable Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store! ***

*** New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,

which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.

He solicits a share of public patronage.

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THE VIEW

Solicits YOUR

JOB WORK

ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Work Neatly Executed.

Cheap as the Cheapest.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Wanted to Exchange.

A Farm at Dixie Station for a Farm near Clanton.

A House and Lot in Verbena for a Home in Clanton, or for Farm Land near Clanton.

Will rent or sell Comfortable and well located Dwelling in Montgomery.

Prices too low to publish. Terms to suit purchaser. Address

C. W. HARE, Clanton, Ala.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 5th, 1893.

The University embraces Classical, scientific, literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses.

Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Entrance charges of a candidate \$25. Tuition fee in Law school \$50. Law students are not to reside in the College Hall, and are not subject to military discipline.

The authorities of the University have established a system of Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. The Principal of any school or Academy who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary school should obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University. For catalogue, address: RICHARD C. JONES, President, University P. O., Ala.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST.

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Moore, G. L. A. Louisville Ky.

W. B. NOLEN, Attorney at Law, AND COUNTY SOLICITOR. CLANTON, ALA.

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Hair Cutting and Shaving.

ROBERT H. KNOX, Attorney at Law, CLANTON, ALABAMA.

Box 34.

Subscribe for The View.

EXTRA SESSION CALLED THROUGHOUT THE TELEGRAPHIC CLEANINGS

FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST IS THE DATE.

JOYOUS NEWS FROM WASHINGTON.

The President Issues a Proclamation Convening Congress

And There is Great Rejoicing Consequently Up in the Act.

A Washington special says: The president late Friday afternoon issued his proclamation calling congress to meet in extraordinary session on Monday, August 7th.

This action was taken after a prolonged session of the cabinet at which there was warm discussion and wide difference of opinion. The president finally ended the matter by taking practically his own course.

The pressure for an earlier session has been growing stronger daily and since the action in India, it has been unprecedented. The pressure came from all parts of the country and particularly from the region east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio. It included all classes of business, bankers, manufacturers, merchants, in fact, every one to whom credit is a necessity.

It was particularly insistent from New York, both state and city. From New York city there came not only letters and telegrams from commercial bodies, but leading business men who enjoyed the acquaintance of Mr. Cleveland, came in person to urge the absolute business necessity of a session earlier than September.

This action has been favorably received at Washington by men of all shades of opinion, even those opposed to the repeal of the Sherman law, feeling that it is just as well that the issue should be met. There are not enough representatives and senators now in Washington to indicate definitely what the action of congress will be. It is regarded as certain that the repeal of the measure will pass the house, and that the final battle will be fought in the senate where the silver men are proportionately much stronger than they are in the other body.

The determination to call an extra session the first week in August instead of the first week in September, it is understood, was only arrived at the cabinet meeting Friday morning giving full weight to the telegrams received from all parts of the country urging this course.

Another consideration which caused the president to change his mind was foreseen in a remark made by one of his cabinet officers two days ago, that if the president received reasonable assurance that there was a likelihood of a prompt repeal of the so-called Sherman silver purchase law he might be disposed to call congress together earlier than he had announced. It is inferred from the fact that the president has done so that he considers he has obtained the assurance that he desired.

THE PROCLAMATION.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, Washington, D. C., June 30, 1902. Whereas, The distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation which pervades all business circles have already caused great loss and damage to our merchants and threaten disaster, stop the wheels of manufacture, bring distress and privation to our farmers and withhold from our working-men the wage of labor, and

Whereas, The present perilous condition is largely the result of a financial policy which the executive branch of the government finds embodied in unwise laws which must be executed until repealed by consent;

Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, in performance of a constitutional duty, do by this proclamation declare that an extraordinary session requires the convening of both houses of the congress at the capital, in the city of Washington, on the

SEVENTH DAY OF AUGUST, next, at noon, that the people may be relieved through legislation of the present impending danger and distress. All those entitled to act as members of the fifty-third congress are required to take notice of this proclamation and attend at the time and place above stated.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States in the city of Washington, on the thirtieth day of June, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and ninety-three, and of the independence one hundred and seventeenth.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

BIG DAY AT CHICAGO.

Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand People Celebrate the Fourth.

A Chicago special says: It is fitting that the Fourth of July, the national day of the nation's independence, should witness the largest attendance of the season at the world's Columbian exposition. Although the official returns are not yet in, the officials do not hesitate to declare that Tuesday's attendance will not fall short of 250,000. Every railroad running into Chicago gave a special Fourth of July rate, and the closing of commercial houses in the city enabled the working and business people of Chicago to swell the throng until the aggregate became greater than that of any previous day of attendance. The exercises of the day were grand and on an immense scale. General Adlai E. Stevenson, vice president of the United States, was the orator of the day.

Silver Firmer.

The silver market was decidedly firmer at New York Saturday, 155,000 ounces changing hands at the board at 70 1/2 at 71. The closing quotations were 70 1/2 bid and asked.

Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Epitomized

And Important Happenings from Day to Day Tolerably Told.

Saturday evening the jury in the United States court at Birmingham, Ala., brought in a verdict of guilty against Bud Parker, Ed Barnister, Turner Barnister, Bud Gilly, Lorenzo Phillips and Squire Fant, indicted for "white capping" the White Cotton family some months ago.

Henry Fink and Thomas Spence were appointed receivers of the Louisville Southern railroad by Judge H. H. Lorton, of the United States circuit court at Nashville, Tenn., Monday. The appointment was made in answer to the application of the Central Trust Company, of New York.

A Raleigh special of Monday says: The railway commission has completed its assessment of seventy railroads in North Carolina, and the total value closely approximates \$25,000,000. The Raleigh and Gaston division of the Seaboard Air-Line, which has heretofore paid no taxes, is assessed at \$10,000 per mile; total, \$1,250,000.

The mayor of Knoxville, Tenn., M. E. Thompson, and his brother, S. O. Thompson, made an assignment Saturday for the benefit of their creditors. The liabilities are placed at \$102,000, with nominal assets of nearly \$400,000. The assets consist of valuable real estate. The assignment is made on account of inability to realize in the present monetary stringency.

A dispatch of Wednesday from Lexington, Ky., says that a combine has existed in the freight depot of the Cincinnati Southern railroad for some months, whereby the road has been robbed of between forty and fifty thousand dollars. Eight conductors and ten engineers and the timekeeper, have been issuing fraudulent time checks. These checks were made out by the conductors and engineers and honored by the timekeeper.

Near Bardonia, Ky., Wednesday morning, Rubie and Mary Ray, aged twelve and sixteen respectively, daughters of John S. Ray, were murdered by an unknown man. The two girls went to a thicket a short distance from the house to pick berries. When found a half hour later the throats of both were cut from ear to ear. The bodies were horribly mangled, plainly showing that the young girls had been outraged before murdered.

Mr. Henry, of Birmingham, Ala., was on Saturday awarded the contract for the construction of the monster lock on the Colbert shoals canal, which will be the largest in the United States when completed. The bid was \$345,000. It is to be completed in two and a half years. The canal will be 8 miles long and 150 feet wide. This will afford navigation up the Tennessee river to Chattanooga. The canal will cost \$3,000,000 and the money is all available.

Tuesday was the biggest day in the history of Greenwood, S. C. Nearly 6,000 visitors were in the city indulging in the exercises and sport incident to the reunion of the Sixth South Carolina cavalry. About 1,500 of these veterans are of all classes and descriptions. The feature of the day was the address of General John B. Gordon, of Atlanta, who made a superb talk to the immense crowd which feebly responded to his vigorous and eloquent words.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: There is much satisfaction and relief at the action of the syndicate which purchased the new 1 1/2 per cent bonds of this state, intended to retire six per cent brown bonds in completing the payment to the state treasury of \$5,250,000, the full amount for the new bonds. The syndicate is composed of the Baltimore Trust and Guarantee company, of Baltimore, John L. Williams & Sons, of Richmond, Va., and R. A. Lancaster & Co., of New York, and their associates.

The grand jury Friday morning returned an indictment against E. E. Cunningham, of the defendant Brunswick, Ga., State bank, charging him with receiving deposits after he knew the bank to be insolvent. His bond, which was \$2,500, was easily made. Mr. Cunningham has always stood high in the estimation of the people of Brunswick, and has many friends who believe that he intended no wrong. The grand jury adjourned without finding indictments against any of the other officers of this bank.

The Mississippi railroad commission Wednesday assessed the first-class roads viz: the Memphis and Charleston, the Illinois Central, the Louisville and Nashville, the Alabama Great Southern at \$12,000 per mile. This is a reduction of \$500 per mile from last year's assessment. The Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham was put at \$10,000; the Mobile and Ohio at \$9,000; the Georgia Pacific at \$8,000; the Alabama and Vicksburg at \$8,500 and the narrow gauge roads at \$5,000, except the Gulf and Chicago, which was fixed at \$2,500 per mile.

A Columbia special of Wednesday says: The outlook for a cotton crop in South Carolina is exceedingly discouraging, and there is a poor prospect for over a half crop. Most of the counties report that cotton is small and that there are very few blooms. In many counties it cannot recover from the excessive rains. The bottom leaves are red and yellow and are dropping off. In Charleston it is thriving and the crop will be the largest in years, and of unsurpassed quality. The Piedmont counties report that cotton is recovering and showing healthy appearance and growing nicely, and in the others is about two weeks late and impossible to make half a crop. In many counties it has turned red and has fired up considerably.

THROUGHOUT THE

Papa—What is your mamma doing? Little Daughter—Knitting. Papa (surprised)—Knitting? What? Little Daughter—I don't know; but you needn't be scared. It isn't her brown.—(Wood News.)

The News of the World Condensed into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

At Madrid, Wednesday evening, the police arrested a man carrying a bomb under his coat in the immediate neighborhood of the house of ex-President Canovas del Castillo.

Alexander Trase, Patrick Bailey, James Morris and J. A. Carson were drowned in Lake Tahoe at Carson, Nev., Wednesday by the upsetting of a small boat in which they were sailing.

Wednesday the German reichstag, by a large majority, elected Herr Von Levetzow conservative president; Baron von Buol, clerical first vice president; Herr Burklin, national liberal and second vice president.

The McPherson County bank at Golden, Col., did not open its doors Monday morning, but, instead, made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. "Impossible to collect on notes outstanding," is given as the cause of the failure.

Freiberg Bros., dealers in liquors at Cincinnati, made an assignment Monday. The cause is stated to be the stringency for some months, but the present difficulty to obtain money compelled an assignment. The liabilities are estimated at \$500,000, with assets about the same.

Aside from the celebration at the world's fair grounds, Tuesday was the liveliest Fourth of July Chicago has had for many years. Forty-one people were injured by powder and three of them were fatally injured. The fire department was on the run all day. There were 155 alarms sent in.

The British cruisers Edgar and Pheton, of the Mediterranean squadron, arrived at Valeta, Malta, Friday, having on board the surviving officers and crew of the battleship Victoria. Large crowds gathered along the water front, awaiting their arrival. Everybody was excited and eager to learn the full particulars of the catastrophe.

At Denver, Col., Saturday morning, the Denver, Salt Lake and San Francisco Railway company was incorporated under the laws of Colorado. It is capitalized at \$10,000,000 and has for its prime mover and promoter ex-Governor John Evans, president of the first railway built into Denver. Most of the directors of the company will enter well into the venture and it is safe to say they are worth \$50,000,000 of money.

That public debt statement issued Saturday afternoon shows that there was a net decrease of \$1,216,258 during the month of June. The interest bearing debt increased \$1,590; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity decreased \$9,950; debt bearing no interest decreased \$224,162; and cash in the treasury increased \$897,136. The aggregate interest and non-interest bearing debt, June 30th, was \$961,431,766.

A special of Wednesday from Newport, R. I., states that Justice Blatchford is in a critical condition. He is continually losing strength and vitality and his physician finds it necessary to make frequent calls. No information is yet obtainable from the house, but it is reported that he still continues to retain his mental faculties, though obliged to give up all work. He is also reported as now refusing everything except liquid food.

New York City's handsome monument to the heroes who fell at Gettysburg was dedicated with impressive ceremonies Sunday. It was the great day of the celebration of the thirtieth anniversary of the two days' fight. Seven thousand veterans, the governor's aide of the battle and thousands of veterans and visitors from other states were present to attend the impressive ceremonies.

The eighth annual convention of the socialist labor party of the United States opened at Chicago Sunday. A business session occupied the morning, and in the afternoon a majority of the delegates went to visit the graves of the anarchists. The convention will last five days, during which time the first propositions submitted by the various sections of the organization regarding a change in the party's platform and a remodeling of the constitution will be discussed.

Hundreds of people gathered Tuesday at the Clinton Menley bell foundry, Troy, N. Y., to view the Columbian liberty bell and hear its first tones. At 1 o'clock word was received from Chicago, with which place direct communication with the foundry was had, that all was ready for the ringing of the bell. Two workmen held sixty-pound bell clapper, which Mr. Chester Menley guided, while the blows were struck on the bell, which was in the foundry yard, mouth upward. The notes sounded were deep and melodious and when they rang out the assembly cheered and cheered again. The clapper used to ring the bell is only thirty pounds in weight.

OHIO PEOPLE'S PARTY

Held a State Convention in Columbus and Nominate a Ticket.

The people's party of Ohio met at Columbus Tuesday in state convention with over 300 delegates in attendance. H. E. Tammock, of Illinois, chairman of the national committee, was present. The following ticket was named: For governor, J. E. Brack, of Columbus; lieutenant governor, M. Booley, of Clinton county; treasurer, William H. Taylor, of Champaign county; attorney general, J. H. Rhodes, of Sandusky; judge supreme court, C. T. Clark, of Columbus; dairy and food commissioner, Thomas N. Hickman, of Morrow county; member of board of public works, Matthew Baber, of Clark county.

Probably a Fake.

The Greek consul-general, stationed at London, laughs at the idea of the abdication of King George, of Greece, as announced in the newspapers. He declares the story as preposterous.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Happenings from Day to Day in the National Capital.

Appointments in the Various Departments—Other Notes of Interest.

Hon. Robert P. Porter, superintendent of the census, has resigned, to take effect immediately. Mr. Porter has been desirous of severing his connection with the office for over a month, and recently completely severed business arrangement with a New York enterprise which demands his early attention.

The action of the treasury in declining to buy silver Wednesday at the market price the metal brought in New York, on the ground that the price is an artificial one, is bitterly resented by the silver men in Washington. They see in it another link in the chain of the conspiracy which encircles the world to destroy silver as a money metal.

Assistant Secretary Hamblin, in view of the repeated violation of the law in the sale of goods on exhibition at the world's fair, without the payment of the customs duty, attaching, has instructed Collector Clark to hereafter strictly enforce the law, which provides a penalty for its violation, of a fine of not more than \$500 or imprisonment for not more than ten years.

It has been stated that appropriation bills would be taken up by the extra session before even the financial question. At the treasury department it was learned that the request for the various departments to submit their estimates for the next fiscal year was made before the call of the session. It will take three weeks for the treasury department to place them in such shape that they could be considered by the appropriation committee.

Inquiry at the treasury department Wednesday as to whether the amount of silver offered the government was as large as an formerly, developed the fact that for the first six months of the current calendar year the offers aggregated 52,300,000 ounces, while for the same period last year they were only 45,350,000, showing an excess for the corresponding period of this year of 6,950,000, which would indicate that the production of silver was not falling off in the United States.

The celebration of the Fourth of July at the national capital opened with religious services at Epiphany church, conducted by Rev. Dr. McKim, in the presence of the sons of the Revolution and others. They are to be placed on the pension rolls. The reading of the Declaration of Independence, two speeches were made. Other societies observed the day in a formal manner. Business was suspended and all the government departments closed.

Assistant Secretary Reynolds, of the interior department has made a pension decision which will be welcome news to a large number of women who ministered to wounded soldiers in hospitals during the late war. They are to be placed on the pension rolls. The question arose upon a communication from the commissioner of pensions as to whether those women who superintended the diet of the sick and wounded soldiers were entitled to pensions under the provisions of the act commonly known as the nurse act.

The effect of the announcement of an extra session of congress upon senators and representatives in Washington was very marked. Senator Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, first known of the president's action when informed by an Associated Press representative. He was not surprised. "That being the case," said the senator, "it will not be long before we are again at work. Inasmuch as congress has to deal with the subject of finance, it is well that we get about it, and the sooner the better. I do not know that congress can or will hang round the country, but it is our duty to make the effort and there is no wisdom in delay."

Circulation Figures.

The monthly circulation statement issued by treasury department Tuesday shows a net decrease on circulation since June 1st, of \$2,245,490, and since July 1, 1892, of \$9,946,977, making the amount of all kinds of money in circulation on July 1, 1892, \$1,098,728,411. The classes of money in circulation is as follows: Gold coin, \$409,638,700; standard silver dollars, \$57,029,743; subsidiary silver, \$65,400,268; gold certificates, \$93,970,019; silver certificates, \$326,489,165; treasury notes, act July 4, 1890, \$140,061,694; United States notes, \$320,875,689; currency certificates, act of June 8, 1872, \$11,985,000; national bank notes, \$174,731,182. It is our duty to make the effort and there is no wisdom in delay.

The calling of congress in extra session is already evoking gossip as to the reorganization on both the bodies. Such changes as are to be made in the official force of the senate, including a new secretary and sergeant-at-arms, have already been determined upon, and the new officers will enter upon their duties and salaries when the senate meets.

That only new face on the floor of the senate will be Stanford's successor, appointed by the governor of California. The other senators were sworn in on the 5th of March last. A complete reorganization of the house is involved, with many members to take their seats. A new speaker, clerk, sergeant-at-arms, doorkeeper and postmaster are to be elected, and brand new committees are to be appointed. This does not necessarily mean a change in the personnel of all these officials, but it is quite in the bounds of probability that some of them may be supplanted by new men.

Anthony Drexel Dead.

Drexel & Co., of Philadelphia, received the startling information in a cablegram from Carlisle Friday afternoon that Anthony J. Drexel, the head of the counting house of Drexel, McComb & Co., of Philadelphia, had died suddenly from apoplexy. It is stated at the office of Drexel & Co. that the death of Mr. Anthony J. Drexel will make no change whatever in the business of Drexel & Co.

SWEETENINGS IN THE MUCK

Or golden, made my head fully twice its natural size. For three years all my strength seemed to go into the sweetening. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which gave me strength, relieved distress in my stomach, and best of all, made me feel like a new man. I am now, Mrs. Swinstead, in the best of health, weigh 190 lbs. Mrs. H. C. Swinstead, Union County, Mississippi, Pa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills not only, but promptly and gently, on the liver and bowels. 25 cents.

A Valley of Death in Bolivia.

"There is a valley in Bolivia, South America, which might well be called the Valley of the Shadow of Death," said Edgar Stapleton. "It has been inhabited for an indefinite period of years by the Kanna Indians, who are kindred to the various South American tribes and number now only a few hundred souls. That they were once powerful tribe is indicated by the condition of the land which they as a tribe still inhabit. One cannot travel any distance through their land without coming upon the old and forsaken burial grounds of the Kanna dead. These places cannot be called graveyards, for the bodies are not buried, but rather placed upon elevated platforms, wrapped in the garments of death and bound to the crossbeams that they may not be displaced.

In one of these burial grounds there will be probably 50 high skeleton platforms, and on each will lie from three to five of the Kanna dead. The air in that part of Bolivia is very pure and preservative, for it is one of the highest plateaus of the continent, although Kanna valley is just a little below the plateau's height. A traveler passing through that land at night and by moonlight would be awestricken at the gloomy vision those graveyards present.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Comment on the Greek Costume.

On one occasion when Harriet Homer, the sculptor, was addressing an audience of clubwomen on Greek art she alluded especially to the flowing lines in the dress worn by women in the age of Pericles. But she impressed upon her hearers the important fact that it was a dress suited to that period when women remained much within doors and when no public duty was demanded of them. "Beautiful as it was," she said with her delightful laugh, "we could not imagine a nineteenth century woman running to catch a train in such a garment."


Dressed to Kill, but Didn't.

Jack—"Calling on Miss Brighteyes pretty regularly, I notice." George—"Y-o-o, rather." Jack—"How does your suit progress?" George—"Not so well as I thought it would—latest English cut, too."



IN EVERY Receipt that calls for baking powder use the "Royal." It will make the food lighter, sweeter, of finer flavor, more digestible and wholesome.

"We recommend the Royal Baking Powder as superior to all others."—United Cooks and Pastry Cooks Association of the United States.



"August Flower"

Miss C. G. McClave, School-teacher, 753 Park Place, Elmira, N. Y. "This Spring while away from home teaching my first term in a country school I was perfectly wretched with that human agony called dyspepsia. After dieting for two weeks and getting no better, a friend wrote me, suggesting that I take August Flower. The very next day I purchased a bottle. I am delighted to say that August Flower helped me so that I have quite recovered from my indisposition."

"MOTHER'S FRIEND"

is a scientifically prepared Liniment and harmonizes every ingredient in a recognized value and in constant use by the medical profession. It shortens Labor, Lessens Pain, Diminishes Danger to Life of Mother and Child. Book "To Mothers" mailed free, containing valuable information and voluntary testimonials. Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, \$1.00 per bottle. Refuse to be deceived. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Adams St., Sold by all druggists.



Rising Sun Stove Polish

Do Not Be Deceived with Polishes, Waxes and Putty which stain the metal, injure the iron and burn the wood. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is a Brilliant, Cleansing, and the consumer pays for the best quality package with every purchase.

HOMES FOR THE POOR AND RICH ALIKE

Large and small farms in Alabama, South Carolina and Georgia, for sale by Mrs. J. J. Feltner. Special advantage offered to ten or more purchasers, forming a colony. Write for particulars to T. J. FELDER, Atlanta, Ga.

BIG MONEY

Be compensated by selling an article. The competition entirely new patented device. No Capital Required. Patients. Write for particulars. FREE PAID LETTER CO. 25 cent stamp to Mrs. J. J. Feltner, Atlanta, Ga.

CANCER Cured Permanently

NO KNIFE, NO POISON, NO CLAMOR. Dr. J. J. Feltner, Atlanta, Ga.

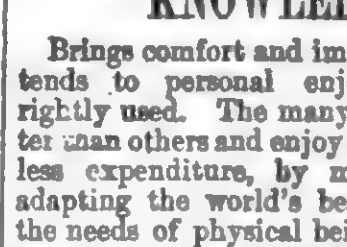


KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adopting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.



Pilgrim Spring Bed

And secure that peaceful sleep which alone can refresh the mind and the full sense of the enjoyment of a healthy life.

The PILGRIM is made of highly tensioned steel wire, is 24 inches deep, and will last a lifetime. Beware of cheap imitations, for they are not what they seem.

Established at No. 21 Warren Street, New York; 21 Hamilton Place, Boston. For sale by all reliable dealers.

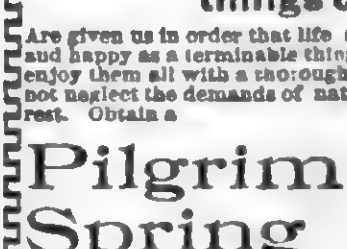
Pilgrim Spring Bed No. 501

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

See Brand Registered Trademark on all "PILGRIM" Beds. Send for Money Saving Primer. Free.

Atlas Tack Corporation, Boston.

STANFORD—Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Baltimore, San Francisco, Lynn, Worcester, Portland, Me., Fairhaven, Mass., Waltham, Mass.; Duxbury, Mass.; Plymouth, Mass.



Delicious Drink

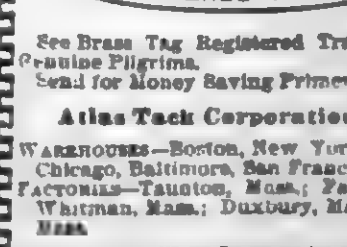
EASILY MADE

(CHERRY) AMBROSIA

SUMMER COLD. WINTER HOT. PURE FRUIT JUICES.

Quenches Thirst. Aids Digestion. Cools the Blood. Promotes Sleep. Quenches Thirst. Temperance Drink.

Put up in condensed form, 10, 25 and 50 cent bottles. Ask your druggist or grocer to send you a genuine glass bottle. You will find it a refreshing, purifying, healthful beverage. Sold by express, prepaid, enough to make several glasses. A. J. HOUSH & CO., 528 Washington St., Boston, Mass. AGENTS wanted in each town.



Lovell Diamond Cycles

ARE THE BEST

Send for free catalogue of bicycles, parts and sporting goods of every description. JOHN P. LOVELL, 1000 Broadway, Boston, Mass.



MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS

WITHE THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS.

No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive rivets into harness and quickly, leaving the harness as strong as new. Rivets are made in the leather and never pull out. They are always tough and durable. Millions now in use. Ask your dealer for them, or write to J. P. Thomson, 1000 Broadway, Boston, Mass.

State Normal College, Troy, Alabama.

Altitude 600 ft., climate mild and beautiful; choice of College Courses leading to degrees of Bachelor, Master and Doctor of Education, Pedagogy and Philosophy and to Life Certificate of Professional Education. Diploma from State Superintendent. Scholarship and other prizes. For information address E. H. BRIDGES, Jr., President, Troy, Ala.

AN IDEAL FAMILY MEDICINE

For Indigestion, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Colic, Cholera, and all the ailments of the stomach, Liver and Bowels.

DIAPHRAGM TABLETS


and other family medicine. Send for free catalogue of medicines, books and pamphlets. Write for free sample of DIAPHRAGM TABLETS. J. P. THOMSON, 1000 Broadway, Boston, Mass.

GOITRE CURED

Send for FREE CURE. Plan's Remedy for Goiter is the Best. Easiest to Use and Cheapest. Thousands of cures. Write for particulars. Dr. J. P. Thomson, 1000 Broadway, Boston, Mass.

CATARH

Send for free catalogue of medicines, books and pamphlets. Write for free sample of CATARH. J. P. THOMSON, 1000 Broadway, Boston, Mass.



Catarrh

Send for free catalogue of medicines, books and pamphlets. Write for free sample of Catarrh. J. P. THOMSON, 1000 Broadway, Boston, Mass.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis railroads pass through the County, and the Georgia and Alabama boundary line on the east. The Chilton County is farming and saw mill, and has a large stock raising industry.

The Chilton View.

C. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

TERMS: \$1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, JULY 20, 1893.

NUMBER 38.

NEW STORE! Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at NEW PRICES! KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE, Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA. We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices Twenty Cents per Line. Advertisements for the day after the 1st of September. Monday, February, and after that time. Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

TELEGRAPHIC GLEANINGS.

The News of the World Condensed Into Pithy and Pointed Paragraphs.

Interesting and Instructive to All Classes of Readers.

The total amount of damage done by the Wisconsin cyclone in the state is conservatively estimated at \$800,000.

Cable dispatches state that eighty-five cases of cholera are reported in the hospital at Alexandria, Egypt. Forty deaths from the disease have occurred.

The Bank of Commerce at Springfield, Mo., failed Wednesday. The last statement showed \$255,000 in resources, a surplus of about \$10,000 and \$176,000 in deposits.

Charles M. Barnes, stationer and bookbinder, at Chicago, assigned Wednesday; assets, \$171,000; liabilities, \$163,000. Confession judgment entered in the superior court caused the suspension.

The grand jury, after investigating the charges of L. A. Lappen & Co. and the Plankinton bank, at Milwaukee, Wis., has reported indictments for all the officers and directors of the Plankinton bank.

Fire Tuesday night completely destroyed the Lake Superior Mineral Paint Company's factory and the lime kilns owned by the warehouse and Builders' Supply Company at West Superior, Wis. The loss is \$100,000.

The Chamberlain Investment Company, at Denver, Col., the largest real estate concern in the west, closed its doors Monday morning. The liabilities direct and contingent, are \$2,326,129, assets are \$3,000,000.

An application will be made at New York to have Samuel Spencer made co-receiver of the Richmond and Danville and East Tennessee companies. The receivers in control of these companies will retain their positions.

The Loch bleacher and dye works of Loch, N. Y., were entirely destroyed by fire Sunday afternoon. The plant was valued at \$100,000; covered by insurance. About a hundred men and women were thrown out of employment.

A Chicago dispatch says: Oscar Nebe, the anarchist who was recently released from the penitentiary, was quietly married at three o'clock Wednesday afternoon to Miss Eliza Hepp. The bride is the owner of a flourishing saloon.

Miss Elizabeth J. Southall Clarke, of Newport News, has been elected to represent the state of Virginia in the tabular of the state in connection with the reunion of Confederate veterans at Birmingham, Ala., in September.

Sunday evening an excursion of six cars full of people, returning to Cincinnati from a motor excursion ran onto a sidetrack into a lot of empty cars. Robert Lang, of Corning, Ky., was killed, and a large number of people were wounded.

The Cramps, shipbuilders at Philadelphia, have decided to launch the cruiser Minneapolis August 12th, next. Miss Washburn, daughter of Senator Washburn, of Minnesota, has been named by Secretary Herbert to officiate as godmother at the christening.

The Southern Steamship Association held its annual meeting at Coney Island Tuesday. The contracts for last year came up for consideration, but on account of the present uneasy state of the money market no changes will be made in the present agreement.

Monday a magazine containing two tons of dynamite, belonging to the Mercantile Central Trust company, located several miles from Denver, Col., exploded with terrible force. The shock was felt over the city. At the magazine a hole was torn in the earth over forty feet deep.

A New York dispatch of Tuesday says: The sheriff has received an attachment for \$101,850 against the Central Railway and Banking company of Georgia in favor of Charles McKay and served copies of it on the Mercantile Central Trust company, the Hanover bank and other parties.

The Milburn Wagon Company, whose works at Toledo, Ohio, are the second largest in the world, on Monday served notice on its 800 employees of a 25 per cent reduction in wages. A large number of men at once laid down their tools and walked out, and not over a score of men have returned to work.

A dispatch of Tuesday from Caddo, La., says: Governor Jones has returned home, after attending the special session of council in regard to the shooting of the nine Choctaws, who have been reprieved by the national government. He says they will be shot or he will call out every member of his militia to accomplish that end.

It has been discovered that Oscar F. Hill, cashier of the Commercial National Bank of Ogden, Utah, is a defaulter to the amount of \$65,000, and the bank will close its doors and go into voluntary liquidation. The depositors will lose nothing, as the principal stockholders are among the

THROUGHOUT THE SOUTH.

Notes of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Epitomized.

And Important Happenings from Day to Day Tersely Told.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: The Atlantic Coast line authorities, on Saturday, received instructions similar to those issued by the Richmond and Danville to go ahead and receive all shipments of liquor from parties outside of the state.

A heavy electric and rain storm visited the neighborhood of Middleborough, Ky., Saturday night in which a shower of fish of various species was precipitated on the town. They ranged in length from 1-2 to 3 inches, the cloud came from the northwest.

Colonel Thomas Whitehead, Virginia's state commissioner of agriculture, has accepted an invitation to address the convention of commissioners of agriculture in Atlanta Ga., July 19th. His subject will be: "A Uniform Law for the Control and Inspection of Fertilizers."

At Charleston, S. C., Wednesday, Isaac Mitchell and his entire family, consisting of five persons, were poisoned. Mitchell and his daughter, Ada, are dead, and the others are dangerously ill. The physicians who made the examination agreed that the people were poisoned by arsenic.

A Charleston special of Saturday says: There are no new developments in the whisky legislation. The old law is much encouraged by Judge Hudson's decision at Washington, that the dispensary act was unconstitutional, for, by reason, by taking business away from individuals, the state has created a monopoly for itself.

The department of agriculture of North Carolina issued its July report Tuesday, based on statements made by 4,200 correspondents. The percentages of the condition of crops are given as follows: Cotton, 78; rice, 87; peanuts, 90; corn, 95; tobacco, 87; clover and hay, 94. Tobacco of this year's growth is beginning to be marketed.

A Charleston dispatch says: This city is still waiting with expectant eyes the punishment promised it by Governor Tillman for refusing to take the dispensary act from a state dispensary. The dispensary is in operation and their respective numbers, to wit: Andrew Coleman, camp 301, Bryson City, N. C.; Willie Point, 302, Willie Point, Tex.; Camp Colquhoun, 303, St. Petersburg, Fla.; Benvenuto ex-Confederate, 304, Jacksonville, Ill.; Jefferson Lamar, 305, Charlotte, Ga.; Beasgard, 306, Collinsville, Tex.; Camp Brooks, 307, Daingerfield, Tex.; St. Clair, 308, Asheville, Ala.; Charles F. Fisher, 309, Salisbury, N. C.; A. A. Greene, 310, Lafayette, Ala.; W. Farrell, 311, Winona, Miss.; E. Giles Henry, 312, Tusculum, Miss.; James Deahler, 313, Tusculum, Miss.; Stevens County, Tex., 314, Brookhaven, Tex.; Palmetto Guard, 315, Charleston, S. C.; Randolph, 316, Wedowee, Ala.; Castley, A. R. Jones, 317, Selma, Ala.; Tom Hendman, 318, New York, Ark.; Colonel Charles F. Fisher, 319, Salisbury, N. C.; Camp Ruffin, 320, Troy, Ala.; Ike Turner, 321, Livingston, Tex.; W. P. Rogers, 322, San Saba, Tex.; Camp Rogers, 323, Carrollton, Ala.; Stockdale, 324, Magnolia, Miss.; David O. Dodd, 325, Benton, Ark.; Junius Daniel, 326, Littleton, N. C.; Henry D. Clayton, 327, Ashland, Ala.

The weather crop bulletin for South Carolina, issued Tuesday, says: A general crop, comes from all sections for rain, and unless showers occur shortly, great injury will result. Cotton is reported low from one to two weeks, and while a slight improvement is noticed, it is not sufficiently widespread to warrant much consideration. Corn has been hit by in good condition in the majority of counties. Gardens are failing fast. Potatoes are about the only thing which have derived any great benefit from the weather of the past week.

A rumor was current in Columbia Tuesday that the general assembly of South Carolina will be called together this year on November 1st, one month earlier, giving the lawmakers two months instead of one. The average reason for this is the completion of the codification of the laws, but it is also presumed that the governor intends to have the legislature on hand ready to act on the decision of the supreme court which meets November 1st as to the constitutionality of the dispensary law, and also to arrange to pay the big deficit which it is thought will be made by the dispensary.

POPULISTS IN KANSAS Making Preparations to Reorganize the Militia to Their Advantage.

A Topeka special says: The Populists took action Wednesday which indicates their purpose to reorganize the Kansas militia in such a manner that it can be depended upon in the event of a condition of affairs arising similar to that which confronted them at the legislative session last winter to carry out populist orders. It will be remembered that the militia refused to obey orders to dislodge the republican board of the representative hall. The board of military affairs has ordered Adjutant General Arts to disband the four companies in and about Topeka and to organize in their stead four companies of cavalry.

Signed the Seal.

A Pittsburg, Pa., dispatch says: Jones & Langhin signed the Amalgamated Steel scale Tuesday afternoon, workmen conceding the reduction of 8 to 15 per cent. The firm wanted an out of from 10 to 20 per cent. The iron scale was signed last week, and the company's extensive plant, employing 5,000 men, will resume in a few days.

WEATHER CROP BULLETIN.

The General Condition of Crops Throughout the Southern States.

According to the weekly weather bulletin issued by the department of agriculture at Washington, the weather the past week has been especially favorable for harvesting throughout the winter wheat belt. Rice and wheat is progressing in Nebraska and Minnesota, and the corn is reported as much improved and in good condition in the principal corn producing states.

North Carolina—Cotton considerably improved; cotton leaf disease disappearing; all crops made good progress during the week.

Virginia—All crops doing well except cotton, which has been seriously injured by lice.

South Carolina—Rain greatly needed for cotton and corn.

Georgia—Cotton continues to improve, but is still late and below the average condition; corn is in extra good condition, but needs rain; potatoes and cane promise well.

Florida—General crop outlook very favorable.

Alabama—Cotton looking better, but is small, the bad stand does not promise full crop. Rain needed.

Mississippi—General complaint of drought; crops behind time and grassy in western portion of state.

Louisiana—Cotton in need of rain. Cane in excellent stand; cotton rather small and a little backward, but healthy and growing well. Rice promising where rain has fallen.

Texas—Cotton doing very well over the eastern portion of the state, but is suffering for rain over western portion; late corn damaged by dry weather, but the crop as a whole very good.

Arkansas—Corn and cotton much improved. Large quantity of hay raised and in good condition.

Tennessee—Wheat are reaching nearly completed; quality good; oats better than for years; corn and cotton growing nicely; tobacco doing well; hay crop large and saved in excellent condition.

Kentucky—All crops need rain; late tobacco not doing well; corn generally fine.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

The Organization of New Camps Announced by General Commanding.

A New Orleans dispatch of Saturday says: The general commanding announces the following of the following named camps in the organization of the United Confederate Veterans and their respective numbers, to wit: Andrew Coleman, camp 301, Bryson City, N. C.; Willie Point, 302, Willie Point, Tex.; Camp Colquhoun, 303, St. Petersburg, Fla.; Benvenuto ex-Confederate, 304, Jacksonville, Ill.; Jefferson Lamar, 305, Charlotte, Ga.; Beasgard, 306, Collinsville, Tex.; Camp Brooks, 307, Daingerfield, Tex.; St. Clair, 308, Asheville, Ala.; Charles F. Fisher, 309, Salisbury, N. C.; A. A. Greene, 310, Lafayette, Ala.; W. Farrell, 311, Winona, Miss.; E. Giles Henry, 312, Tusculum, Miss.; James Deahler, 313, Tusculum, Miss.; Stevens County, Tex., 314, Brookhaven, Tex.; Palmetto Guard, 315, Charleston, S. C.; Randolph, 316, Wedowee, Ala.; Castley, A. R. Jones, 317, Selma, Ala.; Tom Hendman, 318, New York, Ark.; Colonel Charles F. Fisher, 319, Salisbury, N. C.; Camp Ruffin, 320, Troy, Ala.; Ike Turner, 321, Livingston, Tex.; W. P. Rogers, 322, San Saba, Tex.; Camp Rogers, 323, Carrollton, Ala.; Stockdale, 324, Magnolia, Miss.; David O. Dodd, 325, Benton, Ark.; Junius Daniel, 326, Littleton, N. C.; Henry D. Clayton, 327, Ashland, Ala.

AGAINST SUNDAY OPENING.

The National Columbian Commission Votes on the Question.

At a meeting of the National World's Fair commission at Chicago Tuesday evening the following resolution was adopted by a vote of fifty-four to six: "Resolved, by the world's Columbian commission, that the ruling now being enforced by the world's Columbian exposition for the purpose of opening the gates of the exposition on Sunday has not been approved by the commission and is in violation of the rule jointly adopted and promulgated by said exposition, that said enforcement is against the authority of the world's Columbian commission."

The resolution was adopted, after a debate in which nearly every member of the commission took part. The six who voted against it were: J. H. Smith, of Colorado; T. B. Mullen, of Missouri; J. B. Eibek, of Iowa; V. D. Johnston, of Virginia; L. A. Fittetunk, of Illinois; and DeWitt Smith, of Illinois.

Movement of Specie.

The imports of specie at the port of New York for the past week were \$1,181,499, of which \$1,151,515 were gold and \$29,984 silver. The exports for the week were \$1,063,070, of which \$1,061,070 were silver and \$2,000 gold. All the silver went to Europe and all the gold to South America. The imports exclusive of specie at this port for the week were \$12,863,850, of which \$2,612,947 were dry goods and \$10,250,903 general merchandise.

THE OUTLOOK BRIGHTER.

Each Day Finds the Financial Situation on the Mend.

A New York special says: Notwithstanding the flurry in the stock market Wednesday, bank presidents and others occupying positions familiarizing themselves with current conditions unanimously agreed that the general situation has improved and continues to do so. There is nothing in the financial situation of the country to produce such an unsettling effect. At several of the banks it was said that considerable amounts of currency had been received Tuesday and again Wednesday morning.

One large Broadway bank received \$500,000 in gold and currency from the country. Some of the gold was received back from California. The Fourth National bank received \$341,000 in currency with a lot more in sight. As an indication of the easier condition prevailing, it was reported that many country banks were remitting currency to New York and getting back some of their bills receivable which they had rediscounted three or four weeks ago, taking advantage, of course, of the rebate in the discount for the unexpired time.

The Portner Brewing Company has a beer barrel on its shoulders and has dared Governor Tillman to knock it off. A keg of the stuff arrived at Charleston Wednesday from Charlotte, and was consigned to the agent of the company in Charleston. The shipment was made purely for the purpose of testing the right of the state to prohibit the roads from carrying liquor to parties in South Carolina from points in an adjoining state.

DEFYING THE LAW.

A North Carolina Brewery Will Force a Test Case.

A special from Charlotte, N. C., says: The branch house of the Robert Portner Brewing company will defy the present liquor law in North Carolina by making two big shipments into that state of lager beer. The shipments go to Greenville and Charleston. The brewing company in Charlotte makes no secret of its intentions and has given it to the press for publication.

These shipments will be made over the Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta road, which is under the control of the Richmond and Danville, this road having some time ago said that they would transport by liquor that might be put in their depots consigned to South Carolina towns. This will be the first shipment made since the dispensary law went into effect and it is understood that it is for a test case, as Governor Tillman has expressed the desire to jump on the Richmond and Danville if they carried out what they said they would do concerning his pet scheme.

The outcome is looked forward to with much interest by a patient public, who have been more than anxious to see this test made.

THE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE.

Appointment of Committees as Announced by President Tracy.

A Chicago special of Saturday says: President Tracy, of the national republican league, has completed his appointments and announces them as follows: Subcommittee of executive committee—James Manley, of Maine; L. G. Taylor, of Indiana; James A. Blanchard, of New York; T. F. Byrnes, of Minnesota; H. E. Ripke, of Rhode Island; William E. Riley, of Kentucky; Isaac Trumbo, of California; H. M. Cooper, of Arkansas; J. Henry Gould, of Massachusetts; William K. Burchinell, of Colorado; Henry M. Haigh, of Michigan; E. J. Hainer, of Nebraska; J. M. Miller, of Kansas; E. J. Jud, of Illinois; S. R. Hawkins, of New York; E. M. Smith, of Alabama; sergeant-at-arms, and John M. Thurston, of Nebraska, and James A. Clarkson, of Iowa, advisory members.

Committee on Southern Question.—Judge Pray, of Iowa; L. E. Goodall, of Texas; O. L. Ronckenkranz, of Wisconsin; H. W. Gardner, of Ohio; E. S. Ashcraft, of Tennessee; John Flannagan, of Missouri; L. J. McCauley, of Pennsylvania; W. S. Ball, of North Carolina, and H. DeB. Clay, of Virginia.

The Caravels at the Fair.

Amid the booming of cannon, the waving of a multitude of flags and the shouts of a hundred thousand people, the Spanish caravels were welcomed to the world's Columbian exposition Friday. The welcome was a cosmopolitan and international one, and was participated in by every nation represented at the fair. Fully one hundred thousand people had assembled along the lake shore of the piers to greet the historic vessels.

Nearly All Drowned.

A cable dispatch from London says: Off Skegness a watering place on the coast of England, a party Saturday went from the village for a day's sail in a yacht. They were caught in a heavy squall when some distance off shore, the yacht capsized and twenty-seven of them, men and women, were drowned.

A WATERMELON SONG.

O, the Georgia watermelon—it's a growin' cool an' green,
An' it'll soon be paltin' heavy at the stem;
An' the knife—It needs a whistin', an' the blade is pittin' keen,
O, the Georgia watermelon is a gem!

Melons cool an' green—
Jest the best you ever seen—
See the sweet juice drippin'
From them melons cool an' green!

O, the Georgia watermelon—with the palest sort o' stripe!
It ain't a streak o' fat an' streak o' lean,
You thump her with yer fingers, an' you hear her answer "Ripe!"
O, the Georgia watermelon cool an' green!

Melons cool an' green—
Jest the best you ever seen—
See the red juice drippin'
From them melons cool an' green!

RUMOR OF THE DAY.

Time flies—Seventeen-year locusts. Barking dogs sometimes bite the dust.

It is the man who beats that is willing to let by-gones be by-gones. The camel is a lucky brute. It never has to hump itself.—Troy Press.

A law suit wears out sooner at the pockets than at the knees.—Freck.

A skeptic is a man who doubts the accuracy of his own watch.—Freck.

Look at bank cashiers.—Texas Siftings.

It is probably called pin money because the husband is stuck for it.—Troy Press.

Our uncle, the pawnbroker, may not have pleasant ways, but we have to put up with him.—Freck.

Nearly all the men who have invented spring machines are residing in our cemeteries.—Statesman.

There are many men who have minds that are as strong as steel. To me it often seems as if they had no mind at all.—Life.

The mite that the Anarchist is willing to contribute for the promotion of his cause is dynamite.—Detroit Free Press.

"I didn't know it was so late," said the volcano, awaking from its long slumber; "I must start my fire."—Chicago Tribune.

When Pegg has run upstairs and arrives at the top of her breath, he very properly refers to his pneumatic tire.—Boston Transcript.

Mrs. Slimdick: "Don't you find it a little lonesome sitting down to luncheon all alone?" Bordinaire: "Oh, no; the cheese is here."—Truth.

"I've got it in for you, my friend," soliloquized the mosquito, sinking it a little deeper in the sleeping victim's nose.—Chicago Tribune.

We are all willing to acknowledge that we have our faults; but mightily few of us are willing to acknowledge the faults our friends see in us.—Freck.

Wealth does not bring contentment, and none gets what he seeks: For he did, he'd want the earth, And growl about the taxes.—Judge.

"From what I've been reading I suppose boarding-houses must have been found first in Turkey." "Will you explain why?" "The best variety of prunes grows there."

"Which of us would you rather have?" asked one of the two men running across the field. "I don't care," replied the bull; "it's a toss up between you."—Washington Star.

"Don't you think Mrs. Stanton's opinions are very much biased?" Mrs. Latetyle: "Mercy, I am not surprised, for she hasn't any more idea of style than a heathen."—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

"They amputated his leg after all, eh? What made the doctors wait so long?" "Judging from their bills, it must have been to give 'em a chance to pull it before they took it off."—Buffalo Courier.

An Ancient Alligator.

An alligator has just been killed in Louisiana that is known to have been 120 years old. In 1773 the great-grandfather of the present owner of the plantation on which this alligator was killed purchased the plantation. His first work was to rid it of alligators. He raised a family of alligators and killed all but one, who escaped, leaving a portion of his tail. This alligator was seen from time to time and recognized because part of his tail was gone. The alligator was never tamed, but in a general way received the care and protection of each member of the family through the four generations. A visitor to the plantation saw a great alligator lying on the bank. He raised his gun, but it required several shots before the animal was killed. He was delighted with the success, when his host came up and showed his sorrow at what his guest had done. The alligator was buried on the banks of the stream, the entire family attending the obsequies.—New York Observer.

CHILTON VIEW.

O. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 30, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy four months .50

The Jews of Demopolis are building a synagogue.

The 3rd regiment will go into encampment at Oxford Lake.

The members of the second regiment spent last week in encampment at East Lake.

Col. J. D. Caffey, of Athens, has been appointed Deputy Collector Internal Revenue for the Northern district of Ala.

When tired and hungry, while shopping drop into Dwyer's Dining Rooms on Montgomery St. and get a first class 25c meal.

Our friend, Mr. W. H. Abernethy, manager, the New York Steam Dye Works at Birmingham. See his ad and send your clothes to be cleaned.

Our readers in visiting Montgomery will find the Merchants Hotel the most conveniently located and satisfactorily managed hotel in the city.

Evergreen is rejoicing over the location of the experiment station and agricultural school at that place. Prof. Limer will be at the head of the school.

Every postmaster in Chilton is requested to act as agent for the View. We will give a liberal commission to those who will work for us. Write for terms and sample copies.

Work on the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis railroad is expected to begin within 30 days. The contract for a bridge over the Warrior River at Tuscaloosa is claimed to have been let.

Poinceter and Ellis tell our readers each week about their elegant line of furniture. There is no better place in Alabama to buy furniture from than this firm. They are true men "whose word is their bond."

The many kind things being said of us by the editorial brethren are greatly appreciated. It is indeed a pleasure each week to have a quiet moment or so with that splendid band of workers, the editors of Alabama.

The Marion Military Institute is advertised in these columns. Col. J. T. Murfee is famous through out the South as an educator. Other schools lost patronage last year, this school gained. The training is thorough and practical. Its students take first rank in all the professions and callings. Write for a catalogue.

Our decided conviction for some time has been and now is, that no good can be gained by such early discussion of State candidates as is being engaged in by many of our papers. Alabama has been given no rest from discussion of candidates for four years past. Let us have a breathing spell at least until next January. So far as the Democratic party is concerned the issue is clear. There are no dissensions. There is a clear understanding of every position held by the enemy. A positive determination not to allow questions of local ability to divide or embitter us, and all that seems necessary on the part of the press is that they faithfully carry sound teaching to the people, show a spirit of fraternity to all classes, watch the demagogue and would be peace breakers and report their preaching and practices. Then when the time comes to choose leaders be united unanimity will prevail, so that all the plans and efforts of the enemies of Democracy will be speedily and thoroughly overthrown. Pursue a different plan and we may be more poorly prepared for battle. We commend to our brethren of the press words of Hon. W. C. Oates:

"We have had enough strife in Alabama. The State and its people have been injured no little by the uncertain political conditions brought on by Demagogues. We need a period of political calm, in which men may seriously consider their own mistakes and act with sober judgments. Under such circumstances we could expect to see many men coming back to the party who otherwise would not do so. I trust we may have such a political rest. It would be best for all, regardless of political tenets."

Our friends in visiting Montgomery will find the Merchants Hotel the most conveniently located and satisfactorily managed hotel in the city.

ABERNETHY PARKER.

Expresses His Views of the Silver Question.

Hon. W. H. Lawson of this county was questioned by an Advertiser reporter yesterday and he expressed himself in this wise on the silver question:

"I have no objection to giving my views upon silver, while not in accord with a large number of our party. I am in favor of the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law and opposed to any legislation looking to the further use of silver as money. The quantity of silver we have is a source of weakness rather than confidence. The question of the future, and which will engage the attention of our statesman is how shall we dispose of our stock of silver without great loss. The act demonetizing silver, was wise statesmanship and the resumption of specie payments financing of the highest order. The shrinkage of value from 1875 to 1879 was the logical result of a sound financial policy. The Bland-Allison act of 1878 was unwise statesmanship and has led up to our present financial troubles. The Bland-Allison act would have in time brought the same trouble we are now having had the Sherman act never become a law."

Do I understand you to say that the Bland-Allison act did not contribute anything to the resumption of specie payment?

"Yes I mean to say that it had nothing whatever to do with it and we are now reaping the disastrous consequences that were foretold at the time of its passage."

What disposition do you propose shall be made of our present stock of silver in the vaults of the United States Treasury?

"It should be used to build up our gold reserve, but how it should be done without great loss I am unable to say, as the market for silver is being restricted and the price going lower and lower every year."

"Would not a change of ratio between the two metals give the relief?"

"It might give temporary relief, but in a short time we would experience the same trouble we are now having, and we had better do now what we ought to have done in 1879 -- abandon silver altogether. Free silver, low wages and ignorance go hand in hand. The free coinage of silver does not exist in any country of the world where there is wealth progress and prosperity. Those countries of the world having the single gold standard have the civilization, the greatest wealth, progress and prosperity, and for the United States to adopt free coinage of silver would be the beginning of the decay of the American republic."

"France is a prosperous nation and has a much larger stock of silver than the United States and does not seem to experience any inconvenience from it, and how do you account for it?"

Independent of the fact that France was a member of the Latin Union, I account for it by reason of the fact that the people of France hold the securities of France. The bonds and stocks of every kind and description are owned by the French people. It is different with us. Our debt, public and private is due largely to England and Germany, single gold standard countries, and they can give us trouble at any time when they return our securities and demand the gold."

"You must admit that the amount of gold is inadequate for the business need of the country and how can a great dearth of money and its disastrous consequences be avoided?"

The advocates of free silver are attempting to force the single silver standard and we must choose between the silver and gold standard. And if we adopt free coinage we are upon a silver basis with a contraction of one thousand millions of our circulation. In this one thousand millions I include \$346,000,000 of greenbacks, the cancellation which the Democratic party claims the honor of having stopped, and is in honor-bound to redeem in gold standard by proper legislation we can maintain the parity of the two metals and thus prevent contraction of our circulation. Our circulation can be increased to meet the demands of commerce through the National Bank. The National Bank act should be amended so as to require National Banks to deposit United States bonds the par value equal in amount to their stock and receive notes equal in amount to this par value of the bonds deposited, and they should be prevented from withdrawing their circulation on-

ly as they reduce their capital stock. The act should be amended to allow them to loan a certain per cent of their capital stock and a certain per cent of their average deposits upon real estate. The act should be amended to prevent State, county and municipal taxation of the capital stock. This would more than double the banking capital we now have and would lower the rate of interest. The act should be amended to allow small towns to organize a National bank with \$25,000 capital. This would give us all the circulation that we should need and still be upon the single gold standard."

"Are you in favor of the repeal of the 10 per cent tax upon State Banks?"

"I am not. State Banks of issue with State inspection would soon become a farce, politically corrupt and financially rotten. In time no man could be elected and nominated to an office that was not favorable to their methods or would advocate a strict honest supervision over them."

"The National banks were evolved out of our state banks and they should be taken as the basis to increase our circulation. To go back to State banks is retrogression and not suitable to our civilization."

"I am a believer in growth in all things. I believe in the growth of civilization in government and in finance. Shells, leather, dried fish silver and have answered the views of our fathers, but they are not adapted to our civilization. No one wants to receive a shot bag of silver for two bales of cotton."

The Louisville Courier-Journal is a paper which has always commanded the respect and enjoyed the confidence of the people of the South. We ask the careful attention of our readers to the following extract from its issue of last Thursday:

There are those who do not clearly apprehend what is meant by the silver basis. Silver is a legal tender, and has been since the foundation of the Government, with the exception of a few years. A confusion of thought arises from a failure to distinguish between the bullion value and the coin value of silver. Twenty years ago the bullion value of the silver dollar was 3 per cent above its coin value and there were no silver dollars in circulation. Last week the bullion value of silver was nearly 50 per cent less than its coin value. The Government sustains the latter by paying gold for its obligation when demanded. When the Government can no longer do this it must pay its notes in silver. Then gold will go to a premium and silver will be the measure of value. We shall then be on a silver basis. In the sense that a silver dollar will buy just as much as the bullion in it is worth and no more. The greenbacks and the Treasury notes of 1890 being then redeemable in silver only since there will be nothing else in which to redeem them will have the same purchasing power as silver.

The silver miners contemplate this state of things with equanimity since as silver would then be the sole basis of our currency practically they think they would have a steady demand for the products of their mines. The consequences to others classes are matters concerning which they probably do not give themselves much concern though they are trying to persuade the people that they would be benefited. This branch of the subject however, must be reserved for another time.

We believe as sincerely as we believe in our existence that the silver dollar and the silver certificate would to-day be going in trade at the bullion value of silver instead of the coin value if Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle had pursued any other financial policy than the one they adopted. With such a catastrophe as that befalling the people on the heel of present depression and low prices for their products their condition would be infinitely worse than now is. Advertiser.

The Memphis Appeal declares that the free silver sentiment in the South as been grossly exaggerated. "The only Democratic Congressman in Tenn.," it says, "who failed of re-nomination for Congress last fall was Pierce, who was the most conspicuous of the free-silver champions, and who stood specifically upon that issue. The South, which ships cotton to Europe, wants money which will have the same value across an ocean as this side of the Atlantic. It does not want to sell for silver and buy with gold. It does not want a coin that is worth one price to-day and another to-morrow."

ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE.

School of Shorthand and Telegraphy.

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALABAMA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. **LEARNING BY DOING.** In the way children learn how to talk, walk, run--girls learn to sew, typewrite and cook by practical instruction--so the student in this college learns to do his work.

Boys learn base ball, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. **BUSINESS, LIKE THE BEST IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTION.** **ACTUAL BUSINESS** is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at this institution. During his whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. **HE DEALS WITH NO IMAGINARY PERSONS;** makes no imaginary sale, discounts no fictitious bills, handles no imaginary papers; but the actual transactions must in every case take the place of theory work.

Send for circular.

L. A. WYATT,

Principal.

W. H. Taylor,

BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue.

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. [Feb 25-92]

READ THIS.

We are the **LARGEST STRICTLY RETAIL DRUG HOUSE** in the State, carry the most complete stock. **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods;** the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers **THE ADVANTAGE** of close prices. We pay strict attention to **MAIL ORDERS** from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company,

1926, 1st Ave.,

Birmingham, Ala.

For the **BEST MEALS**

IN THE CITY GO TO

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CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Box 24.

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S

Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair,

and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address **The Loudon Medical Co.**

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Tiffin, Ohio.

TODD'S

GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN

Guns, Pistol

Cartridges.

AND BASE BALL GOODS.

50 Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State.

No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

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Ballistics all members of the United States and

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MONTGOMERY, - - - ALABAMA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. **LEARNING BY DOING.** In the way children learn how to talk, walk, run--girls learn to sew, typewrite and cook by practical instruction--so the student in this college learns to do his work.

Boys learn base ball, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. **BUSINESS, LIKE THE BEST IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTION.** **ACTUAL BUSINESS** is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at this institution. During his whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. **HE DEALS WITH NO IMAGINARY PERSONS;** makes no imaginary sale, discounts no fictitious bills, handles no imaginary papers; but the actual transactions must in every case take the place of theory work.

Send for circular.

L. A. WYATT,

Principal.

W. H. Taylor,

BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue.

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. [Feb 25-92]

READ THIS.

We are the **LARGEST STRICTLY RETAIL DRUG HOUSE** in the State, carry the most complete stock. **Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods;** the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers **THE ADVANTAGE** of close prices. We pay strict attention to **MAIL ORDERS** from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company,

1926, 1st Ave.,

Birmingham, Ala.

For the **BEST MEALS**

IN THE CITY GO TO

Dwyer's Dining Rooms

FOR LADIES

AND GENTLEMEN

MONTGOMERY, - - - ALA.

No 118 Montgomery Street.

ROBERT H. KNOX,

Attorney at Law,

CLANTON, - - - ALABAMA.

Box 24.

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S

Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair,

and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address **The Loudon Medical Co.**

Agents Wanted. m11-6m

Tiffin, Ohio.

TODD'S

GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN

Guns, Pistol

Cartridges.

AND BASE BALL GOODS.

50 Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State.

No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

KINCH

Ballistics all members of the United States and

and members of the United States and

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INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND COLLECTION AGENCY.

Dwellings Farms and Timber Land BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED, RENTED.

Accident, Fire and Life Insurance Policies FURNISHED at LOWEST RATE.

ACCOUNTS and NOTES, COLLECTED.

Prompt - Attention - to - All - Business.

C. W. HARE,

CLANTON, ALA.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

DEALER IN

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks.

Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TIME

WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., JUNY 20, 1893

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Your best remedy for
Erysipelas, Catarrh
Rheumatism, and
Scrofula.

Salt-Rheum, Sore Eyes
A-bcesses, Tumors
R-unning Sores
S-curvy, Humors, Itch
A-nemia, Indigestion
P-imples, Blotches
A-and Carbuncles
R-ingworm, Rashes
I-mpure Blood
L-anguidness, Dropsy
L-iver Complaint
A-ll cured by

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢, six bottles, \$1.50.
Cures others, will cure you

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:40 a. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40 a. m.
GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 a. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Subscribe for the VIEW.

Exciting to a squall—Base "Ball."

Frying-size chickens are plentiful.

Mr. R. H. Croswell was in town Friday.

Mr. J. M. Potts spent Sunday in Clanton.

Mr. Ed. Aldridge has been visiting Clanton.

Mr. R. C. Duke has returned to Birmingham.

Chilton County has a fair watermelon crop on hand.

Mr. W. C. Mahan, of Jumbo, was in Clanton Saturday.

There was a croquet party at Mr. N. Watts last Saturday night.

Mr. W. M. Burton, of Montgomery, paid Clanton a visit Sunday.

Prof. E. L. Smith, of Jumbo, was a visitor to Clanton last Saturday.

Prof. F. C. Potts attended the picnic at Rollins last Saturday.

Mrs. B. E. Feagin and children are visiting relatives in Pine Apple, Ala.

Miss Delaney Duke is visiting Mr. G. O. Lugans family in Verbena this week.

If success you would secure, Advertise in the Chilton View.

Mrs. Dr. A. J. Nolen and son are visiting Mr. W. B. Nolen's family this week.

Mrs. W. H. Foshes and daughter, Blanche, visited friends in Verbena Tuesday.

Dr. A. J. Marlar, of Rudick, was in town this week and visited his family near here.

Mrs. A. J. and L. E. Gullahorn, of Clanton, are visiting relatives in Verbena this week.

Miss Edie McCrory and Miss Fannie Martin attended the picnic at Rollins last Saturday.

The party which was to be given in honor of the "little people" at Mrs. J. P. Palmer last Friday night has been postponed.

Prof. P. M. McKee paid our efficient "second devil" a call Saturday. He says they are needing rain in Jumbo neighborhood.

Mr. J. H. Aldridge and son Robt. are in Birmingham where they have the contract for the erection of several buildings in that city.

Miss Clara Dexter and Mary Lou Mitchell, of Verbena, paid this town a visit last Friday horse-back. Mr. B. Mitchell was their honored escort.

Miss Myrtle Moore, an accomplished young lady, of Mt. Carmel, Cronshaw county, has returned home after a visit to Capt. W. A. Middleton's family.

The friends of Rev. Mr. Mullins, of Jumbo, sympathize with him in his illness. He has reached a good old age and numbers his friends by the scores.

Mr. F. N. Jones, the handsome and popular assistant agent at the Clanton depot, is off on a visit to relatives and his best girl in Hanceville this week. We hope him a pleasant trip and much success. Mr. James Hester is taking his place.

The citizens of Clanton should drain that ugly looking pond before another week passes. Without doubt we have the most healthful place in Alabama. Such things as malarial fever or chills are unknown, but let that pond remain as it is and a dozen cases may be the result. A small sum of money given by each householder in Clanton would be all that is needed to remove the water, but if not given, a large amount may be necessary to pay doctors' bills, and possibly, some home may have a "vacant chair."

COUNTY NEWS.

Tramps are numerous.
There was a man in Clanton last week on wheels—a bicycle.

Mr. Leroy Watts of Montgomery, is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Mr. Thos. Hand, of Jemison, was in town Tuesday evening on business.

WANTED—Short news items from all over the county.

FOR SALE—The View has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

Rev. A. J. Briggs of Verbena, was in town Tuesday visiting Dr. A. E. Bivings' family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Sampey have returned home after a pleasure trip to Tennessee for the past two weeks.

Miss Ella Gartinman has closed her school at Duke's mill and is at home again much to the delight of her friends.

Mr. Jim Green came up with the Verbena nine to witness the ball game between his town and Clanton Tuesday.

Do you own a horse? If so, come to the View office and get free gratis, for nothing, a valuable book which tells you about the horse and his diseases.

WANTED—Property to be placed in my hands for sale or rent. No charges unless sales are effected.

C. W. H. Hare.
Mr. Robt Brown left last Thursday for New Orleans where he goes to resume his work. He has been spending the summer with relatives in Clanton and Lily.

Steadily our subscription list is growing. If you like the paper and the course its editor is pursuing tell your neighbor so and urge him to give the paper his support.

If the care of the Hair was made a part of a lady's education, we should not see so many gray heads, and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer would be unnecessary.

We received pleasant calls from several of our fellow citizens during the past two weeks. The View is always open to visitors. Come in and tell us all about your crops and matters of interest concerning your community.

"I was prostrated with severe bilious complaint," writes Erastus Southworth, of Bath, Me. "After vainly trying a number of remedies, I was finally induced to take Ayer's Pills. I had scarcely taken two boxes when I was completely cured."

Whether Pasteur and Koch's peculiar mode of treatment will ultimately prevail or not, their theory of blood contamination is the correct one, though not original. It was on this theory that Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, Mass., nearly fifty years ago formulated Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

A game of base ball took place here Tuesday evening between Clanton and Verbena. Playing commenced at 3:30, Clanton taking the ins. The game lasted for three hours. The score stood:

Clanton 1 1 0 2 3 8 1 1 0 4 17
Verbena 1 1 1 3 0 0 5 2 0 1 13

Both sides can be complimented on their good playing. While Clanton players won the game, they have no grounds upon which to boast. According to the size of the Verbena nine, they played exceedingly well. Our boys, however, knew how to wield the club, and this, in a great degree, was instrumental in their victory. The evening was cloudy, and more a pleasure than a fatiguing undertaking to the players.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

An institute for the white teachers of Chilton County will be held at Concord Sept. 8th, 1893.

FRIDAY.

10 a. m. Welcome address—Joseph Green. Response, J. W. Moore. —Miscellaneous Business.

1. Plans of Introducing Uniform Text Books—R. A. Roscoe and W. J. Martin.

2. Model Schools—Miss Ella Moore and Clement Mullins.

RECESS.

3. 1:30 p. m. The importance of Classifying Students—N. W. Wilson and T. J. Sessions.

4. Advantage of a True Education—Miss Geneva Jones and E. J. Hayes.

5. My Difficulties: How to Overcome them—S. J. Jennings and John Lebron.

SATURDAY.

6. 9 a. m.—School Examination—H. T. Estes and P. M. McKee.

7. Vocal Music—Miss Fannie Woolley and J. P. Haley.

8. Education Address—G. L. Spoor.

RECESS.

9. 1:30 p. m.—Are the Studies Prescribed by Law Sufficient for Common School Training—J. E. Jones and J. P. Gore.

10. School Law Discussed—D. S. Robinson and W. L. Popwell.

Concord is situated in Dry Valley, five miles south of Montevallo and five miles west of Westington. Teachers wishing conveyances from L. and N. R. R. will go to Montevallo. Those who expect conveyance from railroad free of charge should write to J. B. Moore, Jr. Montevallo, Ala.

This is the last Institute of the scholastic year and all the teachers are urged to attend.

R. E. R. HICKS,
G. L. SPUR,
J. Alex. Moore,
Committee.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Jumbo.

Prof. Joseph Gore and E. G. Smith are the guests of U. C. Deatwilder and family this week.

Rev. Mr. Dobbs is holding a series of meetings at Mt. Zion this week.

Mr. Victor Vines, of Clanton, spent Sunday with friends in the Jumbo neighborhood.

If I know myself, which I think I do, it is very hot weather.

X. Y.

Lilly Dots.

The farmers are about to make hay out of all the dry grass this dry hot weather.

We are needing rain very bad.

Prof. G. L. Speer opened his school at Isabella on the 10th inst.

Miss Bonnie Green has secured a school at Green Leaf and began teaching last week.

Miss Inez Hammond, who has been spending sometime in Birmingham is at home going to school.

Miss Mamie Johnson is spending the summer at Pine Grove.

Mr. T. W. Brown visited Birmingham last week.

Messrs. E. C. Jones and R. E. Brown left Wednesday for New Orleans.

Misses Eulah Rasberry and Della Black are visiting relatives in Wilsonville.

The Mt. Carmel Singing Convention will be held at Isabella Church the 13th of August. All lovers of music are especially invited.

Verbena Views.

Mr. Joel Barnett, of Montgomery, has been visiting relatives here.

Miss Evelyn Caffey has returned home after a pleasant visit to relatives in Pleasant Hill, Ala.

Mrs. Caffey of Marion is visiting relatives in Verbena.

Mrs. Harriett D. Donaldson, of Texas, is visiting her brother, Hon. G. A. Northington.

Mr. Frank Merriwether, of South Alabama, is visiting his old home here to the delight of friends.

Miss Clara Dexter one of the Clifton's most lovely young ladies has returned from a pleasant visit to friends near Cooper's.

Mr. S. W. Lanier, of Montgomery has been visiting friends in our city.

The young men of Coopers have got a hustle on themselves. They have worked their streets and put most of them in first class condition.

Mr. Editor, you got that down wrong. The Bozeman boys wiped the earth up with the Verbena boys.

Miss Virgie Smith, of west Chilton has returned home after a visit to friends here.

Mrs. Barnett Merriwether, of Selma, is visiting relatives in Verbena.

Mr. Warren Reese, Jr., of the Capital City, visited one of the fairones of our city Sunday.

Dr. Rousseau, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with his family in Verbena.

Mr. Dr. Baldwin and children spent Sunday with relatives in our town.

Prof. Staton, of Wetumpka, has been here trying to get up a school. He is a good teacher and that is what Verbena wants. The people of Verbena ought to employ him. We are glad to see that Clanton is going to have a good school. Nothing helps a town like a good school.

Miss Sallie Barnett has returned from a visit to South Alabama.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Deramus of Autauga have been visiting relatives in Verbena.

By concert of action the citizens of Evergreen have made their Piney Woods town to be known throughout the north as a summer resort. The Louisville and Nashville railroad company have made special rates for tourists to that point. More than that when the people got ready to erect a fine hotel this same company gave them considerable aid in hauling the material. After years of dependance on cotton a few enterprising men broke away from the old rut and began to plant strawberries, plums, raspberries, Irish potatoes, tomatoes, water melons

COUNTY NEWS.

and etc., for home and for northern markets. Within a few years the returns from these common crops run into the thousands of dollars annually. Evergreen has but the slightest advantage over Clanton and other parts of Chilton County. She is a little further South and can perhaps put her strawberries on the market a week earlier than we can, but otherwise we have equal, if not superior advantages in the matter of truck farming. Then as to a health resort we have double advantage. Here the winters are as mild as May, during much of the season, and then the summers days are tempered with breezes as enervating as mountain air and the nights cool but free from the damp chills experienced at all mountain resorts. These points are noted in order that our citizens may realize their own wealth and that they may take steps to develop it. The canning business has grown to be one of immense importance. Southern tables are supplied with black berries, apples, peaches, apricots, tomatoes, beans, peas and potatoes; raised, canned and shipped from the north. If a few enterprising citizens of this town and county would form themselves into "The Chilton County Vegetable Growers Association," and closely investigate their subjects, we might in a short while induce some capitalist to plant a canning factory here. This would be but the opening for greater things for this section: The View is ready to help in any enterprise for the common good.

Subscribe for The View.

NOTICE

OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR

Estate of Wm. Walker, Probate Court

er, Sr. Deceased } Chilton County, Alabama.

Letter of administration upon the estate of Wm. Walker, Sr., deceased having been granted to the undersigned, on the 16th day of May 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honevrett, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred by the said decree.

Admin. Est. Wm. Walker, Sr., Dec'd. Clanton, Ala. July 16th 1893.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama } In Chancery.

J. D. Pitts } At Clanton, Seventh District North Eastern Chancery Division.

vs. Susan Pitts.

In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of the defendant, Susan Pitts, nee Gibson, is a non resident of the State of Alabama, and that the place of residence and postoffice address of Defendant is unknown to affiant, and further, that, in behalf of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Chilton View, a newspaper published in the town of Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her said Susan Pitts to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of August, 1893, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against her.

Done at office in Clanton, this 15th day of July 1893.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

W. B. Nolen, Sol. for Compl't.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama } In Chancery.

Sarah Jane Hendley, } At Clanton, Seventh District, North-eastern Chancery Division.

complainant } vs. J. J. Hendley, respondent.

In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Sarah Jane Hendley that the defendant, J. J. Hendley, is a non-resident of the State of Alabama; and that his place of residence is unknown to affiant, but is informed he resides in the State of Florida, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Chilton View, a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said J. J. Hendley to plead, answer or demur to the bill of complaint in this cause by the 1st day of August, 1893, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Clanton this 24th of June 1893.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Robt. H. Knoch, Sol. for complainant.

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain, no bad effect, by the use of Oodentander, if not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Phenix and Montgomery. Write Drs. Mosey and Sanderford and they will make it to your interest. Will send to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave and 13th St. Elyton block.

Respectfully,
Mosey & Sanderford,
Dentists.

Hale, Dingley & Co.

Drugs, Medicines, Toilet Articles, PERFUMERY, SOAP, BRUSHES & STANDARD PATENT MEDICINES, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Keep constantly on hand a complete stock of articles in their line of business, and especially recommended to the public: Extracts of Lemon, Vanilla, Orange, etc.; Eclair, Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

Particular attention is called to the following articles manufactured by them: ger. de; Eclair, Cinchona and Gentian Compound; Howard's Colic Cure for Horses; Esprit de Millefleur.

Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR., DEALER IN

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found in a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS, DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Slideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store! ***

*** New Stock! ***

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar30-y *

THE VIEW

Solicits YOUR

JOB WORK

ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

Work Neatly Executed,

As Cheap as the Cheapest.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

MERCHANTS' HOTEL

T. H. MABSON, JR., Proprietor.

RATES—\$2.00 Per DAY.

Corner 3rd and Court Streets. The Annex Cor. Commerce and 5th St.

MONTGOMERY — — — — — ALABAMA

COUNTY CALENDAR.

Clanton—First Thursday after the second Monday in March and September and continue three days.

Circuit—On the eleventh Monday after the fourth Monday in February, and on the thirteenth Monday after the fourth Monday in April and August, and may continue two weeks each time.

Commissioners—Regular term second Monday in February and November and first Monday in April and August. Special term second Monday in May and July.

County—First Monday in each month

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

Wanted to Exchange.

A Farm at Dixie Station for a Farm near Clanton;

A House and Lot in Verbena for a Home in Clanton, or for Farm Land near Clanton.

Will rent or sell Comfortable and well Located Dwelling in Montgomery.

Prices too low to publish. Terms to suit purchaser. Address

C. W. HARE, Clanton, Ala.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

UNIVERSITY OF ALA.

Next Session Begins October 5th, 1893.

The University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering Mining Engineering and Law Courses. Tuition in all the courses except Law is free to Alabama students. Entire college charges

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 29, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy three months .50

Unprincipled pension agents with the aid of the Republican party have fastened a horde of pensioners upon our government men who had no claim what ever for services rendered during the late war but our own Hoke Smith is driving back this hungry swarm 500 claimants have been dropped from the Philadelphia district alone the duty of all true citizens is to see who in their country is receiving pensions and then get at the real reason therefor. Whether he be Democrat or Republican, let no unworthy man escape.

The most serious problem that is now engaging the attention of the cotton raising states is the discovery of some staple crops favored by the climatic influences of these states and which may be planted along side with cotton thus reducing the cotton acreage; hence the bulletin issued from the Experiment station of Alabama by Prof. Bondurant the professor of agriculture in the A. & M. College and Agriculturist of the Experiment Station on the tobacco plant embodying the results of his Experiment with this plant is most timely. The bulletin discusses the Experiment conducted in raising plants on the station the past year the comparison of several different varieties of tobacco grown and the testing of the quality of the tobacco grown for cigar purposes.

It contains many illustrations showing the method of covering the plant beds with canvas and different methods of raising the plants, transplanting, field culture, method of suckering, topping and harvesting the plants an illustration showing a modern barn and method of stripping, prizing and curing. The bulletin gives a detailed statement of the method of preparing the plant beds the raising and transplanting the plants, the preparation of the tobacco fields and the way that it should be worked harvested cured and prepared for market the aim being to give the farmers particularly of this State in a brief and concise form all the information that is needed for the successful cultivation of this plant.

We extract the following from this letter: the yield of cotton in the United States in the year 1888 was 180 pounds per acre, average price per pound eight and one-half cents value per acre fifteen dollars and thirty cents.

With tobacco, during the last decade, the annual production has been about one-sixth that of cotton and the average yield per acre, about seven hundred and twenty with an average of eight and one-half cents per pound five pounds with an average of eight and one-half cents per pound, making the value of tobacco per acre sixty one dollars and sixty two and one-half cents.

Copies of this bulletin No. 44 can be secured by addressing the Clerk of the Experiment Station, Auburn Ala.

For Governor.

The following list of gentlemen spoken of for Governor appears in the Selma Times:

W. C. Oates, Dale.
Joseph Wheeler, Morgan.
Judge Richardson, Madison.
A. O. Lane, Jefferson.
Charles M. Shelton, Jefferson.
James F. Johnston, Jefferson.
James Crook, Calhoun.
John M. McKleroy, Calhoun.
T. G. Bush, Calhoun.
Judge Coleman, Rutaw.
Thomas Seng, Greensboro.
Miss Walker Marengo.
General Harrison, Lee.
Frank Pettus, Dallas.
H. B. D. Mallory, Dallas.
C. W. Hopper, Dallas.
Phillip Milhouse, Dallas.
A. C. Davidson, Perry.
Col. J. D. Tanner, Etowah.
Col. Dent, Barbour.
William Brewer, Lowndes.
Mayor Rich, Mobile.
J. H. Bankhead, Fayette.
William Snow, Greene.

The merchants and mill men of Chilton County will aid us very materially by sending us their orders for Letter Heads, Envelopes, Bill Heads, Checks, Hand Bills and etc. Good work at reasonable prices.

Governor Jones.

TALKS TO A CONSTITUTIONAL REPRESENTATIVE.

"What will Congress do and what is the remedy for our financial ills?" The governor said he did not claim to be an expert, though he had given the question much thought and study. He was, however, not unwilling to present his views for whatever they might be worth.

"The duty of Legislators, in our existing financial trouble, no matter what their views respecting the coinage of silver, will be made somewhat clearer by considering the office and use of money," said he. "While not in all respects an apt definition, it is absolutely accurate to say that money is the 'yard-stick' by which the value or service of property is measured, when they are bought and sold. The lowest understanding will admit the importance of having a fixed, certain and unchanging measure in value in the transaction of business. If from any cause the 'yard-stick' is flexible—of different length at different times—and liable to become either longer or shorter in the future, distress and suffering must inevitably ensue. The man who contracts obligations cannot know what it will cost to discharge them, while the lender risks receiving less value than he loaned when his loan is repaid. Uncertainty reigns supreme and distrust and lack of confidence abound. Those who have money fear either to invest or loan it, but hoard it. Of course this paralyzes industry and enterprise, forces liquidation of debts and soon produces financial distress and ruin. The history of all times and countries teaches this. An abundant currency will not long prevent such evils, if it fluctuates in value. We are suffering more from this uncertainty as to the value of money in use—this lack of confidence—than from the smallness of the amount in circulation.

"While I am a strong believer in bimetalism, I cannot shut my eyes to the accepted truth that bimetalism is a curse to my country, unless the money coined from the two metals is on a parity, and the only test of parity which the people recognize is whether silver and gold coins, according to the value stamped upon them by the government, can be freely exchanged at par. Whether the silver in a dollar is worth a dollar in gold, is, therefore, a question of little importance so long as there is confidence that the government can provide gold dollars to exchange for silver dollars when desired.

"When, however, for any cause, the demand for gold coin in exchange for silver exhausts the government supply of gold, it is forced to discredit its silver dollar by refusing to give a dollar in exchange for it, and we have two 'yard-sticks' of different lengths to add to the uncertainty of all business transactions, and these 'yard-sticks' have no fixed length as compared with each other. No people can stand this. There is danger of our people being put in just such a condition by the present financial policy of the government; and the Sherman act is admittedly responsible for a large part of the trouble.

"Hence, I do not doubt our legislators will repeal the purchasing clause in this act. The country is not in the condition to stand the strain of long delay in repealing it, which might result from contention as to the details of the coinage of silver in the future. All of us want the silver coined in the future that can be kept on a parity with gold, and few would wish a dollar more. If proper provision be made for keeping the coined silver dollars now in circulation on a parity with gold, and their legal tender quality is preserved, the country will not be harmed if the details of the future coinage of silver are left undecided for a while.

We Must Have More Money.

"If the Sherman law is repealed, provision should of course, be made for the expansion of the volume of our currency to keep pace with the growth of the country. Fiat money cannot stand the test either of reason or experience, and the remedy is not along that line. I believe, in religion, there can be no salvation without redemption and this is peculiarly so regarding the value of paper currency.

"One means of safe expansion would be to authorize and require national banks to issue currency to the face value of the bonds de-

posited to secure their circulation, and to relieve them in some measure of other burdens which now necessitate their limiting their circulation to the minimum amount allowed by law and this minimum limit should be increased. For some reason there seems to be a great inclination to reverse the national bank legislation on these lines and it may be that it is not practicable to provide in this way for such expansion of currency as our needs require. We can of course have no financial health as long as our gold and silver coinage cannot be interchanged at par, but this trouble once out of the way, it seems to me that a well guarded system of state banks is the thing to undertake to improve our condition.

"I am not one of those who believe that the framers of the federal constitution ever intended to organize congress, by the exercising of the taxing or other power, to prevent the states from regulating their own currency as they saw best, provided, of course, the state did not emit bills of credit or make such currency a legal tender. The supreme court of the United States, however, has settled the question the other way, and there is no practical good in discussing it. The power has been exercised and sustained, and the effects of its operation for over a quarter a century have produced conditions which make it wise not to abolish the tax unconditionally, at this time.

"If state bank issues had not been destroyed by the prohibitory tax, many of the financial evils which have oppressed the country of late years would not have been possible. At the beginning of the war the system was so strong, in many of the older states, that it required the prohibitory law to drive them out of existence, a thing which the national bank completion could not accomplish. Had the system been allowed to continue, banks not organized and conducted on sound business principles would have been driven out of existence, and the needs and fears of commerce and trade, which so intimately connect all sections of the Union, would by this time have ripened into a safe and useful system of state banks.

"Some Objections Referred to. "It is objected that if different states and territories were allowed to charter banks of issue, with the financial views prevailing in many of them after the Kansas idea, that the volume of currency would be swollen to such enormous proportions and so suddenly, as to shatter values and bring ruin upon the country. It is urged also that many of the banks in the different States would be organized on a 'wild-cat' basis—that there would be no uniformity of security or precautions for the protection of note-holders—that the bills would have different values in different places—issues of state banks would result in a hush room system of state banks, and produce hybrid circulation which could serve no useful purpose for any length of time. These evils are more imaginary than real, and there is a practicable mode of preventing them, and at the same time of restoring state banks of issue.

Let congress for instance provide that the issue of banks chartered by the state, to the extent say of \$10 per capita of the population of the state as shown by the last census shall be free of federal taxation whenever such state provides such security for such notes examination and provision for redemption and liquidation as might be specified in the act of congress and the governor of the state shall certify the organization of such banks in full compliance with such act. Such an act of congress might provide for example that bonds of a state which had not defaulted in the past fifteen years might be the basis of the issue of notes to the extent of the market value of such bonds or a certain per cent thereof. Or it might provide that when land of value equal to a certain proportion of the capital stock say one third and legal tender to the amount of another third and personal security to the amount of the third of the whole capital was paid in or secured in a certain manner the bank might issue notes to the extent say of two thirds of the capital stock or whatever others amount might be deemed prudent. The notes should be made redeemable in legal tender. A small federal tax might be levied on the circulation of each of the banks for a fund to redeem at Washington notes of broken banks without requiring the holder to await the

liquidation of the individual bank. Each bank might also be required to deposit, to keep good at the capital of the State, and in two or three of the chief money centers of the country, a small per centage of its circulation in legal tender to redeem its notes, if presented. Such provisions would inspire confidence in the notes, and give them general circulation. Provision could be made for state inspection and winding up of banks which failed to redeem their notes and in order to give assurance that the greater amount of notes were put in circulation than authorized by law, the notes might be furnished by state authorities and signed by the officer or department with whom the securities for the circulation were placed. These and many other matters of detail could be provided for in the act of congress. The banking laws of Canada, our own system of national banks and the laws of some of the older states when state banks of issue were in existence will furnish all the details necessary for a safe system. I merely outline a plan on which the business men of the country can improve.

"By such a system with additional repeal of the tax would effect, a healthy system of state banks could be brought into existence which would generally have an uniform value and confidence in the United States and we would avoid all the imaginary evils which stand in the way of a return to banks chartered by the State.

"Could Utilize Home Assets. "Such a system of banks would undoubtedly enable the people of each community to safely utilize home assets and credit in getting a supply of good currency for its wants without involving the government or credit in the State at risk. These banks would come into existence or go into liquidation as the needs of the communities demand and in this way the volume of our currency would always adjust itself to the needs of the business of the country. The number of these banks and the fact that their policies would necessarily be conditioned existing in the states which chartered them rather than by the general interests or policies prevailing in the great financial centers would largely prevent the distress from general contraction of currency or the temporary locking of it up, which sometimes happens under our present system. With our coinage so adjusted to preserve its parity, there is much reason for holding that the other evils of our present system would best be secured by allowing state banks of issue.

"The subject is certainly worthy of serious discussion and I am glad of the opportunity to contribute my mite to it. The friends of a system of state banks should discuss the matter and prepare a bill that the matter may be ready to come up in congress when it meets in August."

Subscribe for The View.

BLINDNESS, PARALYSIS, RHEUMATISM.

Guthrie, Ky., Sept. 9, 1891.

Dear Sir:—More than two years ago my eyes began to fail me. I immediately applied to eminent oculists for relief, for eighteen months they treated me without a particle of benefit. Finally, about three months ago I went blind, and, as a last resort, I procured and Electrolysis, which, very much to the gratification of myself and family has restored my sight. It has also greatly benefited my wife and daughter. My wife has been a subject of paralysis for more than two years, and my daughter a sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism for more than twelve years. All this has been effected in less than two years. Too much cannot be said in praise of the Electrolysis. If I were the possessor of the only one in existence, and it could not be reproduced, the wealth of the universe could not purchase it. I consider it the greatest invention of the age. Truly and gratefully yours, C. W. GREENFIELD, M. D.

50 PAGE BOOK SENT FREE. Address DeBols & Webb, Nashville, Tenn., or Birmingham, Ala.

IF YOU WANT GOOD EMPLOYMENT AND are willing to commence on a REASONABLE SALARY write at once to The Normal Agency of Employment. Address: H. S. MCKEY, Mer. Winchester, Tenn. Send 2-cent Stamp for reply.

239 LEE STREET. JEFF. DAVIS HOUSE. TABLE BOARD. LARGE WELL KEPT ROOMS. Regular boarders lowest summer rates. Also Transient Rooms now ready.

Jan 12-94 Mrs. E. F. IVY, Prop.

ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE

School of Shorthand and Telegraphy.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for fifty years, are not used in this institution. L. A. WYATT, PROP. DOING, is the way children learn how to talk, walk, run—girls learn to sew, typewrite and cook by practice. Boys learn these things by bicycling and track, and from books, but learn by doing. LIKE THE BEST, IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS, and exactly ACTUAL BUSINESS is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at this institution. During his whole career, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. HE DEALS WITH NO imaginary persons, makes no imaginary sales, discounts or settlements; handles no imaginary paper; but the actual transactions must in every case take the place of theory work.

Send for circular L. A. WYATT, Principal.

UNIVERSITY of ALABAMA

Session 1893-94 begins October 4th. The second term will begin December 24th, and the third term March 18th 1894.

University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literature, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Course.

Tuition in all the courses except Law, is free to Alabama students. The college charges of a student for the academic year are \$175.00, the payment of which is distributed into three equal payments of \$57.50, which must be deposited with the Quartermaster of the University at the beginning of each term. Tuition for Law School \$300.00, college students, and are not subject to Military discipline.

Board and lodging can be had by them in the best families. A study room on the campus at the residence of Mrs. A. G. Gorgas, has been provided for during the day.

The authorities of the University have established Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. Fifteen of the leading schools in the state upon applications of the Principals, have been declared Auxiliary High Schools. The Principal of any school in Alabama, who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary School, can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University.

Richard C. Jones, Pres. UNIVERSITY, P. O., ALA.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully, Collier Drug Company, 1026, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

For the BEST MEALS IN THE CITY GO TO

Dow's Dining Rooms

FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

MONTGOMERY, ALA. 118 Montgomery Street.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you renew.

B B B BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A thoroughly tested Remedy FOR ALL BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES.

This standard remedy has been tried and tested for forty years by all classes of people, and has been found to be a most reliable and effective remedy for all blood and skin diseases. It is not the result of ignorance or superstition, but it is founded upon common sense and a thorough knowledge of modern medical science. It effects a cure and restores the blood and brings the system back to its normal condition. It is without a rival, and in its analysis of health-giving properties with any remedy ever offered to the public. It has proved for all its years from its origin and its most recent success, after all known remedies had failed. These conditions apply with no uncertain sound, that Botanic Blood Balm is the best, cheapest, quickest, most reliable and most powerful blood purifier ever known to the world. Know-It-All Bottle: 50¢ for 3 bottles. For sale by druggists; if not, send to us. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Investigate for yourself. Send for our Free Book or valuable information, together with a wonderful array of certificates of remarkable cures from the simplest to the most violent disease, after all known remedies had failed. These certificates testify with no uncertain sound, that Botanic Blood Balm is the best, cheapest, quickest, most reliable and most powerful blood purifier ever known to the world.

Know-It-All Bottle: 50¢ for 3 bottles. For sale by druggists; if not, send to us. Address BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Jan 12-94

INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE, AND COLLECTION AGENCY.

Dwellings Farms and Timber Lands, BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED, RENTED.

Accident, Fire and Life Insurance Policies, FURNISHED at LOWEST RATES.

ACCOUNTS and NOTES, COLLECTED:- Prompt - Attention - to - All - Business.

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CHAS. L. RUTH, DEALER IN Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches and other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

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MARION MILITARY INSTITUTE

COMBINES ADVANTAGES—Of private school and college. Building grounds, accommodations, location, faculty probably unsurpassed by any other male school in the South.

ROSE LEE—Superintendent, family and professors in buildings, law, care and maintenance.

USEFULNESS—Most attention given to studies needed in life. Learned by doing, not mere text book recitation. Adapted to boys and young men. Catalogue address,

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NEW YORK STEAM DYE WORKS CO.

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INSURE WITH The Commercial Fire Insurance Company

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Directors:—P. J. Anderson, C. A. Lanier, H. C. Tompkins, A. M. Kennedy, M. P. LeGrand, S. C. Marks, J. I. Clark, C. W. Buckley, Frank Duncan.

W. H. Lawrence, is agent for Clanton and vicinity. Address him at Montgomery, Ala.

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be a plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S Cholera Compound.

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

Address The Loudon Medical Co. Agents Wanted. call on TIFFIN, O.

CHILTON

C. W. HARE, Editor.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 29, 1893.

Ayer's Pills

Are compounded with general usefulness and a large number of vegetable purgatives. Sugar coating, which solves in the stomach their full medicinal value, them easy to take, either young. For constipation, biliousness, sick headache, common derangements of the bowels, and also, to check colds and cures of the liver.

Are the Best. Unlike other cathartics, Ayer's Pills are not harsh on the excretory organs and them their regular action. Doctors everywhere testify to their efficacy, and their popularity as a family medicine, being in great demand now than ever before.

up both in male and female, for home use Ayer's Pills are preferred. Have you ever tried them?

Ayer's Pills. Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

Every Dose Effective.

SCHEDULE 8, & N. A. Train-passes Clanton daily.

GOING SOUTH. No. 1 Express Don't stop. No. 3 Mail. No. 9 Accommodation.

GOING NORTH. No. 2 Fast. No. 4 Express. No. 10 Accommodation. Nos. 9 and 10 make all night stops at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVI.

Dog days. We are in great need of Train No. 1 was 4 hours late.

Rev. A. J. Briggs was in town this week.

Mr. J. H. Chandler with his family in Clanton. There was a card party at Phillips last Friday night.

Miss Mary Duke is visiting in Clanton to the delight of her friends.

Mrs. Raines is practicing her which will take place hence.

The hot weather, dust makes it very disagreeable people.

Fruit is in less abundance than heretofore. Watermelons are plentiful.

Mr. T. D. Durham, of Clanton this week, at the View man.

Mason's Fruit Jar for a Sausages. Quart size 10¢, 10¢ 12¢ cents each.

Miss Balford, of Wauville, turned home after a pleasant family of Mrs. Haines.

The editor of the View or buy a home in Clanton, can speak at once in three.

Prof. J. M. Corderie, mathematical school at next Monday. It will be.

It does one good to meet citizens as Jonathan. He is an old man, yet as active.

Over the pond is finished. If you have to help in that good work.

There was a croquet game. Naine Duke's given Tuesday. Mrs. Mary Duke bridge, Ga.

Rev. B. E. Fagin pres. Methodist Church last evening and night to congregation.

Dr. Stewart, Mr. W. L. Mr. Tipton Mullins are the contracted for to superintending on the pond.

The ladies of the Baptist church raising money to purchase a pulpit out-fit, should give them a lift.

Rev. F. B. Tiekner, of is in our community visiting in law, Mrs. Stanley. He is in our excellent church.

Mr. G. W. Askins, of Clanton Tuesday, and gave (S-) which was more pleasant than the jungle of nature.

Rev. J. M. Hogan, of filled the Baptist pulpit last Sunday and Sunday sermons were appreciated talk to the Sun Beam.

Young Mr. Smithman, of is in our community visiting in law, Mrs. Stanley. He is in our excellent church.

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CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

CLANTON, ALA., JULY 30, 1933

Ayer's Pills

Are compounded with the view to general usefulness and adaptability. They are composed of the purest vegetable aperients. Their delicate sugar-coating, which readily dissolves in the stomach, preserves their full medicinal value and makes them easy to take, either by old or young. For constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, and the common derangements of the stomach, liver, and bowels, also, to check colds and fevers, Ayer's Pills

Are the Best

Unlike other cathartics, the effect of Ayer's Pills is to strengthen the excretory organs and restore to them their regular and natural action. Doctors everywhere prescribe them. In spite of immense competition, they have always maintained their popularity as a family medicine, being in greater demand now than ever before. They are put up both in vials and boxes, and whether for home use or travel, Ayer's Pills are preferable to any other. Have you ever tried them?

Ayer's Pills

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U.S.A.

Every Dose Effective

SCHEDULES S. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Transfers Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:40 a. m.
GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.
Nos. 2 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 10 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Dog days.

We are in great need of rain.

Train No. 1 was 4 hours late Tuesday.

Rev. A. J. Briggs was in town Tuesday.

Mr. Oliver Mullins, of Jumbo, was in town this week.

Mr. J. H. Chandler spent Sunday with his family in Clanton.

There was a card party at Mr. W. H. Phillips' last Friday night.

Miss Mary Duke is visiting relatives in Clanton to the delight of her friends.

Mrs. Raines is practicing for a concert which will take place a short time hence.

The hot weather, dust and no rain makes it very disagreeable for Clanton people.

Fruit is in less abundance this year than heretofore. Watermelons however are plentiful.

Mr. W. D. Durham, of Jemison, visited Clanton this week, and called on the View man.

Mason's Fruit Jars for sale at W. L. Sampey. Quart size 10 cts., Half Gallon 12 cts. each.

Miss Stifford, of Woodlawn, has returned home after a pleasant visit to the family of Mrs. Hammon.

The editor of the View wants to rent or buy a home in Clanton. Everybody can speak at once in this case.

Prof. J. M. Cordle will open a mathematical school at Mullins' hall next Monday. It will be a day school.

It does one good to meet such stalwart citizens as Jonathan Calaway. He is an old man, yet as active as a boy.

Of course the pond is going to be drained. If you have given nothing to help in that good work so do at once.

There was a croquet party at Miss Nannie Duke's given Tuesday night in honor of Miss Mary Duke, of Bainbridge, Ga.

Rev. B. E. Feagin preached at the Methodist Church last Sunday morning and night to a splendid congregation.

Dr. Stewart, Mr. W. L. Sampey and Mr. Tipton Mullins are the committee contracted for to superintend the draining of the pond.

The ladies of the Baptist Church are at work raising money with which to purchase a pulpit out-fitted. Everybody should give them a lift.

Rev. F. B. Tiekner, of Albany, Ga., is in our community visiting his sister-in-law, Mrs. Stanley. He enjoys summering in our excellent climate.

Mr. G. W. Askins, of Coopers, was in town Tuesday, and gave us a jingle of (S-) which was more pleasant to the ear than the jingle of marriage bells.

Rev. J. M. Hogan, of Birmingham, filled the Baptist pulpit here on the 2nd Sunday and Sunday night. His sermons were appreciated as was his talk to the Sun Beams.

Young Mr. Smithman who was placed in jail recently charged with appropriating another's cash is now out on bond. He expresses great appreciation for the kindness of the Sheriff and the jailer.

Rev. J. M. McCord, of Verbena, favored Clanton with a sermon on Thursday, between the 3rd and 4th. His text was, "If they hear not Moses and the prophets, neither will they be persuaded by any man."

Rev. J. F. Smith will preach at the Episcopal church next Sunday and all are cordially invited to swell the congregation. Bishop Jackson will also hold services at the Episcopal Church Monday night, August 7th, 1933.

Mr. W. W. Dunkin visited Roseman last week.

Mrs. W. A. Middleton visited Birmingham last Friday.

Mr. F. N. Jones has returned from a visit to north Alabama.

Mrs. A. J. Molen and son have returned home after a visit to relatives in Clanton.

Culp and Kemp have opened their stock of merchandise in Mr. John Carter's store house.

A lamp with a reflector is the best lamp you can get for the kitchen. W. L. Sampey has what you need.

WANTED—To buy, for a friend, a two horse farm near Clanton. Give me particulars quick if you want to sell.

C. W. HARE.

WANTED—Property to be placed in my hands for sale or rent. No charges unless sales are effected.

C. W. Hare.

You want to live cheaply, yet get good board when visiting Montgomery, go you will inquire for the Jeff Davis House, kept by Mrs. Dr. Ivey.

The University of Alabama offers splendid inducements to young men and young ladies. Read what President Jones says and then correspond with him.

The Collier Drug Company invites our readers to make headquarters at their store when visiting Birmingham. Read their advertisement and see what they offer you.

A lady, whose hair came out with every combing was induced to give Ayers Hair Vigor a faithful trial. She did so and not only was the loss of hair checked but a new and vigorous growth soon succeeded that which had gone.

A card of the Judson Institute is to be found in this issue. This College has for 54 years been training young ladies for usefulness in life, for a recommendation points to its former students.

WANTED—The Chilton View of Jan. 14th, Jan. 7th, Feb. 18th, May 5th, May 28th, June 23rd, July 14 and Sept. 1st, all of 1892. We will thank any friend to help us find these missing numbers, so that a complete file can be made.

While visiting at Verbena some weeks ago, we had the pleasure of spending the day at Rev. J. M. McCord's in company with Rev. Hady Jones. This good gentleman has been in very poor health for sometime but now feels well enough to visit among his friends.

Our high school is in sight. Prof. McMorris is satisfied with the liberality of our citizens and will proceed at once to have his school building erected. One of the prettiest lots in town has been chosen—the Randolph property—and none more desirably located. Now let everybody talk up our school. Nothing succeeds like success, and success is in sight with us.

We spent two days last week in the pleasant village of Prattville, in attendance upon the Montgomery Association. Nearly every Church was well represented with a delegation which remained until the close of the meeting. The discussion of Minner's Education, Sunday Schools, Temperance, Woman's Work, etc., were instructive. The hospitality of Prattville was in keeping with its established reputation. The next session will convene with Ft. Deposit Church.

The best way to avoid scarp diseases, hair falling out, and premature baldness is to use the best preventative known for that purpose—Hall's Hair Renewer.

A couple from the Southern part of the county drove into town Sunday very anxious to find the Judge, desiring to have a love-knot tied, but the Judge was out of the city, and they naturally—as most other people in the case of an emergency—repaired to the R. R. Agent, Mr. W. W. Dunkin, and tried to get him to tie the knot but though well up the lines of the day, and business transactions of a public office, he did not issue license, so the unfortunate couple were compelled to return with the knot untied, and a sad couple it was. It is to be hoped though, they will not give up.

Of course the educational wave is increasing. Clanton moved out first. Verbena we learn is beginning to wake up and now Jemison, has not only fallen in line, but almost at a single bound passed both her sister towns. Prof. J. L. Ruffin did fine work for that community some years ago and now to the delight of everybody he has consented to again become the principal of the Jemison High School. Some of the citizens were so glad that they actually fired the cannon. Miss Mattie Ruffin will be the assistant. This will reflect some of the old boys in particular. The citizens are offering to board pupils from a distance at very low rates. The View congratulates the teachers and patrons and hopes for them great success.

Notice.

The L. and N. R. R. will sell excursion tickets on August 2nd and 3rd to all points in Texas at one fare for the round trip. Good for returning for 30 days. For further information apply to W. W. DUNKIN, Agt. L. & N. R. R., Clanton, Ala.

Excursion.

Excursion train will leave Birmingham Sunday morning July 30th at 7:30 a. m., reaching Montgomery 9:30 a. m. Returning—Leaves Montgomery 10:30 p. m., this giving you all day in Alabama's capital. This is your opportunity at the lowest rate ever mentioned. The excursion will stop at all stations, so everybody can go. Perfect order will be maintained. Fare from Clanton, round trip, 75 cts. For further information apply to W. W. DUNKIN, Agt. L. & N. R. R., Clanton, Ala.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Continued by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Mrs. A. Betha and her charming daughter, Miss Mamie, of Montgomery, are stopping at the Clifton House.

Mrs. Donaldson, of Texas, who has been visiting her brother, Hon. G. A. Northington has gone to visit relatives in Petersburg, Virginia.

Mrs. J. S. Catts and children are visiting relatives in Pleasant Hill, Ala.

Mr. Frank Pinkston is visiting relatives in Mt. Meigs.

Dr. W. H. Caffey, of Mobile, has been visiting his uncle, Dr. H. W. Caffey.

Miss Goodwin, a lovely young lady of west Chilton is visiting the family of Mr. John Hamilton.

Mr. S. Scott, of Montgomery, has been visiting friends here.

Mrs. R. P. Dexter, of the Verbena hotel, visited Montgomery this week.

Drs. Theodore Betha and O. J. Brooks, of Wetumpka, have been visiting friends in our city.

Prof. Alonzo Hill, of Tuscaloosa, visited our city recently in the interest of his school.

Blue Creek News.

Mr. John B. Morgan has returned from Birmingham and is blasting away in his mica mine.

Lightning struck a tree in Mr. J. R. Mims field last Thursday setting it on fire.

Misses Lizzie and Sallie DuBose visited relatives here this week.

Mr. J. C. Pattillo visited Providence last Sunday.

Fine cat-fish are caught out of Blue Creek by Mr. Geo. Minnifree.

Mr. John Milledge, of Birmingham, is visiting Blue Creek.

Rev. Mr. Wells is conducting a revival meeting at the Congregational Arbor. There has been several accessions to the church.

Mr. and Mrs. John J. Mims are on a visit to relatives in West Chilton.

Some of our farmers have had their eyes turned skyward for some time watching the clouds and wishing for rain. Their wishes were gratified by a delightful rain last Thursday evening. Crops had begun to suffer badly.

Mr. Newman Cooper has some fine young hounds and Reynard may look for a race in the near future.

Impierville Dots.

We cannot decide among ourselves who are the just or unjust that have had a few showers, but not a sufficiency. Fruit driers have had suitable weather the past week. Crops are suffering but not past redemption.

We do not like to write wonderful things of our country, but will tell this snake story and sincerely hope our friends will not take it for untrue: "A house keeper had been using a china egg with which to deceive her hens and get them to continue in their good works, but one morning found it missing, and decided that someone had stolen it, until eight months afterwards, not far from the nest, she found the skeleton of a large snake and the missing egg. The snake had swallowed it, found it beyond his power of digestion and yielded to the inevitable."

All who love our beautiful town thank Clyde Martin for cleaning off our church yard.

Mrs. McVoy is boarding with Mrs. Goodwyn, Mrs. Harris and daughter, of Selma, and Mrs. Thomas, of Six Mile.

The friends of Mrs. Lockheart are glad to welcome her here again.

Misses Fannie Foshee and Alva Smithman and Mrs. Smithman, are visiting friends at Centerville.

Mrs. Herbert Woolley and sister, Miss Gertie have gone to Chicago.

We are glad to have Dr. Paisley with us again in our Sunday School.

Mr. Rufus McCary has returned from a visit to Montevallo.

We regret that Mrs. N. A. Goodwin has had to refuse applications for summer boarders. She could not accommodate them. Would it not be a good idea for some one to open a good boarding house in our town?

Subscribe for the View.

Prayer meeting is held every Wednesday night at the Methodist Church and every Thursday at the Baptist. Attendance ought to be better.

The value of a good name was well exemplified the other day, when a man asked one of our druggists for a bottle of Sarsaparilla. "Whose?" inquired the clerk. "Whose?" why, Ayers of course. "Ye don't suppose I'm going to run any risk with Hama's, do ye?"

FOR SALE—The View has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

Peabody Summer School of Pedagogy.

under the joint support and control of the PEABODY FUND MANAGEMENT the Alabama State EDUCATION DEPARTMENT and the State Normal College Troy Alabama. The Summer School students are granted full privilege of Graduation and Degrees (under the College Charter) viz, Bachelor, Master and Doctor of Sciences, Pedagogy and Philosophy. The Summer School is especially designed for College Graduates or other scholarly teachers of experience who have not completed a Professional Course.

Except the Annual 5 weeks Summer School the work is done at home on Outlines and Direction sent out from the College. For particulars address.

E. R. ELDRIDGE, L. L. D., President Troy, Ala.

JEMISON

HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM, SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893.

FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from \$3.00 to \$10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, \$2.00; Grammar Grade, \$2.50; High School, \$3.00. For further information address

J. L. RUFFIN, Prin., Jemison, Ala.

NOTICE

OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR

Estate of Wm. Walker, Probate Court Chilton County, Alabama.

er, Sr., Deceased

Letters of administration upon the estate of Wm. Walker, Sr., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, on the 10th day of May 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of Probate of Chilton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

P. M. MOORE, Admr. Est. Wm. Walker, Sr., Dec'd. Clanton, Ala. July 10th 1893.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama } In Chancery. Chilton County

J. D. Pitts } At Clanton, Seventh District North vs. } Eastern Chancery Division. Susan Pitts.

In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of the defendant, Susan Pitts, nee Gilson, is a non resident of the State of Alabama, and that the place of residence and postoffice address of Defendant is unknown to affiant, and further, that, in belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register, that publication be made in the Chilton View, a newspaper published in Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her to answer the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of August, 1893, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against her.

Done at office in Clanton, this 15th day of July 1893.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

W. B. Nolen, Sol. for Compl't.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama } In Chancery. Chilton County

Sarah Jane Headley, } At Clanton, Seventh District, North-complainant vs. } Eastern Chancery Division. J. J. Headley, respondent.

In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of Sarah Jane Headley the defendant, J. J. Headley is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and that his place of residence is unknown to affiant, but is informed he resides in the State of Florida, and further, that, in the belief of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

It is therefore ordered by the Register that publication be made in the Chilton View, a newspaper published in Clanton, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring him, the said J. J. Headley to plead, answer or demur the bill of complaint in this cause by the 15th day of August, 1893, or in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against him.

Done at office in Clanton this 24th of June 1893.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

Robt. H. Knox, Sol. for complainant.

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect; by the use of Odontomer. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on I. & N. R. between B'ham and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham corner 2nd and Ave. 18th St. Elston block.

Respectfully, MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

TODD'S GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN

Guns, Pistol Pistols, Fishing Tackle. CARTRIDGES.

AND BASE BALL GOODS.

Fine Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found in a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

feb-2-y

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Chests, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.00 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

feb-0

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

feb-0

New Store! ***

*** New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mar-20-y

MERCHANTS HOTEL,

T. H. MABSON, JR., Proprietor.

RATES—\$2.00 Per DAY.

Corner Bibb and Coon Streets. The Annex Cor. Commerce and Bibb.

MONTGOMERY — — — — — ALABAMA

KINCH

Relieves all sufferers of the severe headache and neuralgia and other ailments. It is a sure remedy for all these ailments. It is a sure remedy for all these ailments. It is a sure remedy for all these ailments.

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JUDSON INSTITUTE,

For Girls and Young Ladies.

— MARION, ALA. —

The next session will begin Sept. 28th.

One copy one year	• • •	\$1.00
One copy six months	• • •	75
One copy four months	• • •	50

More money is the cry arising from the people as they follow the lead of the demagogue. But the real and true need, so far as our farmers are concerned, is more truck out of which to get money. Why, then, the other day a Montgomery bank sent me a note saying that they had on hand great sums of money, actually piled up in the bank. But what could that avail the poor editor? We need not pig, no chicken, no colt, no mated calf, no fruit, no vegetables, no butter, no corn, no potatoes, nor anything to sell, so as to rake out a few places of the "ditty" here. Our farmers are coming more and more to realize the common sense position, that general and individual prosperity depends almost entirely upon individual enterprise of our farmers.

The Alabama editors got a new object lesson concerning Roman Catholicism during their visit in Chicago. Their badges were orange colored and had the letters "P. A." on them, standing for Alabama Peace Association. The Roman Catholics supposed the letters meant American Protective Association, an anti Catholic organization, and they eyed with hatred and suspicion editor and their aides. The attention, however, was marked that enquiry was made, and on advice from policemen the badges were discarded. They were actually afraid some Catholics could stab them in the back. Such acts are in keeping with that people who have ever been general arguments with them.

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MANAGEMENT, the Alabama
STATE EDUCATION DEPART-
ment and the State Normal
College Troy Alabama. The Summer
School students are granted
all privilege of Graduation and
degrees (under the College Char-
ter) viz, Bachelor, Master and Doc-
tor of Sciences, Pedagogy and Phi-
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particular address,

E. B. ELDRIDGE, L. L. D.,
President, Troy, Alabama.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you re-

READ * THIS.

University and for the bus-

The London Medical Co.

We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

Capt. Bourke Not to Blame.
Advices from Valetta, Malta, state that the court martial that was opened to inquire into the loss of the ship Victoria, on Thursday, rendered its decision in the case of the late Mr. Maurice A. Bourke, captain of the Victoria. The court found the responsibility attached to Captain Bourke for the disaster, and he was

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 2, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy three months .25

New Toluah Dickson, of Pine Level, has been elected director of the Art Department of Mary Sharp College Winchester Tenn. Miss Dickson is sure to succeed and will deserve success.

The young man who deceives himself into thinking that the bed of politicians is one of ease is mistaken. There is no pathway in life more beset with thorns than that of the office seeker.—Ex.

For nearly seven years Montgomery has been our home. We love that town and people as we love no other town or people, and it is with a peculiar sadness that we find ourselves no longer a citizen of Montgomery. It will always be a pleasure to recall the many acts of kindness shown us by that noble people.

We gladly welcome our old friend, Col. N. A. Graham, back into journalism. He has established a new paper at Calera, The Sentinel. We have no man among us who get up better or cleaner newspapers than Col. Graham. We trust that our neighbor will reap a large share of success.

The Montgomery Evening News has a level head and an honest heart on more questions than one. That paper believes in giving the news, and if one of their wealthy and honorable citizens gets on a drunk, raises a row or otherwise disturbs the peace that paper gives names and facts. Hear it: "If prominent people don't want their names given and their deeds published to the world they must keep the law." Good.—The usual rule is to give the names and deeds of the stranger or the poor and lowly. It is high time that newspapers quit this cowardly partiality.

The editor of the Western Recorder writes a sensible article on Lynch law as it applies to the rape. He of course thinks lynching an evil, but not half so great an evil as the ruin of pure little girls and women by black demons. White men can never brook that great crime, but to have the executions according to law, the writer suggests that the legislature give us a law something like the Drinn-head court-martial for speediness. Let the law see that negro men who ruin white women or girls shall be punished by law with death, and that within forty-eight hours. It is the "law's delay" that encourages mob violence.

The frequency of the commission of the above mentioned crime is enough to demand of every legislature the enactment of the most stringent laws, or else the white people north and south will grow more and more accustomed to the running nose and swinging limb.

Like the Sayre Law.

The new election law of Florida, like the Sayre election in this State, has given perfect satisfaction whenever tried in the municipal elections. The Jacksonville Times-Union is especially delighted with the experiment and says speaking especially of that provision forbidding all persons but electors desiring to vote from approaching within fifty feet of any polling place: "In its practical operation it works a wonderful change in the scenes about the polls, so familiar to everybody in almost every city, town and village in every State of the Union, and so often disagreeable even to the point of disgust. In the place of a motley crowd of all kinds of conditions of men—some sober, some drunk, some clean, some dirty, some quiet, some noisy and profane, some attending to their own business, but many more attending to everybody's business but their own—the voter finds the polling place as easily approached as his own front door—no crowd, no noise, no electioneering, no profanity, no pushing or elbowing, but everything orderly, and the business in hand going on properly and smoothly. By this provision all the objectionable features of the old system have been wiped out of existence at the polls.—Ex.

Subscribe for the View.

Democracy's Current Position.

The Democratic platform demands:

1. The repeal of the Sherman act, which it denounces "a cowardly make-shift, fraught with possibilities of danger to the future."
2. The use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country.
3. The equal intrinsic value of the dollar unit of coinage of both metals.

Yet the silver extremists declare that all Democrats, who are not in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the present rate of 16 to 1, have gone back to the platform of the party formulated at Chicago. The intrinsic value of our present silver dollar is near about 58 cents and that of the gold dollar 100 cents.

Just so long as our silver dollar is intrinsically worth only a little over one half as much as the gold dollar just so long will the other nations of the world refuse to handle it. A good definition of gold money is that it consists of coin which is worth as much after it is melted into bullion as it is purporting to be worth in coin. Gold dollars are good money because they are worth as much in bullion as they are in coin. American silver dollars are bad money because they are not. They serve the purpose of good money only so long as the government redeems them in gold or its equivalent. How long can the government afford to do so?

Does not the recent great strain of gold from this country and the consequent depression of business go to prove that it is but a question of time and a short time at that when the United States will have to cease the coinage of depreciated silver money?

The use of silver on a parity with gold, when it is put on an equality, should be continued, but the United States will have to stop making a gold dollar worth 100 cents the world over, and carry a silver dollar worth little more than half that amount. An eminent writer in the North American Review—whose name we have forgotten for the moment—shows that while the United States Treasury has purchased from August, 1890, to June 21st, 1893 \$126,503,447 worth of silver, and coined 30,000,000 of silver dollars at an actual loss of \$17,000,000, yet from June 1st, 1892, to June 1st 1893, the amount of money of all kinds in circulation was reduced in that one year "over \$17,420,000." "The stock argument in favor of silver purchases that it increased the currency is disproved." And this is how it happens the decrease in gold is greater than the increase in silver. The gold is going out of the country faster than the United States is coining the silver, and the more silver we coin at its present value the worse it will be. In 1891 and in 1892 we sold Europe \$242,000,000 more than we bought and yet, "instead of paying us for our cereals in money, Europe paid us back in our own debts (United States bonds and other securities) and made us redeem \$68,000,000 of our debts besides."

These are plain facts. They are taken from the treasury reports. They cannot be successfully disputed, and there can be no question but the depreciated silver coinage of the country has bred distrust and lack of confidence and these have paralyzed the business interests of the country. Depreciated money which is made a legal tender by any Government must necessarily drive good money out of that country, and this is what the Sherman silver act has done for the United States.

The wisest financiers now declare that the free and unlimited coinage of silver under the present ratio would be disastrous to the country in the extreme the wisest statesman know that it would be ruinous to the party that adopted it.—Birmingham News.

Dr. Targum Sounda's Warning to Lead Others.

I encountered a gentleman a day or two since buying up lands. I said to him: "Keep on at your vocation a little while and you will be a millionaire." I have said to two or three persons once before, there is the finest opportunity ever known to make speculations I ever knew. Lands can be had far below their real value, nothing can be lost if they never enhance in value; if they do, something is obliged to be made; and I have no doubt that in five years they will be worth three times their present price, this, or words to this effect.

I bought a small place several

years ago for three dollars and have since sold a part of it for ten dollars per acre, and that under purpose to educate a child. If you are in debt, pay the interest on your debt promptly and hold on to the land.

The universal rush to town is one of the greatest mistakes of the times; nothing but a rush in the opposite direction—a real ground-digging excitement—is going to relieve the country. It may be a "hard road to travel," but there is no other. You say produce brings no price; we can't afford to make cotton at six cents, and corn at fifty." Well, eat the corn and turn the rest into meat, and make a few bags of cotton to buy shoes and a little calico; dressing according to means, and not like a millionaire; look after your garden, raise chickens and keep a flock of goats, and all the combines and syndicates in the world can't touch you. A bushel of corn a sack of flour, a hundred pounds of meat are always worth the same; but silver, and even gold itself, constantly fluctuates.

We have any amount of smart men telling us what to do; there is a vast difference in the two classes.—The Chronicle. E. B. T.

POLITICS.
The following letter is taken from the last issue of the Alabama Baptist. We do not know the writer but we do know that it is good doctrine not only for Baptists, but for all other people of every creed and nationality. Read it and act accordingly:

To the Baptists of Alabama:
Dear Brethren:—It seems to me that Christians often err by letting their political views interfere with their religious life. I consider it perfectly right for every one to have fixed opinions, both religiously and politically, and to have the courage of his convictions; but for Christians to fall out and censure one another on account of their religious or political views, is just as far from being the religion of Jesus Christ, as hate is from being love.

There is the Organized and the Jeffersonian Democratic parties, the Republican, the Prohibition and the Third parties, making five in all. Now, my Baptist Brethren have we not good, pious and devoted brethren in each of these parties; and shall we let reckless politics fill us with hate, censure and ill will towards one another? Can we not hold firmly to our political views and at the same time keep our minds and hearts free from the venom that generates in the hearts and minds of wicked and often designing men and politicians? If we will keep our hearts pure, it will be no trouble to govern our feelings and tongues.

We are engaged in a religious war and we can't afford to have our ranks broken by political mudslingers. Our town, city and country brethren have already alienated themselves to some extent from one another. Brethren abandon this separateness and dissimulation right now, and let brotherly love be without dissimulation. We all have love for each other; but when political venom gets into us, brotherly love crumbles off to one corner and remains latent until God's Spirit asserts its rights. Then hate skulks away, love springs forth, and fellowship revives. So brethren, it is too low, little and mean for God's children to indulge in hate or prejudice one for another. So stop it, let love and unity abound. Then we may enjoy the Holy Spirit, and press our Redeemer's cause with vigor.

W. J. HATCHER.

All from Two Cows.

The Richmond Times gives interesting particulars of the success attending an enterprise conducted by a prominent business man of that city. It is suggestive of what can be accomplished by well directed effort. Three years ago Mr. R. B. Chaffin, of Richmond, purchased "Chateaufort," 57½ acres, three miles from Richmond, and commenced the dairy business with two cows. Now this farm is splendidly set in grass and Mr. Chaffin has two hundred milk cows. Some idea of the profit arising from this business for the last three years may be obtained from a letter from the secretary of the Richmond cream, butter and milk company, in which he states that during the year 1890, '91 and '92, Mr. Chaffin furnished this company with 2,633,000 pounds of milk, for which he paid \$50,365.06. This statement is subscribed and sworn to before a

notary public. In addition to this sum arising from the sale of milk, \$3,000 must be added, which comes from the sale of calves, making the gross receipts for the three years \$53,365.06. Mr. Chaffin thinks that the results would have been much better if he had resided on the farm and given his personal attention. His business in Richmond has prevented this, and all of his directions for the management have been given by telephone.

A woman's life can be divided thus: The age when she dances and does not dare to walk—the spring; the age when she dances and dares to walk—the summer; the age when she dances, but prefers to walk—it is winter; that rigorous winter of life.—Miss de Gardin.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Peabody Summer School of Pedagogy.

Under the joint support and control of the PEABODY FUND MANAGEMENT, the Alabama State EDUCATION DEPARTMENT and the State Normal College Troy Alabama. The Summer School students are granted full privilege of Graduation and Degrees (under the College Charter) viz, Bachelor, Master and Doctor of Sciences, Pedagogy and Philosophy. The Summer School is especially designed for College Graduates or other scholarly teachers of experience who have not completed a Professional Course.

Except the Annual 5 weeks Summer School the work is done at home on Outlines and Direction sent out from the College. For particulars address:
E. R. ELDRIDGE, L. L. D.
President Troy Ala.

REGISTER'S SALE.

Alder, Durham & Company
vs.
O. A. Duke, et al.

Under and by virtue of a decree rendered in the above stated cause, on the 25th day of July 1893, I, W. E. Stewart, Register in Chancery, in and for Chilton County, Alabama, will proceed to sell at the court house door in Chilton County, Alabama, between the legal hours of sale at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, on Monday, September 11th, 1893, the following described property to wit: Lot No. 1, 1/2 of a section 1, 1/2 of a section 2, 1/2 of a section 3, 1/2 of a section 4, 1/2 of a section 5, 1/2 of a section 6, 1/2 of a section 7, 1/2 of a section 8, 1/2 of a section 9, 1/2 of a section 10, 1/2 of a section 11, 1/2 of a section 12, 1/2 of a section 13, 1/2 of a section 14, 1/2 of a section 15, 1/2 of a section 16, 1/2 of a section 17, 1/2 of a section 18, 1/2 of a section 19, 1/2 of a section 20, 1/2 of a section 21, 1/2 of a section 22, 1/2 of a section 23, 1/2 of a section 24, 1/2 of a section 25, 1/2 of a section 26, 1/2 of a section 27, 1/2 of a section 28, 1/2 of a section 29, 1/2 of a section 30, 1/2 of a section 31, 1/2 of a section 32, 1/2 of a section 33, 1/2 of a 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CHILTON VIEW

W. HARE, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 2, 1893

For Scrofula

"After suffering for about twenty-five years from scrofulous sores on the legs and arms, trying various medical courses without benefit, I began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and a wonderful cure was the result. Five bottles sufficed to restore me to health."—Bouffault Lopez, 99 E. Commerce st., San Antonio, Texas.

Catarrrh

"My daughter was afflicted for nearly a year with catarrrh. The physicians being unable to help her, my pastor recommended Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed his advice. Three months of regular treatment with Ayer's Sarsaparilla and Ayer's Pills completely restored my daughter's health."—Mrs. Louise Biele, Little Canada, Ware, Mass.

Rheumatism

"For several years, I was troubled with inflammatory rheumatism, being so bad at times as to be entirely helpless. For the last two years, whenever I felt the effects of the disease, I began to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and have not had a spell for a long time."—E. T. Hambruge, Elm Run, Va.

For all blood diseases, the best remedy is

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 61¢; six bottles, \$3. Cures others, will cure you

SCHMIDT'S & N. AIA. HALLROAD
Trains pass (Clanton daily, as follows
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 5:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:50 a. m.
GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:25 p. m.
Nos. 6 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. J. W. Gullahorn was in town last week.

Mrs. Dr. Patton is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Miss Sophie Mullins has been visiting Clanton.

Mr. W. H. Merritt visited Birmingham Wednesday.

Mrs. Hall, and son, Mac, of Pensacola, are visiting here.

Miss Anna, Radcliff of Verbena, visited Clanton Sunday.

Mr. McNeil, of Montgomery, is visiting friends in Clanton.

Mr. W. J. Boles, of Birmingham, was in Clanton Wednesday.

Mr. Dick Middleton of Collinsville, Ala., is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Services were held at the Episcopal Church, last Sunday morning and night.

Prof. Robinson informs us that he has an attendance of about sixty pupils at Union Point.

We are sorry to quote the sickness of Master Charlie Merritt but glad to say he is now improving.

The many friends of little Miss Emma Potts are glad to see her home from her visit to Hillsboro, Ala.

The Congregationalists had preaching at their church last Monday night. Rev. Mr. Bassett occupied the pulpit.

Prof. E. Y. McMorris and family arrived in Clanton Wednesday morning. They will occupy the Lewis residence.

Don't forget to attend the Clanton county Teacher's Institute to be held at Concord Sept 8th and 9th.

Mr. W. M. Walker, of Maplesville, visited Clanton last week. He reports a good rain for his section and fair crops.

A large number of our county-men were in town Saturday. They all feel more hopeful since we have had good rains.

Bishop Jackson did not fill his appointment last Monday night at the Episcopal Church as announced in last week's issue.

Mr. L. B. Dunkin, a handsome young operator of Blount Springs and brother to Mr. W. W. Dunkin, of this place, was down on a visit this week.

The L. and N. evening accommodation will from henceforth run no further north than Calera. No. 1 and No. 10 make all stops between Calera and Birmingham.

It was our good fortune to be present at the Sunday meeting at the Baptist Church last Sunday. About 40 members were present and 3 new names were added to the roll. The Sabbathmen are at work to help clothe the little children at the Orphan's Home, and are also piecing a quilt for them.

A marriage of the old style and story took place in Clanton last Tuesday evening in which Mr. G. W. Lodge and Miss Willie Mark were made man and wife. The marriage was made more solemn by the bride's father, Dr. A. J. Mark who is at the present a practicing physician in Radcliff, although his family live near this place. The couple were married at the Duke House, Rev. B. E. Pasquin, being the officiating minister, while the couple returned to the home of the bride's mother to spend the night and leaving on the morning train on their honeymoon in various portions of Ohio. Several relatives and friends of both the groom and bride were present at the ceremony having been previously informed and invited.

The editor of the View will give special attention to the collection of news and accounts.

COUNTY NEWS.

The Congregationalists had a very pleasant meeting at Kingston last Sabbath.

Good Flour at Four Dollars per barrel. W. L. SAMPEY.

Rev. J. M. McCord has gone to Harpersville to aid Prof. Giles in a protracted meeting.

Rev. Mr. Lowry, of Calera is holding a protracted meeting at the Baptist Church in Verbena.

The confederate reunion has again been postponed. This time it will be held Oct. 2nd and 3rd.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers can be applied when at home, and is uniformly successful in coloring a brown or black. Hence its great popularity.

If one or two of our subscribers have more chickens than money they can bring the View man about 6 hens and one rooster.

Prof. J. B. Kilpatrick of Woodlawn, la. one of the best teachers in Alabama. He can be secured by some community desiring a live teacher.

We defy any teacher in the State to show us a circuit clerk who writes a better hand or gets up better papers than Chilton's J. P. Vanderwever.

A full line of the celebrated Hamilton-Brown Shoes always on hand at W. L. SAMPEY'S.

Work on the Clanton Academy has begun. Mr. Eugene Sorlar has the contract and the building will be completed at the time agreed by Prof. McMorris.

More shots of suitable size for fall fattening are seen at this time of the year resting, running and roaming about town than at the same time last year.

Since the crops in all portions of this county have had good rains they have come out exceedingly and will yield much more than was thought possible during the drought.

You have more cows than you need, it is costly to feed this extra number, so this scribe is willing to winter a real good milk cow. Speak quick before somebody else gets ahead of you.

County court convened Monday. The following cases were disposed of: Steve Pate, Disturbing Religious Worship. Fined \$20 and costs.—E. Whately, Disturbing Religious Worship. Guilty. Fined \$20 and costs.

Mr. J. E. Chapman, of Rocky Comfort, Ark., has been for two weeks visiting his sister, Mrs. Dick Edwards. He and Mr. Edwards spent a week in South Carolina visiting relatives. They report crops only fair.

WANTED—Property to be placed in my hands for sale or rent. No charges unless sales are effected. C. W. HARE.

WANTED—To buy, for a friend, a two horse farm near Clanton. Give me particulars quick if you want to sell. C. W. HARE.

Miss Bessie Holder, of Chapman, was married to Mr. Jas. M. Jackson, of the same place last week, July 20th. Miss Bessie is the eldest daughter of W. B. Holder, who formerly lived at Verbena.

Complaints being made that subscribers at some points do not get the View regularly. We are trying to be careful here and hope our clever postmasters will not allow non-subscribers to use the papers belonging to regular subscribers.

FOR SALE—The View has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

Messrs. Ehrman & Merritt have such confidence in the First National Bank of Birmingham that they have offered to purchase \$10,000 of its stock. In this connection we are glad to state that the prospects for the early resumption of that bank are growing brighter each day.

One of the best farmers in this county, Mr. C. R. Bruce, paid annual tribute to the "View" last week—offered unto a fine watermelon—of course the offering was acceptable in his sight. And, in this case, he hopes that the first shall not be last.

Through Judge Honeycutt we learn that our worthy citizen, Mr. F. C. Crompton, of Mulberry, is in very feeble health. He is now 80 years old. We trust that he who "even down to old age" is the comfort of his people will give this sufferer grace sufficient for the day.

Like a ship without a rudder is a man or a woman without health and the necessary strength to perform the ordinary duties of life. When the appetite fails, when debility, and a disordered condition of stomach, liver, kidney, and bowels assail you take Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

It is said to be the custom among the people of Clanton to present each new comer with a pig. This editor and family are now at home to friends at the Duke place, and are ready to receive "that pig," and indeed, if there are those who wish to make the welcome even more generous, why a few hens and a rooster would not be refused.

As a hair dressing and for the prevention of baldness, Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal in merit and efficiency. It eradicates dandruff, keeps the scalp moist, clean and healthy, and gives vitality and color to weak, faded and gray hair. The most popular of toilet articles.

The county Alliance elected the following officers for the current year: Moses Robinson, President; B. H. Wells, Vice-president; H. L. Honeycutt, Secretary & Treasurer; L. B. Pounds, Lecturer; J. A. Logan, At-Large; W. M. Wood, Chaplain; Thomas Driver, Doorkeeper; Les Hayes, At-Large; T. J. Dornay, Executive Committee; Moses Robinson, Delegate to State Alliance.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents. Lily Loquacity.

The much needed rain fell here last Monday night.

Mrs. Solemna Parley, wife of Mr. Will Parley, died on the morning of the second inst., and was laid to rest in the Mulberry cemetery.

Mr. W. D. Perdue and wife of Birmingham, are spending the summer here with their father, Mr. B. F. Hammond.

All the young people are having a good time and are either going or planning pleasure trips most of the time. It seems that some of them are determined not to let another year pass without some effort to bend Cupid's bow.

Mr. W. M. Wright and wife are visiting relatives in Coosa County.

Messrs. W. B. Bazemore and W. F. Deshaio left last Wednesday for a visit in Coosa County.

Prof. G. L. Speer has a very good school at Isabella.

Miss Lizzie Jones who has been spending sometime in Montgomery is now home much to the delight of her many friends.

Messrs. Robt. Brown and E. C. Jones have returned from a pleasure trip to Ia.

Mr. E. C. Jones went to Dentonville last week to see his best girl.

It is Miss Bonnie Fleming who is teaching at Green Leaf instead of "Miss Bonnie Green," as it appeared in last week's issue.

Maplesville Music.

Crops are good in this locality. Cotton suffered two weeks ago from drought.

Our town has been honored by a visit from Dr. Crumpton and wife of Pleasant Hill, Ala.

Mrs. Wiley Littlejohn and Mr. W. Dunlap and family have been visiting Mr. Robt. Martin.

Mrs. Petrican is now with Mrs. N. A. Goodwin.

Miss May Goodwyn and her father J. K. Goodwin of Selma, are at home.

Mr. James DuBose of Selma, is visiting here.

Miss Gertie Woolley has returned home delighted but much fatigued from a visit to Chicago.

We are glad to say Mr. Oliver of this place is convalescent from very serious sickness.

Mr. N. A. Saportas and wife are visiting here. Mr. Saportas has malarial fever, but we are glad to state that he is better.

DIED, on Aug. 1st, Mrs. Josie Smithman. She was married 15th of May, 1892. By her remarkable good nature during this short period of married life she endeared herself to her husband's family. She left a beautiful infant four months old. Sympathy is extended to the bereaved ones. A FRIEND.

Verbena Views.

Messdames Williams and Graham, of Autauga and John Hastings, of Montgomery, are visiting Rev. A. J. Briggs family.

Rev. J. M. McCord and family have returned from a visit to Coosa.

Mrs. Stedman and little Miss Lucile Verden, of Montgomery, are stopping at the Clifton House.

The farmers of this section have good corn crops. They will make plenty of corn to do them another year.

Mr. Frank Barnett, of Montgomery county spent Sunday with relatives in Verbena.

Miss Janie Odell, a charming young lady of Blue Creek has been visiting friends in Verbena.

Mrs. J. M. McCord and children are visiting her father Prof. Pratt at Six Mile.

Mr. Will Pitts, of Montgomery, has been visiting relatives in Verbena.

Miss Annie Rouseau has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Mobile.

Miss Anna Radcliff visited Clanton Sunday.

Rev. Mr. Lowry, of Calera has been carrying on a protracted meeting at the Baptist Church here.

S. W. Catie, Esq., visited Verbena Sunday.

Miss Dot Northington has returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Autauga.

Mrs. Frank Smith of Ansonia, has been visiting relatives in Ver-

COUNTY NEWS.

Dr. and Mrs. Rouseau visited relatives at Mountain Creek Sunday.

A bell buzzard has been seen near Verbena.

Most of the farmers around Verbena are prospering.

THE VOLUME OF THE CURRENCY.

More Money Now Per Capita Than Ever Before Except in 1892.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

At the present moment the circulation per person in the neighborhood of \$28.80. This is greater than it ever was before except in 1892. At the time that specie payment was resumed at the beginning of 1879, it was only about sixteen dollars and fifty cents, and in 1880 the average was not much above nineteen dollars.

The recovery of the country from the effects of the panic of 1873 78 coupled with specie payment resumption by the Government, made business unusual active in 1879 and 1880. In those years the volume of trade was larger than it is now in proportion to population and the prosperity of the country was greater. The circulation then was far smaller than it is now but nobody thought it was too small. It is lack of money which produced the recent stringency.

If the silver element of the currency was as small now as it was in 1879 and 1880 we would transact our business on as low a per capita circulation as we did then and do it more safely. Quality counts for more than quantity in the circulating medium of a nation.

Some level headed citizen of Butler County is speaking out on our line insisting that his fellow citizens feel that theirs is the best county in the best State in the United States. Beautify your homes, educate your children love your fellow-man and honor God.

Subscribe for The View.

Real Estate for Sale.

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.

2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.

3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.

4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.

5. A first class residence in Verbena.

6. A farm at Dixie.

7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.

8. A saw and planing mill outfit.

9. A saw mill outfit and several 10. 200 acres land, 20 acres cleared; 70 acres lumber; 24 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit, yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.

Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.

C. W. HARE, Agent.

NOTICE

OF APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR

Estate of Wm. Walker. Probate Court Clanton County, Alabama.

er, Sr., Deceased

Letters of administration upon the estate of Wm. Walker, Sr., deceased having been granted to the undersigned, on the 15th day of May 1893, by Hon. R. M. Honeycutt, Judge of Probate of Clanton County, Alabama, notice is hereby given, that all persons having claims against said estate will be required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred. P. M. MOORE, Admr. Est. Wm. Walker, Sr., Deed. Clanton, Ala. July 10th 1893.

Notice to Non-Resident

The State of Alabama } In Chancery. Clanton County }

J. D. Pitts } At Clanton, Seventh District North vs. } Eastern Chancery Susan Pitts. } Division.

In this case it is made to appear to the Register, by the affidavit of the defendant, Susan Pitts, use Gibson, is a non resident of the State of Alabama, and that the place of residence and postoffice address of Defendant is unknown to affiant, and further, that, in behalf of said affiant, the defendant is over the age of twenty-one years.

That publication be made in the Clanton View, a newspaper published in the town of Clanton, once a week for four consecutive weeks, requiring her said Susan Pitts to plead, answer or do as she may think proper, in this cause by the 15th day of August, 1893, or, in thirty days thereafter, a decree pro confesso may be taken against her. Done at office in Clanton, this the 15th day of July 1893.

W. E. STEWART, Register.

W. B. Nolen, Sol. for Compl.

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and so pain so bad effect, by the use of Oodentander, if not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Dr. Ham and Montgomery, and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 18th St. Elyton block. Respectfully, HARRY & BARBER, Traders.

TODD'S GUN STORE.

DEALERS IN
Guns, Pistol
Pistols, Fishing
Tackle.
AND BASE BALL GOODS.

Blue Gun Repairing A Specialty. The Oldest Gun House in the State. No. 11 N. COURT ST. MONTGOMERY, ALA. Write for Catalogue.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DEALER IN
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET
ARTICLES
AND
Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF
FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Safes, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Ratton and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refers to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store! ***

*** New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL.

CLANTON, ALA.

E. Y. McMORRIS, P. H. D. Principal,

Exercises Begin September 18th, 1893, and continue Nine Scholastic Months. Tuition from \$20.00 to \$40.00 per session. Music including use of instrument \$40.00. Board, including washing, lights, fuel, etc., \$11.00 per month. Pupils prepared for Universities and for the business of life. For catalogue address

E. Y. McMORRIS, Clanton, Ala.

MERCHANTS HOTEL.

T. H. MABSON, JR., Proprietor.

RATES—\$2.00 Per DAY.

Corner Fifth and Court Streets. The Annex Cor. Commerce and Fifth.

KINCH

ALABAMA

BIRMINGHAM
School of shorthand and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. LEARNING BY DOING, is the way children learn to walk, talk, write, read, and to do every thing, typewrite and cook by practice. Boys learn to use tools, bicycle and play, not from books, but learn by doing. HUMANES, LIKE THIS BEST, IS LEARNED BEST IN A TV CAL BUSINESS, and exactly ACTS AS A BUSINESS, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at the institution.

During his whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. HE DEALS WITH NO LONGER PERSONS; makes up from January one, the course of settlements, balances and business papers, but the actual transactions are laid in every line take the place of theory work.

For circulars

L. A. WYATT, Principal.

JUDSON INSTITUTE,

For Girls and Young Ladies,

—MARION, ALA.—

The next session will begin Sept. 28th.

B. W. AVERETT, President.

C. W. HARE, Special Agent.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. [Feb 25-92]

ROBERT H. KNOX,

Attorney at Law,

CLANTON - ALABAMA.

Box 24.

W. H. Taylor,

BARBER.

Clanton, Ala.

Hair Cutting and Shaving.

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Pub.
CLANTON, ALA., AUG. 17, 1933

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Makes the hair soft and glossy.
"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for nearly five years, and my hair is now, glossy, and in an excellent state of preservation. I am forty years old, and have ridden the plow for twenty-five years."
—Wm. Henry Ott, after "Morning Star," Newville, Wyo.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from falling out.
"A number of years ago, by recommendation of a friend, I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor to stop the hair from falling out and prevent its turning gray. The first effects were most satisfactory. Gradual applications since have kept my hair thick and of a natural color."
—H. E. Basham, McKinney, Texas.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Restores hair after fevers.
"After a year ago I had a severe fever, and when I recovered, my hair began to fall out, and what little remained turned gray. I tried various remedies, but without success, till at last I began to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and now my hair is growing rapidly and is restored to its original color."
—Mrs. A. Collins, Dighton, Mass.

Ayer's Hair Vigor

Prevents hair from turning gray.
"My hair was rapidly turning gray and falling out; one bottle of Ayer's Hair Vigor has remedied the trouble, and my hair is now its original color and fullness."
—H. E. Basham, McKinney, Texas.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists and Reformers.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Miss Rosa Thornton is at home on a visit.
Mr. Dick Middleton visited Verben last week.
Mr. J. A. Maldox, of Jumbo, was in town last week.
Mrs. Patrick Smith is visiting relatives in Sylveston.
Mr. Peter Quigley, of Jemison was in town Monday.
Mrs. Tom Phillips has been visiting relatives in Auburn.
Commissioner's court convened Monday and Tuesday.
Mrs. W. H. Foshee visited Mulberry last Saturday and Sunday.
Rev. B. E. Engin preached at the Methodist Church Sunday.
Rev. J. F. Smith preached at the Episcopal Church last Monday night.
Mr. Ed. McCrary has returned home from a visit to his girl in Decatur, Ala.
Owing to the rainy weather is due our lack of local news this week. The rain has kept the people at home.
Messrs. A. J. and E. T. Gullahorn, Jr., of Verben attended the party at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's last Friday night.
Dandruff is an exclamation from the pores of the scalp that spreads and dries forming scurf and causing the hair to fall out. Hair Renewer cures it.
Rev. Mr. Conwell will preach for the Baptist congregation next Sunday and Sunday night, and will address the Sunday School Sunday evening.
Rev. Mr. Fuddick by reason of the stringency of the times has been compelled to give up regular pastoral work and give himself to saw mill work.
The morning accommodation arrives in Clanton at 8:30, ten minutes earlier than formerly, which caused several of our citizens to get left for points south last week.
The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Herbert will no doubt be pained to hear of the death of their daughter, Miss Essie at Donaldsonville, Ga., August 8th. They have the sympathy of many friends here.
While fruit is scarce in this part of the country, it seems to be plentiful in the eastern part of the county and of such size and quantity that it finds a ready market in our town. And, indeed, some few of our farmers are making a little ready cash. Peaches are principally marketed and come into town by the barrels and baskets full.
Several of Clanton's citizens were depositors in the bank of Josiah Morris & Co. A movement is on foot for the creditors to place Mr. Billing in full control of the business and let him work it out as soon as possible. We are sure this would be the most satisfactory plan in sight.
The "Found Party" at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's last Friday night given by the accomplished young ladies of our town was hugely enjoyed. The gathering was large, and with gaiety of spirit were games played, mirth made and the evening spent. When supper was announced all gathered in the dining hall around a table loaded with good and abundant of most delectable and delicate eatables. The party lasted into the wee hours of night, and long will be remembered and also the hospitality of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Vanderveer.

ATTENTION TEACHERS.

Congregational Institute for White Teachers, Childersburg, Aug. 21 to 25.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

Owing to the financial stringency throughout the country we cannot, for the present, extend further credit to any one. We hope our friends will be patient with us. Cash will buy goods cheap.

FOR SALE.—THE VIEW has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

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COUNTY NEWS.

The editor and family return thanks to Mrs. Bivings, Sr., for a nice lot of corn and tomatoes.

The Chinese pay their doctor only so long as he keeps them in health. They believe in preventing rather than curing disease. This is sound sense, and one of the strongest recommendations of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, a medicine which not only cures disease but prevents them.

We were glad this week to again shake the hand of Mr. Patrick, of Radcliff. He reports good health and good spirits in his section.

Be sure to put a box of Ayer's Pills in your satchel when traveling either by land or sea. You will find them convenient, efficacious, and safe. The best remedy for constiveness, indigestion, and sick headache, and adapted to any climate.

Miss Lodge, of Clanton Ford, who came over to attend the marriage of her cousin, Mr. G. W. Lodge, met with an unfortunate accident when returning home last week with Mr. Charlie Marlar. When they were near the house the holding-back strap to the harness broke as they were going down a hill which caused the horse to run away. Miss Lodge was thrown from the buggy and had her wrist dislocated and arm broken. Mr. Marlar was also thrown from the buggy, but escaped unhurt.

WANTED—Property to be placed in my hands for sale or rent. No charges unless sales are effected.

C. W. Hare.
Prof. C. C. Slaton has moved to Verbena and will begin work at once to build up the best school ever taught in that choice town.

WANTED—To buy, for a friend, a two horse farm near Clanton. Give me particulars quick if you want to sell.

C. W. HARE.
Prof. Moore, our worthy County Superintendent of Education, will always hold Mr. K. Wells in grateful remembrance. Some years ago Mr. Wells encouraged the then young man to secure an education, and thus be more useful to his day and generation. The boy sacrificed to attend school and now he is a useful teacher and a diligent laborer for his fellowmen. And Mr. Wells is glad that he encouraged the boy. Let us do all in our power to inspire the boys of our county to seek for an education.

I will buy cotton for cash as usual. Pay no attention to any reports to the contrary until further notice.

W. L. SAMPEY.
FOR SALE.—THE VIEW has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

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GENERAL MARKET.

Washington telegram to Atlanta Constitution.
Ex-Congressman Forney, of Alabama, who served twenty years in Congress and voluntarily retired last March, is here. In speaking of the situation he said: "You know that I have always been a silver man, I have never been afraid of it and I am not afraid of it now, but I am satisfied that something must be done. We cannot do everything by ourselves and there is no use resisting any longer. The agitation has been long and steady. The action in India came as a knockout blow, and now the 412 grain dollar has got to go. We cannot help ourselves. I do not pretend to know just what ought to be done, but we must do something and the present silver dollar is bound to go."

Speaking of the tariff he said that that question could never be subordinated to silver or any other question. "They must revise the tariff speedily and in a way to tell, a way that can be readily seen or the party will be defeated, and if the party retains power it will be on the same issue. If we do not have a revision of the tariff, a substantial revision, which can be felt by the country and understood and have it in operation before next August, a year from this month, we shall be defeated at the fall election. I do not mean to say that the Republicans can beat us, but we will be beaten by a combination of Republicans with the dissatisfied classes. We cannot afford to waste any time, but must get at the tariff at once."

It is safe to assume that the present high prices of pork will continue for a long time. The hog product in the west is not keeping pace with our population, and the demand from Europe and South America is increasing.

The Southern farmers who have been holding their hogs until they were two years old have been losing money on them. If the west hogs are slaughtered when they are nine months old, and there is really no reason why they should be allowed to consume food and be a dead expense for a year or so longer.

Long before the war and during that period the South raised all the pork that she needed and she can do it again, and have a surplus for the market.

At a time when the matter of diversified crops and industries is attracting so much attention, and when our best minds are devising ways and means to increase our output and reduce our purchases, it will profit us to study the pork problem. We can raise more hogs without neglecting a single industry, and the ruling price of bacon makes it plain that it would be money in our pockets to produce our home supply, even if we do not have a surplus to sell. By adopting the western method of killing hogs before they are a year old it will be an easy matter to have enough pork for our own use and a surplus to sell.—EX.

Send us your Job Work.

Real Estate for Sale.

1. A farm, 80 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.

2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.

3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.

4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.

5. A first class residence in Verbena.

6. A farm at Dixie.

7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.

8. A saw and planing mill outfit.

9. A saw mill outfit and several 10. 200 acres land, 20 acres cleared, 70 acres timber, 20 acres 4 leg days, 2 lumber ways, saw mill outfit, yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.

Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.

G. W. HARE, Agent.

WONDERFUL WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect, by the use of Odontan, Jr. It is not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Blount and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefer and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave. 18th St. Ellyton block.

MASSEY & SANDEFER.

THE ALLIANCE.

The State Alliance adjourned Aug. 10th at Talladega. Before adjourning resolutions were passed favoring the repeal of the Sherman purchase act and the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Fifty two counties were represented and ninety alliamen in attendance.

The following officers were elected:

President—B. W. Groce, of Talladega.

Vice-President—J. W. Jones, of Marengo.

Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Brook, of Montgomery.

Lecturer—J. H. Harris, of Chambers.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you re-subscribe.

VERBENA VIEWS.

Mrs. Caffey and daughter, Miss Mary, of Marion, are visiting relatives here to the delight of their many friends.

Mr. A. J. Brooks, of Indianapolis, and son John, of Troy, Ala. have been visiting their old home here.

Rev. J. E. McCann and children have been visiting relatives in Autaugaaville.

Mrs. C. T. Zimmerman has returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Shelby.

Miss Abbot Spratling has gone to the World's Fair.

Miss Geneva Brown, of Bozeman, has been visiting relatives at the Clifton House.

Mayor Gibbons many friends are glad to see him out on the streets again.

Mrs. House and lovely daughter, Miss Mamie, of Deatsville, have been visiting relatives at the Clifton.

Quite a number of traveling men have made our streets lively with their presence this week.

Wilson Deramus, of Autauga, is visiting Verbena.

Mr. G. W. Coburn, of Autauga, passed through Verbena last week on his way to the State Alliance at Talladega.

Mr. John Moody has gone on a visit to Prime Springs, Tenn.

Mr. L. L. Zimmerman an old citizen of this place, but who has for sometime been living at Shelby has gone to Chicago to live.

We want more money. Congress must give us more money. More money is the cry of the day, but will it heed the cry of the people?

Mrs. John Gray, of Coosada, has returned after a pleasant visit to friends in our city.

Messrs. Joe Williamson and G. S. Scott of Montgomery, spent Sunday with relatives and friends in Verbena.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Boyd, of Montgomery, spent Sunday at the Verbena Hotel.

Mr. J. D. Beale visited Montgomery this week.

Mrs. John Hanlin and sister, Miss Goodwyn, are visiting friends and relatives in Plantersville.

Cooper Locals.

There was a protracted meeting at Chestnut Creek Church last Saturday before the first Sunday in this month. Much interest was taken by the members and there was a good attendance. The meeting was conducted by our pastor Rev. Mr. Swindle and through his earnest preaching sinners were converted and brought to repentance. There were 4 converts and 2 accessions by letter. Mr. Swindle is a gentleman and a true minister of the gospel and one who enters his work with a zeal and earnestness only manifested by a true Christian of the cause of Christ.

Meteorite Sensation.

Savannah, Ga., Aug. 10.—A meteor the size of a barrel passed over this city at 9 o'clock to-night and struck in the marsh near the Isle of hope, a suburb of Savannah six miles out. The shock was felt in the city and created great excitement in the section where the meteor fell.—EX.

This is a year when rich people deserve our deepest sympathies. They are the losers when banks and other business enterprises fail. The man owning a small farm and having enough to eat at home is now the most envied.

The State Alliance adjourned Aug. 10th at Talladega. Before adjourning resolutions were passed favoring the repeal of the Sherman purchase act and the free and unlimited coinage of silver. Fifty two counties were represented and ninety alliamen in attendance.

The following officers were elected:

President—B. W. Groce, of Talladega.

Vice-President—J. W. Jones, of Marengo.

Secretary and Treasurer—J. L. Brook, of Montgomery.

Lecturer—J. H. Harris, of Chambers.

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CHILTON COUNTY

The geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the K. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tusculum and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa River is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. 15,000. Chilton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R. 34 miles south of Birmingham and 40 miles from Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

C. W. HARR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

VOLUME XII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, AUGUST 24, 1893.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

NUMBER 43.

NEW STORE! Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at NEW PRICES! KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE, Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA. We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

CONGRESS IN SESSION.

The Daily Routine of Both Houses Briefly Epitomized.

What is Being Done to Alleviate Financial Depression and Bring Relief.

SEVENTH DAY.—The senate recessed at noon Monday with not more than half the number of senators present. The house resolution providing for the celebration of the anniversary of the laying of the cornerstone of the capital passed. Senator Voorhees introduced his bill authorizing the issue of national bank notes to the full value of bonds deposited. It is accompanied by a letter from Secretary Carlisle recommending its passage as a measure of immediate relief, and saying it will add nineteen million dollars to the circulation. Referred to finance committee.

The senate passed the house joint resolution for the payment of session employees of the two houses at the present session. Numerous petitions on the silver question were presented and referred, and one for the annexation of the Hawaiian islands, the latter coming from the San Francisco chamber of commerce. The president sent to the senate the following nomination: Edward C. Butler, of Massachusetts, secretary of the legation to Mexico; Otto H. Boyesen, of North Dakota, United States consul at Gothenburg, Sweden; Nicholas Z. Robinson, of Louisiana, assistant solicitor of the treasury. Senator Hill introduced a resolution which lies on the table declaring it the sense of the senate that nothing but financial legislation shall be undertaken during the fall session.

Mr. Vest called up the resolution offered by him last week in favor of bimetalism and free and unlimited coinage, both gold and silver, and addressed the senate on the subject.

EIGHTH DAY.—In the Senate, Tuesday, Senator Gordon, of Georgia, introduced a bill to suspend for six months the operation of the law taxing notes of national state banks 10 per cent. He prefaced its reading with a statement in which he claimed that the passage of his bill would stop a panic in fifteen days. The bill was referred to the finance committee. Mr. Voorhees reported back from that committee the bill introduced by him Monday to enable national banks to issue currency to the amount of the full par value of the bonds deposited.

Mr. Vest expressed the hope that the bill would now be taken up and passed practically without discussion. He met, however, an opposing force in Mr. Cockrell, who objected to immediate consideration and then proceeded to make an argument against it as favoring national banks to the disadvantage of state banks. Mr. Voorhees said that as a large objection caused his bill to go over till Wednesday, he would now give notice that he would put it up Wednesday and move to put it on its passage. The Lew Mullan case, involving the question of the right of the governors of states to appoint senators under certain circumstances, was then taken up, and Mr. Hutton, of Virginia, addressed the senate in support of Mullan's right to the seat.

SIXTH DAY.—The morning hour in the senate, Wednesday, after the introduction of bills, was largely occupied by a discussion as to the overhauling of the government buildings in Washington with public books and documents. Mr. Vest proposing a remedy by the passage of a bill appropriating \$500,000 for a building to be known as the "Hall of Records."

A big batch of recess nominations was sent to the senate. There were fifty-six names on the list, which is continued to state and judicial nominations. There are five ministerial, two consular-general, six secretaries of legation, five justices, seventeen district attorneys, nineteen marshals, two notaries, an assistant attorney general and a Chilean claims minister.

FIFTH DAY.—The pro and anti-silver men came to a line of procedure Thursday night, and upon their agreement, immediately after the reading of the journal in the house, Friday morning, Mr. Wilson, of West Virginia, who had been chosen by the president and Secretary Carlisle to represent the administration in the contest, offered a bill for the repeal of a part of the Sherman act. It repeals the silver purchase section and provides that "this repeal shall not impair nor in any manner affect the legal tender quality of the standard silver dollars heretofore coined; and the faith and credit of the United States are hereby pledged to maintain the parity of gold and silver coin of the United States, at the present legal rate, or such other ratio as may be established by law. Mr. Bland then presented the agreement made governing the course of debate. After some little objection from the republicans an arrangement was effected whereby a debate for fourteen days—with night sessions if desired—was provided for—votes to be taken on resolutions varying from sixteen to one to

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

A case of cholera has occurred in the military camp at Buch, Austria, twenty-five miles from Vienna. The patient has been isolated and every precaution taken to prevent the spread of the disease. Chicago banks received \$625,000 in gold Wednesday on import engagements, and the yellow metal will continue to arrive as long as New York sells at a discount, which will permit of the movement.

The Union National bank, of Racine, Wis., closed its doors Wednesday morning. The capital is \$150,000, and the total resources \$892,000. The Commercial and Savings bank has posted a thirty days' notice.

Reports from the Texas coast belt are favorable for a heavy yield. The first picking will be delayed by rains in some localities. Planters say the fiber is equal to the best ever raised, and factors are preparing to handle a large yield.

A dispatch of Wednesday from Limburg, capital of Austrian Galicia, states that cholera is spreading in the town of Nadjerna and Snitzy. Within the past forty-eight hours there were twenty-four new cases of the disease and eleven deaths reported.

A Key West, Fla., special says: Captain J. W. Jones, of the British bark Antilla, died at Port Tortugas quarantine station of yellow fever, August 11. The two mates have had yellow fever and the crew is of negroes, hence no further cases are expected.

Brunswick's city council met in regular session Wednesday night and brought up the fever subject. Mayor Lamb gave notice to suspend Dr. Dunwoody and Branham for dereliction of duty. The report was received and the physicians will be notified.

The Cole Manufacturing Company of Memphis, Tenn., on Wednesday filed an application in chancery, asking that a receiver be appointed to take charge of the personal property of W. O. Collier, president of The Memphis Appeal Avantage Company, and his associates in business.

The store of W. J. Dyer & Brothers, dealers in musical instruments, at St. Paul, Minn., was burned Wednesday night. Michael Clonan, a fireman, was overcome by smoke while fighting the fire on the fifth floor and jumped to the ground. He was horribly mangled and died shortly afterwards. Several other firemen were injured. The loss is about \$100,000.

A Danville, Va., special says: An awful accident occurred at the county line trestle, just east of Milton, on the Atlantic and Danville railroad, Wednesday morning at 2:50 o'clock, when two passenger coaches and a sleeper were precipitated into a creek below a distance of sixty feet and the killing of seven persons outright and the wounding of a number of others.

A telegram from Brunswick, Ga., says: Drs. Dunwoody and Branham and O. V. Barkulow, the nurse, were placed on board a steamer Wednesday for the government quarantine at Sapelo, where they will remain until all danger from their contracting fever has passed. All looked well and reported good health. They were well disinfecting by Dr. Hugh Beauford before leaving the house.

Dr. Hortlieb, city health officer of Charleston, S. C., states in the reported cases of yellow fever on board the schooner at Philadelphia, that no ships of any description whatever had left his port with any sickness on board; that there had not been in Charleston or at any point in the state any case of yellow fever or any case of the slightest suspicion of yellow fever in the year 1893.

A special cablegram of Wednesday from London to a Washington paper says: Government dispatches say that Bombay is in possession of a mob. Troops are powerless. Every mosque has been destroyed, and many persons have been massacred. Europeans are panic-stricken. Troops are now protecting only public buildings. The governor has appealed for help, asking for instructions.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advises

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

May Bros. & Co., wholesale dealers and manufacturers of clothing, at Cincinnati, assigned Monday morning. The assets and liabilities are about \$100,000.

The A. B. Beck Lumber Company, with yards and offices in South Chicago, assigned Monday morning to the Equitable Trust Company. The assets are placed at \$511,000 liabilities at \$250,000.

At a meeting of the associated banks of Little Rock, Ark., Monday morning it was decided to place certified checks in circulation and limit the amount which any depositor can withdraw in one day to \$20.

A special from St. John, N. B., says: Rev. G. L. Neill created considerable excitement in his church Sunday night by announcing that a cable dispatch had been received to the effect that Queen Victoria had been stricken with paralysis.

The steamer Annie Faxon blew up Monday morning at Wade's bar, four miles below Alton, Oregon, on the Snake river. Six persons were killed and a number wounded. With the exception of Engineer Brown the names were not reported.

A dispatch of Sunday from O'Neill, Holt county, Nebraska, says that Barrett Scott, county treasurer, has disappeared and an investigation of his accounts shows a shortage of about \$60,000. It is thought Scott has gone to Mexico.

The Coatsworth elevator at Buffalo, N. Y., having a capacity of twelve million bushels and valued at three-quarters of a million dollars, was totally destroyed by fire Tuesday morning. About a dozen frame structures, mostly saloons and dwellings, were also burned. The total loss is \$800,000.

Springfield, Mo., had its fourth bank failure in the last two months Monday morning. It had a capital of \$100,000, and is one of the strongest and largest banks in the city and its failure was a surprise. The St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company generally had a large deposit there. It is thought the bank will come out all right.

The "rush" of visitors to the World's fair for which the officials have been looking so eagerly appears to have begun in earnest. The cheap rates and numerous excursions of the last few days are beginning to make a most satisfactory increase of the gate receipts and the financial depression that has been so seriously felt in the World's fair circles, seems now to be a thing of the past.

A Washington dispatch of Tuesday says: Governor Tillman, of South Carolina, has applied to the United States patent office for authority to use the word "Palmetto" as a trademark for South Carolina distillery whisky. The patent officers are reticent on the subject, and say that it is not the proper thing to give out information concerning trade marks until they are issued.

At noon Monday a daring thief stole a bag containing \$10,000 in gold which was lying at the window of the receiving teller of the First National bank of St. Paul, Minn. The bag had been sent over to the clearing house by the Merchants' bank and was lying just inside of the receiving teller's window. An unknown man stepped up to the window, seized the bag, made off with it and escaped before any sort of pursuit could be organized.

The committee appointed by the recent silver mass meeting in San Francisco met Saturday night and adopted resolutions desiring it to be the design of the committee to confine itself to a simple proposition to restore the coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, and inviting the people all over the state to hold mass meetings in the various cities on August 24th and to appoint committees similar to this one with a view to the comprehensive development of the silver sentiment of the state.

A cable dispatch of Sunday from St. John, N. F., states that the Labrador mail steamer reports having spoken Peary's steamer Falcon at Davis inlet, northern Labrador, August 2nd. She had been bound two days. Peary had been engaged in visiting the coast settlements for the previous two weeks endeavoring to get dogs, but had not succeeded and then proposed visiting the Moravian settlements to the north and then going to Disco, as he was certain to get dogs there. He had been seriously disarranged through the unexpected delay.

Passengers who arrived at Shreveport, La., over the New Orleans Pacific railroad at 10:30 o'clock Monday reported that the southbound passenger car on that road was held up by masked men two and a half miles south of Mansfield, forty miles below Shreveport. The men boarded the

THE DOCTORS CONDEMNED.

Citizens of Brunswick Indignant Over the False Report of Yellow Fever.

The people of Brunswick, Ga., who sent their families away in the wild and unnecessary panic that prevailed among the timid Saturday and Sunday have kicked themselves for their hasty action and regret on all sides is heard that such haste was taken. As the people realized this more fully their condemnation and criticism of Drs. Dunwoody and H. M. Branham, cousin of the sick man, increased to such an extent that a suggestion made by some one that an indignation meeting be held met with increased and general favor. The people want to publicly condemn Drs. Dunwoody and Branham for their action in bringing Surgeon Branham to Brunswick while ill with fever.

Facts have developed that place the blame in the minds of the public on Dr. Dunwoody, the health officer, for bringing Surgeon Branham to Brunswick. Captains Barney and William Dart, of the steamer Pope and other citizens of unimpeachable veracity state positively that the morning Dr. Dunwoody brought Surgeon Branham on their pleasure steamer, sick with fever, they protested against the act, stating that the boat was filled with pleasure-seekers and it was wrong to menace their health even if Surgeon Branham only had malaria. He was brought, however, and the city physicians, through kindness, opened his doors to him and allowed his relations to nurse him, not dreaming of after results.

Mayor Thomas W. Lamb states positively that he will take official action against the physicians, as his duty to the public demands it. Mayor Lamb is known all over the state as a fearless official and he will not shrink his duty in this matter. He deplores the circumstances that make him act, but will not allow personal feeling or friendship for any one to interfere with his duty.

THE HOTEL BURNED
And Five People Were Killed and a Number of Others Injured.

A hotel fire at Chicago, resulting in the death of a number of the guests, occurred Monday morning. The fire was in the Senate hotel, a three-story structure on Madison street near Fifth avenue. One man jumped from a window in the top story and was killed. About half a dozen others were suffocated and burned to death. Loss on the building and contents is practically total, but as the structure was old and the furnishings cheap the amount will not exceed a few thousand dollars. A restaurant occupied the ground floor and the Senate hotel the two upper ones. It contained thirty-six rooms and held thirty guests when the fire broke out shortly after 6 o'clock. The rooms were separated by flimsy woody partitions and proved fire-traps for fire. The blaze started in the office on the second floor and spread so rapidly through the halls and the upper rooms that it could be warned the flames had cut off their escape from the stairway and they were caught like rats in a trap.

Those killed are Harry Godfrey, son of J. G. Godfrey, a hardware merchant of Little Rock, Ark., burned; Edward Short, of Chicago, plumber, burned and jumped from rear window; An unknown woman and two unknown men.

Gold on the way.
The sum of \$550,000 in gold was withdrawn from the Bank of England Wednesday for shipment abroad. Of this sum \$495,000 was for the shipment to the United States and \$55,000 for Montreal. The Bank of England is charging a premium on eagles and is holding her gold at a higher rate. The sum of \$495,000 was shipped for New York on the North German Lloyd steamer Lahn, sailing from Southampton, and the White Star line steamer Britannia, sailing from Liverpool. The Lahn took the bulk of the shipment.

Boasting Desperadoes.
A special of Friday from Jackson, Ala., says: The counties of Clarke, Choctaw, Wilcox and Marengo are stirred to the highest pitch at the murderous doings of the notorious Meachamites, and between four and five hundred men are in Meacham beef for the avowed purpose of wiping out every member of the gang and avenging the murderous wrongs perpetrated upon the good people of the counties named.

Minister Bland Arrives.
Among the passengers on the steamship Cassia, which arrived at San Francisco Tuesday morning, were James H. Bland, American minister to Hawaii, Mr. Yang, the new Chinese minister to the United States, and Minister to Japan Frank Coombs.

Yellow Jack at Brunswick.
A Case Announced But the Doctors Differ Concerning It.
A special of Saturday says: Yellow fever has hit Brunswick. And Mayor Lamb, of that city, makes the announcement to the world. So far but one case has been detected, and that one has been isolated and is being guarded carefully by the authorities of that city. The victim of the disease is the United States surgeon who was sent to Brunswick by the government and who has been in that city for only a short while.

Decreased Government Receipts.
A Washington Special of Tuesday says: The continued business depression is felt nowhere more sensibly than by the government. Its revenues rise and fall in touch with business. So far this month its receipts are \$9,000,000 less than last month and during the past three days the falling off has been very heavy. Business men are taking out of bonded warehouses as few goods as possible, while importers have not only curtailed their imports but are taking advantage of all the delay possible in paying custom duties.

Mexico and Her Tariff.
Dispatches from City of Mexico states that the import duties on foreign corn, cornmeal and beans were restored Tuesday. President Diaz judging that the cause for the suspension of the duties has now ceased. The toll gate duties in the federal district on domestic cornmeal and beans were also restored. From this time forward beans and other farm products are liable on importation to the special tax of 15 per cent in addition to the regular import duties on the same footing as foreign liquors obtained by distillation.

"Willie! Willie!" said the boy's mother. "What are you crying for?" "N-nothing," sobbed Willie. "The idea of a boy like you crying for nothing!" "Well, it is now the day for something," wailed the boy, "and you are crying for nothing!" "What are you crying for?" "I am crying for a new suit of clothes!" "What are you crying for?" "I am crying for a new suit of clothes!" "What are you crying for?" "I am crying for a new suit of clothes!"

DOMESTIC ASPECTS OF BREAD MAKING.

By OTIS BROWN, D. D.,
Health Commissioner, New York City.

It is necessary, if one would understand the sanitary aspects of bread making, to fully comprehend the germ theory held by scientists of germs and the part played by them in disease. The theory of disease germs is merely the same given to the knowledge of those germs by medical men, a knowledge which is the result of innumerable experiments. Being this, the old term of a "theory" has become a misnomer. A germ of a disease is a plant, so small that I do not know how to express intelligibly to the general reader its lack of size. When this germ is introduced into the blood or tissues of the body, its action appears to be analogous to that which takes place when yeast is added to dough. It attacks and destroys them, at the same time producing new substances.



"DISEASE GERMS FOUND OTHER WAY INTO THE YEAST BREAD."

But the germs of the greater part of the germ diseases, that is, of the infectious and contagious diseases, will develop or increase in number without being in the body of a human being, provided always you give them the proper conditions. These conditions are to be found in dough which is being raised with yeast. They are warmth, moisture and the organic matter of the flour on which the germs, after certain changes, feed.

It is necessary to remember at this point that yeast is a germ growth, and when introduced into a mixture of glucose or starch, in the presence of warmth and moisture sets up a fermentation. If the mixture be a starchy dough the yeast first changes a portion of the starch into glucose and then decomposes the glucose by changing it into two new substances, viz., carbonic acid gas and alcohol.

Now the gluten, which is also a constituent of dough and moist starch, affords, with the latter, an excellent medium for the development of germs of disease as well as of the yeast germs. The germs of cholera, as of typhoid fever, would, if introduced into dough, find very favorable conditions for their growth.

I do not wish to "poop" an alarm, nor am I willing to say there is very much chance of the germs of typhoid and of cholera reaching the stomachs of the people who eat bread which has been raised with yeast. But I have not the slightest cause to doubt that other diseases have been and will be carried about in the bread.

I have met journeyman bakers, suffering from cutaneous diseases, working the dough in the bread trough with naked hands and arms. I have no reason to suppose bakers are less liable to cutaneous diseases than any other men, and I know, as every housewife knows, yeast-raised bread must be worked a long time. This is an exceedingly objectionable thing from the standpoint of a physician for the reason that the germs of disease which are in the air and dust and on stairways and straps in street cars, and many other places, are sure to find their way into the dough, and once there, to find all the conditions necessary for their subdivision and growth. This is equivalent to saying that we must rely on heat to kill these germs, because it

destroys them, that the uncooked yeast bread has been eaten and with it the colonies of germs, that they have found their way into the blood and that the call for our services which followed, has rounded off this sequence of events.

I have already pointed out that the germs of disease are to be found in the air and dust. The longer any substance is exposed to the air, the greater the chance that germs will be deposited on it. Bread raised with yeast is worked down or kneaded twice before being baked and this process may take anywhere from four hours to ten. It is here, during this long period of working down or kneading during each of which may gather the dirt containing the germs from the baker's hands, that goes through this long process of raising and that bread may take that raised with yeast has so good a chance of gathering germs.

What is meant by "raising" bread

is worth a few words. The introduction of the yeast into the moist dough and the addition of heat when the yeast is placed near the fire produces an enormous growth of the yeast fungi, the yeast "germs," in other words. These fungi effect a destructive fermentation of a portion of the starchy matter of the flour—one of the most valuable nutrient elements in the flour. The fermentation produces carbonic acid gas, and this, having its origin in every little particle of the starch which is itself everywhere in the flour, pushes aside the particles of the dough to give itself room. This is what is called "raising the bread."

It needs but a glance to see that it is, in its effects on the dough, purely mechanical. The dough, which was before a close-grained mass, is now full of little holes, and when cooked in this condition is what we ordinarily call light.

This porous quality of bread enables the stomach to rapidly and easily digest it, for the gastric juices quickly soak into and attack it from all sides. The fermentation of the dough, however, uses up a portion of the nutrient elements of the loaf. If it be possible, therefore, to produce a light porous loaf without this destruction and without the "kneading" process, which fills the dough with germs and dirt, and without the long period during which the raising process goes on, the gain in food and the gain in the avoidance of the germs is exceedingly slight.

But while we can easily see the dangers which attend the use of yeast it is certain that the ventilating effect produced by it on the dough is to the last degree perfect. It is apparent that if we are to substitute any other system of bread making we must have one which will give us, first, mechanical results as good, that is, mechanical will produce minute bubbles of carbonic acid gas throughout the mass of dough. Now it is in no way difficult to produce carbonic acid gas chemically, but when we are working bread we must use such chemicals as are perfectly harmless. Fortunately there are not hard to find. The evils which attend the yeast-made bread are obviated by the use of a properly made, pure and wholesome baking powder in lieu of yeast. Baking powders are composed of an acid and an alkali which, if properly combined, should when they unite at once destroy themselves and produce carbonic acid gas. A good baking powder does its work while the loaf is in the oven, and having done it, disappears.

There is a little trick about the statue of Fulton in Statuary hall that few visitors ever see. Fulton is represented with a model of his great discovery in his hand. Standing at the left and looking at his face there is the most hopeless kind of an expression on his features. Walk slowly around in front of the figure, and the expression changes to one of hope. The further you go toward the right the more hopeful the face becomes, until at the extreme right it bursts suddenly into a look that almost says: "I've got it."—Kate Field's Washington.

Solidified Petroleum.

Solidified petroleum fuel is said to have been experimented with successfully. The fuel is composed of 600 parts of petroleum to 800 parts of melted and dissolved soda, 90 parts of rosin and 10 parts of concentrated calcium chloride solution. After the mass has become solid it is cut up into small bricks, which may be used in any way as coal or any other similar fuel.

Scrambled Eggs.

The secret of scrambled eggs is not to beat them before cooking, to have a hot skillet and take them off while they are yet soft; they cook a half minute after they are taken off, which many cooks do not allow for. A dash of lemon juice just as they are going to the table in a hot dish is an addition.

A Forgetful Dog.

Mamma—"Why don't you take your little dog with you when you go walking?"

Little Dot—"Cause quick as he gets away from home, he forgets his name, and sticks his tongue out before company."

Colman—"Well I've come after that five dollar you owe me."

Editor—"You shouldn't do it, young man. You disrupt the alphabetical order. I should never come after V."

is almost certain that they will be there. Now, underdressed or doughy bread is a form which every man and woman has seen.

It is a belief as old as the hills that underdressed bread is unhealthy. This reputation has been earned for it by the experience of countless generations, and no careful mother will wish her children to eat bread that has not been thoroughly cooked. The reason given for this recognized unhealthfulness has been that the uncooked yeast dough is very difficult to digest. No one but a physician would be apt to think of disease germs which have not been killed during the process of baking as a cause of the sickness following the use of uncooked yeast bread. Yet this result from this cause is more than probable. I have not the slightest doubt that could we trace back some of the cases of illness which we meet in our practice we would find that germs collected by the baker have found their way into the yeast bread, that the heat had not been sufficient to

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Present Brandy Note.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

A strongly represented meeting of business men of Jackson, Miss., Monday evening endorsed the action of the Jackson banks.

Dr. Hutton, the surgeon in charge of the United States hospital at Detroit, Mich., has been ordered by the government to go to Brunswick as a yellow fever expert.

At a joint meeting of the board of health and city council of Brunswick Tuesday night, the examining experts into the case of Surgeon John W. Branham pronounced his disease yellow fever, with two doctors voting in the minority.

Fire at Boynton, Va., Tuesday morning consumed Brown's wagon factory and a number of business houses and residences and injuring others, inflicting a total loss of more than \$80,000. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

Following the assignment of Josiah Morris & Co., of Montgomery, Saturday night, Messrs. J. B. Tremble & Co., saving bankers, posted an announcement Monday morning of an assignment to D. S. Sayre, for the benefit of their creditors.

Special telegrams of Monday from Richmond, Va., announced the election of delegates to the gubernatorial convention as follows: Scott county, Tyler O. O'Ferral 6; Louisa county, Tyler O. O'Ferral 3; James City, O'Ferral 2; Northampton, O'Ferral 12.

Captain Charles P. Barrett, who is under arrest at Spartanburg, S. C., for alleged complicity in postal frauds, gave a preliminary hearing before United States Commissioner and committed to jail in default of \$50,000 bond, pending the action of the grand jury.

The Virginia Farmers' Alliance met at Richmond Tuesday, in the hall of the house of delegates, President Page in the chair. Fifty-two out of one hundred counties were represented. The president read his address which was received with applause. A lengthy series of resolutions was presented and adopted.

The Anchor line steamer Katamania, which arrived at New York August 8d, and which brought the first case of cholera this season, was released from quarantine Monday morning and proceeded to her dock. Since her detention in quarantine she has been thoroughly cleaned and disinfected.

Charlotte's board of health, Sunday, ordered quarantine against Brunswick, Ga. The step is purely precautionary, and little business is felt, either by the authorities or the city. The health department announces that similar action be taken in regard to other cities in which yellow fever may break out.

The bank of Leesburg, Fla., Yager Bros., proprietors, made an assignment Monday. Its liabilities are about \$40,000 and its assets fully \$80,000. A steady withdrawal of deposits during the past ten days forced it to shut down. Depositors will be paid in full, but it will take a year or more to realize on assets.

A Savannah special of Monday says: The Atlantic and Savannah railroad will be operated by the Central railroad, with T. C. McNieley, superintendent. The Atlanta, Chattanooga, Rome and Columbus will hereafter constitute a division, office at Griffin, with W. A. Moore as superintendent.

An institution opened at Birmingham, Ala., Tuesday, being held by the prominent negroes of Alabama and other southern states. There were several prominent leaders in negro disaffection from other states in attendance. The remainder of the week will be devoted to the discussion of such as: "The race question," "The negro and his destiny," "Africa and its future."

A special from Montgomery, Ala., says: The city is quiet, the people accepting the situation calmly. Tuesday the banks began the issue of certificates, which are being accepted in all lines of trade as cash. The property is to turn over the assets of Josiah Morris & Co., to F. M. Billings in meeting with favor in all quarters, and it is probable this action will be agreed upon at the meeting of the depositors.

The dispensary is blossoming in Charleston, S. C., in great shape. Mayor, the first man appointed, has ordered his stock of goods and opened a dispensary. Pletcher, the Charleston hotel dispenser, will also open. Monday M. W. Powers, the third man, filed his petition with 679 names, and following him Charles H. Steinmeyer will have his petition filed. There are still six vacancies and they will all be filled as the fresh voters of the city appear to approve of the dispensary.

A special of Monday from St. Augustine, Fla., says: By the election of J. E. Ingraham, formerly president of Plant's South Florida railroad, and Henry M. Flagler, Florida agent, as director of the First National bank of St. Augustine, it is learned that Mr. Flagler recently became a large stockholder in the concern. The bank's standing is excellent. President John T. Disimuzes and the directors are congratulated on the acquisition of the many times millionaire railway, Standard Oil and hotel magnate.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the board of trade of Columbus, Ga., was held Tuesday afternoon to consider the financial situation. Resolutions were adopted urging Georgia's senators and representatives to work for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law, and also requesting the Columbus Clearing House Association to issue certificates and approving the action of the action of the city in urging certificates

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VOLUME XII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1893.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

NUMBER 45.

The Chilton View.

C. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices Twenty Cents per line each insertion. Obituaries and Notices of Deaths, half rates. Communications recommending candidates for office will be treated as advertisements and charged accordingly. Liberal notices made with them advertising by the year. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

NEW STORE! Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at NEW PRICES!

KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE,
Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.
We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

VICTORY FOR REPEAL.

Free Coinage Defeated in the House by a Vote of 239 to 110.

The Bland Amendments Were All Voted Down by Large Majorities.

EIGHTEENTH DAY.—The question of the right of the governor of a state to appoint a manager to fill a vacancy caused by the expiration of a regular term, and not happening by resignation or otherwise, was decided by the Senate Monday in the negative. The final vote in the two cases from Montana and Washington, deciding Manly and Allen not entitled to seats was 32 to 29. There was no vote on these cases, that from Wyoming, Mr. Beckwith having resigned his appointment more than a month ago. The remainder of the day's session was occupied in the consideration of the bill allowing national banks to increase their circulation up to the par value of the bonds deposited by them to secure circulation. The amendment was rejected by a vote of 16 to 1.

NINETEENTH DAY.—In the Senate Tuesday, Mr. Voorhees, chairman of the finance committee, reported back to the house the bill repealing a part of the Sherman act with an amendment in the nature of the substitute. He asked that the bill be placed on the calendar and gave notice that he should ask the senate to take it up immediately after the morning business from this time on until final action is taken. When he called it up Wednesday, Mr. Stewart's resolution, inquiring into the condition of the treasury, was then taken up. Senator Gordon, of Georgia, had the floor an hour on the river question. He spoke in favor of unconditional repeal. He also declared himself in favor of free coinage. If the friends of bimetallicism, said he, were strong enough in the senate to attack free coinage to the pending bill they would be strong enough to enact it afterwards. He was opposed to delay the repeal by a contest over free coinage. During the delivery of his speech Senator Gordon was given close attention by well-filled and crowded galleries. He explained his position by stating that the Sherman law was not the friend but the insidious foe of bimetallicism.

Twentieth DAY.—In the senate, Wednesday, after the routine morning business the bill for the repeal of the Sherman act was taken up, and Mr. Sherman proceeded to address the senate. He said that if the repeal of the purchasing clause of the act of July, 1890, were the only reason for the extraordinary session it would seem to him insufficient. It was, however, justified by the existing financial stringency. On one thing, he said, congress and that was that both gold and silver should be continued in use as money. Monometallism, pure and simple, had never gained a foothold in the United States. If the senators wanted cheap money and an advance in prices the free coinage of silver was the way to do it, but they should not credit bimetallicism.

THE HOUSE.
EIGHTEENTH DAY.—The galleries of the house were full of spectators Saturday morning before the hour of meeting, attracted by the announcement that the last day of the great silver debate was to be signified by a little of the oratorical giants of the house. The chaplain, in his opening prayer, asked God's blessing on the closing hours of this long debate. The speaker announced the order of the day's proceedings. Under the hour rule, he said, the time in favor of the bill would close with the member from West Virginia (Mr. Wilson). And the time in the opposition to it by the member from Missouri (Mr. Bland). The first thirty minutes was assigned by Mr. Wilson to Mr. Clarke, democrat, of Alabama. He believed it the duty of congress to fix the ratio between silver and gold at 16 to 1. He was followed by Tom Reed, of Maine, the giant of the republican party. Mr. Reed was never in better trim, and has never delivered a speech to equal this one. He demonstrated a broadness of views and a generosity of interest which has seldom been heard from him. After Mr. Reed came Mr. Dearmond, of Missouri, in favor of unconditional repeal, and then Mr. Williams, of Illinois, who opposed repeal. Then came Private John Allen, of Mississippi, who delivered "one of the most humorous speeches of his life." He argued for free coinage. Mr. Cockran, Tammany orator, then took the floor and made the greatest speech of his life and yet the strongest argument which has yet been made in either house of congress in favor of the unconditional repeal of the Sherman law. Mr. Bland followed Mr. Cockran. Several other brief speeches were delivered.

To Open the Cherokee Strip.
The president Tuesday issued his proclamation opening the Cherokee strip to settlement at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon, central standard time Tuesday, 14th of September.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs.

And Containing the List of the News From All Parts of the World.

Three deaths from cholera were recorded in Naples Wednesday. No new cases. Three fresh cases and three deaths were reported in Casino.

A Savannah special says: Another case of yellow fever broke out at Port Tampa, Fla., Wednesday. The quarantine has been raised, but is now on again.

Two fresh cases of Asiatic cholera were reported in Berlin, Wednesday. Both were caused by the drinking of city water. The newspapers demand that the city waterworks at Straun, on the Spree, be closed, as they are generally believed to be infected.

The Pennsylvania republican state convention assembled at Harrisburg Wednesday and nominated Judge Newton S. D. Fell, of Philadelphia, as candidate for supreme court judge, and Samuel M. Jackson, of Armstrong county, for state treasurer.

Surgeon-General Wyman, Wednesday, received a telegram from James J. Porter, state health officer at Port Tampa, Fla., stating that there is one case of yellow fever there in the person of a clerk employed on the dock. It developed ten days after possible exposure to the disease.

Major Campbell Brown, probably the wealthiest live stock breeder in Tennessee, committed suicide at Grand Rapids, Mich., Wednesday, by shooting himself through the head with a 32-caliber revolver. Major Brown has suffered from mental trouble for five years and treatment has been without permanent benefit.

The Vienna correspondent of the London Times reports the first death from Asiatic cholera in Vienna due to the drinking of unfiltered water from the Danube. One death is reported at the suburb of Buda Pesth. The official returns from Galicia show that forty-two new cases and twenty-eight deaths were recorded Saturday and Sunday.

Frederick A. Hull, president of the Log Mountain Coal, Coke and Timber company, of Pineville, Ky., and member of the firm of E. A. Hull & Co., of Danbury, Conn., made an assignment Wednesday. His Kentucky property is valued at one million dollars. His Danbury interests are extensive. Hull is sick and may not live.

All eyes are now on Port Royal and Beaufort, S. C. The news from those two towns and the country surrounding them is of the most startling nature. Enough is known, however, to demonstrate the fact that the storm of 1893 is the most disastrous the south Atlantic coast has ever known.

The Southern Passenger Association at a meeting at Knoxville, Tenn., Wednesday declared the penal law in effect regarding world's fair rates to Chicago. The trouble is between the Memphis, Cumberland Gap and Louisville and East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroads. Both roads, it seems, did some cutting and an iron-clad contract made Saturday last was broken by both roads Monday.

The City of Savannah, of the Boston line, is ashore on hunting island, thirty miles off Beaufort, S. C. She is a total wreck and is rapidly going to pieces. Her passengers were received by the City of Birmingham, of the New York line, and carried to Savannah Wednesday night. The wrecked passengers lost everything, some being even without hats and coats. They were provided for by the Ocean Steamship Company.

A Washington special says: The commission of patents rendered a decision Wednesday in the matter of the appeal to him of the state of South Carolina from the refusal of the examiner to register a trade mark applied for in the name of the state, consisting of the word "Palmetto" to be printed on the liquor labels, together with the arms of the state and the name of the liquor. The examiner refused registration.

A Columbus, S. C., special of Wednesday says: The great storm has left in the Palmetto State for the remainder of the year if not longer. Wreck and ruin have followed in its path everywhere. Dire disaster dawned more and more upon the people as each day passed, and they have come to look about them and behold the ruin that has been wrought by the raging winds and surging waters.

Several thousand people wearing Keely badges, assembled in the spacious grounds of the Keely institute at Memphis, Tenn., Wednesday, to form an interstate league. Addresses were made by Dr. Leslie Keely, who was present, and by the heads of the various commercial bodies of the city, the mayor and several others. The city was full of delegates and the meeting was a grand success. The new organization takes in members from Texas, Mississippi, Arkansas, Missouri and a few other states.

A CUT IN WAGES.

Employees of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad Will Get Less Money.

A Mobile, Ala., dispatch of Friday says: J. C. Clark, president of the Mobile and Ohio Railroad company, and General Superintendent McFarland and committees representing the orders of conductors, engineers, firemen, trainmen and switchmen, held a conference regarding a reduction in wages. The men refused to accept a reduction of 10 per cent without the stipulated sixty days' notice. The company made a counter proposition to accept a reduction of 10 per cent for several months, and at the expiration of that time, if the financial condition of the road was unchanged, the reduction should continue. This was refused. President Clark then told the men that the scale of reduction submitted to them was imperative.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advises.

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

A special of Sunday to the New York Times from Boston says Josiah Quincy mailed a letter to President Cleveland Friday night in which he tendered his resignation of the office of assistant secretary of state.

The paid admissions to World's fair Saturday were 164,800, making a total for the week of over 1,000,000. This is the banner week of the fair, the average attendance, including Sunday, when the attendance was over 21,000, being over 145,000.

Secretary Mohler, of the Kansas state board of agriculture, issued an appeal Monday for seed wheat and money to buy it for the farmers of western Kansas. The appeal states that the wheat crop is a failure in that portion of the state.

Train No. 4, on the Northern Pacific, was held up Saturday night fourteen miles west of Stillwater, Mont. There were five men in the gang, and they were apparently amateurs, as they only secured \$52 out of \$6,000, which was in the express car, the messengers hiding the balance and the other valuables. Passengers lost various small amounts.

The Chapin Mining Company, of Milwaukee, Wis., filed a certified copy of a mortgage for \$1,308,000 on its property, ore and franchises Monday morning to secure funds for the purpose of the payment of labor and taxes, the payment of royalty on ore actually mined and for the development and operation of the mines in Wisconsin.

The storm which swept the south Atlantic states from Sunday morning until Monday morning down the telegraph wires from southern Florida up into Virginia. All telegraphic communication south was out of Washington except by way of Chicago. It was with great patience and difficulty that even meager dispatches were obtained by the press telling of the day in congress.

A Toledo, O., dispatch of Sunday says: The famous personal damage suit against J. M. Arthur, chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, for \$300,000, commenced last March, immediately after the strike of the engineers on the Ann Arbor road, has been settled out of court. What the exact terms and conditions of the settlement are, the public will probably never know.

At 6 o'clock Saturday morning a Baltimore and Ohio freight train was derailed at Black Lick, near Newark, O., while running at a high rate of speed. The engine and several cars were piled up in a huge mass of wreckage. Fireman S. C. Stoneburner, of Newark, was terribly scalded and will die. Curley Mitchell, a friend of Stoneburner, who was on the engine at the time, was crushed to death.

A special from Madrid, Spain, says: The city of Saragossa, capital of the province of Aragon, is growing out of the disaffection of the spectators at a bull fight with the character of the performance. The police attempted to disperse them, but were greeted with a volley of stones. It was not until reinforcements arrived at the scene of trouble that the rioters were dispersed.

THE DEPRESSION SUBSIDING.

Many Business Men Optimize That the Worst is Over.

The New York Commercial Advertiser in its issue of Friday printed a broadside of optimism upon the present commercial depression gathered from all over the country. Most of these opinions are from men conversant with the condition of trade in their various localities and are to the effect that the worst of the depression has been passed and that the near future will see a decided improvement in all lines of commercial and manufacturing business.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

A Nashville, Tenn., special of Saturday says: Without taking a vote on the proposition, the employees of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad have, through their authorized representatives, accepted the reduction of the 10 per cent. in wages. A Knoxville dispatch says: News comes from Sevier county of a terrific freshet Monday. Pigeon river rose fifteen feet in two hours, and water flowed two feet deep in the streets of Sevierville. Growing corn along the river has been greatly damaged.

Colonel Louis J. Dupree, one of the best known newspaper men in the south, and American consul to San Salvador under Cleveland's first administration, died at Memphis, Tenn., Monday night. He was sixty-eight years old and until his late sickness has been editor of The Memphis Ledger.

The Columbia, S. C., Clearing House Association held a meeting Saturday night and perfected arrangements for issuing clearing house certificates. The plan adopted was to issue certificates for two-thirds value of securities deposited with the association, and to the amount of 20 per cent of the banking capital.

An Austin, Texas, dispatch says: Cotton planters tell a doleful tale about the condition of cotton, which is suffering for rain, and they assert that they will not make more than a bare six acres. Buyers are promptly paying 60 cents for middling. Many farmers refuse to take this, and haul their cotton home to hold for higher prices.

The Fourth National Bank of Louisville, Ky., one of the five Louisville banks to suspend payment during the recent panic, resumed business Saturday. The City National and the Merchants' National will also resume within a few days. An informal meeting of the stockholders of the Kentucky National bank will be held to discuss the matter of re-opening that institution.

The liabilities of the Buchanan River Lumber Company, of Wheeling, W. Va., which failed Saturday will reach \$200,000, with assets that will more than cover that amount. The creditors are principally banks that hold the company's paper. The company's one of the largest in the state and employed \$1,000 men. It is thought an arrangement can be made with the creditors to permit the works to resume soon.

A Jacksonville special of Tuesday says: The damage done by Sunday's cyclone was general throughout the city and on the east coast of Florida, but there was no serious loss at any point. The unroofing of the Presbyterian church and the opera house, at St. Augustine, and the most serious results of the storm. The loss in Jacksonville will not exceed \$25,000, and this is distributed probably among 500 people, in various amounts.

A Montgomery special says: Josiah Morris & Co., who suspended payment two weeks ago, resumed business Monday morning, and from the hour opening until closing a heavy business was done. The old customers of the bank coming forward to make deposits and open their accounts with the firm. This incident in the banking history of the country is almost without a parallel. The entire community rejoices over the resumption.

The employees of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway met in a general mass meeting at Knoxville, Tenn., Saturday night to discuss the proposed cut in salaries as ordered by the receivers. A committee composed of one man from each division was finally appointed to wait upon the receivers and ask the road to take their salaries as a loan or state some specified time as to when they would be restored. The committee was instructed to consult with the employees at Atlanta, Macon and Selma, where the road has other large shops.

The New Orleans Clearing House Association met Tuesday and took action on the proposition made to issue clearing house certificates for small sums to take the place of currency. The reconstruction of the banks to leave the planters without the money to move the crops and a plan to overcome this state of affairs was thus rendered advisable. After discussion the following plan was adopted: Issue certificates of deposit, payable to themselves or bearer, in sums of \$5, \$10, \$20 or more, and make the certificates payable through the clearing house.

Nearly nine hundred thousand grown English people can neither read nor write.

In 1874 all London houses were compelled for the first time to be connected with sewers.

DECIDING BY VOTE.

Employees of the Louisville and Nashville Resist a Cut in Wages.

According to a previous arrangement the representatives of the different labor organizations employed on the Louisville and Nashville railroad system, met in Nashville, Tenn., Friday to count the vote recently taken by the different divisions as to whether they would submit to the ten per cent cut in wages ordered by the road and which, if not otherwise ordered, was to go into effect on September 1st. The representatives were composed of the chairman of each organization in their respective divisions and the general chairman of the division. The different bodies represented were the engineers, telegraph operators, conductors, brakemen, switchmen, firemen and machinists. By an overwhelming vote the employees decided to resist the unconditional reduction in wages. The main point of difference, it is learned, between the railroad and its employees is the naming of date for the between for the return to the present schedule of wages. It was at this point that the men were overwhelmingly against a reduction. It is not known when they will present to the management the result of the vote. It is expected that the negotiations will extend over several weeks.

THE SITUATION IN BRUNSWICK.

Latest Advice State that There is Now no Fever in the City.

It was officially bulletined by the Brunswick, Ga., health board Friday that there is now not a case of yellow fever in Brunswick and not a suspicious case. The Cox infant is six miles in the country and the doctors are idle for want of patients. Very little sickness of any kind exists, and the physicians are unanimous in the assertion that the majority of the people left in the city are in a remarkably healthy condition. The outlook is hopeful and cheering.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the South for the past week shows that there is no material change in industrial and financial conditions. The failures reported for the week are in number and importance than for the week preceding; several of the banks which had suspended business have resumed payments, and others have not of an early intention to do so, and in mercantile business a slight improvement is noted, especially in the hardware trade.

Crop reports, from all parts of the South, are generally favorable. Cotton is coming into market, but not a large extent. The price is too low to tempt farmers who are not obliged to sell, and this class is larger at present than in any former season.

There are no reports of the establishment of new industries of special importance. Twenty-three new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with four enlargements of manufacturing, and nine improvements in existing establishments.

Business conditions throughout the South is being conducted on a conservative basis, and is generally restricted. Credits are carefully scrutinized, and while the volume of business is small there is a prevailing belief that the crisis is over, and that improvement may be expected hereafter.

RESUMED BUSINESS.

The Josiah Morris Banking Company Once More on Deck.

Two weeks ago the famous banking house of Josiah Morris & Co. of Montgomery, Ala., made an assignment. Two immense meetings of creditors were at once held, expressing unlimited confidence in the bank managers. As a result, a committee was appointed to secure consent of depositors that assignees surrender the trust that the bank be reopened. The liabilities were \$1,600,000; assets, about \$3,600,000. Every depositor interested in the large line of liabilities has signed the agreement by which time is given to the bank to pay up its indebtedness and the assignees have turned the bank, assets, etc., over to the firm, and the bank door was reopened Monday morning and business resumed.

The United States warships Kearsarge and Nantuxet arrived at Norfolk, Va., Wednesday, from New York. The officers report that the trip was the roughest they have ever experienced. During the storm Sunday night the sea washed over the monitor, and with great difficulty she was kept from going to the bottom. The pumps would not free the vessel of water, and officers and men worked for thirty-six hours without ceasing. Monday night, off the Virginia coast, the vessels parted and each thought the other had been lost.

THE OLD LOVE SONG.

Play it slowly, sing it lowly,
Once it ran in dance and dimple,
Like a brook in June;
Now it soaks along the measure
With a sound of tears;
Dear old voices echo through it,
Vanished with the years.
Ripple, ripple goes the love song
Till, in slowing time,
Early sweetens grows completeness,
Floods its every rhyme;
Who together learn the music
Life and death unfold;
Know that love is just beginning
Until love is old.
Play it slowly, it is holy,
As an evening hymn;
Morning gladiolus heeded to madness
Fills it to the brim.
Memories home within the music,
Stealing through the bars;
Thoughts within its quiet spaces
Rise and set like stars.
—The Campus.

HUMOR OF THE DAY.

Weeds of woe—Two for five.
A noted composer—Chloroform.
Court martial—A soldier's wooing.
A green-grocer man—The vegetable vender.—Truth.
A man is known by the company that blackbills him.—Bam's Horn.
A secret is a plant that waits to bear the leaves of gossip.—Bam's Horn.
The still watches of the night—Those which have not been wound.—Truth.
An escaping prisoner seldom begs pardon for the liberty he takes.—Troy Free.
You can't tell by the blossoms which of the apples will be wormy.—Texas Sifting.
It takes either a good deal of push or a pull to get through the doors of life.—Truth.
The Toy Pistol—"I'm loaded."
The Trigger—"Don't get gay or I'll fire you."—Chicago Record.
A man attempting to live in style on a small salary is like a dog fighting without front teeth.—Puck.
Miss Elderly—"What would you do if I told you my age?" He—"Multiply it by two."—Brooklyn Life.
There is a language of flowers, as, for instance, when a barefooted boy steps on a thistle.—Minneapolis Journal.
"What's the matter with the horned horse?" said the tiger. "It has the gun-mania." replied the lion.—Puck.
There is a spider in the affair of the man which, if taken at the knot, leads to strangulation.—Thomsonville Times.
"How much do you love me, my pretty maid?"
"How much is your fortune, kind sir?" she said.
—Chicago Record.
Young Author—"Don't you like to see yourself in print?" Leubantane—"No; I prefer silk."—New York Journal.
These are the times when a good many of us have to sit down and think to find out where we stand.—Troy Free.
Van Wither—"Miss Gladys is a lovely girl, but she has no heart."
Vogues—"Yes, she has—mine."—Vogue.
"Has man a perfect organ of speech?"
"Yes." "Has woman, also?" "No; hers is made without stops."—Harvard Lampoon.
"Why did they name that paper The Ladies' Friend?" "I suppose because it makes such good curl papers."—Statesman.
Why express surprise that a young man should get giddy when a pretty girl violently turns his head.—Philadelphia Times.
"He is flippant. He can't be serious if he tries." "Yes, he can. He is very serious when he tries to be funny."—Brooklyn Life.
Money may be the root of all evil; but it is a root, nevertheless, that bears many flowers of everlasting beauty.—Puck.
The fitness of things is well maintained when the impatient diner is served with food prepared in a chafing dish.—Buffalo Courier.
"Falsely sing beautifully, but they tell me he can't tell the truth."
"That's right. He's the most truthful fyer in the State."—Detroit Free Press.
Dinkle—"It's a strange thing to see how a short man always wants a tall girl." Dinkle—"Humph! It's a strange thing to see how a short man wants a girl. I'm blamed if I do when I'm short."—Buffalo Courier.
Colonel Wellington de Roete—"It is almost impossible for you, Miss Sprylyte, to imagine what a huge amount of work I have to do, for I am not only commander of the regiment, but also the Major, Adjutant, and good-natured friend."—New York Journal.
"You're one trumpster, too, Colonel!"—Judy.
Bullets of Freedom Shot.
Bullets made of promissory notes are written in warlike. But during the recent fighting on the Russian front, when the British troops were the victorious ones, the bullets were made of promissory notes.

CHILTON VIEW.

O. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 7, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy three months .50

The storm which swept around the Atlantic coast on the 27th was destructive. Many lives were lost and millions of property destroyed.

Voorhees is determined to press the Senate to a vote on the Sherman bill, but we are afraid that another week or so is to be wasted in debate.

The passage of the Wilson Bill through the House showed a tremendous majority in favor of repealing the Sherman law. We trust the Senate will soon act with the same unanimity and follow up the repeal with wholesome financial legislation.

We thank Grand Secretary H. Clay Armstrong for copies of the Masonic Guide. This splendid magazine, filled with just the articles which should be read by every mason. It only costs one dollar a year. Send the price to the Masonic Guide, Montgomery, Ala.

That was a sensible address delivered by Ed. Baxter before the brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers on the L. & N. R. R. He advised that his fellow workers accept the reduction rather than strike and place the whole country in a greater state of confusion.

We note with pleasure that the Blocton Courier is in an arms against the illegal whiskey sellers and keepers of dens of infamy. That paper calls upon every good citizen to join in the crusade against sin. That's the way to go about such reforms. If there is any known crime all good people should at once take hold in such an emphatic manner that evil doers will cease their iniquity.

The House of Representatives has acted on the financial question, so far as the Sherman law is concerned, but the Senate moves awfully slow. Every newspaper in the United States should urge the members to prompt action. Our President realized the situation and has done his best to impress the Senate with the necessity which is upon them. Such dilatory action on the part of the Senate will cause some of the heavy weights to be left at home hereafter.

When the telegraph wires flashed the news that the L. & N. officials and employees had reached an agreement, and that there would be no strike, there was great rejoicing. While never having had any connection whatever with that road, yet we claim that many of the officials and employees as personal friends, and were deeply concerned least a strike should be inaugurated which would be sure to cause great business demoralization, and distress. We congratulate all parties on the settlement and trust the bond between employer and employee will grow so strong that each shall feel a brother to the other.

The towns big and little, are filled with men and women who have left the farm. They supposed they could enjoy more the comforts of life in town, and escape the drudgery of farm life. It is a daily battle for bread in the cities; men and women out of business, or in business, pressed for ever. Busy from early morn until late at night, with no time for mental improvement, or for meditation. Meanwhile the farms are going to rack and ruin from neglect. It will be a happy day when our intelligent men and women who own farms will be content to live on and manage their property and aid in making country life more enjoyable. We verily believe that more money can be made on a well managed farm than any other business where the same amount is invested. The farm has hard work, so has every other line of business, but it brings many compensations. If the farmer and his family will do it, they can find much time for reading during the long winter evenings and rainy days. They need not look none of the education possessed by the city inhabitant, nor is it necessary that they be left behind in that grace and culture which renders one at home in any circle of society.

The indications are that hay shipped from the north next winter will be unusually high. Our Southern farmers are urged to mow all the crab grass, and peas vines possible.

Subscribe for The View.

FOR DISMANTLING.

Rev. Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle are dismantling.

Washington Special to N. Y. Herald.

If there is any senator or representative who believes that the administration is in our favor of demoralizing silver let him call at once upon Secretary Carlisle, who has authority to speak for the President, and he will be undeceived.

The whole spirit and purpose of the administration has been misrepresented. Both Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle believe that if the purchase of silver is stopped now the United States will be able to secure an internal bimetallic agreement at a ratio that will rescue silver from its present discredited status.

The members of Congress seem to have overlooked the fact that in October there is to be another monetary conference. The president and secretary of the treasury are anxious that when the American delegates go into that conference they shall not be in the position of begging England to patch up America's depreciated silver, but that England shall be in a position to ask America to protect the silver currency of India. The administration proposes, with the patriotic help of congress, to enter the monetary conference equal in power with any other nation and independent. Both Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle firmly believe that good will be adopted as the sole standard of value, but silver can be maintained with a parity with it through an agreement with the commercial nations which can be only reached by stopping the purchase of silver and putting the burden of silver upon India.

The quotation of Mr. Carlisle's speech in 1878 which is being read in Congress by so many free silver orators to indicate the financial horrors that would follow the demonization of silver is misleading. In that speech Mr. Carlisle declared himself to be opposed to free coinage of silver. He was arguing against the demonization of silver. The act of 1873 had absolutely taken away the legal tender quality of the silver dollar and stricken it from the coinage laws. Mr. Carlisle was urging congress to restore the silver dollar. He is still in favor of keeping silver in circulation. He is in favor of the two metals as the basis of circulation, but he is opposed to the further purchase of silver as a commodity when the government has silver enough now in its vaults to keep the mints going for five years, and European investigators are throwing back our securities upon us for fear that the American monetary system may drift to a single silver standard.

Men who are running blind fairs, or doing illicit distilling in Chilton County, if there be such, are earnestly advised to give up the business. Some money may be made for a while, but in the end the cost may be severe. The United States marshals get pay according to the number of arrests they make, and they are going to work up this county pretty thoroughly, and the men who are at all suspected will be carried to Montgomery or Birmingham and be greatly inconvenienced in giving bond, losing time, and if found guilty, the cost, the imprisonment and the disgrace will never balance all the money made. Prominent church members are being carried from some counties. If a United States license is obtained you escape the government officials, but the state and county laws are being violated, and the revenue books are undergoing examinations and the fact that you hold such U. S. License will be strong evidence against you that you are a violator of the State laws. The public conscience is being quickened as to the necessity of more vigorous enforcement of the laws, and henceforth we believe, citizens are going to give evidence and the Grand Jurors find indictments more honestly than some have done in the past. So as a friend to every man, as one who desires that his shall be the most law abiding county in the State, we beg our citizens to uphold the laws of the land.

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The Actual Cost.

A farmer (quoting the Boston Advertiser) the following as the actual cost of producing a bale of cotton. It is a fraction over seven cents per pound assuming the bale to weigh five hundred pounds.

The cost of raising a bale of cotton is summed up in the following average average in three acres to the bale. The first cost is the guano, 300 pound \$3.75; hauling 60c. Then the work begins. Laying off land \$1.50 per day; for the hand and mule, \$7.50; putting out the guano 30 cents; 3 days to bed the land, four dollars and fifty cents; one day to plant, one dollar and fifty cents; one day to bar off, one dollar and fifty cents; chopping 50 cents per acre, one dollar and fifty cents; first sweeping one dollar and fifty cents; second plowing one dollar and fifty cents; third plowing one dollar and fifty cents; fourth plowing one dollar and fifty cents; incidental costs for tools 3 dollars. The crop is now laid by. The next, picking and getting the cotton ready for market. Cost of picking seven dollars and fifty cents; hauling to gin one dollar; bagging and ties 75c; ginning two dollars; hauling to market one dollar; storage 50 cents. Now there it is, the cost thirty six dollars and fifteen cents. It costs more to raise it than we get for it at present price.

The Kansas City Times prints the following story of Abraham Lincoln, told by Senator Voorhees in an interview:

"Speaking of his numerous stories, I recall one he once told during the argument in a lawsuit. The lawyer on the other side was a good deal of a glib talker, but not reckoned as deeply profound or much of a thinker. He was rather reckless and irresponsible in his speech-making.

Lincoln, in his address to the jury, referring to all these, said: "My friend on the other side is all right, or would be all right were it not for the physical peculiarities I am about to chronicle. His habit—of which you have witnessed a very painful specimen in his argument to you in this case—of reckless assertion and statements, without grounds, need not be imputed to him as a moral fault or as telling of moral perversity. He can't help it. For reasons which, gentlemen of the jury, you and I have not time to study here, as deplorable as they are surprising, the oratory of the gentleman completely suspends all action of his mind. The moment he begins to talk his mental operations cease. I never knew of but one thing which compared with my friend in this particular. That was a small steam boat. Back in the days when I performed my part as a keel boatman I made the acquaintance of a trifling little steam boat which used to bustle and puff and wheeze about in the Sagamon River. It had a five-foot boiler and a seven-foot whistle, and every time it whistled it stopped.

At 2 p. m. August 29th, 1893, a noble spirit passed from its tenement of clay to the father of spirits. It left behind a physical tabernacle of fine proportion despite the ravages of the dread fever of the South typhoid. Following the injunction of Holy writ, whatsoever the hands find to do, do with thy might; he left muscles which owed their development to willing and honest toil to await the wondering of the tomb.

That spirit took in its flight a multitude of energies, ambitions and hopes.

Impulses to perish that would have done credit to Howard as a philanthropist and Washington as a patriot.

A lineal descendant of one of the immortalized band "The Legion of Honor" of the first Napoleon and born on his fete day, the Congress name was given him. Born and reared in the city of New York a singular fate threw him in our midst as one of the promoters of the M. T. & M. Ry. Co. through our county; here he met, wooed and wedded Miss Bobbie Glover, only a few brief months since, and now he is carried beyond learning her bereft.

The writer has drank of the same bitter cup, and his heart goes out in sympathetic tenderness to her. The writer knew him, and gave him the affection due a big soul.

A rare combination of generous heart, intelligent mind, physical vigor, devout soul and honorable

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UNIVERSITY

ALABAMA

Session 1893-94 begins October 4th. The second term will begin December 14th, and the third term March 18th 1894.

University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literature, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Course.

Tuition in all the courses except Law, is free to Alabama students. The entire college charges of a cadet for the academic year are \$172.50, the payment of which is distributed into three equal payments of \$57.50, which must be deposited with the Quartermaster of the University at the beginning of each term. Tuition fee in Law School \$50.00. Law students, if not residing in the college hall, and are not subject to Military discipline.

WOMEN—Of not less than 18 years of age, who are able to stand the necessary examination may be admitted to the sophomore class, or any higher class of the University.

Board and lodging can be had by them in the best families. A study room on the Campus at the residence of Mrs. A. G. Gorges, has been provided for during the day.

The authorities of the University have established Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. Fifteen of the leading schools in the state upon applications of the Principals, have been declared University Auxiliary Schools. The Principal of any school or academy, who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary School, can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University.

Richard C. Jones, Pres. UNIVERSITY, P. O., ALA.

ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE
School of Shorthand and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. **LEARNING BY DOING**. In the business school, the student learns to write, to talk, to walk, to run, to learn to how to type, to cook, to practice. Boys learn base ball, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. **BUSINESS LIKE THE REST**. IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS, and exactly ACTUAL BUSINESS, as is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at the institution. During his whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. **DEAL WITH MEN**. No imaginary person; makes no imaginary handles; no imaginary papers; but the actual transaction must in every case take the place of theory work.

READ THIS.
We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State, carry the most complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have a ample capital with which to do business, and our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay strict attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Culler Drug Company,
1925, 1st Ave.,
Birmingham, Ala.

UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIS, P. H. D. Principal,
Exercises Begin September 13th, 1893, and continue Nine Scholastic Months. Tuition from \$20.00 to \$40.00 per session. Music including use of instrument \$4.00. Board, including washing, lights, fuel, etc., \$11.00 per month. Pupils prepared for Universities and for the business of life. For catalogue address

E. Y. McMORRIS, Clanton, Ala.

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School of Shorthand and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. **LEARNING BY DOING**. In the business school, the student learns to write, to talk, to walk, to run, to learn to how to type, to cook, to practice. Boys learn base ball, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. **BUSINESS LIKE THE REST**. IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS, and exactly ACTUAL BUSINESS, as is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at the institution. During his whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. **DEAL WITH MEN**. No imaginary person; makes no imaginary handles; no imaginary papers; but the actual transaction must in every case take the place of theory work.

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We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State, carry the most complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have a ample capital with which to do business, and our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay strict attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Culler Drug Company,
1925, 1st Ave.,
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UNIVERSITY SCHOOL
CLANTON, ALA.
E. Y. McMORRIS, P. H. D. Principal,
Exercises Begin September 13th, 1893, and continue Nine Scholastic Months. Tuition from \$20.00 to \$40.00 per session. Music including use of instrument \$4.00. Board, including washing, lights, fuel, etc., \$11.00 per month. Pupils prepared for Universities and for the business of life. For catalogue address

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CLANTON, ALA

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Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care. The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE, French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julia King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

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MARION MILITARY INSTITUTE

COMBINES ADVANTAGES—Of private school and college. Building, grounds, accommodations, location, faculty probably unsurpassed by any other HOME LIFE—Superintendent, family and professors in buildings, insure care and assistance.

USEFULNESS—Most attention given to studies needed in life. Learning by doing, not mere text book recitation. Adapted to boys and young men. For Catalogue address,

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NEW YORK

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Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

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C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

Cholera! Cholera!!

Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring a

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Cholera Compound

Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair

and take no chance on the dread disease.

Price \$2.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

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Agents Wanted

TIFFIN, OHIO.

CHILTON VIEW.

O. W. HARE

CLANTON, ALA.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy three months .50

The storm which swept around the Atlantic coast on the 27th was destructive. Many lives were lost and millions of property destroyed.

Voorhees is determined to press the Senate to a vote on the Sherman bill, but we are afraid that another week or so is to be wasted in debate.

The passage of the Wilson Bill through the House showed a tremendous majority in favor of repealing the Sherman law. We trust the Senate will soon act with the same unanimity and follow up the repeal with wholesome financial legislation.

We thank Grand Secretary H. Clay Armstrong for copies of the Masonic Guide. This splendid magazine, filled with just the articles which should be read by every mason. It only costs one dollar a year. Send the price to the Masonic Guide, Montgomery, Ala.

That was a sensible address delivered by Ed. Baxter before the brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers on the L. & N. R. R. He advised that his fellow workers accept the reduction rather than strike and place the whole country in a greater state of confusion.

We note with pleasure that the Blocton Courier is in an arms against the illegal whiskey sellers and keepers of dens of infamy. That paper calls upon every good citizen to join in the crusade against sin. That's the way to go about such reforms. If there is any known crime all good people should at once take hold in such an emphatic manner that evil doers will cease their iniquity.

The House of Representatives has acted on the financial question, so far as the Sherman law is concerned, but the Senate moves awfully slow. Every newspaper in the United States should urge the members to prompt action. Our President realized the situation and has done his best to impress the Senate with the necessity which is upon them. Such dilatory action on the part of the Senate will cause some of the heavy weights to be left at home hereafter.

When the telegraph wires flashed the news that the L. & N. officials and employees had reached an agreement, and that there would be no strike, there was great rejoicing. While never having had any connection whatever with that road, yet we claim that many of the officials and employees as personal friends, and were deeply concerned least a strike should be inaugurated which would be sure to cause great business demoralization, and distress. We congratulate all parties on the settlement and trust the bond between employer and employee will grow so strong that each shall feel a brother to the other.

The towns big and little, are filled with men and women who have left the farm. They supposed they could enjoy more the comforts of life in town, and escape the drudgery of farm life. It is a daily battle for bread in the cities; men and women out of business, or in business, pressed for ever. Busy from early morn until late at night, with no time for mental improvement, or for meditation. Meanwhile the farms are going to rack and ruin from neglect. It will be a happy day when our intelligent men and women who own farms will be content to live on and manage their property and aid in making country life more enjoyable. We verily believe that more money can be made on a well managed farm than any other business where the same amount is invested. The farm has hard work, so has every other line of business, but it brings many compensations. If the farmer and his family will do it, they can find much time for reading during the long winter evenings and rainy days. They need not look none of the education possessed by the city inhabitant, nor is it necessary that they be left behind in that grace and culture which renders one at home in any circle of society.

The indications are that hay shipped from the north next winter will be unusually high. Our Southern farmers are urged to mow all the crab grass, and peas vines possible.

Subscribe for The View.

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 7, 1893.

Ayer's Pills

Are commended with the view to general usefulness and adaptability. They are composed of the purest vegetable aperients. Their delicate sugar-coating, which readily dissolves in the stomach, preserves their full medicinal value and makes them easy to take, either by old or young. For constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, and the common derangements of the stomach, liver, and bowels; also, to check colds and fevers, Ayer's Pills.

Are the Best

Unlike other cathartics, the effect of Ayer's Pills is to strengthen the excretory organs and restore to them their regular and natural action. Doctors everywhere prescribe them. In spite of immense competition, they have always maintained their popularity as a family medicine, being in greater demand now than ever before. They are put up both in vials and boxes, and whether for home use or travel, Ayer's Pills are preferable to any other. Have you ever tried them?

Ayer's Pills

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

Every Dose Effective

SCHEDULE M. & N. A. T. RAILROAD

Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:06 a. m.

No. 3 Mail 6:40 a. m.

No. 9 Accommodation 6:30 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.

No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.

No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.

Nos. 8 and 10 make all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Cash for cotton at Mullins Bros.

The town pond is fast drying up.

Cotton is being picked and ginned.

Mrs. McNeil has returned to Montgomery.

Mr. R. C. Duke visited Birmingham last week.

Mr. W. B. Nolen visited Goodwater last week.

Mrs. John Garner visited Jemison last week.

The latest states cotton selling at 7 1/2 per pound.

Judge H. J. Callen visited Montgomery last week.

Mr. J. P. Allen, of Jemison, was in town last week.

Mrs. W. B. Nolen is on a visit to Goodwater this week.

John Hayes, Esq., of Boneman was in Clanton Monday.

Sunday School at the new Baptist Church next Sunday.

County Court convened Monday with a good attendance.

The Congregationalists held services at their Church last Sunday.

Rev. W. M. Wood is doing faithful preaching all over this county.

Rev. Mr. Swindle filled his regular appointment last Sunday at Coopers.

You can get meat and groceries from W. L. SAMPEY.

Miss Ruth DeJarnette has returned to Montgomery to the regret of her friends.

Miss Norma Thomas of Calhoun county will make her home in the editor's family.

C. C. McKee, Esq., of Montgomery, is visiting friends and relatives in Clanton this week.

Mrs. Rainey has moved into Mr. Jno. Garner's residence opposite the Methodist parsonage.

Correspondents will confer a favor by using pen and ink when writing up their town news.

We are very sorry to report the sickness of the family of Mr. W. R. Boyd who are down with fever.

Mr. St. Clair Thornton a flourishing young lawyer of North Alabama is on a visit to his father's family here.

FOR SALE.—The View has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

Let every body speak up for our school. Our country friends are invited to move into Clanton and educate their children at a first class school.

Mr. F. J. Davis has rented the Marsh place opposite Mr. J. M. Stanfield's residence and moved his family from Woodland Ala. We welcome them to our midst.

Clanton will soon be enlivened by another move to her midst; the parents of Mr. W. W. Dunkin will make their future home here at an early date. They will occupy the Gulgibers residence.

There was another party at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's last Friday night. Mr. V. believes in the young people enjoying themselves and to say that they always do at parties given at his house is speaking moderately.

Mr. John Stauffer an enterprising young man will man of our town occupying his residence near that of his father. We hope John will increase the matrimonial boom instead of hanging the sign "for rent."

A full line of the celebrated Hamilton-Knox Shoes always on hand at W. L. SAMPEY'S.

COUNTY NEWS.

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Mapleville News.

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C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 11, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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On the 9th inst., the inhabitants of the White House were made to rejoice by the birth of another daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland. Both the mother and baby are reported progressing fine. While congratulations have been from extended all over the country, Mr. Cleveland has sympathizers—another girl.

While in Conecuh county we learned that some men who ran public houses had been warned by Alliance farmers not to give any more cotton before October 1st, on penalty of having gin burned. The same orders have been given throughout Miss. In Claiborne County Miss., the large ginney of R. D. Jones was burned because of disobedience to orders. We can't believe that a true Allianceman could be a party to such a business. But it results from white cap teaching. The doctrines of the Sims and Mechanisms have taken hold of some of the Conecuh folks in what's the matter. And the summer such teachers are deplored and their doctrines scouted the better for this country.

It is too much like "swapping dollars" for the farmers who will raise cotton at from 6 to 8 cents when the statistics show that it costs about that much to make it. Yet our farmers go on from year to year, doing the very same thing, and complain of hard times. A few years back they were clamoring for legislative enactments that would better their condition. So a good working majority was elected to the legislature, and what did they do for themselves? Virtually nothing. And thus it goes. If they want better times they will have to change their mode of farming, by planting less cotton, and raise more corn, hogs, sheep, cattle, mules and horses, then times will be better for them. So long as they eat 15 cent meat to be paid for with 7 and 8 cent cotton, so long may they expect to be poor and hard run to make a living.—Florencia Gazette.

The popular committee held its meeting in Montgomery last week and adopted a series of resolutions to be offered to the Democrats looking to a renunciation of the white men. All white men who claimed to be Democrats prior to 1892 are to go into a primary for the election of officers. The same election law is to be ignored before the people have had a chance to try it. Now there is no man in the State who wishes harmony more than we do. We are anxious for the white men to come together on some safe platform by which we will more than ever be the "solid South," but our popular friends need not expect all sacrifices to be made by the Democrats. Compromise means a coming together, but here the popularists propose that the Democrats shall throw away the election law which in their judgment would more nearly insure honest elections than any such law we have ever had. Then again, the only qualification a voter must have is to claim that he was a Democrat prior to 1892. Well that mere claiming business will bring us in to a more serious dilemma than now confronts us. Again Democrats believe that a convention composed of delegates will come nearer carrying out the wishes of the majority than would a primary, but the popular demand absolutely that no convention will be considered. Pray, wherein do they exhibit any of the spirit of compromise. Shall the Democratic party abandon its fortifications, give up its advantage ground, surrender its organization and step out in the open field while the enemy, on a pre-arranged track, conceals its forces, the Republicans, and on a given signal will hurl their upon us? No, No. While it is desirable to get Democrats who have gone off into a seclusion to return to the party, and march under one flag, they must be willing to make some of the sacrifices. The leaders of Democracy know their business, they can be trusted to deal wisely and generously, but they remember all the cunning and trickery of the Republican party, and while we have been there at every point they will see to it that no such enemies shall creep into our camp, to have a hand in the family quarrel.

Good Times.

How much better the times

when spinning cotton was saved from the year's crop, was

carded at home, spun on the old

spinning wheel at home, put in the

loom at home, woven into cloth at

home, cut and made into clothing

at home, often without paying out

a cent of money? Wood was sheared

from the flocks that pastured in the

old fields, washed, carded spun

and woven into the very finest

jeans according to the taste and

skill of the good housewife, and

made into nicely fitting suits. Then

home raised corn filled the big

cribs, stacks of fodder, oats, hay

and straw abounded near the horse

lot. No bacon was bought, but the

smoke house was hung to the very

roof with the choicest home raised

and cured hams, shoulders and

midlins. The big grounds, jars and

barrels were full of the whitest,

purest and best lard. The wheat

houses were heaped high with bush-

els of the golden grain from whence

was obtained the best flour ever

seen in the land, and shorts, seconds

and bran were all produced at

home. The state's fine kept the

dairy supplied with richest milk

and butter and "kidney livered"

beef with juiciest steak and roast

was to be had when the home butch-

er desired it. Fresh mutton could

be slaughtered every week, while

the pens ever contained the fattest

pigs. Peaches, apples, plums, pears,

potatoes, beans, cabbage and tur-

nips without stint flourished in

their season. Bees were raised at

almost every home and milk and

honey brought back to memory the

Biblical renown of ancient Canaan.

Oh, ours was a goodly heri-

tage. Peace, prosperity and plenty

blessed the land, and we were as

happy as mortals on this mundane

sphere can be. The land is still

here, the climate, but slightly

changed. Providence still sends the

early and later rains and nothing

is needed but a return to old time

prosperity and contentment.

Morton on Silver.

Secretary Morton of the Agri-

cultural department, when asked,

if in his opinion, free coinage

would put silver up to \$1.29

an ounce within six months, re-

plied in this vein: "All advocates

of free coinage say they are labor-

ing in behalf of the poor man.

They declare that silver is the poor

man's money, but how could the

poor man obtain silver at \$1.29

an ounce more than he can at 70

cents an ounce? How can a man get

a barrel of flour with less effort when

wheat is 80 cents a bushel than he

can when it is 40 cents a bushel?

Why will dollars be cheaper when

silver bullion is worth \$1.29 an

ounce than when it is only worth

70 cents an ounce?

The cry of "hard times" still

resoundeth through the land. And

what is the cause of it? says every

one. While not professing to be

wise above our generation we gen-

tly hint that one cause lies in the

fact that there is such a large class

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HILTON VIEW

W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 14, 1908.

Ayer's Pills

Are compounded with the view to general usefulness and adaptability. They are composed of the purest vegetable ingredients. Their delicate sugar-coating, which readily dissolves in the stomach, preserves the full medicinal value and makes them easy to take, either by old or young. For constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, and the common derangements of the stomach, Liver, and Bowels, they are the best remedy. They are also good for colds and fevers.

Are the Best

Other cathartics, the effect of Ayer's Pills is to strengthen the excretory organs and restore to them their regular and natural action. Doctors everywhere prescribe them. In spite of immense competition, they have always maintained their popularity as a family medicine, being in greater demand now than ever before. They are put up both in vials and boxes, and are sold for home use or travel. Ayer's Pills are preferable to any other. Have you ever tried them?

Ayer's Pills

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

For sale by all druggists.

RECEIVED M. & N. A. L. RAILROAD

Train passes Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:08 a. m.

No. 3 Mail 6:40 a. m.

No. 9 Accommodation 6:20 a. m.

GOING NORTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.

No. 4 Express 10:14 a. m.

No. 10 Accommodation 6:28 p. m.

No. 6 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

Days getting shorter.

Scarcity of locals—Too much rain.

Terrible rain last Friday night.

Mr. B. M. Metcalf was in town Saturday.

A good crowd in town Saturday evening.

Clanton was visited by good rains last week.

Mr. Clay Jones, of Lily, was in town last week.

We are glad to report Mr. W. H. Foster much better.

Mr. Thos. Brown, of Lily, was in town last Saturday.

The "devil" was in Calera and Monticello last Sunday.

Mr. Clarke Barnes, of Junco, is visiting relatives in Clanton.

For shoes go to Mullins Bros.

Mr. Jake Lavinsky, of Coopers, was in Clanton last week.

J. W. Oullahorn, Esq., of Verbena, was in Clanton Sunday.

Mr. J. R. Beard, of Verbena, was in town last Saturday on business.

Go to Mullins Bros. for furniture.

County Supt. of Education, J. W. Moore, was in Clanton Monday.

Mr. Forest Pitts has returned from a visit to relatives in north Alabama.

A full line of the celebrated Hamilton-Brown Shoes always on hand at W. L. SAMPEY'S.

Mr. J. H. Gibbons was in town last Sunday and gave the View a call.

Rev. J. F. Smith preached at the Baptist Church last Tuesday night.

Mr. E. T. Gullahorn, of Verbena, expects to move back to Clanton soon.

Mr. J. M. Stanfield has been shipping more lumber than usual this week.

Services were held at the Methodist Church Sunday by Rev. B. F. Feggin.

H. B. Northington Esq., of Verbena, was in town last Saturday on business.

Clanton welcomes to its midst Mrs. W. D. Dunkin and family, of Sonoma, Cal.

Mullins Bros. will sell you clothes.

Mr. Reuben C. Duke left Thursday for Bainbridge, Ga., to again visit relatives.

The late rains have been a hindrance to cotton pickers, but will benefit turkeys, peas, potatoes, etc.

Miss Minnie Bulger, of Birmingham, after visiting relatives in Clanton the past week has returned home.

The storage house of Mullins Bros. between W. M. Williams' and their store has been torn down, and a well is being dug on the lot.

The man who wants to buy a farm of 20 acres of land within two miles of the L. & N. railroad in Chilton Co. for \$500 cash should apply to the editor of the View.

Mrs. Evans and daughter, Miss French, have returned to Anniston after spending the summer in Clanton. Their friends were sorry to see them leave and hope they will come again next summer.

Prof. E. Y. McMorris has rented Mr. W. D. Sartin's residence and expects to move into it when vacated by Mr. Sartin, who expects to move to Birmingham and Merrill's mill to live. We are sorry to lose Mr. S. from our community.

We had a visit from our venerable citizen Mr. Jesse Jones. He has passed his four score years. He tells us that he and his wife have walked hand in hand for 60 years. We are sorry to know that his wife is quite well and hope that she will soon be well.

You can get meat and groceries from W. L. SAMPEY.

A bale of cotton sold yesterday on our streets for 7 1/2 cents per pound.

Mr. J. G. Harris, State Supt. of Education, is expected to leave for the Baptist Church Sunday.

FOR SALE.—The View has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

Miss Mattie Sue Chappard has returned from a pleasant trip to relatives in Georgia. Her friends are glad to welcome her home.

Word comes from quarters that the newest and most satisfactory dye for coloring the beard a brown or black is Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

The many friends of Mr. Jno. Garner will rejoice with him in his appointment as postmaster at Clanton. He will make a good official. We are sure.

If nothing prevents, The Clanton University School will open next Tuesday 19th inst., under the management of Prof. E. Y. McMorris. Patrons who desire to send their children should start them in at the beginning if possible.

To rise in the morning with a bad taste in the mouth and no appetite, indicates that the stomach needs strengthening. For this purpose, there is nothing better than an occasional dose of Ayer's Pills taken at bed time.

The members of the Clanton Baptist Church are all requested to be present next Sunday morning in order that Conference can be held. Delegates are to be elected to the association, and arrangements made looking to the call of a pastor. By proper co-operation a first class pastor can be secured.

Do you wear shoes? Mullins Bros. sell them.

For the past two years Mr. Buck Chesnut has been postmaster at Clanton. He made application for re-appointment, but Mr. Jno. Garner was his lucky opponent. The uniform kindness of Mr. Chesnut has made him many friends, who hope that he will embark in other business in our town.

In all that goes to strengthen and build up the system weakened by disease and pain, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the superior medicine. It neutralizes the poisons left in the system after diphtheria and scarlet fever, and restores the debilitated patient to perfect health and vigor.

Verbena Views.

United States deputy marshal, W. H. Taylor of Prattville, visited our city recent.

The Verbena kid nine played the Cooper nine last Saturday. The score stood Verbena 20, Cooper's 8.

Mr. Will H. Caffey has returned from a trip to Atlanta.

Dr. A. A. Green, of Opelika, is visiting here to the delight of his many friends.

Rev. J. E. McCann held a protracted meeting at Boreman last week. He dedicated a nice Methodist church there Sunday.

Miss Lila Haynie, of the Capital City is visiting friends in Verbena.

Miss Mary Brown, of Autauga, is visiting her relatives at the Clifton House.

Mr. Henry Wingate has returned from Helena.

Mr. J. C. Haas, of Montgomery spent Sunday in Verbena with his family.

Mr. Frank G. Caffey spent Sunday with relatives and friends in Calera and Montevallo.

Mr. Jack Gullahorn has gone to Clanton to live.

Miss Mary Merriwether of Snowdon, is visiting relatives in Verbena.

Miss Annie Rousseau, of Montgomery, is visiting friends in Verbena.

Dr. James Stewart, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with friends in Verbena.

Miss Mary Caffey has gone to Kentucky to teach at an E. Y. college.

Messrs. Judson and Charlie Stock will attend the Howard College this session. Miss Alice Stock will attend the East Lake Athenaeum.

The Messrs. Stewarts, of Montgomery, who have been visiting Mrs. Thompson have returned home. Some of the boys will feel lonesome now.

WANTED.—To buy, for a friend, a two horse farm near Clanton. Give me particulars quick if you want to sell.

C. W. HARE.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Lily Legacy.

Rev. View.—We have had a great meeting at Isabella Church, and have demonstrated the fact that churches can carry on successful revivals without sending after the evangelists. Rev. B. E. Feggin, assisted in the meetings and through his devotion to the Master's cause accomplished great good. He stood on the great mountain of truth at the foot of the cross and preached the gospel in its true and pure light with sincerity. The Church was built up, back-sliders restored, sinners converted, and bitter enemies who had at times almost gone to blows were by the glorious influences of the Gospel brought to repentance and made to come together, shake hands, forgive and be forgiven and rejoice.

I for the pastor and church of Isabella desire to return thanks to your fellow townsman and popular merchant, Mr. W. L. Sampey, and also the big hearted John Rice, of Strasburg, who each gave us a nice Rochester lamp.

The View is beginning to be appreciated by the intelligent people of this county. Long may she live.

B. F. H.

Blue Creek Rustling.

Blue Creek Mines has closed for the present.

A revival meeting has just closed at closed at the Methodist Church there was two accessions.

Mr. J. H. Kicks, of Montgomery, has been visiting relatives at Blue Creek.

Misses Sidney and Fannie Pitts, two of Verbena's fairest daughters, have been visiting Miss Jamie Oden.

Misses Mattie Lenoir, of Mulberry, Hattie Bell Aldridge, of Clanton, and Laura and Dora Robinson, of Salem, visited friends here last week.

A gay party of young people visited Alum Rock last Saturday and report a gay time.

Mr. C. L. Brown, visited Blue Creek last week.

Master Jonnie Pitts was at Blue Creek last Saturday and Sunday.

The friends of Mr. John H. Morgan will be sorry to learn that he is in Birmingham quite sick with malarial fever.

The cotton gin here blew its first blast last Thursday.

Rev. Mr. Bone is conducting a series of meetings.

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C. W. HARE.

Notice of Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing by and between R. Korman and W. H. Merritt under the firm name of Korman & Merritt and doing a saw mill business near Clanton, Alabama, was dissolved on the 11th day of September 1908, by mutual consent. R. Korman assumes the payment of all liabilities of said firm and will continue the business.

R. KORMAN.

W. H. MERRITT.

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 14th 1908.

A minister in Chicago recently said that Chicago has eight thousand saloons, eighty per cent of which are owned or managed by brewers, and brewers have gone into politics. Upwards of half a million men in the United States alone are engaged in the industry of making paupers and beggars. The malt liquors consumed in the United States in 1892 averaged about half a barrel to a man. Carroll D. Wright, our greatest statistician, says that seventy-two per cent of the crimes in Boston are liquor crimes. In the fifteen largest cities in the land, seventy-three per cent of all arrests are for drunkenness, or for drink offenses. Terrence V. Powderly says that one fifth of the drink bill of the nation is paid by the workman.—Ex.

We will take it as a special favor if our subscribers who are in arrears and who have a little cash would divide with us. We are compelled occasionally to have a little cash in our business.

Singing Convention.

All performers and lovers of sacred music both vocal and instrumental are earnestly invited to attend a singing convention at Shilo Church the 16th and 17th of Sept., 1898 and assist in completing the organization of the Chilton County Singing Convention. Prof. A. J. Shovalter, of Dalton, Ga., has been invited.

Respectfully,

J. R. White,

R. D. May,

R. D. Durham.

SCHOOL TEXT BOOKS.

The mere mention of change of books affects so many persons like a red flag flouted before a certain bovine species. With them it is a fight word. Of the three parties concerned—the patron, the publisher, the teacher, all dread a change of books. The patron dreads it because he thinks its money out of his pocket; the publisher because he gets all his profit, and more too, in old second hand books which he generally consigns to the flames; the teacher because it brings much vexation of spirits with return either in love or money.

With us in our University School the question is not upon a change of books, but upon the adoption of a series of books. Owing to the existence of several schools heretofore in the community there is naturally a diversity of school books in the hands of the pupils.

This alone regardless of our preference, necessitates the adoption of a uniform series. But we wish to add a word or two about change of books as it affects the patron for he is generally the principal complainant, and feels that he is the greatest sufferer. We wish to show that when analysed, there is not much ground for this imaginary grievance.

In the first place, school books like everything else wear out, and we know both from statistics and experience that the average duration of school books is something less than two years. Then more than half the supply must be bought any way. Then surely to that class the change brings no hardship.

In the second instance, less than half will have old books. Then an allowance to the publishers in exchange for their old books is from 25 to 30 per cent for the new. A very small per cent of these second hand books are new, but most of the pupils will give us worn out, worthless books.

There are other considerations in this book question far more important than the money, and which we have not space to discuss. Text books no more than carpenter's tools are equal merit. There is much difference, and it is regretted that patrons do not more thoroughly inform themselves. If they did, and had a competent teacher, they would auction every change made. The greatest intellects in the world, backed by unlimited capital, are rivaling each other with all intensity never before known in the production of the best school books, and every one knows that when such conditions exist there must be progress, and know too that their children should be beneficiaries of this progress.

It is due the citizens of Clanton and community to say that the foregoing was not prompted by any utterances of the people in reference to the subject of changing school books. I have not heard the least complaint, and suppose there is none. But if any think it is a hardship he has any answer in advance.

R. Y. McMorris.

JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL.

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM.

--- SCHEDULED FOR 1908.

FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. THOROUGH AND EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Tuition from \$5.00 to \$10.00 per month in Day Families. Tuition, Primary, \$2.00; Grammar Grade, \$2.50; High School, \$3.00. For further information address

J. L. RUFFIN, Principal.

F. H. MERRITT, Pres.

H. E. QUILLAN, Sec.

UNION WAREHOUSE CO.

Cotton Factors, and COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and to fully protect the Planter's interests, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT, General Manager.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

DEALER IN

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF

FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS.

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Tattan and Reed Lockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store! ***

*** New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,

which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.

He solicits a share of public patronage.

merch-3

MERCHANTS HOTEL.

T. H. MABSON, JR., Proprietor.

RATES—\$2.00 Per DAY.

Cottier 5155 and Coosa Streets. The Annex Cor. Commerce and Fifth.

MONTGOMERY — — — — — ALABAMA

CHILTON COUNTY,

THE BEST PLACE

IN THE WORLD

FOR A

POOR MAN.

HOMES GOTTEN EASY BY WRITING TO

C. W. HARE.

CLANTON, ALA.

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST NORTH and NORTHWEST.

— via the —

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line runs Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Kansas City, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton, or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

All Advertising Matter to secure Careful Attention and Preparation should reach the Office by Tuesday Afternoon.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.

[Feb 25-02]

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Publisher
CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 21, 1897.

PEOPLE FIND

That it is not wise to experiment with cheap compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, but which have no real medicinal value. To make use of any other than the old standard AYER'S Sarsaparilla—the Superior Blood-purifier—is simply to invite loss of time, money, and health. If you are afflicted with Scrofula, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Ringworm, Sores, Tumors, or any other blood disease, be assured that

It Pays to Use

AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and AYER'S only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla can always be depended upon. It does not vary. It is always the same in quality, quantity, and effect. It is superior in combination, proportion, appearance, and in all that goes to build up the system weakened by disease and pain. It searches out all impurities in the blood and expels them by the natural channels.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25¢; six bottles, \$1.50. Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULES, N. & A. A. RAILROAD.
—Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:

GOING SOUTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 8:08 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 8:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 12:04 p. m.

GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 8:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 12:28 p. m.

No. 8 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Master Wallace Simpson is sick with fever.

Mr. F. B. Baldwin was in Clanton Monday.

Prof. R. E. Hicks was in Clanton Tuesday.

Maj. J. L. Harrell visited Clanton recently.

Mr. Claude McRee has returned to Montgomery.

A card party at the Thornton house Tuesday night.

The girl of A. E. Bivings started up last Thursday.

A full line of the celebrated Hamilton-Brown Shoes always on hand at W. L. SAMPEY'S.

We are sorry to report the illness of Mrs. M. Wright and glad to say that she is improving.

Mr. J. P. Allen, of Jemison, was in town last Monday.

Mr. Walter Lipscomb is temporary night operator here.

FOR SALE.—The View has for sale a scholarship in a first class business college.

Mrs. W. I. Mullins, of Clanton, has been on a visit to relatives in Verbena.

Mr. W. H. Foshee is out on the streets again after a protracted illness.

Dr. A. E. Bivings caught some very fine fish out of Duke's pond last Saturday.

Mr. Joe Calne, one of Strasburg's energetic farmers, was in Clanton last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Sartor have returned from their bridal trip to Annapolis and other points.

Mrs. H. J. Cullen and grandsons, Wallace and Hugh, have returned from a visit to relatives in Selma, Ala.

The friends of Mr. Gordon DuBois will be pleased to learn that he is prospering as a banker in Columbus.

Quite a crowd of young people attended a dance given at Swift Creek last Monday night by Miss Helen Ehrman.

The friends of the View are invited to consider the claims of the Union Warehouse of Montgomery, when they have cotton to ship.

Mr. Joe Hester, our night operator, is off on a rest. Joe knows how to stick to work and we wish him a pleasant time while recuperating.

Prof. E. Y. McMorris' school will open to-day. Owing to failure in having the building completed at the desired time, the opening day had to be postponed.

Prof. J. L. Ruffin was in Clanton last week on business. He reports his school in a flourishing condition. He has 65 pupils and his list is steadily on the increase.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the scalp causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

Miss Kate Bradner, one of La Pine's charming young ladies, is in Clanton. She comes to our town as a boarder and to attend the University School. The young people here are glad to welcome her as an attendant of the school and as an addition to social life.

Maj. J. G. Harris, of Montgomery, delivered an instructive and interesting lecture here morning and evening Sunday at the Baptist Church to large audiences. He lectured in the morning on the "Prodigal Son," and in the evening on "Jacob and Esau."

WANTED.—To buy, for a friend, a two horse farm near Clanton. Give me particulars quick if you want to sell.
C. W. HARE.

You can get meat and groceries from W. L. SAMPEY.

Tax-assessors, Rollins and collector Gentry, were in town Monday on official duty.

Chancellor McFadden was with us last week, conducting Chancery Court. There are few more elegant gentlemen than the chancellor and he is greatly esteemed by his large circle of acquaintances.

No person should travel without a box of Ayer's Pills. As a safe and speedy remedy for constipation and all irregularities of the stomach and bowels, they have no equal and being skillfully sugar-coated, are pleasant to take, and long retain their virtues.

Rev. J. W. Mitchell, a son of Chilton county is meeting with success as minister of the gospel. He is an earnest student of the Bible and believes in preaching plain doctrines.

The man who wants to buy a farm of 230 acres of land within two miles of the L. & N. railroad in Chilton Co. for \$300 cash should apply to the editor of the View.

It is with regret that we chronicle the death of Mrs. W. H. Dupree, who died Monday morning, Sept. 18th, at 7 o'clock, and was buried Tuesday at Walnut Creek Church. Sympathy is extended to the bereaved family.

All parties indebted to me either by mortgage note or account, will find these in the hands of Mr. B. H. Chesnut for collection. I must insist on payment at an early date. I am out of the mercantile business and must have all accounts settled.

R. EHRMAN.

Sufferers from dyspepsia have only themselves to blame if they fail to test the wonderful curative qualities of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In purifying the blood, this medicine strengthens every organ of the body, and even the most abused stomach is soon restored to healthy action.

During the sitting of the Chancery Court last week, the editor of the View was admitted to the practice of law. The examination was conducted by the Chancellor assisted by Col. W. A. Collier and Col. Robt. Knox. After October the first, the new editor will be at his office in Clanton regularly and ready to give prompt attention to any business entrusted to him.

WANTED.—Property to be placed in my hands for sale or rent. No charges unless sales are effected.

C. W. HARE.

Our county commissioners should authorize the sheriff to purchase a couple of blood hounds to be used in tracking criminals. All over the country comes news of most brutal murders and outrages. People supposed to have money about their premises are never safe. We have so many idle negroes and whites and the part of wisdom would be for the commissioners to see that dogs are kept in Clanton ready for use. This precautionary step would tend to make bad characters hasten quickly through our territory.

It is with profound regret that we state the accident which befell Mr. W. H. Merritt last Tuesday evening while on his way home from Elrman's mill. His horse became frightened this side of the ford and ran away, throwing Mr. Merritt from the buggy, and his foot became either entangled in the lines or buggy causing him to be dragged some distance until the horse ran the harness loose. He came into town with only the harness, and a search for Mr. Merritt was immediately begun, and when found was unconscious. He is considerably bruised up, but we sincerely hope that he will shortly be up and able to attend to business.

Notice of Dissolution of Co-partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing by and between R. Ehrman and W. H. Merritt under the firm name of Ehrman & Merritt and doing a saw mill business near Clanton, Alabama was dissolved on the 11th day of September 1897, by mutual consent. R. Ehrman assumes the payment of all liabilities of said firm and will continue the business.

R. EHRMAN.
W. H. MERRITT.

CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 18th 1897.

QUESTIONS.

Do ships have eyes when the go to sea?
Are there springs in the ocean's bed?
Does a "jolly tar" come from a tree?
Can a river loose its head?

What kind of food is a watchman's best?
Can an old loon sing its lay?
Can a poem trip without his feet?
What notes does the gambler play?

Will a blacksmith's vise condemn his soul?
Can a book be white and read?
To whom does the church pay its toll?
Who chingles a water shed?

Is a minstrel boy can sing his lay,
Can a ship sing her "day-to?"
Do lingers ask for grace when they pray?
Can a bugle note come due?

Is Father Time," a noted thief
For stealing hours away?
Can you give a window pane relief?
Can you mend the break of day?

Is a purchase made when shoes are sold?
Can an axe the rain bow hue?
If I keep on twisting the tale I've told
Pray what will you readers do?

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

C. W. HARE.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Mapleville News.

We sincerely hope that Dr. Farnell may succeed with us professionally.

Uncle Perry McGee has been visiting Mr. T. U. Crumpton.

Miss Susie McGee has been visiting friends here.

Miss Calley and Mr. Drury Cline have been visiting Mrs. Glover.

Cotton picking is going on rapidly this bright weather. The common price is 50 cents per hundred.

Mrs. Glover sincerely thanks her friends for the courtesy shown her northern friends while here on such a sad occasion.

We are glad to say that Mrs. Claudia Parsley is improving after a serious illness.

Stanton News.

Cotton picking has been delayed on account of too much rain.

Miss Alice and Fannie Woolley of Randolph have been visiting here.

Miss Ella Ruddick and Miss Etha Fitts visited Montevallo last Friday and Saturday.

Rev. W. J. Ruddick has been carrying on a protracted meeting at Mt. Carmel.

Mr. Venzey had a singing at the M. E. Church here recently.

Rev. Mr. Showers preached here last Saturday night at the Methodist Church and expected to begin a series of meetings but his son got hurt which called him home.

Messrs. C. W. Plant, R. C. Coe and J. V. Coe have gone to the Worlds Fair.

Success to the View.

Strasburg Statements.

Weather fine and farmers very busy picking cotton.

A two days' meeting was held at New Salem last Saturday and Sunday. Six new members were added to the Church and Sunday morning ten were baptized.

Mr. Littleton has moved back to Strasburg, and Prof. J. W. Moore has moved to our burg also.

Mr. Mack Price and Miss Julia Tucker were married last week.

Rev. R. M. Honeycutt officiating.

Sorghum making is in full blast which means something to "sop in" in the near future.

Miss Ola Childress, of Birmingham has been visiting here.

Grandma Estes has been visiting her nephew here, Prof. H. T. Estes.

Grandma Raspberry is visiting relatives in Deatsville.

Jumbo Jocularities.

Rev. J. O. Rutherford is conducting a series of meetings at Lime Springs this week.

Prof. Elam Mullins has closed his school in the Mulberry neighborhood and is spending a few days here.

Miss Ida Goodgame closed her school at Mt. Zion last Thursday and has returned to home in Clanton.

Mr. C. H. Mullins has gone to the World's Fair on his gray.

There are some chills and fever in our community due to warm days and heavy dews.

Prof. Joseph Gore will close his school at the Gore school house next Friday.

Mr. Eddie Giles was up from Clanton Sunday to see his best girl.

Young Mr. Sellers, of Stump Hills, will sing at Guss Jones next Sunday.

Collins' Chapel was troubled with a few of Jumbo's dead heads last Monday night.

Verbena News.

Miss Fannie Griffin and Mrs. L. F. Nix and family left this week for Chicago where they will reside in the future. Mr. White Mitchell has rented the place and moved his family here.

Miss Mary Ellen Wingate has returned from a visit to Birmingham.

Dr. B. J. Baldwin and family have been visiting here.

Miss Mamie House, of Deatsville is visiting relatives in our city.

Mrs. Alice Brittle and children of Birmingham, has been visiting here.

Rev. Mr. Lowry, of Calera, preached at the Baptist Church Thursday night. Rev. Mr. O'Hara has resigned as pastor of the Baptist Church, and Mr. Lowry,

has been called to his place.

Cotton and corn are good in this section.

Messrs. J. L. and Coy Beard have returned from a visit to Deatsville.

Mr. S. M. Scott, of Montgomery, spent Sunday in Verbena.

Mr. Sam Catts was in Verbena Sunday.

Rev. Mr. McMillan, the Presbyterian evangelist, preached at the M. E. Church Sunday night to a large congregation.

Mr. F. G. Cuffey left last Tuesday morning for Harvard College, Cambridge, Mass., after spending the summer here.

Prof. Stanton's school is still flourishing.

Mrs. E. H. Wingate is visiting Birmingham.

Mr. Alfonso D. Bosc died near Verbena on the 16th. Chilton has lost a good citizen.

Mr. Henry Wingate has gone to Montgomery to live.

Miss Annie Rouseau has returned home after a visit here.

Mr. James Featherston has been visiting here.

Dear Coopers and Verbena.

Ed. View.—Your readers seldom hear from the farmers in this neighborhood and as our is a common interest we will appreciate the use of your columns to let the people know that we are still in the land of the living.

Though some of our citizens have been very sick with slow fever we are glad to report them improving.

Corn is fair and cotton opening fast, and we have been hustling to gather it by the time it gets to 8 cents.

We are glad to see the educational interest on a boom. The Verbena High School opened with 48 pupils and Coopers has a good school.

We have been having lots of rain here lately, and now some hot weather which is more suitable for us to pick cotton.

FARMER.

Good Night.

Harper's Bazar.

"There is a tender sweetness about some of our common phrases of affectionate greeting simple and unobtrusive as they are, which falls like dew upon the heart."

Good night! That little one lies in its gown in white, with shining face and hands and prayers said, she tumbles off to bed. Sisters and brothers exchange the wish; parents and children; friend and friends. Familiar use had robbed it of its significance to some of us; we repeat it automatically without much thought. But consider. We are, as voyagers, putting off from time to time upon an unexplored sea. Our bark of life set sail and go onward into the darkness; and we, asleep on our pillows, take no such care as we do when awake and journeying by daylight. Of the perils of the night, whatever they may be, we take no heed. An unsleeping vigilance watches over us, but it is the vigilance of One stronger and wiser than we, who is the Eternal God. Good and God spring from the same root, and the same in meaning. "Good-by" is only God be with you. Good-night is really God night, or "God guard the night." It would be a childish house hold in which these gentle forms of speech were ignored or did not exist. Alas the happy and the sorrowful, day by day, may say "Good-night."

Cotton and Currency.

Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

King Cotton is resuming his throne. All that is needed to restore confidence, which after all is an effect rather than a cause, is more money in circulation. Turn loose the hoarded millions, immediately after the war there was more money in circulation than has ever been the case since. The United States government had issued billions to carry on the war—for a long period as much as \$2,000,000 a day—and thought the south had been over-run and devastated her people were richer than they have ever been since, because the circulation amounted to nearly \$100 per capita of population. Turn loose the hoarded millions and we shall find confidence restored. Don't wait for confidence, which is only an effect, to usurp the place of a legitimate cause.

A cross mark (X) after your name means that your subscription is due and that we would be glad to have you re-

F. H. MERRITT, Pres.

H. E. QUILLAN, Sec.

UNION WAREHOUSE CO.

Cotton Factors,

and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and fully protect the Planter's interest, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT,
General Manager.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.

DEALER IN
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF
FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

110 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Chests, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,
FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Tattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirrors, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see.

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Cortez Bibb and Coors Streets. The Annex Cor. Commerce and Bibb.

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CHILTON COUNTY,

THE BEST PLACE

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HOMES GOTTEN EASY BY WRITING TO

C. W. HARE.

CLANTON, ALA.

WINSIG 72013.

People's Line Steamers

Between Montgomery and Mobile.

Leave Montgomery Thursday 8 p.m.
Arrive Selma Friday 8 a.m.
Leave Selma Saturday 8 a.m.
Arrive Mobile Monday 7 p.m.
Leave Mobile Wednesday 7 p.m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursday 11 p.m.
Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipments to People's Line, H. M. Mowbray, W. F. Vandiver, Pres., Genl. Mgr., Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON

HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM—

SEPTEMBER 1st, 1897. FIRST CLASS SCHOOL. 12 teachers. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from \$8.00 to \$10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition Primary, \$2.00; Grammar Grade, \$2.50; High School, \$3.00. For further information address J. L. RUFFIN, Prin. Jemison, Ala.

WONDERFUL

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain, no bad effect, by the use of Olanter, If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusively right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. between Blount and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. They will make it to your interest. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 18th St. Elyton block.

Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDEFUR,
Dentists.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited. (Feb 25-92)

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST, —is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis.

CHILTON COUNTY

In the geographical center of Alabama, the Louisville and Nashville, the K. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tallapoosa, and Mobile Rivers pass through the County, and the Gulf of Mexico is within the limits of the county. The chief industries are farming and stock raising. The population is 5,000.

(Plan on the cover map, is the L. & N. R. R. 30 miles south of Birmingham and 40 miles north of Montgomery. Several large mills are located in the vicinity of the town)

The Chilton View.

C. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1893.

NUMBER 48.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING

Business Notices Twenty Cents per line per week. Obituaries and Notices of Deaths, half price.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

NEW STORE! Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at NEW PRICES!

KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE,

Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA.

We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Flthy Paragraphs.

A Charleston dispatch says: State Constable Swan seized twelve barrels of liquor on the Clyde steamship wharves Tuesday morning. The trial justice refused to issue a search warrant for the goods in transit in accordance with Judge Simonton's decision. The liquor remains on the wharf, but in Swan's charge.

The Brush Electric Light and Power company was capitalized at \$250,000 at Savannah, Ga., Monday, and secured the People's Electric Light and Power company recently established in connection with the Electric Railway company, which promised to be a powerful rival to the old company. The deal was affected by an exchange of stock.

Monday was the time set for a resumption of work in the shops of the Louisville and Nashville and Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railroads at Nashville, Tenn., but contrary to expectation, the striking machinists and boiler makers refused to return at the reduced wages. The men say they are just as determined now as ever, and will not return at the reduced wages.

The steamship Rappahannock, the initial steamer of the new ocean line, operated by the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, sailed from Newport News, Va., Friday evening for Liverpool with a miscellaneous cargo of freight equal to 250 carsloads. Included in her freight was 2,275 hogheads of tobacco which is the largest single shipment of tobacco ever made from a Virginia port.

The Wilmington, N. C., cotton mills, after a suspension of four weeks, will resume work September 30th. During the stoppage the mill has been thoroughly repaired and a new engine and boiler for additional power are to be added. The mill will not work full time in all the departments for the present, but the resumption will give employment to a large number of needy people.

A special from Canton, N. C., says: The most horrible accident known in this locality for many years occurred near Weather Station on the Murphy branch Monday. Six men were instantly killed by the explosion of a boiler in L. J. Kerby's hardwood sawmill. The explosion occurred about 11 o'clock and completely wrecked the whole mill. Not a piece of the boiler was left near the foundation.

A special from Beaufort, S. C., says: The Red Cross party, consisting of Senator Butler, Governor Tillman, Clara Barton, Dr. Gardner and George H. Fullman, left Saturday on a tour of the islands, viewing the destructive results of the recent storm and becoming acquainted with the suffering and destitution resulting therefrom. Sunday the party extended their investigation as far north as Charleston.

In the federal court at Charleston, S. C., Monday, Judge Simonton died a disease in the suit brought by the Richmond and Danville railroad to abrogate the reduced rates on liquors ordered by the railroad commissioner under the dispensary law. Without finally disposing of the matter Judge Simonton appointed R. W. Shaw, special master to take testimony as to whether the change complained of by the railroad is just and reasonable.

The case of M. J. O'Brien, ex-supreme treasurer of the Catholic Knights of America, who is held about \$75,000 in his accounts with the order, came up Monday for trial in the circuit court at Chattanooga and was continued. The charge was embezzlement. Among the prominent officials of the order in attendance were Supreme President Hine, Supreme Treasurer Horach, Supreme Secretary Barr and Supreme Trustees Duffy and Walsh. The continuance was granted on account of the absence of an important witness.

A Memphis special of Monday says: Ex-Congressman Rios A. Pierce, the member of the executive committee for Tennessee appointed at Chicago August 23, has issued a call to the people of the state requesting all who believe in free coinage of both gold and silver to meet in their respective county seats Monday, October 21st, and pass resolutions requesting their senators and representatives in congress to vote against the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law, unless coupled with a permission to return to the coinage act repealed in 1873.

A Memphis, Tenn., special of Monday says: A reign of terror prevails among the planters and ginners all over northern Mississippi. The white caps have organized in nearly every county and posted notices in gins forbidding their owners from ginning cotton until the price reaches 10 cents per pound. Several ginners have disregarded the notice and opened their establishments for business. The white caps promptly burned them to the ground, and warned them that any

AN EPIDEMIC DECLARED.

Eleven New Cases of Yellow Fever Announced Sunday.

And Brunswick's Board of Health Says the Disease is Now Epidemic.

Eleven new cases of fever were announced at Brunswick Sunday and an epidemic declared. The announcement, which was made by the board of health, sent a thrill of horror to the grief-stricken Brunswickians. With heart-breaking sorrow hundreds hurriedly rushed to the train Sunday afternoon, and it will need no military force to depopulate the city.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

A London cable dispatch of Wednesday says: Admiral Deneville has sent an ultimatum to the authorities at Rio, announcing his intention to immediately and thoroughly bombard the city with all his ships unless it promptly surrenders.

The leading colored men of New Orleans had a secret meeting Tuesday night and Wednesday morning furnished the press with the resolutions adopted. A committee has been appointed to call on the governor at once and ask for troops for protection against the reign of terror existing in Jefferson parish, on the outskirts of the city.

Mrs. Lottie Cummings was placed on trial in the criminal court at Knoxville, Tenn., for her life Wednesday afternoon. She is charged with murdering her ten-year-old step-son, Louis, on June 10th, present year. She is accused of bewitching the child to death with bullets of wood, and after cutting his throat, throwing the mangled body out of a two-story window.

A dispatch was received from Yonkum, Tex., stating that John Newman, a prominent merchant of that place, was killed Wednesday morning by a trap gun which he had set for a burglar. Mr. Newman had forgotten about the deadly affair and was opening up the store when he came in contact with the string which pulled the trigger of the gun, the charge passing through his body.

The New York Herald of Wednesday says there is reason to believe that the passengers of the steamer Alvo, which was believed to have been lost, have been safely landed at Mompox, United States of Colombia. Juan Riquen, at the Westminster hotel, received a cable message from his nephew, who was a passenger on the Alvo. The message, dated Mompox, was "Salamanca."

A Brunswick special says: The following resolution was passed by the board of health Wednesday: This board, upon reports of practicing physicians, officially announce that no new cases of yellow fever have developed in the twenty-four hours ending Wednesday noon, and during the same period of time two cases previously reported sick, have been discharged, making now but 17 cases under treatment.

A cablegram from London was received at Mobile, Ala., Wednesday by T. W. Nicol, chief engineer of the Dauphin Island Railroad and Harbor Company, to begin work on the road at once. The London agent for the road is to sail hence in a few days. The plan is to connect Mobile by rail with deep water in the Gulf of Mexico, distance thirty-five miles. The road is to run on the west shore of Mobile bay to Cedar Point, across Grant's pass to Dauphin Island and thence to the south shore of the island. Four immense break waters will be built to shelter vessels lying at the docks. The cost will be up in the millions, but it is said to be justifiable because of the great increase of the coal and lumber and timber trade of this port.

REUNION POSTPONED.

General Gordon Announced that the Meeting is Put Off.

Headquarters United Confederate Veterans, New Orleans, September 18.—General Order No. 108: I, the general commanding, deeply regret that an almost universal request for postponement of the United Confederate Veterans reunion, which was to be held at Birmingham, Ala., on the 23d and 24th days of October next, compels him very reluctantly to issue this order. It was sincerely hoped by him, and it was his earnest wish, that no impediment would arise which would hinder the veterans from meeting upon that date; but the increasing demand for postponement, based upon extreme depression and poverty in the country, makes the postponement imperative, the date of the reunion to be fixed hereafter.

J. B. Gordon, General Commanding.

George M. Moore, Adj. Gen. and Chief of Staff.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and Routine of the House and Senate Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The president sent to the senate Tuesday the following nominations: William B. Hornblower, of New York, to be associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, vice Samuel Blatchford, deceased; James J. Van Allen, of Rhode Island, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Italy.

After the approval of the journal in the house, Tuesday, Mr. Flynn, republican, of Oklahoma, asked consent for the consideration of a resolution reciting that some of the settlers on the Cherokee strip had been shot down by United States soldiers, and requesting the secretary of war to inform the citizens as to the circumstances, and further, by that authority the troops were being sent.

The hearings before the ways and means committee closed Wednesday, and now the actual work of drawing up a new tariff bill will be begun. The democrats say that more time has been given to these hearings than by any previous committee and that arguments have been presented on all the schedules likely to be affected by the new legislation. Chairman Wilson says the bill will be reported as soon as consistent with the importance of the interests involved.

A. H. Gallahue, of New York, appeared before the committee on ways and means Tuesday and presented a petition of the Associated Trades and Workmen's Reform League of New York, demanding that the duty on the vegetable products of the Bermuda island be removed or greatly reduced, so that the middle class or working people may be able to purchase fresh vegetables in the early spring. Henry T. Oxman, of Nebraska, spoke against the repeal of the sugar bounty clause of the McKinley act.

The president sent to the senate Wednesday the following nominations: Joseph W. Nichol, of Indiana, to be deputy second comptroller of the treasury; William L. Chambers, of Alabama, to be land commissioner in Samoa, under the general act signed at Berlin June 13, 1889, by the plenipotentiaries of the United States, Germany and Great Britain, vice E. R. Ornesbee, returned. Postmaster, Tennessee, John J. Ingle, at South Pittsburg; Mississippi, Carrie King Smith, at Sewanee, Virginia; William E. Owen, South Boston.

When the proposition was made to put coal on the free list, the New York capitalists organized a big trust and secured extensive coal mines in Nova Scotia. Tuesday a strong delegation of mine owners from Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania arrived at Washington and organized at the Willard hotel. Tuesday afternoon they appeared before the committee on ways and means to argue the proposition of a duty of seventy-five cents per ton on bituminous coal. They claim it will be ruinous to the coal mining interests of this country to put coal on the free list.

Judge Hornblower is a prominent and widely known New York lawyer and who has for many years had a very large practice before the supreme court of which he will soon become a member. Senator McPherson, who knows him personally, says he is a man of strong mind and great judicial attainments, with a natural aptitude for constitutional subjects. He comes of a family of jurists, his father having been the late chief justice of New Jersey, where his grandfather was a leading practitioner at the bar of his day. Mr. Hornblower was for a number of years the law partner of ex-Governor Cleveland of South Carolina, and is a relative by marriage of the late Justice Bradley, who married a Miss Hornblower. In stature, Mr. Hornblower is tall, well proportioned and very much of the present chief justice of the supreme court. He is a trustee of the New York Life Insurance Company, of which William R. Grace is a director. It is evident that the appointment of Mr. Hornblower will not be received with pleasure by all the politicians of New York. Senator Hill declined to discuss the nomination, but simply said that the democrats of New York would be disappointed.

Private Telegrams received Friday at Berlin from London state that the condition of Prince Bismarck is becoming worse.

Snailpox in New York.

Four cases of snailpox were discovered in the New York City health office in Madison street Friday morning.

Fearful Flood in Japan.

A San Francisco special says: The steamship Peru, Monday evening from China and Japan, brought the news to September 24. The Japan Gazette, dated August 26, gives an account of a great flood in Fuku Ken. Three hundred and four were drowned, and 80,000 are receiving relief. It says also that 2,866 cases are reported sick and 447 dead.

WASHINGTON CENTENNIAL.

The Laying of the National Capital's Corner-Stone Celebrated.

Imposing Civic and Military Processions—A Grand Demonstration.

The centennial of the national capital was celebrated Monday. Though the day was said to have been fair and beautiful one hundred years ago, when, according to contemporary accounts, "His Excellency, President George Washington, crossed the Potomac into Maryland," (meaning ten miles square) decided by Maryland and Virginia for the site of the national capital) and escorted by Virginia and Maryland troops, and masonic and other civic bodies moved in procession to Capitol Hill and there laid the corner stone of the national capital, the weather could not possibly have been more pleasant on that occasion than the clear skies and buoyant sunshine which smiled on the centennial commemoration of that great event Monday morning.

The day was ushered in by the ringing of the centennial chimes. Following as closely as possible the program of the original ceremonies, the procession was chiefly confined to civic bodies, under the marshaling of General Ordway, commanding the district national guard.

ORGANIZATIONS IN LINE.

The organizations in line included in the first division, Odd Fellows, the oldest inhabitants, Knights of Pythias, Elks and "Noble Red Men." The second division composed the Society of Cincinnati, the G. A. R. and the Mexican veterans and the "Sons of the American Revolution," in which organization are included many of the most honored names in public life, and which, as an organization, made its public debut Monday. The third division was the military, and comprised the district national guard, some regulars and the visiting militia from Virginia. The fourth division was composed of veteran firemen and visiting fire associations, including veterans from Brooklyn and New York, and Virginia and Maryland.

At the head of the procession, immediately following Grand Marshal Ordway and his well mounted staff, rode the president of the United States and his cabinet officers.

In the corps following the president, came the orator of the day, Hon. William Wirt, Henry, of Virginia, grandson of Patrick Henry, attended by Lawrence Gardner, chairman of the general committee. Each cabinet officer was attended by two members of the committee on arrangements. After the cabinet officers came Bishop Paret, of Maryland, chaplain for the day, in his Episcopal robes.

Then came the Associated Justices Brown and Field, representing the United States supreme court, and after them the joint committee of congress, the commissioners of the district, and the general committee.

AT THE CAPITOL.

The procession arrived at the capitol shortly after two o'clock, and the parade was dismissed and ceremonies of commemoration commenced from stands erected on the east front and in the presence of an immense concourse of spectators. The musical part of the program was exceedingly notable and effective.

The oratorical part of the proceedings was commenced by Mr. Lawrence Gardner in an address of welcome, which had merit of being as brief as it was appropriate. He closed by introducing to the audience "the chairman of the ceremonies the worthy successor of Washington, the president of the United States, Grover Cleveland." President Cleveland, who had been greeted with warm applause all day en route to the capitol, received a still more enthusiastic welcome when he arose to address the assemblage.

After the president's brief address there was music by the band. Then the orator of the day, William Wirt Henry, of Virginia, delivered an oration which was both learned and ornate. The "Star Spangled Banner," sung by the grand chorus, followed, after which Vice-President Stevenson was introduced and made a historical and interesting address. The presiding officer of the senate, with a brief interlude of music, was followed by the presiding officer of the house of representatives, Speaker Crisp, whose remarks were briefly timely.

The closing exercises consisted of the rendering of the grand chorus, "The Heavens are Telling," from Hayden's oratorio, "The Oratorio," a judicial address by Associate Justice Henry Billings Brown, of the United States supreme court, a closing speech by Commissioner Myron Parker for the district government and the rendering of "America" by the Marine band, chorus and audience.

Private Telegrams received Friday at Berlin from London state that the condition of Prince Bismarck is becoming worse.

TRADE REVIEW.

Dun & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Returns from every part of the country show a decided improvement. A hopeful feeling prevails, money grows abundant at speculative centers and is somewhat easier for commercial purposes. The number of establishments reported as resuming work is thirty-one wholly, and twenty-six in part, still exceeds the number closing, thirty-three for the past week, besides ten reducing the force so that the hands employed have somewhat increased. The number unemployed is still very large; the great industries are still far below their normal productiveness, and part of the resumption of work has been secured by lowering prices and reducing wages. But business is pulling itself together, and even the crop report has caused a little depression in stocks. The industrial improvement is largely in cotton, and otherwise appears scarcely more satisfactory than last week. About two-thirds of the Fall River mills are operating, but at a reduction of about 10 to 13 percent in wages, and there has been a sharp cut in prices of leading cotton goods. Several shoe factories have started in part, but orders are said to be not enough to keep the force busy, though a distinct improvement is noticed. In all eighteen metal works have started in part and six wholly, while thirteen have stopped and fourteen have reduced hands or wages. The output of pig iron, September 1st, proves to have been 82,692 tons weekly, a decrease of 98,947 since May 1st, indicating that only 45 percent of the productive force was employed. Sales of gray iron for September at Birmingham and of steel billets for \$19.50 at Pittsburgh, support the statement that resumption of work in many cases is at the expense of a great sacrifice in price. But in this industry business revives more vigorously at the west than at the east.

An obvious effect of short crops is that railroad earnings may shrink with a smaller demand for coal and iron for iron products and for stocks. Abundance of money seeking loans on collaterals and call tends to render the market indifferent to public abatement and reduced earnings.

POLK'S REMAINS REINTERRED.

They Are Given a New Resting Place at Nashville.

A Nashville special says: After forty-three years in the tomb, the remains of ex-President James K. Polk, for a brief time Tuesday, reposed under the roof where the happiest days of his life were spent, and then, followed by civic and military authorities, state and federal officials, were conveyed to what will probably prove their final resting place.

This is the second time the ex-president's remains have been moved. When he first died, in 1849, he was buried in the old city cemetery. Then the tomb at the Polk place was erected, and on May 22, 1850, the remains were placed therein. President Polk made an invalid will, and when Mr. Polk died, August 14, 1891, and was soon after brought by the heirs, and the will broken "on the ground that it attempted to create a perpetuity. Thereupon the Polk place was ordered sold, and the last legislature granted the permission for the removal of the tomb to Capitol Hill. A beautiful site was selected just north of the Jackson hotel, and there, the tomb, a square, open temple, with four columns, has been erected. The caskets containing the remains of President and Mrs. Polk were encased in new boxes and taken into the parlor of the Polk place, where prayers were said. Brief services were conducted by Rev. S. A. Steel and Rev. Jerry Witherspoon, after which the caskets were placed side by side and left in peace.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

Industrial Progress as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that the record of the week has been encouraging in all branches of business. The banks throughout the southern states are well supplied with currency, and the restrictions as to the amounts to be drawn out and the notes to be given have generally been removed. Nearly all the banks which suspended have resumed operations.

There is a steady but slow increase in the orders received by manufacturing establishments, and several good ones have been received by iron manufacturers, although prices are very low. Cotton mills are now generally running. Mercurial business is somewhat improved, but farmers are holding back cotton for better prices. Among important new industries established or incorporated during the week are the following:

Hatch Light, Heat and Power Company, Hatch, Miss., capital \$200,000. The Carverville Iron and Machine Company, Carverville, Ga., capital \$100,000. The E. L. Anderson Distillery Company, Newport, Ky., capital \$100,000. The Florida Synthetic Fibre Works, near Hernando, Fla., to cost \$400,000. The Major Venn Cotton Company, Bay, W. Va., capital \$50,000. The Hamby Cotton Mills, Mount Airy, N. C., capital \$35,000, and McIntosh Mills, at Nashville, Tenn., to cost \$250,000.

Twenty-six new industries were established or incorporated during the week, together with seven enlargements of manufacturing and six important new buildings.—Trade Review (Chicago, Tenn.)

MAD RUSH FOR HOMES.

The Choke Strip Formally Opened for Settlement.

A special from Arkansas City, Kan., says: One hundred thousand people settled upon the Cherokee strip Saturday morning. On the lines in the vicinity of the various border towns the boomers had gathered in great numbers. As far as the eye could reach in either direction could be seen men mounted and in wagons and afoot closely packed together making a solid column 200 feet or more in the middle and tapering away to a mere streak of black in the distance.

THE MAD RUSH OF THE BOOMERS.

The scene when the column broke at the firing of the signal gun, and each individual entered to contend for a common prize, can be imagined better than described. Confusion reigned everywhere. So closely were the contestants packed together that the start was a hazardous one. Horsemen were unseated, wagons overturned and pedestrians prostrated in the mad rush to be off. The cries of angered men, the shouts of the racers, the clattering of hoofs, the rattling of wagons and the shrieking of locomotives combined in a roar similar to that accompanying the progress of a tornado.

In the race many men were injured and some killed. Of the latter some met death by accident and two were murdered. The details of the crimes are not known, but the dead bodies—one stabbed and the other shot through the head—tell the manner of death. Many dead horses have been found on the prairie. Some died of over-exertion, some were killed by falling in the race, and others received broken limbs in the rough prairie, were shot by their owners.

POPE'S TROUBLED TOWNS.

Saturday night the strip which twelve hours before was wholly deserted, was a populous country. Four of the new town sites have populations estimated at 5,000 each. Other honest populations ranging from 1,000 to 3,000. Every desirable claim has at least one claimant and may have two to four. Contests will, of course, be numerous.

Train Robbers Get \$70,000.

A train of the Mineral Range railroad was held up between Hancock and Calumet Mich., by three masked men Friday morning and robbed of \$70,000 of Calumet and Hecla mine money. Everything is in a turmoil. There was no bloodshed.

May Extend the Time to 1894.

After a conference at Chicago, Friday, with a number of foreign commissioners, the World's fair directors have called a meeting to discuss the feasibility of extending the exposition until January 1st next.

The rain in naval warfare is believed now to be the thing.

On a recent evening a large hawk was noticed at Seabury Settlement, N. Y., calling high and low a young bird and old crow, which were feeding on the creek bank, thirty rods away. The hawk was so far above that it was not noticed by the crows until, with a noise heard by the spectators on the shore steps, the hawk swooped down and snatched the young crow's prey, killing it instantly. Rising from the ground, the hawk sought to fly away with its prey, but before it had gone a dozen yards five of the old crows, with screams and shrieks, began a fight to the death with the hawk. One after another they would rise above the hawk and then dive to strike the hawk. One struck it on the neck and took the feathers off, another took a tail feather, another struck a wing, turning the hawk completely over and causing it to drop twenty feet and lose its hold on the dead crow's prey. The hawk, instead of leaving the hawk to see in peace and pain, seemed maddened by the ineffectual bunch of dead crows which the hawk had dropped, and pursued the hawk till its gray and white feathers filled the air below. The hawk slipped with its hooked beak from side to side as the crows dived by, and even grasped with its talons in a vain endeavor to catch its quicker antagonists. After a little it tried to fly away, but dived here and there, sometimes a foot above the crows seemed as small as vultures. Then a large crow rose from below and struck the hawk on the leg with heavy bill, but, quick as a hawk's kick, the talons flew down and the crow was caught with its head between the curved nails. One penetrated its eye and thence the brain. The talons opened and the crow fell dead hardly thirty yards from the shore steps. However, the fight was not ended. There were still four crows, and they seemed to gather renewed vigor as the dead crow fell with outspread wings to the ground. The hawk was rapidly getting tired. It no longer dodged, but with a dogged determination tried once more to fly away. At that one of the crows, with wings outstretched to give it a strong impression, struck the hawk on the back of its neck. At that its wings stopped their motion and slowly, as it had been kicking, it gradually approached the ground. Another crow struck it on the back of its head and it fell on the ground. The hawk fell on its back and was dead. At that its wings stopped their motion and slowly, as it had been kicking, it gradually approached the ground. Another crow struck it on the back of its head and it fell on the ground. The hawk fell on its back and was dead.

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CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 28, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year . . . \$1.00
One copy six months 75
One copy three months 50

The News states that the First National Bank of Birmingham will resume in a few days.

While out the past week we made a tour through Bullock, Pike and Dale counties. Cotton seems to have improved greatly in those counties within the past few weeks.

An editor never received a more generous welcome into a county than did this writer, but we want to suggest to our business men that their patronage in the way of advertising and job printing would give us more solid comfort than mere words unaccompanied by substantial proof.

The Montgomery Evening News has had phenomenal success. Mr. Hilton founded the paper in the midst of the hardest times the city ever saw and yet by energy and intelligence he has kept the paper alive and improved it with almost every issue. The business men of Montgomery should give the News liberal support.

The grand jury of Cleburne Co. returned 84 indictments. The report said "we believe that the unlawful traffic in and use of intoxicating drink and the carrying of concealed weapons are a fruitful source of the crimes of that county." So there are every where. Let grand juries do their duties in indicting those who follow such practices and we may hope for a lessening of crime.

The matters connected with the U. S. Courts in Birmingham are somewhat disturbed. Some of the commissioners and deputy marshals have been indicted for illegal practices. Our former countryman, H. A. Wilson, an old timer among the Republicans, is one of the accused. He is charged with making the government pay per diem twice. If there is any crookedness we trust that the wrongdoers will be thoroughly exposed and punished.

There is a spirit of revolution in the air throughout all South and Central America. The people are tired of the rule of priest craft, and getting occasional whiffs of the air from South America they are more and more restless and there will be continued revolution until that people have different conditions surrounding them. The News is correct when it insists that these countries need a public school system similar to that in the United States. The priests will always approve that kind of emancipation.

We have not a member of the United States Congress more fearless than our own Oats. He has convictions on the immigration question and he is working to get others to see as he does. He has introduced a bill providing that no criminal, anarchist, polygamist, or any person unable to read the constitution of the United States shall be naturalized nor shall any alien be naturalized who has not continuously for five years next preceding his application resided within the United States. The contest for votes has heretofore made political parties represented in Congress go to dangerous lengths in admitting immigrants and a halt is badly needed.

It has never been our idea that the Democratic Executive Committee should refuse to consider the late proposition of the Jeffersonian committee. We believe that committee should go just as far as is consistent with principle towards bringing about a reconciliation, but we do not believe that any compromise can be effected on the exact basis of the proposition. But there is surely common ground upon which all honest men of both parties may unite, and our citizens shall ever be to further that end. The Democratic Executive Committee is called to meet in Montgomery October 12th. We have no idea but what they will honestly seek for a happy mean. Extremists on both sides must be put out of the way before reconciliation can be had.

Have Hill "Boasted."

Senator Hill has grossly abused the high trust committed to his hands.

His efforts to pass the Peffer resolution and perspicuously irretrievable ruin to the people, prostrated and suffering as they are under the unprecedented panic, brands him a traitor to his country.

Benedict Arnold for personal revenge tried to deliver his countrymen to an armed foe. David B. Hill, to gratify his personal hatred of Cleveland, tried to deliver them over to the demons of spin and despair.

However, the country now has his true measure, and even Peffer, bewitched drunk that he is, probably has more influence in the senate than this man who so shamefully misrepresents the great State of New York. If anything were needed to complete the revelation of his sordid and petty nature it would be supplied by his speech of yesterday, entering to the courage elements of the West and South, making impotent attacks on the administration, grossly insulting and willfully misrepresenting Secretary Carlisle.

Hill has hurt no one but himself. "He meant murder, but he has committed suicide."—N. Y. Herald.

It is very easy to start up a cry against a measure before the merits of it is fully tested. Since the passage of the Snyre election law our popular friends have never ceased to charge it with all sorts of crimes. The truth is very few of them ever saw that law tested and really do not know just what it is. We have for many years needed some kind of law that would save us from the disgraceful pulling and hauling, buying and selling, and drunken rowdism incident to all voting places. Now where ever this Snyre election law has been tried it is the universal testimony that the day passes without all this scramble, and without rows. Every provision is made for those who cannot write and we know of nothing that should stimulate the white men of Alabama to learn to read and write, and to teach their sons and daughters, than this very law. So far as the wisdom of that law is concerned we cannot say whether we believe that the best law which can be gotten or not, for we have never seen it tested, but we always believe in giving every law a fair test, before condemning it. It is the duty of every citizen, and we write not as a partisan, but as a citizen of Alabama, and say give the law a chance and then if proves oppressive to the humblest citizen we will be among the first to help repeal it at the next Legislature. We append just here what is said concerning the late election at Bessemer:

"The operation of the new election law in Monday's election was entirely satisfactory. The proportion of ignorant voters (those who required assistance in making their ballots) was very small, and only about thirty names were thrown out on account of irregularity in marking. One man voted for two mayors, another for three aldermen in each ward instead of two; some scratched their ticket instead of X-ing them. The election was the quietest ever held in Bessemer. There was no pulling and driving negroes in droves. Not more than two voters were allowed to vote at a time in the second ward, where there were two marking booths, and only one at a time in each of the other booths. There were no fights or other disturbances worth mentioning. The Snyre law is a great success in Bessemer."

How can I educate my boy or girl? is being asked by anxious parents who desire the well being of their children, yet who are very poor. Here is one plan. In most villages are families who are willing to board a young man for his services before and after school and on Saturdays. Is this young man wanting an education bad enough to do such work? There are also families willing to give young a lady her board for her help about milking, cooking and house-cleaning. This is one line upon which many have educated themselves. Are our boys and girls willing to pay the price?

Brunswick, Ga., by action of the relief committee, one Egan was banished from that city. He was guilty of sending out false and scandalous reports concerning the actions of the relief committee.

Subscribe for The View.

Preventing Injury to Manure.

Almost any phrase of the general subject of manure is always timely and important. The farmer cannot manage his business successfully without manure and a depreciation in the quality of manure he uses means a reduction in the value of crops which he secures. Consequently, prompt and efficient measures should be taken to obtain a liberal quality of manure and to keep whatever is secured in this line in the best possible condition for use.

It has long been commonly accepted theory that exposure to the weather is very injurious to the quality of farm yard manure. Even the farms who have been the most negligent about doing anything to prevent this waste have freely admitted that their yard manure was not nearly as good as it would have been if it had received protection from the sun and rain. A great many farmers have reconstructed their stables in order that the manure might be protected from the weather and many others have built cheap sheds for the accommodation of the same purpose. Some have not only provided for the protection of the manure from exposure, but have arranged for keeping their hogs in the cellars or sheds in which it is stored. The latter method is of greater benefit so far as the manure is concerned, but it can hardly be said to be beneficial to the hogs. The best pork is made from hogs that are kept on clean food and in clean quarters. It cannot be obtained from animals that are kept to rot over and mix the excrement of horses and cattle.

The loss sustained to manure that is exposed to the weather is due to two causes; leaching and fermenting. Both the methods above described prevent injury to the manure by leaching. Keeping in basements or enclosed in sheds, in which hogs are kept working over and tramping down the material, is an efficient method of controlling the fermentation. Storing in semi open sheds, where there is no mixture of the horse and cow manure and the heaps are not compacted in any way, allows a considerable loss of nitrogen. The sheds are a great improvement on the method of storing the manure in open yards but they are not a complete protection.

It is probable that farmers who have no place except their yards would prevent a great deal of loss by spreading their manure directly upon the land.

If carried to the fields every few days the manure would lose very little by exposure to the air. The fermentation which, to horse manure especially, is very destructive when the material is in loose heaps goes on slowly and causes more benefit than injury when the manure is spread upon the land. Leaching, too, instead of carrying off and wasting some of the most valuable elements, as it does when it affects large heaps, is just what is needed after the manure has been spread upon the land. By this means the elements of plant food are dissolved out of the mass of inert material in which they are contained and are washed down to a point at which they can be promptly utilized by the roots of the growing crops. For this reason it seems best, on farms where there are not the best facilities for its preservation, to draw the manure from the yards and spread it upon the fields every week or two during the warm weather.

Probably some who read this article will not agree with all the ideas which are advanced therein. But whether they are accepted or not these points are worth thinking about. Much of the manure used upon farms does not produce the effects desired and expected. This is largely due to the fact that there has been a loss of the valuable portions of the manure before it reached the land upon which it was used. Some means for preventing this great waste ought certainly to be devised.—American Farmer.

Prize.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

CHAS. W. HARE,
Attorney at Law,
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E. R. ELDRIDGE, L. L. D.,
President Troy, Ala.

Noticeto Non-Resident.
State of Alabama, Chilton County.
To JAMES THOMAS LOWE who is a non-resident of the State of Alabama and is a resident of Union Parish Louisiana. You will please take notice that on August 24th, 1893, a certain paper in writing purporting to be the last will and testament of Wm. Lowe deceased was filed in my office for Probate by Mrs. Zilpha A. Lowe and that the 28th day of September, 1893, was appointed a day for hearing thereof at which time you can appear and contest the same if you see proper. Given under my hand this 24th day of August 1893.

R. M. HONEYCUTT,
Judge of Probate.

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5. A first class residence in Vertenn.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several 10, 200 acres land. 20 acres cleared; 70 acres lumber; 21 oxen; 4 log drays; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit. Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.

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Every family should have one.
Rev. L. A. Doney, Lafayette, Ala.
The Electrolysis is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine.
Mrs. E. W. Story, La Place, Ala.
Rev. J. R. Robeson, of Chapeltown Miss., says the Electrolysis has worked admirably in his case; spinal rheumatism, has gained twenty pounds in a few months, eats and sleeps well.

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CLANTON, ALA.
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Exercises Begin September 13th, 1893, and continue Nine Scholastic Months. Tuition from \$20.00 to \$100.00 per session. Music, including use of instrument \$40.00. Board, including washing, lights, fuel, etc., \$11.00 per month. Pupils prepared for Universities and for the business of life. For catalogue address

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UNIVERSITY ALABAMA

Session 1893-94 begins October 4th. The second term will begin December 24th, and the third term March 18th 1894.

University embraces Classical, Scientific, Literary, Civil Engineering, Mining Engineering and Law Courses.

Tuition in all the courses except Law, is free to Alabama students. The entire college charges of a student for the academic year are \$172.50, the payment of which is distributed into three equal payments of \$57.50, which must be deposited with the Quartermaster of the University at the beginning of each term. Tuition fee in Law School \$50.00. Law students do not reside in the college halls, and are not subject to Military discipline.

WOMEN of not less than 18 years of age, who are able to stand the necessary examination may be admitted to the Sophomore class, or any higher class of the University.

Board and lodging can be had by them in the best families. A study room on the campus at the residence of Mrs. A. C. Gorges, has been provided for during the day.

The authorities of the University have established Auxiliary High Schools from which students may be admitted to the Freshman class of the University without examination. Fifteen of the leading schools in the state upon application of the Principals, have been declared University Auxiliary Schools. The Principal of any school or academy, who desires his institution to be made a University Auxiliary School, can obtain a circular giving full information by addressing the President of the University.

For Catalogue address:
Richard C. Jones,
Pres.
UNIVERSITY, P. O., ALA.

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MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. **LEARNING BY DOING** is the way children learn how to talk, walk, run, write, read, type, and cook by practice. Boys learn base ball, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. **BUSINESS, LIKE THE REST, IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS**, and exactly **ACTUAL BUSINESS** is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at the institution. During the whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. **DEAL WITH IT**. No imaginary paper, no imaginary sale, discounts, or settlements; handle no imaginary paper; but the actual transaction must in every case take the place of theory work.

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Collier Drug Company,
1023, 1st Ave.,
Birmingham, Ala.

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Exercises Begin September 13th, 1893, and continue Nine Scholastic Months. Tuition from \$20.00 to \$100.00 per session. Music, including use of instrument \$40.00. Board, including washing, lights, fuel, etc., \$11.00 per month. Pupils prepared for Universities and for the business of life. For catalogue address

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EXERCISES—Most attention given to studies needed in life. Learning by doing, not mere text book recitation. Adapted to boys and young men. For Catalogue address,

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C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

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Thousands are now dying in the East. Cholera will be the plague here this summer. The World's Fair will bring it.

DR. E. B. LOUDEN'S Cholera Compound
Is the only known preventative. None ever known to have taken the dread disease who have used this compound.

Take It With You To The World's Fair,
and take no chance on the dread disease.
Price \$3.00 per bottle, or \$9.00 per half dozen bottles.

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CHILTON

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
CLANTON, ALA.

PEOPLE
That it is not wise with cheap comfort to be blood-purified, have no real make use of any of standard AYER'S Superior Blood-purifier to invite less of the health. If you are Scurful, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Tumors, or any other be assured that

It Pays
AYER'S Sarsaparilla only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla always be depended on. It is always quality, quantity, and superior in combination appearance, and in build up the system, disease and pain. All impurities in the blood are removed by the action of the Sarsaparilla.

AYE Sarsap
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. For Cures others, see

SCHEDULE B. & N.
—Trains pass Clanton

GOING NORTH
No. 1 Express Day
No. 3 Mail
No. 5 Accommodation
GOING SOUTH
No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodation
Nos. 9 and 10 make and stop at all regular

LOCAL BREVES
Nights getting cooler
Clanton has a good
Cotton is coming in
Time to put up hogs
Mr. R. H. Crowell
week.
The University School
56 scholars.
Judge H. J. Callen's
very this week.
Mr. Jim Garner takes
pastoffice Oct. 1st.
We are glad to report
Ingham improving.
Mr. Tom Smith is
Adam's residence.
Mr. Duncan May, of
was in Clanton Sunday
Mr. W. I. Mullins
very on business Tuesday.
Miss Frances Deed
visiting friends in Clanton.
Mr. F. B. McCarty
Sunday and called on
Messrs. Clay Jones
of Lily, were in town
Mrs. B. H. Brown,
has been visiting relatives.
Mr. Ned Duke, of
is visiting friends and
Mr. Maud McKee,
leaving the University
Mrs. Duncan May,
has been visiting relatives.
Mr. W. B. Nolen
after visiting relatives.
Rev. E. E. Fagin
Rev. J. A. Stripling
Centerville.
We are sorry to say
has had a return of
back to bed.
Mr. St. Clair Thorne
morning for Ranger, a
parents here.
Mr. J. M. Potts has
place of Mrs. S. A. May
ing it put in repairs.
Mr. Merritt, we are
to be up and attending
for his accident last
The Clanton string
ending last Monday night
and had sweet music by
Mr. and Mrs. Lewis
Clanton to reside.
Living in Montgomery
post.
Mr. E. T. Gullhorn
family back to Clanton
been residing in Vt.
three months.
No one in ordinary
come bald or gray, if the
able treatment. We are
of the scalp and the use
Renewer.
Mr. Russ Nelson expects
date to erect him a
store, on the right of
at it, and will be
must with guests in his
A full line of the cele-
tion-Brown Shoes always
W. L.

Cards are out
Village of J. P. Gore to
Dismitt the second
at it, and will be
Many good wishes to
Mrs. Leflore from
friends.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
others in the world
to cure and which the
thousand, the price of
the Sarsaparilla is
the same as the
others.

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
CLANTON, ALA., SEPT. 28, 1902

PEOPLE FIND

That it is not wise to experiment with cheap compounds purporting to be blood-purifiers, but which have no real medicinal value. To make use of any other than the old standard AYER'S Sarsaparilla—the superior Blood-purifier—is simply to invite loss of time, money, and health. If you are afflicted with scrofula, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Eczema, Ringing Sores, Tumors, or any other blood disease, be assured that

It Pays to Use
AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and AYER'S only. AYER'S Sarsaparilla can always be depended upon. It does not vary. It is always the same in quality, quantity, and effect. It is superior in combination, proportion, appearance, and in all that goes to build up the system weakened by disease and pain. It searches out all impurities in the blood and expels them by the natural channels.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price 61¢; six bottles, \$5. Cures others, will cure you.

SCHEDULES S. & N. A. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING SOUTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:06 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:20 a. m.
GOING NORTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:20 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Nights getting cooler.
Clanton has a good school.
Cotton is coming in faster.
Time to put up hogs to fatten.
Mr. R. H. Crosswell was in town last week.

The University School opened with 58 scholars.
Judge H. J. Callen visited Montgomery this week.

Mr. J. C. Garner takes charge of the post office Oct. 1st.
We are glad to report Mr. E. T. Gullahouse improving.

Mr. Tom Smith is occupying the Adams residence.

Mr. Duncan May, of Birmingham, was in Clanton Sunday.

Mr. W. I. Mullins visited Montgomery on business Tuesday.

Miss Laffrerie Deadwyler has been visiting friends in Clanton.

Mr. F. R. McCarty was in town Saturday and called on the View.

Messrs. Clay Jones and Tom Brown, of Lily, were in town Monday.

Mrs. B. H. Brown, of Birmingham, has been visiting relatives here.

Mr. Ned Duke, of Bainbridge, Ga., is visiting friends and relatives here.

Mr. Maud McKee of Jumbie, is attending the University School here.

Mrs. Duncan May, of Birmingham, has been visiting relatives in Clanton.

Mrs. W. B. Nelson has returned home after visiting relatives in Goodwater.

Rev. B. E. Feagin recently visited Rev. J. A. Stripping in a meeting at Centerville.

We are sorry to say that Mr. Foshee has had a return of fever and gone back to bed.

Mr. St. Clair Thornton left Saturday morning for Bangor, after visiting his parents here.

Mr. J. M. Potts has purchased the place of Mrs. S. A. Marsh, and is having it put in repair.

Mr. Merritt, we are glad to say, is able to be up and attending to business after his accident last Tuesday evening.

The Clanton string band went serenading last Monday night by starlight and had sweet music floating on the air.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis have returned to Clanton to reside. They have been living in Montgomery for some time past.

Mr. E. T. Gullahouse has moved his family back to Clanton. They have been residing in Verbena the past three months.

No one in ordinary health need become bald or gray, if he will follow sensible treatment. We advise cleanliness of the scalp and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer.

Mr. Ross Nelson expects at an early date to erect him a neat, but small store, on the right of the View, and start out on his own hook. May he meet with success in his new sphere.

A full line of the celebrated Hamilton-Brown Show always on hand at W. L. SAMPEY'S.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of J. P. Gore to Miss Laffrerie Deadwyler the second Sunday in Oct. at 11 o'clock at Mulberry Church. Many good wishes to Mr. Gore and Miss Laffrerie from their Clanton friends.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla does what no other medicine in existence can do. It searches out all the impurities in the system and expels them harmoniously through the proper channels. This is why Ayer's Sarsaparilla is so successfully objective as a remedy for rheumatism.

COUNTY NEWS.

You can get meat and groceries from W. L. SAMPEY.

July Adams, colored proscriber, was arrested Sept. 22nd at Loxley. July was "leading there B. L." by using obscene language in the presence of some "colored ladies," consequently his arrest.

There are now nine inhabitants of the county boarding house.

As a general rule, it is best not to correct constiveness by the use of saline or drastic medicines. When a purgative is needed, the most prompt, effective, and beneficial is Ayer's Pills. Their tendency is to restore and not weaken the normal action of the bowels.

All parties indebted to me either by mortgage note or account, will find these in the hands of Mr. B. H. Chesnut for collection. I must insist on payment at an early date. I am out of the mercantile business and must have all accounts settled.

R. EHRMAN.

Prof. McMorris has opened his University School. The enrollment is good, up to present date having 82 pupils. Now we have a word for the patrons. It will be impossible for us to maintain a first class school without the closest co-operation of the patrons with the principal. Let every parent stimulate the child to studiousness and obedience. Don't kick because the teacher may have new rules, etc. If you fail to understand something about the methods etc., go directly to the principal and talk it over with him. This is Clanton's opportunity to establish a permanent school which will be of untold profit to the town and county, and we urge that we all shall be of one mind and make this a sure enough school centre.

Notice of Dissolution of Co-partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing by and between R. Ehrman and W. H. Merritt under the firm name of Ehrman & Merritt and doing a saw mill business near Clanton, Alabama, was dissolved on the 11th day of September 1893, by mutual consent. R. Ehrman assumes the payment of all liabilities of said firm and will continue the business.

R. EHRMAN.
W. H. MERRITT.

Clanton, Ala., Sept. 13th 1893.

PELHAM OF ALABAMA.

[Southern Bivouac.]
Up to the forefront, spoke never a breath.

Up to the battle, the cannons, and death,
Up by the fierce gun over the fort,
Rhode young John Pelham, his hat on his sword.

(But awake, bold Stuart, our cavalry led,
"Back to your guns lad," never a word uttered the gunner, onward he spurred.
On with the cavalry; no business there; Backward the wind blew his bright yellow.

Back blew the battle smoke from the red fire,
Up rose the battle dust higher and higher,
Out rang the silver notes clear as a bell,
Heard above the bursting of whirring and shell;

Out rang the orders from Fitz Lee, the brave,
"Charge the left battery!" God 'tis his grave,
On by the crashing bells, hissing balls, then—
Sabers and pistols and horses and men,

Never to lead with the glittering blade;
Fitz Lee and cavalry, Pelham charged! Down by the sulphur smoke to the red plain.

On the left battery Pelham is slain,
"Gently now comrades, takes up the pier,
Bear it back quickly, the battle is near,"
Hein down the charger, muffle the tread,

"Weep light artillery," Pelham is dead,
Soft, let me look at the white, white face,
Fair, as of woman, all womanly grace;
Closed are the eyes that flashed on the field,

Broken the falchion that never would yield,
Still is the heart that beat for his land,
Hushed in the voice, and cold in the hand;
Never to ride with the ringing brigade;

Never to lead with the glittering blade;
Never to charge with the Red Cross again—
"Weep Light Artillery," Pelham is slain,
"Peace Light Artillery!" 'Tis the hero we bear;

Brish back the threads of his bright, "All hail ye, his commander!" Stifle your grief,
"Look!" 'Tis the face of your beautiful chief,
"Drop, Red Cross banner!" "Pitiless

"Peace!" 'Tis the ashes of Chivalry's soul,
"Weep, Alabama!" another of thine,
Hath pillowed his soul at the ultimate shrine.
He passed from your midst to the valley of tears,

And left you the foot prints of glorious years!
"Drop Red Cross Banner!" the gallant and brave
Slumbers but now, for the ocheolom graves,
"Rein down the charger! Muffle the tread,"

"Weep, Alabama!" John Pelham is dead.
[We publish the above poetry in honor of one of the noblest, bravest, and truest characters and chivalryman that Alabama ever reared. He was born in Jacksonville, Ala., and was a graduate at West Point only a short while before the war, and although quite young at time the "war broke out," he enlisted in a Virginia regiment. Being a courageous, daring and present-minded youth he received the appointment as commander of horse artillery and fought through many routed battles, Manassas, "Battle of Bull Run," etc., and always so completely held his ground, poured such deadly and well directed volleys into the enemy from his war dogs, that he came out conqueror in all engagements, and even "Grand Old Stone Wall Jackson" acknowledged him as the "Greatest Pelham!" He was killed at the battle of Kelly's Ford, Va.]

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Blue Creek Baiting.

Mr. Peyton Mims of North Chilton is visiting relatives here.

Mr. J. C. Pattillo left last Monday for Oxford where he expects to attend this session of the Oxford College.

Master Frank DuBose is critically ill with typhoid fever.

Mr. F. Taylor and Miss Amanda May were married last Tuesday evening at the residence of the bride's father.

Our community greatly mourns the death of Mr. Alphonso DuBose, one of our noblest and best men.

Lily Loquacity.

Prof. G. L. Speer has secured the school at Isabella for this session and will begin teaching in the near future.

The Mulberry and Chapel base teams played a match game of ball here lately. The score stood 25 to 5 in favor of Mulberry.

Mr. W. D. Purdue and wife have returned to Birmingham.

Mr. Dave Garner was fooling with a pistol on the evening of the 17th inst. The pistol fired and shot him through the knee.

Mr. W. Speer, of Mississippi is visiting his brother at this place.

Mr. Joe Johnson has gone to enter his second term at Howard College.

Both Mulberry and Isabella have good Sunday Schools and prayer meetings.

It is hoped that a school building will be erected at Isabella at an early date.

Cooper Casualty.

Cooper's can boast of a flourishing school. It is conducted by Prof. James L. Davis.

Miss Zoe Prescott, of Montgomery, has been spending the summer with her grandmother, Mrs. Dr. Dennis.

Dr. Dennis reports a good deal of sickness.

Miss Mamie Haynie, of Birmingham, is visiting Miss Rosa Goodson.

Dr. A. Dennis is visiting his girl here.

Miss Annie Rucker, of Autauga, is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. A. Goodson.

Miss Zoe Prescott and Miss Claudia McCarty visited friends at Verbena this week.

The neighbors and friends of Mrs. DuBose met in her cotton patch one day this week and picked out about two bales of cotton for her.

We are glad to report that Mrs. P. C. Dennis and Miss Phillie Cooper are recovering from a long attack of slow fever.

Stanton Stories.

Business is lively here now.

Farmers are gathering their crops fast.

Messrs. R. Coe, John V. Coe and C. W. Plant have returned from the World's Fair.

Miss Georgia Plant left Saturday for Tuskegee to attend school.

Miss Etha Pitts has been visiting here.

Rev. J. W. Donway preached at the Baptist Church last Thursday night to a good congregation. He will be their regular pastor now.

Croquet parties are the fad here during the moonlight season.

Miss Mary McKee has returned home after a visit here. Her many friends hated to see her leave.

Miss Mamie Celia has been visiting friends here.

Prof. Hicks opened school here last Monday with 20 pupils. He expects to have a great many come in later on. We welcome him to our midst and hope his school will flourish.

Miss Daisy McColister has a nice music class here.

Mrs. Vault, of Selma, has been visiting friends here.

Little Goodloe Milam is quite sick with slow fever. Hope he will soon be better.

We are sorry to say Mrs. D. Little will leave this week for her new home in Piedmont, Ala.

Dr. Marlar was in town this week.

The man who wants to buy a farm of 200 acres of land within two miles of the L. & N. railroad in Chilton Co. for \$500 cash should apply to the editor of the View.

C. W. Hare.

The Brookridge Case.

It is with a sense of disappointment and of grief that we learn that Congressman Brookridge, of Kentucky, who waited until the last moment to enter a merely legal demurrer to the charges brought against him by Miss Colhard, has at last determined to defend himself by attacking the character of his accuser. It is announced that he will charge that the woman has been guilty of unchastity before he was incriminated with her. This is a miserable and cavern defense which will not be creditable to the man who, by taking such a defense, makes the admission that he posed as the admired and beloved representative in Congress, with a worthy and noble wife, for whom, if not for the people who honored him with office, he should have worthily lived—while the country looked upon him as a model statesman and a man whose young men should emulate while he was living in dishonorable and shameful licentiousness. What if he should be able to prove that his accuser had sinned? Will that excuse him before the country? What if he succeeded in piling approbrium upon his victim will that remove his disgrace and make him clean and honorable before the public? Should not a public man honored and trusted with the highest responsibilities, be of all men pure and honorable? Will it be honorable for the Honorable Mr. Brookridge seek to crush the woman that he has wronged in order to shield himself? We think not. It is the cowardly resort of the sinning Adam which would fix the blame on the woman, when he himself is more to blame.—Nashville Banner.

The above is not too strong. Mr. Brookridge asks for suspension of judgment. He should get out of public view and hide himself away where he could never be found. Were he an ordinary every citizen, and the girl standing in his position, he would have been dangled in the air—and he in his virtuous way(?) would have exclaimed "served him him right!" Yet, he prostitutes his position as a Congressman, moralist and honorable man. If the girl's confession is true, he must disapprove her confession, beyond a doubt. Then let him that is without sin cast the first stone.—Banner

Prohibition and Why the Farmer Should Favor It.

The reason farmers favor prohibition is given by the Dakota Ruralist as follows: "Prohibition will decrease taxes, 2. It will increase the demand for farm products, and make more certain a cash payment in return for all that the farmers have to sell. 3. It will make their farm laborers more trustworthy and profitable. It will save many of them from a wasteful 'blowing in' of their hard earned money of weeks every time they go to town. Many of the farmers who voted in South Dakota voted for prohibition solely because every time they went to market they were sure to leave all the money at the saloon. The reason why farmers should oppose high license are 1. The high license money is almost certain to go into some special municipal fund. 2. The court and other expenses are equally certain to be charged up to the general county fund. The benefits of high license are in favor of the cities against the interests of the country. 4. High license, in fact, drains the country of its spare cash and pours into the 'saloons' of the cities without giving back one cent of profit."—Ex.

We spent Sunday with the good people near Clear Creek. The Mulberry Association was in session with that church, with Eld. Job Langston moderator, and Eld. R. M. Honeycutt secretary. We got there just in time to be too late for the Sunday School meeting, but learned that it was a meeting of interest. At 11:30 a. m. Eld. I. R. Pounds and Sutton Smithman preached short sermons from the Saviour's last communion. Their earnest presentation of God's word stirred the hearts of some to do something for the perishing ones. Eld. R. M. Honeycutt, the highly esteemed pastor of that church, said he felt that it was his duty to let the people contribute money to that cause if they desired, so the hats went round, and the contribution amounted to \$730. Eld. R. M. Honeycutt is a young man in the cause, preached about working for Christ. He has great zeal and his friends believe that he can do much good as a preacher.

Our visit to that community was only a brief one, but several of the citizens and farmers to whom we made a visit are in reasonable prosperous condition, and have fair crops.

FOR SALE.—The View has for sale a schoolship in a first class business college.

C. W. Hare.

Union Warehouse Co.

Cotton Factors, and COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and to fully protect the Planter's Interest, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT, General Manager.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

Poindexter & Ellis,

DEALERS IN ALL GRADES OF FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Chests, Mantel Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves, Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS,

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140. Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$85 to \$225. Call and see us.

POINDEXTER & ELLIS.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store!

New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

mer30-y

MERCHANTS HOTEL,

T. H. MABSON, JR., Proprietor.

RATES—\$2.00 Per DAY.

Corner Bibb and Coon Streets. The Annex Cor. Commerce and Bibb.

MONTGOMERY — ALABAMA

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THE BEST PLACE

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CHILTON COUNTY

Chilton County is the geographical center of Alabama. The Chattahoochee and Savannah rivers, the I. & N. O. and the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Mobile rivers, pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and stock raising. Population 12,000. Chilton County is on the I. & N. O. R. R. 15 miles north of Birmingham and 40 miles south of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

The Chilton View.

C. W. HARR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

VOLUME XII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1893.

TERMS: \$1.50 PER ANNUM.

NUMBER 49.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices Twenty Cents per line each insertion. Obituaries and Tributes of Respect, half rates. Circulars and correspondence for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

NEW STORE! Clothing, Cents' Furnishing Goods and Hats at NEW PRICES! KAUFMAN & WEIL'S CLOTHING STORE, Corner Dexter Avenue and Perry Street, MONTGOMERY, ALA. We Make Suits and Shirts to Order.

OVER THE GET-THERE ROAD.

Who will dare the road to There, The There of glittering glory? Bountiful as a Whitman ode, Great it is as the Russian code, Lure it is as the devil's god; At least, so runs the story. There's never a danger-post nor guide, Nor least to bear your load; Beware of the Beckless Rapid's tide And of Easy Swamp on the other side; Go slow and sure, for you cannot ride Over the Get-THERE road.

What does it cost to get to There, The There of marvelous mention? Only a soul of marvellous bread, Only a life of grasping greed, Only a heart which does not heed Another's right or plight or need, But holds its own intention. I saw one left to a loathsome pest, For that is the Get-THERE road; One who in the pangs of his wretched quest, One first rough-sought on a sweetheart's breast.

Over the Get-THERE road, What's the share of those of There? Why, every taste is suited: Flaming fane or a rolling road, A sunny smile of the golden god, Or, may be, six by two of soul, For that's a point disputed. There's never a way to tell what's true Of that sealed abode. Tell you pass the wall which bars the view, Or over us, around or through. I don't know how it is done, do you? Most of us don't, but some of us do. Over the Get-THERE road.

Who, then, came to get to There? Why, all, if truth be spoken. Spite of such scornful gibe and sneer There must offer a heartsome cheer, And not be worse than being here. By many a sign and token. Then he for a tramp on the well-worn track, Though rough as a Waltham old, Or cool as the Russian ool, Or long as the level's nothing but, Whatever it is, there's nothing but, It won't be worse than a cold sea; So girl up your lugs, pick up your pack, And hey for the Get-THERE road! — J. Edmund V. Cooke, in New York Sun.

JASPER GREENE'S WOOING.

JASPER GREENE dismissed the driver when he reached the wharf after crossing the Ottawa at the Four Corners and looked around for Daoust to carry his baggage up to Labelle's as in days of yore. But old Daoust was dead and therefore could not come. Millette put the heavy trunk on a truck-sleigh and began to trot along the wooden wharf. Then, when Millette passed for breath, Greene pushed the old man aside and took hold of the truck. "Say, Millette, I'll wheel this up for fifty cents for you," he said. Millette ran panting alongside. "Ah-h, so drole monsieur. I will provide for so christening." Greene stopped short. "What, another?" he said in pretended amazement. "How many?" he asked, briefly.

"Twenty-seven," rejoined Millette, with ill-dissembled pride. Greene stopped again and carefully counted out twenty-seven cents. "Here's your cash for your children, Millette. Don't stand still any longer or you'll get frost-bitten. I dare not run the risk of having to provide for twenty-seven orphans." Millette took the money with profuse thanks and hurried off, leaving Greene to go on to Labelle's hotel with the huge truck-sleigh. By the time Jasper reached the Postoffice a procession gradually formed on the sidewalk to welcome him back to Montreal. When Labelle saw him he came out and promptly gave the children a holiday for the rest of the day. Then he joined him at the head of the procession. When they reached the veranda the children gave three cheers for Jasper and called for a speech.

He waited for the crowd to disperse before he approached Lily, who stood leaning against the veranda, an amused look in her dark eyes. "Are you glad to see me?" he asked. "Come in to dinner," she said. "I'll answer your questions—some of them—afterward."

Mrs. Labelle greeted him with a kiss on both cheeks, while her husband bowed with grave politeness. Lily seated herself at the upper table; Jasper at once took possession of Lily and held his prize against all comers, especially the cashier of the Four Corners Bank. The latter was not easily disconcerted, but prepared to demolish Jasper. Miller, the cashier, asked her to go for a sleigh ride that afternoon. "So sorry," drawled Jasper. "Miss Labelle has been engaged to me for a sleigh ride for a year."

The cashier, without waiting for a reply, went angrily out. Lily raised her eyes from her plate. "Why are you a week before your time, Jasper?" she asked. "That's the reason," said Jasper, indicating with a fragment of mince pie on his fork the retreating form of

the cashier. "I'm only allowed one sleigh ride a year, I don't see why that fellow should get ahead of me and have three a week." "But your work, Jasper?" "Oh, Millette's looking after that for me. I explained to him that it was rather important to clear up matters here, and so I came." Lily had not expected her coquetry to become known. "It is so dull," she said, in extenuation. Jasper commenced another mince pie.

"Don't be afraid of it's being dull while I'm here," he said, with sublime self-confidence. "You promised me one sleigh ride a year for seven years if I wanted it, and I guess I'll take this year's to-day." Lily pouted. Jasper smiled and rumbled his yellow hair. "You'd better own up," he said, with unabated cheerfulness. "How soon can you be ready?" Lily was cowed. "Oh, in half an hour," and ran away to get her things out.

When Lily came down arrayed in her most becoming furs Jasper smiled approvingly. "You only want some flowers to be perfect," he said. Lily gave a little cry. "Ah, flowers! But they are impossible." "Not at all," said Jasper, taking a box from his pocket. "Nothing impossible if you want it badly enough." Lily opened the box and gave an eager cry. "Orange blossoms!" she said.

"Yes," answered Jasper. "From Florida. People there stick the ends in a potato to keep them fresh. Capital idea, isn't it?" He took out the orange blossoms, threw away the potato and pinned them to her jacket. "Now we're ready to start. Stop a moment!" he said, and drew her back behind the curtain as the cashier drove past on his way to the schoolhouse. Lily began to laugh. "It's very wicked of you, Jasper."

"That will teach him to go sleighing with my sweetheart," said Jasper, calmly. Lily protested. "You've no right to say that. I only promised you a sleigh ride once a year for seven years, and then if I liked you well enough, then perhaps I might marry you."

Jasper was drawing on his sealskin gloves. "That's all very well," he said; "but we haven't the time to waste while those old biblical people had. In seven years' time I expect to be in the Cabinet."

Lily followed him to the door, only to recoil in dismay. "That!" was all she said. "He's not handsome to look at," said Jasper, drolly. "Rather three-cornered and lop-sided. Still I don't suppose that cashier fellow can overtake a venerable ruin like this."

"If he does," flashed Lily, "I'll change sleighs." "Well, that's fair," gently asserted Jasper. "In you go. There isn't much fuss and feathers about the old sleigh, but it means business all the same."

Lily was furious at being treated like a child. Besides she had determined to teach Jasper a lesson. "Rather like Daoust Plat's sermons. They always hang fire at the start," said Jasper. "Now, we'll go to Havesbury by the river track. That fellow can see us coming. Ah, I thought so. He'll be down here in a minute."

Lily looked rather frightened as the chestnut came along at a furious pace. It was evident that his driver resented being made a fool of, and that there would be a scene as soon as he could get his horse alongside Jasper's funeral quadruped. But no sooner did that dejected animal touch the ice than he became a different-looking horse altogether. His head went up and his tail out, at the ring of the chestnut's hoofs on the smooth ice which connected the river with the shore. Then, Jasper leaning back, waited until the chestnut was within twenty yards and suddenly loosed the reins.

"Why, w—what—" said Lily. "He's running away, Jasper!" "Yes, he's doing his level best," said Jasper, as the bank seemed to spin by. "If the chestnut catches us you can have his master." Jasper kept the black's head straight. That was all he could do with the unmanageable beast. "You see, Lily," he explained, "you're just fooling one of us to the top of your back. Now you'll just take the chances of war. If he collars us I shall have to give in."

"I won't," said Lily, stoutly, beginning to realize the situation and how Jasper had awakened to life under the influence of jealousy. "Nothing shall make me m—m—marry him. I only drove with him because it was so dull down here. That was all." "Cheerful as a dog at a pig," said Jasper cheerfully after another mile. "Hope Bealbe will hold out."

Lily gazed anxiously at the animated "rain" in the shaft. The chestnut was gaining. Then she looked at the black horse. "O—o—couldn't you whip him?" she asked. "I could," said Jasper, "but it's hardly fair. He isn't the one that should be whipped like this." Lily turned white. "You're very

cruel, Jasper, but I deserve it all. Nothing shall make me marry him. I'd rather go to the bottom of the river with you."

As they neared Havesbury the chestnut steadily gained. Jasper had succeeded in pulling the old black back into his gait and began to whistle. Suddenly he turned pale. "How far's that fellow behind, Lily?" he asked. "Forty yards," said Lily, in an agony.

Jasper spoke quite lightly. "Lily," he said, "did you mean you'd rather go to the bottom of the river with me than let that fellow catch up?" "Yes," said Lily, without hesitation. "What do you mean, Jasper?" "This," said Jasper; "I forgot the spring that three hundred yards ahead of us the river's split right across. Shall I pull up?" Lily stood up in the sleigh and looked round. She gave a little shudder and laid her hand on Jasper's arm. "Go on, Jasper," she said; "I'll risk it."

Jasper looked down for a moment into her white face. "I'll pull up if you wish, Lily. I'll be too late directly." "No, Jasper, I deserve it. Go on, and—ah—if it's to be good-by—She kissed him.

"Hold tight," said Jasper, beginning to pull steadily on the old black. Lily held tight to the side of the sleigh in an agony of grief. Then he lifted the black to the leap, gave one cruel lash with the whip, there was a crash of breaking ice as the sleigh struck on the other side, a stagger from the black. A convulsive pull and they were over and twenty yards beyond the widening chasm, with the frightened cashier pulling up on its brink.

When Lily recovered consciousness she found herself in the manse parlors at Havesbury. "Are you all right, Lily?" asked Jasper, cheerily. She clung to him and hid her face in his breast.

"Was it all a dream?" Jasper took a plain gold ring from his pocket. "I don't think so," he said. "I wired that Mr. Watson yesterday to expect us this afternoon. Now, Mr. Watson, she's all ready."

An hour later the funeral black crawled lazily back. Half way they met the cashier, his chestnut nearly foundered and scarce able to stand. "Thank God!" he cried, as they came in sight. "I thought you were mad."

"N—no," said Jasper, touching up the old black. "N—no; I was just giving my wife a sleigh drive to—'You're wife'." "Yes," said Jasper, again stimulating Bealbe. "Borry we couldn't wait for you."

And the cashier fell behind—a long way behind—again.—Chicago News.

Remarkable Instances of Antipathy. Amatus Leaitanus relates the case of a monk who would faint on seeing a rose and who never quitted his cell at the monastery while that flower was blooming. Orfila, a less questionable authority, tells us of how Vincent, the great painter, would swoon upon going suddenly into a room in which roses were blooming, even though he did not see them. Alcaid tells of an army officer who was frequently thrown into violent convulsions by coming in contact with the little flower known as the pink. Orfila, our authority on the case of Vincent, the painter above related, also tells of the case of a lady forty-six years of age, hale and hearty, who if present when limes were being boiled for any purpose, would be seized with violent fits of coughing, swelling of the face and partial loss of reason for the ensuing twenty-four hours. Writing of these peculiar antipathies and aversions, Montague remarks that he has known men of undoubted courage who would much rather face a shower or cannon balls than to look at an apple! In Zimmerman's writings there is an account of a lady who could not bear to touch either silk or satin and who would almost faint if by accident she should happen to touch the velvet skirt of a peacock. Boyle records the case of a man who would faint upon hearing the "wish" of a broom across the floor, and of another with a natural aversion for honey. Hippocrates of old tells of one Nixaeus who would always swoon at hearing the sound of a flute. Bacon, the great Englishman, could not bear to see a lunar eclipse and always completely collapsed upon such occasions, and Faughelm, the great German sportsman, who had killed hundreds of wild boars, would faint if he but got a glimpse of a roasted pig.—Philadelphia Press.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

By request of the Charleston health authorities, Governor Tillman, on Tuesday, established quarantine for that city against Brunswick and all fever infected points.

The largest cotton dealers in North Carolina say that upon a careful summary of reports, they find that the cotton crop of the state promises to be 9 per cent larger than last year.

A Louisville, Ky., dispatch says: The Louisville and Nashville switchmen struck Tuesday afternoon. There were rumors that despite the recent agreement, the trouble may extend and tie up the whole system.

Eight desperate prisoners escaped from the branch prison at Big Mountain, Tenn., Monday. Their escape was effected by way of an old abandoned mine. It was thought that they were trusted in their escape either by trustees or civilians, otherwise escape would have been impossible.

A Knoxville special of Tuesday says: Affairs in the Drummond lynching case assumed altogether a different shape Monday. The reports come from a reliable source that not soldiers but citizens of Briceville are about to be convicted of the lynching. Only a little evidence is lacking and that is said to be forthcoming.

Court convened at Clinton, Tenn., Monday. In his charge to the grand jury, Judge Hicks paid special attention to the Drummond lynching. True bills are expected to be returned against the soldiers for the crime, and the trials will come up at once. The cases of the Coal Creek rioters in the recent miners' war will also be tried.

At the Monday noon meeting of the board of health of Brunswick five new cases of yellow fever were reported: Mrs. Lorenson and child, 907 Oglethorpe street; Mrs. William Johnson and mother-in-law, on Amherst street; Callie Mitchell, 1015 Oglethorpe street. Mullins, the policeman, was buried Sunday. Five hours after his death the case of his wife was said to be very serious.

The North Carolina state crop report issued Monday evening says cotton has opened with remarkable rapidity and the prospects are that the entire crop will be gathered in ahead of time. Cotton has improved greatly. Tobacco curing is progressing, but the crop is below the average. Cotton in the western district will probably all be open by the middle of October and the picking is far advanced.

A San Antonio special of Sunday says: Cattle are being driven out of Uvalde county by the thousands. The range has at last succumbed to the long continued drought. Stockmen in the vicinity of Sabinal, who have been ranching there for forty years, and never before had to move their cattle on account of scarcity of grass and water, are now compelled to take them to places that have been favored with rain.

A Memphis special of Monday says: Colonel H. Clay King, murderer of David H. Poston, now serving a life sentence in the Tennessee penitentiary as punishment for the crime, has issued an address to the public in which he makes some sensational charges. He alleges his conviction was brought about by a conspiracy between Judge Julius J. Dubois, of the Shelby county criminal court and the relatives of Poston.

In the chancery court at Richmond, Va., Tuesday, at the request of the Citizens' bank of Richmond, R. R. Welford was appointed receiver of the Vulcan Iron Works. The receiver is ordered to take immediate possession of the property and make such disposal of it as may please the creditors. Mr. Welford qualified by giving bond in the sum of \$40,000. The Vulcan Iron Company is one of the best known manufacturing establishments in the city.

Representatives of conductors, engineers, firemen, switchmen, etc., employed on the Louisville and Nashville, Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis and Western and Atlantic railroads held an important conference in Nashville Monday. The present situation of the men and the acts of the heads of the orders in accepting the recent reductions, especially that of the Louisville and Nashville, was under discussion. No definite action, however, was taken, but another meeting will be held at an early day.

Reports coming in Monday from eastern and central Texas state that the present drought, one of the longest and most severe on record, has been broken by good rains. The open cotton will hardly be damaged, but cisterns were drying up in many sections and stock had to be driven several miles to water. It has not rained at Houston since the 24 of August last, while in some sections the present rain is the first rain since June. The cotton estimate has been cut down

to 1,700,000 bales, against 8,200,000 last year.

A Birmingham, Ala., special of Monday says: The organized state democratic executive committee has been called by Chairman Smith to meet in Montgomery on October 19th. It will consider the proposition made by the Jeffersonian democratic executive committee, which is that the next candidates for state officers shall be selected by a primary. At such primary all white men who were democrats before the election of last year shall participate. Kolb claims that if such a proposition is accepted the Jeffersonians will fill the state offices next term.

A Nashville dispatch says: Governor Turney and Attorney General Pickle Monday approved the agreement entered into by the penitentiary commissioners and the East Tennessee Land Company for the purchase by the state of 9,000 acres of coal lands in Morgan county for \$80,000. The amount is not due until the Harriman Coal and Iron railroad is completed to some point on the lands. Then stock will be erected, and upon the expiration of the present penitentiary lease, the state will go into the coal mining business. The main prison will be located in Franklin county on 1,500 acres of farming lands.

Train Robbers Killed. They Attempt to Hold up the Wrong Train—Met by Policemen.

The Kansas, St. Joe and Council Bluffs road failed an attempt to rob one of its passenger trains, killed two of the bandits and captured three others, at Francis, Mo., one and a half miles from St. Joseph, Sunday night. The officials of the road had been notified that a robbery had been planned, and notified the police. When the train arrived at St. Joseph a dummy train was made up and sixteen police officers, under command of the chief of police, were put aboard.

When the dummy reached a point two miles north of St. Joseph, it was stopped by six masked men. One mounted the engine and presented a revolver at the engineer's head and another at the fireman and held them in subjection while the other five men hurried to the express car. They ordered the messenger to open the door, which he did. Three of the bandits entered, leaving two to keep guard.

The police officers in the car ordered the three men to surrender. The robbers were taken by surprise, but opened fire on the police. The police returned the fire and a general fusillade followed. Two of the robbers, Hugo Engel and Fred Kohler, were shot in the head and killed, and three others, T. N. A. Hurst, Charles Fredericks and William Garver, were desperately wounded. The sixth man, Henry Gleits, escaped. None of the police were injured.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

Industrial Progress as Reported for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that no material change in industry, except in iron and steel, has taken place. There is a somewhat increased demand for money, as cotton is coming in more freely, and there is a sufficient amount of money to do the work. There is no change in the iron market. Cotton and woolen mills are now generally in full operation, and other industrial branches continue with no change for the worse, if none can be reported for the better.

Concerning cotton, it is believed that owing to economy practiced during the growing season, changes in crop production, and curtailments in advances on the crop, southern farmers were never so free from debt as at present. Business during the fall and winter could be unusually good. Less money being needed to pay for supplies, and for seed and bales, more than heretofore will be available for improvements of all kinds.

Among important industries established or incorporated during the week are the following: Clear Spring phosphate Co., of Barrow, Fla., capital \$150,000; Rome Furniture Co., of Rome, Ga., capital \$100,000; Heron Land Co., of Atlanta, Ga., capital \$50,000; Mill Creek lumber Co., of Hixley, Va., capital \$25,000; Coca-Cola Manufacturing Co., of Kew-Gloucester, capital \$100,000; a cotton seed oil mill at Marfate Falls, Texas, and a cotton mill at Atlanta, Ga.

Freight Shops Burned. Nearly a Hundred Passenger and Freight Cars Consumed.

Three of the Valley railroad shops at Vicksburg, Miss., were burned Wednesday night and a fourth partially destroyed, besides some coaches and many flat and box cars, nearly one hundred in all. The company is fully insured. The first broke out at 8 o'clock in the northeast corner of the freight car shops, a very large frame building, which was speedily destroyed. It soon attacked the paint shops and passenger car shop, and, after burning these, fastened on the carpenter shop, where its progress was checked after great damage. The north winds drove the flames and embers before it, and all cars in the shop were soon in flames, as well as numerous houses on the hill above the railroad yard, nearly a dozen of which were destroyed. They were inhabited by negroes, and the loss will not exceed \$5,000. The shops' fire will bring this total up to more than a hundred thousand dollars and a hundred and fifty men will be kept busy.

YELLOW JACK RAMPANT.

Eighteen New Cases Reported in Brunswick in One Day.

The Condition of the Weather Favors the Spread of the Plague.

A Brunswick special says: From indications at the Wednesday noon meeting yellow jack is preparing to wreak its vengeance upon all the people remaining in the city. Eighteen cases are reported, and it is thought that more cases are in the city not reported. The weather is favorable for the spread of the disease.

Twenty-five negroes were sworn in by the police department, and are patrolling the city armed with Winchester rifles. This was done to check any uprising of negroes.

The following are the cases reported at the noon meeting: Jimmie Latham, white; Anna Bell Jones, colored; Mueary Furrow, white; Jimmie Bailey, white; Bailey Everett, colored; J. B. Mock, white; Arthur Roberts, colored; Berry Everett, colored; Alice Kelly and her two children, Willie and Harry; Alfred Reynolds, white; Victoria Mills, Alfred Mills, Oscar Lankin, Willie Mills, two children of Mrs. Larentzon.

PREVIOUS DISPATCHES.

Two new cases of yellow fever developed at Brunswick Tuesday. Mrs. Sleeper, and Mamie Nann, colored. There was one death, that of Mrs. Stokes. Six patients were discharged. Miss Theda Rhinehardt, Mrs. Sleeper, William Johnson's wife and mother-in-law, Myrick Bailey and another colored woman, erroneously reported as fatally sick. There are now under treatment fourteen cases, the smallest number at any one time since the epidemic was declared. The outlook is favorable for the continued decrease of malignant cases and a low rate of mortality.

The report of Treasurer Dart shows cash subscriptions received to date of \$5,420.62. The report of Joseph W. Smith, manager of the commissary, shows liberal donations of provisions from Atlanta, Valdosta, Montezuma, Quitman and Dawson, Ga.

COLORADO POLICEMEN.

Charles Clark, a reputable colored citizen, has been appointed a special government sanitary inspector. The Downing Company, under the management of Alfred V. Wood, resumed the naval stores business Monday. This encouraging move will employ fifty people. Before completing arrangements with Mr. Wood, Mr. Downing intended moving his entire business, amounting to several million dollars annually, to Savannah.

Mayor Lamb and Chief Beach have appointed several reputable colored citizens on the police force. Captain Barney Dart and Lieutenant Lee Robinson and O. V. Barkuloo arrived from St. Simon's, and, after consultation with Mayor Lamb and Chief Beach, all the arms, accoutrements and ammunition of the Brunswick Riflemen were placed in the police barracks, subject to an emergency call.

Owing to the lack of a council quorum, and Brunswick now being under a provisional government and in great need of an active city government, it was resolved, on motion of Colonel Goodyear, by a joint meeting of the boards, to authorize Mayor Lamb and the members of the council present, to appoint a full body of aldermen, and hold regular meetings, to secure proper police protection for Brunswick and enforce the mandates of that body. The sanitary force was increased to clean the city thoroughly.

READY FOR A RIOT.

Out of 800 white men, 500 can be relied on. In addition, several hundred good colored men, out of the 1,700 in the city, will side with the good element of the whites. If circumstances should arise demanding it, 150 men can be secured in an hour's time from St. Simon's island. Such preparations are only made to meet any movement that may arise. At present the disturbing element is under good control and, unless something unforeseen happens, can be handled. If necessary volunteer immunes from Savannah and Jacksonville will be asked for by special trains until the militia arrives.

A Newspaper Assigns.

The Memphis Appeal-Avalanche made an assignment Friday for the benefit of preferred creditors. Robert J. Morgan and Andrew Gwynne were named as assignees. A deed of trust was filed placing the franchise in the hands of Messrs. Morgan and Gwynne, who are authorized to sell the newspaper and its franchise to satisfy preferred creditors in the sum of \$51,600.

A Storm at the Fair.

Friday evening a tremendous wind and rain storm struck Jackson park, demolishing all of the 100,000 or more spectators who stayed for the (Montreal) broke in portions of the roof of the manufacturers' building and the art gallery, blew off a section of the movable sidewalk and damaged a number of very valuable exhibits.

TRADE TOPICS.

Report of Business for Past Week by Dan & Co.

B. G. Dan & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: There is no longer only a microscopic or sentimental improvement that cannot be measured. Some increase is seen both in production and in the distribution of products. True, it is small as yet, but after the worst financial blizzard for twenty years it is not to be expected that all roads can be cleared in a day. But all conditions, except at Washington, favor a gradual recovery. Business goes on in unquestioning confidence that the general desire of the people will in some way prevail. Money has become abundant and easy at 8 per cent at New York on call and stagnant speculation fortunately favors greater freedom in commercial loans.

Monetary conditions favor a revival of trade and industry. While renewals are as large as ever, commercial loans are no longer unknown. The maturity of large western obligations has brought hither unusual sums of money from that section, but the banks while retarding part of the circulation recently taken out and some certificates have not retired a large proportion, keeping a weak eye on the body of commercial indebtedness to mature in October and November.

Foreign trade grows more favorable. Cotton has fluctuated much and it is a shade stronger, though nothing appears to warrant an estimate which would reduce the world's supply of American, including the quantity carried over, within 500,000 bales of the largest consumption ever known.

The industries are giving strong proof that the consumption of goods was not as much arrested as many feared when the collapse of trade and manufactures came. While manufacturers show extreme caution and decline to start work without orders, piling on goods at their own risk, the improved financial conditions enable them to accept many orders which would have been refused weeks ago, and actual orders are rendered frequent by the exhaustion of retail supplies in many directions. The number of works resuming this week has been at least fifty-eight wholly and twenty-four in part, against only fifteen concerns mentioned as having closed, and eight reducing force. The gain has been greatest in cotton, where some goods touch the lowest prices ever known. The industry which shows the least actual gain is the manufacture of iron and steel, where the only changes in price are downward, and in spite of the great decrease in production, the consumption seems to have shrunk even more. But even in that branch a distinct increase is seen in the demand for a few products.

Failures for the week number 319 in the United States, against 188 last year, and in Canada 40, against 23 last year. Only five failures were for over \$100,000 each. The liabilities in failure for the second week in September were but \$3,043,129, against \$5,819,068 the first week.

CORBETT AND MITCHELL.

Agree to Fight for a Purse of Forty Thousand Dollars.

A New York dispatch of Sunday says: The international prize fight between "Jim" Corbett and "Charley" Mitchell for the heavy-weight championship and a purse of \$40,000 will take place before the Coney Island Athletic club, if there is no interference from the authorities of Kings county. Mitchell signed articles Saturday in the Hoffman house, binding himself to fight the Californian in the arena by the sea in December. The articles were sent to Corbett, who is training at Look Arbor, Asbury Park, and he signed them there Monday.

WORK OF WHITECAPS.

They are Burning Gin Houses in Parts of Mississippi.

A special of Tuesday from Brookhaven, Miss., says that Frederick Griffith, a colored farmer living thirteen miles southwest of that town in Franklin county, had his cotton house and contents burned by whitecaps a few nights ago. The mill and cotton gin and contents owned by Dan Sasser in the southern portion of Lincoln county, was burned to the ground. Considerable excitement prevails and more trouble is expected.

The Mayor Will Retain.

A Richmond, Va., dispatch of Tuesday says: Mayor Trust states that he will return to Roanoke Friday. He thinks there will be no more trouble in Roanoke, and is not surprised at the action of the citizens' committee, calling everybody back to the left of the city.

Sheep-Shearing Machines.

So many trials of sheep-shearing machines have resulted in failure that the belief has become fixed that shearing by machinery is entirely impracticable. This idea seems to be a mistaken one, as machines operated by horse power are in successful operation in England and in Australia. It is said that a flock of 500 sheep will support the purchase of one of these machines.—New York Times.

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 5, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy four months .50

We've cried hard times and then as a chorus sung out "better times are coming." To some people better times will come, but to many, in our judgment, next year will be the hardest year they ever saw. Those who will be compelled to buy corn and meat will pay dearly for it, besides we believe it will be very difficult to get credit at all. This is not idle talk for the purpose of scaring our readers, but we base the prediction on the fact that all the great meat and corn producing sections are short in both corn and meat. If you have not saved all the hay on your place be sure to cut it at once before the frost and rains have ruined it. Plant rice patches for your cows, calves and horses. Don't neglect to put in a good sized oat patch. And lastly give all your spare time to saving and making fertilizers, so that you will have little or no money to pay out for the commercial stuff.

Said a gentleman: "What the business world needs and must have, is more confidence in his fellow man, more money in circulation and above all rest from political agitation. We want more work done, less loafing and dead beating and as little said about what we are doing or going to do as possible. We want more cheerfulness and must learn to economize and live at home. This applies to all classes. The Southern people do not know what the word economy means. We go about preaching hard times and financial distress. Well, every one of us has helped to bring about this result and must expect to see hard times until we learn to live within our income. Let's have more confidence in each other, pull off our coats and go to work, help each other and serve God as a Christian community, and we will soon see bright smiles of contentment on our now cloudy countenances. Quit grumbling and go to work and be happy." —Greensboro Watchman.

For the past seven years it has been our lot to spend the greater portion of each year traveling. We have visited nearly every community of the State, forming many and valuable acquaintances. While we rejoice to be able to give up traveling, yet there is something of sadness as we realize that we cannot so often meet in the religious, educational and social gatherings of the people. The one ambition of our heart was to be able to preach the Gospel. Nine years ago a severe throat trouble compelled the suspension of that work for several months. Returning to our native county (Wilcox) in the fall of '85 we again began to preach but in the following spring the old trouble returned, and taking the advice of physicians we again gave up the ministry. For about six years with might and main our life was given to editing and managing the Alabama Baptist and founding the Alabama Printing Co. Last winter we felt strong enough to try preaching again, so sold all our business interests and took up the pastorate. A few brief months and we were again overpowered by the old trouble. Our physicians advised that we should give up all idea of ever doing regular preaching. That was a struggle few men can appreciate, but in the fear of God we decided to take that advice.

We find ourselves in Clanton editing the CHILTON VIEW and practicing law. Many of our friends are asking if you can't preach between you practice law? There is no regularity about speaking in law, and then much of the speaking is done in a conversation, besides the greater portion of the practice of law does not consist in speaking.

Since purchasing the View we have had little time to devote to its columns, being employed for the summer traveling for the Judges, but with September our work with that school closed and now we hope to be able to give our readers better service and will be at home all winter having business in either of our homes.

Our resolution goes scarcely farther back than the days of reconstruction, when deputy marshals, stationed at strategic points, it was then that corrupt judges, scoundrels and negroes ruled the proud old county of Wilcox, as they did other of her sisters. No man who carefully recalls those times can be willing to do ought that would divide the white people of Alabama. By union and courage our state threw off every load except these officious deputy marshals, and now Democratic members of Congress are at work to relieve us of that vestige of war measures. And yet, to their shame be it said, there are men of Ala., claiming to be good Democrats, who oppose this relief, saying the move is but another effort of Southern Democrats to perpetuate themselves in office. It is but the just demand of a free people for the local self government. The people of the north no longer oppose it as a sectional measure, but are its strongest champions. Read what Gen. John C. Black, of Illinois, says on the subject:

In beginning his argument, Gen. Black said he desired to discuss the pending question in a quiet and investigating spirit. He would not consider it from a constitutional standpoint, but as a Democrat and a citizen; he would try to show his reasons for favoring the repeal of this system of laws. They were enacted in 1865, and the most that could be claimed for them was that they were designed to operate at a time and under circumstances that no longer exist.

It was a period following a fierce and demoralizing struggle; the system was a child of force, hatred and dread of men long arrayed on sectional lines against each other. If these laws were ever efficient and useful, that time has gone. What is the just and wise thing to do now? What is needed in this country now is the elevation of the nature of the franchise. If men are not fit to exercise this right they should be deprived of the privilege of participating in the government of their country.

He did not mean, he said the ignorance of books, but ignorance of the purpose, spirit and genius of American institutions. The corrupt and venal voters constitute the danger to the country. The election laws do not meet this condition, because they were not designed for this purpose. They were designed to protect and elevate an unfortunate race by supporting them with the strong arm of the government. They were designed to intensify the race issue. They appealed to force, not reason. "I will vote," declared Gen. Black emphatically, "for any amount of money and force to uphold the dignity of the government and the rights of its citizens, but these laws do neither."

He then went into a detailed analysis of the laws. He read a letter from Comptroller Butler, showing that from 1877 supervisors of elections had cost \$2,854,000 and deputy marshals \$1,127,000. The cost of the troops it was impossible to detail. This cost reported all the bled cranes to be accounted for. The record showed that at first these officials had been masked in Democratic States in the South and in New York. Gradually the amount spent in the Democratic States increased.

In Illinois in 1876, when that State first showed signs of breaking her allegiance to the Republican party, but \$1,100 was spent. In 1892 when the State was doubtful, 1886 supervisors and 2,400 deputy marshals were employed at a cost of \$100,000. Nearly all had been spent in Chicago.

"They hired 2,400 deputy marshals," said Gen. Black impressively, "a full brigade of troops from the alleys and slums. Down on the lake front Black Jack Yattaw, in his anchored, bumb boat, sent forth his piratical marines in 1876, 2,400 armed and equipped ruffians, to protect the elections. And the result, he added contemptuously, was 25,000 Democratic majority; that was the response of free men." (Applause.)

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, wanted to know what Federal official had been guilty of oppression. "Every man who wore the fin star of intimidation was an oppressor," replied Gen. Black.

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Cleveland and His Follies.

Baltimore Sun.

Opponents of the administration both within and outside of the Democratic party have had a great deal to say about the Democratic national platform of 1892, and what they are pleased to call President Cleveland's repudiation of it in the reduction of silver. It suits the purpose of the free coinage faction to insist that the platform adopted at Chicago last year unqualifiedly pledged the Democratic party to the unlimited coinage of silver at the old ratio of ten to one. In fact no such pledges were contained in the platform on which President Cleveland was placed, and it is only by a fragmentary and garbled quotation of its currency plank at all, nor did it quote its concluding sentences. Indeed, they do not quote any complete sentence from it. They simply seize upon the first two sentences of the Chicago resolution on the currency question and ignore all that goes before them as well as that which follows latter.

With tireless iteration the House and Senate have been told by the champions of free and unlimited silver coinage that the Democratic party says in its national platform: "We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country; and to the coinage of both gold and silver without discriminating against either metal or charge for mintage." And this citation has been made over and over again, as though there was a stop after the word "mintage." But there is not. There was only a comma after the word "mintage," and the declaration of Democratic faith and purpose continued right along after the comma as follows: "But the dollar unit of the coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted through internal agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in payment of debt; and we demand that all paper currency shall be kept at par with redeemable in such coin."

This is the Democratic doctrine in full, and the silver orators are disingenuous, not to say dishonest, when they represent two sentences taken from the middle of the Chicago currency resolution, ignoring the pledge to repeal the Sherman act, which precedes those two sentences, and all the qualifying reservations and conditions which follow them, and are only divided from them by a comma, as if they committed the President to the unlimited and unconditional coinage of silver.

The President is acting squarely up to the full measure of his own pledges given by his party at Chicago. The first declaration made upon the platform upon which he stood, concerning the currency, was that the Sherman act of 1890, was "a cowardly makeshift," and that all the supporters should be "anxious for its repeal," but are now flubbing to prevent its repeal at all except upon conditions, which would amount to a repudiation of the closing declarations of the currency plank which we have quoted above.

Every opponent of the administration knows that free coinage under existing conditions with an immense mass of silver bullion in stock uncoined, with silver already fallen far below the price at which that bullion was bought, and no certainty that the bottom has been reached yet, and with no guarantee that the internal concert can be secured in fixing a new coinage ratio between silver and gold would be equivalent to the utter repudiation of the platform pledge to "insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in payment of debt."

The free silver men, many of them without apparently being aware of it, and none of them being willing to admit it, are monometallists. They affect to range themselves under the banner of bimetalism, but their policy, if it could prevail, would bring the business of the country in short order to a mono-metallic silver basis. Gold would be, it must be, driven out of the country with silver dollars of inferior value. That would bring us to the single silver standard. The silver kings of Nevada, Colorado and Montana could no doubt be reconciled to that new order of things, but it would not be bimetalism. Neither would it con-

tribute to the prosperity of the American people as a whole. President Cleveland is blazing the path to true bi-metalism, which means gold and silver dollars of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value. It is the duty of every Democrat who professes allegiance to the platform of 1892, or any theory of bi-metalism masquerading behind the double standard, to sustain him in his demand for the unconditional repeal of the silver purchasing law of 1890.

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Provisions are at low

A good rain last Mon

Very good crowd in

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You can get meat at

W.

Mr. F. B. Baldwin,

in town last week.

Mr. W. A. Middleton

What is Being Done to Alleviate Financial Depression and Bring Relief.

speech as if it were on the resolution.

4th Day.—Is the vice-president of the Senate Senator Harris, presiding in the absence of Mr. Faulkner introduced a bill providing for the admission of New Mexico into the union. Mr. Dubois offered a resolution reciting that several states were but partially represented in the senate, and providing that the consideration of the federal election laws and all legislation relating to the election of senators be postponed until January 15, 1890, so as to enable the states of Washington, Montana and Wyoming to have their constitutional representatives in the senate. The resolution was laid over till Wednesday, when Dubois said he would speak to Mr. Stewart and the senate passed a resolution directing the secretary of the treasury to inform the senate how much silver bullion was exported from the United States during July and August, 1887, together with rates and amounts of each export. Puffer's resolution calling for information from the secretary of the treasury regarding the anticipated payment of interest on government bonds since 1864, on gold, silver, and Sherman and Hoar's suggested simplification of the same. Puffer said that the bill would be passed.

STO DATA—After some unimportant routine business, Tuesday morning, the house proceeded to consideration of the federal repeal bill. Mr. Tucker argued that the statute which it was proposed to repeal was "a very important and that congress had no right to confer the power it had done upon supervisors of elections. The right of suffrage was rightly preserved to states and granted specifically in the constitution.

Mr. DeLoach, in the house, Wednesday morning, Mr. Bland from the committee on banking and currency, reported substitute for the resolution of Lord, California, calling on the secretary of the treasury for information why the full amount, forty-one and one-half million ounces of silver bullion, was not melted during the last few months as required by the 1890

in citizens. Captain Eddy was cross examined by the jury and reiterated his statement that he had never seen any man who had previously that he considered himself dealing with a mob and not with citizens. He had given the order to fire in a low tone of voice to the four men called to the window looking out upon the door being battered by a mob. This was pronounced in the evidence of the witness that Eddy, one of the boys wounded, had just thrown a rock through the jail window before being hit, and that John Mills was among the mob near the west side door where the demonstration was the loudest. This was a recital of the general facts in the case, and the jury, in its verdict in the city it being composed, in fact, all that the jury could satisfactorily find from the evidence in the case.

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

shore. It is supposed the vessel is
about medical assistance or supplies
and has insufficient provisions or else
to proceed further.

Clerk—"I can't read this letter. The handwriting is very bad."

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the Congo river in the
the chief industries

... thrown overboard and washed ashore. It is supposed the vessel is without medical assistance or supplies and has insufficient provisions or vice versa to proceed further.

the jail window before being hit, and what John Mills was among the mob near the west side door where the demonstration was the loudest. The verdict is received with general favor in the city, it being considered, in fact, all that the jury could justifiably find from the evidence in the case.

On being and currency, reported substitute for the resolution at Lond, California, calling on the secretary of the treasury for information why the full amount, forty-one and one-half million ounces of silver bullion, was not purchased during the last six months as required by the Sherman law. Demanded the question.

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 12, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year . . . \$1.00
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One copy four months 30

Yellow fever still rages at Brunswick and Jacksonville.

The First National Bank, of Birmingham, has resumed business.

Mobile on Oct. 2nd was visited by a terrible storm. Much of the lower part of the city was submerged. Great damage was done to railroads, bridges, etc.

The Governor of Alabama can be counted on to have troops moved quickly to points when they are needed. The entire State should uphold our chief Executive in his efforts to maintain the laws.

New Orleans has at last waked up to a realization that prize fighting in her midst is a demoralizing and dangerous thing, brutalizing her own citizens and unleashing her horrid fangs from all over the land.

We learn that delegates have been appointed from several towns who will assemble in the Court House next Saturday to hold a "People's Party Convention." We do not know whether Democrats and Republicans are to be admitted or not.

Poor Brunswick is in a pitiable condition. The yellow fever plague is on the increase. But for the generosity of a noble people her citizens would have starved for the lack of food. A few cases are reported at St. Simons and Jekyll Island and at Jessup, Ga.

We have an article on taking care of the poor and infirm negroes who spend their lives as slaves. The theme is alright, but the writer forgot to furnish his or her name. If the name is sent the article will be published. The name will not be signed to the article, but we want it for our own satisfaction.

New subscribers are coming to the View from every quarter of the county. Many are the kind words spoken for the paper. Its course on political, social and moral questions commend it to every right thinking man. Now, while thankful for past patronage, we have just one more request, and that is when you have any advertising to place direct that it be given to the View.

When the next grand jury meets our citizens should be fearless and faithful in reporting every violation of law known to them. It is not a pleasant thing to be compelled to appear as an informer, but unless someone discharges this duty law and order in every community will soon be overthrown by a lawless whiskey drinking, whiskey selling and whiskey drinking class.

From now on the road for white report is going to be a rough one to travel. Be they high or low, rich or poor the state and federal authorities are determined to make examples of a few of the leaders. Those who have been keeping company with such people would do well to change associates, before like the old dog Tray, they shall be found in bad company, when they may find it difficult to make satisfactory explanation.

Raising wheat in Chilton Co. has been largely abandoned by most of the farmers, but in conversation some days ago with Mr. D. J. Watersworth, of Maplesville, we learned that for several years past he has made all the flour used on his place from home raised wheat. He promises to tell our readers about the kind of seed and the character of treatment he gives his wheat, and how he cultivates the same.

Prof. R. E. R. Hicks informs us that in conversation recently with Rev. Sam Adams that that gentleman told him he felt that he had thrown the last six years away and that he now proposed to go home and give his attention to his preaching and his store. The many friends of Mr. Adams will be rejoiced to hear that he will quit politics, for considering his educational advantages we have not a preacher in the State capable of being more useful than he, and if he devotes his time to study and to preaching he can do great good.

The Drunken Senator.

If the report sent out from the capital of South Carolina Tuesday, of the disgraceful conduct of United States Senator Irby, are not gross exaggerations, then the proud Palmetto State has cause to hang her head in shame. The Senator is described as arriving from Washington in a beastly state of intoxication. At the depot he was met by a hackman with a pistol, and finally had one of them to drive him to the Executive mansion. The inebriated statesman snored peacefully on his ride with his legs disposed about the back at right angles. At the executive mansion he again flourished his pistol, until governor Tillman took charge of him and put him to bed. Later the Governor and a servant escorted the still drunken senator to the station and sent him to his home in Laurens. Irby is the man whom the discontented farmers of South Carolina sent to displace the gallant Wade Hampton. He has made no record at all as a statesman; and it was impossible for him to have made one. If the disgraceful record he has just made in Columbia has been truthfully reported, it ought to be the forerunner of a reaction in South Carolina which will rid her of those leaders who are now bringing reproach upon her and restore her honorable prestige.—Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

The cotton reports from Southwest Texas indicate that the yield will be fully 40 per cent short. Most of the cotton is gathered and there is no crop. We have during the past three weeks been through 22 counties in Alabama, all cotton counties, and we find that where the fields have been picked at all that most of the crop has been gathered and there is not much crop anywhere. Cotton is being rushed into market from necessity and most of the crop will have passed out the hands of the producers, and from the hands of the Southern merchants before the price will amount to much. This is indeed a deplorable state of affairs, but the credit system is to blame for it all. The farmer is mortgaged to the merchant and the merchant to the wholesale men, so that unless the crop is moved either the Southern merchant or farmer must go the wall. And for the farmer to refuse to deliver his cotton simply means that he will get tangled up in the coils of the law. Let us all, to the best of our ability, pay what we owe and do our best to owe no more. Burning gin houses, nor threats will help us out of the present trouble, the only road is by the way of home made meat, molasses, corn, oats, horses and such like, and by the practice of most rigid economy all along the line. This course pursued for a few years will make the farmer the absolute master of the cotton market.

Reports are coming in from several counties indicating that there is a wide spread organization of white gangs operating throughout this state. Gin houses and cotton cribs are being burned and citizens terrorized. The guaranteed rights of the constitution are being taken away by a set of out throats. The Governor and United States authorities should co-operate in setting to work detective agencies all over the State so that the guilty parties may be brought to justice. Law abiding citizens should aid in the detection and conviction of said characters at all hazards. This is no time for cowardly shrinking, fearing to open one's mouth in condemnation of such crimes lest personal injury or damage to property be the penalty. Better that men suffer, yes, even die, than that such anarchy should be allowed to go unchecked. A courageous move by the law abiding element in a community can promptly crush out such diabolical schemes and render life in the country worth living.

At a meeting of the Democrats of Chicago to nominate a Governor, the hoodlum element sympathizing with the anarchists, howled down the eminent statesman who presented the name of Judge Gary, who sentenced the anarchists. The better element of both parties throughout the state favor Judge Gary, and if the Republicans dominate him Democracy will be overwhelmingly defeated in that State. Gov. Altgeld, who pardoned the anarchists, is not a fit man for Democracy to support, and they will get small sympathy if they are defeated.

Subscribe for the View.

The World's Fair.

At the World's Fair Parliament of Religions, Miss Jeanne Sorabji, of Bombay, a Parsee girl, who has become a convert to Christianity, spoke as follows on "The Women of India":

"I would ask you to travel with me in thought over 18,000 miles across the vast, to have a glimpse of India—the land of the glorious sunsets—the continent inhabited by peoples differing from each other almost as variously as their numbers, in language, caste and creed; and yet I may safely say I can hear voices in concord from my countrymen saying: 'Tell the women of America we are being enlightened, we are being awakened to the fact that there is no greater pleasure than that of increasing our information, training our minds and reaching after the goal of our ambitions.'"

"It has been said to me more than once in America that the women of my country prefer to be ignorant and in seclusion; that they would not welcome any one who would attempt to change their mode of life. To these I would give answer as follows: The nobly born Zenana ladies shrink, not from thirst of knowledge, but from contact with the outer world. If the customs of the country, their castes and creeds allowed it, they would gladly live as other women do. They live in seclusion, not ignorance. Highly cultured British women, with love for the Master burning in their hearts, have the exceptional privilege of their companions and teachers, and they have marveled at the intelligence of some of them. These secluded women make perfect business women. They manage the affairs of state with grace and manner worthy of consideration. Do we wish these women to give up seclusion and live as other women? Let us, the Christian women of the world live up to our high and holy calling in Christ Jesus; let our lights shine out brightly, for it is the life that speaks with far greater force than any words from our lips, and let us with solemnity grasp the thought that we may be obstacles in the path of others.

"Are we living what we preach about? Do we know that some one is better for our being in the world? If not, why is it not so? Let us attend to our lamps and keep them burning. The women of India keep them burning. The women of India are not secluded, and it is quite a natural thing to go into homes in India, north, south, east and west, and find that much is being done for the uplifting of women. Schools and colleges are open where the women may attain to heights at first thought impracticable. The Parsee and Brahmin women in Bombay twenty years ago scarcely moved out of their houses, while today they have their libraries and reading rooms; they can converse on politics, enjoy a conversation and show in every movement culture and refinement above the common. Music, painting, etc., comes as easy to them as spelling the English language correctly. The princes of the land are interesting themselves in educating the women around them. For most among these is his Highness the Maharajah of Mysore, who has opened a college for women, which has for its pupils Hindu ladies, maidens, matrons, and the widows of the highest caste. This college is superintended by an English lady, and has all the departments belonging to the ladies' colleges of Oxford and Cambridge, England. It is the only college where the sister, the veena, and the violin are taught. The founder had to work three years before he was able to introduce these instruments, for the simple reason that these noble born, high caste women associate the handling of musical instruments with the stage and women of no repute.

There are schools and colleges for women in Bombay, Poona and Guzerat; also Calcutta, Allahabad, Mysore, and Madras. The latter college has rather the lead in some points by conferring degrees upon women. The Victor High School has turned out grand and noble women in the native city of Poona. These schools have Christian women as principals. The College of Armsabad has a Parsee (Christian) lady at its head. What women have done women can do. Do you wish to see purity as white as the driven snow in woman? Allow me to bring before you in thought the form of a beautiful woman in India, the Pandita

Manabi, who has opened a Sharda, or widow's home, in India. She has traveled a great deal; and was in America for awhile, taking back from you sympathy, affection, and funds for her noble work. Do you wish to hear of learned women? Again let me mention the Pandita Manabi, and, in companionship with her, Corbellia Sorabji, B. A., L. D. Men and women have written of these in prose and in song. Their morality is unquestionable, their religion beautiful (for they belong to the Lord Jesus Christ), their humility proverbial. These good women must have had good mothers. I can speak of one who lives the life of which she is so great an advocate. With her, godliness and refinement go hand in hand, her faith in God is wonderful, and her children will look back in years and call her blessed. My countrywomen will soon be spoken of as the greatest scientists, artists, mathematicians and preachers of the world. Instead of the absurd saying, 'A woman is at the bottom of every evil,' let us rather say all great works are due to good women, noble women, pure women, the greatest as well as the least of God's creatures.

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Probable Summer School of Pedagogy.

under the joint support and control of the PEABODY FUND MANAGEMENT, the Alabama State EDUCATION DEPARTMENT and the State Normal College Troy Alabama. The Summer School students are granted full privilege of Graduation and Degrees (under the College Charter) viz. Bachelor, Master and Doctoral Degrees in Pedagogy and Philosophy. The Summer School is especially designed for College Graduates or other scholarly teachers of experience who have not completed a Professional Course.

Except the Annual 5 weeks Summer School the work is done at home on Outlines and Direction sent out from the College. For particulars address:

E. R. ELDRIDGE, L. L. D., President Troy, Ala.

ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE

School of Shorthand and Telegraphy. MONTGOMERY, ALA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. LEARNING BY DOING, is the way children learn how to talk, walk, run—girls learn to sew, typewrite and cook by practice. Boys learn these things, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. BUSINESS, LIKE THE REST, IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS. As is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at this institution. During his whole course, he is actually engaged in business. HE DEALS WITH No imaginary person; makes no imaginary sale, discounts or settlements; handles no imaginary paper; but the actual transactions must in every case take the place of theory work.

Send for circular.

L. A. WYATT, Principal.

CHEAP BOOKS !!

We Are Headquarters for CHEAP BOOKS of All Kinds.

SECOND-HAND School Books, BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANGED. We will save you 100 per cent on School Books.

Housekeepers faintly realize the danger of indiscriminate use of the macerated baking powder nowadays... Baking powder made from chemically pure cream of tartar and bicarbonate of soda are among the most useful of modern culinary devices.

Dr. Edson, Commissioner of Health of New York, in an article in the "Doctor of Hygiene," indicates that the advantages of a good baking powder and the exemption from the dangers of bad ones in which the harsh and caustic chemicals are used, are to be secured by the use of Royal Baking Powder exclusively, and he recommends this to all consumers.

Animal Statistics. Russia stands at the head of the list in the matter of horses, the largest number of horses in the world—20,000,000. The United States stands second with a horse population of 10,000,000.

The Congressional Directory shows that there are twenty-two Representatives in the house of foreign birth. There is only one negro, Ireland furnishes eight members, five of these being in the New York delegation.

NEARLY 12,000 DROWNED

Peace River Victims in the Gulf Coast Tornado

Appalling Loss of Life and Millions in Property Swept Away

The news received at New Orleans Wednesday morning from the islands on the lower coast of Louisiana is most appalling. The rumored disaster at Grand Isle has been confirmed and the death list has swollen until it now reaches into the thousands.

Nearly 2,000 killed and five million dollars' worth of property annihilated is the record so far. There has been nothing approaching it since the country was settled. More than half the population in the region over which the hurricane swept are dead.

The death list is already above 1,800 and only a portion of the devastated country has been heard from. It is such a network of islands, bayous, lakes and swamps that it will be a week before the relief boats can traverse all the waterways and discover the full extent of the damage done.

Along the coast. The towns and settlements extend along the Mississippi from Pointe a la Hache, forty-five miles below New Orleans to the Gulf on Balon Barataria and the oyster reefs between there and the mouth of the Mississippi, and on the islands stretching from the Mississippi to the main land at Chalmette, Bay St. Louis and Pearl River are in Mississippi.

Between New Orleans and Mobile the damage done is placed at \$300,000, and in and around Mobile at \$300,000. The loss of the crop of Plaquemine parish, however, etc., \$500,000. The loss of the crop of Plaquemine parish is estimated at 25 per cent the loss in orange is 75 per cent, while about 20 per cent of the orange trees were killed or blown down.

Of the thousands, the Louisville and Nashville is the heaviest sufferer and the damage inflicted will run from \$500,000 to \$600,000.

CONGRESS IN SESSION

The Daily Routine of Both Houses Briefly Summarized

What is Being Done to Alleviate Financial Distress and Bring Relief

46TH DAY.—The incident that marked Saturday's session of the senate gave an air of drama to the proceedings, as a speech made by Mr. Chandler on the resolution calling for information on the Fairchild commission that has been holding its session in the New York prison house.

47TH DAY.—The repeal was taken up in the senate at 12:25 Monday. Mr. Sherman pointed out another fraud twenty-four more persons were killed and probably three times as many wounded, some fatally.

48TH DAY.—In the senate, Tuesday morning, a letter was read from the secretary of the treasury in reply to a resolution of inquiry, showing that five million ounces of silver were exported during July and August each.

49TH DAY.—In the senate Wednesday morning, Mr. Morgan, from the committee on foreign affairs, reported back without recommendation the bill making appropriations to enable the secretary of the treasury to enforce the provisions of the Currency act, and it was referred to the committee on appropriations.

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OUR LATEST DISPATCHES

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World

For the 24 hours ending Wednesday noon, the Brunswick board of health reported 16 and 2 deaths. The fever record stands: Under treatment 51, deaths 14; total 149; ratio mortality 9.4 per cent.

A cable dispatch of Wednesday from Buenos Ayres says: The ports of Rio de Janeiro and Santos are declared blocked by Admiral Mello. His object is to cripple the trade of the city to such an extent as to force the surrender of the city.

A Birmingham dispatch says: Wednesday morning Leonard Lippman, ex-president of the New York College of Commerce, was sentenced to two months at hard labor in the mines. He was found guilty of obtaining money under false pretenses.

A Birmingham special says: Colonel Clark, of the Second Regiment of the Alabama state troops, received a telegram late Tuesday night from Governor Jones, ordering the four military companies of Birmingham and vicinity to arms to await further orders preparatory to going to Decatur, Ala., on a special train, to protect the Louisville and Nashville railroad.

A San Francisco dispatch of Wednesday says: The steamer John, the tender of the Pacific steam whaling fleet, brings word that Captain Porter, of Newport, while in pursuit of whales, was killed by a fall from the rigging of the vessel.

A Birmingham special of Wednesday says: Owners and operators of Alabama cotton gins are becoming more and more frightened every day. In several parts of the state they have been forbidden to gin cotton by secret notices posted at their gates and threatened with incarceration if they persist.

German Syrup

William McKee, Druggist, Bloomington, Mich.

As the Asthma badly ever since I came out of the army and though I have been in the drug business for thirty years, and have tried nearly everything on the market, nothing has given me the slightest relief until I used the German Syrup.

One hundred cents make a dollar, but they wouldn't if they were in the newspaper business. Malaria cured and eradicated from the system by Brown's Iron Bitters, which enriches the blood, tones the nerves, aids digestion, acts like a charm on persons in general ill health, giving new energy and strength.

Noted Business College. A High Compliment from a Former President of Vanderbilt University. Bishop McIntyre, while President of Vanderbilt University, said to a mother whose son was a position: "Send him to Vanderbilt Business College, Nashville, a private school from New Jennings to your son, recommending him for a position of no benefit to him than any other influence he could have."

Do You Sleep Peacefully? DO YOU SLEEP ON AN IMITATION? OR ON A GENUINE? Pilgrim Spring Bed? Perfect.

Neuralgia Cured. "Formerly I suffered with neuralgia, but I have not troubled since I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla. I can say for myself that it cured me."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures. Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies or Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO'S Breakfast Cocoa.

Webster's International Dictionary. The year spent in revising 100 editions employed more than 100,000 words.

Nothing Like It. SWIFT'S SPECIFIC is totally unlike any other blood purifier. It cleanses the blood and skin by removing the poison, and at the same time supplies good blood to the system.

Looking Better

feeling better—better in every way. There's more consolation in that than well people stop to ponder. To get back flesh and spirits is every thing.

Scott's Emulsion. Of pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites is prescribed by leading physicians everywhere for ailments that are causing rapid loss of flesh and vital strength.

So A Day Free! Enclose in a letter containing your full name and address, the outside wrapper of a bottle of Scott's Emulsion.

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CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Pub.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 19, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy four months .50

The View has been reduced for cash subscribers to one dollar per year. Let all of the friends of the View help us in its circulation.

Greenville has been stirred by a great revival. Four whiskey dealers publicly expressed their determination to close out their business.

The County Convention of the People's Party of Chilton Co. met in the Court House at Clanton last Saturday. There were seventeen delegates present.

The View is not conscious that it has done ought to offend brother farmers, yet he has given it the drop altogether. It's editor did not even see the nice things printed in the Decatur News about him.

The Reform Advocate of Wetumpka claims that it has something over 800 subscribers, and yet they are so slow in paying that the printer hasn't received his pay in some months and after waiting a due time attaches the fixtures of the office.

The report comes from Geneva County that the tide is turning towards executing the laws. It is harder to turn prisoners loose on trifling quibbles. This ought to be the rule everywhere, and if we want to nip mob violence in the bud we must come to prompt dealing with the criminal class.

There are three or four men in the Huntsville Jail charged with white capping. It is going to take some severe measure to teach some people that the State and the United States constitution guarantee to every citizen life, liberty and the peaceful possession of property, and that when one or more conspire to take away those rights they are treading on dangerous ground.

The minority in the Senate actually set the majority out in their recent lengthy session. According to the present rule the minority actually prevent the majority from voting on questions. For 36 hours the minority steadily raised the question of "no quorum" and called the roll. The name of Pugh and Morgan were not among those who answered to the last roll call of that memorable session.

Complaints are being made that whiskey is being sold in portions of Conasa and Chilton Counties. Preachers report that at nearly every preaching appointment they see men under the influence of liquor. "Wild Cat" whiskey is brought even to the very door of the sanctuary and sold. The grand juries should make diligent inquiry about all such crimes and bring the guilty to trial.

All the Populists of the South have we believe, been opposed to the repeal of the Federal election laws thinking it a Democratic scheme to continue themselves perpetually in office. But the Populist Congressmen joined hands with the Democrats in the House and helped repeal the law. When it comes up in the Senate we doubt not that the same thing will be true of the Populist Senators.

The editor of the Mountain Home doubts whether or not a man under the influence of liquor should be allowed to ride on a railroad train. The truth is there are very few places where a drinking man should be allowed to go. If he goes home it is bad for the family, and if he goes on the street in that shape it is both unpleasant and dangerous to all decent people, and the fact is he is in a bad row of stamps any way you look at him.

There is much complaint from many sections concerning the growing rudeness on the part of the young men and boys when attending church and in public gatherings. It seems that they feel no respect for the sacredness of the place or the service. Loud whispering in the church and boisterous singing, hallowing along the road to the terror of good people should be stopped. The laws should be enforced against every man or boy who in any manner interferes with public worship. Let the members of the church see that they are not disturbed.

DEMOCRAT'S ANSWER.

We are sure that the spirit in which the Democratic Executive Committee replied to the Goodwyn Committee should commend it to every man who wants to see harmony restored in the ranks of the white men of Alabama. The chair is no longer closed. The committee not only invites every man who voted for Cleveland and Stevenson, but it invites every man who was a consistent Democrat and supporter of Democratic principles prior to the elections of 1892, but who voted against the nominees of the Democratic party in the November election to renew his allegiance to the party etc. Read the reply; it is short, but to the point: Montgomery, Ala. Oct. 12, 1893.

Hon. A. T. Goodwyn, Chairman etc:
Dear Sir:—Replying to your communication of Sept. 17th, 1893, conveying to the State Executive Committee of the Democratic party of Alabama the proposition of your committee, I am instructed to say that the proposition submitted to me by you cannot be accepted.

It is the sense of this committee, after due consideration, that it is without power or authority to accept the proposition submitted on the part of your committee. In addition to the entire lack of authority on the part of this committee to deal with you in an organized capacity as representing what you term the "Jeffersonian Democracy of Alabama" in settling existing differences, it is the opinion of our Committee that the course suggested by you would not lead to peace or a permanent solution of these troubles, but would tend to emphasize and perpetuate the unhappy condition of disunion and animosity which, by reason of the course adopted by the leaders of your party in August and November, 1892, has been produced among those who have for years contributed to the success and triumph of Democratic principles.

The interests of the whole people of this State are dependent upon the continued supremacy of Democratic rule that all good men have looked with regret upon the unhappy division which has been brought about by the withdrawal of a considerable part of our voters and it is the sincere desire of the organized Democracy of this State that these men should return to their allegiance to the party from which they withdrew.

The position assumed by you and your committee is not one of friendliness to the Democracy, but as understood by us, is an invitation from a hostile organization to combat and contest with you for political supremacy in this State. This committee recognizing that all who voted for Cleveland and Stevenson in 1892 are Democrats and entitled to all the privileges of members of the party, is willing to invite and does invite every man who was a consistent Democrat and supporter of Democratic principles prior to the election of 1892, but who voted against the nominees of the Democratic party in the November election to renew his allegiance and influence to the support of the nominees of the organized Democracy of this State.

But this committee cannot treat with you or accept a proposition from your committee, in its organized capacity, the effect of which would not only lead to a more bitter and acrimonious contest and perpetuate the unfortunate condition of affairs produced by designing leaders and misguided followers, but would virtually be a political surrender of the trust imposed upon us as the representatives of the Democracy of Alabama, and the abandonment of the principals and the time honored customs of the party.

Very Respectfully,
A. G. SMITH,
Chairman State Executive Committee Democratic and Conservative Party of Alabama.

Senator Voorhees in inaugurating the all night session said: "I believe this body should have rules by which to conclude discussion and reach a vote, higher, more reasonable, more sensible and more decent than the rule on which we are entering now, which is the only one. The opponents of this bill will not name any date for a vote. They will not resort to dilatory measures to prevent action being taken at all."

"Who is to quit? Sir, I would rather be carried from this desk foot foremost and put to sleep at Terre Haute forever than to yield the right that the minority has a right to govern. I stand here for

the highest right known to history.

"We started here some weeks ago to discuss the repeal of a bad measure of financial legislation. We have reached the question of free government. We have reached the question of Constitutional government. We have reached the question whether or not we have a Government that can administer itself. Vapid, idle talk takes place in the papers in regard to abolishing the Senate of the United States. The Senate can no more be abolished than can the Constitution, for it is a great part thereof. But it is governed by rules of its own making so as to make it a self acting and unperishable and reasonable body of legislation."

Mr. Voorhees said when it fell to his fortune to manage the pending bill, and he found how powerless he was, it almost paralyzed the energies of his mind. He never desired to be placed in that attitude again, nor did he desire to see any other man in that position, nor should it be if he could prevent it.

"I am tender of minorities," continued Mr. Voorhees, "but shall the minority govern? Answer me. Shall the minority govern? Somebody has to rule. Somebody has to control the government. Shall it be the minority or the majority? The Senator from Idaho signified that possibility they had a majority. Then let us ascertain by vote and we are in the minority. Will you?"

Now then the question comes whether we have a government at all. I stand here to-night not talking compromise. A great deal has been said about compromise in the past week. I have not shared in it. There is a mighty principle involved in this and I am going to the end. If I go down I will go down with my flag nailed to the masthead. If a compromise is to take place on the principle that the minority has the right to dictate it will be by others, not by me—not in the slightest."

HOW TO KEEP BOYS ON THE FARM.

At the Dutchess County Fair New York, Gov. Flowers told the farmers "how to keep the boy on farm." He said:

"If farming was a profitable occupation farmers would have no reason to complain that their children preferred to earn a living elsewhere. The truth must be faced that farming is not as profitable an occupation as it formerly was in this State, and that there seems to be no way of improving the condition of agriculture except by a radical change in methods. Present agricultural methods are not suited to the wants and conditions of to-day, but those of generations ago."

"The beginning of agricultural depression in this state dates from the time of opening vast fields in the west devoted to the production of wheat and corn. Improved means of communication between the East and these Western fields, cheaper freight weights, and the application of steam to agricultural work in the west, have made it absolutely impossible for the New farmer to compete with his western rivals in the production of these cereals. Yet it is an astonishing fact that to-day about as many acres are devoted to the production of wheat and corn as were devoted to these crops twenty-five years ago; about as many bushels of wheat and corn are raised to-day as was raised twenty-five years ago. Fourteen hundred thousand acres of the improved lands of this State are given up to this vain endeavor to grow wheat and corn in competition with the vast grain fields of West and Northwest. When the ordinary business man becomes acquainted with these facts, he asks—does it pay? and the inevitable answer must be that it does pay."

In answer to these questions what is to be done? The Governor suggested vegetable gardening, truck farming, fruit growing, bee culture, forestry as branches of husbandry which in the localities peculiarly adapted to each, would be likely to prove more attractive to the young people, and productive of larger returns than those received under existing methods. He said in conclusion:

"The urban population is increasing at a very rapid rate. Millions of people must be fed. Their tastes and wants are increasing every year. Their ability to satisfy these tastes and wants is increasing every year. Let us give up the old crops and methods which science and the application of business principles to agriculture have shown to result in economy and a large margin of profit. Instead

of a discouraging and profitless occupation, agriculture can be restored to its old-time splendor as an honorable and remunerative pursuit.

The prayer meetings every Thursday night at the Baptist Church are growing in interest. The meeting opens promptly at 7:30 o'clock and lasts just one hour. Let every body come. Hereafter the Sabbath School lesson for the following Sunday will be the Bible lesson for the evening.

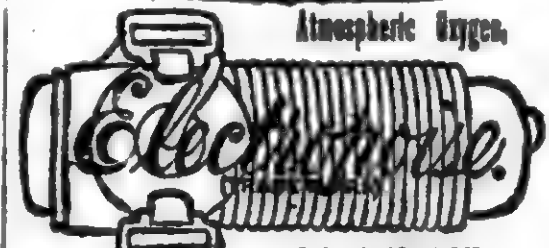
WANTED—Property to be placed in my hands for sale or rent. No charge unless sales are effected.

C. W. HARE.

Send us your Job Work.

Pratt.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.



Electropole
CURES DISEASE WITHOUT MEDICINE.

DuBols & Webb
Send for 60 page book free.

Testimonials.

Electropole is woman's best friend.
R. M. Sautler, Woodlawn, Ala.
The Electropole has been a success.
J. McGee Gould, Boligee, Ala.
Every family should have one.
Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette, Ala.
The Electropole is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine.
Mrs. E. W. Story, La Place, Ala.
Rev. J. R. Robeson, of Chapeltown Miss., says the Electropole has worked admirably in his case, spinal rheumatism, has gained twenty pounds in a few months, eats and sleeps well.

Real Estate for Sale.

1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
 2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
 3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
 4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
 5. A first class residence in Verbena.
 6. A farm at Dixie.
 7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
 8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
 9. A saw mill outfit and several 10, 200 acres land, 20 acres cleared; 70 acres lumber; 24 oxen; 4 log drives; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit; yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
- Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.
C. W. HARE, Agent.

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Exercises Begin September 13th, 1893, and continue Nine Scholastic Months. Tuition from \$20.00 to \$40.00 per session. Music including use of instrument \$40.00. Board, including washing, lights, fuel, etc., \$11.00 per month. Pupils prepared for Universities and for the business of life. For catalogue address

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VERBENA HIGH SCHOOL,

Verbena, Alabama.

OPENS SEPT. 11TH, CONTINUES TEN MONTHS.

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Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477.

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C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

KINCH

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ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA

Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price \$5.00. C. W. HARE, Agent.

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FOR LADIES • • • • • AND GENTLEMEN

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ALABAMA BUSINESS COLLEGE

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MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. LEARNING BY DOING. In the way children learn how to talk, walk, run—adults learn to sew, typewrite and cook by practice. Boys learn base ball, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. BUSINESS, LIKE THE REST, IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS. As is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experiences at this institution. During his whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. HE DEALS WITH NO imaginary person; makes no imaginary sale, discounts or settlements; handles no imaginary papers; but the actual transactions must in every case take the place of theory work.

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L. A. WYATT,

Principal.

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THE OLD BOOK STORE,

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In Chilton County can afford to be without THE VIEW. It not only has a splendid list of correspondents throughout the county, but its news columns are filled every week with the

Cream

of the State's, Nation's and World's happenings. Its editorial columns allow in them only those articles which give sound instruction on moral, social, financial and political questions. Articles which gender

Bitterness And Strife

find no place either in editorial or correspondence columns.

THE VIEW will endeavor to make Chilton County the

Banner County

in all those points which give a county an enviable reputation. Believing that we will have the good will and support of every law abiding man and woman in this county in our efforts we redouble our energies.

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To carefully consider the claims of THE VIEW, and if they can possibly do so let it at once begin to visit their homes.

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Clanton, Ala.

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CHILTON

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Trains pass Clanton

GOING SOUTH

No. 1 Express Don't

No. 2 Mail

No. 3 Accommodation

GOING NORTH

No. 4 Express

No. 5 Accommodation

No. 6 and 10 make all

at 2 stop at all regular

stations.

AYER'S

Sarsapa

Your best rem

Erysipelas, Ca

Rheumatism,

Scrofula.

Salt-Rheum, So

Abcesses, Tu

Running Sores

Scurvy, Humo

Artemia, Indig

Pimples, Bloo

And Carbuncle

Ringworm, Ra

Impure Blood

Languidness,

Liver Complai

All cured by

AYER'S

Sarsapa

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.

Sold by all Druggists. Price 61.

Cures others, will

LOCAL BRIEFS

Mr. Ned Duke has returned

Mullins Bros. pay cash for

Several Clantonians have

Fair.

Drammers were plentiful

last week.

Mr. Sam Stanfield is im

an attack of fever.

If you want paints and

at the Clanton Drug Store.

The first frost of the season

appeared last Sunday.

Uncle Paddy Smith has

his house on the corner.

You can get meat and gre

W. L.

Miss Eliza Young from Ju

ing relatives in Clanton.

Mr. Jno. R. Harrell, of B

was in town last Tuesday.

Dr. W. E. Stewart and wi

day for the World's Fair.

For sale—A good farm at

Real Estate Agency.

Mr. Jno. Caine and wife

burg, visited Clanton last w

The many friends of

Maull were glad to see him

Tuesday.

As proof of the satisfacti

giving in job work, our orde

increasing.

Messrs. Wigginton and

Clanton, were among our c

week callers.

Mr. C. H. Morgan who l

years at Bremen, has been o

the ministry.

Mr. W. H. Brown, of B

was in town last week on a

W. H. Foster.

Mr. Brecker Williamson, o

was in town this week on a

O. Gullaborn.

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Pub.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 19, 1898.

SCHEDULE N. & N. A. RAILROAD
Trains leave Clanton daily, as follows:
GOING NORTH.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:45 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 8:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:20 p. m.

GOING SOUTH.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:20 p. m.
Nos. 2 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 1 and 3 stop at all regular stations.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Your best remedy for
E-risipelas, Catarrh
R-heumatism, and
S-crofula.

Salt-Rheum, Sore Eyes
A-bcesses, Tumors
R-unning Sores
S-curvey, Humors, Itch
A-nemia, Indigestion
P-imples, Blotches
A-and Carbuncles
R-ingworm, Rashes
I-mpure Blood
L-anguidness, Dropsy
L-iver Complaint
A-all cured by

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists. Price 50¢; six bottles, \$2.
Cures others, will cure you.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Mr. Ned Duke has returned home.
Mullins Bros. pay cash for cotton.
Several Clantonians have gone to the Fair.

Drummers were plentiful in town last week.
Mr. Sam Stanfield is improving after an attack of fever.

If you want paints and brushes call at the Clanton Drug Store.
The first frost of the season made its appearance last Sunday.

Uncle Paddy Smith has moved into his house on the corner.

You can get meat and groceries from W. L. SAMPEY.

Miss Eliza Young from Jumbos visiting relatives in Clanton.

Mr. Jno. R. Harrell, of Birmingham, was in town last Tuesday.

Dr. W. E. Stewart and wife left Tuesday for the World's Fair.

For sale—A good farm at Dixie—View Real Estate Agency.

Mr. Jno. Caine and wife, of Strasburg, visited Clanton last week.

The many friends of Mr. J. F. Maul were glad to see him in Clanton Tuesday.

As proof of the satisfaction we are giving in job work, our orders are ever increasing.

Meers, Wigginton and Adams of Stanton, were among our callers last week.

Mr. C. H. Morgan who lived for some years at Bauman, has been ordained to the ministry.

Mr. W. H. Brown, of Birmingham, was in town last week on a visit to Mr. W. H. Foushee.

Mr. Blocker Williamson, of Verbena, was in town this week on a visit to H. O. Gullahorn.

Table cutlery, glass ware and eye glasses at Clanton Drug Store.

V. H. Vines, Esq., spent a few pleasant hours with his best girl near Jumbos last Sunday.

A domino party was given last Friday night at Mr. J. H. Vines which was much enjoyed.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Collier and little daughter Alice, left Sunday morning for Chicago to attend the World's Fair.

The many friends of F. N. Jones, Esq., are glad to see him at his old post again and to welcome him back to Clanton.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a phonograph and harmonium almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

Dr. J. P. Robinson died at his home in Birmingham last week and was brought to Clanton and entered in the Clanton Cemetery.

We are sorry to learn that robbers broke into the store of our former countryman, W. I. Howe, of Shelby, and carried off most of his goods.

Don't forget to send the View every news item that crosses your path. Do this and you will help make the View the best newspaper in the state.

The friends of Mr. J. P. Vanderveer rejoice with him and his wife that their little son, Joe, has a much improved strength that he is able to walk.

Mr. O. A. Duke, Jr., of Birmingham, is over this week on a visit to his relatives and best girl. He says there are pretty girls in his town, but none to compare with the Ala. girl. His friends hope he will make a long visit.

For sale or rent—New, comfortable and commodious dwelling in Montgomery—View Real Estate Agency.

Don't wait any longer, but go to Mullins Bros. for Fresh New Dry Goods.

Memor. W. W. Dunkin, J. W. Standfield and Tipton Mullins have gone to the World's Fair. We wish them a pleasant trip.

At a late meeting of the stock holders of the Coffee Drug Co. of Birmingham, Cal. J. F. Johnson was unanimously elected president.

The curl of the Acme Hotel appears in this issue. The gentlemen having that hotel in charge do all their power to please their patrons both as to board and lodging.

Our readers are directed to the card of Webb and Owing. These gentlemen are personal friends of the editor of the View and he does not hesitate to commend them to the confidence of his readers.

Rev. J. M. McCord will soon remove his family to East Lake, where he has built a home. His purpose is to continue to preach at Bauman and Wilsonville. His many friends are glad that because they will have occasional opportunity to see him.

Your old shoes have done you good service, but they don't look well now. Go to Mullins Bros. for a new pair.

Tax-collector Gentry expects to meet the tax payers at Providence Oct. 20th, Jemison 21st, Meadonia 23rd, Maplesville 24th, R. Latham's 25th, Dixie 26th, Kincheon 27th, Benson 28th, Verbena, Nov. 2nd, Coopers Nov. 3rd, Clanton Nov. 4th.

Our old friend, Mr. Wm. Mills and wife have our deepest sympathy in the sore bereavement which has recently befallen them in the death of their daughter. May they be able to submit to say "the Lord gave and the Lord hath taken away, blessed be his name."

Fresh Drugs. New stock of Lamps and Lanterns at Clanton Drug Store.

The Presiding Elder gave our Methodist friends some plain talk last Sunday. It seems that they have practically forgotten that their preacher and his family need something to eat and to wear, but like the loyal members they ought to be they will doubtless rally all right before conference. The matter of supporting the minister is something that every citizen should feel an interest in. The influence of preacher and churches taken from communities would leave us in a direful situation.

Uncle Paddy Smith on last Friday night was relieved of his pants, containing \$3.85 and pipe by some stranger who slipped into his house and made off with them. Several such small thefts have lately been committed around town. About two weeks ago Mr. W. I. Mullins' pantry was broken into and a lot of eatables stolen and a like raid was attempted at Dr. Bivings on the opposite side of the street, but he heard the racket and fired twice at the scoundrels, which unfortunately missed the target. It is thought to be some of the loafing negroes about town and who if caught, will pay the penalty.

Don't forget the Sunday School convention to be held at Collins Chapel 26 and 28th of this month. Read the program and be prepared to take part in the exercises.

A full line of the celebrated Hamilton-Brown Shoes always on hand at W. L. SAMPEY'S.

The Clanton County Alliance will convene in regular quarterly session at Evergreen, near Verbena Oct. 25th 1898.

Sunday School Convention.

A Sunday School Convention will be held at Collins Chapel the 26 and 28th of this month.

SATURDAY.

10 a. m. Devotional Exercises, Z. J. Jones; alternate J. Bice.

Address of Welcome, W. A. Mims.

SUBJECTS.

1. "Is it the duty of every church member to take an active part in Sunday School Work?" W. G. Riggs, J. M. Scott and J. J. Hicks.

2. "Is it necessary to have a Sunday School where there is preaching every Sunday?" Jno. E. Jones, David Johnston, A. L. Foushee and Thos. Harrison.

"What can we induce people to attend Sunday School?" W. N. Johns, Dr. V. H. Caine, David Wallace, Alex. Glascock.

SUNDAY.

9 a. m. Mass meeting. "Mark the perfect man and behold the upright, for the end of that man is peace." J. C. Hicks; alternate, J. N. Flowers.

11 a. m. Preaching, Rev. R. M. Honeycutt; alternate, Rev. W. A. Wood.

Last Chance For Chicago.

You will only regret it once, and that will be all your life time, if you miss seeing the great Columbian Exposition at Chicago which closes Oct. 31st. The Louisville & Nashville Railroad has put the rate down to the lowest figures now, and you should take advantage of this reduction. The entire trains of this line run to their Ohio River terminals from which points connecting lines run through to Chicago. The rate from Clanton is \$19.90 for the round trip, and tickets are good to return within fifteen days. See the L. & N. Agent for any further information or write to C. P. Atmore, General Passenger Agent, Louisville, Ky.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Lily Legacy.

Mr. B. F. Woolley, of Lily, was married last Thursday night at Cox's Chapel to Miss Susie Belvin. May peace and prosperity ever be theirs.

Mr. Herbert Woolley, of Maplesville, was on a visit to Lily last week.

Mr. Clay Jones, one of Lily's handsomest and good natured young men, was in Clanton last week.

Rev. Mr. Lowry, of Calera, has been holding a series of meetings here.

Mr. R. J. Jones visited Clanton Monday.

Maplesville Music.

We have been having poet raving weather the past two weeks which our farmers have been utilizing in gathering their crops.

Mr. Rieves Crumpton, one of Dallas County's prosperous farmers, has been on a visit here to his brother, Mr. T. U. Crumpton.

Mr. Frank Kelley, of Selma, astonished his friends on the 8th inst., by rolling into town on a bicycle, having made a trip from Selma, a distance of 30 miles in three hours.

Mr. Hicks has been in town. A certain young lady knows why.

We are glad to state our good old friend, Mr. McCary is recovering from a serious attack of sickness.

Mrs. Goodwin's boarders have all returned home.

Mrs. Mary Paisley and Miss Louisa Clayton are on a visit to Selma.

Mr. Herbert Woolley and Jessie Martin, Jr., are visiting home.

Verbena Views.

Mr. Frank Baldwin and Rev. A. J. Briggs have gone to the World's Fair.

Miss Delaney Duke, of Clanton, has been visiting Verbena.

Meers, Jno. Garner, W. F. Culp, T. M. Welden, Sam and A. J. Gullahorn, all Clanton visited our city recently.

Mrs. Arthur DeBarleben, of Birmingham, is the guest of friends here.

Mr. S. M. Scott has visited relatives here Sunday.

Miss Kate Campbell, of Montgomery, has been visiting here.

Mr. M. C. Rankin and daughter, Miss Nettie, of Terre Haute, Ind., are stopping at the Clifton. Miss Nettie will spend the winter in Verbena.

Miss Mary Carr Gibson and Mrs. H. B. Oliver have returned from a visit to Montgomery.

We had frost on the 15th inst.

There has been a collection taken up here for the poor people at Brunswick.

Stanton Stories.

Our town is almost dead again as our liveliest young people have left.

Our school is still flourishing. The principal of the school has gained many friends in our town and his pupils are devoted to him.

Miss Hammond of Lily, has been visiting here.

Plenty of cotton is being shipped from here.

Mr. R. M. Roebuck, George Rucker and R. N. Roebuck left Wednesday for Arkansas. We hope them a pleasant trip and that they will be able to tell us something of that country.

One day last week the little log engine on going out before day, ran over a negro and broke one of his legs which had to be amputated. He and another negro were wrestling when he made an awkward step and fell under the train. The negro is still alive and is improving.

Mr. Frank McCarty was made happy on the 14th inst., by the arrival of a little daughter at his home.

Mrs. Weaver, of Perry County, has moved into Dr. Little old place where she will keep boarders. We welcome her to our midst.

The Presbytery will meet here with the Presbyterian Church next Thursday night. Everybody is invited to attend, and they have the assurance of a hearty welcome.

The View said look for frost on the 16th. It came a day earlier.

Mrs. High Lanier is on a visit to her mother at Plantersville.

Mrs. Richard is on a visit to Selma this week.

Capt. Richard is looking as fine as ever, all the time working and looking after the farm.

Whiskey.

Those interested in the moral upbuilding of Clanton grow terribly sick at heart as they see week by week the evidences of so much whiskey drinking among some of the young, as well as some of the older men of the town. The final condition of such men in society and in business is not very hard to conjecture. Week by week and year by year the habit grows stronger, the will more powerless to contend against the wrong, lower and lower in their own and in their friends estimation they will sink, until after awhile when business is all gone, ambition and pride burnt up, there will be few to pity or love. They will be known simply as the drunkards of the town. But in a few years at least they will be called from the walks of men to give an account unto Him who created them. And 'tis a fearful thing to fall into the hands of the living God. Will the sketch we have hastily drawn be the picture of any of our readers? It surely, surely will unless like men you rise up and grapple to the death the monster which is just now beginning to wrap his coils about you.

There is nothing in our hearts but the deepest sympathy for the man who is already in the power of that cursed charmer, and we are ready to go to any point, if by any means one human being can be saved from drink. Let those who give drink to their friends hear the fearful woe that comes from the lips of the Almighty: "Woe unto him that giveth his neighbor drink, that putteth thy bottle to him, and maketh him drunk also."

Prescription for Daily Use.

Jno. W. Baer, of the Y. P. S. C. E.

Don't worry.

Don't hurry.

Sleep and rest abundantly.

Spent less nervous energy each day than you make.

Be cheerful.

Think only healthful thoughts.

Avoid passion and excitement.

A moment's anger may be fatal.

Don't carry the whole world on your shoulders, far less the universe; trust in the good Lord.

Subscribe for the View.

Mortgage Sale.

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage made by Orman A. Duke to the Alabama Mineral Land Co. to secure a certain debt therein mentioned, on July 17, 1889, and recorded in probate office of Chilton county, on September 23, 1889, in book 20, on page 448, we will sell for cash at public sale on the front of the court house door in Clanton Chilton County, Ala., at 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday, October 23rd, 1898, an undivided one-half interest in the following described real estate, to-wit:

The southwest quarter, and the west half of the northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter of section one, township 20 north, range thirteen east, containing 257.34 acres, also the southeast quarter, and the east half of the northeast quarter, and northwest quarter of southwest quarter of section three, township twenty north, range thirteen east, containing 518.14 acres, also, all of Section 11, township twenty north, range 13 east, containing 635.34 acres, also the north half, and the west half of southeast quarter, and east half of southwest quarter of section thirteen, township twenty north, range thirteen east, containing 510.05 acres, also, the east half of northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of the northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of northwest quarter, and the southwest quarter of southwest quarter of section twenty-three, township twenty-one north, range thirteen east, containing 44.35 acres, also, the east half of northeast quarter, north west half of northeast quarter, and the southwest quarter of section twenty-seven, township twenty-one north, range thirteen east, containing 435.55 acres, also, all of section thirty-five, township twenty-one north, range 13 east, containing 635.40 acres, all of said land lying in Chilton County, Ala.

Alabama Mineral Land Company.

October 5, 1898.

CHAS. W. HARE,

Attorney at Law,

Solicitor-in-Chancery.

—AND—

County Solicitor.

Special attention given to Commercial Litigation and Collections. Real Estate Bought, Sold, Leased, Rented.

F. H. MERRITT, Pres.

H. E. QUILLAN, Sec.

W. S. MOORE.

UNION WAREHOUSE CO.

Cotton Factors,
and COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and to fully protect the Planter's Interest, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT, General Manager.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DEALER IN

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying

Position? Qualify Yourself and

You can get it! For Facts and

Figures write the BRYANT &

STRATTON BUSINESS COL-

LEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

New Store!

New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,

which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.

He solicits a share of public patronage.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To

The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant.

Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.

14TH N. 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,

Birmingham, Ala.

Send Your Job Work to the

CHILTON VIEW

IS COMPLETE. NEW TYPE. NEAT WORK.

THE VIEW JOB WORK DEPARTMENT

Our press is capable. Our

orders increasing, and our

prices cheap. We are giving

Satisfaction.

People's Line Steamers

Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays 8 p.m.

Arrive Mobile Mondays 8 a.m.

Leave Mobile Mondays 8 a.m.

Arrive Montgomery Thursdays 11 p.m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped and care this line. T. H. Moore, W. F. Vandiver, Pres. View, Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON

HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTH TERM—

SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1898.

FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from \$8.00 to \$10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, \$2.00; Grammar Grade, \$3.00; High School, \$3.00. For further information address

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A tooth pulled and no pain; no bad effect by the use of **Odontomer**. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on L. & N. R. R. between Birmingham and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sandefer and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlor when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St., Elyton block. P—respectfully,

MASSEY & SANDEFER, Dentists.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS

Board and Lodging

Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's.

No. 310 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

\$1 to \$1.50 per day. \$4 to \$5 per week.

Hot and cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest residential part of the city.

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When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S

PHOTO STUDIO.

Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.

[Oct 25-98]

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To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,

—is via the

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, G. P. A. Louisville, Ky.

READ THIS.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail **DRUG HOUSE** in the State, carry the most complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company,

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 28, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .75
One copy three months .50

White cappers in Bibb are being apprehended.

When the next Legislature of Alabama meets it should by all means create a commission whose business it shall be to control the Fire and Life Insurance Companies as well as the Telegraph and Express Companies so that the rights of the people shall not be overridden.

It used to be popular to send a challenge to fight a duel whenever some one offended you and you were afraid to meet him and fight it out square, but now public sentiment compels the law to send a man to the penitentiary for such an act. The circuit court of Conecuh county has just sentenced Wright Mills to the penitentiary for two years for said crime.

Old Virginia is prospering under Democratic rule. The state had in 1892 250,000 more horses than in 1880, and \$250,000 worth more of sheep. The women of the State have 6,000 more sewing machines than in 1889. More money for education, more and better school houses, asylums better supported and old soldiers more liberally provided for.

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Dare Not Go If He Would.

For sometime it has been common talk among the Third Party people that Kolb and Bowers would go back to the Democratic party since the liberal reply of the Democratic Committee, but they were not really populists, but Democrats, and at heart wanted to go back. But now the impression is that that prominent men who followed Kolb out of the Democratic ranks have given him to understand that he dare not desert them at this juncture. If he does they brand him as more than a traitor. We have known Capt. Kolb for some years, and have never believed his intention was to put himself out of the pale of the Democratic party. He believed that he was treated badly, he grew entirely oblivious to the interest of the Democratic party, in his determination to right his own supposed wrongs, and so his zeal and perseverance except many sympathizers along with him. Believing that the Democratic Convention called by the authorized committee would not give him justice he called his friends aside and held a show all to himself. But when the returns came in he was not shown to be governor. He and his followers maddened by what seemed to them insult to injury determined to show their strength and administer an emphatic rebuke to organized Democracy. So they joined hands with the Republicans. But when the returns were counted Cleveland was in the White House and Democratic Congressmen represented every district. After this Waterloo we think Capt. Kolb saw his mistake and was secretly sorry that he did not at first submit to justice, but without an open hearty welcome home he did not feel like returning. But now from every part of our commonwealth the men who had fought shoulder to shoulder in many battles for Democracy assure him of open hearts and open doors to all the privileges of the Democratic family and we do not doubt but what his heart warms for the old friends. But here are the many who have gone so far from Democracy as to actually form a party hostile to the old party and who swear in their wrath that they will never forgive and forget, and moreover dare the man who has led them to this point to leave them. It will take a real man to go back in the face of such pressure, but if Capt. Kolb will set about to induce those who have been so loyal to him to make up their minds to forget the past and all go back together and eat from the same table and march under the same banner, he will get honor to himself such as could never come from filling any office. This happy solution of our troubles should be sought by every man who loves his party and his country. Let the Democrats come home and they will find that those who are left in the populist party are the same old Republicans against whom we have been fighting for years.

The long silver fight is about at an end in the Senate. The minority have concluded to abandon the fight and allow a vote to be taken and that means the victory of the Voorhees bill. Senators Morgan and Pugh telegraphed the Age-Herald that there would be no further opposition. A vote will probably be reached in the next two days. The following is the text of the Voorhees bill that will be substituted in the Senate for the House:

"That so much of the act approved July 4, 1890, entitled 'an act directing the purchase of silver bullion and issue of treasury notes thereon and for other purposes,' as directs the secretary of the treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces or so much thereof as may be offered in each month at the price of 25-100 of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchases treasury notes of the United States is hereby repealed.

And it is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the use of gold and silver money of equal intrinsic exchangeable value, such equality to be secured through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as will insure the maintenance of the parity in value of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts.

And it is hereby further declared that the efforts of the government should be steadily directed in the establishment of such a safe system of bimetalism as will maintain at all times the equal power of every dollar coined or issued by the United States in the markets or in payment of debts."

Hit Again.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 19.—Editor Henry Waterson, in the Courier Journal, in a two column leader this morning, reads the riot act to those Southern Senators who have obstructed the silver repeal, and predicts disaster to the Democratic party.

He says: "The spectacle of an extra session and more particularly the scenes of the last few days and nights are enough to call the dead to life in defense of the beleaguered interest and departing glory from the clique of Southern Senators, obsequiously serving the combine of the silver mine owners, using their experience and such as are left to them, to obstruct the will of the people as it was never obstructed before, precisely as if their own dear lives were at stake.

He says: "Perhaps the immolation of Grover Cleveland may be retribution upon the Democratic party for nominating and electing him president and perhaps it may destroy the party outright; perhaps it is even the will of God for evil to come to pass that good may follow, but the guilty ones will not escape. That is the one comfort amid the desolation that has enveloped Democratic opportunities and the irretrievable disgrace which has fallen on the Democratic party in having approvingly to submit to the wise rebuke of a Republican statesman, and that statesman is John Sherman."

The editor of this paper has taken particular pains to look through several Alliance papers, and has failed to find a single item of general interest that was not tucked on a political howl of some kind. We are sorry that this is the case, for we would like to see the Alliance kept as clear as possible of partisanship. We believe that farmers should study politics thoroughly, for politics is the science of government, but we believe that partisanship has no place in a farmer's organization. To head off those who will claim that we are the servile tool of the dominant parties, we will say right here that we vote with the populists, and were a delegate to the Omaha convention that nominated General Weaver for President, but this does not make us think that the Alliance should be given over to aiding a political party. That is not what it was founded for, and inasmuch as it is made subservient to the purposes of any political party, the object of the Alliance is to furnish the producers of the country a means whereby they can study political economy from a neutral point of view, and be prepared to vote intelligently on all questions of the day. This does not imply that any particular party is to be favored or attacked. In fact, it was intended that the broad policy of good government should be studied quite aside from any political basis, and if this intention had been adhered to, the Alliance would not have been in the condition that it now is. As now conducted, according to its acknowledged leaders and journals, partisan politics are in the lead, and some of the so-called Alliance papers are fully as intemperate in their expressions as any of the well-known political organs.

There may be those who think we do not know what the originators of the Alliance had in view, but we had something to do with the beginning of the Alliance, and know whereof we speak. If the Alliance is ever restored to its highest estate it will be by going back to foundation principles, and getting the people interested in knowing that foundation principles, not party, are the things sought to be promoted.—American Farmer.

The populist will soon hold a State convention. We suppose their object is to take steps looking to a thorough organization. If they will boldly declare against fusion with any faction or party they will force the "Jeffersonians" to throw off their mask. Reformers should be honest and sincere. When "Jeffersonians" make insincere propositions for reconciliations with the Democratic party, and when they say in public that they are as good Democrats as anybody, while all the time being reformers their double dealing hurts the reform cause and brings reproach on those reformers honest enough to call themselves by their right name. If "Jeffersonians" are really Democrats, let them go with the Democratic party; if Populists, let them frankly say so, and go

with the Populist party. Let the Populist convention force "Jeffersonians" to align themselves on one side or the other, and stop doing harm to the reform movement. And let all reformers remember that their success depends more on their own merits than the demerits of others. Hence let them stop denouncing other parties. If Populist principles can't stand on their own merit, they deserve to fall and to fail. And don't forget that true reformers must be scrupulously honest and absolutely fearless as regards public opinion.—Pioneer.

We welcome to Clanton Mr. A. C. Smith and family. Mr. Smith will give himself to the practice of law. His card appears in next issue.

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Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette, Ala.
The Electropoise is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine.
Mrs. E. W. Story, La Place, Ala.
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PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., OCT. 28, 1893.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.00
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White cappers in Bibb are being apprehended.
When the next Legislature of Alabama meets it should by all means create a commission whose business it shall be to control the Fire and Life Insurance Companies as well as the Telegraph and Express Companies so that the rights of the people shall not be overridden.
It used to be popular to send a challenge to fight a duel whenever some one offended you and you were afraid to meet him and fight it out square, but now public sentiment compels the law to send a man to the penitentiary for such an act. The circuit court of Conecuh county has just sentenced Wright Mills to the penitentiary for two years for said crime.
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THE NEWS IN GENERAL

Continued from Our Most Important
Telegraphic Advises

And Presented in Pictorial and Readable Paragraphs.

A fire Sunday night destroyed thirty buildings in the business portion of the town of Klag City, Mo. The loss is \$150,000.

The East Clare, Wis., Pulp and Paper Company, with paid up capital stock of \$100,000, was placed in the hands of a receiver Monday.

One of the most disastrous fires which has raged in Detroit, Mich., for many years occurred Saturday evening on Champlain street, a whole block of business buildings on that street between Brush and Beaudin being completely swept away. Loss estimated at \$200,000.

Advices of Tuesday from New York state that the monetary situation continues to improve. Currency in large amounts has reached the banks from outside points during the past three days, mainly from Chicago, and fully \$2,000,000 in currency has been received since last Friday.

The New York Evening Post says that the Valkyrie will be laid up on this side of the Atlantic for the winter. Discussion of the result of the race was very warm Saturday. Yatchmen were very decided in opinion about the true results of the oil control race in its bearing on the oil control very between knel and centerboard.

Bursting water dams in the territory of Tepuca, Mexico, have caused great loss of life on several haciendas. Twenty-four persons are known to be drowned. At Santa Inez, in the state of Oaxaca, the town was inundated and the town hall and many other buildings were swept away. There were similar disasters in other towns.

Information comes from Valparaiso, Chile, of the marriage of Miss Amelia Rojas to Francis W. Egan. The groom is the eldest son of Hon. Patrick Egan, formerly United States minister to Chile. The bride is a daughter of the late Don Jorge Rojas, at one time a member of the Chilean senate and one of the best and most respected families in Chile.

The big schooner Minnehaha was beached at Stark, ten miles north of Onondaga, Mich., at noon Saturday to save her from foundering in deep water. The sea soon overwhelmed the wreck and drove the crew into the rigging. Before the arrival of the life-saving crew from Manistee and Frankfort, the schooner went to pieces, and six of the crew drowned.

A cable dispatch of Monday from San Jose, Costa Rica states that President Rodriguez and his cabinet will hear argument in the case of Francis H. Weeks, the New York senator, on the question of his extradition to the United States. The organ of Don Felix Montero, the democratic candidate for president, prints an editorial strongly defending Weeks and opposing his surrender.

The British steamships Glenlivet and Dartmore, which sailed from the Charleston port Sunday—the first named for Bremen and the other for Liverpool—carried 17,250 bales of cotton. The Glenlivet took 9,137 and the Dartmore 8,113 bales. These are the largest cargoes ever shipped from this port. These ships will run regularly from Charleston to Bremen and Liverpool during the cotton season.

The bonded warehouses of Jacob F. Shaffer at Lancaster, Penn., were totally destroyed by fire Sunday night with their contents, consisting of over 1,900 barrels of whisky. The buildings were set on fire. In the distillery, the incendiary placed hay in and around the vats and saturated it with kerosene. The bang was also knocked out of a barrel of spirits, which ran over the floor. The loss is \$80,000; insurance \$58,000.

Advices received Tuesday at Buenos Ayres are to the effect that Admiral Bello, commander of the insurgent Brazilian fleet, again bombarded Rio de Janeiro Monday. The damage done is said to have been great. Many of the residents who remained in the city prior to the bombardment are now fleeing to the interior cities and towns. President Peixoto continues his efforts to organize a fleet without to give battle to the enemy.

A St. Louis special of Tuesday says: The American Express Company has lost \$50,000 entrusted to it by a New York bank for transmission to New Orleans. The money was placed in a strong box in New York, with Special Guard Kordisner. Just where it jumped the track, detectives upon the case seem unable to learn. They left for New Orleans, having apparently reached the opinion that the loss took place between St. Louis and the Crescent City.

The supreme council of the Scottish Rite of Free and Accepted Masons met at St. Louis, Mo., Monday, Philip Glicker, of Galveston, Tex., acting commander presiding. The proceedings were of course a secret nature. The delegates came from states and territories west of the Ohio river and south of the Mason and Dixon's line, and comprise many leading Masons of the country, the supreme council being composed only of Masons of the thirty-third degree.

By the premature explosion of dynamite at Elmhurst, Ill., Monday, five persons were killed and five injured, two of whom cannot live. The killed and injured were thrown over fifty feet by the shock. They were dead and mangled so badly that identification was almost impossible. The shock was distinctly felt at Campden, six miles away, and the entire city of Elmhurst is more or less wrecked. The business portion is badly damaged, hardly a piece of glass remaining to the front.

Lady Henry Somerset called to order a great audience of women at the art palace, Chicago, Tuesday, for the second session of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union congress. In memory of Mary Allen Ward, the distinguished world missionary who died in Japan, Mrs. Chika Sakurai, of Japan, delivered an eulogy on her life work. Lady Somerset introduced Mrs. A. Talbot, who stirred the

audience up to a pitch of enthusiasm with a woman's rights and temperance speech combined.

The Boston Herald of Tuesday says that a warrant has been issued for George B. White, representing the firm of Williams, White & Co., tanners and leather dealers, in that city. Mr. White is accused of obtaining money by false pretenses—about \$200,000 from a dozen banks in Boston, and about \$500,000 from New York, Philadelphia and Pittsburgh institutions. The firm is said to have had at one time assets of about \$1,200,000, with liabilities less than \$800,000. All that could be found now would not make a check of the firm good for \$100,000.

A San Francisco dispatch of Tuesday says: The rumors current ever since Actor M. B. Curtis was acquitted of the murder of Policeman Grant that the release was secured by bribery, have now crystallized into open accusation. It is charged that two sets of jurors were bribed. Eight thousand dollars was promised, but only \$2,800 paid. Four jurors have been bought and only two paid. The other two are said now to be blackmailing Curtis and threatened to kill. Curtis has left town and is living on a ranch guarded by armed men.

On May 5th last, the well-known Wall street firm of Patton & Co. failed with liabilities of \$788,000 and assets of \$11,000. Tuesday William L. Patton, a member of the firm, was jailed, charged with the hypothecation of \$60,000 worth of securities held by the firm in a fiduciary capacity, and also with appropriating to his own personal account \$250,000 of the actual \$350,000 lost to creditors. Patton, it is said, never disguised this fact to the creditors, but claimed that he would, through the assistance of his relatives, pay back dollar for dollar.

Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, who is a member of the majority of the committee on ways and means, is trying to have a graduated income tax made a part of the tariff bill. If it is not accepted, he will present it to the house in some form. The young Nebraska statesman thinks he has solved what is considered the most objectionable feature of the income tax proposition—the inequity of the tax. He would have "made the duty of every person liable to a tax upon his income to go to the office and pay it and not subject him to the annoyance of paying agents of the government, which has been suggested as its disagreeable feature. He thinks those who had no desire to avoid the payment of tax would be the inquisitor or annoyance. He will propose a tax on all incomes above \$2,500 at the rate of 1 per cent, 2 per cent on \$5,000; 4 per cent on \$10,000; 6 per cent on \$25,000 and 10 per cent on \$50,000. His plan is to have the postmaster in cities of 10,000 population or less to collect the income taxes and in large cities a special income tax collector to be appointed.

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A SHORT COTTON CROP.

Commissioner of Agriculture Nesbitt's Report on the Staple.

The Acreage Increased but the Product is the Same as Last Year.

Commissioner of Agriculture Nesbitt says that Georgia's crop of cotton will be short of an average, although the number of bales produced will be about the same as that of last year. The reason for this statement is that the acreage throughout the state has been increased over that of last year. About three-fourths of the crop has been picked in the southern part of the state, but in the northern part not half the crop has been picked. The condition of the crops is due to the various causes in various portions of the state. No top crop has been made in many portions of the state.

The following late reports about the crop have been received at the agricultural department:

Franklin county: Cotton is opening rapidly. The crop will be gathered earlier than usual. Corn is good on both sides of the river. Upland corn cut off by drought. Bottoms injured by rain, windstorms and overflows. Fifty per cent of cotton crop picked and farmers selling freely to meet their obligations. With favorable weather this crop will be out by November 1st.

Wilkinson county: From rust and storm will not be more than three-fourths of a cotton crop made in this county. Now over half grown. Corn crops are good on low lands. Potato crop good. Tobacco only raised for home consumption. High price of meat great demand for stock hogs.

Warren county: There is no late crop of cotton. The early crop is nearly all open and two-thirds gathered. If the weather is favorable there will be no cotton to gather after October. The pea crop, though never mentioned, is respectable—the best crop we raise to the amount of labor bestowed. Middle Georgia would not be worth living in without her pea crop.

Oglethorpe county: This county will make the smallest crop of cotton that it has made since 1883, compared to acreage. There is at least 60 per cent of the crop now open and being marketed as fast as it is gathered. Very little time devoted to sowing corn.

Palauk county: Cotton is all open and 90 per cent picked. 75 per cent marketed. Continual drought has opened all that has or will mature. On account of caterpillars and drought no top crop this year. Farmers have turned their cows on the cotton fields and are sowing oats.

Mitchell county: Corn not as good as last year in some localities. Cotton not as good as last year, caused by too much rain in the spring, rust or scald, or both.

Gordon county: The fine weather for gathering the cotton crop may change the yield, from present appearances. But little or no top crop, and if dry weather continues it will be picked during the present month. Corn is bound to be short.

Early county: Cotton nearly all open and being ripely picked. Lee county: It is a well-settled fact among intelligent farmers that not more than one-half of an average cotton crop will be made, four-fifths of which is already marketed. The caterpillars, boll worm and rust, together with the July drought, have almost broken every farmer in this district. Newspaper reports to the contrary, our section is in a bad condition.

Marion county: Cotton nearly all open at this time. Some nearly done picking. Very few holding their cotton. Corn not so good as it appeared it would be. More rotten corn and more chaff on corn than usual. Peas, potatoes and corn never better. Freedmen working well and behaving becomingly.

Quitman county: Corn and cotton are both short of last year in this county. There is as much young cotton this year as last. At least fifty per cent of the half-grown bolls have not opened and it is not thought they will.

Clinch county: The rust has done its work in cotton. The caterpillars have made their appearance, though too late to do any damage. Prospects generally gloomy in all crops. The grass has ruined it generally.

Madison county: The cotton crop will only yield 75 per cent of a full crop. Cotton has made nothing since July. Corn has rotted, and the late crop has been injured by storm and rot. Potatoes, cane and peas made a full crop. Good stands of turnips. There will be an increase in the area of wheat and oats.

Greene county: Cotton is opening rapidly. Ninety per cent of the crop will be out before November 1st. The yield of hay this fall is wonderful.

Floyd county: Cotton in large part of the county will not reach 50 per cent. Corn has been cut off by drought. The same can be said of sweet potatoes. Hogs are in good condition, and would be quoted at 150 per cent but for the scarcity of corn.

Clay county: The cotton crop is nearly all open and at least 60 per cent gathered. Corn is in good condition. Two weeks fast weather has caused cotton to open rapidly—about 90 per cent now open. No late crop. Pea crop fine.

Building county: Cotton very short. It is far ahead of picking. Calhoun county: Caterpillars have eaten up our prospective top crop of cotton.

Corvosa county: Cotton damaged by wet weather and rust. Corn damaged by drought and overwork. Pea crop is short.

Forest Fires in Texas. Reports of Tuesday from eastern Texas say that fifteen miles of pine timber, reaching Montgomery county toward the Sabine river, are a seething mass of flames. The whole country is in a dry, and unless rain falls it is feared that the fire will run into the mountains. Several fine millling plants and towns are in the path of the fire, and are in great danger.

A Steamboat Stranded. A special of Saturday from Beaumont, Tex., says: A large unknown steamship is stranded at Cape Lookout. She is not leaking, but wanted immediate assistance. Captain Howard, of the life saving service, made several attempts to get her, but on account of the heavy sea and wind was forced to give it up. The steamer lays in easy distance, however, and will be hoisted as soon as possible.

CHILTON COUNTY

is the geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the E. T. V. & Co. and the Montgomery, Fredricks and Memphis Railroad pass through the County, and the Coosa river is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mill. Pop. 16,000.

Chilton, the county seat, is on the I. & N. E. R. 16 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

C. W. HARE, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

TERMS: \$1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1893.

NUMBER 1.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices Twenty Cents per line each insertion. Circulars and Extracts of Reports, half price.

Advertisements recommending candidates for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Liberal contracts made with those desiring advertising for the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

The Chilton View.

What Cash Will Do! -- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

- 50 All wool black cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.35.
- 50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.35.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$17.50 at \$12.10.
- 50 All wool dress suits worth \$20.00 at \$16.45.
- 25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$10.00 at \$7.50.
- 25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER. CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE, Montgomery, Alabama.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advises

And Presented in Potted and Readable Paragraphs.

The bondmen of Adolph Krug, the defaulting city treasurer, together with the banks of Seattle, Wash., have made arrangements to return to the city treasury \$122,000, the amount of the shortage.

A cable dispatch from Paris states that the remains of Gounod were removed Thursday from the house at St. Cloud, where he breathed his last. The body was taken to the Gounod residence in Paris, where it now lies in state in the great composer's study.

A dispatch of Tuesday from Portland, Oregon, says: The Puget Sound National bank, of Everett, Wash., and the First National bank, of Ellensburg, Wash., which closed their doors during the recent financial panic, have reopened for business.

Daniel G. Ramsey, grand chief of the Railway Telegraphers, talked with a reporter regarding his recent indictment in Marion county, Iowa. He stated that he did not know why he should be indicted and absolutely disclaimed any knowledge of the wire-cutting question.

Wednesday morning fire broke out in the second story of John Cannon's residence at Pittsburgh, Pa. Two of Cannon's children, aged four and nine years were burned to death, and two younger children were rescued. Mrs. Cannon was seriously burned while attempting to rescue them.

At Clayton, Mo., Tuesday, the trial was called for the train robbers, Pinnock, Ray and Robertson, who held up the "Pioneer" train near Pacific. Robertson pleaded not guilty and was held under a bond of \$10,000. Pinnock and Ray entered a plea of guilty and were each sentenced to fourteen years imprisonment.

A fire started Tuesday evening in the planing mill of E. McDonald & Son, at San Francisco, and the entire block in which the building was located was burned. The principal losses are McDonald & Son, but numerous small firms were burned out. The total loss is about \$150,000, with very little insurance.

A cable dispatch of Tuesday says: The Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, American ambassador to Great Britain, has been invited to attend the banquet to be given by the Outlets' Guild of Sheffield and the lord mayor of Liverpool, both of which will take place shortly. Ambassador Bayard will make a speech at each of the banquets.

Advices of Tuesday from the city of Mexico state that the already large list of newspaper men serving sentences in Belem prison has been increased by the imprisonment in that institution of Francisco Montes de Oca, editor of *El Gallo*, newspaper, and Luis Del Toro, editor of *El Correo*. They were both arrested upon the complaint of the Royal Insurance Company, charged with libel.

Four men were killed in a wreck on the Pennsylvania road in Pittsburgh, Pa., Wednesday evening, a few blocks from where the Dock street horror occurred. A freight train was derailed at Market street where five men got into a coal car. Two squares away the cars jumped the track and a half dozen cars were derailed and crashed into a west bound train of empty cars. The car in which the men were sitting was hurled into the middle of a grinding mass and four were instantly killed and one injured.

FROM OPULENCE TO PENURY.

A Millionaire Twelve Years Ago and Penniless To-Day.

A New York morning paper says that Cassius Read, twelve years ago, was a man reported to be worth from \$700,000 to \$1,000,000, was principal proprietor of the Hoffman house, owner of large estates in New York and Virginia, and was interested in a half dozen business ventures, requiring the outlay of large sums of money. The same Cassius Read today is said to be practically penniless with no interest in the Hoffman house and no estates in New York or Virginia, or real property upon which he could negotiate a loan of \$100. Mr. Read's home at Far Rockaway was sold under a foreclosure proceedings October 18th.

CONFEDERATE MONUMENT

Unveiled with Imposung Ceremonies at Clarksville, Tennessee.

Wednesday Clarksville, Tenn., was crowded with the guests who came from far and near to witness an event which was of much moment, not only to those most directly interested, but to every southerner—the unveiling of the Confederate monument erected at Greenwood cemetery. The Hon. S. J. Wilson, of Galatin, was the orator of the day.

The shaft is of Vermont granite, forty-eight feet three inches high, and thirteen by nine feet at the base. A bronze statue eight feet high, representing an infantry confederate soldier, ornaments the top of the shaft, and near the base, on either side of the shaft, are two statues, each sixteen feet six inches in height, one representing a cavalrman and the other an artilleryman.

On the front panel of the monument is this inscription: "In honor of the heroes who fell while fighting in the Army of the Confederate States, 1861-1865."

On the reverse panels are these words: "Though adverse fortune denied final victory to their undaunted courage, history preserves their fame made glorious forever. Confederate memorial."

THE CLOSING WEEK.

Preparations for Winding up the Great Columbian Exposition.

A Chicago special of Tuesday says: People are realizing that this is the last week of the exposition and it is doubtful whether they will stay away for anything less than a blizzard. Everything now centers on the festivities at the close of the fair. The station from Washington that President Cleveland and his cabinet could not attend is regarded by the committee as final and the programme is being arranged accordingly. The only popular feature of the entertainment during the day will be the landing of Christopher Columbus. The noted mariner will step aboard the Santa Maria and cruise around lake Michigan awhile. He will then come ashore opposite the manufacturers' building, discover some of Prof. Putnam's New York Indians and then the rest of the world's fair.

COTTON FIGURES.

Secretary Hester's Report from September 1st to October 20th.

A New Orleans special of Friday says: Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement shows a larger movement compared with last year than expected, the excess in the amount brought into sight for the week being 16,327 bales over the seven days to October 20th, inclusive, last season. Although a deficit is shown from the same time in 1891 of 170,557. This brings the total excess last season to 49,439, and makes the deficit thus far for the month under the corresponding twenty days of October year before last 894,858; the aggregate for the fifty days from September 1st to October 20th being 16,454 ahead of the same fifty days of last year and 721,297 behind year before last.

THE RIGHT-HOOR LAW.

American Federation of Labor Want it Enforced.

The executive committee of the American Federation of Labor met at Washington Monday morning. A resolution was adopted that members of the committee make personal appeal to senators and representatives to take some action that will lead to the enforcement of the eight-hour law. The special attention of congressmen will be called to the violation of this law by the government in the construction of its buildings.

The committee then adjourned and proceeded to the capital to carry out the resolution. The violation of the spirit of the Geary law will also receive the committee's attention.

Judge Dead Dead.

Judge Hugh L. Bond, of the United States court, died at Baltimore Tuesday morning. On the 18th day of July, 1870, President Grant nominated him judge of the fourth circuit of the United States court, which includes the state of Maryland, the two Virginias and the two Carolinas. In 1871 he conducted at Raleigh, N. C., and at Columbia, S. C., many trials of rebels, during which he made himself very obnoxious to the better elements in the south.

COMPROMISE AGREED UPON.

Details of the New Measure Complete and Ready for the Senate.

Silver Will Still be Coined But There'll be No Bonds.

The democratic conference committee began its fourth day's session Saturday in an attempt to reach a compromise proposition upon which the contending factions in that party could agree. During the day, a number of senators were heard. The compromise was finally drawn up and agreed upon. The silver men yielded three months of time to the president and the president agreed to eliminate the bond feature. Thus the compromise agreed upon provides for the continued purchase of 4,500,000 ounces of silver monthly under the Sherman law until October 1, 1894, at which time the purchases shall cease. It further provides for the coinage of the silver into dollars of the denomination of not less than \$10 shall be withdrawn from circulation and silver or silver certificates inserted in their stead. There it stops, leaving off the bond provision.

After this was drawn up and the steering committee agreed to it, it was carried around in the senate and every democrat asked to sign it. Every one signed it except Senators Hill, Mills and Fry. By the terms of the compromise about \$128,000,000 of silver will be added to the silver currency of the country. The seigniorage in the treasury will coin about \$59,000,000 and the 54,000,000 ounces of silver to be purchased in the next year under the terms of the compromise will coin about \$70,000,000. This added to the silver money now in circulation will run the total up to nearly \$80,000,000, the amount the southern senators have been insisting upon throughout the long fight.

The compromise is not satisfactory to some of the unconditional repeal newspapers. The New York *World* calls it a partial surrender on the part of the silver men. The *Times* calls it senseless, malformed and vicious and criticizes the administration for accepting it. Nearly all the other newspapers acknowledge just what it is—a forced concession on the part of the repealers to the silver men, and a partial victory for silver.

Compromise is Off.

LATER.—The compromise agreement as outlined above, which seemed so likely to prove a settlement, has struck a snag, not because it sacrificed any of the principles of the Voorhees bill, as far as coinage is concerned, but because it sacrificed in a measure the principle of majority rule. Hill, Mills, Voorhees, McPherson, Caffery, Vilas, Mitchell of Wisconsin and Fry have positively refused to sign. The measure has only the support of thirty-six senators. Without forty-three approving it, it is hopelessly dead. Mr. Palmer and Mr. Gray signed under great protest, as did Mr. Colquhoun. It is, of course, impossible to tell what will be the outcome now. Unconditional repeal remains the only measure having a majority in its support. To pass it, it will be necessary to have Mr. Hill's cloture rule adopted.

AFTER THE HIGHBINDER.

A Dig Scheme on Foot to Send Them Back to China.

A San Francisco special says: The Chinese Six Companies now appear to be eager to take advantage of the Geary act before the McCrary bill becomes a law. The Six Companies are anxious to get rid of the highbinder and worst criminal element among the Chinese in San Francisco. To this end the Six Companies are aiding the police to arrest, convict and deport highbinder. Tuesday sixty-two Chinese were arrested by the police as vagrants. The agents of the Six Companies and police detectives inspected the whole crowd at the city prison. Fifteen of the culprits were released, as they were found to be hard-working Chinese. The remaining forty-seven will be arrested under the Geary law and an attempt made to deport them.

INDICTED FOR MURDER

Were the Leaders of the Recent Lynching at Roanoke, Va.

A special of Wednesday from Roanoke, Va., says: The grand jury has returned five indictments for murder in the first degree against those who are said to have participated in the lynching of Thomas Smith, colored, on September 21. Among those indicted are Chief of Police Terry and Police Sargeant Griffin, who are charged with being accessories before the fact. A number of indictments were found charging citizens with misdemeanor in engaging in the riot and the burning of Smith's body. The verdict of the jury has created quite a sensation in the city.

France Honoring Her Dead.

At a cabinet meeting held in Paris, Friday, to decide upon the details of the public funeral which the government decided to give to the remains of Marshal McMahon, it was announced that the body of the ex-president would lie in state at the Hotel de la Madeleine and that it would afterwards be taken to the Invalides, and that Dupuy, minister of public instruction, and General Loislou, minister of war, will make addresses upon the occasion. It was also decided to give the remains of Gounod, the great composer, a public funeral.

A Noted Colored Man Dead.

Dr. J. C. Fives, colored, president of Livingstone college, at Salisbury, N. C., died in that city Wednesday. He was one of the greatest orators of the negro race and is well known, having lectured in many of the leading cities both in America and Europe. He was appointed by President Cleveland during his first administration, as minister to Liberia, but did not accept. He rather preferred to give his services to the colored people of his country, leading his greatest efforts to working out the race problem.

Car Works for Memphis.

The Litchfield car works, Litchfield, Ill., has closed a deal for the removal of its entire plant to Memphis, Tenn., where better lumber facilities can be secured than at the present location. A large tract of land has been purchased and the new suburb will be named Biinghamton. The factory will have a capacity of one thousand cars a week, and will employ about 1,000 men.

How Frogs Hibernates.

As to their condition during the winter season, our cold-blooded friends pass the time in a comfortable way, in a state of torpor called hibernation. The place selected seems anything but comfortable—a tomb in the mud in the margin or bottom of a pond. Hibernation is a state of entire or partial torpor. It seems like sleep, but it proved to be really the state of the blood, digestion is almost entirely stopped, but in sleep these all go on. An animal is awakened from sleep by a mere jostling; while in complete torpor it will not be roused, even if subjected to treatment usually fatal.

The frog is sustained, when he ceases to eat, by jobs of fat stored inside his body for that purpose. This is another method of meeting privation which our amphibious friends share with the camel, whose humps are little else but stores of fat.

As to diet, the general rule is that frogs eat, or are eaten by, almost everything. Slugs, water-bugs, grasshoppers and other insects are especially relished; there is a special arrangement for catching insects. The tongue is hung by the outer instead of the inner end, so as to flap forward and back like a dash and catch its prey.

It happens that insects, curiously enough, disappear for the winter and appear in the spring at just the times when the frogs hibernate and come out again. Bullfrogs indulge also in small fish, field-mice and ducklings. While in captivity they will learn to eat almost any food given them.—[St. Nicholas.

Washington's Nearest Living Relative.

The nearest living relative of George Washington is Ebenezer Burrage Bell, who keeps a little cigar stand in the "outdoor of the Pension Office. He is said to resemble Washington's portrait much more closely than any other person claiming relationship, and pictures that have been taken of him dressed in the continental uniform have been mistaken by many for representations of Washington himself. Mr. Bell is 75 years old, but is able and hearty.

CONGRESS IN SESSION.

The Daily Routine of Both Houses Briefly Summarized.

What is Being Done to Alleviate Financial Depression and Bring Relief.

65TH DAY.—The Voorhees cloture resolution was not taken up Saturday morning, as it was expected it would be. If there had been a morning hour it would have been laid before the senate in the ordinary course of business. But there was no morning hour, and there was no motion to take up the cloture resolution. The silver purchase repeal bill was taken up as soon as a quorum was obtained and Mr. Peffer continued the speech against it which he began Friday of last week, speaking to a listless and inattentive audience.

66TH DAY.—The silver purchase repeal bill was laid before the senate at 10:30 o'clock Monday morning. Mr. Stewart gave notice of an amendment for a Pan-American monetary conference to assemble at Washington within nine months and for the adoption of a common silver coin to be a legal tender in all commercial transactions in the countries represented. Mr. Jones resumed the floor and continued his speech against the bill at the point where he left off Saturday.

67TH DAY.—The senate met at 10:30 o'clock Tuesday morning and soon afterwards took up the silver purchase repeal bill. Mr. Stewart resumed the speech which he had been making Monday when a recess was taken and which he had begun several weeks ago. The bill authorizing the Chattanooga and Western Railroad company to construct a bridge across the Tennessee river near Chattanooga was passed. Mr. Stewart then resumed his speech, and at 12:30 o'clock, without concluding his speech, yielded the floor, and Mr. Jones, of Nevada, resumed his argument against the bill, after which the senate took a recess till Tuesday.

68TH DAY.—The senate met at 11 a. m. Wednesday and proceeded to business without a preliminary call to obtain a quorum. A resolution was offered by Peffer directing the judiciary committee to investigate the question whether the repeal of the Bland-Allison act by the Sherman act did not leave the law for the free coinage of silver in full force. It was referred to the judiciary committee. The house joint resolution tendering the acknowledgments of the government and people of the United States to foreign governments which participated in the Chicago exposition, was reported by Sherman, from the committee of foreign relations, but went over without action. The silver purchase repeal bill was then taken up, and the senate was addressed (in opposition to the bill) by Pugh. Pugh made a speech on repeal and silver generally. He did not believe that either the unconditional repealers or the president had any desire for free coinage of silver by international agreement or otherwise, nor did he believe it was their intention to endeavor to secure the adoption of anything of that sort. Stewart followed, and in his remarks thanked the southern democrats for the brave stand they had made against fearful odds. The joint resolution, tendering acknowledgments to foreign governments for co-operation in the Chicago exposition was again taken up and passed—amended in accordance with Hoar's suggestion, so that the president is requested to communicate to each of the foreign governments the acknowledgments of congress.

69TH DAY.—After the transaction of some routine business in the senate Thursday morning, by unanimous consent the silver purchase bill was taken up, the vice president stating the question to be on Mr. Peffer's coinage amendment. The senate was addressed by Mr. Teller, who proceeded to discuss the causes of financial depression which had existed in all commercial countries of the world since 1873, and the duration of the depression which was, he said, unusual and abnormal.

70TH DAY.—In the house Saturday a bill to divide the eastern judicial district of Michigan, into northern and southern divisions was passed. An interesting discussion of the financial condition of the treasury and the country followed. The house then resumed consideration of the printing bill, which was completed and was amended it was reported to the house. On the passage of the bill the vote stood 71 to 3. Mr. Bellshoover made the point of an quorum, and the eyes and nays were ordered. It resulted 148 to 8—no quorum. Thereupon, at 3:05 o'clock the house adjourned.

71TH DAY.—The house resolution, providing for disposal of certain funds belonging to "Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints," at Salt Lake City, was returned from the senate with an amendment, specifying the manner in which it should be distributed for charitable purposes. The amendment was concurred in. The bill was taken up, the previous question having been ordered, and passed—yeas 167, nays 17.

72TH DAY.—In the house, Tuesday morning, Oates favorably reported from the judiciary committee the bill to amend the naturalization law of the United States. A bill passed amending the revised statutes as to provide that the engineers and assistants engineers of vessels engaged in coastwise trade shall be licensed. Consideration of the bankruptcy bill was then resumed. Mr. Demore of Alabama, speaking against it on the ground that it was a species of paternalism and opposed to democratic principles.

73TH DAY.—In the house, Wednesday morning, McRae called up the bill to protect the public forest reservations, reported from the committee on public lands, the speaker having ruled that it may be called as often as the committee is reached in the call for business. The point of an quorum was raised and the morning hour expired without the appearance of a quorum, and the bill went over, and Oates moved that the house resolve itself into committee of the whole for consideration of the whole for consideration of the bankruptcy bill. Outhwaite, of Ohio, took the chair and Lane addressed the house in opposition to the bill. Coombs, democrat, of New York, offered a resolution, outlining the ways and means committee to bring in a bill in accordance with its provisions. Referred to the committee on ways and means.

74TH DAY.—When the house met at noon Thursday, prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Smithson, who referred to the death of the chaplain of the house, the Rev. Mr. Haddaway. Mr. Richardson offered a resolution expressing the regret of the house and authorizing the appointment of a committee of seven to attend the funeral. The resolution was adopted.

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TRADE TOPICS.

Much Gain in Hope and a Little in Business the Past Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: There has been much gain in hope and a little in business for the past week. Assurances that the repeal bill will soon be passed have again been accepted by traders as a reason for buying things at higher prices for speculation and with money abundant on call—\$88,000,000 having been received in New York within ten weeks—speculation in stocks and products had an unusual stimulus and would have expanded further but for the continued embarrassment of industries. Wheat has risen a quarter of a cent, helped by heavy foreign purchases and in spite of better crop prospects. Corn is nothing stronger. Pork has been lifted so far that another collapse is feared by some, and petroleum has been advanced one cent. Brazilian speculators are supposed to be utilizing the bombardment to increase the value of coffee.

With these good signs, there are some not so good. Renewals of maturing notes, to a large extent, are forced upon the banks, though practically all the clearing house certificates have been retired at New York and at Boston. Business is so slow that merchants are asking for new loans, and the aggregate of commercial indebtedness must still be large. This shrinkage appears less in cotton than in some other branches of manufacturing. During the week there has been some slight improvement in the market for some goods, but some large mills, which recently resumed, have stopped again, and while the number reported in operation increases, the condition of the markets indicates plainly that few are working at their full capacity. The reduction of wages has been general and does not tend to increase the consumption of goods. The starting of the Edgar Thompson works for two weeks and the announcement that the Joliet steel works will soon start are more hopeful signs. The shipyards and agricultural implement makers are increasing their purchases, but the demand for building purposes is remarkably small, and there is that weakness in barbed wire, wire rods and steel billets.

The failures for the week number 846 in the United States, against 210 last year, and twenty-nine in Canada, against twenty-five last year. The list includes one large bank at Providence and three southern banks, but the number of other liabilities is somewhat less than usual. For the previous week the fall statement of liabilities is \$5,737,336, against \$3,451,292 for the preceding week.

GROWTH OF THE SOUTH.

The Industrial Situation for the Past Week.

The review of the industrial situation in the south for the past week shows that the increase in business and a more favorable outlook is indicated from the mineral districts of Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee, that crop reports from the gulf region and from the Mississippi valley show a decrease in production, and that the average of the past two weeks has been maintained in the organization of new industries throughout the south. There is no change of importance to report in general business. Money is in sufficient supply, but there is a want of inclination to enlarge transactions in the present unsettled condition of financial affairs. Thirty new industries have established or incorporated during the week, together with enlargements of manufacturing, and eight important new buildings. The most important new industries reported for the week are the car works at Memphis, Tenn., to be established by the Litchfield Car Company, of Litchfield, Ill., with \$600,000 capital; the Bloom Oil and Gas Company, of Wheeling, W. Va., capital \$800,000, by John Fatch and others; the Standard Cartridge and Supply Company, of Atlanta, Ga., capital \$100,000, by H. Benjamin and others; the Hancock Dix Dry Company, of Shreveport, La., capital \$100,000, by H. Hancock and others; a \$75,000 electric lighting plant at Jacksonville, Fla., to be built by the city, and also one in contemplation at Atlanta, Ga.; a fiber mill, tannery and extract works with \$50,000 capital, at Savannah, Ga., by the Eastern Manufacturing Company; the Southern Pine Lumber Company, of Louisville, Ark., capital \$250,000, by J. M. Park and others; the Dardanelle plant at Dardanelle, Mo., capital \$200,000, by C. B. McCullough and others; and also a brick plant at Elm City, W. Va., by the Kanawha Brick company; the Chicago Oil and Gas company, of Electricville, W. Va., capital \$50,000, and also a \$25,000 dollar planing mill and millinery supply company at Macon, Ga., capital \$25,000, by the Southern Lumber Co., of Macon, Ga., and others.

Preparing for the Campaign.

A. T. Goodwyn, chairman of the state executive committee of the Jeffersonian democrats of Alabama, has issued a call for a meeting of the committee at Birmingham, November 18th. The call says that the committee are to determine plans for the next campaign. The call says that the committee are to determine plans for the next campaign.

The First Silver Coin.

According to an old tradition, silver was first used as a coin in Great Britain 1800 years ago. A mint is said to have been established at Colchester in the county of Essex, England, by one of the early kings during the reign of the Emperor Augustus, and gold, brass and silver coins of a small amount, were issued.

THE CHILDREN'S ROOM.

How peaceful children lie,
The sleeping children lie,
Each gentle breath so light
Escaping like a sigh!
How tranquil seems the room, how fair
To one who softly enters there!
Whose hands are those, unseen,
That smooth each little bed?
Whose locks are those that lean
Over each pillow head?
Whose lips curl the boys and girls?
Whose fingers stroke the golden curls?
Whose are the yearning eyes,
And whose the trembling tear?
Whose heart is this that throbs,
Beseeching God to hear?
Whose but the mother's, in whose face
Love shows its sweetest dwelling place?
Her hopes in beauty bloom
And heaven sends down its light,
Which lingers in the room,
Where mother says, "Good night,"
Soft treading by the sleepers there,
Her very presence seems a prayer!
—Buffalo Commercial.

PITH AND POINT.

Common sense—Copper coins.
Something in hand—Falmistry.
Rich people have more relatives than poor people ever hear of.
A stroke of luck is by no means a buffet of fortune.—Truth.

If a pig could be changed into a man he would be called an egotist.—Puck.

If time and tide would wait, even for the hustler, the world would stand still.

Language may conceal thought; but, just like clothing, it adorns and decorates it.—Puck.

One of the quickest ways of improving the memory is to assume for a moment that you've got everything you want.—World's Fair Puck.

Doctor (to low-headed urchin): "How is your mother, my little man?"
Low-Headed Urrchin: "She's getting romantic in her right knee, sir."

The autumn leaves are falling,
And so are people too,
Who step upon the grassy skirts
That now the walks bestrew.
—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

It was Paul de Casagne who wrote to Victor Noir: "I am the offended party. I have the choice of weapons. I choose the French grammar. You are dead."—Argonaut.

Uppen: "Hello, old fellow! How did you enjoy your trip to England?"
Cummings: (expanding) "I haven't been to England. I'm wearing this ill-fitting suit of clothes because I got it at a bargain."—Chicago Tribune.

How Insects Make Noise.

Everybody is familiar with the music of the katydid. Here, again, says the Washington Star, it is the male that has the voice. At the base of each wing cover is a thin membranous plate. He elevates the wing covers and rubs the two plates together. If you could rub your shoulder blades together you could imitate the operation very nicely.

Certain grasshoppers make a sound when flying that is like a watchman's rattle—clackety-clack, very rapidly repeated. There are also some moths and butterflies which have voices. The "death-head" moth makes a noise when frightened that strikingly resembles the crying of a young baby. How it is produced is not known, though volumes have been written on the subject. The "mourning cloak" butterfly—a dark species with a light border in its wings—makes a cry of alarm by rubbing its wings together.

The katydid, crickets, grasshoppers and other musical insects are all exaggerated in the tropics, accounting for the fact that their cries are proportionately louder. There is an East Indian cicada which makes a remarkable loud noise. It is called by the natives "dunnub," which means drum. From this name comes that of the genus, which is known as dunnubia. This is one of the few scientific terms derived from the Sanskrit.

The "death-watch" is a popular name applied to certain beetles which bore into the walls and floors of old houses. They make a ticking sound by standing on their hind legs and knocking their heads against the wood quickly and forcibly. It is a cruel call. Many superstitions have been entertained respecting the noise produced by these insects, which is sometimes imagined to be a warning of death.

Entomologists have succeeded in recording the cries of many insects by the ordinary system of musical notation. But this method does not show the actual pitch, which is usually several octaves above the staff. It is merely served to express the musical intervals. It is known with reasonable certainty that many insects have voices so highly pitched that they can not be heard by the human ear. One evidence of this fact is that some people can distinguish cries of insects which are not audible to others.

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CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
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Dick Tate, Kentucky's defaulting treasurer has been captured.

A crank shot and killed Carter Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, early last Saturday.

A fellow in Lauderdale County was caught posting his neighbors. He said that he was only funning, but the court will do the funny act for him from now on.

The counties along the line of the Montgomery, Mobile and Tuscaloosa railroad have cause for rejoicing, for authentic news comes that that road will be completed at an early date.

The good people of any community can put down rowdiness and lawlessness if they will but assert themselves. Truth, purity and virtue are always able to defeat wrong when properly asserted by their possessors.

The Jeffersonian committee is called to meet in Birmingham November 16th to name a date and place for holding a state convention, to formulate a plan of campaign etc. The call does not invite People's party delegates, but simply Jeffersonian Democrats, but most of those who go as delegates will go as straight People's party delegates.

Editor Whitehead, a leader in the People Party, talks pretty straight to the Jeffersonians. Hear him: "The Jeffersonians ought to disband and come into the People Party where they properly belong. If they can't do this they ought to go into organized Democracy. There is no longer any room in this state for a second fiddle faction party."

Public meetings are being held in Georgia to denounce white-cappers. Steps are also being taken to bring to light the sneaks. We do not believe that any farmer could countenance such outrages. For the most part such posting and burning is done by those shiftless parties who, not being able to beat merchants and landlords out of support take this method of getting even.

So many complaints of rude behavior at the churches and in the churches have reached our ears that we feel it our duty to urge the grand jury to make diligent inquiry concerning such matters, and to indict the parties, be they high or low. It is not necessary that one disturb the preacher in order to make him guilty of disturbing public worship, but if by loud whispering or other rude behavior he disturbs any member of the congregation he is guilty of said offense.

Our old friend, L. H. Stallworth, of Evergreen, received \$1,300 last week as a reward for capturing three white coppers. These fellows who have been posting and burning houses had as well pack their grips and get out on the early trains, for rewards are out and money is a strong incentive. Two to four hundred dollars for simply telling who the guilty party is is making money so easily that many of these would be nation huns will pay the penalty before the season is over.

The Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, might very truthfully be said to own, free from cost, all of the courts sent from Chilton Co. Court. That corporation uses its own sweet will about whether our convicts shall be placed on the dead end list or paid the lowest fee, five dollars a month. We need to turn strong able bodied negroes, who, while never having had experience as coal miners, no doubt pay well from the day they enter, and the returns are "dead heads." Their contract with this county seems to allow plenty of latitude on that subject, but we regard the "dead heading" business as an effort to enrich a corporation at the expense of this county. If other counties are similarly treated we had best begin at once to break up the entire system and inaugurate other methods of giving our convicts employment. We trust county officials everywhere will work up this question and co-operate in getting something like justice.

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Every family should have one.
Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette, Ala.
The Electrolysis is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine.
Mrs. E. W. Story, La Place, Ala.
Rev. J. R. Robeson, of Chapeltown Miss., says the Electrolysis has worked admirably in his case, spinal rheumatism, has gained twenty pounds in a few months, eats and sleeps well.

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No. 3 Accommodating
GOING
No. 2 Fast
No. 4 Express
No. 10 Accommodating
Nos. 9 and 10 mail
and stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVES.
The weather has been
Mullins Bros. pay
Mr. Town Brown
day.
Rev. J. F. Smith
Sunday.
Mr. J. M. Woolley
town Saturday.
The friends of W.
glad to see him up
We are glad to see
up after a spell of
Miss Ella Gartin
from a visit to Mont
There will be a stock
at the Baptist Church
day.
Messrs. Dunkin
turned last week fr
Fair.
We had among our
Messrs. Williams, P
Strasburg.
The lock boxes to
office have arrived, w
glad to learn.
Prof. McMorries wa
last week, but is at hi
ing full work.
If you want pants
at the Clanton Drug S
Prof. J. P. Gore has
in the Lowe neighbor
a good attendance.
Messrs. Clay and B.
ly, attended the co
Hall Friday night.
Little Miss Annie
turns thanks to "Au
basket of nice potatoe
Miss Rosa Thorne
evening for Debons,
will establish a milline
Mr. O. A. Duke, Jr.
tin, has returned hom
relatives and his best
Five dollars was clea
cort last Friday night
behalf of the Clanton
Mrs. R. H. Crowell
relatives in Clanton
Bainbridge, Ga., to vi
Don't wait any longe
lins Bros. for Fresh Ne
Don't send your job
Chilton County. The
is doing the meet qu
We call attention to t
Regard, of Verbena. W
Mr. Beard for some
mend him to our read
Prof. J. W. Moore, C
uation is an enthusias
and we are glad to kno
gaged at the educat
Chilton.
Table entirely, glass
glases at Clanton Drug
Our banquet was high
Jno. McMorris, of Ann
day. He is one of the
aid pigst men. A n
lavor any position to
citizens might call him
George Reed, a negr
Mr. Collins, of Strasbu
house while the family
and stole a pocket book
Judge Honeycutt bou
await the action of the
You can get meat an
W.
Mr. L. C. Day and w
Ala., are on a visit to
Day expects to move to
he will keep books for
Lumber Co. He says h
ter health at Jemison t
It has been many a
VIEW has had a better
port from the people.
ere are reaching us from
of the country. We
county a good paper of
showing their appreciat
Mr. C. B. Bruce bro
very fine specimens of
ruba bags. He says he
ovich of potatoes an
100 bushels of ruba bag
plants no cotton, but
some supplies and is
A little cutting affry
Clanton last Saturday
Mr. Bill Headley and
nell, in which Mr. He
stab in the stomach, it
wound. Mr. Chisell w
his return home by de
brought back to town
in the court house wh
was sworn against him.
His bond fixed at \$250,
to make, let on Tinsell
and sent to a jail at
FOR SALE—Any one
are a phantasm and have
a man there once, attend
View that is a reality.

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 2, 1906.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
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One copy three months .25

Desk Test. Kentucky's defaulting treasurer has been captured.

A crank shot and killed Carter Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, early last Saturday.

A fellow in Lauderdale County was caught posting his neighbors. He said that he was only funning, but the court will do the funny act for him from now on.

The counties along the line of the Montgomery, Maplesville and Tusculum railroad have cause for rejoicing, for authentic news comes that that road will be completed at an early date.

The good people of any community can put down rowdism and lawlessness if they will but assert themselves. Truth, purity and virtue are always able to defeat wrong when properly asserted by their possessors.

The Jeffersonian committee called to meet in Birmingham November 16th to name a date and place for a state convention, to formulate a plan of campaign etc. The call does not invite People's party delegates, but simply Jeffersonian Democrats, but most of those who go as delegates will go as straight People's Party delegates.

Editor Whitehead, a leader in the People Party, talks pretty straight to the Jeffersonians. Hear him: "The Jeffersonians ought to disband and come into the People Party where they properly belong. If they can't do this they ought to go into organized Democracy. There is no longer any room in this state for a second fiddle faction party."

Public meetings are being held in Georgia to denounce white-cappers. Steps are also being taken to bring to light the sneaks. We do not believe that any farmer could countenance such outrages. For the most part such posting and burning is done by those shiftless parties who, not being able to beat merchants and landlords out of a support take this method of getting even.

So many complaints of rude behavior at the churches and in the churches have reached our ears that we feel it our duty to urge the grand jury to make diligent inquiry concerning such matters, and to indict the parties, be they high or low. It is not necessary that one disturb the preacher in order to make him guilty of disturbing public worship, but if by loud whispering or other rude behavior he disturbs any member of the congregation he is guilty of said offense.

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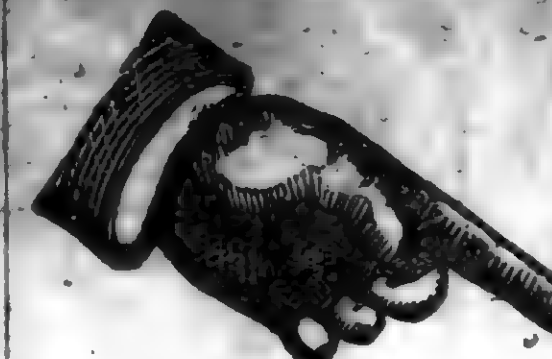
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Cream

of the State's, Nation's and World's happenings. It's editorial columns allow in them only those articles which give sound instruction on moral, social, financial and political questions. Articles which gender

Bitterness

And Strife

find no place either in editorial or correspondence columns.

THE VIEW will endeavor to make Chilton County the

Banner

County

in all those points which give a county an enviable reputation. Believing that we will have the good will and support of every law abiding man and woman in this county in our efforts we redouble our energies.

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Clanton, Ala.

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So. 3 Mail

So. 5 Accommodati

no. 10

no. 2 Fast

no. 4 Express

no. 10 Accommodati

no. 9 and 10 make

and 3 stop at all regular

LOCAL BRE

The weather has tur

Mullins Bros. pay co

Mr. Town Brown w

day.

Rev. J. F. Smith

Sunday.

Mr. J. M. Whalley

town Saturday.

The friends of W.

glad to see him up ag

We are glad to see A

up after a spell of sick

Miss Ella Gartin

from a visit to Montg

There will be a spee

at the Baptist Church

Mr. J. L. Beard, of

the capitol of Chilton

day.

Messrs. Dunkin a

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Fair.

We had among our

Messrs. Williams, The

Strasbourg.

The lock boxes to t

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glad to learn.

Prof. McMorries was

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If you want paints

at the Clanton Drug S

Prof. J. P. Gore has

in the Lowe neighbor

a good attendance.

Messrs. Clay and B.

ly, attended the co

Hall Friday night.

Little Miss Annie

turns thanks to "An

basket of nice potato

Miss Rosa Thorne

evening for Debra,

will establish a mill

Mr. O. A. Duke, Jr.

Ga., has returned hom

relatives and his best

Five dollars was cle

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behalf of the Clanton

Mrs. R. H. Crowell

relatives in Clanton

Bainbridge, Ga., to vi

Don't wait any long

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Don't send your bo

Chilton County. The

is doing the nicest

We call attention to

Beard, of Verbena.

Mr. Beard for some

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Prof. J. W. Moore,

vacation is an enthus

and we are glad to kn

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Chilton.

Table cutlery, glas

glasses at Clanton Dr

Our sanctum was h

Jno. McLerray, of Am

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Proprietor.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 2, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy four months .30

Dick Tate, Kentucky's defaulting treasurer has been captured.

A crank shot and killed Carter Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, early last Saturday.

A fellow in Lauderdale County was caught posting his neighbors. He said that he was only funning, but the court will do the funny act for him from now on.

The counties along the line of the Montgomery, Maplesville and Tusculum railroad have cause for rejoicing, for authentic news comes that that road will be completed at an early date.

The good people of any community can put down rowdiness and lawlessness if they will but assert themselves. Truth, purity and virtue are always able to defeat wrong when properly asserted by their possessors.

The Jeffersonian committee is called to meet in Birmingham November 16th to name a date and place for holding a state convention, to formulate a plan of campaign, etc. The call does not invite People's party delegates, but simply Jeffersonian Democrats, but most of those who go as delegates will be straight People's party delegates.

Editor Whitehead, a leader in the People Party, talks pretty straight to the Jeffersonians. Hear him: "The Jeffersonians ought to disband and come into the People Party where they properly belong. If they can't do this they ought to go into organized Democracy. There is no longer any room in this state for a second fiddle faction party."

Public meetings are being held in Georgia to denounce white-captivity. Steps are also being taken to bring to light the sneaks. We do not believe that any farmer could countenance such outrages. For the most part such posting and burning is done by those shiftless parties who, not being able to beat merchants and landlords out of a support take this method of getting even.

So many complaints of rude behavior at the churches and in the churches have reached our ears that we feel it our duty to urge the grand jury to make diligent inquiry concerning such matters, and to indict the parties, be they high or low. It is not necessary that one disturb the preacher in order to make him guilty of disturbing public worship, but if by loud whispering or other rude behavior he disturbs any member of the congregation he is guilty of said offense.

Our old friend, L. H. Stallworth, of Evergreen, received \$1,200 last week as a reward for capturing three white captives. These fellows who have been posting and burning houses had as well pack their grips and get out on the early trains, for rewards are out and money is a strong incentive. Two to four hundred dollars for simply telling who the guilty party is is making money so easily that many of these would be cotton bolls will pay the penalty before the season is over.

The Tennessee Coal and Iron Company, might very truthfully be said to own, free from cost, all of the convicts sent from Chilton County. That corporation uses its own sweat will about whether our convicts shall be placed on the dead head list or paid the lowest fee, five dollars a month. We send to them strong able bodied negroes, who, while never having had experience as coal miners, no doubt pay well from the day they enter, and the returns are "dead heads." Their contract with the county seems to allow plenty of latitude on that subject, but we regard the "dead heading" business as an effort to enrich a corporation at the expense of this county. If other counties are similarly treated we had best begin at once to break up the entire system and inaugurate other methods of giving our convicts employment. We trust county officials everywhere will work up this question and co-operate in getting something like justice.

For several years it has been apparent to many people that the Roman Catholics of the United States were making every effort possible to control the municipal affairs of all the great cities and to get from the public treasuries of cities, states and even from the United States treasury, all the funds they could with which to keep up their churches and schools. Those same people have for years kept in Washington City men with unlimited resources to purchase Congressmen and Senators whenever it was necessary. As proof of this assertion it is only necessary to remind our readers of the fact that whenever any matter that would hinder these people in raids upon the treasury, or that would aid in bringing to light any of the deeds of darkness of this religious-political band immediately prominent Protestant Senators or Representatives spring to the front as the special guardians of this body, who in the name of religion have carried forward so many abominable schemes; lobbyists, men and women of all kinds have tried their powers on nearly every man who appeared in a public capacity in Washington. In many cities none but Catholic men and boys are allowed to enter as apprentices, or join the trades unions. Evidences have ever and anon come to the surface that their convents and nurseries were veritable prisons and their priests were treacherous scoundrels. No doubt exists the fact that under cover of secret societies they fix political states. In the face of all these things no Senator or Congressman has arisen and introduced a bill of inquiry as to whether these things were true or false, but lately it has dawned upon the Catholics that the Protestants are awake to the real situation, and they are prepared to meet organization with organization, and that the American Protective Association is really upsetting many of their politicians, when Mr. Weador, of Michigan rises up and asks that an investigating committee go forth to see what are the merits or rather demerits of this new order. The associated press dispatches hasten to send forth some wild stories about their methods etc. The entire article has a Catholic coloring and our readers will be kept posted concerning the investigation. We hope that a committee of honest, fearless Americans will be appointed who will report all they learn both as to the Protestant and Catholic organizations.

With scarcely an interruption for the past fourteen days the Senate of the United States has been at work seeking to come to a vote on the repeal of the Sherman law. Sixty one days of debate was had on this same measure, and it is estimated that 20,000,000 words were spoken during those memorable days, but at length on Monday evening at 7:26 the final vote was taken and the majority for unconditional repeal of the Sherman law was eleven. This measure goes back to the house and it is believed that by a large majority, that body will approve the Senate's action at once, and the memorable contest will be over. We will watch and see what will flow from the repeal. The Democratic party now has it in its power to pass such financial laws as shall guarantee us peace on that issue for the next twenty years to come, and we believe that the Congressmen and Senators realize their duty and will perform it. Suppose we all suspend judgment for a little season until we have opportunity to know what the present administration will do.

It costs very little to be polite and kind to people, and yet it pays a handsome dividend. The public estimates a man according to the stamp he puts upon himself. If people think of and talk of one as being a coarse, impolite black guard, he may well analyze his own character and see if his actions and words do not justify the estimate. It pays to be a gentleman, whether a man be a lawyer, physician, teamster or ditcher. We have known business men who by their coarse manners and profane language drove off their best customers. Other things being any ways near equal we always trade with those merchants who show themselves gentlemen, and so do you.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

The people are drifting into the idea that it is not right to tolerate a difference of opinion in an opponent in politics and other matters. When it is ascertained that a man does not belong to the party they uphold they decide to withdraw all sympathy and support, no matter in what avocation the individual, with whom they differ may be engaged. Let a man be a spinster and some people will not hear him because he is not of the same political belief as they are. Let a man strive to build up a community and there are those who are ready to pull him down because he won't see as they see and vote as they vote. Some people will not read an opposition paper or hear an opposition speaker, while there are others who are ready to go to Washington and lynch Cleveland simply because he does not do as they think he should. This spirit of intolerance is ruinous in its effect and dangerous to good government. It retards the growth of the country and discourages patriotism. It breaks down individual enthusiasm and destroys confidence. It tends towards the disorganization of society and the destruction of republican institutions. It is opposed to freedom of conscience and in favor of ignorance and despotism. It was this spirit that drove Roger Williams from Massachusetts and caused him to settle the state of Rhode Island. It was this spirit that upheld the guillotine and deluged France in the blood of her ablest statesmen. It was this spirit that drove the pilgrim fathers to the rock bound coast of New England and sent the Huguenots up the Savannah River to settle the province of Georgia. It was this spirit that led Charles I to the scaffold and Louis XVI to the guillotine. We boast of our freedom and independence and yet this intolerant spirit pervades the country and sits enthroned around many households in the land. Let us remember that when we turn our backs upon an honest man because we differ with him that we by that act turn our back upon the very principles of which we so loudly boast. An honest man's opinions are worth any man's attention and should inspire his respect. Let us be more conservative in our views and dealings with our fellow man and make politics a secondary matter in the transactions with each other. —Albertville News.

Annual Report.
Strasburg, Ala., Oct. 26, '93.
I have held three Institutes for the white teachers. The first was attended by twenty-four teachers, notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather. The second by twenty, and the third by twelve. During our last institute it was raining both days so that the teachers could not attend. A few teachers failed to attend the Institute, but they rendered lawful excuses for their non-attendance. Much interest was manifested by the teachers and the people. Two days were devoted to the work at each institute.
Such subjects were discussed as would better prepare the teacher for the school room, and enthrone the people in the better education of their children. At our last meeting Prof. I. W. McAdory, of Jefferson Co., was with us, and did us valuable service. He delivered the educational address, which was full of wisdom and practical worth to all present. No colored teachers Institute was held. Efforts were made to do so, but not being enough colored teachers at any one time in the county, we failed to hold any. I have held three educational mass meetings, in which much interest was manifested. The fourth attempt was a failure. I feel that the cause of education is progressing rapidly in Chilton.

J. W. Moore, County Supt.
Some farmers make a bale of cotton to every acre and sometimes more says the Texas Farm and Rancher. Three and even four bales have been made. When a really good farmer who knows cotton from away back, undertakes to win a valuable premium for the best acre of cotton, he astonishes the country for miles around by the magnitude of the yield. Now what does this prove? That the present average yield is a disgrace to agriculture. If farmers uniformly surpass the average, it is greatly, when they try why should not more of them try?



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NASHVILLE, TENN.
(See advertisement, Ala.)

Testimonials.

Electropoise is woman's best friend.
R. M. Saddler, Woodlawn, Ala.
The Electropoise has been a success.
J. McGee Gould, Hollee, Ala.
Every family should have one.
Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette, Ala.
The Electropoise is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine.
Mrs. E. W. Story, La Place, Ala.
Rev. J. R. Robeson, of Chapelton Miss., says the Electropoise has worked admirably in his case, spinal rheumatism, has gained twenty pounds in a few months, eats and sleeps well.

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1. A farm, 90 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.
 2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
 3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
 4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
 5. A first class residence in Verbena.
 6. A farm at Dixie.
 7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
 8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
 9. A saw mill outfit and several 10, 200 acres land, 20 acres cleared; 70 acres lumber; 24 oxen; 4 log days; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit, yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
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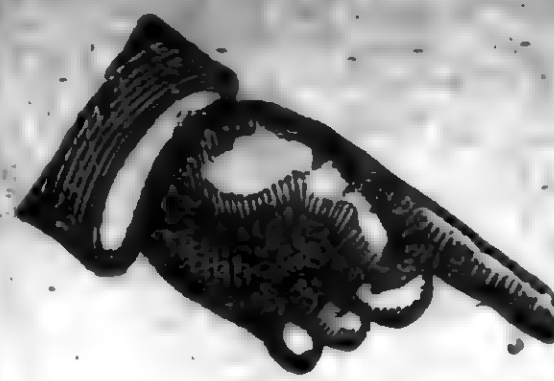
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CLANTON, ALA.

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No. 1 Express Don't No. 2 Mail No. 3 Accommodation

No. 2 Paid No. 4 Express No. 5 Accommodation

No. 6 and 10 make 3 stop at all regular

LOCAL BRE

The weather has turned Mullins Bros. pay Mr. Town Brown w. day.

Rev. J. F. Smith Sunday. Mr. J. M. Wadley town Saturday.

The friends of W. glad to see him up again. We are glad to see him up after a spell of sick.

Miss Ella Gartin from a visit to Montz. There will be a stack at the Baptist Church.

Mr. J. L. Board, of the capital of Chilton day.

Messrs. Dunkin returned last week from Fair.

We had among our Messrs. Williams, Peter Strasburg.

The lock boxes to office have arrived, glad to learn.

Prof. McMorries was last week, but is at his full work.

If you want prints at the Clanton Drug Store.

Prof. J. P. Gore has in the Lowe neighborhood a good attendance.

Messrs. Clay and B. J. attended the co. Hall Friday night.

Little Miss Annie turns thanks to "An basket of nice potatoes."

Miss Rosa Thorne evening for Deane, will establish a mill.

Mr. O. A. Duke, Jr. has returned home relatives and his best.

Five dollars was cleared last Friday night, behalf of the Clanton.

Mrs. B. H. Crowell relatives in Clanton, Bainbridge, Ga., to visit.

Don't wait any longer Mrs. Bros. for Fresh No.

Don't send your lot Chilton County. The is doing the meet of.

We call attention to the Board of Verbena. Mr. Beard for some intend him to our read.

Prof. J. W. Moore, vacation is an enthusiasm and we are glad to know around at the education.

Chilton.

Tide eatery, glass-glasses at Clanton Drug.

Our sanctum was visited by Mr. McLeary, of And day. He is one of our and purest men. A honor any position to citizens might call him.

George Reed, a new Mr. Collins, of Strasburg while the family and stole a pocket book Judge Howeycutt bore await the action of the.

You can get meat at

Mr. L. C. Day and Ala. are on a visit. Day expects to move. He will keep books of Lumber Co. He says ter health at Jemison.

It has been many View has had a better port from the people, ere are reaching us fr of the country. We county a good paper d showing their appreci

Mr. C. R. Bruce very fine specimens ruta bagas. He says bushels of rutabaga plants no cotton, but home supplies and

A little evening ad Clanton last Saturday. Mr. But Hendley at well, in which Mr. state in the stomach wound. Mr. Connell his return home by brought back in the to the court house. was weary against his hand fixed at 230 to make, but on Tues and and is now a

FOR SALE—Any buy a phonograph at a a fourth one and View last Sunday

CHILTON COUNTY

The geographical center of Alabama. The Louisville and Nashville, the R. T. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tuscaloosa and Memphis Railroads pass through this County, and the Cooper River is the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and saw mills. Pop. 15,000.

Chilton, the county seat, is on the R. T. V. & G. R. R., 16 miles south of Birmingham and 40 north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegrams.

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

Mr. John Abbott died in Montreal, Canada, Monday night.

The suit of G. W. Appleton, lecturer, against Henry M. Stanley, in London, has been settled privately out of court.

Gold in the sum of \$1,000,000 was sent by Lazard Freres, of New York, by the steamer sailing to Southampton Monday.

A Chicago special of Monday says: The grand jury has an indictment for murder against Prendergast, who shot Mayor Harrison.

The Paris Figaro of Monday morning announces that in view of the events of the past week, President Carnot resolved to be a candidate for re-election to the presidency.

A cable dispatch from Bern, Switzerland, states that Monday's election for 147 members of the national council resulted in a crushing defeat for the socialists. Only one of the candidates of that party was elected.

The steamer Bovio, which arrived at New York Sunday from Liverpool, made the passage in nine days, two hours and one minute, breaking all previous records of freight steamers between these two points.

The great turf mare, Santa Anna, winner of over twenty-five races for "Lucky" Baldwin, and holder of two track records, died at Bay District track, San Francisco, Monday evening, of lung fever. The mare was valued at \$50,000.

The London Times in its issue of Monday made some startling revelations in regard to the spread of diphtheria in that city. It is said there are 400 cases of the disease in London per week recently, causing from eighty to ninety deaths per week.

A New York dispatch of Tuesday says: The clearing house committee expects to cancel the last of the clearing house certificates this week. Only \$400,000 worth remains outstanding, and before the close of the week that amount will also be wiped out.

Swift & Co. have received the only first award for fresh beef, pork and mutton, and the highest award for best beef, smoked hams, breakfast bacon, lard, codolins and pepper at the World's fair, which were exhibited in their plate-glass refrigerator car.

Studebaker Brothers, of Chicago, have sold the carriage and harness, valued at \$2,500 each, that received the highest award at the world's fair, to Mr. Stachelsberg, the celebrated cigar manufacturer of New York, whose exhibit also received the highest award.

A New York dispatch of Saturday says: The Brazilian government has bought from the Phenetic Torpedo and Construction Company the finest 16-inch dynamite gun ever built, and a hundred projectiles, loaded with nitro glycerine, to be placed on the steamer El Oid and used against the insurgent fleet.

The executive committee of the board of directors of the World's fair will meet at Jackson park to determine how much longer and under what conditions the fair may be continued open. Their action will depend largely on the state of the weather when the meeting is called and the crowd in attendance upon the ground.

A cable dispatch of Monday from Vienna states that the Emperor Franz Joseph has accepted the resignation of the members of the Austrian cabinet. Prince von Windischgratz, court chamberlain and member of the privy council, is in communication with Count Hohenwart, who is the subject of a coalition ministry.

A Washington special of Monday says: Prendergast, the man who assassinated Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, also buried himself with national affairs. The Illinois congressmen have received several letters from him abusing President Cleveland for his attitude on the silver question and threatening all sorts of things.

A New York dispatch of Tuesday says: The visible supply of grain Saturday, October 22nd, as compiled by the New York Produce exchange, is as follows: Wheat, 69,928,000, increase 2,949,000; corn, 9,175,000, decrease 114,000; oats, 5,274,000, increase 66,000; rye, 823,000, increase 66,000; barley, 9,710,000, increase 375,000.

Mrs. Paul Spearling, thirty years of age, Monday night attempted to end her existence and that of her two children by throwing herself and them in front of a southbound express train on the Reading Railroad, at the Dauphin street crossing in Philadelphia. The gatesman and a spectator succeeded in rescuing the frenzied woman in time to save the lives of all, although she fought them desperately.

It was announced Sunday at Grand Rapids, Mich., by personal advice from Washington that the Hon. Edward F. Uhl has been tendered and accepted the assistant secretaryship of state to succeed Josiah Quincy. He is now in Washington. Mr. Uhl is one of the most popular and influential democrats in the state, has served two terms as mayor of Grand Rapids and was a delegate at large to the Cleveland convention last fall.

A special from Madrid, Spain, says: The statement issued Monday by the war office to the effect that only twelve men were killed and sixteen wounded, including eleven officers, in Sunday's engagement with the Rifians around Melilla is believed to not contain the full truth. It has had no effect what-

ever in allaying the popular ferment, and the demand for vengeance against the Rifians shows not the slightest sign of abatement. The belief is almost universal that the Spanish loss in the fight was severe.

A Chicago dispatch says: The remains of Mayor Carter Harrison were borne to the city hall Tuesday there to be in state. Dense crowds thronged the streets and sidewalks for blocks around the Harrison mansion on Ashland boulevard and witnessed the start. The cortege was a lengthy one and the distance to the city hall, two miles, through the heart of the city, was not covered for a considerable time. Simplicity was the notable feature of the obsequies. The hearse was plain black and bore no waving plumes, nor did heavy drapings adorn the black steeds which drew it.

A New York special says: A crank went into Edwin Gould's office in the Western Union building Monday afternoon and demanded \$5,000. He said that the Goulds were responsible for his losing that sum during a railroad strike at Rosedale, Kan. If the sum was paid over further trouble would be prevented, but he threatened to use violence if his demand was not acquiesced in. The crank was arrested and taken to police headquarters. He gave the name of Mongolian Andrews. He stated that he was a telegraph operator by occupation, and resided at 378 Pearl street, Brooklyn.

BUSINESS REVIEW.

Dun & Co. Report Trade as Decidedly Better.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: The port is in sight after a long and stormy voyage and the prospect of a speedy end of the struggle over repeal has brought bright hopes into business. It is still too soon to expect much effect in trade and manufactures, and though monetary obstacles are to a large extent removed, there still remain other legislative questions which create uncertainty.

A fact of real encouragement is that railway earnings for the third week of October show an increase of 3 per cent over last year, the first increase for a long time. Wheat rose 2 cents, although Atlantic exports fell to 1,100,000 bushels for the week, against 1,900,000 bushels last year, in part because western receipts were 3,863,000 bushels, against 3,900,000 last year. But corn declined an eighth, with better reports of yield; coffee declined three-sixteenths; pork products made only slight gains, and cotton fell a quarter, the receipts being 60,000 bales greater than last year.

As yet there is seen only a continuance of the faint and slow increase in the distribution of products which has been noticed for some weeks. Nor does this gradual revival in demand extend to all branches. Most of the increase is in the cotton and shoe manufacture may be explained by mere exhaustion in stocks of dealers, at frequent requests for immediate delivery show, but there is also reported a somewhat better demand from consumers and more cotton mills have started, and seven have increased their forces, against seven stopping, or decreasing. A similar demand has increased by six the number of hosiery and knit goods works reported in operation.

The shipments of shoes from the east in four weeks of October are 28 per cent less than last year, against 32 per cent in September; but against eight comparatively small woolen mills starting, five have stopped, including five of 3,000 and another of 1,000 hands. The total sales of wool at three chief markets, including several million pounds believed to be for speculation have been 9,307,123 pounds in three weeks, against 21,975,000 last year.

Two additional iron furnaces have gone into blast, and the present output may be a little larger than at the beginning of the month. Some rail mills have resumed manufacture apparently to provide for future rather than present wants of their customers, and there is some addition to the number of the nail and wire works and machine shops employed.

But the demand for most products is small. It is hoped that monetary ease and security may encourage railroad extensions and improvements and more architectural work; but the shrinkage in demand is not wholly due to the state of the money markets.

The number and magnitude of failures decreased less than had been expected, the liabilities in three weeks of October amounting to \$15,079,920, against \$17,000,000 for the same week last year. This week there have been 852 failures in the United States against 187 last year, and 44 in Canada against 30 last year. Including one bank and two western failures for a million or more, there were sixty-five of liabilities exceeding five thousand each.

The Original Use of Butter.

Butter, which is almost indispensable to the meal nowadays, was formerly used solely as an ointment. Herodotus, a Greek historian, is the first writer who mentions butter. A. C. 500. The Spartans treated it very much the same as we do cold cream or vasoline, and Plutarch tells how a hostess was sickened at the sight of one of her visitors, a Spartan, who was saturated in butter. The Scythians introduced the article to the Greeks, and the Germans showed the Romans how to make it. But the latter did not use it for food. They, like the Spartans, anointed their bodies with it.

HERE AND THERE.

Watts-Berlin must be a queer place. You can't hire a servant without going to the police.

Potts—And here you have to call in the police when you wish to go out of bed. At least I did.—[Indianapolis Journal.]

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Pithy Paragraphs.

News was received at Dallas, Monday night of the destruction by fire of a large portion of the business portion of the town of Kyle, Texas. No particulars.

Brunswick's worst days are over and if the cold weather continues business may pick up and the people return to an early date. There were ten new cases of yellow fever reported Tuesday, but no deaths.

A Knoxville, Tenn., dispatch of Tuesday says: Trouble is brewing on the lines of the Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway and within a few days the company is liable to have a large sized and fully developed strike on its hands.

A New Orleans special says: The man supposed to have stolen the money package sent by the American Express company from New York to New Orleans has been finally found and arrested. The robbery was a very clever one and for the time puzzled the detectives.

A meeting of the bar association of Richmond, Va., Monday, resolutions were adopted recommending Charles V. Meredith for judge of the United circuit court to succeed the late Judge Hugh L. Bond. A committee was appointed to present the resolutions to President Cleveland.

A fatal accident occurred on the South Carolina railroad Monday at Ridgeville, a small town about fifteen miles from Charleston. Through freight No. 88, for Augusta ran over a cow and the entire train of fourteen cars was derailed. Engineer John Wiley was killed and the fireman was badly hurt. The train was totally wrecked.

The state auditor of North Carolina states that he will begin to issue pension warrants November 1st. There are 4,888 pensioners, an increase of 127 over last year. There are 3,804 widows, a decrease of fourteen. Sixty-seven soldiers receive \$67 a year, 244 receive \$50, 388 receive \$38 and 1,380 receive \$16; 2,804 widows receive \$16.

A Brunswick, Ga., dispatch says: The steamship Balfour went to sea Saturday morning drawing twenty feet and six inches of water. She carried a remarkable cargo of 8,518 bales of cotton, 548 tons of phosphate rock, sixty-two tons of cotton seed and 102 bales of West India staves. She was loaded at the Brunswick Terminal Company's dock.

In the United States circuit court at Nashville Saturday Judge Sage overruled the demurrer for defendant Frank Porterfield for a continuance and decided that the trial must proceed on Monday. Porterfield was cashier of the defunct Commercial National bank, and there are several indictments against him for violation of the national banking laws.

A special of Saturday from Florence, Ala., states that Sheriff Patterson, of Woodruff county, has arrested Rev. J. H. Matthews, a Methodist minister who has been preaching in that county. Matthews was taken back to Arkansas on a warrant charging him with grand larceny and forgery. He made no objection to being arrested, but refused to make a statement.

A New Orleans special of Sunday says: Among the passengers aboard the steamship Silverline on her last voyage to Liverpool, Guatemala, was Sheriff Collector W. E. Cook, of St. Tammany parish, and with him about \$61,000 of the state's money. He left Covington last week, ostensibly to go to Baton Rouge to make a settlement with the auditor, but disappeared.

A Jackson, Miss., special of Tuesday says: Whatever the sentiment may be with regard to the unconditional repeal in other states, it is but fair to say that there are very many in the state that favor it, and its passage in the senate Monday night met with expressions of almost universal approval on the streets of Jackson. Hill comes to be sharing in the praise showered on Cleveland.

A dispatch of Saturday from Florence, Ala., says: White caps have posted cotton gins in every part of the county warning the ginners to stop ginning cotton until it brings 10 cents. Many have quit picking and ginning for fear of having their cotton and gins burned. A white cap was arrested while posting a gin and is now in jail. He admitted having posted the notice, but claimed that it was done in fun.

A Nashville special says: October land county has voted \$60,000 subscription to the Tennessee Central railroad, and private parties in the county have subscribed \$25,000. Colonel Barker says this will be sufficient to extend the road to the Cincinnati Southern. Roan county will vote on a subscription of \$150,000 on November 25th, and this would take the road within twenty-five miles of Knoxville. The gap between Nashville and Lebanon will be the last part of the road to be constructed.

An African Argument.

Herbert Ward, the African explorer, was once chaffing some of the natives, declaring that they were direct descendants from monkeys, alleging their dark color as one of the evidences. "One old fellow went quietly over to a captive ape," says Mr. Ward, "and turned back his fur. Then he looked quizzically at me. The ape's skin was white."—[Argonaut.]

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARRIS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

TERMS: \$1.00 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XIII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1893.

NUMBER 2.

What Cash Will Do! :- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$9.85.
50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$9.85.
50 All wool business suits worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.

50 All wool business suits worth \$17.50 at \$12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth \$20.00 at \$15.45.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$10.00 at \$7.00.
35 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER. CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE, Montgomery, Alabama.

Keep Your Eye on the Compass.

Keep your eye on the compass
If the sea runs high,
And the ocean's lark blows
Mock the blackness of the sky;
When beating up against the winds
So pitiless and strong,
Keep your eye on the compass
And you can't go wrong.
Keep your eye on the compass,
And your white light shined,
Though the moon hide in the heavens
And the stars are dimmed;
Though the voyage may be lonely
And the way seem long,
Keep your eye on the compass
And you can't go wrong.
Keep your eye on the compass,
Will guide you where the North star is,
And where the fowls sleep
In the sunny South. No matter
If the way seems long,
Keep your eye on the compass
And you can't go wrong.
—CY WALKER, in New York Sun.

MODERN CHIVALRY.

BY LIZZIE YORK CARR.

"I tell ye, gentlemen, hit's impossible to rise born and rise it right with-out litigation."
"I suppose he meant irrigation, but far be it from me to criticize a member of the school board," laughingly said the handsome young man that had just entered the cabin.

"These neighbors of ours must be the funniest people on earth, or do you invent these jokes for their medicinal effect?" inquired the sick girl, smiling from her comfortable chair.
"Oh, I'm not equal to that; my imagination is a mere spark, a tallow dip—so to speak—compared to their brilliancy. And the fun of it is they are so unconscious."

Two young men and a sick girl, accustomed to the refinements of civilization, trying to consider life a great joke in this rude cabin on a far away ranch.

It was a romantic situation, and "dequely unconventional," as they admitted.
One of the men—a young doctor—had buried a charming wife and was rushing away from sad memories to try life in a new land, together with another young adventurer.

When in New York, where they had stayed a few days, they met Bessie Mason, an old school friend of both, apparently dying with consumption, and quite alone in the world.

She had longed for a breath of the balmy south, a last chance for life; but under the circumstances it was useless. Now the coming of these friends revived the thought.

"Go with us," said the doctor; "you will get well. We will adopt you."
"Oh, to think of it restores me almost; it is impossible."

"The impulsive young man, persuaded themselves that the change would save the girl's life, finally succeeded in overcoming her scruples."

She bore the journey marvelously, and leaving her in a little hotel in Texas, they prepared to set up house-keeping on a sheep ranch not far off.

The doctor, riding over every day to see the sick girl, soon became convinced that more cure was needed than could be had in that place.

Beside their cabin fire, the two friends held a consultation, and the verdict was that Bessie must come home.

"We must take care of her," they said. "Yes, by George! now we've brought her so far away. But ought we to adopt her or marry her?"

"I'll settle it," said the doctor. "I've had more experiences than you."

The next day he told Bessie that the cabin was quite comfortable now, that they had accomplished wonders in this way of furnishing and decorating.

woman for company. Fact is, Bessie, you must give me a husband's right to bring you home and get you well."
"Dear, kind old schoolmate, I see it all now. How selfish I was to let you burden yourself with a dying girl."

"Nonsense, Bess; we'll get you well. And then we really need you, and if you don't come we will not be safe; we need your protection. An Amazon rode up yesterday and brought a present. What do you think it was?"

"Something sentimental, I should judge."

"Correct," said the doctor. "It was butter. She had it in a bottle that she carried next her heart. It was melted when she gave it to me."

"Which, the heart or the butter?" asked Bess, who could not help seeing the funny side, no matter how she felt. Then with quickly changing mood she said, "But I cannot permit you to make further sacrifice for me. It is a clear case of modern chivalry."

"Well, if that's what you call it, one so seldom gets a chance to do the heroic, I don't intend to let this one slip."

"But there is a memory," she urged, "so near."

Instantly the young doctor became serious. "Yes, very near and precious, and for the sake of this you will see it is best."

Some people always shed tears at a wedding, no matter how happy the occasion. The big, strong-armed hostess at the hotel, in bright calico gown, who stood up with the best man, did justice to the circumstances in the isohymal line.

The sick girl's eyes shone like stars, and her thin cheeks were flushed with happiness. The resolute manner of the doctor, conveying the idea that he was being sworn to match his bride from the jaws of death, his friend serious and sympathetic, the gaudy bridemaid, perhaps never had so genuine an occasion for tears.

When the pathetic reaches a certain pitch, the ludicrous sometimes comes in to relieve the tension. The pendulum swings.

It was a custom of the old parson that dispensed communal ties in that section, to bring the bride a present.

He had ridden many miles with a queer thing fastened to his saddle-bags, which he brought in and gave the bride with awkward ceremony, explaining that he always "got 'em all alike, so as there wouldn't be no jealousy."

It was a bonnet, covered with bright, cheap flowers, which he insisted on putting on the sick bride's head.

This incongruity furnished a vent to the strained feelings of the party.

When the newly-made husband shook the parson's hand, and assured him that no gift could have been more appropriate, the poor man, though well satisfied, was a trifle puzzled.

In the cabin home, Bessie seemed to grow better. She became interested in the ranch, the sheep-raising, and was fond of the young lambs which were brought in.

The two friends vied with each other in making her comfortable. They ranged the country for each delicious as could be had, which she showed them how to prepare, and forced herself to taste.

They made merry over their domestic blunders, and daily brought the budget of fun from outside.

The inquiry of the kind-hearted neighbors, "How's yo' ole woman today?" always "brought down the house," and Bessie's slaves as she called the two friends, made her incoherent as "the ole woman."

The young men were sincerely conscious how largely she entered into their lives, until the turn came, and they had to face the fact that she was fading rapidly.

At last the dread messenger entered the cabin, and the three resolute natures, who had made a brave fight against him, had to yield.

"God reward you, dear old chums," the dying girl said feebly, giving a hand to each.

The doctor bent low to catch her last word, "My husband! I may call you so once. Hear my confession. On your part it was friendship, noble, self-sacrificing; on my part it was love, stronger than death."—[Detroit Free Press.]

An Elephant's Sagacity.

In India domesticated elephants are usually given drink from large wooden troughs filled with well water by means of a pump, and it is commonly an elephant that fills this trough. Every morning he goes regularly to his task. While visiting a friend at his fine residence in India a correspondent of the Manchester Examiner saw a large elephant engaged in pumping such a trough full of water. He continues:

"In passing I noticed that one of the two tree trunks which supported the trough at either end, had rolled from its place, so the trough, still elevated at one extremity, would begin to empty itself as soon as the water reached the level of the top at the other end, which lay on the ground. I stopped to see if the elephant would discover anything wrong. Soon the water began to run off at the end which had lost its support. The animal showed signs of perplexity when he saw this, but as the end nearest him lacked much of being full he continued to pump. Finally seeing that the water continued to pass off, he left the pump handle and began to consider the phenomenon. He seemed to find it difficult to explain. Three times he returned to his pumping and three times he examined the trough."

"I was an absorbed looker-on, impatient to see what would be done. Soon a lively flapping of the ears indicated a dawning of light. He went and smelled of the tree trunk which had rolled from under the trough. I thought for a moment that he was going to put it in its place again. But it was not, as I soon understood, the end which ran over which he found it impossible to fill. Raising the trough, which he then allowed to rest for an instant on one of his huge feet, he rolled away the second supporting log with his trunk and then set the trough down so that it rested at both ends on the ground. He returned to the pump and completed his task."

Saved by Its Song.

A little thistle bird in Monmouth owes its life to its perseverance and habit of singing while in trouble. A man in that village had heard the small songster's persistent notes near his window for nearly a month, and at last called the attention of a friend who makes a study of birds and their ways to its song. This friend soon made the discovery that the bird was a prisoner to its nest. A ladder was brought and the bird and nest were taken down and examined. One leg of the little sufferer had become encased in the wool with which the nest was lined, and it was only after twenty minutes painstaking efforts with sharp instruments that the limb was loosed from the snarl. This done the spectators were surprised to see the bird fly away apparently as well as though never tied to a near-by apple tree. The bird's parents or some other of its feathered friends had kept it supplied with food during its imprisonment.—[Livestock (Mo.) Evening Journal.]

All along the Atlantic coast there is an ever-renewed supply of English and Scotch and Irish names of places.

SPECIAL AD.

Business Notices in this column for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be handled as advertisements and charged for accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

Cucumber Snakes.

Down in Miles River Neck, Talbot County, there is a spot where the average Chinese would delight to dwell. It is a place where Chinese cucumbers grow to an enormous size. This vegetable however, assumes sometimes a shape which frightens the natives of the neighborhood, in spite of the fact that Talbot is a local option county. The cucumber grows long and slim, and at times twists itself into coils resembling a snake. A man going from Eastern the other day to Miles River Ferry, in passing a little clearing in the woods noticed a green looking object in a patch of vegetables, and he got over the fence to make a closer examination. He almost fainted. Another citizen came along soon afterward. The first man had revived and was leaving the patch at a Nanny Hanks gait. When accosted he said to his friend: "Been bit by a snake, woods full of 'em."

Citizen No. 2 persuaded the frightened man to go back, and upon examination the snake proved to be a Chinese cucumber about 27 inches long, which in the course of growth had twisted itself up in the form of a snake.

The cucumber was sent to the "American" office by express. It was grown on the farm of L. W. Trail, of Miles River Neck, and its shape is perfectly make like. Mr. Trail, it is said, has a quarter of an acre of them. The Chinese cucumber is not eaten to any extent in this country except by Chinese and a few foolish cows. The former, however, import them in a dried condition from their native land, as they do stale eggs and other odorous luxuries. The Chinese like to see cucumbers grow, and they often cultivate them in their yards in the cities over here. The snake-like appearance of the vegetable does not frighten the least-eyed foreigners, as he would eat with relish a green cucumber if he didn't happen to have anything else handy.—[Baltimore American.]

A Plan That Worked.

"How did you break yourself of the habit of lying in bed till noon?" inquired the man in the white duck trousers.

"I adopted the self-cure," replied the man with the wart on his face. "I wrote letters to myself, beginning this way: 'You lazy, good-for-nothing hound, what do you mean by lounging in bed when you ought to be at work like other men? You sneaking, skulking, lubberly, idle, worthless bag of bones; if you've got an ounce of manhood, get up!' On my way home at night I would stop at a district telegraph office, leave one of those letters addressed to myself, with instructions to have the messenger take it to my house at 7 o'clock in the morning. It was always brought to me on time and I was waked up to receive it. I would open it, read it and roll out. That's the self-cure, gentlemen, and all it costs is ten cents a dose."—[New York Mercury.]

Glass Curtains.

Glass curtains are a novelty in the industry for home furnishings. They are in colored glass, and have the effect, when closed, of stained glass. They consist of a series of little squares of colored glass, each set in a small wire frame, the square being attached to each other at the four corners by little S-shaped hooks. It is stated that they can be as easily unrolled down and moved as any other curtain, and in the case of changing from one size of window to another, can be easily enlarged or decreased by the addition or subtraction of a certain number of squares. They are also easily cleaned, and one of their particular attractions is said to be cheapness.—[St. Louis Republic.]

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 9, 1900.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year . . . \$1.00
One copy six months50
One copy four months30

Where stilling and white caping flourish churches and schools die.

The House by nearly one hundred majority concurred in the Senate bill repealing the Sherman law.

Suppose Senator Pugh, whose attacks on Democracy have been so widely published by Populist papers, should decide to come home and make the race for Governor on the silver side, would Kolb be side tracked?

Hon. Jesse Stallings told his constituents that he was following Senator Morgan and didn't feel that he could go far wrong while such a man was leading. The Advertiser suggests that Stallings be elected because his folks believed that he could do something for himself, but from henceforth he will be known as "the too" Stallings.

Free silver has proved itself so heavily on the minds of some people in Alabama that they have grown tired of waiting for a free silver law to be passed and have gone out on their own hook to coin money. Pewter, lead, and such other metals are used in the making, and then comes the circulating. This does not go far before the counterfeiters are caught and contraction takes place. The good old doctrine of make haste slowly is still suited to our times.

Judging from the last issue of the Reform Advocate things are not altogether lovely among the Populists of Elmore county. Of those troubles in Israel the Advocate says: "We had hoped that Elmore would have run the gauntlet without trouble, but the reformers of this county have a few just such men to deal with, and the only way to act is to not firmly and emphatically, and let disorganizers and disruptionists in the ranks understand that the sooner they 'pull out the better.' Better go slow brother, you may need all of those fellows in your business 'before the cruel war is over.'"

A special to the Birmingham News gives an account of a third party meeting recently held at Cullman from which we extract the following:

"The meeting consisted principally of the leading republicans of the county. T. W. Powell, who is said to be the mouthpiece of the third party of Cullman county, addressed the assembly in a long harangue in which he told them to organize themselves and prepare themselves for the conflict to come. He exhorted them to go to people's homes and ask them to come and register and if they didn't come for that to make them come. It is said that he told them to 'go to the private judges of the different counties and demand that they fulfill the requirements of the law in appointing managers of the next election from each party and if they failed to do it to hang them, and for them to go home and rub up their old shot guns, and if it was necessary, in order to seat their candidate, to fight.'"

It is strange how any sensible man, no matter how bitterly he hates Democracy, can have the conscience to any editorially that the repeal of the Sherman law has killed silver. What does the bill say? After providing for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman law the Voorhees bill further declares: "And it is hereby declared to be the policy of the United States to continue the use of both gold and silver as standard money and to coin both gold and silver into money of equal intrinsic exchangeable value, such equality to be secured through international agreement or by such safeguards of legislation as will assure the maintenance of the parity of the coins of the two metals and the equal power of every dollar at all times in the markets and in the payment of debts." Now, gentle reader that is the language of the bill to which President Cleveland fixed his signature. By this law silver stands side by side with gold. What more can the friends of silver ask? Let it be that gold shall be demonetized?

For months the columns of weekly as well as daily papers have rattled away on the silver question. Most of us knew very little about it, but barked away because some man we thought knew it all said so. With all of our mutterings pro and con, Cleveland called an extraordinary session of Congress and urged that the Sherman law be repealed, and after weary some days and nights the feat was accomplished. Cleveland is a greatly abused man. Most direful results are predicted because of his dictatorship. Since we have been studying the character of Cleveland, the conviction, that he is every inch a true man, one who stands "unswept by fear and undriven by gain," grows upon us. Rarely has history presented us with a public man who so feared God, and regarded man. A man who with greater appreciation holds his office as a public trust. His entire history, as a public man, proves that he intelligently studied every question, and then with unwavering courage goes forward in the discharge of his duty. He believed in tariff reform, and therefore he spoke. The politicians, ever afraid of getting too far in advance of the people, trembled, cried out for fear, pulled back, rattled the people, and Cleveland failed to get a nomination. Four years rolled around, the people had had sufficient time to study the doctrines enunciated by Cleveland, and in the face of the yelping shrieking politicians politicians the people by a tremendous majority, nominated the fearless, and the honest statesman. Soon from certain quarters arose the cry of free silver. Demagogues set up a clamor for free silver, most of these characters being ignorant of what the term meant. Such a clamor again scared the politicians in the Democratic party and they tried to put words into Cleveland's mouth, lest he be defeated. Said they also, we made a mistake in nominating Cleveland, he never can be elected. But the people believed him to be honest and were satisfied that as President he would work for the best interests of the entire country. So, with a crushing majority, he was elected. Entering office he found a bankrupt treasury and a law to fulfill whose provisions is said to have cost the government one hundred and sixty million dollars. As soon as the practical effects of that law were known he called Congress together to repeal said law. Around him in great fury swept the currents and counter currents, the blasts of compromise blew silver dust thick in his eyes, and yet when the storm abated he was as solid in his purpose as ever, unshaken in the righteousness of his course. He has again triumphed. Once more the politicians are predicting defeat for the Democratic party by reason of his position in this matter. Judging the future by the past we have no doubt but that the wisdom of the nation will soon applaud not only the courage of the President, but also his judgment. To the people we would say, let not designing politicians disturb your peace of mind, be not over hasty to condemn a man who has never proven faithless to a single trust committed to his keeping. His course may not be according to our liking and yet it is possible that he may be nearer right than we. Let patience have her perfect work.

A Drunkard's Will.
The following is a will left by a drunkard of Oswego, New York State: "I leave to society a ruined character and a wretched example, I leave to my parents as much sorrow as they can in their feeble state bear. I leave to sisters and brothers as much shame and mortification as I could bring them. I leave to my wife a broken heart—a life of shame. I leave to each of my children poverty, ignorance, a low character; a remembrance that their father filled a drunkard's grave."

Premium.
The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Subscribe for The View.

A Bill for Better Citizens.

Washington Post.
The bill prepared by Mr. Oates of Alabama, amendatory to the naturalization laws of the United States, has been reported favorably from the House Judiciary Committee. It is intended to do away with the flagrant abuses of the present system. It is a much needed legislation and should be perfected as to cover all the weak points in existing laws and the manner of their enforcement. Mr. Oates, of course would have no alien who has ever been convicted of a felony or other infamous crime admitted to citizenship, nor one who holds anarchistic views, or favors polygamy, or who has found his way into the country by an evasion of the immigration regulations. The applicant for naturalization must have resided in the United States continuously for five years, and in the State or Territory one year, and must be able to read the constitution, which presupposes a knowledge of the English language.

It is notorious that many aliens are made citizens who are unable to read at all, who know literally nothing of the nature of the constitutions which they are sworn to support, and to whom the American political system is a mere blank, excepting as far as it makes mechanical factors of them in the determination of popular elections.

The law cannot be made too rigorous in its requirements of a reasonable degree of intelligence and information with regard to the constitutional obligation assumed by the citizen. The matter of residence is another thing of special importance. The way of an alien to citizenship upon an intention only and after a sojourn of but a few weeks or months in the land of his adoption should be effectually blocked. Would it be well, furthermore, to limit the enforcement of the naturalization laws to the federal courts alone and to prescribe that all persons upon requiring the requisite qualifications for citizenship and desirous to become citizens should avail themselves of the first opportunity to obtain their naturalization papers. Something should be done to prevent the herding and manipulation of would be voters by the party leaders upon the eve of election, when in most instances the enforcement of the law is converted into an indecent farce.

Mr. Oates has the best wishes of the Post for the success of his bill, and trusts that it will be made ironclad. The people of this country are now in the mood for a radical amendment of existing laws, and amendments should be on stringent lines.

Governor Jones' Administration.

We not infrequently hear adverse criticism on Gov. Jones, for borrowing sufficient money to maintain the credit of the State of Alabama, and to prevent State paper from being hawked around and depreciated in value. We most earnestly commend Gov. Jones for this action in behalf of Alabama, and congratulate the people that he was able to negotiate the loan in these days of financial stringency. We would ask what else should he have done, should he have sat still and disregarded the interests of Alabama which was trusted to his safe keeping? To maintain the credit of the state is of great consequence to the people. We suppose that his critics would have Alabama lose her credit and see the State humiliated by having debts due unpaid.

There is unfortunately in Alabama, even inside the ranks of the organized Democracy, a few pious, narrow minded men who dislike Gov. Jones, and who would be pleased to see the State lose her hard-earned credit during his administration, just to have had an opportunity to have said: "I told you so." No such calamity will ever befall Alabama while Thos. G. Jones is at the mast-head and those who are slyly trying to injure him by invective and faint praise had just as well give up their fruitless and puny task. Thomas G. Jones has made Alabama an able governor, has proven himself in every crisis the man for the place, and equal to the occasion. We know of no Governor of our state who has pursued a more candid, bold and statesman-like course than he.

It should be borne in mind that the administration of Governor Jones has been surrounded by

Send us your Job Work.

ALABAMA
BIRMINGHAM
School of shorthand and Telegraphy.
MONTGOMERY, ALABAMA.

Theoretical text books, which have been the basis of teaching in business colleges for thirty years, are not used in this institution. **LEARNING BY DOING**, is the way children learn how to talk, walk, run—girls learn to sew, typewrite and cook by practice. Boys learn base ball, bicycling and trades, not from books, but learn by doing. **BUSINESS, LIKE THE REST, IS LEARNED BEST IN ACTUAL BUSINESS.** As is done by the business men, in every detail, is the method used to give students actual practical experience at this institution. During his whole course, from the day he enters until he graduates, he is actually engaged in business. **DEALS WITH** No imaginary person; makes no imaginary sale, discounts or settlements; handles no imaginary papers; but the actual transactions must in every case take the place of theory work.

Send for circular
L. A. WYATT,
Principal.

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2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.
3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.
4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.
5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 28 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several
10. 200 acres land, 20 acres cleared; 70 acres lumber; 24,000; 4 log days; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit. Joke of oxen, wagon, etc.
Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.
C. W. HARE, Agent.

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C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

KINCH

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Principal.

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5. A first class residence in Verbena.
6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 28 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several
10. 200 acres land, 20 acres cleared; 70 acres lumber; 24,000; 4 log days; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit. Joke of oxen, wagon, etc.
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C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

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Visiting Cards, Etc., Etc., And In fact,

We are Prepared for Job Work; Are pleasing Others and can Please You.

CHILTON VI

C. W. HARE, Editor

CLANTON, ALA., NOV

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. R.

Trains pass Clanton daily, as

going south.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:00

No. 3 Mail 6:30

No. 9 Accommodation 6:30

going north.

No. 2 Fast 9:00

No. 4 Express 10:00

No. 10 Accommodation 6:30

No. 8 and 10 make all stops

and stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES

Cyprian were in town last

County court convened Monday

Mr. J. Rice attended court

day.

We have had rain enough

dust.

Mr. F. J. Davis has returned

Cumma.

Mr. Joe Heeter has returned

Verona.

The mail train has changed

old schedule.

There was a party at Mr. J.

Monday night.

Drummers and tramps

numerous lately.

Mullins Bros. pay cash for

Miss Bertie Deadwilder is

staves in Clanton.

A larger attendance at com

court Monday than usual.

Mr. L. E. Gullaborn, has

from the World's Fair.

A sociable was given at the

editor Friday night.

Mr. W. M. Pierce, of Bur

the View a call Monday.

Miss Gussie Allen, of Jem

visit to Mrs. John Garner.

The Clanton postoffice

most conveniently arranged.

Mr. Joe King, of Montrom

ed friends in Clanton Sunday

Circuit Court commences

next. Read the grand jury

Madam Rumor is again

tale—another marriage—if

real.

The commissioners court

regular quarterly meeting

on Monday.

Our old friend Mr. K. Wel

bens, has recovered from a

tack of cold which kept him

several days.

Mr. Logan Daughin has re

headquarters at Union Spr

filling the position of mag

here for Mr. Joe Heeter.

Your old shoes have done

service, but they don't look

Go to Mullins Bros. for a new

We were placed under

to Mr. Tyler Goodwyn, Cl

Circuit Court of Elmore co

on our recent visit to Wet

Rev. R. E. Feagin unite

bonds of matrimony Oct.

Harriet Jones to Mr. J.

The View sends them the co

of the season.

Don't wait any longer, but

line Bros. for Fresh New Dr

Perhaps one of the most in

farmers in Chilton County

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 2, 1933

SCHEDULE K. & N. A. L. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
going south.
No. 1 Express Don't stop 8:00 a. m.
No. 2 Mail 8:40 p. m.
No. 3 Accommodation 8:20 a. m.
going north.
No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 5 Accommodation 8:20 p. m.
Nos. 2 and 4 make all stops. Nos. 3 and 5 stop at all regular stations.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

(Topics were in town last week.)
County court convened Monday.

Mr. J. Bice attended court Monday.

Mr. Peter Quigley was in town Monday.

We have had rain enough to settle dust.

Mr. F. J. Davis has returned from Coosa.

Mr. Joe Hester has returned from Verbena.

The mail train has changed back to old schedule.

There was a party at Mr. J. P. Gore's Monday night.

Drummers and tramps have been numerous lately.

Mullins Bros. pay cash for cotton.

Miss Bertie Deadwilder is visiting relatives in Clanton.

A larger attendance at commissioners court Monday than usual.

Mr. L. E. Gullahorn, has returned from the World's Fair.

A notable was given at the home of the editor Friday night.

Mr. W. M. Pierce, of Burwell, gave the View a call Monday.

Miss Gussie Allen, of Jemison, Iron a visit to Mrs. John Garner.

The Clanton postoffice has been most conveniently arranged.

Mr. Joe King, of Montgomery, visited friends in Clanton Sunday.

Circuit Court commences on the 25th inst. Read the grand jury list.

Madam Rumor is again telling her tale—another marriage—if she is correct.

The commissioners court held their regular quarterly meeting beginning on Monday.

Our old friend Mr. K. Wells, of Verbena, has recovered from a severe attack of cold which kept him in bed for a few days.

Mr. Logan Dunkin has returned to headquarters at Union Springs after filling the position of night operator here for Mr. Joe Hester.

Your old shoes have done you good service, but they don't look well now. Go to Mullins Bros. for a new pair.

We were placed under obligation to Mr. Tyler Goodwyn, Clerk of the Circuit Court of Elmore county, while on our recent visit to Wetumpka.

Rev. B. E. Feagin united in the bonds of matrimony Oct. 25th, Miss Harriett Jones to Mr. J. B. Sellers.

The View sends them the compliments of the season.

Don't wait any longer, but go to Mullins Bros. for Fresh New Dry Goods.

Perhaps one of the most independent farmers in Clanton County is J. T. Bland, of Verbena. He lives at home and is never forced to call his cotton until the price suits him.

Rev. Jno. R. Sampey, D. D., one of the Professors in the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary at Louisville, Ky., spent a couple of days in Clanton as a guest of his brother, W. L. Sampey.

Our readers are invited to give A. A. Finkbecker a call when they visit Montgomery. His large experience in the furniture business, and his well known good character are guarantees that his patrons will be well treated.

Mr. Devenport and family have removed from this county to Texas. Mr. Devenport was under bond, we are informed, to appear before the next term of the circuit court. He may find time to visit us at that time, otherwise his bondsmen will look him some.

Quite a fight is on hand concerning Clanton's public school funds. The friends of Prof. Robinson want him to get the money, and the friends of Mrs. L. E. Bowdon want her to have it. Another meeting will be held Saturday.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. \$175 in 3 payments will get this place.

Chas. W. Hare, Agent.

Don't forget that the Ivey House has been removed to 319 Montgomery street. Just three blocks from the Exchange Hotel. The rooms are nice and the table board the best the market affords for the price. Our friends should patronize this boarding house when in Montgomery.

Notes.

I am now able to attend to business again and would like for all parties who owe me to call and settle.

W. L. Sampey, Clanton.

Prof. Larov Wells expects to take charge of a school near Jumbo soon.

Mr. T. E. Holly, an old timer in these parts, was in Clanton last Tuesday.

The editor of the View has been appointed local attorney for Chilton Co. for the Alabama Mineral Land Company.

Our readers must never forget that Uncle Paddy Smith keeps a boarding house and restaurant. Board 75c a day.

Married by Rev. B. E. Feagin, Mrs. Elizabeth Mobley to Mr. J. W. Sears, on Nov. 2nd. Both parties live near Clanton. We send after them blessings and good wishes.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a phonon and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

The many friends of W. E. Pitts, formerly known as Billie Pitts, formerly of Verbena, will be glad to know that he is most highly esteemed by the business men of Montgomery.

The card of the Capital City Clothing Store appears on the front page of the View. The gentlemen composing that firm are among the most experienced and reliable clothing men in Alabama and we bespeak for them a share of the public patronage.

For sale—A good farm at Dixie—View Real Estate Agency.

Renewed efforts are being made to complete the Baptist Church of Clanton. The Ladies Aid Society propose to plaster the sides of the church if the men will cell overhead. There are some \$20 in sight for the overhead. Let everybody help in this good cause, and when the church is completed it will be an ornament and a blessing to the town.

For sale or rent—New, comfortable and commodious dwelling in Montgomery—View Real Estate Agency.

Mr. Fate informs us that W. A. Mims living near Straub is quite sick. This gentleman also reports the crop yield satisfactory. Potatoes especially are good. Farmers are about through gathering and have begun to put in fall oats and considerable wheat. Those who seek their wheat in blue stone make wheat free from rust. The further good news is that most of the farmers are making their own fertilizers.

We recently attended the circuit court in Wetumpka. Rarely have we ever been in a court house more nicely prepared to welcome a court. Sheriff G. F. Sedberry is as neat as any old maid you ever saw. Bright, new carpets were on the floor, cushions were placed at convenient points for tobacco users, placards hung in many places reminding the people "that gentlemen will not spit on the carpets."

Judge Denson gave the grand jury a capital charge, and solicitor Brewer took them in hand and thus the machinery of law was put in motion.

Marriage at Montevallo on the 31st

Yesterday at three o'clock in the presence of a large number of mutual friends and relatives, a quiet but happy home wedding took place. The contracting parties were Mr. W. A. Kemp, of Clanton and Miss Belle M., daughter of R. L. Woolley; Rev. B. E. Feagin performing the ceremony.

The popular young couple deserve the good wishes that were extended them.

The following were noted among the presents:

A students lamp, Mrs. J. M. Woolley; a out glass pitcher, Mr. J. M. Woolley; set of strawberry dishes, Miss Belle Hand; hall hanging lamp, Mr. and Joe Greene; handsome tea gown, Miss Maggie Garner; flower vases, R. L. Woolley; pair of pillow shams, Miss Maggie Wolley; Marcelline bed spread, Mrs. R. L. Woolley; pickle dish, Miss Silla Gibson; tea urn, Mrs. N. L. Moore; water set, Mr. and Mrs. John Garner; toilet set, Mrs. Viola Wolley; traveling trunk, Mr. C. C. Vandergriff; Bouquet of rare and lovely flowers, Miss Geneva Jones, picture throw, Mrs. J. C. Woolley.

List of Grand Jurors.

D. M. Martin, Riley Robinson, Thos. Harrison, W. C. Robinson, L. Pattie, W. J. Sorrell, J. L. Farr, S. A. Curry, George Patrick, G. W. Jones, Sr., O. H. P. Wright, I. N. Langston, T. M. Cook, A. Patterson, Goodman Smitherman, Jno. Letcher, G. O. Logan, E. H. Smith, T. J. Collins, Charles J. Coburn, W. P. Cleeckler.

PETIT JURY FIRST WEEK.

J. O. Butler, D. B. Watts, John Robinson, W. H. Martin, John J. Green, J. L. Raspberry, G. B. Armstrong, W. W. Adams, J. M. Mims, Benjamin Popwell, J. M. Watson, B. McKee, Robt. Williams, Andrew Wilson, Noah Littlejohn, Robt. Walker, R. McGwire, Eljah Robinson, J. H. Burkhalter, Jas. Popwell, J. D. Glascock, W. A. Candler, J. B. Wells, J. W. Brantley, J. C. Alred, F. M. McJury, Andrew Howard, J. M. Robinson, Sr., N. A. Kieker, Monroe Ramsey, G. L. Cleeckler, W. L. Littlejohn, H. C. Young.

PETIT JURY SECOND WEEK.

W. J. Brown, N. H. G. Logan, J. J. Hicks, Aaron Littleton, Isaac Littleton, L. Moore, J. Henry, T. J. Robinson, Jas. R. Harris, H. E. Barcoe, T. J. Littlejohn, John Roberts, Jas. S. Alcinson, E. D. Smitherman, L. S. Sammons, J. N. Houeycutt, Wylie Littlejohn, W. T. Hayes, W. D. Nix, Wm. Calloway, W. H. Wells, G. W. Mims, H. W. Bells, Thos. Lawrence, J. T. Mims, N. J. Maddox, I. S. Evans, D. A. Friday, H. Hardy, H. E. Beas, A. F. Cline, C. L. Glascock, G. W. Littleton.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Misses Lila Williamson and Fannie C. Mitchell have returned from a visit to Montgomery.

Miss Lilla Gullidge is visiting friends in Louisiana.

Misses Sallie and Annie Mitchell, of Snowdon, are the charming guests of relatives here.

Mr. Singleton Posey, one of the old land marks of this section, died on the 5th inst. He was a good citizen and the family have the sympathy of this community in their sad loss.

Mr. Joe Williamson, of Montgomery, has been visiting relatives here.

Mr. John Haulin and lady have returned from a pleasant visit to relatives in Plantersville.

A literary society has been organized in Verbena. Dr. H. W. Caffey is president, and Mr. J. L. Beard, Secretary. We hope the young people will take an interest in it, and keep it up. The society meets at the academy at 7 o'clock sharp every Friday night.

Mr. Dave Marbury has been visiting Verbena.

Stanton Stories.

Everything has been dull here, consequently no news from our town lately.

The presbytery which convened here recently resulted in much good. All left our burg rejoicing for the hospitality shown them by our good people. Bro. Robertson remain with us and continued the meeting which lasted until last Monday. Five additions to the church.

Rev. J. W. Dunaway is now conducting a meeting here. He has moved into the Baptist parsonage and will fulfil his duty as pastor of this church.

Dr. Todd and wife were in town last week on a visit to their daughter, Mrs. Lassiter.

Miss Daisy McCalister has a nice music class here.

The young men here are so bashful that they do not call on the girls. Don't be hen-pecked boys, the girls will not peck you, neither will they kick you.

Rev. J. Mitchell was in our town lately.

Miss Sallie Joe Todd is on a visit to relatives here.

Mrs. Tibit has been visiting here. Mr. Patrage was in Stanton last week.

Miss Mary McGee is having her a house put up near the M. E. Church.

Mr. S. King was in Selma last week on business.

Mrs. Coe received sad news last Saturday by telegram that her youngest brother was dead. Our sympathies are with the bereaved ones.

Miss Ethur Hicks is in Stanton going to school.

Much interest is taken in our Sunday School and especially by the girls, who attend regular, but they can't prevail upon the boys to attend. We hope that this will not long be the case. Boys attend Sunday School. Let the girls exercise their influence over you for good.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THIS OUT.

OFFICE OF THE CHILTON VIEW.

This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.

Alex Rice, Montgomery.

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex Rice.

WANTED—Property to be placed in my hands for sale or rent. No charge unless sales are effected.

G. W. Hare.

You can get meat and groceries from W. L. Sampey.

Subscribe for the View.

THE LAWYER'S BOOK.

ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA.

Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price \$3.00. C. W. HARE, Agent.

A. C. SMITH,

Attorney at Law, Solicitor in Chancery.

CLANTON, ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the courts of Clanton and adjoining counties.

JAS. L. BEARD,

Attorney at Law.

VERBENA, ALABAMA.

Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Ala.

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BARBER.

Hair-cutting, Shaving.

Clanton, Alabama.

CHAS. W. HARE,

Attorney at Law,

Solicitor in Chancery.

AND

County Solicitor.

CLANTON, ALA.

Represents E. C. Dunn & Co.

Special attention given to Commercial Litigation and Collections. Real Estate Bought, Sold, Exchanged, Rented.

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WINSIG MOORE.

UNION WAREHOUSE CO.

Cotton Factors,

and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and to fully protect the Planter's Interest, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT, General Manager.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,

TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.

CLANTON, ALA.

feb-2-y

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying

Position? Qualify Yourself and

You can get it! For Facts and

Figures write the BRYANT &

STRATTON BUSINESS COL-

LEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

feb-4

If you see any goods like ours, that you can buy for less than ours, come back and get your money.

Alex Rice.

STARTLING!

Our recent purchase (by our Mr. Rice while in New York) of

1,000

Mens', Boys' and Childrens' Suits

at about sixty cents on the dollar from the best Manufacturers in the United States, who were hard up for cash, give us the opportunity to offer you the

Best Clothing Ever Sold

in any market for the Price.

You can Buy OUR GOODS Way Below what You Pay For Inferior Goods Elsewhere.

So don't miss the chance to buy the BEST CLOTHING ON EARTH at prices considerably under the value. You can't afford to miss it and do justice to your pocket book.

MEN'S SUITS \$7.50 AND UP

Childrens Suits \$1.50 AND UP.

ALEX RICE, MONTGOMERY.

If you see any goods elsewhere, that you like better than ours, come and get your money.

Alex Rice.

People's Line Steamers

Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays 8 p.m.

Leave Selma Fridays 8 p.m.

Arrive in Mobile Mondays 6 a.m.

Leave Mobile Mondays 7 p.m.

Leave Selma Wednesdays 9 p.m.

Arrive Montgomery Thursdays 11 p.m.

Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line.

T. H. Moore, Gen'l. Mgr., W. F. Vandiver, Pres., Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON

HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A TEN MONTH TERM

SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1933.

FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Tuition from \$2.00 to \$10.00 per month in Day Families. Sailing, Primary, \$3.00; Grammar Grade, \$3.50; High School, \$3.00. For further information address

J. L. RUFFIN, Prin., Jemison, Ala.

WONDERFUL

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain, no bad effect, by the use of Odontolene. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on La. & N. R. R. between Phenix and Montgomery. Write Drs. Massey and Sandefur and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St. Elyton block.

MASSEY & SANDEFUR, Dentists.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS

Board and Lodging

AT Mrs. Dr. D. F. Ivey's,

No. 319 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.

\$1 to \$1.50 per day. \$4 to \$5 per week.

Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest residential part of the city.

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When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

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Correspondence solicited.

[Feb 25-26]

THE BEST WAY

To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST, NORTH and NORTHWEST,

—is via the—

L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)

THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting for all points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Almore, G. P. A. Louisville Ky.

READ THIS.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of close prices. We pay strict attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,

Collier Drug Company,

1928, 1st Ave., Birmingham, Ala.

July 20-1-y

B. B. B.

BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

A thoroughly tested Remedy FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES.

This standard remedy has been tried, and not long since, for forty years by an eminent physician, who has used it with certain and lasting results for all diseases for which it is recommended. It never fails to benefit from the first dose, and is especially adapted for all skin diseases, whether they be the result of impure blood, or of any other cause. It is a powerful purifier and cleanser of the blood, and is especially adapted for all skin diseases, whether they be the result of impure blood, or of any other cause. It is a powerful purifier and cleanser of the blood, and is especially adapted for all skin diseases, whether they be the result of impure blood, or of any other cause. It is a powerful purifier and cleanser of the blood, and is especially adapted for all skin diseases, whether they be the result of impure blood

The Daily Routine of Both Houses
Briefly Summarized.

What Is Being Done to Alleviate Financial Distress and Bring Relief.

It is true that many persons who find it impossible to drink cold milk take it hot, with positive benefit, and will find it not only palatable but refreshing. The *Standard* says: "Any one who has never taken a cup of hot milk has a new connection to store for himself. The milk should be fresh and must be thoroughly heated, being careful that it does not reach the boiling point. Drink as hot as possible, and in little sips. It is almost astonishing as a glass of wine, and for a cold, tired, overworked man is one of the best drinks imaginable."

Clabber is said to have become chert and easily sold in the process of souring. It stands too long after forming it decomposes and runs off in whey, but if taken while fresh, covered with cream and sprinkled with sugar, it is delicious, and said to be one of the most digestible forms in which milk can be taken. When buttermilk is added to "soaking" whey and the two are well mixed a soufflé is thrown down, which is excellent when eaten either hot or cold with bread. If buttermilk be put into a linen bag and all the whey drained off what remains there is much thicker and eaten with sugar and cream, is excellent. Why is a nice drink for the sick. Put one quart of buttermilk in a pan on the fire; when it boils up beat up the yolk of an egg and stir in; add a half teaspoonful of cream or a tablespoonful of butter. Then beat the white of an egg to a stiff froth and stir it in. Sweet to taste and add spices if you wish.

To make artificial cream to eat with stewed fruit take a pint of fresh milk, one tablespoonful of sugar and yolks of two eggs. Put the pint of new milk into a saucepan, add the sugar, set it on a very slow fire or the hot iron plate of a cooking stove; break into it the yolks of two eggs and keep stirring, always one way, until it becomes as thick as ordinary cream. It must never reach the boiling point.

How to Get Even.

Tiredout—"Hello, Talkemout; haven't seen you lately."

Talkemout—"No; I've been making a tour of Europe, and I just tell you, old boy, I never saw such woe."

Tiredout—"By the way, there goes Chatterton. Rush over and tell him all about it. He's just got back from the World's Fair."

In Deep Water.

Like leucocytes and red swimmers are those who incur the risk of chronic rheumatism by neglecting their health. This is the story of a man who, after a long career in the navy, has been laid up by the disease. He is now in a hospital, and his condition is described as being "in deep water."

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Voter Day.

The senate galleries were crowded Saturday morning, in anticipation of the scenes in the final stage of the silver struggle, and most of the senators were in their seats before the opening of the silver repeal purchase bill, the urgent deficiency bill was reported, with amendments. The amendments were agreed to, and the bill was passed. The joint resolution for the transfer of the model battleship Illinois to the state of Illinois for the use of its naval militia was reported and passed. The silver bill was then taken up and Mr. Wolcott addressed the senate. When Mr. Wolcott arose he was evidently agitated. It was clear, he said, that all the amendments to the repeal bill would meet the fate of the free coinage amendment Friday. Some amendments were introduced for effect. Additional roll calls would not serve to emphasize the defeat of the cause silver has suffered. Mr. Wolcott was very bitter over the desertion of the cause of silver by the southern democrats, and paid particular attention to Senator Miller. He was equally severe on the republican party. He assured his party colleagues that the silver amendment would not be driven out of the party, but would remain in it and be found ever ready to vote or help make a quorum. When Mr. Wolcott took his seat the gavel of the vice president was brought down several times in quick, short taps to subside the applause in the galleries. Mr. Sherman then rose. He said silver would be used more and more and ought to be used more and more. The world was not coming to an end before the purchase of silver was stopped.

72nd DAY.—The senate resumed its session at 11 a. m. Monday with crowded galleries and with fifty-two senators present. The silver purchase repeal bill was laid before the senate. Mr. Hanlon explained briefly his position. He said that he had subscribed in good faith to the Chicago platform, that he should vote for the unconditional repeal of the Sherman act, and that he stood ready to join his silver friends in a vote for silver, and should earnestly and manfully strive for victory. He was followed by Mr. Cameron, who expressed himself somewhat to the same effect. Mr. Cameron was followed by Mr. Morgan. He spoke of the situation by which the senate was confronted as a lamentable one—one of which he could not speak, except with pain, nor contemplate with serious apprehensions for the future of the country. After speaking for nearly three hours, Mr. Morgan, at 2:40 o'clock, confessed that his strength began to give out. The depleted senate chamber quickly filled, and lagging interest revived. Occupying five minutes more in a few closing remarks, Mr. Morgan, at 2:45, resumed his seat and Mr. Vest took the floor. Mr. Jones of Nevada, at 5:20 o'clock, resumed his speech begun some days ago. Mr. Stewart, as he was the first, so he was the last, to raise his hand in behalf of the metal which has given its name to the day, which he represents. Mr. Stewart's first sentence, "The die is cast," caused a ripple of laughter to roll over the galleries. "The surreptitious and fraudulent act of 1873, demonetizing silver, is ratified and confirmed," said he, "the gold kings are victorious. The labors of their champion, the senator from Ohio (Mr. Sherman), are crowned with success. The trojan horse was within the walls of the national capital, but the betrayal and capture of the white house and the two houses of congress was not the end of war." Stewart's last words were: "Let the vote be taken, let the object lesson given, we will abide by the result."

Mr. Stewart's solemn tones died out, the hub of expectancy fell upon the great audience. All eyes turned to the floor and in the galleries were turned upon the presiding officer. Vice President Stevenson arose, tapped lightly with his gavel on the desk in front of him and announced that the bill was still open to amendments. His eyes swept quickly over the senate, he passed a moment with gavel raised and with another light tap said: "If there is no other amendment to be offered the clerk will call the roll." Another moment's interval and the silence was broken by the clerk's voice calling: "Mr. Allen."

"No," in clear, sharp tones came the vote of the record-breaking Nebraska. So the roll was called. Within a quarter of an hour every senator present had responded. The pairs were announced and the footings made. The vote on the passage of the bill was 43 yeas, 32 nays. So the bill as amended was passed. Those voting in the affirmative were: Aldrich, Dyer, Camden, Caffery, Carey, Callahan, Davis, Dins, Dolph, Faulkner, Gallinger, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Hale, Hawley, Higgins, Hill, Hoar, Hutton, Lindsay, Lodge, McMillan, McPherson, Manderson, Mills, Mitchell, of Wisconsin, Morrill, Murphy, Platt, Proctor, Quay, Ransom, Sherman, Smith, Squire, Stockbridge, Turpie, Vilas, Voorhees, Washburn, White of Louisiana—43. Those voting the negative were: Messrs. Allen, Bates, Berry, Blackwell, Butler, Call, Cameron, Cockrell, Coke, Daniel, Dubois, George, Harris, Fry, Jones of Arkansas, Jones of Nevada, Kyle, Martin, Pless, Peffer, Perkins, Pettigrew, Power, Pugh, Roach, Shoup, Stewart, Teller, Vance, Vest, Walshall, Walcott—32.

The following pairs were announced: The first named would vote in the affirmative—Allison with Mitchell of Oregon, Chandler with White of California, Wilson with Oulquitt, Gordon with Morgan, Palmer with Hansbrough. The vice president announced the result. "The vote stands 43 yeas to 32 nays, and the bill is passed."

The day.—In the senate, Tuesday, the resolution continuing the authority of the committee on agriculture to investigate agricultural depression during the recent and next session was passed.

Affairs of Government and Routine of the House and Senate Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The senate has confirmed all the Georgia appointments recently, including Dr. Fox as postmaster at Atlanta and Jake Dast as consul at Guelph, W. I.

An analysis of the vote Monday shows that had every senator voted, the vote would have stood 43 to 37, or 11 majority, just as was shown on the actual vote.

The president, Saturday, sent to the senate the following nominations: To be United States consuls—Hermann Schomfeld, at Maryland, at Riga, Russia; Robert C. Pooler, of New York, at Sierra Leone, Africa; David N. Burk, of New York, at Malaga, Spain.

The impression prevails that the judiciary committee of the senate will take no action on the nomination of Mr. Hornblower nominated to be associate justice of the supreme court, and that it will, therefore go over until the regular session in December, providing, of course, the senate adjourns.

The president Monday sent the following nominations to the senate: State department—Edwin F. Uhl, of Michigan, to be assistant secretary of state, vice Josiah Quincy resigned; James B. Roosevelt, of New York, to be secretary of the embassy of the United States at London, vice Henry White, resigned. War department—Captain Edward Comery, assistant surgeon, to be surgeon with rank of major, To be consuls of the United States—J. Edward Nettles, of South Carolina, at Trieste, Austria; Robert J. Kirk, of South Carolina, at Copenhagen, Denmark; Charles E. Davis, of Denmark, at Charles E. Davis, of Illinois, to be agent for the Indians at Colorado River agency in Arizona.

The chief of engineers in his annual report, submits the following estimates for river and harbor improvements during the fiscal year, ending June 30th: James river, from Richmond, Va., to the sea, to complete, \$3,386,070; for the year, \$400,000. Rappahannock river, to complete, \$144,000; for the year, \$25,000. York river, to complete, \$118,000; for the year, \$100,000. Harbor of Norfolk and approaches, to complete, \$137,744; for the year, \$200,000. Approaches to Norfolk harbor, to complete, \$180,000. Neuse river, to complete, \$123,000; for the year, \$20,000. Appomattox river, to complete, \$48,000; for the year, \$10,000. Inland water route, from Norfolk to Albemarle sound, to complete in the year, \$49,667.

Senator Sherman has received from Secretary Carlisle a reply to his letter concerning the seigniorage now in the treasury. The treasurer says that of the treasury notes issued on the Sherman act \$52,395,840 have, upon the demand of the holder been redeemed in gold and \$2,224,192 in silver dollars. The secretary's letter shows that seigniorage carried under the Sherman act amounts to \$6,976,098. Since July, 1891, 8,794,810 silver dollars have been coined and there has been no coinage of silver dollars since May, 1893, except \$200 in proof pieces. The silver bullion on hand October 1st has amounted to 137,666,257 fine ounces, costing \$124,611,428. With the probable purchase of October Mr. Carlisle thinks there will be 139,466,257 ounces of silver bullion in the treasury on November 1st, the cost of which will be \$125,868,929, and the coinage value \$139,820,088, giving a seigniorage of \$54,431,089.

The Springer resolution calling upon the treasury department for information about state banks which was recommended to the committee on banking and currency Monday, was under consideration by that committee Tuesday morning. It failed, however, to get to the floor. The statement made by a number of members who advocated the resolution, that in voting for that they did not mean for it to interfere with the repeal of the state bank tax, and in his address complimented the negroes of North Carolina upon their steady advancement since emancipation and declared that in no other state are the relations between the whites and blacks so cordial.

Francis H. Weeks, the New York defaulter, wanted for embezzling, arrived at New Orleans Wednesday morning on the Foxhall, in charge of Detective Lavelly. The attempt made by Weeks' lawyer to take him out of jail was abortive. President Rodriguez, learning of the fact, gave orders that in no case should the officials in charge of Weeks accept service of writ. The government placed a special train at the disposal of Consul Williams to take Weeks and party to Lima, where they boarded the Foxhall for New Orleans.

A Nashville special says: The government closed its case in the first of the Porterfield case Wednesday just as court adjourned. The entire line of evidence was directed toward proving the insolvency of the makers of the \$12,500 note at the time Porterfield passed it to the credit of the Union National bank of Louisville, and toward showing the fact that this insolvency of himself and others was known to Porterfield. The defense excepted the entire line of testimony. Every fact of ground in being emphatically contested, but the government is believed by all to have made a very strong case. The defense, however, is yet to be heard and some startling testimony may be looked for.

Twenty Reported Drowned.—An electric car on the Oregon City line, containing about thirty passengers, went through an open draw bridge at Madison street, Portland, Wednesday morning, falling into the Carpio river. It is reported that about twenty persons were drowned.

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A Nashville special says: The government closed its case in the first of the Porterfield case Wednesday just as court adjourned. The entire line of evidence was directed toward proving the insolvency of the makers of the \$12,500 note at the time Porterfield passed it to the credit of the Union National bank of Louisville, and toward showing the fact that this insolvency of himself and others was known to Porterfield. The defense excepted the entire line of testimony. Every fact of ground in being emphatically contested, but the government is believed by all to have made a very strong case. The defense, however, is yet to be heard and some startling testimony may be looked for.

Twenty Reported Drowned.—An electric car on the Oregon City line, containing about thirty passengers, went through an open draw bridge at Madison street, Portland, Wednesday morning, falling into the Carpio river. It is reported that about twenty persons were drowned.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicated in Brief and Concise Paragraphs.

Only three new cases of yellow fever were reported by the Brunswick board of health Wednesday and no deaths.

The Dover and Statesboro railroad was sold at public auction before the courthouse in Statesboro, Ga., Wednesday, for \$35,000. T. F. Lockhart, representing Augusta capitalists, was the purchaser. It is stated that the road will be reorganized.

The passage of the repeal bill by the senate Monday had the effect of lowering the price of silver in London and New York. The price was the lowest at which silver has been quoted. It has been driven so low that the actual bullion value in a dollar is only about 52 cents.

The Presbyterian synod of North Carolina, met in annual session at Tarboro, Tuesday evening. The attendance is large. Rev. John M. Rose, of Fayetteville, retiring moderator, preached the annual sermon. The synod has 134 ministers and 811 ruling elders.

At a meeting of the Charleston, S. C., board Wednesday, resolutions were adopted earnestly recommending to President Cleveland Charles H. Simon, United States district judge for South Carolina, for appointment for the United States circuit bench of the fourth circuit.

Thomas R. Purnell and Robert L. Burkhead, of Raleigh, have taken an option upon the lease of all the North Carolina state convicts, 1,200 in number. The convicts are to be employed in the penitentiary, at the phosphate mines or other mines or on farms.

A dispatch of Wednesday to the London Times from Fort Charter, situated between Fort Salisbury and Fort Victoria, in Mashonaland, announces the capture of Bulawayo, the capital of Matabeleland, and the stronghold of the Zulus, by the British forces operating against Matabeleland.

In his speech at Opelika, Tuesday, before the Farmer's Alliance, Hon. Joseph H. Harris, state lecturer of Alabama, advised the Alliance to enter politics and at the same be careful to avoid partisan politics. Mr. Harris made an excellent speech and endorsed Senators Morgan and Pugh's position on the silver question.

T. L. Gammon, a grocery merchant of Knoxville, Tenn., is under arrest charged with arson. Early Wednesday morning his store was found ablaze, but the fire soon put out by the fire company. Upon investigation the place was found saturated with kerosene oil. Gammon was arrested on suspicion and tells a very rambling story as to his whereabouts.

The sixteenth annual colored state fair of North Carolina began at Raleigh Tuesday. There are 1,200 entries, and the exhibits are much above the average. Governor Carr opened the fair, and in his address complimented the negroes of North Carolina upon their steady advancement since emancipation and declared that in no other state are the relations between the whites and blacks so cordial.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

Should be used wherever yeast acts by fermentation and the destruction of the gluten of the flour to produce the leavening gas. Royal Baking Powder, through the action of its ingredients upon each other in the loaf while baking, itself produces the necessary gas and leaves the wholesome properties of the flour unimpaired.

It is not possible with any other leavening agent to make such wholesome and delicious bread, biscuit, rolls, cake, pastry, griddle-cakes, doughnuts, etc.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

Stronger Than the Eye.

The massive six-foot reflector in the Lord Roke telescope at Parsontown, Ireland, is justly considered one of the modern wonders of the world. This gigantic reflector, the first that ever solved the problem of the Nebula of Orion, is set in the end of a 55-foot wooden tube held together by iron bands. Although it weighs a fraction over four tons, it is so sensitive that the pressure of the hand upon the back will produce distortion in the reflected image of a star. Compared with the human eye, this monster reflector is as 180,000 to 1. It has a penetrating power of 500 and can reveal stars so remote from our earth that it would require 60,000 years for their light to reach us, and yet light travels at the unthinkable speed of 192,500 miles per second.—St. Louis Republic.

A Household Necessity.

No household should be without a tightly corked bottle of borax acid is powdered and absorbent cotton. When a cut, wound, scorch or sore of any kind is to be attended to, put some cold boiled water into a cup and add borax acid until the water will dissolve and stir it quickly, leaving the solution undisturbed in the bottom. Wash first your own hands in hot water and castile soap, and then the wound, and then dip sponge it off with a wad of cotton which is in the solution and tie up in clean linen wet with it. This will allay the pain and throbbing, and unless it is a very severe will heal it in 24 hours.—Exchange.

On some railroads the cars are provided by the Bible society and other religious organizations with Bibles that are kept in racks, and curious enough the racks are systematically robbed.

Dust Settlers.

With a little care the dirtiest carpet can be swept without raising much dust by placing outside the door of the room to be swept a pail of clear, cold water. Wet your broom, knock it against the side of the bucket to get out all the drops, sweep a couple of yards and rinse off the broom again. Continue this until you have gone over the entire surface. If the carpets are very much soiled, the water should be changed several times. Slightly moistened Indian meal is also used by the oldest housewives. Snow, if not allowed to melt, is also excellent as a dust settler.—Exchange.

Kept His Promise.

"John," said Maud, "didn't you promise me that on the day I became your wife you'd give up smoking?"

"Yes, dear."

"And now I find you puffing on a cigar."

"Why not dear? I kept my promise. I didn't smoke a bit the day you became my wife."—Truth.

"German Syrup"

Two bottles of German Syrup cured me of a hemorrhage of the lungs when other remedies failed. I am a married man, and thirty-six years of age, and live with my wife and two little girls at Durham, Me. I have stated this brief and plain so that all may understand. My case was a bad one, and I shall be glad to tell anyone about it who will write me. PHILIP L. SCHENCK, P. O. Box 45, April 25, 1890. No man could ask a more honorable, business-like statement.

Will You Marry Soon?

If you are obliged to have a solid 18 karat gold ring, you will want to get one that is 18 karat, pure and genuine. Write to us for our catalogue of wedding rings.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO., Jewelers, ATLANTA, GA.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies or Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It is most delicious, preserves the strength of Cocoa mixed with starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Your Strength Renewed.

AND YOUR RUNDOWN SYSTEM BUILT UP REORGANIZED.

A few bottles of Dr. S. S. G. will do it. If you are troubled with a depressed blood, and lack of energy, you will find it most restful and refreshing. It will thoroughly clear away all impurities and insure new vigor and life to the whole system.

I have used your medicine often for the past eight years, and feel safe in saying that it is the best general blood restorer in the world.

Dr. J. P. GILSON, Kansas City, Mo.

One Thousand and Ninety Nine Boxes of Dr. S. S. G. Sold by Grocers Everywhere.

Solely Preparing Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Rising Sun Stove Polish.

Do Not Be Deceived. Rising Sun Stove Polish is the best and most economical for all stoves, grates, and ranges. It is made of pure materials and is free from all impurities. It is sold by all grocers and hardware stores.

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CHILTON COUNTY

The geographical center of Alabama, the Chilton County Courthouse, is located in the town of Milledgeville, the county seat. The county is bounded by the Georgia line to the north, the Florida line to the south, the Georgia line to the east, and the Georgia line to the west. The county is divided into 100 sections, each containing 36 acres. The county is named in honor of John Milledge, the first governor of Alabama.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Secretary of the Interior, Mr. Smith, left Washington Wednesday night for Milledgeville, Ga., to take part in the trial of two important railroad cases. The secretary expects to be absent about one week.

The prevailing opinion among democrats and republicans at Washington is that Tuesday's elections determined the republicans' presidential ticket in 1906. It will be McKinley and Reed, and the fight will be between the democrats and republicans on the tariff.

A Washington dispatch of Tuesday says: The secretary of state has received the translation of a dispatch of October 20, 1893, making important cable at Milledgeville from and after January 1, 1894, to an additional tax on imports of 1 and 1-4 of 1 per cent.

The white house will probably see little of President Cleveland between now and Monday, December 4, when congress reconvenes. Most of the intervening time will be spent at Woodley in the preparation of his annual message, as the president can work there better than in the executive office.

A Washington special of Monday says: The report is being widely circulated that Commissioner of Penitentiaries Lockwood has resigned. The reason assigned for the resignation is that he is an old soldier and is dissatisfied with the attitude of the administration concerning reform in the penitentiary. Secretary Smith contradicts the report and insists that there is no truth in it.

Secretaries Graham, Lamont, Hoke Smith and Morton received the election returns at the white house in Private Secretary Thurber's room. A special wire delivered the bulletins. Such as were indicative of results were telephoned to the president at Woodley. The members of the cabinet at the white house attributed the results to the business depression of the past several months.

There will be no appropriations for public buildings by the coming congress, if the chairman of the senate appropriation committee succeeds in carrying out his plan, beyond that for a new government printing office, the necessity for which is clearly recognized. It is proposed to provide an appropriation of \$150,000 to reconstruct and repair the present building so that it can be used as an office building.

The opinion is expressed at Washington that the cause of the rise in silver for the past few days is due in part to the belief that the government in Russia is contemplating the step of adopting silver as a part of her monetary system. It is said that intimations have been received here by the government officials that Russia will replace her uncovered paper money with silver to be used for subsidiary coin.

A Washington special says: The populist members of congress, including senators and members of the house, issued an address Saturday appealing to the people to take up the silver cause. The address begins with a statement of the aggregate debts of the world and of the gold and silver in existence, calls attention to the fact that the arts require almost the total gold production and says the decrease of the volume of this metal, caused by hoarding, has caused it to appreciate 40 or 50 per cent.

Hands Off Hawaii. There is a great deal of gossip and many rumors as to the administration's policy with regard to Hawaii, but from the best information obtainable, Minister Willis, who should have arrived at Honolulu last Sunday, has instructions to keep hands off, that the provisional government will not be sustained by the power of the United States, nor will the monarchy be re-established. The people of Hawaii will be afforded a fair opportunity to decide for themselves what sort of government they want, while the United States holds aloof. This government will not permit any other government to interfere in any manner whatever.

The Free Coinage Vote. Now that the repeal bill has become a law and silver purchases have ceased, it will be interesting to those who have studied the question and kept up with the action of congress to read the following votes in the two houses. The figures were prepared from the official record.

In the house the vote on free coinage was as follows: For—democrats, 193; republicans, 13; populists, 8. Against—democrats, 114; republicans, 113. On the Bland-Allison bill the vote was: For—democrats, 144; republicans, 14; populists, 8. Against—democrats, 103; republicans, 10; populists, 3. On the repeal of the silver purchase act the vote was: For—democrats, 18; republicans, 7; populists, 3. Against—democrats, 18; republicans, 31. On the Bland-Allison bill: For—democrats, 30; republicans, 10; populists, 3. Against—democrats, 17; republicans, 20. On repeal: For—democrats, 30; republicans, 23. Against—democrats, 19; republicans, 10; populists, 3. Twelve states voted solidly in the house and senate for repeal. They were Connecticut, Delaware, Indiana, Maryland, New Jersey, New York and Wisconsin, which gave Cleveland a plurality of 65,459 votes in 1902 and Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont, which gave Harrison a plurality of 68,891 votes. Two states voted solidly in both house and senate against repeal. They were Colorado, Idaho, Kansas and Nevada, which gave Weaver a plurality of 27,222 votes, and South Dakota, which gave Harrison a plurality of 9,344 votes. Although all the votes which Montana cast were against it, Harrison's plurality in this state was 1,370. Three states, Colorado, Idaho and Nevada, were solid for free silver, and all the votes of Montana were cast the same way. Ten states, Delaware, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Rhode Island, Vermont and Wisconsin voted solidly against free silver.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronological in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World.

The World's Convention of Christian Workers assembled at Atlanta, Ga., Thursday morning. Delegates were in attendance from all parts of the country.

Fraunce H. Weeks was sentenced at New York Wednesday to ten years imprisonment in Sing Sing prison. He pleaded guilty on arraignment and the entire proceeding did not occupy five minutes.

TRAIN ROBBERS FOILED.

They Were Expected and One Is Killed and the Other Captured.

At 9:30 o'clock Friday a train No. 15, which left Knoxville, Tenn., at 8 o'clock for Louisville over the Knoxville and Ohio was taking water at a tank 200 yards beyond Coal Creek, a small station thirty miles from Knoxville, when two men boarded the front platform of the express car and rushed into the open door. They covered the express messenger, R. D. Scribner, with their pistols. As they did so, Chief of Police Atkins, of Knoxville, and Lieutenant Hood, and Detective Irwin, who were concealed in the car, sprang from their hiding places and called upon the robbers to throw up their hands. Instead of obeying that command, one of the desperadoes turned upon the officers and opened fire. A regular fusillade followed. One of the robbers fell at the first fire but the other continued his unequal battle, emptying his revolver as fast as possible. At last his final bullet sped wide of its mark and the man was overpowered and placed in irons.

OFFICIALS EXPECTED IT.

Smith was found to be badly wounded, being struck through the groin and arm. Chief Atkins was shot through the arm, and Officer Irwin received a scalp wound.

For the last three or four days the night trains on the East Tennessee coast north have carried a posse of officers armed to the teeth and ready to fight a desperate band of train robbers. This was done on information furnished the company's officials by Officer Irwin, who in some manner which he refuses to divulge, learned that an attempt was to be made by William Smith and Fred Gerding, two well known men about town, and scions of well known and prominent families, to rob an outgoing express train on the East Tennessee road at the Coal Creek water tank some night during the week.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

Thursday, November 30th, Designated by President Cleveland

President Cleveland issued the following Thanksgiving proclamation Friday: "By the president of the United States of America:

"A Proclamation.—While the American people should every day remember with praise and thanksgiving the divine goodness and mercy which have followed them since their beginning as a nation, it is fitting that one day in each year should be especially devoted to the contemplation of the blessings we have received at the hands of God and to the grateful acknowledgement of His loving kindness. "Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, do hereby designate and set apart Thursday, the 30th day of the present month of November, as a day of thanksgiving and praise to be kept and observed by all the people of our land. On that day let us forego our ordinary work and employments and assemble in our usual places of worship, where we may recall all that God has done for us, and where, from grateful hearts, our thanksgiving and praise may reach the throne of grace. Let the reunion of kindred and the social meeting of friends lend cheer and enjoyment to duty, and let generous gifts of charity for the relief of the poor and needy prove the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

AN INTERESTING CASE

Before the Land Commissioner—Titles Asked for Land Grants.

A Washington special of Wednesday says: Assistant Land Commissioner Bowers is considering an interesting land case from Louisiana. About the beginning of the war the United States granted patents to citizens of Louisiana to the amount of 18,000 acres. These patents were never recorded. The governor of Louisiana during the war granted the same parties the same lands by state patents, assuming that Louisiana had gone out of the Union that it had taken the public lands within its borders with it. The state patents were recorded and at present are the only title by which the lands are held. The lands have been assigned and a request is now made to the general land office for patents from the United States in order that the title may be secured for the parties now owning the lands. This is the first case of the kind ever brought before the land department.

Killed the Conductor.

Fast express train No. 51, of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern, known as the "Gannon Ball," due at Little Rock, Arkansas, at 3:10 o'clock Friday morning was held up and robbed by seven masked men, at Olney, Ark., seven miles south of Newport. Passenger Conductor J. P. McElroy was shot and killed while trying to prevent the train.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1893.

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

50 All wool black cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.35.
50 All wool grey cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.35.
50 All wool business suits worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.

50 All wool business suits worth \$17.50 at \$12.15.
50 All wool dress suits worth \$20.00 to \$22.00 at \$15.45.
50 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$10.00 at \$7.50.
25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.

CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,

Montgomery, Alabama.

What Cash Will Do!—What It Did For Us!

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LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER.

CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,

Montgomery, Alabama.

THE BRAVE HUSSAR.

Thirty thousand Austrians were ranged in grand review.

Mounted on their chargers proud, all soldiers good and true.

Joyously the marching bands thrilled on the summer air,
And loyally the people cheered that martial sight so fair.

GRANDMOTHER KIRKE.

How do you like it?" said Charley

Clare to Melicent Kirke, as he pointed

to the cottage he had selected for them

to keep house in when they should be

married, in a few weeks.

"Oh, it is beautiful!" she whispered.

"But, Charley, don't you think it is

rather small?"

"Well, yes—perhaps so; but what

do we want of anything larger? The

bedroom over the hall is really quite a

good size, and—

"But is there a bedroom on the

ground floor?" asked Melicent, anxiously.

"No. Why?"

"For grandmamma, you know."

"Mr. Clare's countenance fell slightly.

"I have made no arrangements for

your grandmother, Milly."

"But, Charley, she brought me up.

Oh, Charley, couldn't you keep house with

her?"

"We can't keep house with her, you

mean!" said Clare, impatiently.

"When a man marries a girl, he doesn't

contract to support all the relatives

she happens to have!"

"I am all that grandmother has,"

said little Milly, her face all in a glow,

her eyes darkly coaxing. "Grand-

mamma has loved and cherished me

more years than you have, and I will

not leave her to want and, perhaps,

suffering, in her old age."

"Very well, then," said Mr. Clare,

quickly. "It is settled!"

"Yes," said Melicent; "it is set-

tled!"

And Grandmother Kirke, sitting

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices in this paper are each inserted for one week unless otherwise specified. Charges for advertising are as follows:

Obituaries and notices of death, half price.

Obituaries and notices of death, half price.

PUGILISTIC ALDERMEN.

A Disgraceful Scram in Chicago's City Council.

A Chicago special says: Such scenes

were never before enacted in the cham-

ber of the city council or the city of

Chicago as transpired Saturday. Be-

fore the crepe-draped speaker's desk

stood two aldermen, opponents politi-

cally in the council, each declaring

himself the chairman of the body. A

reading clerk, an officer of the coun-

cil, in order to protect one of these

speakers in his alleged right to rule

over the body, leaped upon the back

of the opposing speaker and tried to

eject him from the stand. A clerk of

the body tore up a regulation regu-

larly introduced, because it was not

in line with what his party desired. Over

the crepe-draped rail of the speaker's

stand leaped another alderman upon

the back of the clerk. To his aid

leaped his colleagues. Upon him

jumped an alderman of the opposing

faction, throwing off his coat as he

ran and clutching at the throat of the

man who by force was trying to get

before the council that which should

not legally have been tried.

Police officers rushed into the en-

closure to separate the struggling al-

dermen; and in the fight the crepe

which hung about the desk of the dead

major was torn down and trampled

underfoot. The men who three days

ago spent money and labor to honor

Mayor Harrison, disgraced his memory

by a disgraceful brawl over the

right to sit for twenty minutes in his

chair.

The council is almost evenly divided

politically, the republicans having a

slight majority, while the dead ex-

mayor was a democrat.

The council chamber is guarded by

a squad of police officers and no man

no matter what his politics or position

is allowed to enter.

HUNDREDS MEET DEATH.

Fearful Dynamite Explosion at a Span

ish Port.

A terrible dynamite explosion oc-

curred at Santander, Spain, Friday

night in which hundreds of persons

were instantly killed. The shock of

the explosion was so great that resi-

dents in the further parts of the city

thought an earthquake had occurred

and the place about to be destroyed.

The ship Volo, with a cargo of dy-

namite, was lying at the quay last Friday

evening, when, in some way not yet

explained, she caught fire. A large

crowd gathered in the vicinity of the

place, evidently unaware of the dan-

gerous character of the ship's cargo,

and the officers made no attempt to

drive them away.

While every effort was being made

to quench the flames a drill rose, fol-

lowed by a report, shook the founda-

tions and wrecked every house around

the quay, the walls being blown out as

though made of cardboard. The loss

to life cannot yet be stated with any

degree of accuracy. It is known, how-

ever, that the loss of life will reach in-

to the hundreds, while the list of in-

jured is enormous.

The town was completely paralyzed

by the disaster and no attempt was

subsequently made to extinguish the

fire that was communicated to adjacent

buildings by the flaming brands thrown

by exploding dynamite.

Gold in Alabama.

A Birmingham dispatch of Sunday

says: In a very quiet way a big find

of gold has been formed and is now

being worked by a party of men from

Alabama, who have been in the coun-

try for some time. The gold is in the

neighborhood of Heflin. In fact the

very first discovery was made thirty

years ago at a point. At one time the

United States mint depended to some

extent on the shipments from this mine.

Over \$5,000,000 in gold has been

mined in the past from these mines.

The Scale Signed.

A Pittsburgh special says: After

two days' session three of the largest

rolling mill plants in Mahoning valley

Saturday night signed the scale sub-

mitted by the National Pittsburgh Un-

ion. The scale is practically the same

as that used by the unorganized com-

panies, with the exception that there

is no time set for its expiration.

Fully One Thousand Dead.

A cable dispatch of Tuesday from

Madrid, Spain, says: The latest de-

tails concerning the terrible disaster

at Santander Friday show that the

number of dead, missing and wounded

is fully one thousand.

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 16, 1899.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy three months .25

News reaches us from Kansas that Mrs. Mary Leach, the "Queen Mary of the West," has denounced the People's Party and that she has returned to the Republican party from whence she came.

The annual session of the Baptist State Convention of Alabama was held last week at Greenville. The attendance was large and the exercises harmonious throughout. The next meeting will be held in July at Marion.

Hon. D. P. Benton, of Mobile, one of the best as well as one of the ablest men of the State, has been suggested by the Mobile News as a suitable man for Governor of Alabama. He has the mental, moral, social and physical qualifications to fill any place of honor.

A People's Party man who knows what he is talking about says the Jeffersonians are those who left the Democratic party and want to get back. The People's Party men are those who left the Democratic party and who do not want to get back.

Col. Oates says: "I believe Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Carlisle will order all the bullion in the treasury coined; and if they do, why it coined at the rate of \$4,000,000 a month they could not exhaust the amount in the treasury till the expiration of Mr. Cleveland's term of office."

Sam Jones is warming up the profane saints and sinners alike in Birmingham this week. Speaking of drunkards taking whiskey for their stomach's sake, said he: "You are trying to make God a liar. Some of you have had a chronic case of stomach ache ever since you were born."

Col. J. M. Whitehead, who has been the leading Jeffersonian, answers the question in his paper, the Living Truth, as to the difference there is between Jeffersonians and Populists. "None, whatever," says he. "The Jeffersonians were but a bridge over which voters were led from Democracy into the People's Party. All have now come over that bridge who will come. Cut the abutment loose and let the People's party swing out on an independent line." So speaks the old time Jeffersonian. He it was who also emphatically says there is no more need for the Jeffersonians to exist. This character of talk causes the Alliance Herald to cry out against dogmatism. According to that paper there are too many Jeffersonians and Populists who think they should be leaders. Just as for four years the mass of these people have been following, and surely by now they ought to know how to lead.

Tyler Goodwin, editor of the Reform Advocate of Wetumpka, is a bright young newspaper man and a man whose genial manners and uniform politeness ties a fellow on to him, but we believe he is making the mistake of his life in fighting the Democratic party. As much as he dislikes to own it, he loves the old party, and has been among those who would like to go back home, but he is writing so many hard things against Democracy that if he don't mind he will soon be forced to hide Democracy just to keep his back up where he got it when he was mad. Moreover the Populists are going to compel him to return to the fold or drop all claim to Jeffersonian Democracy and go out and body to the Populists. As much as we admire the zeal and, in many, the honesty of our Populist friends, yet we would have to see Tyler Goodwin go with them, for it will only be a short while before they will all see the mistake they made in not fighting out their battles within the Democratic party. The recent elections show that in States mostly claimed for Populists the Republicans and Democrats were the only real factions to the fight, and scarcely a Populist was elected throughout the length and breadth of the land. And the Republicans declare it to be their policy never again to face with this new faction. In the course of our future warfare it will be necessary for the Populists to unite with no side or the other, and it will be awfully disastrous for such a man to unite with the old enemies of Democracy.

Subscribe for The View.

THE CASE OF THE

May the good Lord be kind to Virginia in the Old Dominion only, of all the States holding contested elections yesterday, were the Democrats signally successful. This might not have been so either had any true pie-hold combination of Populists, Greenbackers, Radicals and superabundant the opposition; a straight Republican ticket might have won! All of which goes to show that the two old parties hold the boards to an appreciative public; no third party need apply.

If the News, memory serves it right there has never in the history of the country, been a change from one party to another of the National Administration and the incumbent won the first election thereafter. The reason seems to be deep-seated in human nature: when the out-party becomes the in party, every victorious big like of the State, county and precinct makes for an office: from ten to fifty patriots apply for every available piece of pie; from nine to forty-nine applicants go home hungry, uncomfortable and too often sulking. An unhappy appetite never put any human being in an enthusiastic state of mind. Election time comes around and the Administration is knocked out. The ugly spirit of "playing for even" did it.

The News is averse to believing that the financial policy of the Administration, or the attitude of the filibustering Democrat Senators has been a factor in the defeat. Where the financial policy of the Administration is understood to have been well nigh universally approved viz: in Massachusetts, New York and New Jersey there is our disaster most crushing. On the other hand, in Virginia, whose brilliant Senator John W. Daniel, was a filibuster, the platform on which we have won distinctly declares for the repeal of the purchasing clause of the Sherman Act. In Ohio the Tariff was the issue the Democratic Administration as well as Democratic Senators and Congressmen got black eyes. Billy McKinley by his brilliant victory, at this writing seems to have no competitor for the next Republican Presidential nomination.

It is idle for any Democrat to counsel from him self that the internal dissensions in the Democratic party, the intense bitterness of certain Senators and Congressmen toward President Cleveland and the consequent inability of the Democratic leaders to harmonize the difference between the Executive and a minority of his party men in the Legislative branches of the Government exerted a most damaging influence every where on Democratic changes for victory.

There is much comfort in the result in many Democratic changes. It is a hopeful sign of the times that there are thousands of Democrats in New York who are not ready to wear the collar of a corrupt machine and thousands of independent voters who will vote for an honest man, Grover Cleveland in November, 1892, and will vote against a dishonest man Judge Maynard in November, 1893. It is a comfort to every man who loves his country, regardless of his party affiliations to hear that Judge Gary, opposed by the Chicago Democratic Machine and by the anarchistic element in Illinois, is certainly elected. When any party commits an outrage on democracy, it deserves to be severely rebuked.

Taken all in all, the Democratic disaster of yesterday, seems pregnant with good: the effect will be better methods, more reputable nominations and higher aspirations by the Democratic party.—Birmingham News.

According to our judgment next year will be a very hard one. Meat corn and hay will come too high for farmers to pay for with 7 cent cotton. Now is the time to plant fall oats so that they can come to our rescue early next summer. Every farmer should also plant a good sized rye patch for grazing purposes during the winter. And in order that the provender they have for this winter shall go as far as possible they ought to build sheds to protect their cattle from the hard weather, and then put your food in racks or troughs so that none shall be wasted. Stock comfortably housed down on one-third less food than those which have no shelter.

Violent Demagogues.

One of the ugliest features of the late Senatorial wrangle was the consequent effort of the anti-administration Democrats to breed strife between the capitalists of New York and the Southern cotton planters.

It was a standing allegation of certain Southern newspapers that a conditional repeal was the selfish scheme of Eastern gold bugs and Wall street conspirators.

Mr. John H. Inman's interview in last Friday's Journal completely dispenses of this statement. Mr. Inman shows that during the stress of the late panic these alleged conspirators, at some personal inconvenience and serious financial risk, advanced to Southern cottonmen not less than thirty millions of dollars to relieve the monetary stringency in our section.

But for this timely aid the cotton market would have been paralyzed, and the price would have dropped to five or six cents. The South would have lost millions of dollars. Are we to pour such helpful sympathy as New York gave us for the sake of a coalition with the Republican millionaires and silver kings of the Northwest?

Are these sapient scribblers and their followers ignorant of the fact that these much vilified Eastern capitalists have millions of dollars invested in Southern stocks and bonds and every other class of securities? Are they foolish enough to believe that these capitalists, having staked so heavily on the South, would countenance financial plans that would destroy its property and thereby seriously cripple their own resources?

The Journal has never been accused of favoring corporations at the expense of the people, but it despises the demagogues which, without justice or reason, attempt to array class against class or section against section.

The contention that the capitalists of New York are in a conspiracy to wreck and ruin the South is absurd and contemptible.

HE IS A GENERAL.

Col. Jas. M. McKleroy honored by Gen. Ferguson.

Anniston Hot Blast.
Col. Jon. M. McKleroy has been appointed general of one of the States two brigades of Confederate Veterans.

Colonel McKleroy wanted to withdraw in favor of his friend, Gen. Tige Anderson, but General Anderson would not consent to it and Colonel McKleroy wrote his acceptance to Captain Ferguson.

Colonel McKleroy is one of the zealous veterans in the organization and the appointment couldn't have been given to a better man. He was in the lead in starting the organization of camps in this county, served with distinction in the war, as a man widely respected and loved for his integrity and true nobility, and the undoubted honor is merited in every sense of the word.

Talladega News-Reporter, Now, dear brethren on the anti-administration side, don't get frightened and swear that the whole government is going to the dogs and the gold bugs. Wait a bit and see. When Cleveland sat down on the land grabbers out west and redeemed fifty million acres for the people you said he was brave, good man. When he knocked bad pensioners right and left and saved dollars by the millions with his votes you yelled for him. When he took an empty treasury and left it full and people wondering what to do with the surplus, you thought him a safe public servant. Well, he is the same honest, fearless Cleveland yet. So keep cool, wait patiently and don't go too far away for you have to confess that his motives are pure and his position absolutely unassailable. All your assertions are fiery, and not deliberate, as they should be to bridge the unruly member a bit, be conservative though it is hard to do, for anger is dangerous. "Whom the gods would destroy they first make mad," you know.

Jeffersonian and People's Party politics are not an enthusiastic up in Fayette County as formerly, judging by the fact that those people have allowed our old friend, brother Cox, to go to the wall with his paper. The Fayette County News was a faithful People's Party paper, and deserved the support of those for whom it was working, but they left the editor to hold the bag, and it just got too heavy for his brave arm, so he let go.

A Young Man.

Ask yourself hard questions about yourself. Ascertain from original sources if you are really the master of your own fate; if you are always honest; if you always tell the square, perfect truth in business deals; if your life is as good and upright as it is at night as it is at noon; if you are as good a temperance man on a fishing excursion as you are at a Sunday picnic; if you are as good when you go out of the city as you are at home, if, in short, you are really the sort of man your father hopes you are and your sweetheart believes you are.

The recent elections show positively that the people of America would rather forsake party occasionally than to be ruled by corrupt rings. The Democratic party lost in several of the States because they had placed corrupt men on their tickets. Let this be a lesson to Alabama Democrats; put none but the clearest and best men in the lead.

Rev. J. M. Dykes, representative of Chilton County, is giving himself largely to preaching. He serves the Bethel and an area of the Bethel in Chilton. The Coosa River in Emory, Liberty Hill and Marble Valley in Coosa and Mt. Olive in Perry Counties.

Premium.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 32—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

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The Electropole has been a success.

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Every family should have one.

Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette, Ala.

The Electropole is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine.

Mrs. E. W. Story, La Plac, Ala.

Rev. J. R. Roberson, of Chap. Brown, Ala., says the Electropole has worked admirably in his case, spinal rheumatism, has gained twenty pounds in a few months, and sleeps well.

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10. 200 acres land. 24 oxen; 4 log drives; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit.

11. 200 acres land. 24 oxen; 4 log drives; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit.

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FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$140 Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

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Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of Dresden, and the watches he has made specially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-Head Pins, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,

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New Store!!

New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

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NEAT WORK, PROMPT ATTENTION,

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C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

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Trains pass Clanton

as follows:

No. 1 Express

No. 2 Mail

No. 3 Accommodation

No. 4 Fast

No. 5 Express

No. 6 Accommodation

No. 7 and 8 make

and stop at all regular

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Ice on the 15th inst.

Clanton was lively

W. C. Robinson open

day.

Mr. Raus Nelson

lately.

Maj. John L. Harre

recently.

Mr. J. M. Parrish

Saturday.

Mr. J. M. Potts is

residence.

Rev. J. F. Smith spe

in Clanton.

Mr. W. P. White, of

town Friday.

Mr. Tom Hand, of

town Friday.

Mr. P. C. Dennis, of

town Tuesday.

Mr. W. M. Gore, of

town Saturday.

Miss Vanessa Vines

in Birmingham.

You can buy any

from Mullins Bros.

Mr. F. B. Baldwin

Clanton last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L.

Birmingham Monday.

Mrs. A. E. Bivins

</

In the last forty years the average life span has increased from twenty to thirty-four years. This is a remarkable fact. Several years added to the average human life in forty! It took over eighteen hundred years to increase the average of life eight years, which shows how much more rapidly we advance in these days. From the days of Omar to the present, fifteen years have been added to the average of life, seven of which is due to the advancement made in sanitary science during the last forty years. We live in better homes, we wear better clothes, we care more, rationally, for our children and we have been enabled by improvements in food.

This lengthening of life has been made in spite of the many bad habits yet indulged in by the people. The use of intoxicants and tobacco, too, have done very little to retard the progress of the age, still tend to shorten our days of life upon the earth. If these causes could be removed, another fifteen years could be added to the length of life. Men and women should live to be one hundred years old, and there should be no exceptions to the rule, who would live to be one hundred and twenty-five or thirty. The average animal or bird lives, on an average, five times as long as it takes them to mature physically. Some live much longer than this proportion. Man should be at least as well as the animals, and with his ability to care for himself he should surpass the animals. We need a more rational mode of life. We believe we are gradually learning it.—Exchange.

Fish on Ice.

It is the suggestion of a writer on hygiene in the United States that a good plan to put fish in direct contact with ice. An examination into several cases of illness resulting from eating fish that possessed some poisonous quality has led to the conclusion that it was obtained in this way, the water "having impurities before freezing, promoting a formation of alkaloids known as fish poisons." As any known source of possible danger is one more ally in the housekeeper's fight for the health of her family, it will be well to pass this bit of information on to one's fish dealer as well as to one's cook in one's kitchen wraps a low el or piece of cheesecloth about the fish before she puts it away.

The Sanguine Porter.

Palace Car Porter (out West): "Don't gob me no tea, till we get to de end of de trip." Passenger: "Very well. Just as you prefer." Porter: "Yes, sah. You see, dese train robbers always goes for me first, an' if I ain't got nuffin, dey say de passengers ain't got nuffin, and goes off."—New York Weekly.

No Show for Cholera.

Foreign Visitor: "Cholera obtained no foothold in America this summer." American: "No. This summer has been that people had to content themselves with three meals a day."—New York Weekly.

Success Follows Failure.

To cure disease when, instead of numerous palliatives of this sort of humanity, that potent and comprehensive medicine, Hostetter's Stomach Bitter, is resorted to. Improvement is rapid and relief complete when it is used in cases of liver or material complaint, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness, kidney weakness or neuralgia. Deliberate people steadily gain strength when digestion is relieved by the Bitter.

A poet assures us that "death is man's best friend." Perhaps so, but it is a friend that most of us are in no hurry to meet.

For impure blood, Weakness, Malnutrition, Indigestion and Biliousness, take Brown's Iron Bitter. It gives strength, making old people feel young and young people strong; pleasant to take.

A bookkeeper's lunch is the title of an address by one of the most complete in the political history of Virginia. With partial returns from perhaps two-thirds of the state it is clear that, besides electing its ticket by a handsome majority of from 25,000 to 40,000 the democratic party has chosen at least three-fourths of the members of the general assembly. Returns from almost every quarter have been encouraging.

MARYLAND ALL RIGHT. Returns from many precincts of Maryland show that democrats have elected candidates for state comptroller by a large plurality.

IN KANSAS. Advice from Boston state that forty towns in the state show no democratic loss, from last year, of 1,852. One hundred towns give Greenhalge (republican) 20,821, Russell 19,852. Same towns last year gave Hall (republican) 26,356, Russell 24,218. Net democratic loss of 5,546. One democratic and eighty towns show a net democratic loss of 2,564 from last year. Returns from 300 towns show democratic losses. Returns from 237 towns give Russell 42,380 and Greenhalge 64,866. The same towns in 1901 gave Russell 45,885 and Allen 55,685.

A Boston social says: The republicans elect their candidate for governor in Massachusetts, Tuesday, by 30,000 plurality. All during the campaign the democratic leaders have felt that they were fighting against hopeless odds, but the overwhelming victory which Frederick T. Greenhalge won is perhaps the greatest of all the great surprises which have occurred in Massachusetts politics in the past four years.

IN KANSAS. The republican majority in Arkansas City will run from 50 to 200. In Winslow, from 325 to 390. Estimated republican majority in Cowley county, 500.

IN KANSAS. A Des Moines special says: The republicans swept Iowa Tuesday. They elected their candidate for governor, F. D. Jackson, by 35,000, and the remainder of their state ticket by a large plurality. They will have a good working majority in both branches of the general assembly and elect a United States senator to succeed James F. Wilson.

KENTUCKY IN SAFF. Full returns throughout Kentucky will not be available for several days, but so far as reports have been received it is pretty certain that the relative standing of the political parties

THE BATTLE OF BALLOTS

Republicans Victorious in Many States

Trade Strengthened

Even New York Goes Under and Ohio and Iowa Follow Suit.

Returns from the elections in New York state, Tuesday, show the situation of a year ago is almost exactly reversed. The republicans have apparently swept everything. Actual figures are hard to get. Practically complete returns from many of the counties of the state and scattering returns from the others indicate that the republicans have elected their entire state ticket and that they will have a good working majority in the next legislature. In Brooklyn, the local campaign was fought most bitterly. Mayor Brody, who was re-nominated by the democrats, was defeated by 8,000 of votes. William H. Gaynet, the prominent democrat, who for the past two years has led in the fight against Boss McLaughlin and his ring, was nominated by the republicans for supreme court judge in the second district with a result of a 30,000 majority in his favor. The local contest in New York city was very interesting, the republicans making but small efforts in behalf of their ticket. The complete returns for the city show the election of the entire Tammany ticket by majorities ranging between 67,000 and 88,000.

The Sun says: Every return from the state shows gains for the republicans, and that the state has gone republican by about 40,000.

NEW JERSEY IN LOSS. In New Jersey the situation is very similar to that in New York. There, for the first time since they passed the local option law in 1888, the republicans will control the assembly.

A WATERLOO IN OHIO.

The democrats at Ohio met with a perfect Waterloo in the election Tuesday. The returns for each seem to indicate the election of McKinley by not less than 50,000 more than 75,000 plurality. This is the largest majority given to any candidate in this state since Brough beat Vallandigham in 1861 by more than 100,000 majority. It's a perfect landslide, and while the democrats did not expect a victory, they are dazed at the overwhelming defeat, which is attributed to various causes. Cincinnati and Hamilton county have gone for McKinley by from 10,000 to 14,000, and the entire republican ticket is elected. The democrats and their working men and others of the disaffected to blame the democrats with all the trouble, and they accordingly voted with the opposition party. The returns from the northwest show that the farmers were disgusted with the democratic position on silver and went back on them. The legislature will be from three-fourths to four-fifths republicans in both branches.

VIRGINIA OVERWHELMINGLY SAFE.

A Richmond special says: The election in Virginia, in which the democrats won a sweeping victory, was one of the most remarkable contests ever known in the state. A governor, a lieutenant governor and attorney general were chosen together with members of the general assembly. The assembly will, in its turn, elect a full judiciary except county judges, from members of the supreme court of appeals down, and also two senators in congress, one to fill the unexpired term of the late Senator Barbour and the other to fill the long term. This was the first time in twenty years that a single contest involved the filling of so many of the important state offices. Although the vote throughout the state was small the democratic victory was one of the most complete in the political history of Virginia. With partial returns from perhaps two-thirds of the state it is clear that, besides electing its ticket by a handsome majority of from 25,000 to 40,000 the democratic party has chosen at least three-fourths of the members of the general assembly. Returns from almost every quarter have been encouraging.

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THE NEWS IN GENERAL

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegrams and Arches

And Presented in Pictorial and Reading Paragraphs

Supporting our main theme.

Nine lives were lost in the lower bay at New York Saturday afternoon by the exploding of a boat.

The Dittmar dynamite factory, at Baychester, N. Y., was blown up Tuesday morning. It is reported that several men were killed.

In a collision between two freight trains on the western division of the Central Pacific, Sunday, nine miles west of Salt Lake, Fred Leach, brakeman, Charles Givens, a fireman, and four tramps were killed.

Upper dates of Unalakleet, Alaska, October 7th, Captain Healy, of the revenue cutter Bear, reports that an epidemic of influenza and pneumonia has broken out at that place among the people of the village, and on the vessels of the harbor.

Governor McKinley closed his campaign at Cleveland, O., Monday night, with a speech to the music hall. Every one of the 6,000 seats was filled and even the streets leading to the hall were packed to suffocation. He made a speech which aroused his audience to the highest pitch of enthusiasm.

A Chicago special says: Mayor Harrison's assassin, Fred Goetz, appeared for trial Monday, but upon the request of attorneys, secured for him by his brother, a letter carrier—the case was continued by Judge Brann until November 27th. The lawyers for the defense stated that they desired time to study the case.

The visible supply of grain November 4th, as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange, was as follows: Wheat, 71,341,000 bushels; corn, 2,016,000; corn, 4,395,000 bushels; decrease, 840,000. Oats, 5,387,000; increase, 33,000. Rye, 338,000 bushels; increase, 17,000. Barley, 2,816,000 bushels; increase, 108,000.

A dispatch of Tuesday to the London Standard, from Berlin, shows that since November 1st there were six cases of cholera and three deaths in east Prussia, five new cases in and near Stettin and six new cases in and near Danzig. In Pomerania, since October 29th three cases of cholera and three deaths were reported at Havelberg and one death at Potsdam.

The Paris Journal of Monday expresses the belief that the representative of the French physicians went to Bournemouth, England, to examine Dr. Carl Hertz, the Panama canal lobbyist, and to report upon his condition, will hold that the prisoner is suffering from general debility and weakness of the mental faculties and from a grave and pronounced diabetic and cardiac disease.

A London cablegram of Monday says: A public examination of the affairs of Hallett & Co., agents and bankers, showed liabilities amounting to \$735,000. The duke of Edinburgh, the duke of York, Prince Henry of Battenberg and most of the prominent naval officers are among the unsecured creditors. William Hallett attributes his failure to financing the Dalwell News Agency to the extent of over \$200,000.

A Chicago dispatch of Sunday says: Assessor Frendreger has finally secured legal advisers and they will be in court when the case is called. It is expected that they will ask for a continuance on the ground of insufficient time to prepare their evidence. The case will then go over for a week. Frendreger has been examined by three insanity experts. They declined to give any opinion as to his insanity, as they expect to testify during the trial.

A dispatch from Hanover, Germany, says that Lieutenant von Meyerovitz, who was most prominently connected with the gambling fraud trials, and who was recently convicted and sentenced to four years' imprisonment, was found dead in his cell Monday, having committed suicide by hanging. Lieutenant von Meyerovitz was a distinguished officer of the German army, and was decorated with the order of the Red Eagle.

The New York Herald of Tuesday morning printed a dispatch from La Libertad, Honduras, stating that by the alleged orders of President Vasquez and by the express command of the commissioner of the port of Amagap, seven cannon shots were fired after the Pacific mail steamship, Costa Rica, flying the stars and stripes, as she steamed away, because she refused to surrender Policorpe Conella who recently led the revolution in Honduras, but was defeated by Vasquez.

A Washington special of Monday says: Parsons and Wilminger, respectively assistant attorney general and chief of the northern district of Alabama, must find some other way in which to recover their office than by writ of mandamus from the supreme court to the judge of the district court of Alabama. Chief Justice Fuller, in announcing the decision of the court, stated that the supreme court could not direct a lower court how to proceed in a special case of which it had jurisdiction, and that the petition for a writ of mandamus must, therefore, be denied.

King Lobengula Trapped. Advice of Thursday from Cape Town, Africa, says that the native runners who are reaching Fort Victoria confirm the belief that King Lobengula has been trapped. He is blocked to the northward by the white fly country, through which it will be impossible for him to drive his cattle, and to the southward by the imperial troops and the forces of the British South Africa Company. Lobengula's forces are supposed to be in the vicinity of the Shangani and Gaozi rivers, 140 miles west of Fort Victoria. The capture seems probable.

Exchange of Dollars Resumed. A Washington special says: In accordance with preparatory instructions recently issued by the secretary of the treasury, Mr. Carlisle on Friday instructed the mints at Philadelphia and New Orleans to coin silver dollars.

THE MONEY PUT UP.

Robberies, Flays, in Southern States

Corbett-Mitchell Fight

A Jacksonville, Fla., dispatch says: The members of the local syndicate to secure the Corbett-Mitchell fight, had a conference Tuesday morning, and decided to put up \$30,000 in a lump. The following telegram was sent at 11:30 a. m. to Richard K. Fox, of New York:

Confidential check for twenty thousand dollars Harry Hooton and J. K. T. Swenden, well known capitalists, had been mailed to you as stake in proposed Corbett-Mitchell contest with conditions attached. Letter will follow this afternoon.

Chief National Banker, Jacksonville, Fla. As the money is now up, everybody here feels confident that the fight will be had in Jacksonville.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Brief Paragraphs.

A \$100,000 woolen mill is being seriously considered as the next factory to be established at Huntsville, Ala.

The Commercial club of Birmingham, Ala., has resolved to circulate petition to the ways and means committee asking it not to lower the duty on iron and coal in the new tariff bill.

The Bransfield board of health reported thirteen new cases of yellow fever and one death for the twenty-four hours ending Monday noon. Recapitulation—Under treatment, 151; discharged, 700; dead, 50—total 901.

The brick court house at Brookhaven, Miss., the scene last May of the white cap attack on the jail, in which Judge Christian was injured, was burned Sunday night. All the records were destroyed. The court was to meet there Monday morning. This is the second courthouse burned there in the last ten years.

A special from Fort Payne, Ala., says: A forty-horse power engine at Elrod's cotton gin and saw-mill in the county near here, blew up Saturday night and killed two men, Charles Richardson and Dick Elrod. Robert Bullock, another employee at the mill, was fatally injured. Philip Elrod is badly wounded, but it is thought he will recover.

A New Orleans dispatch of Monday says: There is a newspaper war on between the two morning papers, The Picayune and the Times-Democrat, which has developed some very bitter feeling and several fist fights, and the result is that two policemen are stationed in the vicinity of the offices, which add to the other, to prevent further hostilities.

The Alabama Christian Missionary Convention met in regular session at Birmingham, Tuesday, about fifty delegates attending, coming from all parts of the state. Rev. Irwin, of Selma, the president of the association, presided. The president's annual address showed the church to be growing rapidly in Alabama. It now has more than ten thousand members.

A Montgomery special of Sunday says: The extension of the Alabama Midland road, known as the Abbeville Southern, is completed to Headland, Ala., and that place is now connected by rail with Montgomery. The majority of the citizens expressed their graphic congratulations. This new line will bring a large quantity of cotton to Montgomery.

A Knoxville special of Saturday says: William Smith, the train robber who was shot at Coal Creek, has told the story of the attempt. He says that Fred Gerding persuaded him to go into it. Smith told his father and others that Gerding was planning and says he knew the express people had been notified. He expected to be rewarded by the express company. Smith may die.

A Charleston dispatch of Sunday says: In the case of Sadie Means, the telephone girl who was expelled from the Second Presbyterian church at Columbia, S. C., for working in the telephone exchange on Sunday, the South Carolina synod, at Clinton, has ordered that the action of the Charleston presbytery in the case be annulled and that the church in Columbia "restore Sadie M. Means to all her rights and privileges as a member in full communion."

A Lexington, Ky., dispatch says: Longfellow, one of the distinguished blue-grass equine kings, is dead. Monday morning the old horse, who has been a mere shell for several years, succumbed to the ravages of age. Longfellow was foaled in 1887 and was twenty-six years old. As a race horse, he had few equals. In the palm days of the turf, his battle with Harry Bassett and other shining equine stars of those days are still fresh in the minds of turfmen.

A Birmingham, Ala., dispatch says: The two thousand miners at the Blocton mine, of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company, resumed work Monday after having been idle for a week or more. The company paid them their balance for August work and promised to pay them the September and October balances during the present month. The Gurnee and Ames mines of the same company resumed work several days ago under the same conditions.

The supreme court at Jackson, Miss., Monday, affirmed the decision of the lower court in the case of L. Marks vs. Quitman county. Marks, who was a member of the board of supervisors, had been speculating in county warrants, contrary to section 1239 of the uncodified code, and was tried, convicted and sentenced by the circuit court to one hour in jail, to pay a fine of \$50 and be dismissed from office by the lower court and appeal.

He was formerly a member of the legislature.

Miner's Lumber Fire. A large saw mill just east of Dixon, Okla., twenty miles east of Fort Wayne, Ind., was destroyed by fire Wednesday night. The fire spread to the lumber pile, extending one-half of a mile, and a large quantity of lumber was lost.

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Cream of Tartar and Soda

Have been in cooking well known to every housekeeper; but the method of preparing them to make them chemically pure, and of mixing them together so as to produce their greatest leavening power and best results when combined, is a matter of great mystery, requiring the most expert knowledge and skill.

Royal Baking Powder

Is the product of this knowledge and experience and the expenditure of many thousands of dollars in patents and appliances for its preparation. "It is a compound of strictly pure cream of tartar and absolutely pure soda, combined with exactness and care by famous chemists, and it will produce more wholesome and delicate bread; biscuits, cake, rolls, etc., than can be had where this modern agent of cooking is not used. Beware of the cheap compounds called baking powders to catch the unwary. They are made with alum and are poisonous.

Cheap Toys Are Best.

Who of us that remembers how the battered old every-day doll held their place in our hearts which the best doll, proudly produced on company occasions, held in our vanity, but will recognize the deep intuition of M. de Gourmond's assertion that the elegantly dressed doll, in all the pomp and circumstance of the shop, is once and forever only a fine lady or a peasant, a bride or a baby, while the every-day doll is "all that and the rest," "according to the divine inspiration given to the little child, which suppresses for her pleasure time and space, retaining only the idea, all powerful in the art of metamorphosis?" To conjecture how much of our misapprehensions in the matter of the misapplied indulgence of parents in the matter of costly and valueless toys would carry us too far. But surely M. de Gourmond is right in asserting that it is not without reason that children rebel against that "prison of the fact" to which, with their dolls and talk of steam engines that puff, parents try to condemn them in their plays as in their duties. And looking into the ways of French children, we have a right to conclude that it is because the door to the ideal is still left wide open for them in their plays that they rebel so little against that prison of the fact which is more straitly around them in matters of duty and discipline than in the case with our own children.—Harper's Bazar.

Don't Tease Children.

The positive delight which some otherwise very good people take in teasing children is surprising. "I would sooner discharge a nurse for this fault than for any other, said a wise mother, "and when I find a friend who thinks it is an amusing matter to tease my child I reprove him as readily as I would a child for the same offense. I have known dispositions to be utterly ruined through this silly practice."

Real and Imitation Lace.

A clear point for woman not versed in discriminating imitation from real lace, and the inability by no means so reprehensible at it once was in to bear in mind that the meshes of real lace are never so regular as those in the machine woven. All real lace is hand made, and it follows that it is impossible to have it so perfect as that spun by machinery.—Chicago Post.

"August Flower"

"What is August Flower for?" As easily answered as asked. It is for Dyspepsia. It is a special remedy for the Stomach and Liver.—Nothing more than this. We believe August Flower cures Dyspepsia. We know it will. We have reasons for knowing it. To-day it has an honored place in every town and country store, possesses one of the largest manufacturing plants in the country, and sells everywhere. The reason is simple. It does one thing, and does it right. It cures dyspepsia.

CURES RISING BREAST

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest blessing ever discovered. It has been a midwife for many years, and in each case where "Mother's Friend" has been used, it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for rising of the breast known, and is a sure cure for all cases of this kind. M. M. BROWER, Montgomery, Ala.

POSITION AS BANK TELLER.

My knowledge of Mr. R. W. Jennings as a business man of high character and an exceptionally high knowledge of business affairs, and my knowledge of his success at the head of the Business College, prompt me to commend him and his excellent school with unhesitating and without reserve.

The Bishop's son, Oscar, graduated from this school some time ago and secured a position as Teller in the American National Bank, Louisville, where he is now receiving a good salary.

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CHILTON

In the geographical center of Kentucky and Tennessee,

CHILTON COUNTY

By the geographical center of Alabama, the Louisville and Nashville, the E. V. & G. and the Montgomery, Tusculum and Memphis railroads pass through the County, and the Coosa river in the boundary line on the east. The chief industries are farming and stock raising. Population 15,000.

Chilton, the county seat, is on the L. & N. R. R., 14 miles south of Birmingham and 40 miles north of Montgomery. Several large saw mills are located in the vicinity of the town.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES.

The Happenings of a Day Chronicled in Brief and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the List of the News From All Parts of the World.

John W. Hogg, chief clerk of the Navy department, and for thirty-nine years an employee of the government, dropped dead at his home in Rockville, Md., Wednesday morning. He was at the navy department at the close of office hours Tuesday afternoon.

A dispatch of Wednesday from Walla Walla, Wash., states that the Milton bank robbers are surrounded by a posse at a sheep camp fifteen miles west of Milton. A hard fight is anticipated and the sheriff of Umatilla and Walla Walla counties have been called upon to furnish an extra posse. The sheriff and a posse left Pendleton on a special train for Milton.

The mortgage held by the Mercantile Trust and Deposit Company, of Baltimore, on the property of the Georgia Southern and Florida Railroad Company will be foreclosed and the road sold under the hammer unless the supreme court interferes. That is the result of the great trial that has been in progress in the superior court at Macon the past week.

Advices of Wednesday, from El Paso, Texas, state that the Mexican revolutionists instead of attacking Ciudad Juarez, as has been lately expected, have evaded the federal troops from Chihuahua and Cam Grande and have taken Acamson and Corralitos. The Americans who were ordered out of Acamson by the revolutionists are seeking safety at Delmi, N. M. The Mormon colony, located near Lake Palomas, just across the border, have been ordered to abandon their homes.

A Washington special of Wednesday says: The iron and coal men of Alabama will not be accorded a formal hearing by the ways and means committee. For a week or two past Congressmen Wheeler, Senator Fugh and others have been interviewing members of the ways and means committee with a view of having a hearing accorded to the representatives of the Commercial club against the proposition to place iron ore and coal on the free list.

W. F. Putnam, president of the Lexington, Ky., Water Works company, has been arrested at El Paso, Mass., for embezzling \$30,000 from the National Granite bank, of which he was president. The American Trust company, of New York, trustees for the bondholders of the water company, have sent an expert to investigate, and startling developments are expected. The company may be forced into the hands of a receiver through the foreclosing of a contractors' lien for \$45,000.

There appears now to be no question but that the rolling mill at Bessemer, Ala., will start up at a very early date. It will be resumed on the co-operative plan, the working man sharing in the profits with the owners. The co-operative project was agitated soon after the mill shut down several months ago, but at that time a majority of the stockholders hesitated about coming in. Since that time they have investigated the co-operative plan and, it is stated, they will proceed at once to inaugurate it at their mill.

Chairman Wilson had under consideration the question of the revision of the administrative act on Wednesday. Among importers there is much complaint against the classification clauses of this measure, and a committee of New York importers, consisting of P. B. Worrall and Daniel McKeever, have presented their views on the question to Chairman Wilson and the treasury officials. It was suggested that the classification question be taken out of the hands of the general appraisers, leaving them to set as appraisers on questions of value only.

A Charlotte special says: The Richmond and Danville railroad took a hand in the war on the dispensary Wednesday when ex-Judge Cothran filed a petition asking for a rule against the state constable, Lewis W. Perrin, of Greenville, requiring him to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt. Perrin is charged with unlawfully seizing a package of liquor at Greenville on November 7th, the said liquor at the time being in possession of a receiver appointed by the United States court. The hearing of the case was fixed for November 30th.

A Birmingham, Ala., special of Wednesday says: D. D. Shelby, of Huntsville, Ala., the leading attorney for Messrs. Parsons and Manning, the United States district attorney and marshal whom Mr. Cleveland discharged before their terms had expired, is preparing the papers to revive the case on a writ of error. The United States supreme court recently endorsed the action of Judge Bruce in recognizing the Cleveland appointees, but the republican ex-officio holders are game and will fight the case as long as they can.

The federal grand jury at Jackson, Miss., continues to probe and fifteen indictments were returned Wednesday. Twelve are for selling whiskey without license, two for illicit distilling and one for embarking in the latter being against Major W. H. Gibbs, the ex-republican postmaster at that place. The amount alleged to have been embezzled is \$3,930.88. George Brown, a postal clerk, on trial for tampering with the mails, was found guilty. Brown had been in the government employ twenty years, and has always been regarded as a man of probity.

WILL FIGHT IN FLORIDA.

Corbett and Mitchell Will Meet in Jacksonville January 25th.

It seems definitely settled that J. J. Corbett and Charles Mitchell will battle for the championship of the world for a \$30,000 purse and a stake of \$10,000 before the newly organized Duval Athletic club, of Jacksonville, Fla., on the night of Thursday, January 25, 1904.

Wednesday articles of agreement between James J. Corbett and Charles Mitchell to engage in a glove contest before the Duval Athletic Club, of Jacksonville, Fla., on the night of January 25, 1904, at 9 o'clock p. m. sharp for a purse of \$30,000, winner to receive all, were signed. The contest is to be with the smallest gloves allowed by law, the gloves to be furnished by James J. Corbett, (the gloves to be of ordinary make with finger holes and nothing in the way of color padding,) the marquis of Queensberry rules to govern the contest, and to be followed in every instance and particular by the referee, Maxwell E. Moore.

The club is to select an official timekeeper, each of the principals reserving the right to appoint a timekeeper to represent himself, the timekeepers to be subject to the rules of the club. Should either of the principals commit a deliberate foul, thereby injuring the other chances of winning, the one so doing shall lose all interest in the aforesaid purse.

To guarantee the faithful performance of the above obligation, each principal agrees to deposit the sum of \$5,000 in the hands of David A. Blanchard, to guarantee their appearance in the ring at the appointed time.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

Before the Land Commissioner—Titles Asked for Land Grants.

A Washington special of Wednesday says: Assistant Land Commissioner Bowers is considering an interesting land case from Louisiana. About the beginning of the war the United States granted patents to citizens of Louisiana to the amount of 13,000 acres. These patents were never recorded. The governor of Louisiana during the war granted the same parties the lands by state patents, assuming that as Louisiana had gone out of the Union that it had taken the public lands within its borders with it. The state patents were recorded and at present are the only title by which the lands are held. The lands have been assigned and a request is now made to the general land office for patents from the United States in order that the title may be secured for the parties now owning the lands. This is the first case of the kind ever brought before the land department.

ROCKEFELLER'S CHARITY.

He Makes a Fourth Gift to Chicago University.

John D. Rockefeller made his fourth gift to the University of Chicago Friday. It amounts to \$500,000. With his previous donations this last contribution makes Mr. Rockefeller's gift to the university \$3,250,000. Mr. Rockefeller's last gift is conditional on securing Martin Ryerson's donation of \$100,000. The condition of the Ryerson donation is that \$400,000 be raised by popular subscription by Jan. 1, 1894.

Chicago Anarchists Celebrating.

Services in commemoration of the death of the five anarchists, Parsons, Spies, Ling, Fischer and Engel were held at Chicago Sunday at the monument erected to their memory in Waldheim cemetery. The services at the graves were attended by nearly 4,500 persons. Samuel Fielden, Michael Schwab and Oscar Neebe, who were recently pardoned by the governor were present at the grave. Fielden and Schwab were the orators of the day.

A \$100,000 Cigar Smoke.

The large cigar factory of Maroon, Mo., at 514 Pine street, Philadelphia, was destroyed by fire at an early hour Wednesday morning. The loss is estimated at \$100,000. The fire was discovered about 5:10 o'clock, and was under great headway when the department arrived. It was with difficulty that the adjoining property was saved. Maroon Morales is president of the American-Cuban societies.

Natives on the Warpath.

Burners of another Navajo outbreak have been received at Durango, Col. It is reported the soldiers west of the Montezuma valley had a collision Thursday night with the Indians, killing four. A deputy sheriff left Cortes with a posse to force the Navajo back to their reservation. It is said that they had permission from the agent to go off on a hunt and this has enraged the whites.

Official Figures from Ohio.

A special of Thursday from Columbus, Ohio, says: The official returns are in from three-fourths of the eighty-eight counties, and with unofficial figures from the remaining counties, Governor McKinley's plurality placed at 88,791, and his majority over all at 80,000. The senate will stand: Republicans, 25; democrats, 5. The house: Republicans, 86; democrats, 21.

In a single season the locusts or grasshoppers have cost the Western farmers \$200,000,000.

THE NEWS IN GENERAL.

Condensed from Our Most Important Telegraphic Advises

And Presented in Pointed and Readable Paragraphs.

A powder mill at Minden, Scotland, near Amsterdam, was blown up Tuesday. Two bodies have already been recovered. Several are still missing.

A London dispatch says: Three thousand mines in the Lehigh district of Lancashire resumed work Monday morning at the rate of wages paid before the great strike commenced.

Advices of Monday from Buenos Ayres state that in consequence of the renewed bombardment of Rio, stringency instructions have been received by the commanders of foreign warships to take all necessary steps to protect foreign property in the city.

A cable dispatch from Vienna, Austria, states that the new cabinet is generally credited with good intentions and is treated with sympathy by the entire Vienna press. It is estimated that the ministerial majority in the Reichstag will be able to count 200 votes against 150 for the opposition.

A New York dispatch of Monday says: Charles Mitchell has signed a contract with the theatrical managers, Powers and Edwards, for an engagement of two weeks at \$2,000 per week, said to be the largest salary ever paid a pugilist. Mitchell will make his first appearance at Syracuse on Thursday night.

The United States cruiser Columbia dropped anchor in the harbor of South Boston Monday morning. Her run at sea was the quickest ever made by a war vessel in this country, beating the New York's time over two hours.

Only two members of the trial board, Captain Edmund O. Matthews and Chief Engineer Edward Farmer, made the journey from Philadelphia in the ship.

Marcos Morales, president of the Cuban League in Pennsylvania, and chairman of the advisory board of that organization, received dispatches Monday morning which aver that a revolution is in full swing in Cuba. He asserts that the natives of that island have risen in force and have determined to throw off the yoke of Spain. They expect help from their countrymen in the United States.

Tremendous excitement reigns at Varnor, Ark., a station on the Iron Mountain railroad, twenty miles south of Pine Bluff, over the lynching, shooting and burning, early Tuesday morning, of a negro named Nelson, who, a week ago murdered another negro. A mob consisting entirely of colored people, broke down the jail, hung Nelson to a convenient tree, riddled his body with bullets and then set fire to it.

Francis B. Tharber, of New York, filed a general assignment Tuesday in the county clerk's office, for the benefit of his creditors, to Bondinot Keith, without preference. Francis P. Tharber, president of the Tharber-Whyland company, in the application for a receiver, says in his affidavit that the debts of the concern aggregate \$800,000, of which \$500,000 is commercial paper. The company does a business, he says, of \$125,000 a week.

At an anarchist meeting at Chicago, Monday night, Oscar Neebe, recently pardoned by Governor Algyer, said that Ling, whose head was held blown to pieces while he was under sentence of death, was a victim of the jail guards, and was not a suicide. Neebe claimed that the dead anarchist was given a loaded cigar by some of the jail officials, and it was that, and not, as alleged, a detonating cap, which killed the condemned man.

A crank called at the office of Myron T. Herriek, secretary of the treasurer of the Society for the Savings at Cleveland, O., Friday, and with a dynamite bomb in one hand and a revolver in the other demanded \$50,000. Mr. Herriek responded by promptly knocking the man down and grappling with him on the floor. While in this position the crank fired a shot at Mr. Herriek, the bullet passing through his coat. The fellow then jumped through a window and escaped.

Monday afternoon three men, without attracting attention, rode into Milton, Ore., and dismounted at the door of the bank of Milton. Two entered the bank while the third stood guard outside and held the horses. President Hopson, Cashier Davis and Assistant Cashier Hopson were covered with revolvers and forced to hand over a tray containing \$944. Taking this, they left without attempting to get the cash in the vault. The noise of the shots spread alarm and within five minutes an armed mounted posse went in pursuit, but all trace was lost after a short distance.

Advices received Monday at San Francisco from Yokohama state that a severe storm swept over the southern part of Japan October 18th, lasting several days. In Okayama, where the flood wrought the most destruction, 124 persons are known to have perished and 100 more are missing, while 134 houses were washed away, bridges destroyed and a great number of horses and cattle killed. From other points 448 persons are reported killed; besides 475 ships and boats were wrecked and great damage done to farming lands. Multitudes are receiving aid from the local government.

In the last five years only six political parties to Central Siberia have sent in petitions for entry to the Congress of the dominations of the Russian revolutionary spirit.

The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARR, Editor and Publisher.

WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION.

TERMS: \$10 PER ANNUM.

VOLUME XII.

CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1893.

NUMBER 4.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING

Business Notices at 10 Cents per line each insertion. Obituaries and Notices of Deaths, half price.

Communications recommending candidates for office will be treated as advertisements and charged for accordingly. Liberal contracts made with those advertising by the year.

The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

What Cash Will Do! :- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

- 50 All wool black cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$3.85.
- 50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$3.85.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$17.50 at \$12.15.
- 50 All wool dress suits worth \$20.00 at \$12.00 at \$16.45.
- 50 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$10.00 at \$7.50.
- 50 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.

L. L. JENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER. CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE, Montgomery, Alabama.

Autumn.

The dying leaves fall fast;
Chestnut, yellow, oak and beech,
All brown and withered lie,
Now swilling in the cutting blast,
Now sodden under foot—they teach
That one and all must die.

This autumn of the year
Comes sadly home to my poor heart
Whose youthful hopes are fled,
The darkening days are drear,
Each frowny once mine I see depart
As withered leaves and dead.

But is it all decay?
All present loss—no gain remote?
Monks of pain?
Ah, no! I hear a lay,
The robin sings—how sweet the note,
A pure unearthly strain.

And of all flowers the first
Beneath these leaves in spring shall blow
Sweet violets blue and white,
So all lost loves shall burst
In springlike beauty, summer glow,
In heaven upon our sight.

—Macmillan.

The Answered Prayer.

BY M. CADY.

A little old French woman told the following story to the travellers who had been investigating the ruins and the chateau and "doing" the little French town, as tourists always must, who obey Murray.

"My son, Jean Baptiste, never will believe it. Ah, they are such skeptics, these men!

"There in the churches we pray for them. There the sailor's wife kneels to ask for a good wind for her husband's ship. There the soldier's sweet heart pours forth her prayer, and implores the saints to ward bullet and sword point from her lover's heart. There I used to go, hoping that Jesus would not forget me and my Ansel; and he died in his bed, and was not smothered and crushed in the black mine, as so many are—my man Ansel, Jean Baptiste's father.

"Jean was all I had, in that old time long ago. He was young, strong, beautiful, when the hour came and he became a conscript. Ah, shall I ever forget the day? We were all upon the green, in the midst of the village—all who had sons and brothers and husbands and lovers, and some who had none, for the sake of those who had, or for curiosity—how do I know which? And the great gendarme turned the wheel, and the blindfold boy drew the names and numbers, and my Jean was one of the unlucky ones—he our only child. Had I been a widow then, they could not have taken him; but I still had Ansel. And we all three knew that no substitute was to be had by us, for we had been unlucky and had no savings, and 'tis not to be expected that a man will risk life and limb for a trifle.

"Only a mother could have had a hope under such circumstances, but, you see, I could not give my Jean Baptiste to the cruel war without a struggle.

"You should be glad that your brave son has a chance to do what he can for France and for his emperor," said the officer with the fur cap and epaulettes, touching me on the shoulder, as I sat weeping and wringing my hands. But I pushed him away angrily.

"What is the emperor, whom I have never seen, to me? And why should I love France more than my own child?" I cried.

"And then a neighbor added: 'Bah! He will return with epaulettes and a sword perhaps, and you will be very proud of him. Don't cry.'

"They come back often without epaulettes, do they not?" I said, and my heart was bitter as gall. "Generally they do not come at all. If they do, it is often on crutches, or blind like poor Pierre Lefevre. They shall not have my boy!"

"And hence I was like a mad woman. And I would have sold all I

had to have raised the money, if it would have brought it. But we are only tenants, and our cow was poor and old; and I had no fine clothes, and only two golden earrings for jewelry. Poor Ansel just craved enough to live on. And what could we do?

"I went to my brother at—walking all the way there and back. He could not help us. I went to my old mistress's house, where I had lived as a dairy maid before I married Ansel. Alas, she was dead!

"In a week the soldiers would march away, my Jean Baptiste with them, and I should see his sunny face no more, unless I could in some way gain the money with which to pay the substitute. I had wicked feelings enough, madame, I can tell you. I did not feel that God was kind to me, as I had always felt before. I cannot tell you how I felt, for it is wicked to say such words, but in the midst of my despair I met Father Ulric.

"You were not at church last Sunday, dame," he said.

"No, sir," said I. "I have so much on my mind that I forget everything else. Jean Baptiste is conscripted, and we have no money to pay for a substitute."

"Is that any reason why you should not remember heaven?" said Father Ulric. "Surely God may well forget us if we forget Him."

"And though I did not feel as though I cared what Father Ulric said just then, I remembered his words when I was alone, in the dead of the night, and also that I had not prayed that Jean Baptiste might be spared to me; and I felt as though if I prayed heartily and from my soul, an answer might come, and I felt comforted.

And next morning I dressed myself in my very best, and went across the meadows to the church, and then I knelt down and tried to remember the good words I had been wont to say. But I could not recall one, and I was forced to use my own poor language, and to say just this—no more:

"Heavenly Father, who knowest what a mother's love is, let me keep Jean Baptiste from the cruel war."

was set, and the moon was up, and its whiteness fell over her. About her neck she wore a black cross, and golden hair rippled down over her forehead. She was like the Madonna in the picture in our church. I could not stir. I could not speak. She smiled upon me.

"Hold your apron, dame," she said.

"And I had just strength enough to do it." And then a shower of gold and silver trickled into it. And again she said:

"Your Jean Baptiste need not go, and was gone herself like a vision.

"And saved he was. God be praised for it!"

"Never but once after that did I see a face like that I saw that night. It was when Madame La Fontaine, the widow of the brave soldier, whose tombstone with the sword upon it stands in our own graveyard, lay in her coffin, and we poor people went to look at her. Her hair fell over her forehead in just such yellow ripples, and her face was just as white and sweet. And my Jean Baptiste believes that she knelt near me in the church and heard my prayer, and being a charitable lady, and tender to all soldiers' wives and mothers, brought me the money with her own hands.

"As for Father Ulric, he tells me that, since it is God who answers prayers whatever the instrument, I need not trouble myself, but only remember that He can help me always, if it be His will."—[The Ledger.

Candles.

The domestic use of candles for ordinary purposes of illumination has almost entirely ceased; oil has taken the place of them, but a great many candles are still used for various special purposes. Candles are used to go down cellar with, and for servants' bedroom lights. They are used in breweries, in the vats, because they don't smoke, and they make less heat. Candles are used in some mines. Almost all carriage lamps are lighted with candles.

There is a large consumption of candles by Hebrews in the observance of religious rites at home, and they are used also in the synagogues. Plumbers use candles about their work because they are handier and safer. Candles are used for the illumination of political transparencies. They are used on dinner tables and in drawing rooms; they are made for these uses in various colors. There are at least ten kinds of Christmas candles; they are made plain, ribbed or fluted, and cable, and in various colors.

The candles for these various special uses are made chiefly of stearic, paraffin and wax. The consumption of them in the United States shows a slight increase. We export candles to Mexico, Central America and South America. There were formerly many manufacturers of tallow candles in this country; there are now few, and the trade is decreasing. Scarcely any tallow candles are now used in this country; those made are shipped to South America.—[New York Sun.

A Great Success.

Briggs—"Do you always call on Miss Trilling in the same suit?"

Griggs—"Yes; I want to show her father I am economical."

Remarkable Facts About Frogs.

A remarkable thing about frogs is that the larger part of the breathing is done through the skin. In fact, it is said that this supply of air is a necessary addition to that taken in by ordinary breathing, as the latter does not supply sufficient air to support life in a frog.

Another, peculiar thing about the skin of the frog is its powerful absorption of water. This is due, of course, to the numberless minute pores with which the skin is provided. It has been proved that a frog can thus soak up half its weight of water in an hour. The skin of the stomach is most active in this way, and, at the same time is most often in contact with moisture, such as mud, dewy grass, wet ground, and leaves afford. As the skin perspires quite as freely as it absorbs, it is easily seen why contact with moisture is so necessary. Besides the loss from evaporation, there is the stopping of skin breathing also, because the skin has to be kept moist and soft, to absorb the fresh air and give off used air from the system. The soaking of water is what gives the frog's skin such a cold, clammy and uneasy feeling when handled. And it explains a strange thing. Though a bullfrog were poked with a red hot iron, it would not feel it enough to move out of its tracks; for the moisture on the skin forms a kind of film or vapor, between it and the iron, which it takes some time to heat through; and so the frog would not feel the pain from the heat. Yet, if hot water is dropped on him, he will instantly jump from pain, as this heat at once strikes into the skin.

A frog has another safeguard against drying up, that is a kind of interior sack for storing water. Like the camel, it thus keeps a supply which carries it over many a dry place, when it would otherwise lose all its moisture and die. The water is as pure and tasteless as that of any spring.

In Australia, it is said, one species of frog prepares for a drought in a wonderful way. Sometimes the traveller suffering from thirst will come to a bush, and digging into the ground a foot or two, will find a clay ball. He cracks it open, and out jumps a frog. Stranger still, inside the ball is found a good drink of pure water. And with this the man quenches his thirst.—[New York Telegram.

Women Who Handle Fortunes.

The women who handle the money in the Bureau of Engraving and Printing at Washington are the most expert counters in the world. Their fingers go like lightning. They do not move their lips nor lift their eyes, but they rattle off the bills at the rate of a hundred a minute. They have to be women of nerve, and if mistakes are made they are charged with them. After the notes are counted they are put into the iron van and carried over to the Treasury, whence they are shipped all over the country. At the Treasury the notes are counted as soon as they are received. The sheets are cut up and the money is sent out in packages of a hundred notes each. Before starting it is safe to say that a greenback is counted thirty times after it has left the printer, and there is no possible chance for fraud or theft.—[Frank G. Carpenter.

Knew His Business.

"Oh!" she exclaimed as she grasped the arm of the young man who was paying attention to her, "see the sunset! What a lovely red tint that is on the horizon! Don't you think so?"

"Yes," he answered, "but I think that sunset is your cheek rather than the horizon!"—[New York Press.

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CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 23, 1906.

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One copy four months .50

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Editorial.

Permit me a little space to correct the report in your paper, in the Age-Herald and in the Atlanta Constitution in relation to the proceedings of the Jeffersonian Executive Committee at Birmingham on the 16th. I write simply on the interest of truth, for I am opposed to the publication of an untruth, even to manufacture public opinion. I was a member of that committee as a proxy, representing Judge Gaston. There was a difference of opinion as to the policy of nominating the old ticket headed by Capt. Kolb. There was one rather lengthy speech on each side of the question, Col. Bowman being for and I against the ticket headed by Capt. Kolb next year. After the argument a motion was made to poll the committee to see how it stood. But the question could not be put, a motion to adjourn until after dinner was carried. After dinner a very close vote of Capt. Kolb proposed that all side issues be dropped and that the committee proceed to the transaction of business for which it was called. The vote was not taken on the motion to poll. I do not know how the committee stood. I do not know that it was not unanimous by considerably more than one. I have reason to believe that the friends of Capt. Kolb after counting noses, decided that it would be best not to press the vote. It is not settled that Capt. Kolb will be the candidate. The question was purposely left open for the convention to decide. I do not know that Capt. Kolb and friends abandoned all effort at united action, and were proceeding to fix the time for holding their State convention, when I, a Populist, made a motion that Chairman Gaither be requested to call the People's party convention at the same time and place. But for this the calls would have been on different days, with no effort to bring the committee together. The People's party committee will settle when it meets whether Capt. Kolb will be the candidate for Governor or not. I do not propose to settle it now if I could, and I write this only for the sake of truth. I am scrupulously opposed to making political capital by falsifying facts and doubt if those who do, will in end derive any advantage from it.

Yours truly,
J. M. Whitehead.

Fruit Growing in Alabama.

The adaptability of this section of Alabama for fruit growing cannot be questioned. Fruit of all descriptions will grow to perfection on our mountain plateaus. Peaches, apples, pears, plums, etc., can be raised here in abundance. The hillsides of Etowah county are well suited for the cultivation of grape of every variety. The southern grape is a desirable fruit. Those who have tried it have no reason to regret their adventure. The possibilities of this most delightful situated region cannot be overestimated. Hitherto corn and cotton have been the principal articles of cultivation. In our opinion the diversity of crops is the wise idea to be acted upon by our husbandry. The advice which cautions against the putting of one's eggs all in one basket, is well fitted to illustrate the point.

Why should not the inhabitants of Etowah import apples, plums, grapes and other fruits, that can be easily grown by our farmers, and which will yield a handsome profit? The question is more easily asked than answered. It is because our farmers have been accustomed to the raising of cotton and corn almost exclusively, and they fear to try the culture of other articles of commerce.

The calling of a farmer is a noble one. The farm is the foundation of all other callings, which trace their root back to the soil, and the farmer is the basis of all strength. The farmer should be socially, politically and intelligently a leader among his fellows. He should strive for the highest degree of usefulness, and for the most glorious achievements. Farming is a science and the cultivation of Mother Earth must be scientific in its character.—Attalla Herald.

"Living to Farm."

Gadsden Times-News.

A popular folly just now in many parts of Alabama, takes the form of "moving to Texas," and a large portion of those who will sell out here and will start for that supposed land of milk and honey, never entertain a doubt that they will find things there just as some of their enthusiastic friends have pictured them and firmly believe that the disadvantages which beset them in Alabama will no longer harass them when they get to Texas. A very large majority of the farmers who leave here for that State with these notions in their heads, find their red apples and dead fruit that turned to ashes when they reach the new Canaan and with money nearly gone and themselves strangers in a strange and unsympathetic land where the struggle for life is fully as hard as here, they curse their own folly and would gladly return to their old home in Alabama if they had a chance.

It is pitiful to see so many people with no accurate knowledge of the subject whatever, hastening away to a vastly overrated country only to meet with disappointment, and encounter in many cases poverty and privation greater than they ever knew in Alabama. Cheap lands fit for cultivation are a thing of the past in Texas. They have long since been absorbed and are held at terms way beyond the reach of the poor farmer immigrating to that state. The terrible droughts that are of almost annual recurrence in Texas, cut the crops on the best lands so short that the profits dwindle to a woful figure, and the farmer who makes both ends meet one year with another, is rather disposed to congratulate himself than otherwise and waive the question of accumulating wealth altogether.

And then the comfort of living there and here! A scorched plain to a green meadow! Hard, brackish water, tolerably wet, but otherwise unspeakable, to gushing free stone springs, pure as an angel's heart, and cold as an arctic fiend! Piercing northerners without a moment's warning that paralyze energy and freeze heart, blood and conscience alike; to an equable winter climate that stimulates both hope and energy and brings no terror to the poor!

These contrasts are not sharper than between conditions in Texas and conditions here, and the half has not been told when this much is said, for the Lone Star State is literally crowded with discouragements and disadvantages large and small to the poor man turned loose on its bleak prairies for the first time, and no man in the world today is such an incessant and chronic grumbler as this same Texas farmer, whose beatific estate is held up to us as an earthly paradise. He has good soil in the black land regions but in all other respects the advantage is with his Alabama brother.

Water, timber, seasons, fruits, vegetables, health—in all these respects Alabama is ahead of Texas and even in those parts of the latter state where the lands are good they resemble vast beds of tar in wet weather, very difficult to cultivate, and in the drought great cracks, almost wide enough to bury a man in, open everywhere in the soil as though an earthquake were splitting up the country.

The simple truth about the matter, men, and brethren, is just this: It is the people and not the country that makes prosperity in this world, and the indolent, thriftless, unthinking man who keeps his mind in an unfurnished house, and is discouraged rather than energized, by difficulties to surmount, will slowly starve to death as surely in Texas as in Alabama; whereas, he is of firm purpose, intelligence, thrift and industry will make headway here as rapidly as there and get incomparably more comfort out of living.

Very Thing for Carpet Pile.

Fertilizers to the amount of thousands of dollars are annually wasted around the farms of Alabama, which if utilized would add wonderfully to the wealth of the State. There should be a compost heap on each farm to receive the refuse of all the premises, because it is the place for the deposit of all the refuse of the farm of a vegetable nature, and second because the accumulation may be improved for fertilizing purposes. Few farmers who have failed to regard the importance of the compost heap are aware of the amount of refuse which is allowed to go to waste by

being cast aside as useless or of no value. It is the accumulation of small things that aggregate a considerable mass, and so in the economy of the farm; a mass of leaves blowing about, the weeds and the refuse of the garden, sawdust and the fine chips that have accumulated about the wood pile, decayed fruits and vegetables refuse, lime left from white washing, and a thousand and one things that are seemingly of little or no account when taken singularly, when mixed together, and perhaps with turf from the fence corners and waste from the highway, mixed and watered with soapuds from the wash-room, slops from the room and dish water, will by the power of decomposition and mixing become of no little consequence as fertilizer. Even dish-water, if one doubts its fertilizing power let them take some of the soil from the outlet of a sink drain of a year's use and apply to any crop and note the effect; a cess-pool well supplied with absorbent earth into which only a sink is drained will form an excellent fertilizer, especially valuable for use in the cultivation of vines.—Agriclturist.

As Merchandise.

There are many counties in Alabama, where the sale or giving away of intoxicating liquors of all kinds is absolutely prohibited, and yet it is astonishing to know that whiskey is being carried into them and is sold almost as openly as before the prohibition laws were passed. Nearly every train that goes out of the city has aboard whiskey shipped as merchandise to these places and it is wondered why the deputy marshals and internal revenue collectors are not more vigilant and do not confiscate the goods.

One provision of the internal revenue law demands that all spirituous liquors shall be shipped as such, and when the law is not complied with the liquor is subject to confiscation. The shipping of liquor in kegs and boxes and billing it as merchandise is sufficient violation of the law. It is a wonder that the federal authorities have not long ago taken cognizance of this flagrant and frequent violation of the revenue laws, but perhaps they have not been able to discover it.—Advertiser.

The Farmer's Wife.

"The farmer's wife need never be ashamed of her position," writes a woman in a paper devoted to agricultural subjects. "Nobody lives more independent. It does not stand to reason that because she is a farmer's wife she must spend her whole life in the kitchen or dairy room. If she has any ingenuity she can make so many pretty things to decorate her home. She can have music, birds and flowers. Plants do not cost very much. Almost any neighbor will give away slips, which with very little care in a sunny window will more than pay for their trouble. I have my windows full of plants. You may say that you have no windows fit for plants. I have had plants in a north window and had blossoms all winter. And besides if you have not a window to spare to them go out in the woods and take up ferns and pot them. They don't need the sun, a shady corner is the best for them and you will have green around you all the year, and it will make your heart more happy and your home more homelike. Don't look down on your calling and think you are not just as good as anybody as long as you behave yourself for you are."

Salaries Delayed.

Governor Jones has written a letter to Major Harris, the state superintendent of education, stating that on account of taxes not coming in until next spring and the interest on the public debt having to be paid, the quarterly payment of school teachers out of the public fund could not be met the first Saturday in January, as prescribed by law.

Major Harris has issued a circular with the Governor's letter attached and has sent a copy thereof to the county superintendents instructing them to inform the teachers, and says that it is hoped that the payments will be made by the 1st of March.

It is not known whether the payment of the salaries of the state officers, judges and solicitors has been postponed or not.

For sale—A good farm at Dixie—Tire Road Estate Agency.

Farmer and Newspaper Man.

Many men think that newspaper men are persistent duffers. By way of comparison let us suppose that a farmer raises 1000 bushels of wheat a year, and sells this to one thousand men in all parts of the country, a great portion of them saying, "I will hand you a dollar in a short time." The farmer does not want to be small and says: "All right." Soon the 1,000 bushels are gone but he has nothing to show for it, and he then realizes that he has fooled away his whole crop and his value to him is due him one thousand dollars, consequently he is seriously embarrassed in his business, because the debtors owing him \$1, treat it as a small matter and think it would not help much, continuing this kind of business year in and year out as the publisher does, how long would he stand it? A moment's thought will convince anyone that a publisher has cause for persistent dunning.—Washington National Tribune.

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Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette, Ala.
The Electro-Pose is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine.
Mrs. E. W. Story, La Place, Ala.
Rev. J. R. Robeson, of Chapeltown, Miss., says the Electro-Pose has worked admirably in his case, spinal rheumatism, has gained twenty pounds in a few months, and sleeps well.

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method used to give students actual

practical experience at this institution.

During his whole course, from

the day he enters until he graduates, he

is actually engaged in business. **HE**

DEALS WITH No imaginary paper,

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count or settlements; handles no im-

aginary papers; but the actual transac-

tions met in every case take the place

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Send for circular.

L. A. WYATT,

Principal.

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We Are

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SECOND-HAND School Books,

BOUGHT, SOLD AND EXCHANG-

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WEBB & OWINGS,

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A cross mark (X) after your name

means that your subscription is due and

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Reduced To

ONE DOLLAR

A YEAR.

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Address CHILTON VIEW.

Chas. W. HARE, Ed.

Clanton, Ala.

A. A. Poindexter,

DEALER IN ALL GRADES OF—

FURNITURE

House Furnishing Goods.

119 Dexter Ave. (Opposite Postoffice) Montgomery, Ala.

SPECIALTIES: Lace Curtains and Window Shades; China Closets, Mantel

Cabinets, Sideboards, Book Cases, Desks and Lounges; Cooking Stoves,

Kitchen Sinks, Extension Tables, Etc., Etc.

FOLDING BEDS

FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and

Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$144

Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

CHAS. L. RUTH,

DEALER IN—

Diamonds, Silverware, Watches, Clocks,

Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN

WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of

other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, of

Bruden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care

from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE. French and American

CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spec-

tacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Canes, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures

possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired.

All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,

(Sign of the Eagle and Watch.) 15 Dexter Avenue,

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

New Store! New Stock!

J. C. WOOLLEY

HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS,

which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.

He solicits a share of public patronage.

Send Your Job Work to the

CHILTON VIEW,

WHERE YOU WILL RECEIVE

NEAT WORK, PROMPT ATTENTION.

LOW PRICES AND SATISFACTION

Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Envelopes, Checks,

School Reports, Wedding Invitations, Hand Bills, Waiver Notes,

Visiting Cards, Etc., Etc. And in fact,

We are Prepared for Job Work; Are please-

ing Others and can Please You.

CHILTON

C. W. HARE, Ed.

CLANTON, ALA.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Instruction in

Primary,

Intermediate,

High School

and

Collegiate Branches.

Large New

School Building.

Brass New Furniture.

Beautiful Campus of 31 acres.

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CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Pub.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 23, 1893

SCHEDULE M. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
-Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
going south.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:00 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 6:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 8:10 a. m.
going north.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:00 p. m.
Nos. 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular stops.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Circuit court begins next Monday.

Mr. Glaucus Evans is visiting Clanton.

Mr. J. L. Beard was in Clanton Tuesday.

Mr. J. H. Gibbons was in town Monday.

Mr. Robt. Deavenport visited Clanton Monday.

Ragabins in new Dry Goods this week.

W. L. SAMPEY.

We had a splendid rain here last Tuesday night.

Mr. E. L. Boyd visited Clanton Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Oliver Mullins, of Jumbo, was in our city Monday.

Mr. R. S. Owen, of Kincheon, was in Clanton Thursday last.

You can buy anything you need from Mullins Bros.

Mrs. Jones, of Texas, is visiting her

Mr. P. D. Wilson visited Birmingham Sunday to hear Sam Jones.

Mr. W. B. Nolen visited Rockford last week on professional business.

Mr. Russell McDonald expects to build a cottage on his lot near J. W. Stanfield's moon.

Messrs. (Jas Midleton and E. H. Moore, of Mt. Carmel visited relatives in Clanton Sunday.

Mr. W. T. Callen killed a nine month old about last week which weighed 350 pounds.

There was no preaching in Clanton Sunday. Prayer meeting at the Baptist Church Sunday night.

Mr. B. E. Jones was in Clanton Friday on his way to Coosa Co. to see some of the wonders of Coosa hills.

Commissioner Pate in copying the jury list for the last week of next court copied from the old list of last term.

"The man who has his crib in the west cats might close onto each usual," says the wise man, "these short days."

The friends here of Judge Dowdell will be sorry to learn that he was seriously hurt in the railroad accident near Lafayette last week.

Do not forget to come to see me about what you owe me and bring your cotton or money to settle.

W. L. SAMPEY.

Flues have been built in the Baptist Church and stoves put up, which will make the church more comfortable, although it is not yet celled.

Mrs. W. L. Sampey will soon start practicing for a concert in behalf of the unemployed Baptist Church here. The concert will take place sometime in December.

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a pheasant and harness almost new at a sacrifice price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

The editor of the View has been admitted to practice in the United States Court, and is now ready to serve his friends when they have business before said court.

Mr. Clay Jones, of Lily, was in town last Saturday. Though he does not profess to be a Nimrod, he killed 15 squirrels in one evening last week, so he says. Good way to live at home.

The contest for the public school of Clanton has been settled. The Supr. ruled that Mrs. Bewlesin and Prof. Robinson should both teach and be paid according to the number each teacher had.

Mullins Bros. are ready and waiting to give receipts to all parties indebted to them. So come up, led's and gentlemen, and pay your bills.

There will be a concert at Mullins' Hall next Tuesday night under the management of Mrs. Rainee. Much time has been spent in the preparation for the entertainment and it doubtless will be a success.

The colored school middle of Verbena, was amicably settled by Supr. Moore on last Saturday. McEntyre and Cooper were both given a school and will be paid according to the attendance each has.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. \$175 in 8 payments will get this place. Chas. W. Hare, Agent.

Plenty of wood has been hauled to the court yard for court term, and everything will be made as comfortable as possible for the attenders.

There are 11 prisoners in jail awaiting trial. A little increase over last term, but this can be accounted for from the fact that times have been so hard that a few of the "honest gentlemen" could not get it on an honest policy.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Mapleville News.

Miss Ollie Garner has a full school. Her patrons are much pleased.

We feel that Mapleville has quite an acquisition in the family of Mr. Graham. We do not claim a boom, but there are very few empty houses in town now.

Miss Fannie Fushes has been on a visit to Selma.

We have been pleased to see Prof. R. E. K. Hicks on our streets.

Mr. Frank DuRoe has been visiting friends here.

Dr. Paisley is visiting Cincinnati.

Mrs. Robinson treated the young people to a very pleasant entertainment last week.

Verbena Views.

Miss Dora Pratt, one of Prattville's charming young belles, has been visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Barnett have been on a visit to Coosada.

Miss Annie Clisby will address the M. E. Missionary Society at the M. E. Church Wednesday night.

Prof. C. C. Slaton's school will give an entertainment at the academy Friday night.

Mr. H. B. Northington, one of Verbena's popular young men, has returned from a business trip through Autauga and Elmore counties. He reports the farmers doing remarkably well. Most of them have made good crops and their cribs are full of corn; and that they are also repairing their places and building new residences.

Lily Legacy.

Mr. J. W. Wright, of Coosa Co. has rented part of Mr. Walker's farmer and will move his family here soon.

Miss Florence Deshazo, of Sylla-cuga is at home on a visit.

Mrs. B. E. Jones and W. H. Venzey left last week for Coosa Co. on a visit.

Mr. Phatie Deason and Mr. Green, of Kincheon, are boarding here and going to school.

Madam Rumor says that there is to be another marriage here soon.

Mr. L. C. Parnell, of Stanton was here on a visit to relatives last week.

Little Miss Lulu Raspberry has been spending sometime with her grandparents at Stanton.

Mr. Seaborn Jones and wife visited Clanton last week.

Stanton Stories.

Times are so dull here now that there is very little news of interest. The mill has closed down again.

Mr. Lum Dyer made a flying trip to Be-semer and Blocton last week.

Mr. Richard Coe has returned from New York.

Mrs. Smitherman and niece, Miss Ella Ruddick made a trip to Birmingham, Tuscaloosa and Blocton recently and report a pleasant time, but say they get tired of the cry of hard times.

Mr. Willie King passed here yesterday on his way to Arkansas.

Bro. Haines preached at the Presbyterian Church last Sunday morning and night.

Bro. Dunaway has been holding a series of meetings at Old Ebenezer Church. Twenty seven additions.

Our boys are doing better. They are attending Sunday School.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THE OUT.

OFFICE OF THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex. Rice,
Montgomery

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex. Rice.

Subscribe for the View.

THE LAWYER'S BOOK.

ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA

Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price \$3.00.

C. W. HARE, Agent.

A. C. SMITH,
Attorney at Law, "nd
Solicitor in Chancery.
CLANTON, ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Clanton and adjoining counties.

JAS. L. BEARD,
Attorney at Law.
VERBENA, ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Ala.

W. H. TAYLOR,
BARBER.
Hair-cutting, Shaving.
Clanton, Alabama.

CHAS. W. HARE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery.
County Solicitor.
CLANTON, ALA.
Represents J. C. Doss & Co.
Special attention given to Commercial Litigation and Collections. Real Estate Bought, Sold, Exchanged, Rented.
Agent for Ala. Mineral Land Co.

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UNION WAREHOUSE CO.

Cotton Factors, and COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and to fully protect the Planter's Interest, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT,
General Manager.

J. S. JOHNSON, JR.,
DEALER IN
DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES,
TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything
To be Found In a First-Class Drug Store.
CLANTON, ALA.

YOUNG MAN!
Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

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People's Line Steamers
Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE
Leave Montgomery Thursdays 8 p.m.
Leave Selma Fridays 8 a.m.
Arrive in Mobile Sundays 8 a.m.
Leave Mobile Mondays 7 p.m.
Leave Selma Wednesdays 9 p.m.
Arrive Montgomery Thursdays 11 p.m.
Special low rates for round trip to excursion parties. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. Moore,
W. F. Vandivier, Pres. Genl. Man'g.
Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON
HIGH SCHOOL
OPENS A TEN MONTHS' TERM
SEPTEMBER 27th, 1893.
FIRST CLASS SCHOOL IN EVERY RESPECT. TRAINED AND EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from \$2.00 to \$10.00 per month in Best Families. Tuition, Primary, \$2.00; Grammar Grade, \$2.50; High School, \$3.00. For further information address
J. L. RUFFIN, Prin.
Jemison, Ala.

WONDERFUL
WONDERFUL
A tooth pulled and no pain: no bad effect, by the use of Odonatender. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points in L. & N. R. R. between Blinn and Montgomery. Write Dr. Massey and Sanderford and they will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their dental Parlors when in Birmingham; corner of Ave. 10th St., Elyton block. Respectfully,
MASSEY & SANDERFORD,
Dentists.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS
Board and Lodging
Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,
No. 310 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES
\$1 to \$1.50 per day. \$4 to \$5 per week.
Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Four three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest residential part of the city.
MONTGOMERY, ALA.

When thinking of having pictures made call at Number 7, Dexter Avenue

H. P. TRESSLAR'S
PHOTO STUDIO.
Montgomery

Correspondence solicited.
[Feb 25-92]

THE BEST WAY
To the SOUTH and SOUTHWEST,
NORTH and NORTHWEST,
—is via the—
L. and N.

(LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R.R.)
THE THROUGH CARS

Of this line pass Clanton daily running through Montgomery, Mobile and New Orleans, connecting at various points in TEXAS and THE WEST. Also running through to Nashville, Evansville, Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis. Connecting for all points in the NORTH and NORTHWEST. Before purchasing tickets to any point, write the agent at Clanton or C. P. Atmore, U. P. A. Louisville Ky.

READ THIS.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most complete Stock, Handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business; buy our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of office prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Culler Drug Company,
1925, 1st Ave.,
Birmingham, Ala.

By 30-1-y

B B B B
BOTANIC
BLOOD BALM

A thoroughly tested Remedy
BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES.

This standard remedy has been tested, and not found wanting, for forty years by an eminent physician, who has used it with certain and satisfactory results in every form of skin disease, and in all cases quickly and effectively driving out all disease germs from the system through the medium of the skin, liver and kidneys without the use of any powerful or expensive medical treatment. It is not the result of ignorance or superstition, but a thorough knowledge of modern medical science, and is a health-giving preparation. It is absolutely safe, and its use is recommended by all the leading medical authorities. It is offered to the public, this remedy, for all the various forms of skin disease, such as Eczema, Itch, Scabies, Ringworm, and all other eruptions of the skin. It is a sure cure for all these diseases, and its use is recommended by all the leading medical authorities. It is offered to the public, this remedy, for all the various forms of skin disease, such as Eczema, Itch, Scabies, Ringworm, and all other eruptions of the skin. It is a sure cure for all these diseases, and its use is recommended by all the leading medical authorities.

Investigate for yourself.
Send for a free copy of "The Standard Remedy for Skin Diseases," and you will see for yourself that it is a sure cure for all these diseases, and its use is recommended by all the leading medical authorities. It is offered to the public, this remedy, for all the various forms of skin disease, such as Eczema, Itch, Scabies, Ringworm, and all other eruptions of the skin. It is a sure cure for all these diseases, and its use is recommended by all the leading medical authorities.

For the BEST SEVEN MEALS
IN THE CITY GO TO
Dove's Dining Room.

For Cheapest Lodging and Best Fare Go To
The Acme European Hotel and Restaurant.

Louis Gelders & Co., Proprietors.
14TH & 20TH STREET, HALF BLOCK FROM UNION DEPOT,
Birmingham, Ala.

FOR LADIES
NO ORIENTAL
MONTGOMERY, ALA.
No 118 Montgomery Street.

CHILTON COUNTY

Chilton County, Alabama, is a beautiful section of the State, with a fertile soil and a fine climate. It is one of the best sections of the State for the raising of cotton and other crops. The county is well watered and has a fine system of roads. It is a healthy and pleasant place to live. The population of the county is about 15,000. The county is one of the best sections of the State for the raising of cotton and other crops. The county is well watered and has a fine system of roads. It is a healthy and pleasant place to live. The population of the county is about 15,000.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Dismissed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

Good progress is now being made with the tariff bill, and the committee still say they will be ready to submit it to the House on Monday. The bill will probably be passed by the House on Monday. The bill will probably be passed by the House on Monday. The bill will probably be passed by the House on Monday.

The House of Representatives has passed a bill to amend the act relating to the collection of duties on goods imported from foreign countries. The bill will be sent to the Senate for its consideration. The bill will be sent to the Senate for its consideration. The bill will be sent to the Senate for its consideration.

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The Chilton View.

CHAS. W. HARRIS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. WISDOM, JUSTICE, MODERATION. TERMS: \$1.00 PER ANNUM. NUMBER 5.

VOLUME XIII. CLANTON, ALA., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1893.

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business notices and other advertisements for office will be charged for accordingly. Special rates for long term contracts. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

What Cash Will Do! :- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

- 50 All wool black cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.85.
- 50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.85.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.
- 25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$15.00 at \$7.50.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$17.50 at \$12.15.
- 50 All wool dress suits worth \$20.00 at \$15.45.
- 25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$10.00 at \$7.50.

LILIENTHAL & GASSENHEIMER. CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE, Montgomery, Alabama.

The Infinite.

"Oh! see," I said, "I'm restless now. What of the life that rests in thee? What doth it hold for those who stand As one upon thy wave-beat strand; Ere for the voyage they quit the land?" Thus answered me the glorious sea, With its mysterious melody, "Infinity! Infinity!"

NEWS FROM HAWAII.

Latest Advice from the Island are Disappointing. A San Francisco special says: The steamship Australia from Honolulu arrived inside the golden gate at 8:40 o'clock Saturday forenoon. She brought news from Honolulu that there had been no change in the Hawaiian political situation. The new United States minister, Mr. Willis, presented his credentials to President Dole, of the provisional government, and had not indicated prior to the departure of the Australia any intention on the part of the United States government to insist upon the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani.

MUST WAIT AWHILE.

Brunswickians Cannot Yet Return to Their Homes. Only four new cases of fever were reported by the Brunswick board of health for the twenty-four hours ended Saturday noon. The board issued the following notice: "The board regrets the urgent necessity for the announcement to those away from their homes that the light forces of the 16th and 17th instants are not sufficient to insure safety, and that an unfavorable wind has brought warm weather, foggy at night and most favorable to the spread of the disease, especially among parties returning from localities not infected, and therefore more susceptible to its attacks than those who are here, and earnestly warns all who are away to wait the official announcement from the board that it is safe to return."

TAKEN AT HIS WORD.

Like other rising places in the land of the setting sun, Double Mountain had a saloon, a blacksmith shop, a store, a creek placed conveniently by a beneficent Providence, and a bad man to prevent the town from stagnating. But Faro Charlie was not a very bad man. He hardly ever shot anybody. His contributions to Double Mountain were very few, so few indeed that Sweetwater held him in contempt. But there Charlie would have been reckoned a good, quiet citizen. A man's reputation for "badness" depends so greatly on the character of the other folks about him.

As a matter of fact Charlie never thought of killing any one who left him entirely alone and did not interfere with him. He could get on for weeks without bloodshed. It had not become a habit with him. There is little distinction between murder and morphia, as far as taking a grip of a man. But Charlie was moderate; he never yearned for the death of any man merely as a sop to his nerves. It is evident he was not really bad at all.

THE COTTON MOVEMENT.

Secretary Hester Gives Figures for the Past Week. A New Orleans special of Friday says: The movement of cotton into eight, according to Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement, shows an increase of 82,261 bales, or nearly 20 per cent for the past week over the seven days before November 17th last year. Compared with the same seven days before last there is a deficit of 64,846 bales. For the first seventeen days of November the movement has been 138,581 bales, or 19,463 under the same time in 1891. This makes the total excess for the seventy-eight days, September 1st to November 17th, inclusive, 87,391 over the corresponding seventy-eight days of last year, and a deficit of 910,556 bales under the same time year before last.

A Disastrous Earthquake.

A special dispatch to the London Times from Mekele, Fenna, brings further details of the earthquake that occurred Friday, at Kuchan, in the northern part of the province of Khorassan. The town was completely destroyed. The loss of life was immense. The town had a population of between 30,000 and 35,000 persons, and it is thought that at least 1,000 perished. Many persons were carried away by the flood that flowed down the valley. It is not known yet what damage is done in the valley, but it is feared that many villages below Kuchan were destroyed.

The Big Coal Strike Ends.

A cable dispatch from London says: The great coal strike has ended. Acting on the decision of the conference held last week at the foreign office, work was generally resumed at the collieries Monday morning. There were some few pits, however, that were not opened, owing to the fact that fallen earth had blocked the ways.

wipe me out, Mr. Wilkins," he answered at length.

"Good man," said Faro, and rode on. Next time Charlie went that way he was in a happy frame of mind, full of kindness and corn, for he had taken a little pile out of a faro game, and had made a rather tough individual wilt down and take water. So when he came by Billy he sang out to him: "Billy, Billy!" "Yes, sir," said the chopper. "When I come back I'm going to shoot you."

And he spurred his pony down to the pitch that led to the creek crossing.

He laughed when he got over. But he left Billy staring after him goggle-eyed. "Well," said Billy, pitifully, "what hev I done to Mr. Wilkins that makes him say that?" He sat down on a log, and searched his empty memory for something to suggest a cause for this direful threat. But he could find no sufficient reason. "I ain't agin' to be killed for nothin'," said Billy; "for I ain't done it." He sat thinking and thinking, and presently he walked back to Double Mountain.

"I reckon I don't feel like working this afternoon, Mr. McNulty," said he.

And then he borrowed his boss's oldest gun, which he sometimes took. He had a heavy charge of powder left in his room, and he rammed it down the big bore till he had the wad jammed against that which gave no more than a wood block. He wandered in to the shop and picked up such trifles as pieces of scrap iron, small bolts and a handful of nails. He put about six inches of these into the gun and jammed a piece of newspaper 'on top. Then he started for his working place again. He looked very pale but very determined.

He waited till nearly sundown, and when he saw Charlie loping home fast, Billy went to the edge of the downward slope and lay behind a rock.

As Faro Charlie reached the top of the rise and came broadside on, Billy pulled the trigger. The charge took Faro on and above the left hip. It fairly lifted him off his pony and he fell in his very tracks. The pony galloped wildly down the road.

Charlie was not killed on the spot, and after lying still for a course of minutes he came to.

With great difficulty he raised his head, and saw Billy there with the old twelve-bore in his hand. He was ghastly white, and shaking. "What—did you—do it for?" asked Charlie, with long pauses between each word. "You said you'd shoot me when you came back, Mr. Wilkins!" A kind of painful grin twisted Faro's face. "You—big fool—I—didn't—mean it." And his head fell back. And then Billy fairly moaned; he leant over him and implored him not to die. But he never stirred again. By the time Billy got help he was cold as a wedge. (Full Mail Budget.)

Eucalyptus and Mosquitoes.

A correspondent, who is owner of one of the largest and oldest groves of Eucalyptus globules in his part of California, says that for fifteen years he has had opportunities to observe these trees as repellants of insects. Over thirty years ago his attention was first called to the subject by a physician who had resided in Australia for some years. That physician assured him that the mosquito, so troublesome to California, was unknown in the Australian eucalyptus forests and swamps; but added, there's a "spotted mosquito" nearly as bad there in some places. He, not being an entomologist, was unable to tell whether the "spotted mosquito" was a species of the genus Culex, or of some allied genus. The

physician was evidently a good, close observer, and the writer considered it worth his while to take the hint.

He added: "I determined to test the anti-mosquito qualities of the eucalyptus, so when I began to improve my house here nineteen years ago, one of the first things I did was to get a lot of eucalyptus seed from Australia and plant out a grove of the trees. The tallest of them are now over one hundred and forty feet tall, and can be seen for twenty miles around. My house stands in the midst of these trees. My irrigating ditch, a dozen feet wide, of sluggish current, runs through the grove beside the house. There has never a single mosquito larva been seen in this ditch from where it first enters the shade of these trees to where it emerges from them two hundred yards away; while above and below mosquito larva are plentiful—not immediately below, but some hundreds of yards away, where the water stands in pools and becomes stagnant among a growth of black walnuts and cottonwoods. My live stock pasture in this timber, going in to the walnuts and back again under the eucalyptus shade at pleasure. Frequently when the cows come up at night they bring a swarm of mosquitoes; occasionally some of them get into the house, but cause so little annoyance that we scarcely notice them.

Before this ditch reaches the eucalypti it runs through a jungle of 'fence bamboo,' where the mosquitoes are so bad that we avoid working there except on the windiest days.

And though the ditch has more currents there, the larvae of mosquitoes are plentiful in the water till it reaches the eucalyptus trees, below which point none is found, till it has become stagnant away below them." [Insect Life.]

Present-Day Ailments.

Probably the most potent factor of present-day ailments is the abeyance into which the muscular system is permitted to fall by dwellers in cities, who are daily becoming more dependent on artificial means of locomotion and on labor-saving apparatus—until disorders of digestion and nervous maladies are now so common among the comparatively poor members of the community as they are among those who are wealthy; indeed, while the rich man endeavors to overcome the mischief wrought by his sedentary life by riding in the park or playing golf, the poorer man, who is unable to afford these pleasurable exercises, neglects his muscular development and invariably mounts his omnibus or tumbles into his train rather than waste the time necessary for a brisk walk or a half hour in the gymnasium. The English volunteer movement and the popularity of the bicycle have tended to counteract the disuse of the muscles engendered in a large proportion of town residents, but there are still numbers of persons of both sexes who require vigorous muscular exercise in order to maintain health. [National Review.]

An Orange 75 Years Old.

Benjamin Hubbard of Wells has an orange that is seventy-five years old. It was found among the valuables of an uncle who died in the West Indies in 1818, and from the associations connected with it has been treasured by the family all those years. It shows no marks of decay, but a gradual shrinking, being now about the size of a hen's egg. [York Companion.]

The Slave Run.

The whole world loves a lover," said he. "Yes, so I have heard," said she. "But then, you know, I am not the whole world." "You are to me," said he. And then she gave him—[Harper's Bazar.]

The "Witched Tree" of Calcutta.

That awful Indian hughaboo, the "witched tree of Calcutta," stands near the residence of C. C. Dillon, an English lawyer, on the Stanley road, a few miles out from Calcutta, India. It is not a botanical freak of the "canibal" or "blood-drinking" variety, neither is it a tree which exhales poisonous vapors or other deadly elements—it is simply a species of aubrai which the natives and not a few of the English residents believe to be bewitched. Away back in the sixteenth century Serego Dowlah and twenty-two of his men camped under it about 2 o'clock one morning, and at daylight all but two were dead. One of the survivors remained a chattering idiot all the rest of the days of his life, and the other died a horrible death within the month of a terrible eruption that swelled his body out of all proportions. In the seventeenth century the tree claimed a score or more of victims; what they died of no one knew. My record does not mention the casualties of the eighteenth century, but during the present century they have been quite numerous. The last victim was a servant of a Mr. Kemp of the British Department. He took refuge under the cursed tree to escape a storm. A sower or mounted policeman, tried to rescue the servant, but the two men and horse were found dead next day. Since 1860 five persons have been struck by lightning within 100 feet of the "witched tree." —[St. Louis Republic.]

Artificial Ice Surfaces.

A successful system of producing artificial ice surfaces has been inaugurated in Paris, and available in large areas at all seasons of the year. As explained, the machinery consists of two ammonia ice machines, driven by two fifty-horse power steam engines; this ice apparatus has pumps which force ammonia gas into water-cooled condensers, liquefying the gas which then passes into large reservoirs, where it expands with the production of cold, the same gas being pumped back and used continuously. In the application of this system for the formation of a skating surface, a rink has been constructed 60 by 180 feet, having a floor of cork and cement, upon this being laid three miles of connected iron pipe; through this pipe circulates a solution of chloride of calcium, an uncongealable liquid, which, by passage through spirals in the refrigerating reservoirs, is cooled to some five to twenty degrees below zero. The water over the pipe is thus kept frozen, and daily sweeping and flooding insure smoothness. —[New York Sun.]

Grapes Into Sugar.

At the recent California State Fair, an inventor of San Francisco exhibited a machine that he had constructed for converting grapes into sugar and syrup. Experts who witnessed the operation and others affirm that the process is a complete success. The experiments were mostly confined to muscat and other sweet grapes known to carry a large amount of saccharine matter. Heretofore the difficulty has been in granulating grape sugar. But by this new process it is claimed that granulation is perfect.

Enough for All Practical Purposes.

"I say, Jessie, do you understand French?" "A little; do you?" "O yes, I understand it very well; because when pa and ma talk French I am going to have medicine." —[Detroit Tribune.]

A Man who went to look up a debtor in central Maine the other day, having in view the collection of the debt, found him to be an old fellow whom one might call a specimen of an athlete that, were two huge.

CHILTON VIEW.

C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 23, 1900.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy four months .30

Brewster's coming factor will be in running order by another season.

The editor of the View has been very busy with his law practice for the past two or three weeks that he has had little time to give to the View.

Col. Whitehead will have the opportunity Dec. 4th of seeing just how the much abused Sayre election law works. Greenville is to have a municipal election under the new law.

Messrs. W. H. and J. C. Lawrence have purchased the Marion Standard. We wish for those friends a great measure of success. We cheerfully recommend these gentlemen to the citizens of Marion.

Rev. W. B. Crumpton, corresponding Secretary of the Alabama Baptist State Mission Board, has purchased half interest in the Alabama Baptist. The paper and its readers are to be congratulated on this account.

There is a growing restlessness over the fact that men of prominence or of wealth or influence can give public exhibitions of themselves while drunk, curse and use boisterous language on the streets, fire pistols, engage in fights, etc., and yet never be arraigned therefor, while a poor ignorant or friendless fellow will be pulled quickly for a like offense. Parties giving evidence before the grand jury should show no man favor because of his station in life. Let all evil doers suffer alike.

The prompt action of the Governor in putting agencies to work to ferret out gin posters and gin burners has taught the lawless element of this State a lasting lesson. Valuable information has been gotten in several counties connecting many parties with this cowardly business. While only a few have yet been arrested it is worth a great deal to know that many others have been spotted and will be arraigned at the proper time. In most cases these who have done the actual posting and burning are among the most ignorant men of the State. Those who could be easily duped into believing anything told them. While Judge Honecutt dismissed one of the parties arraigned before him on a mere motion unsupported by a single law point, yet there is more to follow which will doubtless present our people with some points which will shake the dry bones of the valley. It is the duty of every good citizen to bring to light all they know touching such lawlessness. If the law abiding element would but pull together the entire people will be lifted to a higher plane. The moral and social atmosphere of this county can be made so pure that a lawless character can't find a congenial home hereabouts.

The Farmer Boy.

At the Agricultural Congress held in Chicago, Col. J. H. Bingham delivered an address in which he said:

"Agriculture is the grandest profession in the world. If agriculture dies every industry dies. I do not want the impression to go out that the farmers of this country were antagonizing any other interest. Those who have conceived the idea that the farmer's hands are raised against every class or profession make a great mistake. The fault of the farmers of this country that they have not more representatives in the national congress. If it had a good following of farmers, congress would do more business, and do it in quick order. But now there are not enough farmers in the national congress to make a committee of agriculture. The time will come when the political corruption will spread beyond the city and beyond the State, and when it does the time will be at hand when there will be a great struggle between virtue and vice—between right and wrong in this struggle the country will turn to the boys of the farm, who have been brought up breathing the pure air of heaven. These are the boys who will save the nation."

"The Southern Bully."

THE ALLIANCE BETWEEN AS TO HIS AND LYNCH LAW.

Denton, Tex., Nov. 15.—(To The Denton News).—Another episodic and periodical discussion of the "negro problem" or the "race issue" has been thrust upon the patient and long suffering public. In the Forum for November Mr. Walter H. Page, of New York, "writes about a 'red-handed villain,' whom he is pleased to name 'the Southern bully,' and Chief Justice Beckley of Georgia has an able paper on the subject of 'Southern Sentiment and Mob Law—Negro Outrage—No Excuse for Lynching.' These magazine articles call for much comment and discussion one way and another, from the newspapers of the country. The Georgia Judge and the New York writer both urge upon us a remedy for mob law and the building of a strong and healthy public sentiment that will frown it down and crush it out. And the Chattanooga Times prescribes the remedy as follows: 'Let it be known that the authorities will follow up every lynching and punish every lyncher.'

I have not the time nor inclination to join in the discussion of a stubborn condition that will not down to stilted theories. But speaking for the common masses of the Southern people, with whom I strike hands and touch elbows every day in the year, I have to say that the chiefest cause of 'mobocracy' and 'lynch law' in the South is the 'law delay,' and the insolence of office." And then asking pardon for thus imposing on the newspaper's space and the public patience, I will give the people's remedy—a remedy that will go at once to the tap root of the disease.

Give more life and strength and vigor to the law we have. Oil the machinery, put on more steam and let them wheels of justice roll on. Let it be known that the authorities will follow up and punish every criminal. Let the courts decree and the officers proclaim that after the ravisher or murderer—bloody butchers of virtue and innocence—stalks the hangman with his halberd. Make it known that money, nor influence, nor the vigor of one man's power shall longer block the path of justice and drag the judicial ermine in the mud and mire of avarice and greed and politics. Let it be known of all men that in this great country the price of a woman's honor is the life of the scoundrel, black or white, who seeks to defile and to destroy it. Give people faith in the laws that are printed in the statutes—faith in the men and machinery charged with the execution of those laws. Let Southern men know beyond all doubt or question that close upon the heels of 'red handed' crime tread grim death, swift and sure and terrible. Give them absolute assurance that the guilty shall not go unwhipped of justice; that grave crimes deserve grave punishment and the penalty shall be made sure and speedy. Let that be done and then this 'raw-head-and-bloody-bones' that so harrows up the gentle soul of the magazine writers will dissolve and pass away.

It was my good fortune last spring to visit the beautiful town of Paris, Tex., where some months before a negro brute had been publicly burned to death for the murder and outrage of a helpless little baby girl. While there I met many people—refined and cultured—gentlemen and gentlewomen. Mr. Pages "Southern Bully" was conspicuous for his absence. In fact to speak earnestly and soberly, I believe Mr. Pages "Southern Bully" using the plain and homely words of my good friend Andy Lucas, is "one of them things what you hear tell of so infernal much and see so infernal never."

When I write the thought comes up that more than a thousand miles stretch out between me and my wife and children. Our home is in a country where the black race overwhelmingly predominates in numbers. And yet I will sleep in peace and dream sweet dreams to-night. Why? Because I live in a country where honor is not bought and sold for money and a price, and where there is a law—not written with ink and not printed in books, but graven on the flesh tablets of the hearts of men—a law which has decreed that justice shall not halt and lag and sleep when virtue pleads in virtue's own defense. I know that every day and every hour—even now, in this present moment, while my pen

gives shape to the thought—the strong arm and the dauntless heart of the white man—stronger than locks and chains of gold and bits of brittle steel—stand guard around that little hour. It is well. So be it. So be it. Francis B. Lloyd, (Rufus Sanders)

A Lesson That Should be Useful.

A political party that abandons its principle on the ground of expediency never succeeds, and never should succeed. The Republicans of Virginia committed this great blunder. Seeming to have no prospects of success, they abandoned their organization and joining, so far as they could carry the votes over, the Populists. With them, for the occasion, it was any thing to beat the Democrats, but they did not succeed and it is well for the country that they failed. What have the Republicans of Virginia to show for the great sacrifice that they made in abandoning their party and principles? Nothing but disintegration and disgrace. The Republicans of Virginia need not look to the populists for assistance in any future campaign. That wild organization, which has theories which can never reach the dignities of principles in the politics of the United States, would in an open contest, between the Republican and Democratic parties, go over mainly to the latter. If the Republicans of Virginia cannot carry that State upon a square Republican platform, and in harmony with the organization in other States, they will never carry it. How different the experience in Kansas. In that State Republicans maintained their organization, and now they have had about all the experience they desire to have with the Populists, the Republicans on last Tuesday carried the State, and Kansas may hereafter be counted among the reliable spokes in the wheel that in 1896 will lead to a great National victory. The days of Peffer and Demagogues of other Northern States, and it is also quite probable that they are numbered in Southern States, and that hereafter the contest will be between the Republican and Democratic parties.—Cincinnati Commercial.

The Passing of Populism.

The latest news from Kansas, is that the People's Party has split wide open in that State. At a secret meeting of Populist leaders held in Kansas City night before last, the Kansas Populist administration came in for a roast. Governor Leavelle and his lieutenants were denounced in unqualified terms.

The dispatch that tells of this meeting, at which Stockless Simpson was an important factor, concludes as follows: "They then renounced all principles as put forth by the Populists up to date, and declare for a new party, and from now on they will put forth every effort to obtain free and unlimited coinage of silver, leaving the other planks of their former party to be taken care of as might be."

Kansas all along has been the hot bed of Populism, preponderance of old broken down politicians who have been ostracized by both the old parties having been greater than elsewhere.

Moreover, when Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease renounced the party of Peffer and Simpson a few weeks ago, it was thought then Populism was rapidly passing away. It will be seen now that Mrs. Lease was smart enough to leave the leaky old ship before it sank. She has gone back where she really belonged, in the Republican ranks. The People's party was started wrong. It had nobody at its head except designing politicians and broken down calamity howlers, who had either been kicked out or had kicked themselves out of the old parties. Its principles were too faulty, and the inevitable 'bust up' has about come.

There seems to be little room for a third party in politics in this country.—Birmingham News.

LINDER, Ala., Oct. 23, 1893.

Ed. Respor—Please allow me a space to say a few words to my friends—both black and white. The people of Alabama must learn to make more crop with less labor. And we must do more work in the winter season, if we expect to prosper. You take the grist mill there is more corn ground from November until March, than there is from March until November. We must learn to prepare the land in the winter season, then

we can make more crops on less land, and unless we do this we are bound to suffer.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit, we make the following proposition:

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All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex. Rice.

Premium.
The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

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Testimonials.

Electropoise is woman's best friend. R. M. Sadtler, Woodlawn, Ala.
The Electropoise has been a success. J. McFee Gould, Balizee, Ala.
Every family should have one. Rev. L. A. Dorsey, Lafayette, Ala.
The Electropoise is worth its weight in diamonds. I would not sell mine. Mrs. E. W. Story, La Place, Ala.
Rev. J. R. Robeson, of Chapel Hill, N.C., says the Electropoise has worked admirably in his case, spinal rheumatism, has gained twenty pounds in a few months, eats and sleeps well.

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6. A farm at Dixie.
7. A house and 38 acre farm near Clanton.
8. A saw and planing mill outfit.
9. A saw mill outfit and several 100 acres land, 20 acres cleared; 70 acres lumber; 20 oxen; 4 log drives; 2 lumber ways; saw mill outfit, yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.
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(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES," and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes—(Long and loud applause.)

Rapid! Rapid! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at—Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

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CHILTON

C. W. HARE, Editor

CLANTON, ALA., NOV. 23, 1900.

RECEIVED M. & N. A. Train pass (last on date) copies sent

No. 1 Express Don't stop

No. 2 Mail

No. 3 Accommodation

No. 4 Express

No. 5 Accommodation

No. 6 and 10 make all stops and stop at all regular stations

LOCAL BRIEFS

Court opened Monday.

Mr. J. C. Cooley was in town Monday.

Mr. Will Struck was in town Monday.

Prof. Hicks attended court Tuesday.

Mr. E. Wells, of Vicksburg, attended court Tuesday.

The civil pocket will be divided to-day.

Rev. W. J. Ruddle, of town Monday.

Circuit Court has been tented this week.

Bargains in new Dry week.

W. L.

The devil attended a cotena Friday night.

Mr. F. R. McCarry, of tented court Tuesday.

Quite a number of visits attended court this week.

Mr. Joe King, of Montgomery, attended court Sunday.

Mr. J. C. Garner visited last Monday on business.

Mr. B. C. of Station, on business Tuesday.

You can buy anything from Mullins Bros.

Mr. G. O. Logan, of Verbena, Clanton on business.

Mr. E. B. Williamson, a concert here Tuesday night.

The family of Mr. G. V. have moved to Helena.

Mr. R. M. Roeluck, of town Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. B. E. Jones returned to Coosa hills Monday via stopped over to court.

Mrs. J. T. B. Chandler, Ga., is visiting friends in Clanton this week.

The home of Dr. J. S. J. made happy last Tuesday, the arrival of a little daughter.

Misses Mary Ellen W. Mary Williamson, of Verbena, attended the concert at Mullins night.

Dr. A. J. Massey, the dentist will be at Clanton on court to demonstrate extracting teeth.

Mr. M. W. Dunkin, of S. is in Clanton with his family winding up his affairs.

grammate. We welcome burg and home for him a vacation in this town and state.

To the joy of the members Baptist Church, Rev. J. G. commented to preach to Church, and before this he will doubtless be kept in keeping in the J. T. B. Clanton.

Our advertising column card of Geo. W. Ellis and furniture dealer, Montgomery, handle the best and cheapest furniture. The partners are reliable and will do to please their customers.

Do not forget to come about what you owe me your cotton or money to me.

W. L. H.

Mr. Jesse R. Jones died near Clanton last Tuesday was buried in the Clanton last Thursday. He was years old and was one of the Democrats in the county U. S. Confederate veteran.

Cards are out announcing age at Meridian, Miss., Dec. 6th, of Miss Morlie and Mr. Adolph Morlie.

was one of the most popular girls at Jemison and we friends in wishing her all pleasures.

For Sale—One forty acre on which is situated a fine good smoke house, two good well of water, apple or 12 acres of fresh land. Has within one mile of J. 9176 in 3 payments will give.

Chas. W. Hare

THE NEWS IN GENERAL

Condensed from Our Most Important
Telegraphic Advises

And Presented in Pictorial and Head-
line Paragraphs

The first canal boat in the world
to be propelled by electricity plowed
through the waters of the Erie canal
Saturday.

A heavy gale prevailed on the En-
glish coast Saturday. An immense
amount of damage was done to ship-
ping.

Fire in William B. Burford's exten-
sive printing, engraving and litho-
graphing establishment at Indianapo-
lis, Ind., Saturday, caused a loss of
\$100,000.

Following is the official result of the
Ohio election, according to a special dis-
patch from Columbus: McKinley's plu-
rality, 80,899; his majority over all
candidates, 43,028.

An attempt was made Monday morn-
ing to blow up the office of the mayor
of Toronto, six miles from Naincius,
Spain. Two bombs exploded but the
damage was slight.

A crack tried to get in the mayor's
office at New York City, Monday. He
was armed with a bat of iron, two feet
long, which he wanted to show the
mayor. The janitor hustled him out.

The annual meetings of the stock-
holders of the Richmond and Peters-
burg railroads were held at Rich-
mond, Va., Monday. The officers of
both roads were re-elected.

The large coal elevator of S. H.
Hewes & Co., and a portion of the
Hewes Co. Company buildings at Rich-
mond, Va., were destroyed by fire at an
early hour Saturday morning. The
loss is estimated at \$75,000. They
were insured.

The new Brazilian man-of-war, Ni-
cthor, formerly El Cid, sailed from
New York Monday morning for Brazil.
The following are her officers:
Chief navigator, Captain Baker; assist-
ant navigator, Charles E. Hill; execu-
tive officer, C. H. Hill.

A New York dispatch of Saturday
says: The total visible supply of cot-
ton for the world is 3,618,941, of which
3,342,154 is American, against 3,777,000
and 3,886,088, respectively, last year.
Receipts at all interior towns 237,437.
Receipts at plantations 345,086. Crop
in sight 8,119,010.

Ex-President Harrison received the
news of General Rusk's death Tuesday
morning and deeply affected. He
expressed the deepest sorrow at the
taking off of the venerable member of
his last official family. Mr. Harrison
at once sent Mrs. Rusk a telegram of
condolence and sympathy.

A dispatch from Lisbon received at
London, Saturday, says that the mes-
senger who has arrived there from
Petrograd, announces that Senator Jose
Petrovich, editor of the newspaper
who has been continuously and strongly
opposed to President Poyto, has been
shot by order of the president.

A New York special of Tuesday says:
The strike of the Lehigh Valley rail-
road has extended to the passenger
service, which is seriously crippled.
Everything is at a standstill in the
eight yards at Communipaw.
The company's officials profess to have
sufficient new men to fill all vacancies.

A dispatch Saturday to the London
Times says: The German emper-
or, in his address to the recruits Friday, said:
"I want Christian soldiers who say their
Lord's prayer. Soldiers are not to
have a will of their own. You must
have one will, and that is my will,
one law, and that is my law."

On application of the United States
attorney general, Judge Phillips, at
Kansas City, Tuesday, appointed J. W.
Donne and F. P. Coudert as receivers
for the Union Pacific railroad in the
Kansas City district of Missouri.
The receivers are the same as heretofore
appointed in behalf of the government
wherever the Union Pacific has prop-
erty.

A Kansas City dispatch says: Eleven
additional indictments were Tuesday
afternoon returned by the criminal
court of Jackson county against Pres-
ident Darragh and Cashier Saylor, each
of the failed Kansas City Safe Deposit
and Savings bank. They are charged
with having received deposits after they
knew the bank was insolvent.

A San Francisco special of Sunday
says: Further particulars of the
recent flood in Oklahoma received
from Tulsa. The steamer Bel-
gium, 644 dead, from drowning.
444 injured, 3,207 houses washed
away, and 6,842 houses nearly or quite
destroyed, 47,429 buildings partially
wrecked and 1,719 acres of land more
or less damaged.

T. B. Thomas & Co., dealers in car-
pets and furniture, at Cincinnati, as-
signed Tuesday to C. B. Warrington,
after two attachments had been levied
upon their stock for small claims. No
statement of assets or liabilities has
been made, but it is estimated that the
assets, including Mr. Thomas' real-estate,
will not exceed \$100,000, and that the
liabilities will reach an equal amount.

The finance committee of the general
assembly of the Knights of Labor in
session at Philadelphia made its long
looked for report Tuesday evening.
The order finds itself in a fair financial
condition. The report fully sustains
Grand Master workman, T. V. Fowler,
and the executive board in the man-
ner that the donated relief funds for
striking were disposed of and the mem-
bers of the order are very well
satisfied with Fowler's explanation.

The Western Storage and Warehouse
Company's building at Kansas City,
which was burned Saturday night, was
the principal storehouse in the west
for the National Cordage Company's
products. The amount of twine stored
was valued at \$200,000 to \$300,000.
The agricultural implements, buggies,
wheats, rouses, etc., stored in the
burned building were worth \$75,000
to \$80,000. The total loss caused by
the fire is about \$400,000.

The Alabama state superintendent
of education is preparing circular
letters to instructions from Governor
Jones, notifying the different county

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C. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

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CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 7, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
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The people of Chilton County are very much pleased with Judge Denson and Solicitor Brewer. They are competent officials and pleasant gentlemen.

The View is not given in blowing but it is glad to report a steady growth in its subscription list. As the character of the paper becomes more widely known the list of its readers increases. Our friends can greatly aid us by showing their neighbors the paper and asking them to take it. Don't forget to tell them that the price has been reduced to one dollar a year.

Senator John T. Morgan has said Montgomery, Selma and Birmingham brief visits. While many of our constituents differ with him on the silver issue, and believe him wrong in his fight on the administration, yet few men are more appreciated than Senator Morgan. He has never failed to defend the South against its most bitter enemies, and for such service he will long live in the hearts of a grateful people.

It seems almost impossible to convict a man in Chilton County for selling liquor. Those who buy the liquor invariably evade giving information to the grand jury and when they are brought before the courts their recollection suddenly fails them and they can't be positive about anything. Don't even know where the man accused of selling liquor lives. Unless the good people of this county get proof against these whiskey sellers we will soon have a dead law on the statute books.

Bad company and whiskey are at the bottom of all the difficulties into which our young men and boys are getting. We saw a sad sight a few nights since while coming into Clanton on the train. A man had two white boys, hardly more than eighteen years old, under arrest, a twine string tied around their hands. On asking what the matter was, we were informed that they had been guilty of burglary: associating with bad men and drinking whiskey were the causes leading them to commit the crime. Mothers and fathers should use their best endeavors to keep their boys away from those whose morals are not pure.

The financial condition of the State is attracting some attention now because of the fact that it has been announced that the salaries which will be due to school teachers for the quarter ending December 31st, a month off now, may not be paid 30, 60 or perhaps ninety days thereafter. This is the result of the reduction of the tax rate made during the administration preceding the present one, when the rate was reduced to four mills, the lowest rate ever known in this State since the war. While there was this reduction in the rate there was also in the past few years a falling off in the assessments and this tended to further reduce the amount of revenue yielded. These conditions have prevailed until there was at last a deficit in the treasury which necessitated a temporary loan and the arrangement for withholding salaries of teachers was taken as a precautionary measure, the executive fearing that the receipt of the taxes in the State treasury by the first of January might not be sufficient to promptly meet these obligations. Should the receipts prove sufficient to meet these demands, the teachers will be paid promptly. The notice was given that the teachers of the various counties would not be disappointed should they not receive their money on time. In this matter Governor Jones will treat all State officers alike. If the teachers have to wait all other officers will be called upon to exercise their patience also, but there are institutions which cannot wait and the Journal knows that Governor Jones will provide for these grand philanthropic institutions at all hazards. The present administration is by no means responsible for the present financial condition of the State, and it is manifestly unfair to attempt to shift responsibility for it on Gov. Jones. Montgomery Journal.

A Square Deal.

Col. W. C. Oates, representing the Third Congressional District of Alabama and in the National House of Representatives, was in the city this morning.

All the morning the gallant Democratic leader was surrounded by friends, who came to pay their respects. He held a levee at the Morris with such citizens as Capt. Joseph F. Johnston, Col. G. W. Hewitt, Gen. C. M. Shelley and other prominent party men and workers.

Colonel Oates left at noon. He will speak to-morrow by special invitation at Scottsboro.

Speaking of the prospective gubernatorial race, Col. Oates expressed himself very openly. "I am willing to be the leader of my party," he said, "if my party desires me to carry its banner. I am not anxious for the honor under any other condition; but if my party calls me, I will enter the race heart and soul and do my best to win the fight. My State has already honored me very much. I think, and I feel grateful for what has been given me. If now, I am called upon in the greatest need I shall likewise most heartily acquiesce in and endorse whatever choice it may see fit to make."

"As to the issue of the ballot box, no man in the State desires more sincerely than I a thoroughly clean election. I wish the State purged of even a suspicion of tampering with the suffrages of the people. I desire a free ballot and a fair count, and my endeavors shall always be in that direction."

"I would that the gubernatorial campaign should be free of personality and bitterness. I hope that it will be mainly and an open contest between self-respecting neighbors with trust in one another and a mutual desire to see fair play."

"I am for a plain and clear-cut platform. I desire to see the Sayre election law tried, as it is the law of the land; but I am free to say that I also desire its repeal or modification in case it is found unsatisfactory."

"I stand by Grover Cleveland because I agree with him in most things, and because I believe in party unanimity and accord. I deplore the differences that have shown themselves in the fold and ascribe them to our recent defeat in State elections. Grover Cleveland is the only man that we have been able to elect in thirty years, and I think it therefore, the highest wisdom in Democratic leaders, whatever their differences on special questions, to align themselves with the national executive."

"Grover Cleveland has made no war on silver. The coinage of the silver now in the mints will outlast his administration. He has been represented in this respect most cruelly."

Col. Oates talked thus for some time. He speaks plainly and every one can understand what he means. He talks Democracy from the shoulder and puts himself squarely before his hearer on every point.

When a reporter suggested to him that the Kolbitzes had expressed a desire that he should be nominated, Colonel Oates smiled.

Recent Methods.

The editor of the View is emphatically against putting any but the very best, and the truest men we have to manage the affairs of the Democratic party. We want on our executive committee, as registrars, true Democrats of course, but we want also, none but those men of the strictest integrity. Those whose actions will be so honest and fair that we can win to our side all other men who believe in clean and honest methods. The permanent success of the Democratic or any other party, depends upon fairness. In the past our party has been charged with fraudulently tampering with ballot boxes, gaining victory by reason of trickery. It is possible that the tricks of the Republican party have been sized sometimes by the Democratic party and used to overthrow them, just as one army has captured the guns of an opposing force and turned them upon their original owners. But the grandest victories ever won by this party have been when after a campaign of reason and conservatism the masses of the white and black have come up like freemen and cast their ballots for our nominees.

Speaking for Chilton County, we urge the Democratic voters to come together at an early day and reorganize. This is largely a white county. White men control the elections and surely among brethren there should be naught but a desire to have a fair contest of the issues. Many who have heretofore worked with us have pulled away, and say Democratic managers did not give all the white citizens a fair show and hence they refuse to work with such a party. Now, let us who are upholding the old flag show to these disaffected brethren that whatever may have been the causes for dissatisfaction in the past, that so far as we are concerned for the future everything shall be done on an honest basis. And fellow Democrats, if fighting on such principles we shall go down in one or two fights, be assured that in a few years the flag we bear will float triumphantly over Chilton County, and our citizens will be all a united brotherhood.

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Grand Jury's Report.

To the Honorable N. D. Denson, Judge of the Fifth Judicial Circuit.

We, the grand jury, empaneled by your honor at this term of court, beg leave to submit the following report:

We have enquired into the violations of law in our county and as a result of our investigations have returned eighteen true bills. The books of our county officials we find well kept generally. Those of the circuit clerk especially neat. The financial condition of our county is not encouraging, there being only \$543.61 in the treasury; scarcely enough to defray the expenses of this court. The fine and forfeiture fund is in very bad condition.

We are informed that the parties who employ our county convicts pay nothing for them. This we believe to be wrong, and earnestly recommend that our County officials investigate well this matter and to contract with better judgment.

As to our public buildings we have to say the court house needs some repairs about the fire-places and windows. The jail is in a very good condition every way, except that it needs a few panes of glass replaced in some of the windows. The prisoners say they are well fed and comfortable.

We find the condition of our roads better than usual. There are ten inmates of our county poor house. Nine whites and one black. It affords us pleasure to say that investigation shows that these unfortunate ones are made comfortable in every way by the efficient manager, Mr. Quigley.

Having discharged our duties to the best of our ability and thanking your for the clear charge given us and Solicitor Brewer for his able co-operation, and Mr. Chesnut, our bailiff, for his prompt and courteous attention, we now respectfully ask to be finally discharged.

Thos. Harrison, Foreman.

In a letter to the Wilcox Progress, Mr. E. O. Raines objects to the publication of his name as a member of the Jeffersonian executive committee of Wilcox county. He says: "Do me the kindness to state in your next issue that I am just where I have always been, a true Democrat. Because I do not favor all that our political leaders do is no reason that I am going to leave the organized Democracy. I think the best thing for us to do is, for the whites of old Wilcox to stick together. My name was used without any knowledge or consent."

FOR SALE—Any one wanting to buy a plantation and harness almost new at a moderate price should apply to the View Real Estate Agency.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two cribs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 10 or 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. \$475 in 8 payments will get this place. Chas. W. Hare, Agent.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 1st, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof to support his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 13th, 1894, viz: Hardy W. Allen, homestead entry, No. 24062, for the N. W. 1/4 of section 12, township 30 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert M. Ruebeck, G. W. Rucker, James Mum, Thomas Kleuser, all of Clanton, Ala. J. H. Birmingham, Register.

The young man who sends us a club of 20 new subscribers accompanied by thirty dollars will be presented with a new Winchester rifle number 22—the best bird and squirrel rifle made.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

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All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex Rice.

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U. S. Land Office, Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 27, 1893. Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof to support his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 8th, 1894, viz: William E. Maddox, homestead entry, No. 21483, for the N. W. 1/4 of section 30, township 23 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James F. McKee, Clanton, Ala., Henry M. Mahan, Clanton, Ala., William H. Jones, Jumbo, Ala., William W. Jones, Jumbo, Ala., J. H. Birmingham, Register.

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New Store! New Stock! J. C. WOOLLEY. HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

VERBENA HIGH SCHOOL, Verbena, Alabama, OPENS SEPT. 11TH, CONTINUES TEN MONTHS. Full Course in Language, Mathematics and Science. Discipline right. Advantages, Superior Expenses, Low System, Complete. Correspondence. C. C. SLAYTON, Prop.

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THE CH

CHILTON VIEW

C. W. HARE, Editor & Pub.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 7, 1903.

SCHOLARSHIP & N. ALA. RAILROAD
-Trainfare (Chicago) daily, as follows:
GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:00 a. m.
No. 2 Mail 6:30 p. m.
No. 3 Accommodation 6:10 a. m.
GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:15 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:00 p. m.
See 9 and 10 make all stops. Nos. 2 and 4 stop at all regular station.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Weather much cooler.
Read the grand jury's report.
Mrs. Dr. Patton visited Clanton this week.

Mr. E. M. Pinkard visited Birmingham Sunday.
Mr. L. E. Gullhorn visited Birmingham Sunday.

Mr. W. H. Merritt visited Birmingham Tuesday.
Mr. John Caine, of Strasburg, was in Clanton Monday.

You can buy anything you need from Mullins Bros.
Mr. J. W. Stanfield visited Montgomery Wednesday.

There was a dance at Mr. J. P. Palmer's last Friday night.
Mr. W. F. Claughton, of Verbena, was in town Wednesday.

Mr. J. P. Allen, of Jemison, was in town last week on business.
The largest attendance at the Fall term of court was on Tuesday.

Messrs. Wm. Hayes and John Hayes were in Clanton Thursday last.
Mr. Paul Jones has been on a visit to his parents near town this week.

The pupils of the University School were given holiday on Thanksgiving.
Messrs. F. A. Gullledge and J. M. Haulia, of Verbena attended court Tuesday.

Mr. Joe King, of Montgomery, was in town again this week on courting business.
Mrs. W. A. Collier, of Birmingham, spent Monday and Tuesday in Clanton with friends.

Mr. Will Adams, of Montgomery, visited Dr. W. E. Stewart's family here this week.
Mrs. J. D. Hester has moved into the residence formerly occupied by Mr. G. W. McCrary's family.

Bishop Jackson will visit Clanton on the 12th inst., and hold services at the Episcopal Church.
The View has had pleasant calls from a large number of citizens and visitors during our two weeks of court.

Salt in abundance at reduced prices.
W. L. SAMPEY.

Messrs. Sam and D. B. Adams, candidates University of Ala., have been on a visit to their relatives in Clanton.
There was a party at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's last Friday night where the young people spent a most enjoyable evening.

Miss Gussie Crum who spent the summer with her sister Mrs. Caine of Strasburg, has gone to Winchester, Tenn., where she will remain during the winter.
The editor was prevented by press of work from attending the splendid concert given last week by our local talent, but is pleased to know that such general satisfaction was expressed by those present.

Mullins Bros. are ready and waiting to give receipts to all parties indebted to them. So come up, ladies and gentlemen, and pay your bills.
Mr. Jim Hand, of Jemison, had his buggy torn to pieces last Thursday evening in front of Mr. W. L. Sampey's by his mule who broke loose and started home at the rate of 40 miles an hour.

Messrs. Tom Gullhorn, John Gullhorn and C. H. Abbott returned from a camp hunt from Coosa Saturday, reporting a pleasant time and plenty of ducks, squirrels, rabbits, partridges, etc.
Miss Anna B. Adams, an accomplished young lady, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., has been on a visit to her sister, Mrs. W. E. Stewart, this week. Miss Adams was the second young lady entering the University of Ala., after the provision was granted for the teaching of women in that University.

Do not forget to come to see me about what you owe me and bring your cotton or money to settle.
W. L. SAMPEY.

There will be an oyster supper on Friday, Dec. 17th, under the management of Messrs. Hester, Matthews, Merritt, Stewart and Garner. The supper will be given for the benefit of the Clanton cemetery. The cemetery is in a bad condition and needs a fence around it. It has been the desire that the ladies should take the matter in hand, and now that they have done so, let the men, boys, etc., bring out their wives, girls, etc. It is an enterprise in which one should not regret having invested a nickel.

All parties still indebted to me either by mortgage note or account, must pay same by December 15th 1903, or make satisfactory arrangements with my agent Mr. R. H. Chemnitz. All claims remaining unsettled after that date will be placed in the hands of my attorney W. A. Collier for collection.
B. RHMAN.

Nov. 27, '93. J. M. McCord.

Bargains in new Dry Goods this week.
W. L. SAMPEY.

Judge Deason was too unwell last week after Tuesday to try any litigated cases, so on Wednesday he adjourned court and went home. The grand jury under the direction of Solicitor Brewer also adjourned Wednesday. Eighteen true bills were found in three days.
For sale—A good farm at Dixie—View Real Estate Agency.

Among the visiting attorneys here last week were: Messrs. Dunder and Amey, of Prattville; Judge Craig, of Selma; B. P. Crum, of Furman and Crum Evergreen and Montgomery, Ray Roshon, Montgomery, Wilson, Peters and Brown, Columbiana, Oliver of Calera, Garret and Collier, of Birmingham, Shepard Briarfield, Laven-dar and Ellison, Centerville and Baldwin, Verbena.

Clanton, as well as Chilton County is to be congratulated on the fact that Rev. W. J. Lowery has moved to Clanton to live. He will henceforth be the pastor of the Baptist Church. His presence at most of our prayer meetings will add new life to the cause. He is here to do what he can towards building up the spiritual interests of the community and we bespeak for him a hearty welcome from all.

The people of Clanton were delightfully entertained last Tuesday night 28th ult., at Mullins Hall by the concert given by Mrs. Rainey and and musical class.

The curtains were drawn at 8 o'clock and the performance opened with the song "Where the Bipling Waters Flow." Misses Phillips and Hester treated the audience with an instrumental duet, displaying their musical talent to the enjoyment of all. Miss Gamma Middleton then appeared upon the stage, and proved herself a mimic as well as an eloquentist. In describing "Rugless" dinner party." Miss Kent Ehrman (charming little creature) then favored us with that sweet song, "Kiss and let's make up."

"A Henry Shower" in which Messrs. Dunkin and Wilson and Misses Phillips, Julia and Minnie Hester were the comic actors was splendid and they received applause after applause. Mr. Dunkin was the principal actor and made a fine looking old miser as he does a good looking dude. "A bird from o'er the sea" by Mrs. Jones was highly appreciated. Miss Julia Hester's solo, "Last Night" was sweetly sung.

"Twinkle Little Star" by Miss Yr Hunt was nicely acted. "Golden Buttercup" by Miss Minnie Hester was well sung and gracefully acted.

Married by the New Justice of the Peace" was one of the best things of the evening. Miss Middleton and Mr. Sartor was the couple who had fallen victims from arrows of cupid's bow, while Mr. Henry Honey cut, the new justice, tried to tie the love knot in a manner consistent with experience.

"Good night" was the closing song and all were sorry it was over.
Observer.

CLARA GRAY.

The subject of this sketch was born in Nov. 12th, 1880 and died at Bozeman, Ala., Oct. 14th, 1893, aged 12 years, 11 months and two days. There was something remarkable in the life of this little girl. When she was only two or three years old the Lord laid his hand of affliction upon her; and during the last six or seven years of her life she was not able to walk. During a great part of this time she suffered no pain, while at other times she was a great sufferer.

She gave herself to the Lord at an early age and became the central thought of her life. Her growth in grace was wonderful. In fact, she had developed into Christian womanhood, though but a child in age. She reached that degree of Christian growth that is seldom reached by Christians in old age. She lived close to the Lord every day and loved to talk about Him. Several times during her last years she was confronted by some of those trials which test the faith of people, and in every instance she was perfectly composed.

In all her affliction she never murmured, but was always cheerful and happy. In all Christian attainments she demonstrated what we can be. People who are strong and healthy often murmur, because of disappointments, and unhappy because they will not be resigned to their condition in life. Little Clara had no hope of ever being sound in body, but what difference did it make with her, she was living with the Lord. She was living with the Lord. She was living with the Lord. She was living with the Lord.

There was a party at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's last Friday night where the young people spent a most enjoyable evening.

Miss Gussie Crum who spent the summer with her sister Mrs. Caine of Strasburg, has gone to Winchester, Tenn., where she will remain during the winter.

The editor was prevented by press of work from attending the splendid concert given last week by our local talent, but is pleased to know that such general satisfaction was expressed by those present.

Mullins Bros. are ready and waiting to give receipts to all parties indebted to them. So come up, ladies and gentlemen, and pay your bills.

Mr. Jim Hand, of Jemison, had his buggy torn to pieces last Thursday evening in front of Mr. W. L. Sampey's by his mule who broke loose and started home at the rate of 40 miles an hour.

Messrs. Tom Gullhorn, John Gullhorn and C. H. Abbott returned from a camp hunt from Coosa Saturday, reporting a pleasant time and plenty of ducks, squirrels, rabbits, partridges, etc.

Miss Anna B. Adams, an accomplished young lady, of Tuscaloosa, Ala., has been on a visit to her sister, Mrs. W. E. Stewart, this week. Miss Adams was the second young lady entering the University of Ala., after the provision was granted for the teaching of women in that University.

Do not forget to come to see me about what you owe me and bring your cotton or money to settle.

W. L. SAMPEY.

There will be an oyster supper on Friday, Dec. 17th, under the management of Messrs. Hester, Matthews, Merritt, Stewart and Garner. The supper will be given for the benefit of the Clanton cemetery. The cemetery is in a bad condition and needs a fence around it. It has been the desire that the ladies should take the matter in hand, and now that they have done so, let the men, boys, etc., bring out their wives, girls, etc. It is an enterprise in which one should not regret having invested a nickel.

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COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Hopewellville News.

Much cotton is hauled to Selma from the country behind sick mules; the wagons returning loaded with family supplies.

Mrs. Coe, of Stanton, has been visiting Mrs. Glover.

Miss Roberts Johnson has been visiting friends here.

Mr. Frank Kelly has been recently on a visit here.

Miss Marion Kelly is visiting Birmingham.

Mr. T. U. Crumpton has been on a business trip to Selma.

We are glad to state that Mrs. Bearden is recovering from serious illness.

Lily Legacy.

The Mulberry school building is now about completed and Prof. Speer with his thirty scholars will soon move into the building, which will be much more comfortable.

Mr. James B. Blackmon, of Weogufka, has been visiting friends and relatives here. Mr. Blackmon has rented a farm near Clanton and will move there soon.

Mr. T. W. Wright and wife are visiting friends in Coosa county this week.

Death has again visited our midst and born away one of our most useful women, Mrs. T. J. Lenoir, to the realms of bliss. The most profound sympathy is extended to the bereaved ones.

Mr. B. E. Jones says he has found him a girl in Coosa and expects to go to see her again Christmas.

Winter seems to be here in dead earnest.

Several of our citizens attended court this week.

Stanton Stories.

The mill started up Saturday, but do not know for how long. Preparations are being made for entertainments Christmas.

Little Lila Stewart died Wednesday morning last at 10:30, and was buried Thursday at Ebenezer Church.

Miss Sallie Joe Todd and Ethel Starr are visiting here this week.

Miss Mary McGee's house is about completed.

Capt. Richard is preparing his land for another crop.

Mr. H. H. Stewart, wife and daughter, of Selma spent Thanksgiving day here.

We have had some sickness in town lately.

Mr. J. N. Carter is honored with the clerkship of the Alliance Store.

There was a fine game of ball played here on Thanksgiving day between the Stanton nine and the Stanton school nine. The game was a tight one; the score standing 11 to 13 in favor of Stanton nine.

Every thing is quiet around here, but we are anticipating a merry Christmas.

Mr. T. B. Letcher is no longer in business in this place. We learn he intends studying medicine and hope him much success.

Mr. Culver and wife visited Selma recently.

Mr. Lum Dyer has been on a visit to Stanton.

Cross Roads Stops.

Always take the right fork which will lead you direct to the Ala. Business College, Montgomery, which is the only Business College that is full of life, they use no "out and dried" methods. They use the actual business as it is found in the business houses of to-day. It is under the management of Messrs. Sullivan and Johnson, who are known to stand prominently at the head as business educators. See their ad in another column.

Real Estate for Sale.

1. A farm, 30 acres, near Clanton. First rate improvements.

2. A farm of 125 acres near Clanton.

3. An 80 acre farm near Clanton.

4. A house and four acre lot in Clanton.

5. A first class residence in Verbena.

6. A farm at Dixie.

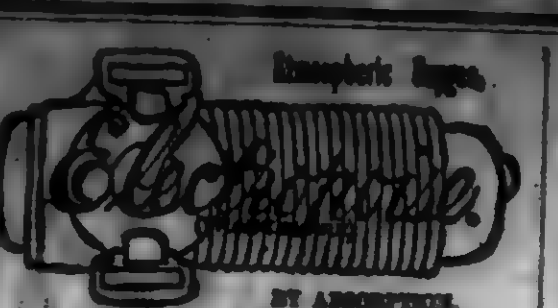
7. A house and 35 acre farm near Clanton.

8. A sawmill and planing mill outfit.

9. A saw mill outfit and several yoke of oxen, wagons, etc.

10. 200 acres land, 20 acres cleared, 70 acres timber; 31 acre; 4 big drays; 12 horse wagons; saw mill outfit. Any of the above property at low rates and on easy terms.

C. W. HARE, Agent.



CURES DISEASE

WITHOUT MEDICINE.

DuBois & Webb

Testimonials.

W. C. Joiner, Dothan: "In my judgment too much cannot be said of the Electropole as a remedy."

Thos. H. Halstead, Buckhorn: "I have used the Electropole successfully in the case of rheumatism, is grippe, constipation, female complaints and would not be without it for any known amount."

John School, Birmingham: "The Electropole is both doctor and drug store for me."

J. McKee Gould, Bolgees: "I have known the electropole to do some wonderful things in the way of relieving sickness."

Rev. C. W. O'Hara, Columbiana: "I look upon the Electropole as the most wonderful instrument in its creative effects of anything extant."

W. T. Wagon, Georgiana: "You may put me down as one of the best friends of the Electropole."

Rev. Jas. A. Heard, Florence: "I am a walking advertisement of the Electropole."

Rev. L. A. Dancy, Lafayette: "Every family ought to have an Electropole."

E. T. Davis, Birmingham: "I would not give up my Electropole for two drug store and a doctor thrown in."

Claude Toney, Bocton, Ala.: "I can now walk four miles without crutches, and before using I could not walk four steps without them."

Rev. W. C. Hearn, Talladega: "My general health is better than for six years. My wife and I use the Electropole with good effect."

A. J. Garner, Slone: "When I began using the Electropole I weighed 115 pounds, and now I weigh 140 pounds."

Mrs. Della R. Milsaps, Isabel: "I would not be without the Electropole for many times its cost."

C. A. J. Hollinsworth, Mink: "We use it for every thing that we would want it for."

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

We believe in Printers Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know through the newspapers which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use only those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition.

Get This Out.

OFFICE OF
Chilton View,
CLANTON, ALA.

This card is good for Ten per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.

Alex Rice, Montgomery

All goods marked in plain figures. We have but one price, no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment.

ALEX RICE,
MONTGOMERY.

If you see any goods like ours, that you can buy for less than ours, come back and get your money.

Alex Rice.

For the BEST SOUTH MEALS
—IN THE CITY GO TO—
Dover Dining Rooms.

FOR LADIES • • •
• • • DANCING • • •
MONTGOMERY, • • • • • ALA.
No. 115 Montgomery Street.

EVERYTHING IS LOVELY
—AND OUR—

FURNITURE

Don't Come High.

WE CARRY A LARGE VARIETY OF

BEDROOM SUITS, BEDS, HEADS, CENTER TABLES, EXTENSION TABLES, SIDEBOARDS, DINING CHAIRS, PLUSH and RATTAN ROCKERS, COMBINATION BOOK-CASES, KITCHEN TABLES and CUPBOARDS.

AT BOTTOM PRICES.

GEORGE W. ELLIS & CO.

101 S. Court St., Cor. Washington.

F. H. MERRITT, Pres. H. E. QUILLAN, Sec.

UNION WAREHOUSE CO.

Cotton Factors,
and COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Montgomery, Ala.

DEAR SIR:—We invite your attention to our large and commodious Warehouse near Union Passenger Depot in rear of Windsor Hotel in this City. We are prepared to STORE and SELL COTTON TO THE BEST ADVANTAGE, by being convenient to Mutual Compress Company, and to fully protect the Planter's Interest, by always obtaining the highest market price on day of sale.

F. H. MERRITT,
General Manager.

YOUNG MAN!

Do You Wish a Good Paying Position? Qualify Yourself and You can get it! For Facts and Figures write the BRYANT & STRATTON BUSINESS COLLEGE, Louisville, Ky.

Refer to the Editor of this Paper.

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WINSIG MOORE.

People's Line Steamers

Between Montgomery and Mobile.

SCHEDULE.

Leave Montgomery Thursdays 8 p.m.
Leave Mobile Fridays 8 p.m.
Arrive in Mobile Mondays 8 p.m.
Leave Mobile Mondays 8 p.m.
Arrive Montgomery Wednesdays 9 p.m.
Leave Montgomery Thursdays 11 p.m.
Special low rates for round trip to extended periods. Order all freight shipped care this line. T. H. Moore, W. F. Vaudiver, Pres. Geo. L. Manly, Montgomery, Ala.

JEMISON

HIGH SCHOOL

OPENS A NEW MONTHLY TERM
—SEPTEMBER 4TH, 1893—
FIRST CLASS SCHOOL, IN EVERY RESPECT, TRAINED and EXPERIENCED TEACHERS. Board from \$2.00 to \$10.00 per month in best families. tuition, Primary, \$2.00; Grammar Grade, \$3.00; High School, \$5.00. For further information address

J. L. RUFFIN, Prin.

Montgomery, Ala.

WONDERFUL

WONDERFUL

A tooth pulled and no pain! no bad effect, by the use of Deland's. If not satisfactory no charge. Exclusive right for Jefferson County. Will visit all points on I. & N. R. R. between Jemison and Montgomery. Write Dr. Masses and Montgomery. They will make it to your interest. Will be glad to do all your dental work. Call at their Dental Parlors when in Birmingham, corner 3rd Ave 19th St. Elyton block.

Respectfully,
KARST & SANDERSON,
Dentists.

YOU CAN GET FIRST-CLASS Board and Lodging

AT Mrs. Dr. B. F. Ivey's,

No. 219 - Montgomery - Street.

RATES.
\$1 to \$1.50 per day. \$4 to \$5 per week. Hot and Cold Baths, up and down stairs, and all modern conveniences. Table supplied with the best the market affords. Only three blocks from public square, and in the prettiest residential part of the city.

MONTGOMERY, ALA.

READ THIS.

We are the LARGEST STRICTLY retail DRUG HOUSE in the State, carry the most complete stock, handle Nothing but the Purest and Best Goods; the finest that money can buy. We have ample capital with which to do business, and give our goods in large quantities, and give our customers THE ADVANTAGE of low prices. We pay STRICT attention to MAIL ORDERS from consumers. When in the city make our store your headquarters.

Respectfully,
Collier Drug

IMPORTANT LAWFY BUSINESS

Large Southern Medicine Company

The trade-mark lawsuit to enjoin the Chattanooga Medicine Co. from using the name M. A. Thedford or M. A. Thedford & Co. in connection with their liver medicine or Black-Draught has been decided by Judge Newman in the U. S. Circuit Court in Atlanta, Ga., and the suit dismissed. One branch of the case in which the Court was asked to enjoin the Chattanooga Medicine Co. from using the name M. A. Thedford or M. A. Thedford & Co. in connection with their liver medicine or Black-Draught has been decided by Judge Newman in the U. S. Circuit Court in Atlanta, Ga., and the suit dismissed. One branch of the case in which the Court was asked to enjoin the Chattanooga Medicine Co. from using the name M. A. Thedford or M. A. Thedford & Co. in connection with their liver medicine or Black-Draught has been decided by Judge Newman in the U. S. Circuit Court in Atlanta, Ga., and the suit dismissed.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Attorney General Olney has rendered

an opinion that certain notes issued by corporations (clearing house certificates) during the recent currency "crisis" are not taxable 10 per cent. under the bank circulation law. The sugar-tariff of the country, that is many of them, are not satisfied with the proposition to gradually abolish the sugar bounty as included in the Wilson bill. Consequently they will continue the content in the senate and house with the hope of securing a modification of the clause, if they cannot get it stricken out entirely.

OUR LATEST DISPATCHES

The Happenings of a Day Chrono-logical and Concise Paragraphs

And Containing the Gist of the News From All Parts of the World. A doubtful rumor is current in Montevideo that President Peltre, of Brazil has been assassinated.

THE SOUTH-EASTERN NEWS ITEMS

The Daily of the Progress and Prosperity of the South

One new case of yellow fever was announced at Brunswick Tuesday and two discharged. The leaves of cotton are under treatment. The weather is slightly warmer.

TRADE TOPICS

Don & Co.'s Report of Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Don's weekly review of trade says: Consumption increases slowly and all branches of business are waiting for its growth. The railroad earnings for the month, thus far, are only 3.5 per cent less than those of last year, the decrease for the last week being made even smaller in freight earnings. Trade waits for the revival of industries and the week's returns respecting industrial progress are rather conflicting.

IF you wish the lightest, sweetest, finest cake, biscuit, bread and rolls, Royal Baking Powder is indispensable in their making.

SOME OLD WEATHER RULES.

Never leave with the back upon anything that is cold. Never begin a journey until the breakfast has been eaten. Never take warm drinks and then immediately go out in the cold.

Meandering.

A city girl writes, "It is a fond dream of mine to become a farmer's wife and meander with him down life's flowery pathway." Ah, yes, that is a nice thing to dream about, but when you have lived on the farm and followed this meandering business for a month or so, you will discover a wide chasm between the dream and the reality.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY LIVER AND BLADDER CURE. Biliousness, Headache, foul breath, sour stomach, heartburn or dyspepsia, constipation.

Poor Digestion.

Distress after eating, pain and bloating in the stomach, shortness of breath, pain in the heart.

Loss of Appetite.

A splendid feeling to-day and a depressed one to-morrow, nothing seems to taste good, tired, sleepless and all unstrung, weakness, dizziness.

It is very difficult to convince children that a medicine is "nice to take"

—this trouble is not experienced in administering Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. It is almost as palatable as milk.

Scott's Emulsion

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IF you wish the lightest, sweetest, finest cake, biscuit, bread and rolls, Royal Baking Powder is indispensable in their making.

SOME OLD WEATHER RULES.

Never leave with the back upon anything that is cold. Never begin a journey until the breakfast has been eaten. Never take warm drinks and then immediately go out in the cold.

Meandering.

A city girl writes, "It is a fond dream of mine to become a farmer's wife and meander with him down life's flowery pathway." Ah, yes, that is a nice thing to dream about, but when you have lived on the farm and followed this meandering business for a month or so, you will discover a wide chasm between the dream and the reality.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY LIVER AND BLADDER CURE. Biliousness, Headache, foul breath, sour stomach, heartburn or dyspepsia, constipation.

Poor Digestion.

Distress after eating, pain and bloating in the stomach, shortness of breath, pain in the heart.

Loss of Appetite.

A splendid feeling to-day and a depressed one to-morrow, nothing seems to taste good, tired, sleepless and all unstrung, weakness, dizziness.

It is very difficult to convince children that a medicine is "nice to take"

—this trouble is not experienced in administering Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil. It is almost as palatable as milk.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod Liver Oil. It is almost as palatable as milk. No preparation so rapidly builds up good flesh, strength and nerve force.

THE SOUTH-EASTERN NEWS ITEMS

The Daily of the Progress and Prosperity of the South

One new case of yellow fever was announced at Brunswick Tuesday and two discharged. The leaves of cotton are under treatment. The weather is slightly warmer.

TRADE TOPICS

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C. W. HARE, Ed.
CLANTON, ALA.

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Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAIN WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva. A complete stock of the latest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

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New Store! New Stock!
J. C. WOOLLEY
HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.
A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, FANCY GOODS and NOTIONS, which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices. He solicits a share of public patronage.

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Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.
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THE LAWYER'S BOOK.
ATKINSON'S COMPILATION OF THE LAWS OF ALABAMA
—ON—
Administrators and Executors, Guardians and Trustees, etc. etc. Published by the Brown Printing Co. Price \$3.00. C. W. HARE, Agent.
A. C. SMITH,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Chancery.
CLANTON ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the courts of Chilton and adjoining counties.
JAS. L. BEARD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
VERBENA, ALABAMA.
Will practice in all the State and Federal Courts of Ala.

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BARBER.
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Learn Bookkeeping in a practical way by actual practice so that you can carry your knowledge from the school room to the Business House without material change. This is the method used in our Practical Business College, which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

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Everybody is interested in the issue of this election, especially upon the estimation of it depends whether the cotton will go up or down.
Realizing this wide spread interest the Montgomery Advertiser has offered \$2,000 in gifts to be distributed among those who come nearest to the correct estimate. The first prize is \$750 and on down to \$50.
The only condition of guessing is sending a new subscriber, a renewal or a new advertiser to The Semi-Weekly Advertiser. That paper is the best and cheapest an Alabamian can get for the general news, for it sends out two papers a week, one on Tuesdays and one on Fridays, for only one dollar a year, and each contains 12 times as much State news as any other paper in the land. Now is the time to subscribe, because a lively campaign is just opening, while the fight in Congress on the tariff is at hand.
Postmasters, agents and club makers will be interested learning that not only is each subscriber entitled to a guess, but the person who sends in names is entitled to a guess for every name sent. The more names sent the greater likelihood of getting \$750 in gold.
Sample copies of the Semi-Weekly Advertiser, agent's terms, blanks, etc., sent to any address. Apply to that paper at Montgomery, Ala.

Important Notice.
We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:
CUT THIS OUT.
THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice,
Montgomery
All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex Rice.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 27, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 31st, 1894, viz: William E. Maddox, homestead entry, No. 21483, for the n. w. 1/4 of sec. 1 of section 33, Township 23 north of range 15 east. He claims the following witnesses to prove continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James P. McKee, Clanton, Ala.; Henry M. Mahan, Clanton, Ala.; William H. Jones, Jumbo, Ala.; William W. Jones, Jumbo, Ala.; J. H. Bingham, Register.

Reports from Committees.
(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES," and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—(Long and loud applause.)
Rapi! Rapi! Rapi! went the gavel and (so soon) as quiet can be restored, the Speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at
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Agent for Ala. Mineral Land Co.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE
U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala. Dec. 1st, 1903.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 13th, 1894, viz: Hardy W. Giles, homestead entry, No. 2352, for the n. w. 1/4 of section 12, Township 23 north of range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert M. Roebuck, G. W. Rucker, James M. Roebuck, G. W. Rucker, all of Clanton, Ala.; Thomas Klenner, all of Clanton, Ala.; J. H. Bingham, Register.

Ed. Watchman. For three long years, we people of the South have been waiting for something to turn up. Our condition has been growing worse all the time.
Among the thousand other mistakes we have made, we have been looking to the wrong quarter for help. Some look to one party and some to another; but the needed relief does not come. Our Legislators and National Congressmen, at best can do for us but little more than give protection to "civil rights, life and liberty." And we have not had a legislature, State or National for a long time that has done even that much for a suffering country. What is left us to hope for? Only two things: "God and our native land." If these fail we are gone. With the help of God we can do much to help ourselves. Consent to get out of the ruts. We own too much land. We try too cultivate too much, and cultivate none in the true sense. For a number of years, in ours, the best farming country in the world, the cost of the product exceeds the value of the products. This will impoverish any country. The remedy is sell off 1/4 or 4/5 of your land, pay your debts, put the rest where it will be a source of increase, and make your living on the land you keep. You can do it. Try it, there is hope in it.
Besides this you have millions of well timbered land that is doing you no good, you have paid tax on it for fifty years and you get nothing in return. The world wants it let it have it, add benefit your self and the world. You will find an advertisement in the Watchman and Beacon that proposes to help. The company will advertise your land free of charge, so the experiment won't cost a cent. I have no personal interest in it, but simply write for the benefit of my countrymen. This company also invites visitors to inspect and investigate from all quarters to settle. Can't we do something in this line that the Legislators have failed to do?
Geo. F. Ellis.

Sheep Raising.
I have always been convinced that agriculture would never flourish in the South unless the raising of stock should be combined with the making of cotton and corn and have, therefore, watched the raising of sheep with interest. I have never known an instance where great profit did not result from sheep-raising when protected from depredations of dogs, and, in rare cases of thieves.
To a South Carolinian the experience of Dr. Niz of Mississippi will certainly appear wonderful. The only drawbacks to sheep-raising in this State are depredations of dogs upon the flocks, which can be remedied by the passage of a dog law, and the troubles of fencing or herding, and the indisposition of farmers to do anything but watch the negroes making cotton. Sheep entail no cost except a little suit and a little cotton seed in severe winter. Practically there is never any disease among sheep here. I will give an instance of what has been done in this country. In February, 1866, Gen. J. Bratton bought a flock of forty-nine poor sheep. The shearing of that year he gave to his neighbors. In November, 1872, his flock amounted to three hundred and fifty head, having bought no other sheep, except a few Southdown bucks.
In the meantime he had sold \$800 worth of wool and \$900 worth of mutton, and had lived on mutton not having had a chicken or a pig on his place. With the sheep he had enriched thirty acres of land that would hardly sprout peas, so that it would make one thousand pounds of cotton to the acre. The only feed ever given was a little cotton seed for a few weeks in the winter. Then he divided his flock giving one hundred and seventy-five heads to a friend in another county to raise on shares. Since then his clover and timothy and lucern fields made by means of his sheep and herd of thoroughbred Ayrshire cattle have made his plantation resemble a Kentucky blue grass farm.
G. H. McMaster,
Fairfield County, South Carolina.

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CLANTON, ALA. DEC. 12, 1903.
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy three months .25
One copy one month .10
Ben. Leroy Brewer, of Mobile, uncle of our Solicitor, and a most splendid gentleman, died on Tuesday, Dec. 6th.
Next week's issue of the View will contain a letter from a Politician to Gov. Jones threatening his life and a reply from the Governor. Every citizen in the State should read that correspondence. It will prove an eye-opener.
The editor of the View is making no special effort to run a paper in accordance with the views of whiskey drinking or whiskey selling men. But he feels the obligation resting upon him to do all in his power to win people from such ways, and if he fails in this to create such a healthy moral sentiment that such parties will find no encouragement from good people.
The meeting of the Masonic bodies in Montgomery last week was decided success. The delegation was large and harmonious. The following are the officers for next year. Francis L. Pettus, Grand Master; Geo. P. Harrison, Deputy; G. M. James A. Billro, Jr., G. W. B. Dudley Williams, Jr., G. W. H. Clay, Armstrong, Sec. C. A. Allen, Tyler; W. C. Bledsoe, Chaplain; Lew Lazarus, Marshal; B. H. Hale, Sr. Deacon; H. H. Mathews, Jr. Deacon; C. H. Manley and W. B. Kyle, Stewards.

The ardent friends of Capt. Kolb are branding those Populists as cranks who favor some other man for governor. In the two campaigns past Whitehead, of Butler, White, of Chilton, Loveless, of Escambia, Smith, of Mobile, and many others fought and died for him, but now they are determined to give him the shake. Messrs. Loveless and Smith are among the original Farmers' Alliance men of the State, and they are profoundly convinced must be gotten from under the domination of office-seekers. With such men to lead there will be thousands to follow.
Perhaps the View has said it before, if so, it is worth repeating once more. Putting up men of known intemperate habits, and men of unclean lives have done more to create distrust and dissatisfaction towards the Democratic party in the midst of conscientious Christian men than all else combined. For several years our work has been largely among the country people, attending associations, meeting the preachers and leading Sabbath school workers, and we have met often with the remark "well I am heartily disgusted with having to be represented in all public places by drunkards and libertines. Oh! that there could arise a party that would elect none but clean men." This and kindred expressions showed that there was a steady dissolution of mere party ties. Again many men were heard to say "I would not have a thing to do with politics but for the fact that the supremacy of the whites depend upon, the unity of the white people" etc. When the reform cry began to be heard all over the land it found these good people, about whom we have spoken, easy prey. They hoped the move would tend to purify the political waters, and so, many swung off to make the experiment. Of course they found as many fellows of the baser sort, among the reformers as they left behind, and so it will be all parties for years to come. It will not do for the Democratic party to say it does not care a fig for the preachers and Sunday School folks. They constitute the bulwark of safety in town or country, and was betide the party against whom they throw their influence. These men have convictions against allowing the saloon bummers and liquor dealers to run our political machinery, and they are right. Now is a good time for the Democracy of Alabama and of the nation to show this element of our voters that their services and presence in the party are appreciated. This can be done, not by electing preachers to office so much, as by refusing to recommend and nominate for positions of trust any but sober and upright citizens. If this course is pursued, the questions of finance, prohibition, tariff, etc., will all be brought within the grand old Democratic fold, but if neglected will give us trouble in the future.

On last Wednesday night, Dec. 6th, the Southern University at Lake View, Birmingham, was burned to the ground. The furniture and fixtures of the college as well as the most of the wearing apparel of the pupils were all burned. One pupil, Miss Minnie Dean, a lovely young lady from Warrior was so badly burned that she died the next morning. We feel very deeply for the parents in their inexpressible loss.

Greenville and Troy have recently held elections under the Sayre election law. The reports from both points are to the effect that the law gives general satisfaction.

The friends of D. W. McIver, of the Montgomery Advertiser extend him and his bride, (nee Miss Mary Hale, daughter of the late J. H. Hale) congratulations on their recent happy marriage.

For Sale—One forty acre tract of land on which is situated a 2 room dwelling, good smoke house, two crabs, stables, good well of water, apple orchard, 12 acres of fresh land. This place lies within one mile of Jumbo P. O. and is within 400 yards of the Alabama River. Call on W. H. Hare, Agent.

Do not miss the chance to see the new and improved "The View" at the Clanton, Ala. Fair. It is a most interesting and instructive exhibit. Call on W. H. Hare, Agent.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS

The Bill of the Prince and Princess of Wales

Representative of Interest Portrayed in Play.

The Young Men's Business League of Augusta, Ga., has appointed a special committee to go to Atlanta to see the legislature to pass the immigration bill.

President East, of the Cape Fear and Tiedin Valley railway, now acknowledges the truth of the rumor that the road is to pass into the hands of English owners.

Valuable discoveries of tin are announced as having just been made at King's Mountain, N. C. The deposit of ore is the richest ever discovered and is only ten feet beneath the ground level.

Judge Winters rendered his decision in the Iron Hall receivership case at Indianapolis Saturday morning. The decision makes a permanent receivership and orders a distribution of the funds of the order.

Tuesday was South Carolina's day at the Atlanta exposition. It was the second best day of the great show. The members of the Carolina legislature and senate came over in a body on a special train. Governor Tillman, however, did not attend.

A grain elevator containing 25,000 bushels of wheat, two live steers, thirty-five horses, three freight cars, the electric plant and six other buildings at Comstock, Texas, were destroyed by fire Monday night. The loss is estimated at \$100,000; insured for one-half.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: State Commissioner Traylor has issued his first report of the state dispensary from July 1st to October 1st. Mr. Traylor claims that the total profit for the first months has been \$24,488.98. The net profit divided among the counties was \$12,124.48.

The Anniston, Ala., pipe works were sold Tuesday by J. B. Sheppard, clerk of the city court, to John B. Knox for W. W. Stringfellow and W. S. Gurnee, Jr., representing the bondholders. The work will be put in operation by the new owners at an early date. The property, which is probably the largest of the kind in the country, has been in the hands of receivers for three years.

Governor Carr, of North Carolina, has received a letter from Judge Graham, secretary of state, regarding Ling Gung, the missing Chinaman. The governor has not received any official information whatever as to this case from the authorities of Madison county, where it is alleged Gung was killed. It is the opinion of some of the officials from the evidence thus far obtained, that if Gung was killed at all it was on the Tennessee side of the line.

Judge H. B. Tompkins, representing the Central Trust Company, of New York, presented a petition to Federal Judge Key, at Chattanooga, Monday, asking that the United States circuit court at Knoxville affirm the decree of sale of the Marietta and North Georgia, and Knoxville Southern railroads recently made at Atlanta. The petition was opposed and Judge Key denied it and the sale ordered at Atlanta will only include the portion of the roads located in Georgia.

The second trial of Frank Porterfield, cashier of the defunct Commercial National bank, was taken up at Nashville Monday. Judge George R. Sage, of Cincinnati, presided. The government announced that it would consolidate the twelve cases of the thirty indictments pending and try them together. The defense objected, but the court made the order of consolidation. A separate verdict will be rendered in each case, however.

A Jackson, Miss., dispatch says: Brooks Story, a notorious fugitive convicted sentenced for ten years in December and escaped from Sergeant Montgomery, this side of Birmingham, while enroute from American, Ga., last June, was recaptured in Arkansas and returned to the penitentiary Monday. He has been as far west as Wyoming and into old Mexico. He claims that he was returning for the purpose of surrendering.

A Knoxville special says: On petition of the Etowah Furnace Company and Ferdinand Schumacher, of Harrison, Judge D. M. Key, of the United States circuit court on Saturday, appointed William H. Russell and A. A. Hopkins receivers for the Harrison Manufacturing Company. It was ordered that the receiver should control all the assets of the company into care of the Harrison Manufacturing company was one of the boom institutions of the boom city of Harrison.

A Nashville dispatch of Tuesday says: The second day of the trial of Frank Porterfield opened with the government's statement that it expected to prove that the defendant, Frank Porterfield, was cashier of the Commercial National bank and that as cashier, he had control of the cash and that he had a personal account with the bank. It also proposed to prove that in January and March he drew a number of checks which were paid out of the bank's funds and went to pay his individual obligations.

Tuesday's meeting of the Jacksonville, Fla., city council caused quite a sensation, as they have just passed an ordinance granting leave for "burial" contests with five-once gloves and fixing the license at \$50. The ordinance passed its first and second readings on a mere technicality the third reading was postponed till the next meeting.

This is a great victory for the Jacksonville syndicate, and paves the way for the Coyle-Mitchell contest and leaves opponents of the fight utterly helpless.

The case of the widow of Baggett, one of the men lynched in the raid of the citizens on parish prison at New Orleans, near three years ago, was called Tuesday morning for trial in the United States circuit court, Judge Bordman presiding. Both sides were ready, and a jury was empaneled without difficulty. The case is against the city of New Orleans and for damages.

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The galleries of the house, except those reserved for the president and the diplomatic corps, were filled to overflowing with eager and expectant persons, when Speaker Crisp opened the regular session of the 53rd congress to order. Fully 300 members were in their seats. Conspicuous upon the floor were the two vacant chairs of Representative O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, and his colleagues, Mr. Lilly, representative at large, from the same state. Their desks were draped in black and covered with floral tributes. Rev. Bagby, in his invocation, referred feelingly to the death of "Fath-er" O'Neill, Mr. Lilly. The speaker then directed the clerk to call the roll in order to officially ascertain the presence of a quorum. At 1:35 o'clock p. m. Mr. Prodan, the white house executive clerk appeared with the president's message and Speaker Crisp immediately laid it before the house. Clerk Key read it in a clear, firm voice. The galleries remained silent and the members leaning forward in their chairs. Listened attentively to Mr. Cleveland's views as they fell from the lips of the clerk of the house. At the conclusion of the reading, General Bingham, who had been selected by the Pennsylvania delegation to make the announcement of the death of Representative O'Neill and Lilly, was then recognized. A com-

THE FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS

The House and Senate Called to Order in Regular Session.

The President's Message Read Before the Two Houses—Hostile Business.

THE SENATE.

The first regular session of the fifty-third congress convened at high noon Monday, pursuant to the constitutional provisions. As the massive clock over the main entrance announced the hour of 12 o'clock, the blind chaplain was up to the vice president's desk and after an eloquent prayer, while all the senators present in the chamber remained standing, Vice President Sherman called the senate to order.

At the suggestion of Senator Sherman the roll was called and fifty-six senators responded. The usual resolutions notifying the house of the reports of the meeting of the senate and the resolution for a committee of two senators to wait upon the president of the United States and inform him that congress had assembled and was ready to receive any communication he desired to make, were offered and agreed to. After a resolution had been adopted that the senate shall be in session at 10 o'clock on Tuesday, the motion of Senator Harris to recess at 12:10 o'clock was taken for an hour to enable the committee to wait upon the president. At the expiration of the recess, the senate resumed its session and a message from the house of representatives informing the senate that a quorum of the house was present and of the appointment of a committee to join a similar committee of the senate previously appointed to wait upon the president was received. Then another recess of twenty minutes was taken, upon motion of Mr. Harris, of Tennessee. Promptly at 1:30 o'clock the senate resumed its session and Mr. McPherson, of the committee to wait upon the president, appeared at the bar of the senate and announced that the president would immediately communicate with each house in writing. Clerk Pruden at once stepped forward and delivered the message and it was laid before the senate by the vice president, who directed its reading. The secretary of the senate, Mr. Cox, then began the reading of the message. All present, with few exceptions, gave close attention to the reading.

2nd Day.—After some routine morning business in the senate, Tuesday, Senator Harris introduced a resolution calling on the president for copies of the instructions to Minister William Adams Irwin, touching Hawaii. It went over to Mr. Sherman's suggestion because of Mr. Morgan's absence. Mr. Dolph, in conformity with notice given Monday, then addressed part of the president's message relating to Hawaii, beginning with an expression of surprise at the president's persistence in forcibly overthrowing the provisional government in defiance of the almost unanimous sentiments of the press. Mr. Dolph closed at 2 o'clock, when the resolutions of the house on the death of Representative O'Neill, of Pennsylvania, were presented and the senate, as a mark of respect, adjourned until Wednesday.

3rd Day.—Senator Voorhees opened his pension campaign in the senate Wednesday morning by introducing two bills, one declaring a pension a vested right, regulating the suspension of pensions and the other, granting the supreme court of the district of Columbia; the other, defining the crimes against the United States in the administration of the pension laws. A spirited discussion of the Hawaiian question then occurred. The debate over the resolution offered Tuesday by Mr. Harris, of Massachusetts, questioning the president's forwarding the senate all the correspondence on the Hawaiian question. The resolution was finally adopted without a division. Mr. Cullom offered a resolution accepting from Illinois the statue of General Shields, and proceeded to address the senate, concluding his remarks with a short eulogy on General Shields. After a short recess, the senate, at five minutes past 4 o'clock, adjourned until Thursday.

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CHILTON COUNTY

Geographical center of Alabama. The town of Chilton and the city of Milledgeville, Ga., are the headquarters of the county. The county is bounded by the Georgia river to the south, the Florida river to the east, the Alabama river to the north, and the Georgia river to the west. The county is divided into four sections, each of which is named after a prominent citizen. The county is the largest in Alabama, and is the only one in the state that is not bounded by water on all sides.

SOUTHERN NEWS ITEMS.

The Drift of Her Progress and Prosperity Briefly Noted.

Happenings of Interest Portrayed in Fifty Paragraphs.

A Newnan, Ga., special says: Between 3 and 4 o'clock Monday afternoon W. H. Parks and Mrs. Dr. R. W. North, in attempting to cross the Chatsahoochee and Griffin railroad in a buggy were struck by a freight train and instantly killed.

There was a mass meeting of citizens of Brunswick, Tuesday night, at the city hall. The hall was filled with spectators. Resolutions were adopted demanding an investigation as to the cause of the fever, etc., and thanks tendered to the people and the newspapers for their generous aid.

A Columbia, S. C., special says: A committee of Charleston grocers who called on Governor Tillman Monday to get his views as to the practicability of a high license law in lieu of the dispensary, the governor said that it was useless to waste words on this subject to the legislature as they were bent on perfecting the dispensary system.

One of the most sensational cases ever tried in South Carolina was that of the white-haired old colonel, J. H. Morrow, a well-known horse trainer of Washington, D. C., who was about six months ago, sentenced to imprisonment in the penitentiary. The supreme court at Columbia, Monday, decided on the appeal taken by Colonel Morrow's attorneys from the decision of the lower court. The court affirmed the decision of the lower court on all the points involved.

O. L. Meroy and H. D. Kone, president and cashier, respectively, of the insolvent Bell County National Bank of Temple, were convicted in the United States circuit court at Wauch, Texas, Saturday upon indictment for misappropriating funds of the bank and rendering false reports to the controller of the currency. The amount of their embezzlement was about \$10,000. They signed forged names to notes, which they placed in the bank to deceive the bank examiner and balanced their shortfalls.

In the United States court at Charleston, Tuesday, Judge Simonton filed a decree for \$10,000 damages in the suit of Mitchell King vs. the United States. The plaintiff is the owner of a rice plantation on the South Carolina side of the Savannah river, which he claims was rendered unfit for planting purposes by reason of the work of the water on the Savannah river and improving the harbor of Savannah.

A Nashville special of Tuesday says: There is but little to be said about the strike on the Henderson division, so far as Nashville is concerned. Passenger trains were running during the day, but no freight. S. W. Pettibone, general chairman of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, held a lengthy conference with the strikers, but nothing of the proceedings could be learned. The officials do not anticipate a spread of the strike to other divisions.

A Jacksonville, Fla., special of Tuesday says: There is a rumor current that the few anti-trust people who are still to be found in the city have perfected arrangements for having James J. Corbett arrested when he appears for the purpose of giving an exhibition at the opera house. The law and order league is very zealous in the matter, but it is alleged that a committee of the league, a well-known lawyer at the head, has a well-known claim agency in London, New York and Jackson, Tenn., is progressing. The evidence adduced Saturday was very damaging to the accused. A number of parties duped by the scheme of William Lord Moore, London; E. Ross and Joseph Leger, New York, and G. F. B. Howard, Jackson, each of whom the defendant has been recognized to be, were placed upon the stand. They told a plain story of how, after Moore was apprehended in London, Ross of New York, took up the correspondence on the subject and led them to believe that they were entitled to an inheritance in Europe. When Ross was reported "dead," and notwithstanding most of them had paid Moore and Ross money, Joseph Leger, of New York, sprung a decree of the "supreme court of chancery" and asked \$35,000.

It is believed that immediately after the police of New York became too warm for Ross and Leger in that city, Rev. G. F. B. Howard returned to Jackson, where he had previously lived and took up the same correspondence dropped by the former named parties and he in turn collected money, as his alleged predecessors had done, for work in place of how, after Moore was apprehended in London, Ross of New York, took up the correspondence on the subject and led them to believe that they were entitled to an inheritance in Europe. When Ross was reported "dead," and notwithstanding most of them had paid Moore and Ross money, Joseph Leger, of New York, sprung a decree of the "supreme court of chancery" and asked \$35,000.

The evidence in the Howard case at Jackson, Tenn., was continued Tuesday morning by more of the defendant's dupes being called, who located him as Moore, of London, and Ross and Leger, of New York. The London detectives are on hand and one of them has identified the defendant as Moore. Besides these witnesses a woman has just arrived from New York who will go on the stand and identify the defendant as Joseph Leger. She, perhaps, has a better right to know than any witness yet called, because it is asserted that she traveled with the defendant, several months as Mrs. Leger.

The whisky war at Charleston is getting warmer and warmer. Tuesday it culminated in an altercation between Oscar Prange, a one-eyed ex-constable, ex-soldier, and Chief Constable Gaillard, of the whisky constabulary. Gaillard stopped a dray on the street to examine its contents for contraband spirits. Prange, who was a bystander, spoke to the driver and told him he would drive on, as the constable had no right to stop him. Constable Gaillard ordered Prange off, and the latter turned him, whereupon Gaillard used his walking stick on the one-eyed man and beat him pretty severely. There were no arrests.

The branding of people in both hands is to be prohibited.

TRADE TOPICS.

Don & Co.'s Talk on Business for the Past Week.

R. G. Don & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Trade of all kinds is waiting. There is no visible improvement, and, on the whole, the indications are a little less satisfactory than they were a week ago. The volume of business, measured by clearing houses returns outside of New York, shows a decrease of only 12 per cent. compared with last year, which is encouraging; but, as the statement covers the payment for the month, it may not correctly measure the volume of the new transactions. The reports from other cities show a hesitating trade almost everywhere, with a decided disposition to wait until congress has acted on the tariff question. Hence, the days of uncertainty are likely to last until some weeks.

Wheat has risen a shade. The western receipts were only 3,577,281 bushels against 6,694,180 for the same week last year, while the exports from Atlantic ports were only 427,484 bushels against 1,831,400 for the same week last year. The receipts of corn were unusually large, amounting to 8,227,771 bushels against 2,766,760 for the same week last year, and the exports were 689,086 bushels against 627,500 last year.

The movement of cotton was not encouraging to holders, and appearances indicated a larger supply on plantations than had been expected. The price declined an eighth, with strong evidence that the continuing heavy receipts are wearying to holders. Cotton manufacturers do better than other branches at present, and yet it has not a very healthy appearance.

In woolen goods the sense of disappointment is very clear, and there seems no reason to expect a decided recovery. Congress has acted on the tariff question. Several weeks have resumed during the past week and others running only to fill orders, which will soon be done. Some change is noted in prices, but sales of wool for the week have been only 3,747,500 pounds, against 4,750,500 for the corresponding week last year. The demand for speculative purposes continues, and a large portion of the sales are of that character.

In iron and steel manufactures there are symptoms of improvement. The eastern markets are waiting. There is a feeling that the new steel rail combine will result in a decided decreased demand for rails and also for pig iron, and at Philadelphia and Pittsburgh no improvement in price is seen. Copper is somewhat stronger, with 10½ bid, and the evidence of a combination of producers accumulates. Lead has remained unchanged in price, and in the prices have been almost stationary.

The failures for the week number 386 in the United States against 271 for the corresponding week last year, and 42 in Canada against 36 last year. For the previous week, the number of failures was only 219. A classified statement of liabilities of firms failing during the last two weeks of November shows a remarkable decrease in the aggregate, and also in the amount in each section of the country, the decrease being about a third in manufacturing concerns and about 40 per cent. in liabilities of trading firms. Manufacturing liabilities were \$1,675,027 against \$2,424,836 the previous week and trading liabilities \$1,208,445 against \$2,082,980.

HOWARD'S SCHEMES

Being Unraveled by Expert Witnesses.

His Victims Testify.

A Jackson, Tenn., special says: The trial of G. F. B. Howard, charged with conducting a fraudulent European claim agency in London, New York and Jackson, Tenn., is progressing. The evidence adduced Saturday was very damaging to the accused. A number of parties duped by the scheme of William Lord Moore, London; E. Ross and Joseph Leger, New York, and G. F. B. Howard, Jackson, each of whom the defendant has been recognized to be, were placed upon the stand. They told a plain story of how, after Moore was apprehended in London, Ross of New York, took up the correspondence on the subject and led them to believe that they were entitled to an inheritance in Europe. When Ross was reported "dead," and notwithstanding most of them had paid Moore and Ross money, Joseph Leger, of New York, sprung a decree of the "supreme court of chancery" and asked \$35,000.

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PORTERFIELD SENTENCED.

The Defaulting Cashier Gets Two Years in the Penitentiary.

Judge Sage at Nashville, Tenn., Friday overruled the motion for a new trial in the case of Frank Porterfield, cashier of the defunct Commercial National bank, and sentenced him to ten years imprisonment in the Kings county prison at Brooklyn, N. Y. W. H. Scoggins, assistant cashier, charged with certifying checks, was let off with a fine of \$100 and costs, upon entering a plea of guilty. The district attorney stated that he was satisfied that Scoggins had simply carried out the orders of his superior officers.

AT THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Affairs of Government and News of the Departments Discussed.

Notes of Interest Concerning the People and Their General Welfare.

The house committee on judiciary, Tuesday, after a lively discussion, voted to report favorably on Bailey's bankruptcy bill.

The house committee on coinage, weights and measures Wednesday voted to begin the consideration of the Bland bill, suspending the free silver coinage law of 1837 on the second Wednesday in January.

Judge Charles H. Simonton was on Monday named by President Cleveland as United States circuit judge for the fourth judicial district. There will be no big scramble for the seat he leaves vacant.

The senate committee on privileges and elections Wednesday morning discussed, in an informal way, a bill to repeal the federal election law, but, owing to other engagements of senators on the committee, no action was taken and the bill was laid over.

The attorney general has made a report to Secretary Lamont and the secretary of war has decided that General Dan Sickles of New York, can draw pay both as a member of congress and a retired army officer. An effort was made to strike General Sickles off the payroll of the retired army officers, as he was drawing a congressional salary. This decision of Secretary Lamont, however, gives him both salaries.

Changes in the Wilson Bill.

The following are the more important changes in the tariff bill, a revised copy of which was laid before the full committee on ways and means Monday morning:

The schedule of cotton yarn is raised on an average of about five per cent, and a new class is created, not exceeding 12 cents per pound in value, on which the rate is 20 per cent. Yarns valued at over 12 and not exceeding 20 cents per pound are put at 25 per cent. Up to 30 cents per pound, 30 per cent; over 30 cents per pound, 35 per cent; over 40 cents, 40 per cent. All laces and embroideries, of which flax, jute, cotton and other vegetable fibres, are raised from 35 to 40 per cent. Saxony, wilton and velvet carpets are advanced from 35 to 40 per cent. Velvet and tapestry carpets are advanced from 25 to 30 per cent, and some advance is made in tapestry Brussels, treble ingrain and Venetian carpets. An advance is made in wool Dutch carpets from 20 to 25 per cent. and in druggists and bakings and felt carpeting. A like advance is made in other carpets not specially provided for. Tin plate is changed from an ad valorem duty of 40 per cent to a specific duty of 11½ cents per pound, and the reduction is not to take effect until October, but, next, pocket knives and razors are fixed at a uniform rate of 45 per cent. The duty on pearl buttons is again fixed at a line measurement, at a rate of one cent per line, and the ad valorem duty changed from 40 per cent to 15 per cent. The provision for ivory on the free list is amended so as to read: "Ivory or cut into logs," instead of simply "sawed or cut."

A DYNAMITE BOMB

Thrown Into the French Chamber of Deputies With disastrous Results.

A Paris special says: A bomb was exploded Saturday afternoon in the chamber of deputies. It appears that the chamber was in session and the proceedings being very uninteresting the galleries were not crowded with people. Suddenly, from the right gallery, a bomb was thrown and fell in the midst of the deputies, causing a loud explosion and a scene of the greatest confusion.

When quiet was restored, it was discovered that nobody was killed or hurt. Mr. Dupuy rang the bell of the president of the chamber, calling on the deputies to resume their seats. About one-third of the number of deputies present at the time of the explosion obeyed the summons of the president who was heartily cheered for his coolness and courage.

Although there were over eighty persons wounded. Two suspects were arrested by the police as being the bomb throwers.

THE FINEST CAUGHT.

Aspecial of Sunday from Paris says: After a day of great excitement following the explosion of a bomb in the chamber of deputies, the authorities have announced that they have the bomb-thrower in custody. The miscreant is named Marcel Du Bois. He is an anarchist and has made a full confession.

PRENDERGAST WAS AGITATED

While the Story of His Terrible Crime Was Being Told.

A Chicago dispatch says: Assistant State Attorney opened the trial of Prendergast Wednesday with an address to the jury, in which he outlined the plan of the prosecution. Mr. Todd paid a tribute to Mayor Harrison and referred to the similarity of his assassination and that of Lincoln and Garfield. Attorney Wade will open the case for the defense.

Mr. Todd said that the prisoner's actions at the time of the murder indicated that he was sane. The attorney called particular attention to the assassin's well developed sense of preservation as evidence, by the way he cared for his personal safety during and after the shooting. As Mr. Todd told the story of the shooting Prendergast turned pale and shrank into his chair, with ill-concealed agitation.

What Cash Will Do! :- What It Did For Us!

During the recent money stringency we bought for CASH from a leading manufacturer in New York, who was compelled to raise money, an entire line of Fine Tailor-Made, Latest Style FALL and WINTER SUITS! At a Great Sacrifice, and to show you WHAT CASH WILL DO FOR YOU we are going to sell them to you at the following Ridiculously Low Prices:

- 50 All wool black cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.35.
- 50 All wool fancy cheviot suits worth \$12.50 at \$8.35.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$15.00 at \$9.85.
- 25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$10.00 at \$7.50.
- 50 All wool business suits worth \$17.50 at \$11.15.
- 50 All wool dress suits worth \$20.00 at \$13.45.
- 25 All wool boy's long pants suits, ages 15 to 18, worth \$10.00 at \$7.50.

LILIENTHAL & CASSENHEIMER.

CAPITOL CLOTHING STORE,

Montgomery, Alabama.

The Ghost.

When I am dead, a broken reed,
Let me supply a violin's need
And all its strains of being feed.

For one, perhaps, from out its nest,
May pick and let the flower rest
A little moment on its breast.

The while its odor sweet with spring,
Doth like a gentle spirit wing
its soul, and round her beauty cling.

And she will look with loving eyes
Upon it there, as calm it lies,
Asking no more until it dies.

So shall I live again, and be
The petted guest of memory,
Clothed in my immortality.

—Chicago Record.

She Spoke For Herself.

One of the remarkable features of the French revolution was the almost universal madness that ruled the time. People of every class and degree were insane, some in one way, some in another. Every passion feeling and emotion of the human heart was superlatively and morbidly developed.

Marcel Du Bois, a young man of good family, but of somewhat limited means, was, at the breaking out of the revolution, affianced to the daughter of a tradesman named Zoullouche—a man of wealth, but no principle.

Celeste was pretty, artful, ambitious and treacherous; and when she thought it to her interest to get rid of her lover, she secretly denounced him, and he was arrested and thrown into prison.

Meantime a young widow, Mme. Romaine, who had secretly conceived a passion for him, on learning of his incarceration and its cause, determined to save him.

She went to the jailer, and by means of a bribe, for money was potent in those days as well as in these, obtained an interview. Du Bois was surprised at her visit.

"I have come," she said frankly, "in the hope that I may save a life for which I would freely give my own."

"I do not know I understand you, Madame!" replied the wondering prisoner.

"Probably not, for I am a woman, and women are sometimes enigmas even to themselves. I will not ask if you know me, for you certainly do not, but do you know my name?"

"Yes; you are Mme. Romaine, widow of Jules Romaine, daughter of Gustavus D'Auvergne—young, lovely, accomplished and rich."

"I see you know how to flatter even in prison!" returned the other. "But let us not waste time in idle words. Your life is in danger, and I would save it! We have ten minutes to converse in private. You must escape from here and fly from France! You may be tried at any hour; and, once tried, you will be condemned and executed."

"But of what am I accused, and by whom?"

"You are accused of being an aristocrat, a royalist, and in these times of blood the suspicion is enough to bring your head to the block."

"But who so base as to denounce me, Madame? I would know the name of my enemy, that, if ever I do escape, I may at some future time exact reparation for the injury."

"Oh, perdition!" exclaimed Mme. Romaine. "Prepare yourself, Marcel Du Bois, to hear a terrible truth. Where you trusted most you have been most basely betrayed. Celeste Zoullouche is your secret denouncer."

"Impossible!" cried Du Bois, staggering under the mental blow. "Impossible! Mae Dies! You are trying my faith."

"We are waiting precisely time," said the other, glancing at her watch. "Believe what I tell you. You will have corroborative evidence all too soon."

"Then welcome the gullotine!"

Why live in a world so treacherous and base?"

"But all are not like Celeste Zoullouche."

"Your presence here, Madame, is a proof of that. But my faith is shaken and life seems of little worth."

"We should not be too selfish," rejoined Mme. Romaine, hurriedly. "Live, Marcel, or one of your friends will be hanged for your sake."

"Is it so?" exclaimed Du Bois, as the truth flashed upon him.

"This is no time for false delicacy," pursued the other, with agitation. "Circumstances have caused me to betray feelings you otherwise might never have suspected, and for which even now I may be receiving your secret censures. But no matter! Let me but know you have escaped and are beyond the reach of your enemies, and I can be happy, even should we never meet again."

"Censure you! Despair you for trying to save my life? Oh, Madame, your words give me pain!"

"You will live, then? You will escape?"

"If possible I will, if only for your sake."

"Quick, then, give ear to my plan. Here is a powder, of which you will take a small portion at a time. It will make you sick—you will look pale. Eat little or no food, and you will lose your strength. The physician will be called and you will be removed to the hospital. Once there, I trust I shall be able to effect your escape. You will obey my instructions?"

"Religiously."

"Then if your trial should not come on meantime you may be saved. I go to watch and pray and hope. Adieu!"

He followed the directions of Mme. Romaine, and the third day after her visit he was removed to the hospital. Here he fell under the charge of a lay sister named Agnes.

"I know all," she said to him at the first opportunity. "Julie Romaine is here again—I am her confidante. We have agreed upon a bold and novel plan for your escape. It is this: You must seem to get worse and worse, and at last, at the proper time, you must feign convulsions and appear to die. I will cover your face, and, when the chief physician comes his rounds, announce your death. If he takes my word for it all will be well; if not, we may fail; that is our risk."

"And suppose he leaves me for dead—what then?"

"Then, after dark, I will pretend to have received an order to have you conveyed to the dissecting room, where you will be provided with a surgeon's suit, in which disguise you must escape."

Near the close of his fourth day in the hospital, Marcel Du Bois was seen by more than one person in convulsions. An hour or two later, when the physician made his rounds, he was covered with a sheet.

"There is no more need of your services here!" said Sister Agnes, calmly, as she intercepted him. "The next patient seems worse; will you be kind enough to see him at once?"

The doctor passed on. So far all well.

It was quite dark when the body of Du Bois was borne into the dissecting room. The attendants retired in haste, leaving Sister Agnes and a lad with him.

"Now, then, here are your garments—quick!" said the fair nurse.

In less than five minutes the late corpse looked like a very active and important surgeon.

"This lad will guide you—follow him!" said Sister Agnes, hurriedly. "Linger not a moment. Adieu!"

Five minutes later Marcel Du Bois, guided by a youth, was hurriedly passing through the streets of Toulouse. In the courtyard of the town the youth

led him to an old stable, where they found two swift horses prepared for a journey.

They mounted and rode southward, toward Spain. When morning dawned there were forty good miles between them and Toulouse. The second night they entered Spain and were safe.

"Now, my brave lad," said Du Bois, back to your mistress, Mme. Romaine, and tell her my hand, my heart and my life are at her disposal."

"She will accept your hand and heart, but begs you to keep your life!" returned the youth, with a light laugh.

"She will speak for herself!" rejoined Du Bois, sharply.

"She does!" laughed the other. "How is this?"

"I am Julie Romaine."

They were married in Spain, and at the close of Reign of Terror returned to France and lived long and happily.

—[New York Press.

An Early American Yacht.

Cleopatra's Barge was launched in December, 1816. The yacht was rigged as a brigantine, and cost about \$50,000 even at that early day. She measured eighty-three feet on the waterline, was twenty-two feet, eleven one-half inches wide, and eleven feet five one-half inches deep. Curious enough, these dimensions and proportions are not very different from those of the cup-defender Mayflower and her successors—Her tonnage was 191½ tons nearly—almost exactly that of the Mayflower under the old rules of measurement.

In spite of her owner's love of seamanship, his taste in the matter of decoration seems to have been, to say the least, eccentric—one side of the yacht was painted in horizontal stripes of many colors, and the other bore a similarly diversified device after the manner of the herring-bone pattern.

Her rigging was made of ropes laid in different colored strands, huge false windows were painted on the sides of her cabin, and altogether she must have been distinctly at variance with what is considered "shipshape" at the present day. Nevertheless she was very fast, and beat the sailing frigate United States, a crack ship of her day, in an all-day race at sea.

Farms in a Volcano.

Thirty miles from the city of Kumamoto, Japan, is the volcano Aso San, which has the largest crater in the world. It is more than thirty miles in circumference, and peopled by twenty thousand inhabitants.

Think of walking for miles around fertile farms and prosperous villages, peering into school-house windows and sacred shrines well within the shell of an old-time crater, whose walls rise eight hundred feet all about you. It gives one a queer feeling. Hot springs abound everywhere. In one place brick-red hot water is utilized to turn a rice mill. The inner crater is nearly half a mile in diameter, and a steady column of roaring steam pours out of it. The last serious eruption was in 1864, when immense quantities of black ashes and dust were ejected and carried by the wind as far as Kumamoto, where for three days it was so dark that artificial light had to be used.

A Magnetic Woman.

Jiggers—"Young Justin says his wife is a very magnetic woman."

Jiggers—"You bet she is. He asked her to allow him to go down town with me the other night and she showed both negative and positive qualities in less'n half a minute."

The Baffles Courtier.

"Linger not a moment. Adieu!"

Evidence.

"In Henderson's forehead!"

"Well, rather—why, that fellow was playing a durt, he's as deranged!"

Puck.

In the courtyard of the town the youth

SPECIAL ADVERTISING.

Business Notices in this paper for the month of December, 1893, will be published at the rate of \$1.00 per annum. For other rates and terms of advertising, apply to the publisher. The money is due on all advertising after the first publication.

Augusta's Gala Day.

Thirty Thousand Exposition Visitors Greet the Vice-President and Party.

Orators from the west, the north and the south, on the same platform, expressing the same sentiment of undying loyalty to the Union; uttering words of encouragement for the upbuilding of the nation. Such was the sight that greeted 80,000 visitors at the Augusta, Ga., exposition Tuesday. That the war is ended, so far as the south is concerned, no one who witnessed the scenes could doubt. "Yankee Doodle" awakened a yell of enthusiasm that could only be compared to that which greeted the fond strains of "Dixie" when President Walsh, in introducing Mr. Springer as coming from Illinois, a state which has given to the people and the nation an illustrious name—the name of Abraham Lincoln—there was a burst of applause that would have put many a northern audience on its mettle to have surpassed.

Again there was a great wave of applause, expressing the people's approval, when Mr. Walsh declared that the time has come when, however much we may rejoice in our own state and in our own action, we must exalt ourselves by the highest patriotism and rejoice in the common heritage of men men as Lincoln and Davis, Lee and Grant, Sherman and Stonewall Jackson.

Such was the feeling that prevailed on the occasion of the visit of Vice President Stevenson, Secretaries Herbert and Smith, and Congressman Springer of Illinois, and Sperry of Connecticut, to the exposition. Never did men experience more generously and warmly the far-famed hospitality of the southern people than did these distinguished guests of Augusta.

LIL IS STILL OUT.

Latest News from Hawaii is That She Has Not Been Restored.

The Austrian steamer Arwa arrived at Victoria at 8 a. m. Tuesday. She brings the following news: Queen Lilioukalan has not been restored and there has been no trouble in Honolulu. The Arwa left Honolulu Monday, December 4th, and was a fraction over seven days making the run. From the arrival of the last reports there has been but two things of a significant nature. The annexationists had a mass meeting on Saturday, November 25, and adopted resolutions in effect appealing to congress over the address of President Cleveland, Secretary Gresham and Mr. Blount.

For four days preceding the sailing of the Arwa, the troops of the provisional government were busy fortifying the government house, or "The Castle," as formerly called. The work was being done with mud-bags principally. As the Arwa sailed from the harbor the troops could be seen from the deck of the steamer busily engaged in keeping up breastworks.

CHILTON VIEW.

CHAS. W. HARE, Editor & Prop.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 14, 1893.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year \$1.00
One copy six months .50
One copy four months .30

ARMED AND DANGEROUS.

Gov. Jones has during the past year been the recipient of numerous letters threatening his life. He paid no attention to them, but when on Nov. 21st last he got a letter from Pell City and also received copies of the same letter sent both the Advertiser and the Age-Herald he quietly turned the letter over to the United States Postal authorities who discovered a clue and then put a Chicago detective to following up the clue until beyond doubt the crime was fastened on Amos L. Griffith, of Pell City, formerly a rabid Republican and an Ex. Union Soldier whose hatred for Democracy has long been known. He gave the detective much information concerning himself in the past and his present attitude alone of the leaders of the People's Party. The letter he writes is one of the natural results that follow from the kind of a political campaign we have been cursed with for the past few years. Of course we do not believe any such organization as he pictures exists, or could exist in a law abiding country like ours. But if he or his kind could have sufficient influence, bloodshed and terror would reign. His letter, and speeches of kindred spirit will do more to cause good men to take a fresh look at their leaders than anything else that could be done.

THE ANONYMOUS LETTER.

"Headquarters of the Avengers of the People's wrongs."
"To Thomas G. Jones, acting Governor of Alabama:
Sir—This is to notify you that the Avengers of the people's wrongs are now fully organized and ready for action in every beat in the State. We are fully armed with all the missiles of death necessary to carry out all of our plans, including fire and poison. Now this is to notify you and your henchmen that we are going to have an honest count or your life, and the life of every dishonest officer and inspector connected with holding the elections in the several beats in the State. There are three Avengers on your track, that keep watch of you day and night, ready to take your life in the twinkling of an eye, when the command is given them. This is no idle threat. We mean business. Your militia is no protection to you—if you go in the open air you cannot get enough men around you to get out of reach of our sharpshooters. If there is one fraudulent vote cast by your connivance in any beat in the State or by the connivance of any officer appointed by you, we will kill you and also that officer, even if we have to set fire to your house at night and shoot you by the light of the fire as you run out. We are not in favor of destroying property if we can kill you without it. Neither do we like to take the life of anyone if we can secure our rights without it. We repeat we have never less than three, and sometimes four or more on your track day and night with poison and other death dealing agencies with which to kill you.

It is in your power perhaps to save life and destruction of property by instructing your agents to act honestly in holding elections, and in counting the votes honestly and making true returns of the same. Insist on them doing right for your life as well as theirs is the forfeit if they do wrong.

By order of the Grand Commission of the Avengers of the people's wrongs.

THE GOVERNOR'S REPLY.

State of Alabama, Executive Department, Office of Governor.

Montgomery, Ala. Dec. 16, 1893.

Amos L. Griffith, Pell City, Ala.:

Your anonymous letter mailed at Pell City, Ala., on the 20th of Nov. has been received. I had long since been informed of your organization, its designs, and some what as to its membership. Perhaps my only reply should be to hand you over to the officers of justice.

It is, however, quite evident to me that false teachings and advice have induced you to say and do things in this connection which now you have no intent to pursue further. If there shall be cause in

future to hunt down the responsible authors of the crime of error and murder you disclose, others can be found far more culpable than you. The real promoters of the conspiracy are the journals and speakers who for political ends seek to incite the ignorant to deeds of violence against officers of the law and foul misrepresentation, vituperation and incendiary utterances, specific enough to express the desired end, yet clothed in conditional generalities, with the vain hope of absolving them from accountability law to of the people, if their teachings bear the desired fruit. For these reasons, although you have been discovered, it is not proposed to disturb you for your past acts.

But the circumstances are such that it is my imperative duty not to dismiss the conspiracy, in which you are engaged, without bringing home to you and those you represent some solemn truths; to the end that the unwary and the unformed may no longer be entrapped, and that those who have already been duped and betrayed, may find opportunity for repentance and escape. Men who secretly conspire for unlawful ends are never at a loss for excuses. To those who stoop to murder for political ends, all elections become "dishonest" when they register defeat, and the decent from a conspiracy to murder if elections do not result as desired, is easy and inevitable.

The sham and the insincerity of the clamor of fraud, sufficient to change the result of the state election, which is one of the pretexts for banding to regulate elections by murder, have long since become apparent to public opinion, after full opportunity to weigh its origin and motives and the witnesses behind the clamor. The people have not forgotten that the cry was formulated long in advance of the election by men, who in times past were themselves "chief spoilers of the people's ballot," and that the cry was pressed with the threefold purpose of giving their followers an excuse and incitement to fraud in their behalf, drawing attention from their own contemplated work in that direction, and furnishing a basis for the chief of the party with whom they were allied to intervene in State affairs, in the event of his success in the National election, and forcibly displace by its auxiliaries the officers whom it was plain the people would elect. They remember also that the party which elected the present governor, and every other governor of Alabama since 1874, at every election since, has been systematically pursued by the same cries from practically the same opposition, and that it was again brought forth in behalf of men who although receiving a benefit of a majority of the negro vote throughout the State, and ignoring phenomenal local majorities, beyond the comprehension of the census, in their own favor; yet pretend to be defrauded because a large majority of the negro vote was cast against their candidate. The people felt that it would be passing strange, and out of the natural course, if in choosing between two candidates, both claiming to represent the the Democratic party, thousands of negroes had not preferred him who had been assailed for extending pardon, affording the protection of the law and advocating efforts to educate their race; rather than the candidate who denounced him for doing these things.

When again the same cry was raised to dispute the fairness of the stunning defeat which befell the same cause in Nov. 1892, (when the result was supervised by both State and Federal authority,) popular opinion became disgusted, and looking beneath the surface saw only a political move to trifle with the contentment of the people, to further future ambitions. If, therefore, refusing to dignify the false clamor by longer listening to it, though the officer, whose life you now threaten, urged the people's Representatives to hear and to determine the complaint. The vast majority of fair men in all parties are satisfied that, while there have been irregularities or wrong in some instances, as always occur in every state election, yet when all on either side are sifted out, the result as declared could not have been changed thereby. The other excuses for this and kindred conspiracies are also vicious and false. The new election law disfranchises no man, nor hinders him unduly in the exercise of the right to vote. It is in the interests of peace, good order and a pure ballot. The healthy and beneficent

operation of its principles have long since ceased to be matters either of doubt or partisan dispute. Democratic, Republican and Populist Legislatures, in a majority of the States, have passed laws far more stringent than ours. Yet there are men to-day who vixenly seek to stir the passions of the ignorant and uninformed to the very verge of insurrection by false assertions as to the effect of our law, and incendiary appeals against it, as a monstrous conspiracy against their liberties and rights. Some there are to-day who do not comprehend that in meeting and formally resolving that "officers shall cease to exist," if they do not discharge their duties fairly, according to the decision of those who threaten them with death, they are recording evidence to put their own necks in the halter, if the threatened crime occurs, rather than doing a praiseworthy defense of law.

The falsity of these teachings, to which your order owes its origin, is well illustrated by your threat against me, if I do not give particular instructions to election officers. You have been made to believe that the governor has control of elections, and can give orders or instruction to effect the results. There are few so ignorant as not know that the Governor has no more power or right than you to select officers to hold elections, control their acts, or instruct them in their performance.

The life of any one man is of small consequence in this world, and his death, whenever it occurs, little changes the ordinary course of events. If the present governor was taken off to-day, the Constitution has already provided a successor, and were he, too, removed, it designates yet another. Governors, indeed may be killed, but the assassin cannot kill the law of the land or suspend its operation, even as to themselves. Threats of that kind have never yet moved any manly man to disregard his duty.

No just cause was ever aided by threats of arson and murder and poison; while many a noble aspiration of a people have gone down in infancy forever, when advocated by such means. No bad cause ever triumphed by their help. Deep writ by the finger of the Almighty in the hearts of true men is a law of loathing and hate for the assassin, which ever lives to hunt him to his doom. When once the assassin strikes, the curse falls on the criminal alike, and both go down in ruin together.

Men who make such threats incite the crime, whenever and wherever that crime occurs, and they then stand out as its avowed sponsors. If the perpetrators be unknown all men will look upon them as guilty; and when the guilty instrument is brought to justice, suspicion will haunt them as the real authors. Their fellow-men view them with suspicion and distrust and even when innocent they often fall victim to the people's wrath against the assassin and all who are thought to stand behind him. Even those who inspire the assassin's deed turn with infinite loathing from their dopes when caught in crime.

All the teachings of our past, and all the hopes of our future, all true manhood and womanhood teach that Alabama can never become the home of the assassin or a safe resting place for missionaries who preach political doctrines with dagger and torch and sword.

Your organization had better disband while there is time before the act of someone of your members in pursuance of the common design, makes felons and outcasts of all. Future rectitude on the part of the ignorant and weak who have been duped into this dark conspiracy may blot out the past and pardon relieve against the penalty but when threats have broadened into crime, it will be too late.

THOS. G. JONES.

For sale—A good farm at Dixie—View Real Estate Agency.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala. Dec. 1st, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 18th, 1894, viz: Hardy W. Giles, homestead entry, No. 23992, for the N. E. 1/4 of section 12, township 20 north of range 12 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Robert M. Reeluck, G. W. Rucker, James M. Thomas, Kleeney, all of Clanton, Ala.
J. H. Bingham, Register.

\$2,000 IN GOLD.

To Be Distributed in Fifty Next Year.

Everybody is interested in the size of this cotton crop; upon the estimation of it depends whether the cotton will go up or down.

Realizing this wide spread interest the Montgomery Advertiser has offered \$2,000 in gold to be distributed among those who come nearest to the correct estimate. The first prize is \$750 and on down to \$50.

The only condition of guessing is sending a new subscriber, a renewal or a new subscriber, to The Semi-Weekly Advertiser. That paper is the best and cheapest an Alabamian can get for the general news, for it sends out two papers a week, one on Tuesdays and one on Fridays, for only one dollar a year, and each contains 12 times as much State news as any other paper in the land. Now is the time to subscribe, because a lively campaign is just opening, while the fight in Congress on the tariff is at hand.

Postmasters, agents and club raisers will be interested learning that not only is each subscriber entitled to a guess, but the person who sends in names is entitled to a guess for every name sent. The more names sent the greater likelihood of getting \$750 in gold.

Sample copies of the Semi-Weekly Advertiser, agent's terms, blanks, etc., sent in any address. Apply to that paper at Montgomery, Ala.

Important Notice.

We believe in Printers' Ink and when we have anything special to offer, we let the people know about it through the newspapers, which we consider the best medium. But there is a vast difference in newspapers and we desire to use those mediums from which we get the best results. In order to decide for our own benefit we make the following proposition:

CUT THIS OUT.

OFFICE OF
THE CHILTON VIEW.
This card is good for ten (10) per cent in part payment of any cash purchase. Please present at our office.
Alex Rice,
Montgomery.

All goods are marked in plain figures. We have but one price no deviation. Call and see us and present the above in part payment. Alex. Rice.

FINAL PROOF NOTICE.

U. S. Land Office,
Montgomery, Ala., Nov. 27, 1893.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court, at Clanton, Ala., on January 6th, 1894, viz: William E. Maddox, homestead entry, No. 21483, for the N. E. 1/4 of section 30, township 22 north of range 15 east. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: James F. McKee, Clanton, Ala., Henry M. Mahan, Clanton, Ala., William H. Jones, Jumbo, Ala., William W. Jones, Jumbo, Ala., J. H. Bingham, Register.

Reports from Committees.

(Committee on Investigations.)—We beg to report that we have thoroughly investigated (Dr. Ivey's) "QUICK RELIEF REMEDIES," and find that they are pleasant to use and that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief for Catarrh" will relieve the worst cold in the head in five minutes!—Long and loud applause.
Rap! Rap! Rap! went the gavel and (no one) as quiet can be restored. The speaker announced that (Ivey's) "Quick Relief" "Remedies" were sold by all leading Druggists, and could therefore be found at 50 cents per bottle at Dr. B. P. Ivey's, Montgomery, Ala.

CHAS. W. HARE,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor-in-Chancery.

AND
County Solicitor.

CLANTON, ALA.

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Full Course in Language, Mathematics and Science. Discipline rigid. Advantages, Superior; Expenses, Low; System, Complete. Correspondence So cited. Address—

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The Commercial Fire Insurance Company,

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Capital \$100,000. Surplus \$171,477

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C. W. Hare is agent for Clanton and vicinity.

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Large New School Building. Brain New Furniture. Beautiful Campus of 24 acres. Fronting Rail Road, Centrally Located.

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Practical Business College, which is awakening the interest of every young man and woman far and near to the acquisition of a High Grade Business Education which is acquired only in a few months in our Institution.

Learn Sullivan's System of Lightning Business Writing (taught only in our school) which is attracting the attention of all students of beautiful penmanship, and your services will always be in demand.

Court Reporters

are in great demand receiving from \$3000.00 to \$5000.00 per year salary. You can do just as well if you learn shorthand under our instruction. Specimens of writing and flourishing will be mailed by all prospective students.

For circular address or call on Sullivan and Johnson, Prins and Prop'rs.

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FINE COMBINATION PARLOR SUITS. All kinds of Plush, Rattan and Reed Rockers. Solid Oak Suits Furniture, French Mirror, from \$17.50 to \$12 Walnut Suits, Solid Marble Top, \$35 to \$225. Call and see us.

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TOILET ARTICLES AND Everything

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Jewelry, Spectacles, &c.,

Sole Agent in Montgomery for the celebrated ROCKFORD QUICK TRAY WATCHES, the best for Railroad men. Also has a large stock of Watches of other makes, including the famous watches manufactured by A. Schneider, or Dresden, and the watches he had made specially to order in Geneva.

A complete stock of the newest styles of JEWELRY, selected with great care from the stocks of the largest manufacturers.

The latest designs in SILVER and PLATED WARE, French and American CLOCKS and BRONZES in great variety. Julius King's Combination Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Gold-head Cane, &c. All goods marked at the lowest figures possible. Clocks, Watches and Jewelry skillfully and promptly repaired. All work guaranteed.

C. L. RUTH,

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New Store! New Stock!

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HAS OPENED AT JEMISON, ALA.

A Stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

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which he proposes to sell at reasonable prices.

He solicits a share of public patronage.

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ALL KINDS OF STEAM DYEING and CLEANING

Special Attention Given to Goods Sent by Express.

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S. W. Catts & Co. Agents for Chilton Co.

Clanton, Ala.

KINCH

CHILTON VIEW

W. HARE, Editor & Pub.

CLANTON, ALA., DEC. 23, 1893

SCHEDULE N. & N. ALA. RAILROAD
Trains pass Clanton daily, as follows:
DAILY ROUTE.

No. 1 Express Don't stop 6:56 a. m.
No. 3 Mail 8:40 p. m.
No. 9 Accommodation 6:10 a. m.
DAILY ROUTE.

No. 2 Fast 9:30 a. m.
No. 4 Express 10:14 p. m.
No. 10 Accommodation 6:00 p. m.
Nos. 5 and 10 make all stops, Nos. 2 and 3 stop at all regular station.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

No preaching here Sunday.
The children talk of Santa Claus.
Look out for Christmas on Monday.
Mr. Clay Jones was in town Saturday.
Mr. R. H. Croswell was in Clanton last week.

Mr. H. B. Northington was in Clanton last week.

Mr. J. P. Vanderveer attended court in Bibb Co. last week.

Mr. Hans Nelson has completed more and put in stock.

Bargains in new Dry Goods this week. W. L. SAMPEY.

Mrs. Satterwhite, of Lynchburg, Va., is visiting relatives in Clanton.

Mr. Logan Dunklin is operating the night job at the telephone office here.

The children of the University School will be given a week for the holidays.

Mr. H. O. Gullaborn has been in bed grippling with the grippe this week.

Master Jimmie Cook, the boy preacher, aged 15, preached at the Methodist Church here Saturday night.

Rev. B. E. Fendig has been returned to his former circuit. The people here should be grateful in again securing his services.

Mr. Joe Hester is filling Mr. W. W. Dunklin's position this week while he is on a little trip east—his business—we will not tell.

Come and see the dolls and toys and other Christmas fixings at Mullins Bros.

Mr. A. C. Pool, of Kluchon, reports all quiet and harmonious in his town. Pretty fair crops and good health give cause for deep gratitude.

Attend the spelling match, at the court house Wednesday night, Christmas week. Young people vs. married people. Proceeds go to the cemetery.

Salt in abundance at reduced prices. W. L. SAMPEY.

There will be no paper except for official purposes next week, as our faithful compositor will be given the week in which to enjoy a well earned rest.

The young men are practicing for the minstrel, which will take place Saturday night. They expect to render the performance at Jemison, Calera, and Verbena.

Messrs. Sellers Bros. expect to put up a photograph gallery in our town this week and will remain here during the holidays. Call on them and get your beauty struck.

On Monday night there will be a union Christmas tree given for the benefit of the children by all the Sunday Schools of Clanton. The tree will be had at the Baptist Church.

Christmas is coming and Mullins Bros. are ready to supply the trade with everything needed to make the children happy.

Our old time friend, Mr. Chas. Lenoir, representing Hawthorn and Calamand, of Selma, gave us a pleasant call last week. He believes that Clanton has a bright future as a farming section.

There was a party last Thursday night at Mr. J. P. Vanderveer's given in honor of Misses Curry and Lathan, two charming young ladies of Montevallo. A most enjoyable evening was spent, and a large crowd in attendance.

Do not forget to come to see me about what you owe me and bring your cotton or money to settle.

W. L. SAMPEY.

Thirty-five dollars were taken in at the supper Friday night at the court house. Messrs. Ella Gartman, Julia Hester, Gamma Middleton, Mollie Hannon, Minnie Phillips, Addie Watts and Minnie Pinkard, and Messrs. W. H. Foshee, W. W. Dunklin, W. H. Sartor, S. W. Catts, L. E. Gullaborn and T. H. White were appointed as a committee to solicit contributions for the cemetery. Let all get down to work and get the necessary amount to build the fence.

Alex. Shelton, the negro who shot and killed Mr. James Harris near Plantersville last spring as he was in the act of arresting him, was captured near Pensacola last week by a detective. Shelton resisted arrest and was shot three times, one of the balls taking effect in his back and passing through the abdomen. Requisition papers have been sent to the governor of Florida, and Shelton will probably be brought to Alabama soon as he is able to stand the trip. A \$100 reward was offered for his arrest by the good people of Plantersville and the Governor offered an additional reward of \$100. Shelton is a dangerous negro and there are several other charges against him.

Santa Claus can be found at all hours of the day at the store of R. K. Davis, ready to supply the children with nuts, candies, fruit and toys.

COUNTY NEWS.

Neighborhood News Gathered by Our Correspondents.

Verbena Views.

Messrs. Joel Barnett and S. M. Scott, of Montgomery, spent Sunday with friends here.

Dr. J. B. Gaston visited our city recently professionally.

Mrs. Williamson has been on a visit to Montgomery.

Mr. F. A. Gullledge has returned from a visit to the Magic City.

Mr. P. C. Morton, of Opelika, preached at the Presbyterian Church near here last Sunday.

Miss Dollie Northington has returned from a pleasant visit to friends in Montgomery.

Jimmie Cook, the boy preacher, preached here on the 18th.

He preached a remarkably good sermon for a boy of fifteen. The Methodist should take him and educate him. He deserves it.

Misses Alice and Neva Marbury, two of Bozeman's fairest young ladies visited our city recently.

Mr. Hanlin is still in bed with the grippe.

Mr. Gus Baumgarten is telegraph operator here now.

Jemison Jottings.

Miss Pearl Myers, of Peach Bloom, has returned home after several weeks' visit to her aunt, Mrs. Thos. Harrison.

Miss Leila Parker, of Columbiana, has been visiting Dr. Givhan's family. She is an accomplished graduate of the Judson class '93, and reflects credit upon that institution.

Mr. M. B. Bailey, our druggist, has moved his interesting family into the Palmer house.

The valedictorian, of the Ala. Medical College, E. G. Givhan, will spend Christmas at home.

The Cumberland Presbyterian ladies will have an oyster supper at Mr. McMeans Friday night, 22nd inst. It will be for the benefit of the church.

Mr. Wright's house which was burned as reported in last week's View was in town Monday and was liberally assisted by contributions and household goods.

We are expecting a jolly Christmas as many visitors are looked for during the holidays, and none of our young people will leave unless possibly our teachers for a few days in Helena.

A merry Christmas to the View and Sam D—.

For sale or rent—New, comfortable and commodious dwelling in Montgomery—View Real Estate Agency.

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People's Line Steamers

Between Montgomery and Mobile.

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Leave Selma Fridays 3 p.m.

Arrive in Mobile Saturdays 9 a.m.

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JEMISON HIGH SCHOOL.

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